

Exhibit 6

Text Report

NextNet Wireless, Inc

12/05/2003

9555 James Ave. South Suite 270
Bloomington, MN 55431

RF Power Output

Rule Part Number: 2.1046, 21.909(g)(2), 21.909(n), 74.939(g)(2), 74.939(p)
Tx Power < 2 watts
EIRP < 18 dBW

Test Procedure: The RF output power is measured with a power meter. The RF output is applied to an attenuator that is connected to the power sensor of the power meter. The transmitter is enabled in test mode with the attached computer. Measurements are performed for each of the modulation formats available, 4 QAM, 16 QAM, and 64 QAM.

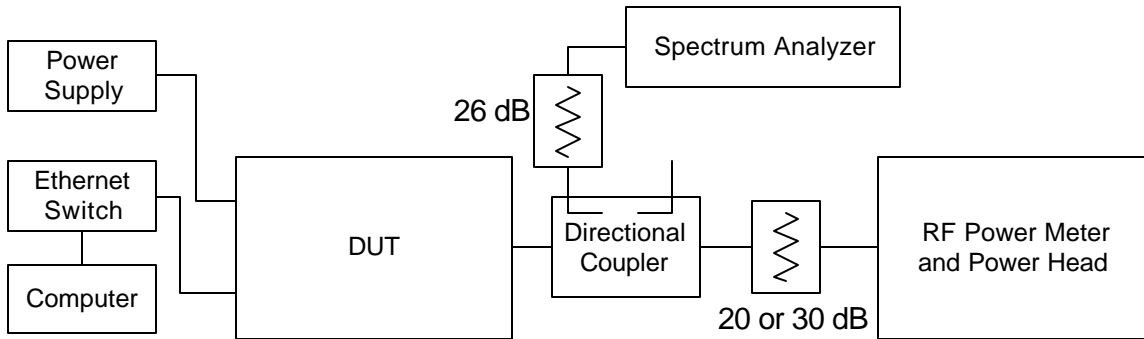
Test Conditions: Frequency = 2503, 2593, 2683 MHz
Temperature = 25 °C
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

Test Equipment:

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| DVM | Fluke 87 III Calibration not required |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde&Schwarz Model: FSEA S/N: DE24511 Cal Date: 06-02-2003 Cal Due: 06-02-2005 |
| Power Meter | Agilent E4418B S/N: GB41299360 Cal Date: 08-28-2002 Due Date: 08-28-2004 |
| Power Head | HP8481A S/N: 1550A08915 Cal date: 05-15-2003 Due Date: 05-15-2005 |
| Directional Coupler | Dual Directional Coupler Model: Narda 3022 S/N: 01231 |
| Attenuators (6, 10 and 20dB) | Pasternak Corporation Model: PE7005-6 (6 dB) Model: PE7005-10 (10 dB) Model: PE7005-20 (20 dB) Calibration not required |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |

Test Set-Up:



Test Results: 14.29 % transmit duty cycle

Tx Power:

| Minimum Power setting | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | 4 QAM | | 16 QAM | | 64 QAM | |
| Freq (MHz) | (dBm) | (Watts) | (dBm) | (Watts) | (dBm) | (Watts) |
| 2503 | -0.26 | 0.00094 | -0.29 | 0.00094 | -0.37 | 0.00092 |
| 2593 | -0.25 | 0.00094 | -0.36 | 0.00092 | -0.29 | 0.00094 |
| 2683 | -0.04 | 0.00099 | 0.08 | 0.00102 | 0.18 | 0.00104 |

| Maximum Power setting | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | 4 QAM | | 16 QAM | | 64 QAM | |
| Freq (MHz) | (dBm) | (Watts) | (dBm) | (Watts) | (dBm) | (Watts) |
| 2503 | 32.18 | 1.65196 | 32.19 | 1.65577 | 32.25 | 1.67880 |
| 2593 | 32.73 | 1.87499 | 32.70 | 1.86209 | 32.72 | 1.87068 |
| 2683 | 32.16 | 1.64437 | 32.30 | 1.69824 | 32.18 | 1.65196 |

Pass Tx power at antenna connector (< 2 watts)

RF Power Output

Test Conclusions:

Vertically Polarized Antenna

RF Power Output = 33 dBm

Vertical Antenna Gain = 13 dBi

Transmitted Power = RF Power + Isotropic Antenna Gain

Transmitted Power = 33 + 13 = 46 dBm

Transmitted Power = $10 \cdot \log(2W) + 13 \text{dBi} = 16 \text{ dBiW} < 18 \text{ dBiW}$

Pass: Transmitted Power Output Requirement for Vertically Polarized Antenna for user installation

Horizontally Polarized Antenna

RF Power Output = 33 dBm

Horizontal Antenna Gain = 12.5 dBi

Transmitted Power = RF Power + Isotropic Antenna Gain

Transmitted Power = 33 + 12.5 = 45.5 dBm

Transmitted Power = $10 \cdot \log(2W) + 12.5 \text{dBi} = 15.5 \text{ dBiW} < 18 \text{ dBiW}$

Pass: Transmitted Power Output Requirement for Horizontally Polarized Antenna for user installation

Modulation Characteristics

Rule Parts:

2.1047(d), 21.905(b), 21.908(d), 21.908(e), 74.936(a), 74.936(f)

Modulation Characteristics = OFDM

21.905(b) Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM), digital vestigial sideband modulation (VSB), quadrature phase shift key modulation (QPSK), code division multiple access (CDMA), and orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM) emissions may be employed, subject to compliance with the policies set forth in the Declaratory Ruling and Order, 11 FCC Rcd 18839 (1996). Use of OFDM also is subject to the subsequent Declaratory Ruling and Order, DA 99-554 (Mass Med. Bur. rel. Mar. 19, 1999).

21.908(d) The maximum out-of-band power of an MDS response station using all or part of a 6 MHz channel, employing digital modulation and transmitting with an EIRP greater than -6 dBW per 6 MHz channel shall be attenuated (as measured in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section) at the 6 MHz channel edges at least 25 dB relative to the average 6 MHz channel power level, then attenuated along a linear slope to at least 40 dB at 250 kHz beyond the nearest channel edge, then attenuated along a linear slope from that level to at least 60 dB at 3 MHz above the upper and below the lower licensed channel edges, and attenuated at least 60 dB at all other frequencies.

21.908(e) In measuring compliance with the out-of-band emissions limitations, the licensee shall employ one of two methods in each instance: (1) absolute power measurement of the average signal power with one instrument, with measurement of the spectral attenuation on a separate instrument; or (2) relative measurement of both the average power and the spectral attenuation on a single instrument. The formula for absolute power measurements is to be used when the average signal power is found using a separate instrument, such as a power meter; the formula gives the amount by which the measured power value is to be attenuated to find the absolute power value to be used on the spectrum analyzer or equivalent instrument at the spectral point of concern. The formula for relative power measurements is to be used when the average signal power is found using the same instrument as used to measure the attenuation at the specified spectral points, and allows different resolution bandwidths to be applied to the two parts of the measurement; the formula gives the required amplitude separation (in dB) between the flat top of the (digital) signal and the point of concern.

Modulation Characteristics

For absolute power measurements:

Attenuation in dB (below channel power) = $A + 10\log(\text{CBW} / \text{RBW})$

For relative power measurements:

Attenuation in dB (below flat top) = $A + 10\log(\text{RBW1} / \text{RBW2})$

Where:

A = Attenuation specified for spectral point (e.g., 25, 35, 40, 60 dB)

CBW = Channel bandwidth (for absolute power measurements)

RBW = Resolution bandwidth (for absolute power measurements)

RBW1 = Resolution bandwidth for flat top measurement (relative)

RBW2 = Resolution bandwidth for spectral point measurement (relative)

74.936(a) An ITFS station may employ amplitude modulation (C3F) for the transmission of the visual signal and frequency modulation (F3E) or (G3E) for the transmission of the aural signal when transmitting a standard analog television signal. Quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM), digital vestigial sideband modulation (VSB), quadrature phase shift key modulation (QPSK), code division multiple access (CDMA) and orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM) emissions may be employed, subject to compliance with the policies set forth in the *Declaratory Ruling and Order*, 11 FCC Rcd 18839 (1996). Use of OFDM also is subject to the subsequently *Digital Declaratory Ruling and Order*, DA 99-554 (Mass Med. Bur. rel. Mar. 19, 1999).

74.936(f) The maximum out-of-band power of an ITFS response station using all or part of a 6 MHz channel, employing digital modulation and transmitting with an EIRP greater than -6 dBW per 6 MHz channel shall be attenuated (as measured in accordance with §21.908(e)) at the 6 MHz channel edges at least 25 dB relative to the average 6 MHz channel power level, then attenuated along a linear slope to at least 40 dB at 250 kHz beyond the nearest channel edge, then attenuated along a linear slope from that level to at least 60 dB at 3 MHz above the upper and below the lower licensed channel edges, and attenuated at least 60 dB at all other frequencies. The maximum out-of-band power of an ITFS response station using all or part of a 6 MHz channel, employing digital modulation and transmitting with an EIRP no greater than -6 dBW per 6 MHz channel shall be attenuated (as measured in accordance with §21.908(e)) at the channel edges at least 25 dB relative to the average 6 MHz channel transmitter output power level (P), then attenuated along a linear slope to at least 40 dB or $33+10\log(P)$ dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation, at 250 kHz beyond the nearest channel edge, then attenuated along a linear slope from that level to at least 60 dB or $43+10\log(P)$ dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation, at 3 MHz above the upper and below the lower licensed channel edges, and attenuated at least 60 dB or $43+10\log(P)$ dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation, at all other frequencies.

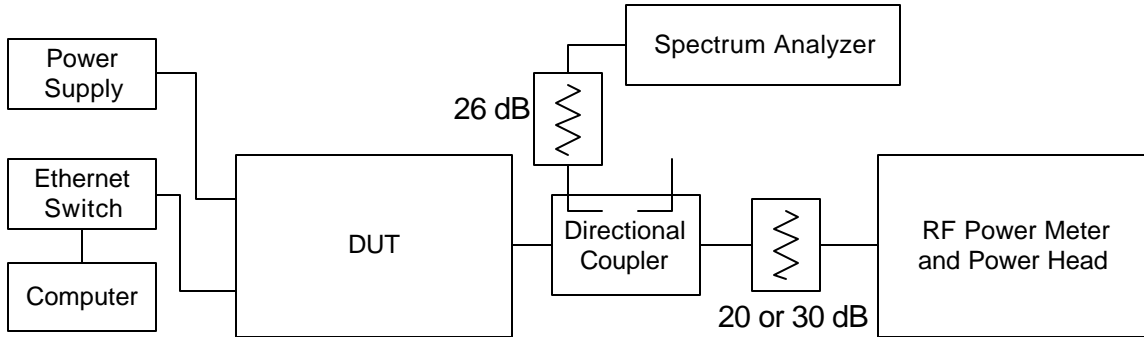
Modulation Characteristics

Test Procedure: The Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulated Time Division Duplex (TDD) RF signal from the test unit is applied to a spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is time gated, with zero delay, to capture the transmission during the burst. An RMS detector is used to measure the average power of the transmission. The resolution bandwidth of the flat top measurement is equal to the resolution bandwidth of the spectral point measurement thereby setting the $10\log(RBW1 / RBW2) = 0$ for the relative power measurement method. The transmitter is enabled in test mode with the attached computer. Measurements are performed for each of the modulation formats available, 4 QAM, 16 QAM, and 64 QAM.

