# Mattel Brands, A Division of Mattel Asia Pacific Sourcing Ltd./Mattel Direct Import Inc. 

Application<br>For<br>Certification<br>(FCC ID: PIYN9122-09A4T)

Transmitter
Sample Description : R/C Toy Story Buzz Space Ship
Model : N9122

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [10-1-2008]

HK09051402-1
TC/at
June 8, 2009

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INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT<br>Mattel Brands, A Division of Mattel Asia<br>Pacific Sourcing Ltd./Mattel Direct Import Inc.<br>- MODEL: N9122<br>FCC ID: PIYN9122-09A4T

June 8, 2009


## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

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List of attached file

| Exhibit type | File Description | filename |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Test Report | Test Report | report.pdf |
| Cover Letter | Letter of Agency | letter.pdf |
| Operation Description | Technical Description | descri.pdf |
| Test Setup Photo | Radiated Emission | radiated photos.pdf |
| Test Report | Bandwidth Plot | bw.pdf |
| External Photo | External Photo | external photos.pdf |
| Internal Photo | Internal Photo | internal photos.pdf |
| Block Diagram | Block Diagram | block.pdf |
| Schematics | Circuit Diagram | circuit.pdf |
| ID Label/Location | Label Artwork and Location | label.pdf |
| User Manual | User Manual | manual.pdf |
| Test Report | Average Factor | af.pdf |

## EXHIBIT 1

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

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### 1.0 General Description

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter for a RC Car operation at 49.860 MHz which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by $2 \times$ AA batteries. The EUT has a button. When the button is pressed, the RC Car will go straight forward.

The brief circuit description is saved with filename : descri.pdf
1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The receiver for this transmitter is authorized by Certification procedure with FCC ID: PIYN912-09A4R.

### 1.3 Test Methodology

The radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.
1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

## EXHIBIT 2

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 2.0 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2003).

The EUT was powered by 2 new AA batteries during test.
For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through $360^{\circ}$, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.
The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

### 2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device.

### 2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

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### 2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Mattel Brands, A Division of Mattel Asia Pacific Sourcing Ltd./Mattel Direct Import Inc. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.
2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining the test conclusion, the measurement uncertainty of test has been considered.

### 2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are
Confirmed by:
Chan Chi Hung, Terry Lead Engineer Intertek Testing Services
Agent for Mattel Brands, A Division of Mattel Asia Pacific Sourcing Ltd./Mattel Direct Import Inc.


## EXHIBIT 3

## EMISSION RESULTS

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 3.0 Emission Results

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

### 3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.
$F S=R A+A F+C F-A G+P D+A V$
where $\mathrm{FS}=$ Field Strength in $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$
$R A=$ Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$
$\mathrm{CF}=$ Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
$A F=$ Antenna Factor in dB
$A G=$ Amplifier Gain in $d B$
$\mathrm{PD}=$ Pulse Desensitization in dB
$A V=$ Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:
$F S=R A+A F+C F-A G+P D+A V$
3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

## Example

Assume a receiver reading of $62.0 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$ is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB , and the resultant average factor was -10 dB . The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is $32 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$. This value in $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$ was converted to its corresponding level in $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$.
$\mathrm{RA}=62.0 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}$
$\mathrm{AF}=7.4 \mathrm{~dB}$
$C F=1.6 \mathrm{~dB}$
$A G=29.0 \mathrm{~dB}$
$\mathrm{PD}=0 \mathrm{~dB}$
$A V=-10 d B$
$\mathrm{FS}=62+7.4+1.6-29+0+(-10)=32 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$
Level in $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}=$ Common Antilogarithm $[(32 \mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}) / 20]=39.8 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$

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3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission
99.721 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos.pdf

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### 3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 8.5 dB

## TEST PERSONNEL:



Signature

Michael Leung, Compliance Engineer
Typed/Printed Name

June 8, 2009
Date

Applicant: Mattel Brands, A Division of Mattel Asia
Pacific Sourcing Ltd./Mattel Direct Import Inc.
Model: N9122
Mode: TX
Sample: 1/1

Date of Test: May 27, 2009

Table 1
Radiated Emissions

| Polari- <br> zation | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Reading <br> $(\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V})$ | Pre- <br> Amp <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Average <br> Factor <br> $(-\mathrm{dB})$ | Net <br> at 3 m <br> $(\mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> at 3 m <br> $(\mathrm{~dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V | 49.860 | 77.5 | 16 | 11.0 | 5.6 | 66.9 | 80.0 | -13.1 |
| H | 99.721 | 39.0 | 16 | 12.0 | - | 35.0 | 43.5 | -8.5 |
| H | 149.580 | 32.0 | 16 | 14.0 | - | 30.0 | 43.5 | -13.5 |
| H | 199.440 | 32.1 | 16 | 16.0 | - | 32.1 | 43.5 | -11.4 |
| H | 249.300 | 26.8 | 16 | 20.0 | - | 30.8 | 46.0 | -15.2 |
| H | 299.160 | 25.7 | 16 | 22.0 | - | 31.7 | 46.0 | -14.3 |
| H | 349.020 | 25.0 | 16 | 24.0 | - | 33.0 | 46.0 | -13.0 |
| H | 398.880 | 23.7 | 16 | 25.0 | - | 32.7 | 46.0 | -13.3 |
| H | 448.740 | 24.0 | 16 | 26.0 | - | 34.0 | 46.0 | -12.0 |
| H | 498.600 | 25.0 | 16 | 26.0 | - | 35.0 | 46.0 | -11.0 |

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.
2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.
3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
4. Horn antenna is used for the emissions over 1000 MHz .

Test Engineer: Michael Leung

FCC ID: PIYN9122-09A4T

## EXHIBIT 4

## EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 4.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename:
external photos.pdf and internal photos.pdf

## EXHIBIT 5

## PRODUCT LABELLING

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 5.0 Product Labelling

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

## EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 6.0 Technical Specifications

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf

## EXHIBIT 7

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

## EXHIBIT 8

## MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

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### 8.1 Measured Bandwidth

The plot saved in bw.pdf which shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. The field strength of any emission appearing between the band edges and up to 10 kHz above and below the band edges ( 49.81 and 49.91 MHz ) is at least 26 dB below the carrier level. And at $49.81 \& 49.91 \mathrm{MHz}$, there are at least 46 dB below the carrier level. It meets requirement of Section 15.235(b).

Pursuant to FCC part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over excepted variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

Figure $8.1 \quad$ Bandwidth

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF.

The effective period ( $T_{\text {eff }}$ ) was approximately $810 \mu$ s for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Exhibit 8.3. With a resolution bandwidth ( 3 dB ) of 100 kHz , the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB .

### 8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

$$
\text { Averaging factor in } \mathrm{dB}=20 \log \text { (duty cycle) }
$$

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth ( 3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

A plot of the worst-case duty cycle as detected in this manner are saved with filename: af.pdf

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:
The duration of one cycle $=1.55 \mathrm{~ms}$
Effective period of the cycle $=810 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
$\mathrm{DC}=810 \mu \mathrm{~s} / 1.55 \mathrm{~ms}=0.52258$ or $52.258 \%$

Therefore, the averaging factor is found by $20 \log _{10} 0.52258=-5.6 \mathrm{~dB}$

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### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4-2003.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz , whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 150 kHz to 30 MHz .

## INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.
AC power to the unit is varied from $85 \%$ to $115 \%$ nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4-2003.
The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz . Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz , a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz , signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.

