Section 8

FCC ID: PHX-RDM25100

RF Exposure Information

8.1 Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation

FCC Rules: 1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091, 27.52

FCC Requirement: < 1mW/cm² General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Standard: IEEE Std C95.3 – 2002

FCC OET Bulletin 65

Procedure: Expedience Mode:

The Motorola, Inc. Expedience device operates as a Time Division Duplex (TDD) product with a Time Division Multiplex (TDM) frame structure. The RDMi-25100 product is able to transmit a time division duplex (TDD) signal up to a maximum 14.29 % transmit duty cycle in the Expedience mode. To measure the RF Exposure, the Expedience transmitter is enabled in test mode and set to the maximum power level. Measurements are performed at the low, mid, and high channels of each channel bandwidth, using the maximum transmitter duty cycle. Modulation was set to 4 OAM.

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802.16e WiMax Mode:

The Motorola, Inc. WiMax device operates as a Time Division Duplex (TDD) product with a Time Division Multiplex (TDM) frame structure. The RDMi-25100 product is able to transmit a time division duplex (TDD) signal up to a maximum 49.37 % transmit duty cycle in the WiMax mode. To measure the RF Exposure, the WiMax transmitter is enabled in test mode and set to the maximum power level with all sub-channels enabled.

Measurements are performed at the low, mid, and high channels of each channel bandwidth, using the maximum transmitter duty cycle and all sub-channels. Modulation was set to 16 QAM ³/₄ rate.

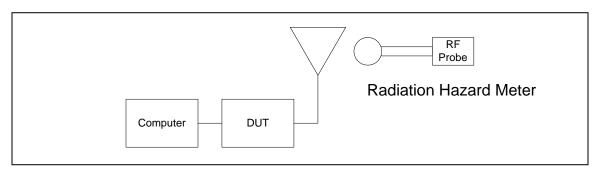
Conditions: Frequency = 2499, 2593, 2687 MHz

Temperature = 22° C

Supply Voltage = 120 VAC / 60 Hz Nominal to DUT Power

Supply

Set-Up:



Radiation Hazard Test Setup Diagram

8.2 Test Equipment

Radiation Hazard Meter: General Microwave Corporation RAHAM Model 3

Calibrated: 10-20-2005 Due: 10-20-2007

Voltmeter: Fluke 87 V True RMS Multimeter

S/N: 87180024

Measurement level verified with meter listed below.

HP 34401A

S/N: MY45001201

Calibrated: 5-4-2007 / Calibration due: 5-4-2009

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The General Microwave RAHAM Model 3 isotropic broadband electromagnetic radiation hazard meter consists of a model 83A probe and model 481B meter. The model 83A probe employs three orthogonally-oriented thin-film thermoelectric arrays. This type of probe exhibits extremely good adherence to square-law characteristics such that the DC output from the thermocouple is proportional to the square of the electric field strength. The recorder output from the RAHAM meter is applied to the Fluke DVM. The DC level of the Recorder Output is recorded and then converted to the corresponding maximum permissible exposure value. The recorder output at a full scale reading is 124 mV. The measurements performed for this report utilize the 2 mW/cm² setting of the RAHAM instrument.

8.3 General Information

Expedience Mode:

The Motorola, Inc. RDMi-25100 Expedience transmitter can apply 2 watts of RF power, within a channel, to the integral antenna in the 2496-2690 MHz band. The RDMi-25100 has a maximum transmit duty cycle of 14.29 % and is based on a TDM frame.

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The vertically polarized antenna has 13 dBi of gain. Therefore, the maximum radiated transmit power would be:

14.29% Transmit Duty Cycle:

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Pmax = Ptx(dBm) + G(antenna(dBi)) - 10*log(duty cycle)(dB)

Pmax = 33 + 13 - 10*log(0.1429) = 33 + 13 - 8.45

Pmax = 37.55 dBm EIRP = 5.688 Watts EIRP
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802.16e WiMax Mode:

The Motorola, Inc. RDMi-25100 WiMax transmitter can apply 0.5 watts of RF power, within a channel, to the integral antenna in the 2496-2690 MHz band. The RDMi-25100 has a maximum transmit duty cycle of 49.37 % per the 802.16e protocol and is based on a TDM frame.