Test Conditions: Frequencies = 2503, 2593, 2683 MHz
Temperature = 25°C
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

Modulation Characteristics

Test Set-Up:

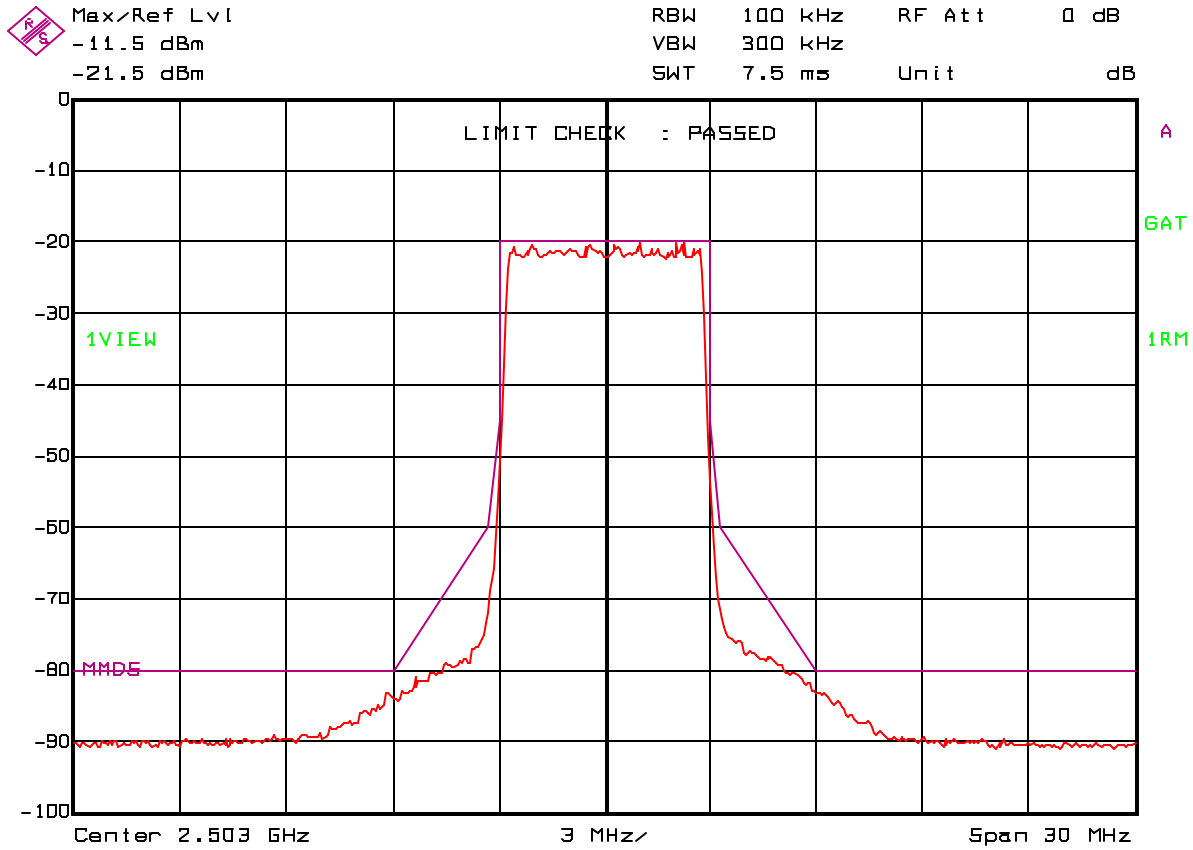


Test Equipment:

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| DVM | Fluke 87 III Calibration not required |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde&Schwarz Model: FSEA S/N: DE24511 Cal Date: 06-02-2003 Cal Due: 06-02-2005 |
| Directional Coupler | Dual Directional Coupler Model: Narda 3022 S/N: 01231 |
| Attenuators (6, 10 and 20dB) | Pasternak Corporation Model: PE7005-6 (6 dB) Model: PE7005-10 (10 dB) Model: PE7005-20 (20 dB) Calibration not required |
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |

Modulation Characteristics

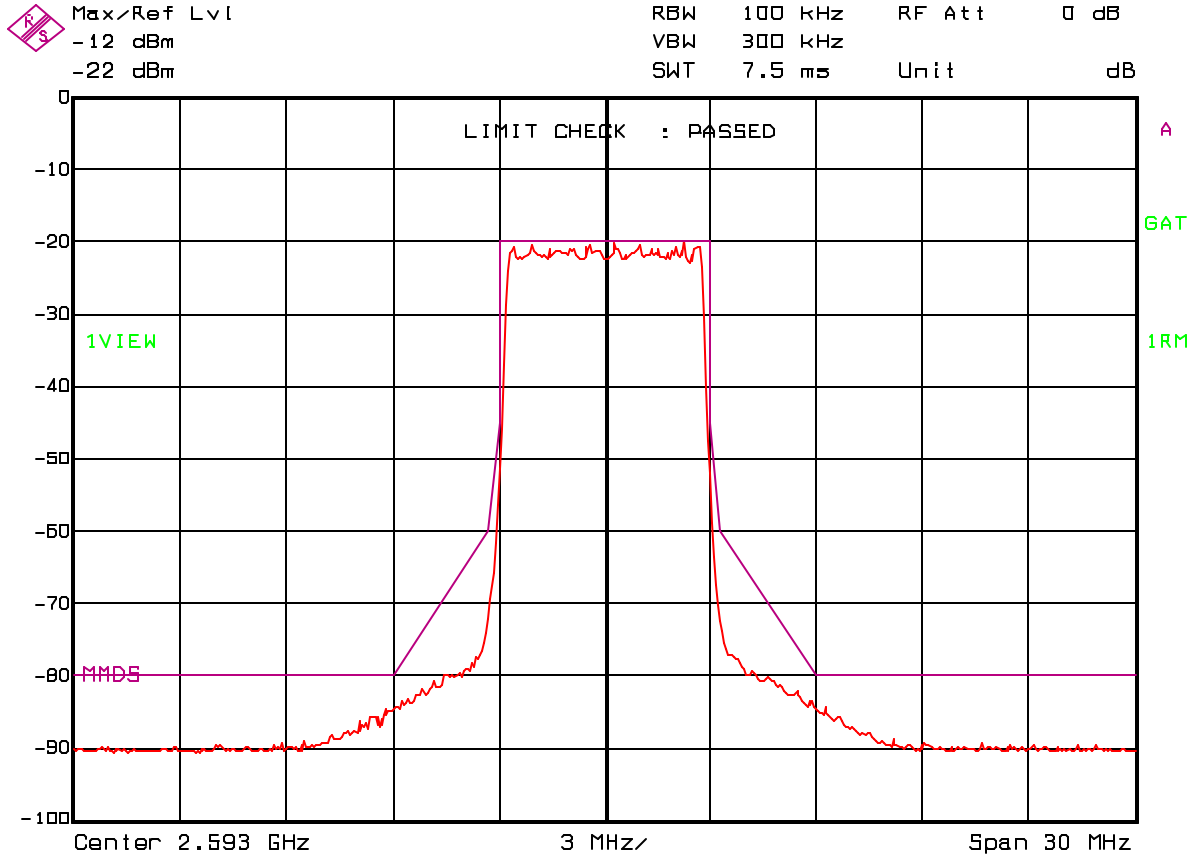
Test Results: Channel 1, 2503 MHz
33dBm / 2W
4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:57:38

Modulation Characteristics

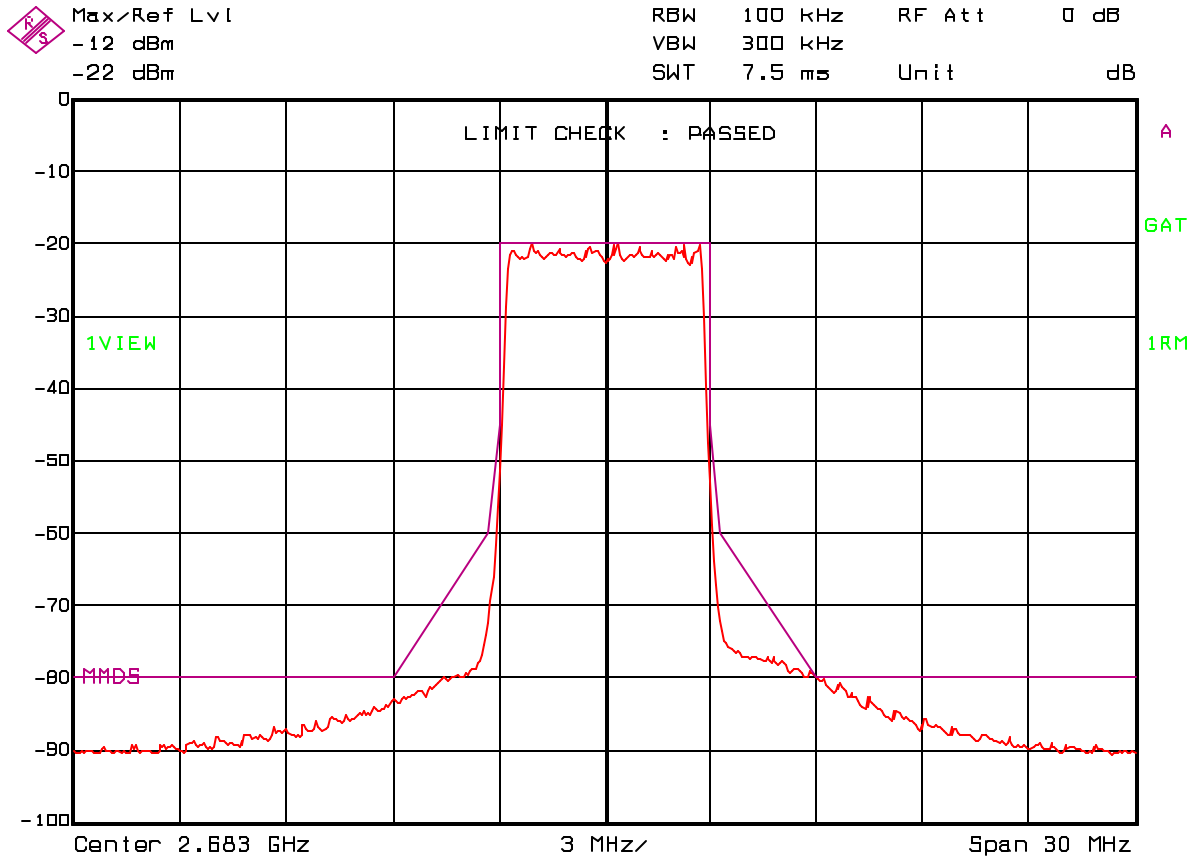
Test Results: Channel 16, 2593 MHz
33dBm / 2W
4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:56:12

Modulation Characteristics

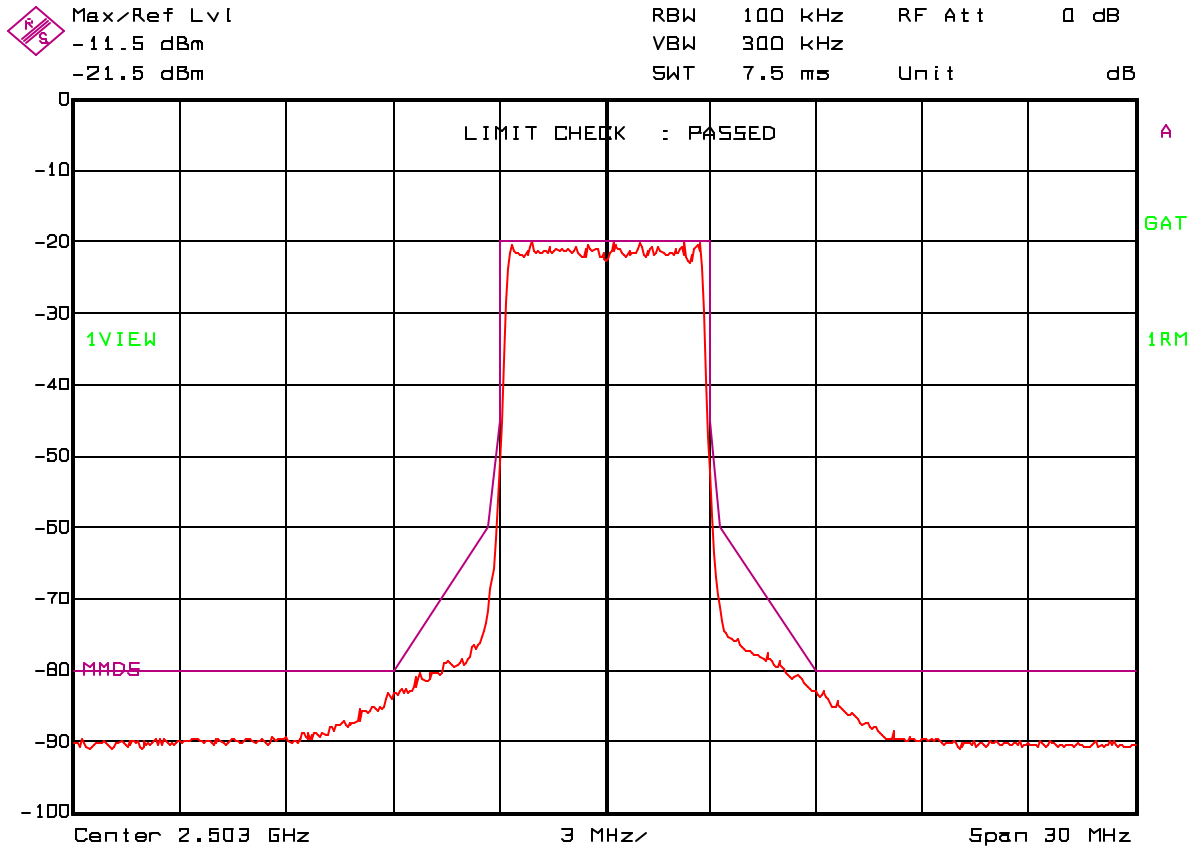
Test Results: Channel 31, 2683 MHz
33dBm / 2W
4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:49:43