The vertically polarized antenna has 13 dBi of gain. Therefore, the maximum radiated transmit power with all sub-channels enabled would be:

49.37% Transmit Duty Cycle:

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\overline{Pmax} = Ptx(dBm) + G(antenna(dBi)) - 10*log(duty cycle)(dB)

Pmax = 27 + 13 - 10*log(0.4937) = 27 + 13 - 3.0654

Pmax = 36.9346 dBm EIRP = 4.937 Watts EIRP
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Calculations

The following calculations can be used to determine the distance from the transmitting antenna that must be maintained to ensure that the exposure limit as defined in Table 1 of part 1.1310 (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure. The formula for the following calculations are found in the OET Bulletin 65, edition 97-01 August 1997, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields".

The maximum power level from the previous calculations will be used.

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 $S = EIRP/4\pi R^2$

or

 $R = (EIRP/4\pi S)^{0.5}$

2496-2690 MHz Band:

Expedience Mode:

 $S=1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ R=20 cm

EIRP = 5.688 W EIRP = 5688 mW EIRP = 5688 mW

 $S = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \qquad \qquad R = 20 \text{ cm}$

 $R = (5688/(4*\pi*1))^{0.5}$ $S = 5688/(4*pi*20^2)$ R = 21.275 cm $S = 1.1316 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

WiMax Mode:

 $S=1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ R=20 cm

EIRP = 4.937 W EIRP = 4937 mW EIRP = 4937 mW EIRP = 4937 mW

 $S = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \qquad \qquad R = 20 \text{ cm}$

 $R = (4937/(4*\pi*1))^{0.5}$ $S = 4937/(4*pi*20^2)$ R = 19.82 cm $S = 0.9822 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

The worst case condition is calculated to be during an Expedience transmission. The calculated safe distance from the transmitting antenna is 21.275 cm for a point source radiation element, or the maximum field strength for a point source radiation element at 20 cm would be 1.1316 mW/cm². The Motorola RDMi-25100 uses a four element patch array antenna. The RF power supplied to each patch is one quarter the total power that would be supplied to a single radiating antenna as described in Bulletin 65. Because the transmitted power is distributed over a larger area, the actual signal at 20 cm will be less than the calculated value. A measurement of the signal strength at 20 cm, for both Expedience and WiMax modes, is detailed below. The measured values of "S" have been adjusted to include the current calibration factor of the radiation hazard meter.

Measurement calculations:

DC voltage recorded = 32.7 mV

Convert dc level to $Sdc = (32.7 \text{ mV} * 2 \text{ mW/cm}^2) / 124 \text{ mV}$

 $= 65.4 \text{ mVmW/cm}^2 / 124 \text{ mV}$

 $= 0.527 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Apply the calibration factor S = Sdc*CF

 $= 0.527 \text{ mW/cm}^2 * 1.33$

S (MPE level) = 0.7015 mW/cm^2

Test Results:

Expedience Mode - Vertically Polarized Antenna						
20 cm from antenna surface						
Channel	Bandwidth	Max Meter Voltage	Max S (mw/cm ²)	Corrected Max S (mw/cm ²)		
2499	6.0 MHz	33	0.53	0.70		
2593	6.0 MHz	37	0.59	0.79		
2687	6.0 MHz	28	0.45	0.60		
2499	5.5 MHz	36	0.58	0.77		
2593	5.5 MHz	34	0.55	0.73		
2687	5.5 MHz	30	0.48	0.63		

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WiMax Mode - Vertically Polarized Antenna						
20 cm from antenna surface						
Channel	Bandwidth	Max Meter Voltage	Max S (mw/cm ²)	Corrected Max S (mw/cm ²)		
2499	5.5 MHz	36	0.58	0.77		
2593	5.5 MHz	27	0.44	0.58		
2687	5.5 MHz	25	0.41	0.54		
2499	11 MHz	31	0.50	0.66		
2593	11 MHz	28	0.45	0.60		
2687	11 MHz	21	0.33	0.44		

Test Conclusion:

The Motorola, Inc. RDMi-25100 product is below the limit for RF Exposure as detailed in the FCC 47CFR1.1310 requirement for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure.

The following information is located on a label on the RDMi-25100 product:

To comply with FCC radio frequency exposure rules, 47CFR1.1307 and 1.1310, a minimum separation of 20 cm (8 inches) is required between this device and all persons.