Modulation Characteristics

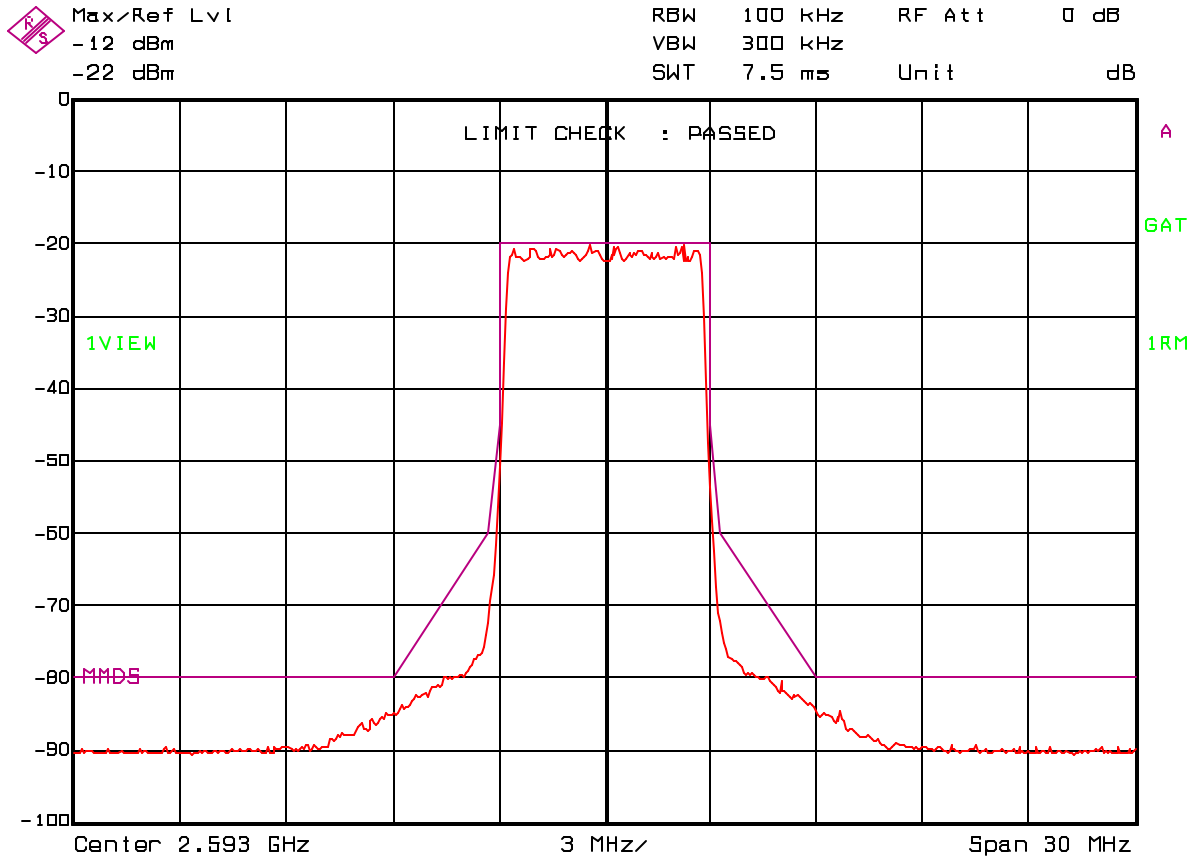
Test Results: Channel 1, 2503 MHz
33dBm / 2W
16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:58:45

Modulation Characteristics

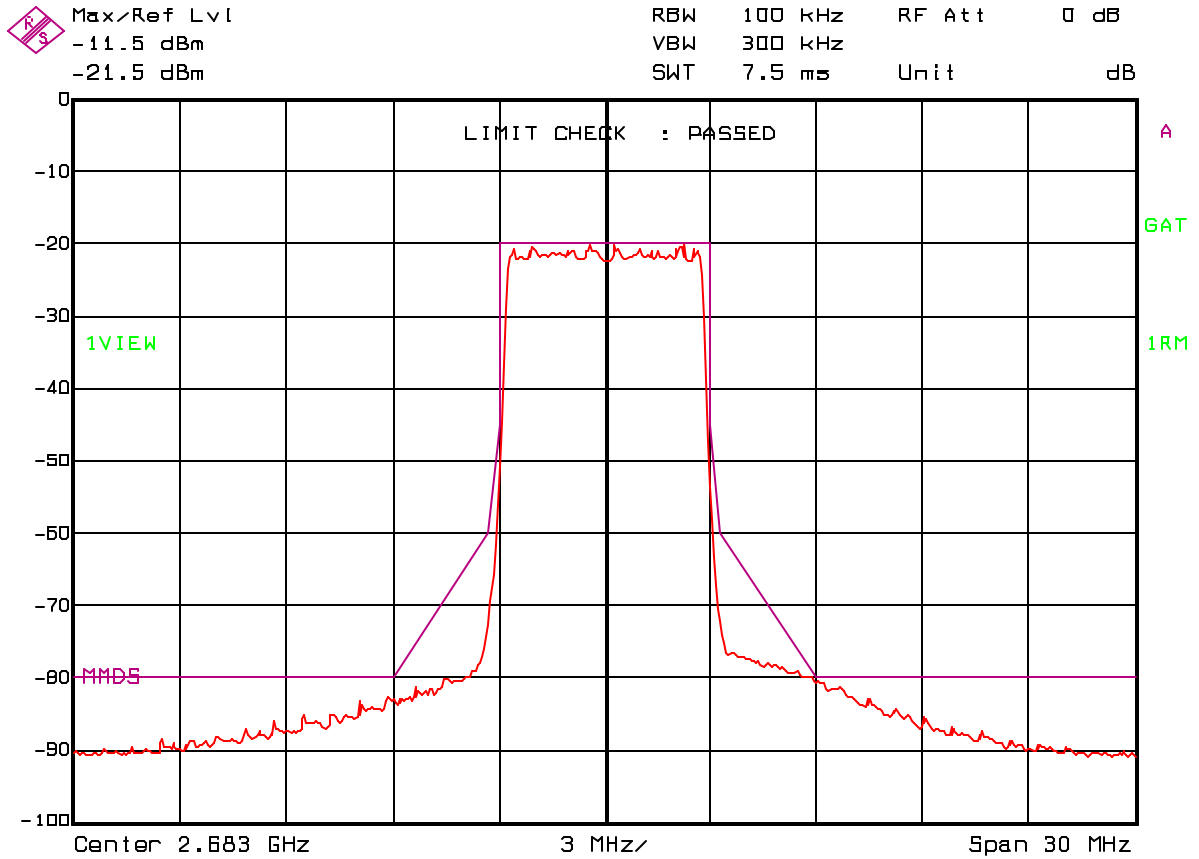
Test Results: Channel 16, 2593 MHz
33dBm / 2W
16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:55:15

Modulation Characteristics

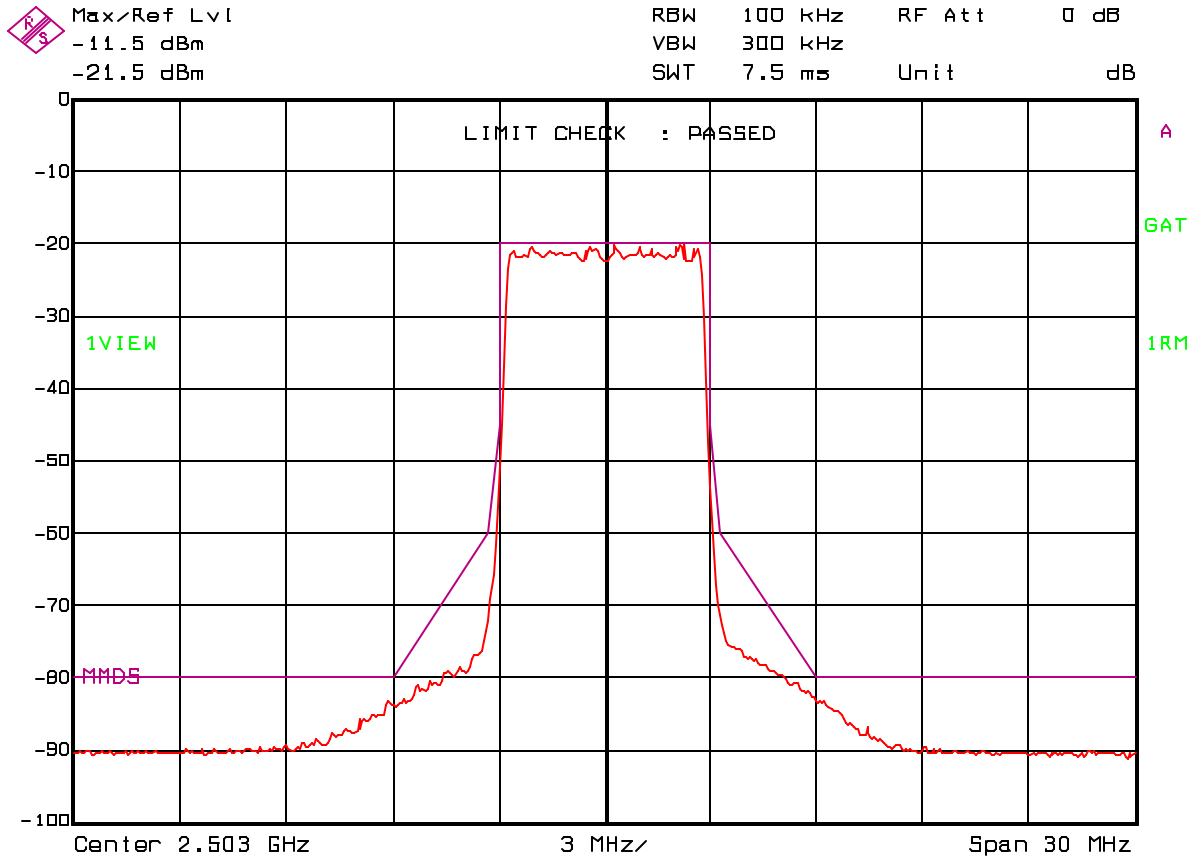
Test Results: Channel 31, 2683 MHz
33dBm / 2W
16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:51:45

Modulation Characteristics

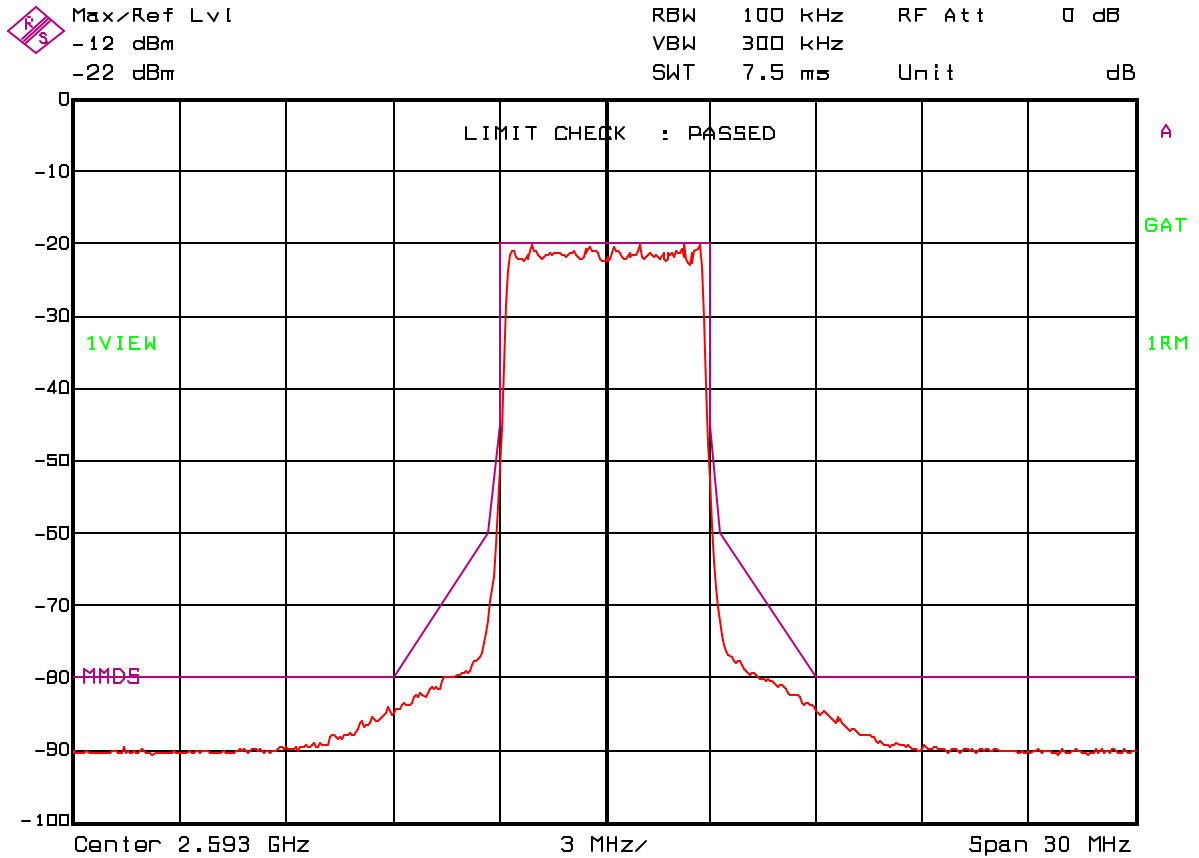
Test Results: Channel 1, 2503 MHz
33dBm / 2W
64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:59:55

Modulation Characteristics

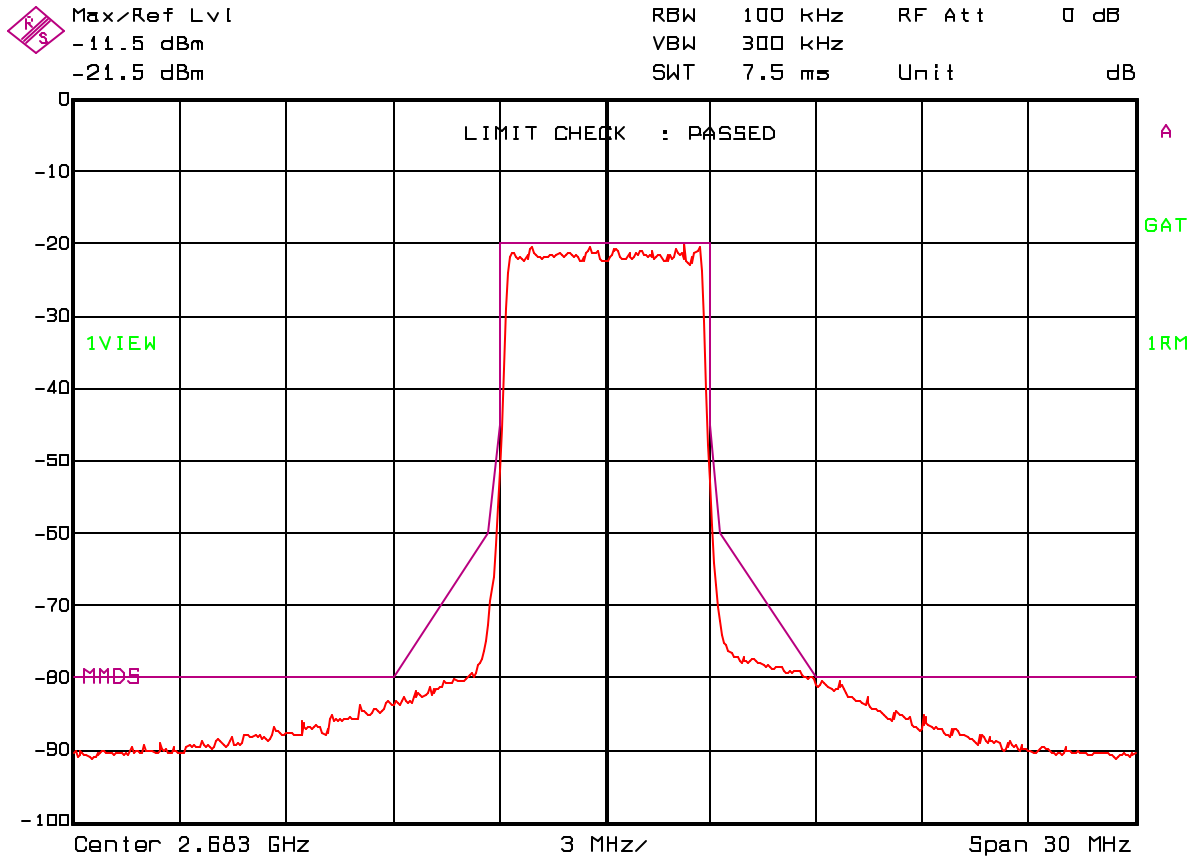
Test Results: Channel 16, 2593 MHz
33dBm / 2W
64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:54:24

Modulation Characteristics

Test Results: Channel 31, 2683 MHz
33dBm / 2W
64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 11:52:38

Occupied Bandwidth

Rule Part Number: 2.1049(h), 21.105

Each authorization issued pursuant to these rules will show, as the emission designator, a symbol representing the class of emission which shall be prefixed by a number specifying the necessary bandwidth. This figure does not necessarily indicate the bandwidth actually occupied by the emission at any instant. In those cases where part 2 of this chapter does not provide a formula for the computation of the necessary bandwidth, the occupied bandwidth may be used in the emission designator.

Test Procedure: The Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulated Time Division Duplex (TDD) RF signal from the test unit is applied to a spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is time gated, with zero delay, to capture the transmission during the burst. The occupied bandwidth of the test unit is recorded by measuring the 99% modulation bandwidth with the built in measurement function in the spectrum analyzer. The transmitter is enabled in test mode with the attached computer. Measurements are performed for each of the modulation formats available, 4 QAM, 16 QAM, and 64 QAM.

Test Conditions: Frequency = 2503, 2593, 2683 MHz
Temperature = 25°C
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

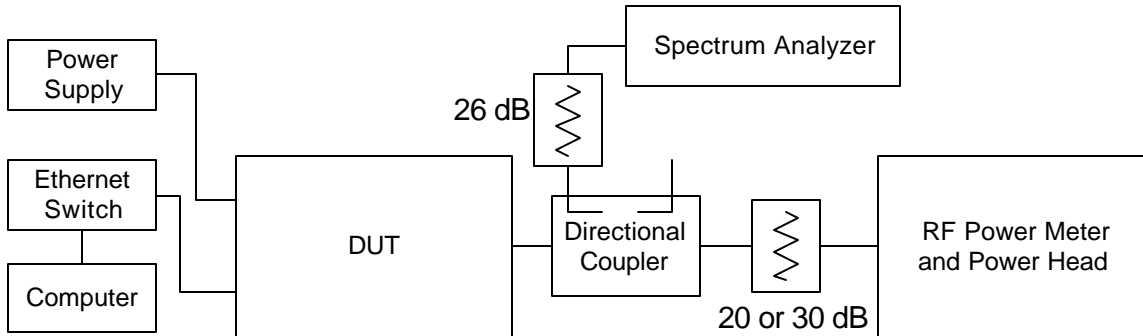
Test Results Summary:

99 % Occupied Bandwidth

| (MHz) Channel | Modulation Type | | |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|------------|
| | 4 QAM | 16 QAM | 64 QAM |
| 1 | 5.50100200 | 5.53106212 | 5.51603206 |
| 16 | 5.51603206 | 5.50100200 | 5.51603206 |
| 31 | 5.53106212 | 5.50100200 | 5.53106212 |

Occupied Bandwidth

Test Set-Up:

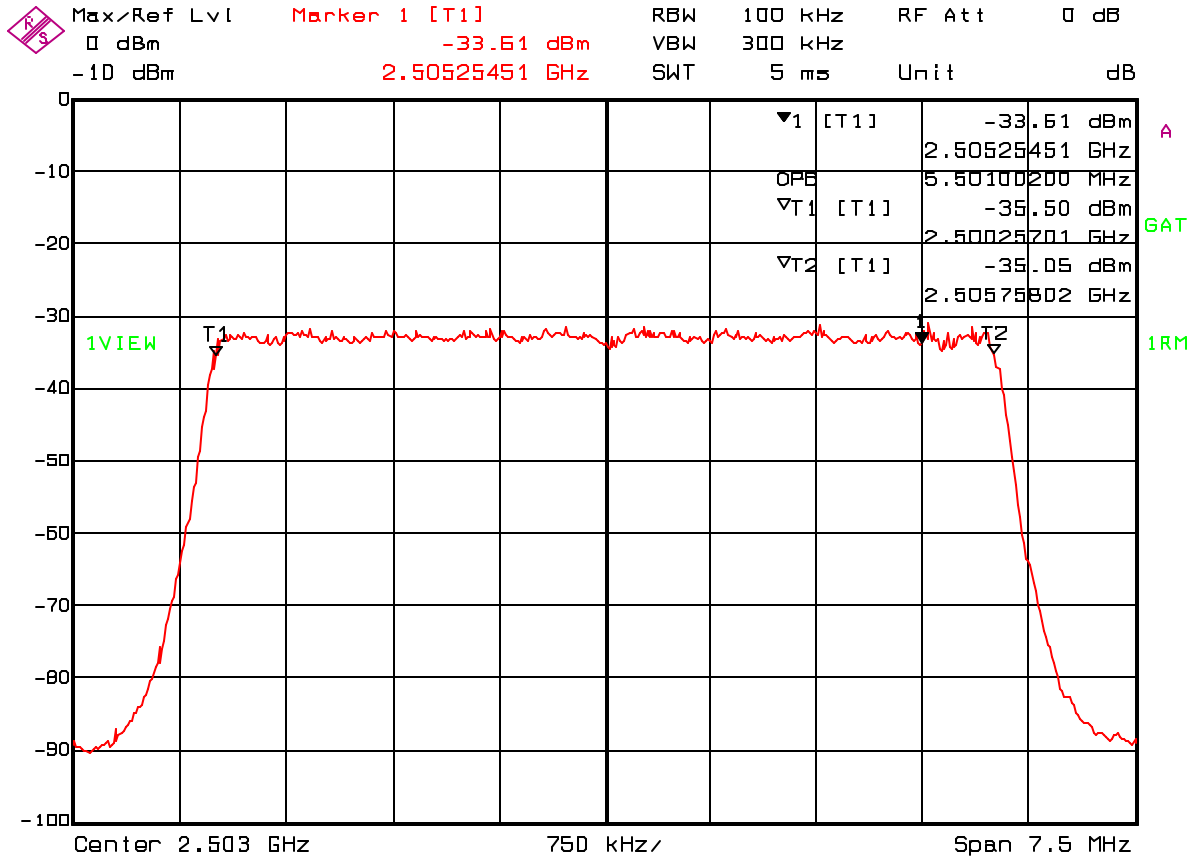


Test Equipment:

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| DVM | Fluke 87 III Calibration not required |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde&Schwarz Model: FSEA S/N: DE24511 Cal Date: 06-02-2003 Cal Due: 06-02-2005 |
| Directional Coupler | Dual Directional Coupler Model: Narda 3022 S/N: 01231 |
| Attenuators (30dB) | Pasternak Corporation Model: PE7005-10 (10 dB) Model: PE7005-20 (20 dB) Calibration not required |
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |

Occupied Bandwidth

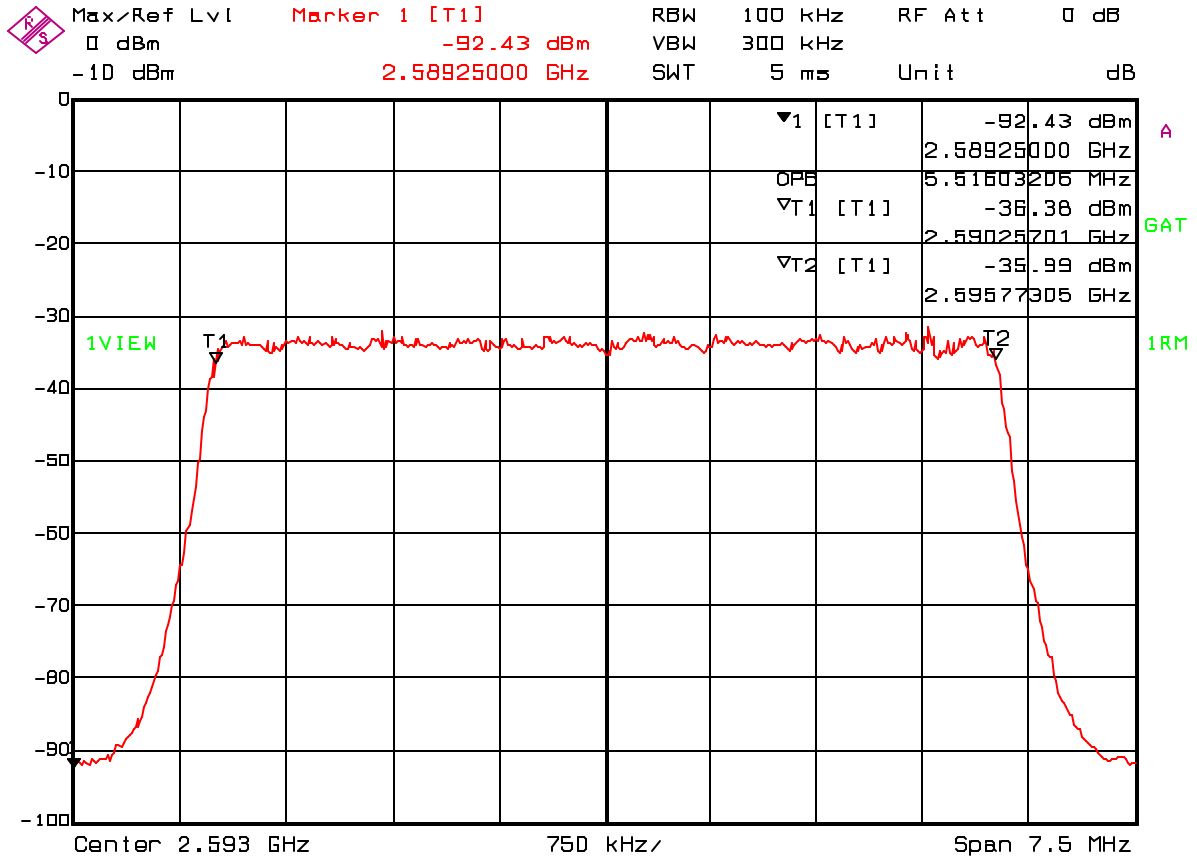
Test Results: Channel 1
 4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:11:04

Occupied Bandwidth

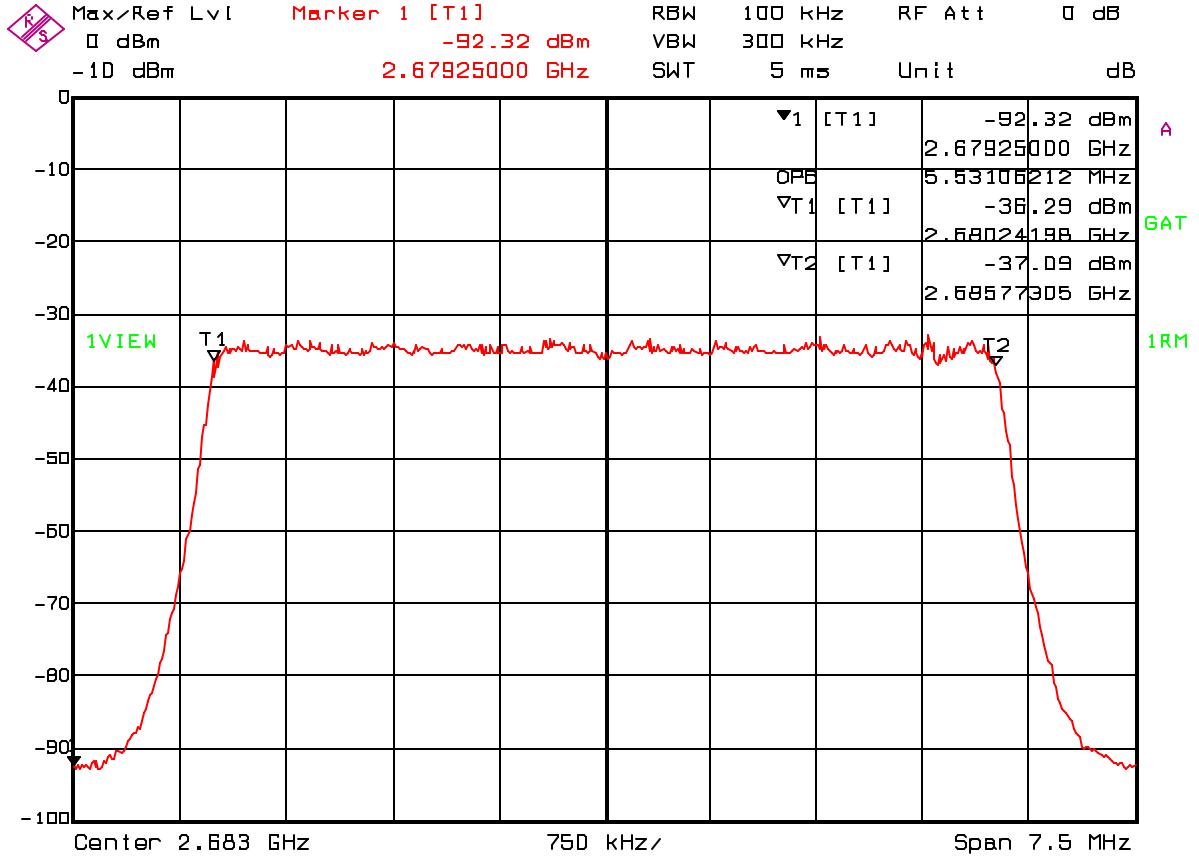
Test Results: Channel 16
 4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:12:04

Occupied Bandwidth

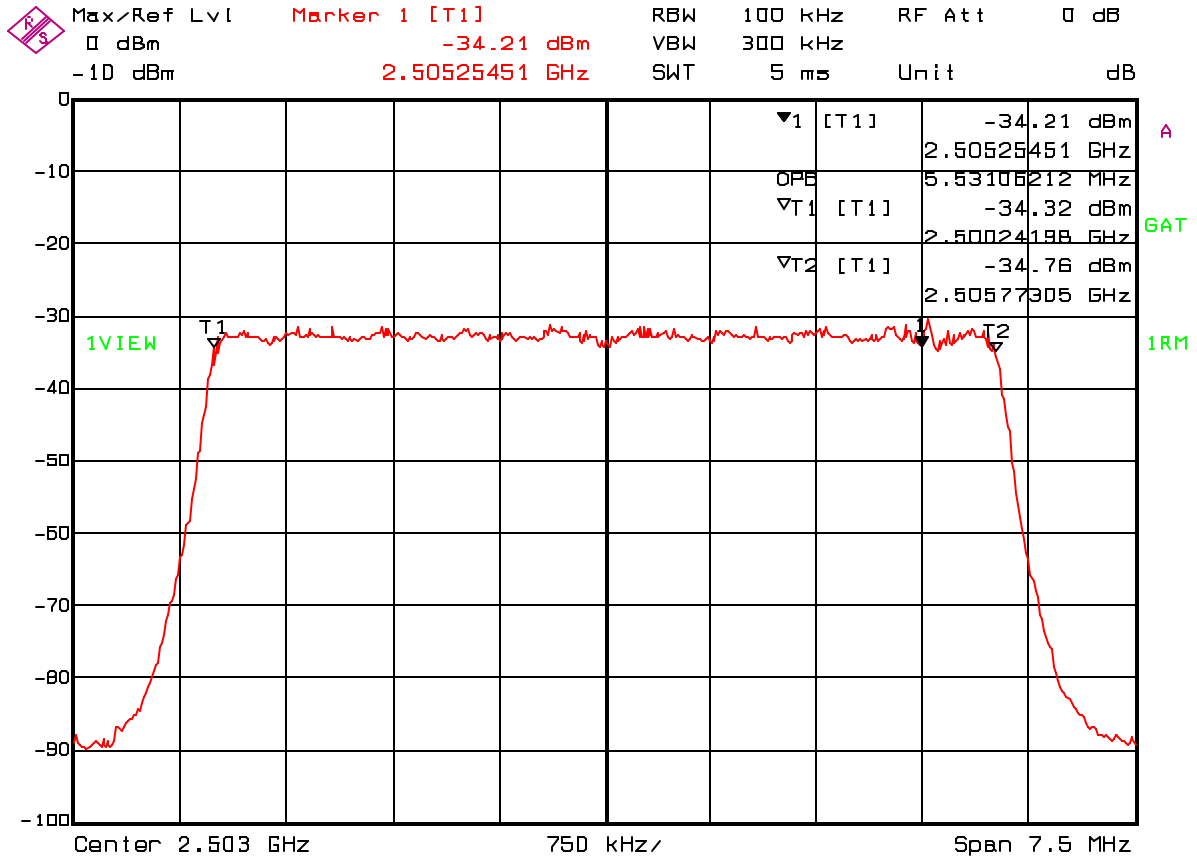
Test Results: Channel 31
 4 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:19:22

Occupied Bandwidth

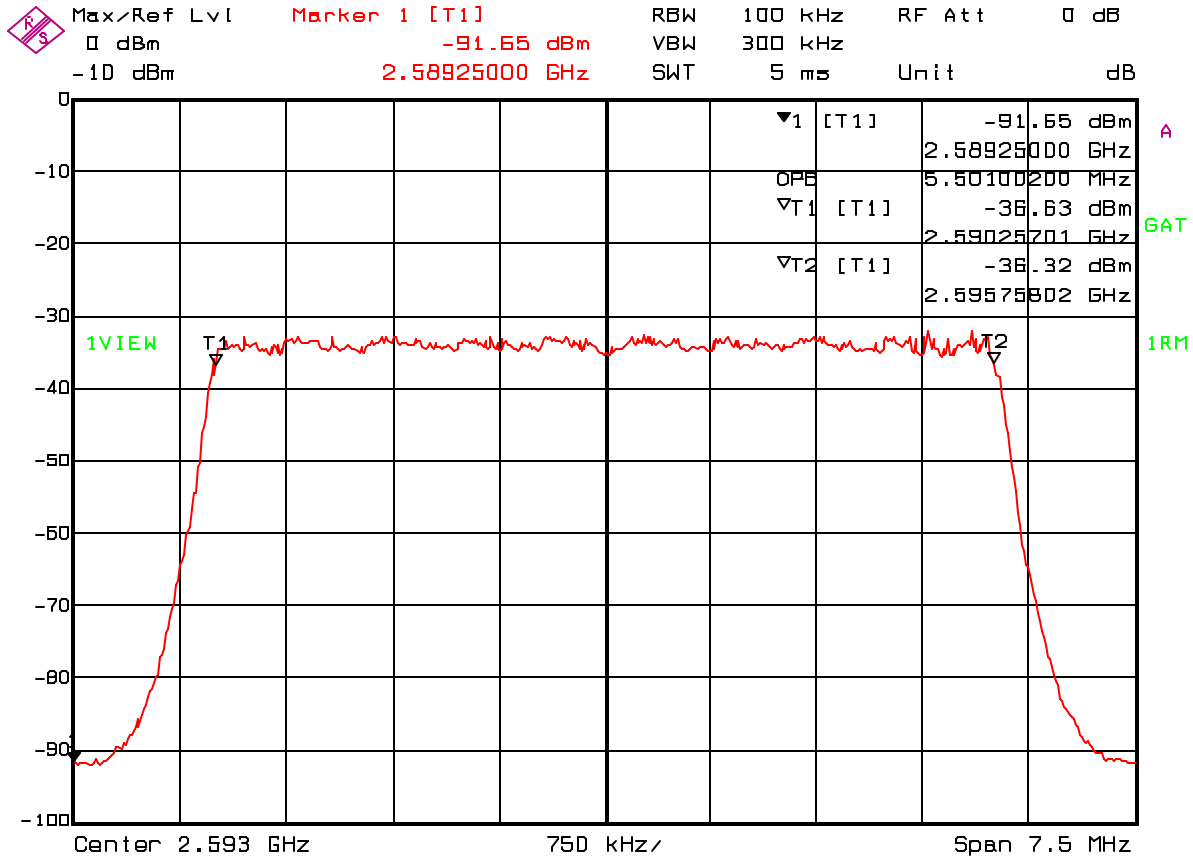
Test Results: Channel 1
 16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:10:03

Occupied Bandwidth

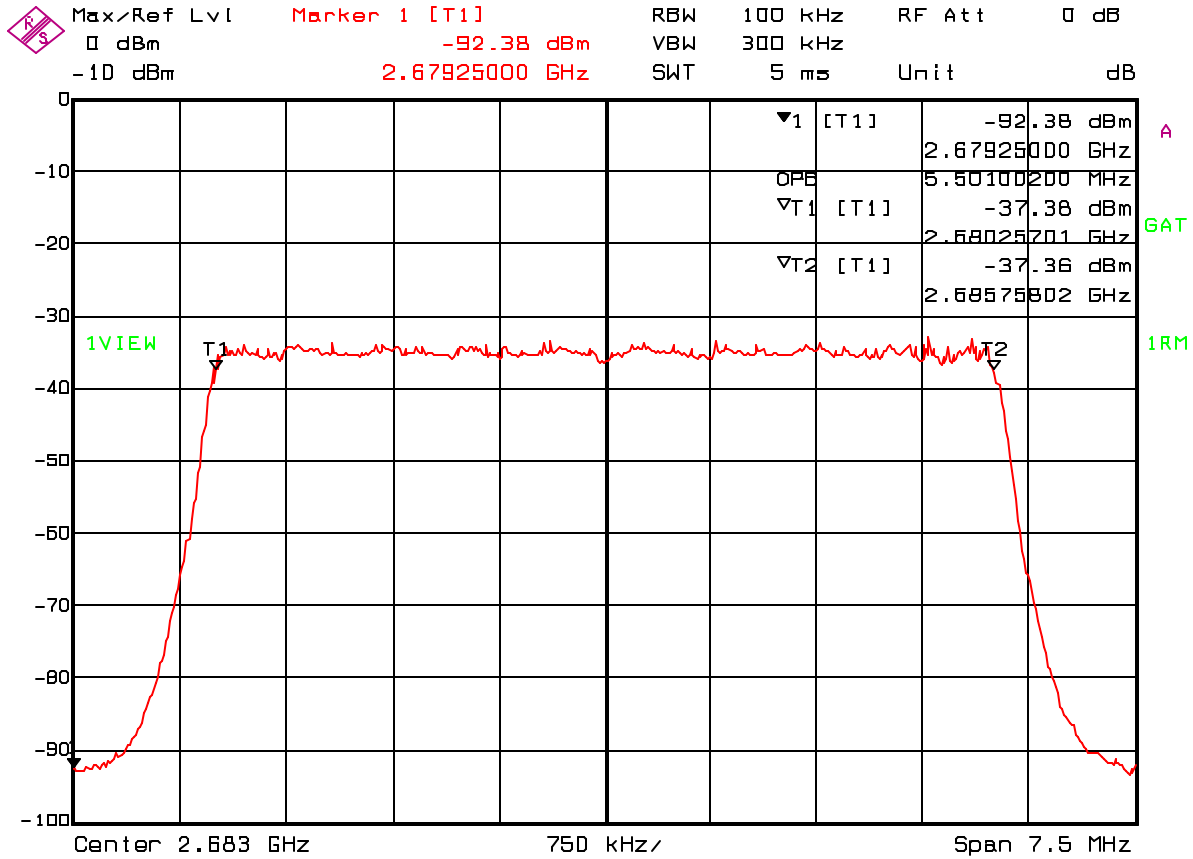
Test Results: Channel 16
 16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:13:23

Occupied Bandwidth

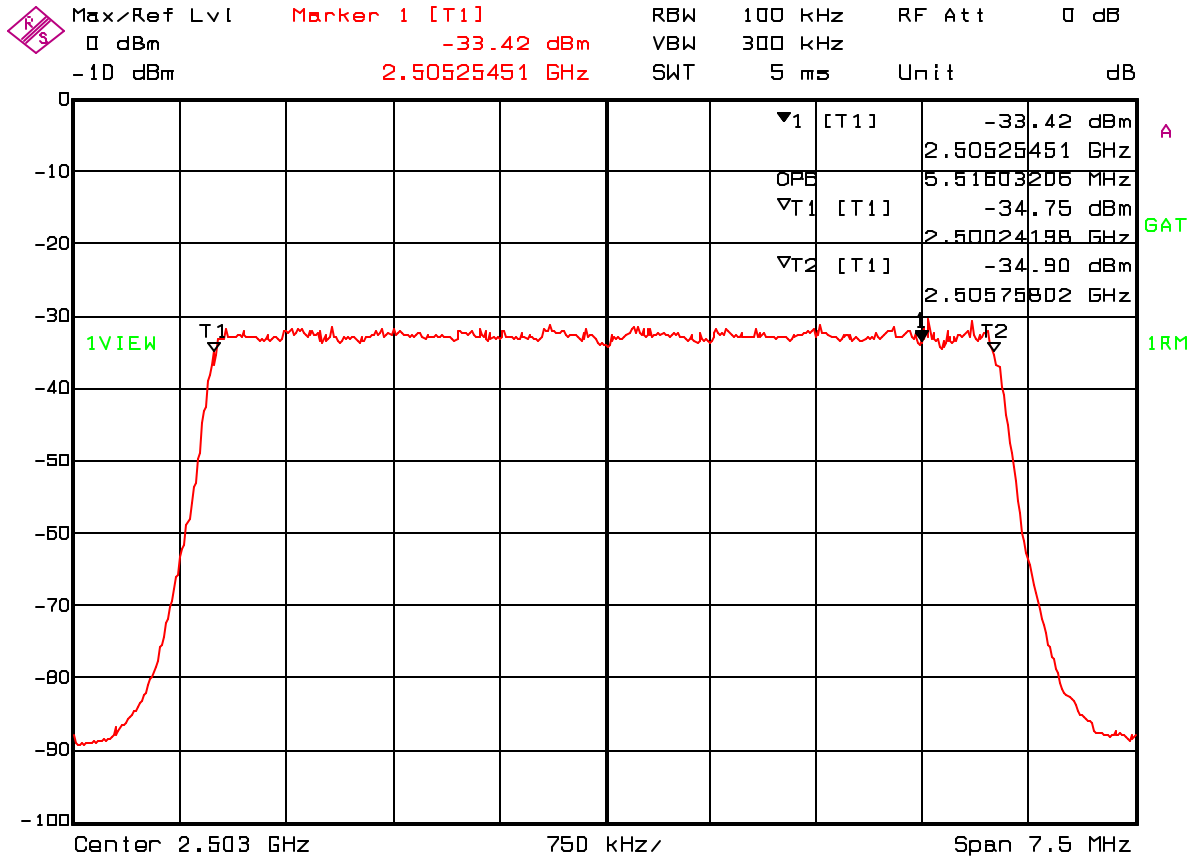
Test Results: Channel 31
 16 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:18:04

Occupied Bandwidth

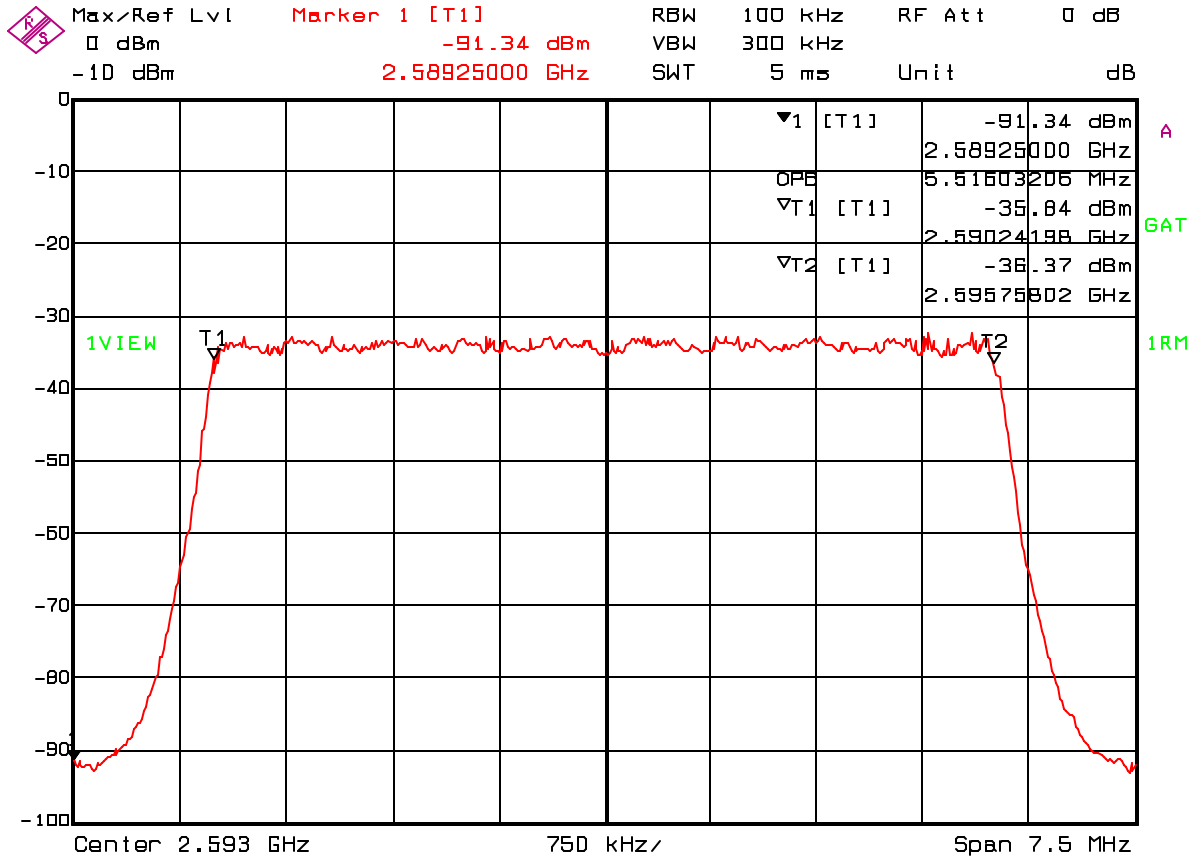
Test Results: Channel 1
 64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:09:21

Occupied Bandwidth

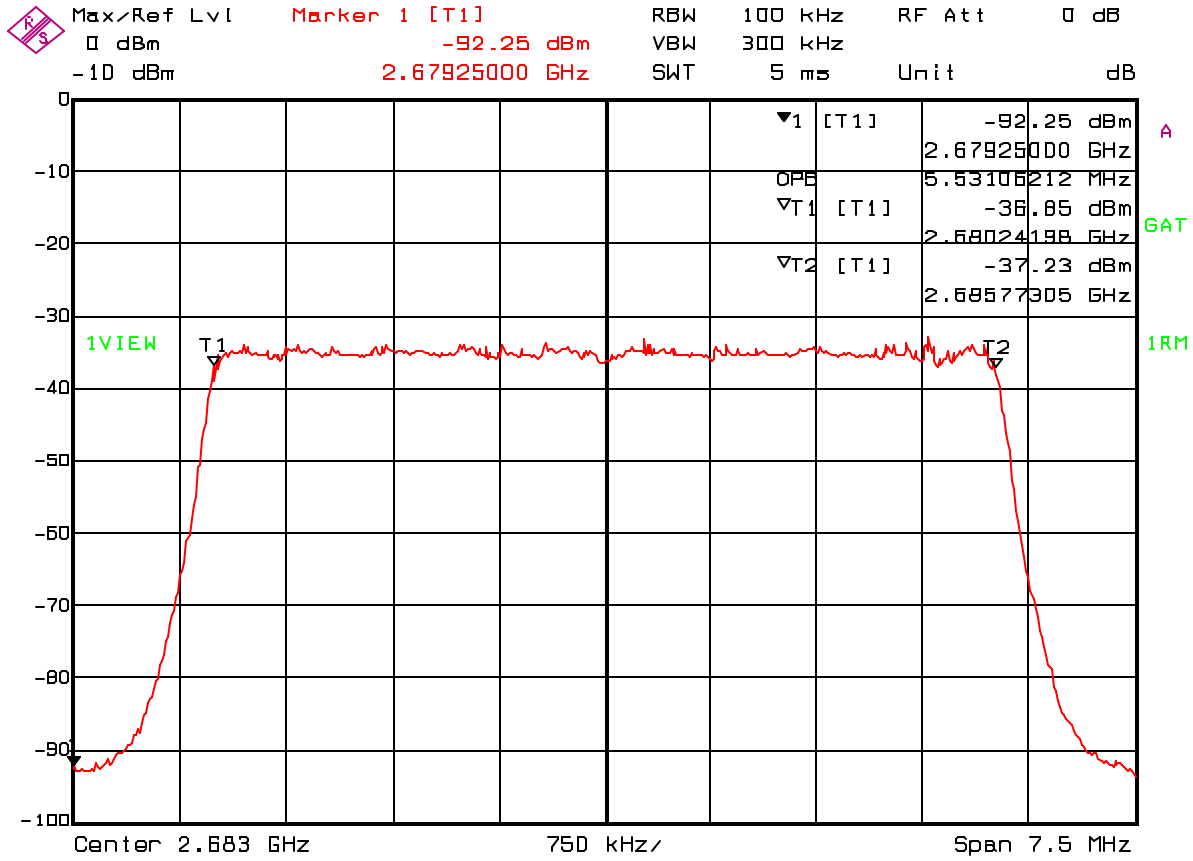
Test Results: Channel 16
 64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:14:48

Occupied Bandwidth

Test Results: Channel 31
 64 QAM



Date: 04.NOV.2003 12:16:49

Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Rule Part Number: 2.1051, 2.1049, 2.1057

Frequency Range = 9 kHz to 26.86 GHz

Attenuation (dB) below the power (W) supplied to the antenna transmission line

Attenuation = $43 + 10 \log P$, or 70 dBc, whichever is less stringent

Attenuation = $43 + 10 \log(2) = 46$ dBc 2 watt transmit level

Test Procedure: The Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) modulated Time Division Duplex (TDD) RF signal from the test unit is applied to a spectrum analyzer thru 30 dB of attenuation. The transmission is recorded from 9 kHz to 26.5 GHz. The transmitter is enabled in test mode with the attached computer.

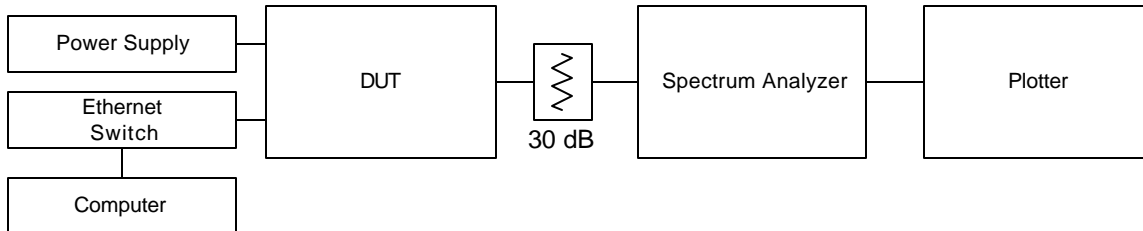
Test Conditions: Frequency = 2593 MHz
Temperature = 22°C
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Test Equipment: CPE

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Attenuator(s) | Pasternak Corporation Model: PE7005-10 (10 dB) Model: PE7005-20 (20 dB) Calibration not required |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett Packard HP8563E S/N: 3221A00143 Cal Date: 10-16-2003 Cal Due: 10-16-2005 |
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |

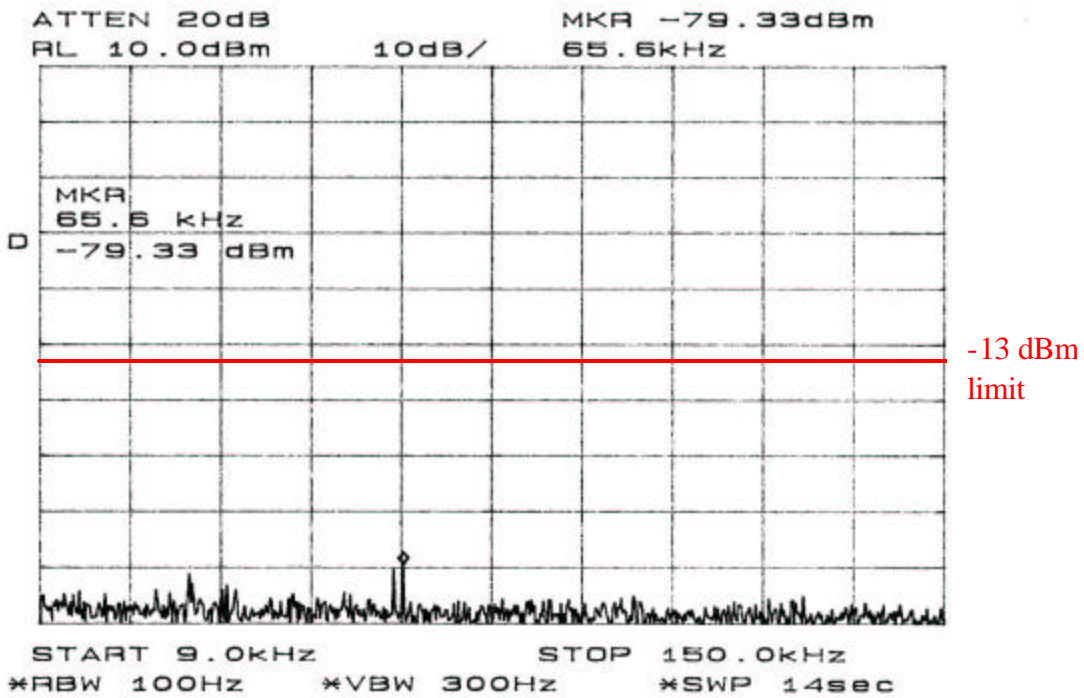
Test Setup



Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Test Results: The spectral measurement from 9 kHz to 150 kHz resulted in one observed spurious signal that is internal to the spectrum analyzer and one spurious signal 36 dB below the -13 dBm limit.

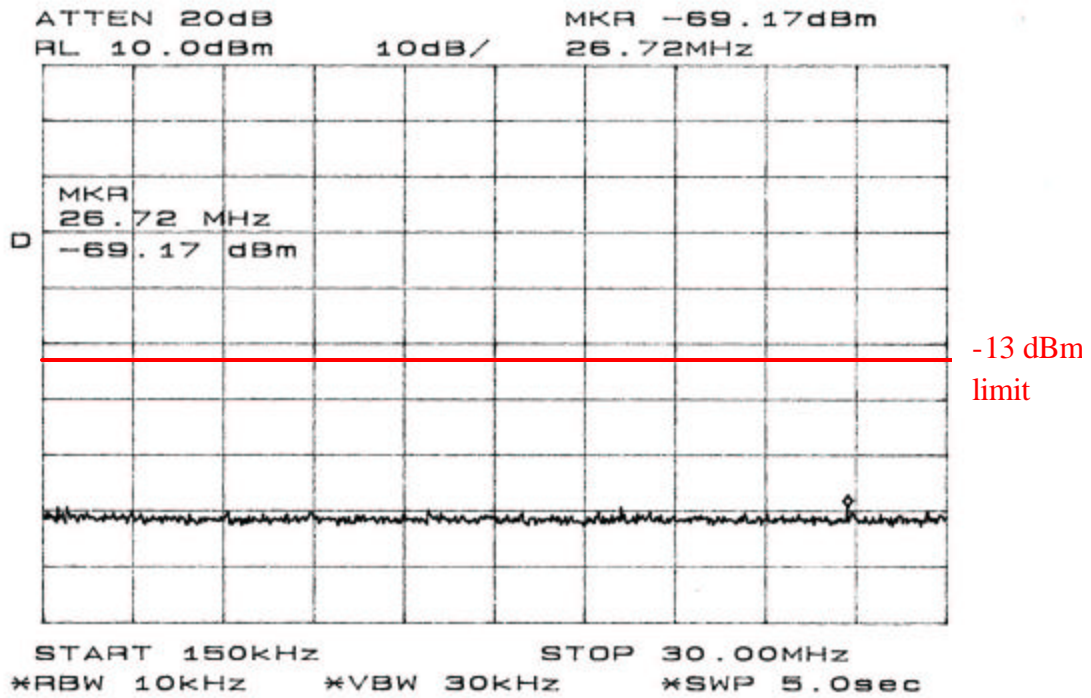
Channel 16, 2593 MHz (33 dBm / 2 Watts)
9 KHz – 150 KHz



Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Test Results: The spectral measurement from 150 kHz to 30 MHz resulted in no observed spurious signals.

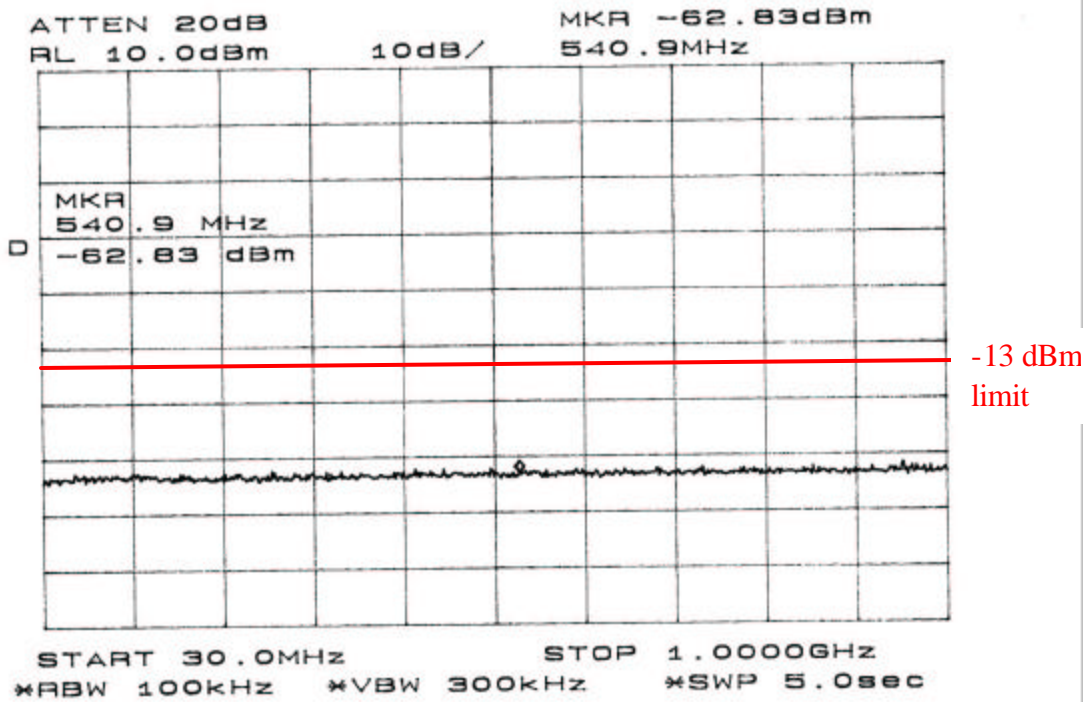
Channel 16, 2593 MHz (33 dBm / 2 Watts)
150 KHz – 30 MHz



Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Test Results: The spectral measurement from 30 MHz to 1 GHz resulted in no observed spurious signals.

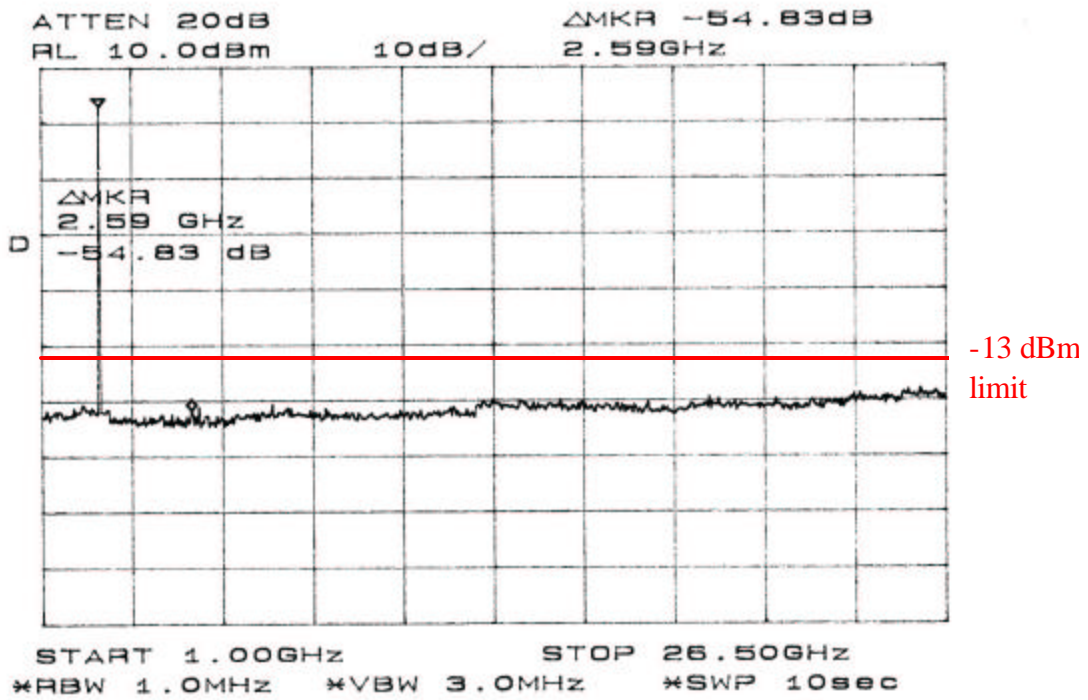
Channel 16, 2593 MHz (33 dBm / 2 Watts)
30 MHz – 1 GHz



Spurious emissions at antenna terminals

Test Results: The spectral measurement from 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz show that the second and third harmonics are below the -13 dBm limit.

Channel 16, 2593 MHz (33 dBm / 2 Watts)
1 GHz - 26.5 GHz



Field strength of spurious radiation

Rule Part Number: 2.1053, 2.1049, 2.1057

Frequency Range = 30 MHz to 26.86 GHz
Case Radiation Attenuation = $43+10\log P = -13$ dBm maximum

Test Procedure: The field strength of spurious radiation was measured at an open area test site with applicable measurement antennas, low noise amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers. Measurements were performed by TUV Product Service Inc – Taylors Falls on Oct 27, 2003. Spurious signals were maximized for peak level by rotation of the test unit and elevation of the measurement antenna. Verification of compliance to the emissions limit was accomplished by antenna substitution. Identified spurious signals between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are measured with a 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. Spurious signals above 1000 MHz are measured with a 1 MHz/6 dB bandwidth and peak detection.

Test Conditions: Channel 16
Frequency = 2593 MHz
Temperature = 25°C
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

Test Equipment: NextNet Wireless, Inc.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |
| Transmitter Load | Pasternack PE7005-20 PE7005-10 Calibration not required |

Field strength of spurious radiation

Test Equipment: TUV Product Services



Emissions Test Conditions: RADIATED EMISSIONS (Electric Field)

The *RADIATED EMISSIONS (ELECTRIC FIELD)* measurements, in the frequency range of 30 MHz-1000 MHz, were tested in a horizontal and vertical polarization at the following test location:

- Test not applicable

- Wild River Lab Large Test Site (Open Area Test Site) – NSA measurements made 2-03, due 2-04.
- Wild River Lab Small Test Site (Open Area Test Site)
- Oakwood Lab (Open Area Test Site)

at a test distance of :

- 3 meters
- 10 meters
- 30 meters

Test equipment used :

| TUV ID | Model Number | Manufacturer | Description | Serial Number | Cal Due |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2668 | 8447D | Electro-Mechanics (EMCO) | Preamplifier | 1937A02209 | 2-28-04 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2690 | 8566B | Hewlett-Packard | Spectrum Analyzer (Unit F) | 2430A00930 | 12-02-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2673 | 85662A | Hewlett-Packard | Analyzer Display (Unit A) | 2152A03687 | 4-16-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2684 | 85650A | Hewlett-Packard | Quasi-Peak Adapter (Unit F) | 2521A01006 | 11-26-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 3203 | EM-6917B | Electro-Metrics | Biocircular Periodic | 106 | 3-18-04 |

All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) and is calibrated annually.

Emissions Test Conditions: INTERFERENCE POWER

The *INTERFERENCE POWER* measurements were performed by using the absorbing clamp on the mains and interface cables in the frequency range 30 MHz - 300 MHz at the following test location:

- Test not applicable

- Wild River Lab Large Test Site (Open Area Test Site)
- Wild River Lab Small Test Site (Open Area Test Site)
- Oakwood Lab (Open Area Test Site)
- Wild River Lab Screen Room
- New Brighton Lab Shielded Room

Field strength of spurious radiation

Test Equipment: TUV Product Services



Emissions Test Conditions: RADIATED EMISSIONS (Electric Field)

The EQUIVALENT RADIATED EMISSIONS measurements in the frequency range 1 GHz - 26 GHz were performed in a horizontal and vertical polarization at the following test location:

- Test not applicable

- Wild River Lab Large Test Site (Open Area Test Site)
 - Wild River Lab Small Test Site (Open Area Test Site)
 - Oakwood Lab (Open Area Test Site)
 - Wild River Lab Screen Room

at a test distance of:

- 1 meters
 - 3 meters
 - 10 meters

Test equipment used :

| TUV ID | Model Number | Manufacturer | Description | Serial Number | Cal Due |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2125 | JCA018-504 | JCA Technology | Preamplifier 400 MHz - 18 GHz | 101A | 8-15-04 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2690 | 8566B | Hewlett-Packard | Spectrum Analyzer (Unit F) | 2430A00930 | 12-02-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2673 | 85662A | Hewlett-Packard | Analyzer Display (Unit A) | 2152A03687 | 4-16-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2684 | 85650A | Hewlett-Packard | Quasi-Peak Adapter (Unit F) | 2521A01006 | 11-26-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 3203 | EM-6917B | Electro-Metrics | Biconicalog Periodic | 106 | 3-18-04 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 2075 | 3115 | Electro-Mechanics (EMCO) | Ridge Guide Ant. 1-18 GHz | 9001-3275 | 11-13-03 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> - 3957 | SL18B4020 | Phase One Microwave | Preamplifier 2 - 18 GHz | 0001 | 9-23-04 |

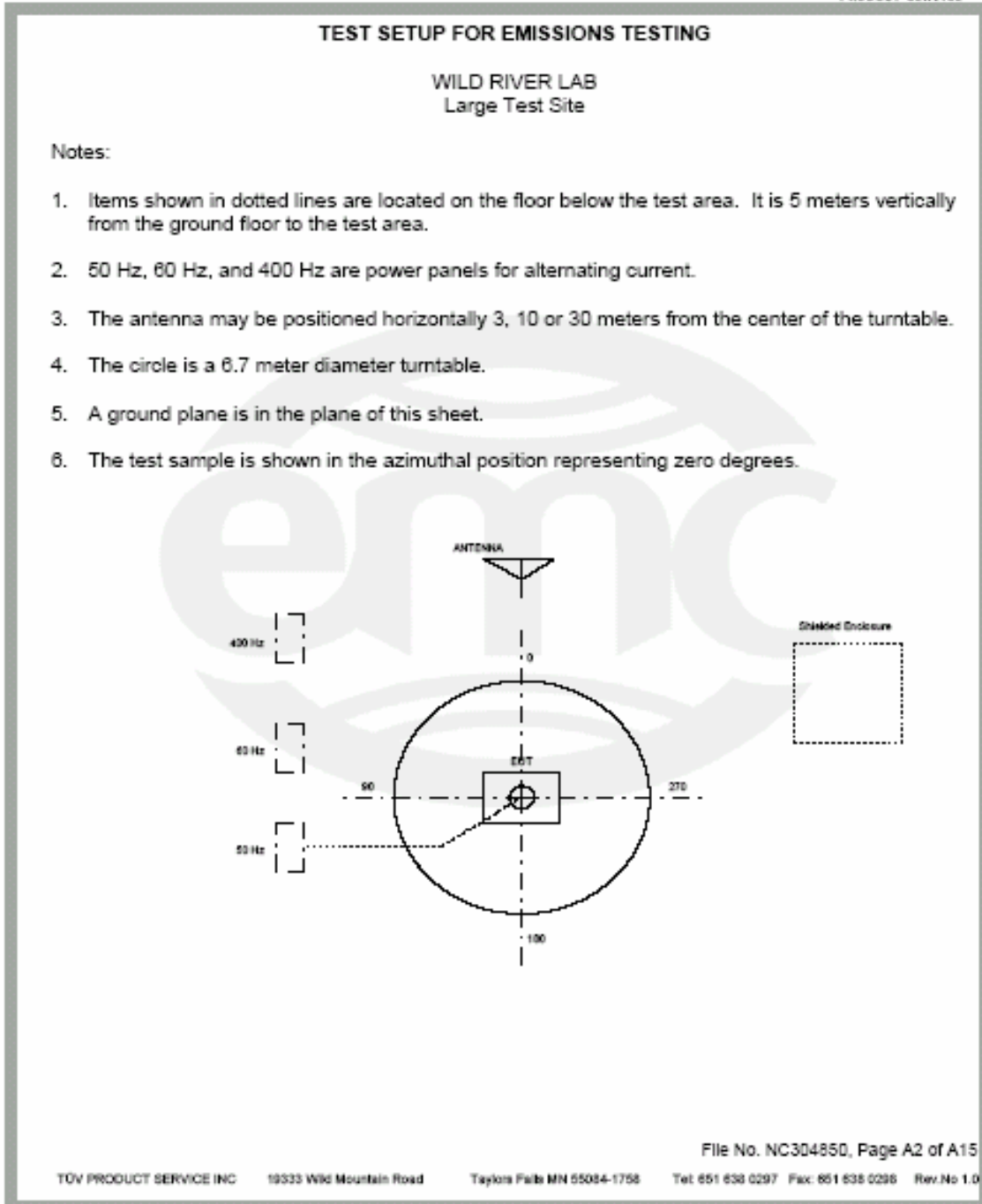
All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) and is calibrated annually.

File No. NC304850, Page 7 of 12

TUV PRODUCT SERVICE INC 19333 Wild Mountain Road Taylors Falls MN 55064-1758 Tel: 651 638 0297 Fax: 651 638 0296 Rev.No 1.0

Field strength of spurious radiation

Test Setup: TUV Product Services



Field strength of spurious radiation

RADIATED EMISSIONS



| | |
|---|---|
| Test Report #: <u>NC304850 Run 7</u> | Test Area: <u>LTS</u> |
| EUT Model #: <u>CPE5</u> | Date: <u>10/24/03</u> |
| EUT Serial #: _____ | EUT Power: <u>60HZ/110VAC</u> Temperature: <u>22.0</u> °C |
| Test Method: <u>FCC PART 2</u> | Air Pressure: <u>70.0</u> kPa |
| Customer: <u>NEXNET WIRELESS</u> | Rel. Humidity: <u>97.0</u> % |
| EUT Description: <u>WIRELESS ETHERNET TRANSMITTER</u> | |
| Notes: _____ | |
| Data File Name: <u>4850.dat</u> | Page: <u>4 of 4</u> |

| Measurement summary for limit1: EN 55022 B 10 M (Qp) | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| FREQ | LEVEL (dBuV) | CABLE / ANT / PREAMP / ATTEN (dB) | FINAL (dBuV / m) | POL / HGT / AZ (m)(DEG) | FINAL dBm | DELTA FROM LIMIT (-13 dBm) |
| 196.801 MHz | 52.75 Qp | 1.2 / 11.03 / 25.1 / 0.0 | 39.88 | V / 1.00 / 90 | -54.0 | -41.0 |
| 293.401 MHz | 55.0 Qp | 1.5 / 13.14 / 24.73 / 0.0 | 44.92 | V / 1.00 / 187 | -49.0 | -36.0 |
| 51.035 MHz | 47.95 Qp | 0.6 / 13.93 / 25.1 / 0.0 | 37.38 | V / 1.00 / 90 | -56.5 | -43.5 |
| 430.141 MHz | 48.12 Qp | 1.83 / 16.6 / 24.63 / 0.0 | 41.92 | V / 1.00 / 187 | -52.0 | -39.0 |
| 226.801 MHz | 43.6 Qp | 1.3 / 10.86 / 24.9 / 0.0 | 30.87 | V / 1.00 / 0 | -63.0 | -50 |
| 111.09 MHz | 45.55 Qp | 0.9 / 9.5 / 25.47 / 0.0 | 30.48 | V / 1.00 / 0 | -63.4 | -50.4 |
| 343.141 MHz | 45.55 Qp | 1.7 / 14.6 / 24.6 / 0.0 | 37.24 | H / 1.00 / 180 | -56.7 | -43.7 |
| 77.85 MHz | 45.65 Qp | 0.78 / 7.65 / 25.3 / 0.0 | 28.76 | V / 1.00 / 0 | -65.2 | -52.2 |
| 895.983 MHz | 34.7 Qp | 2.78 / 22.5 / 24.33 / 0.0 | 35.65 | H / 1.00 / 270 | -58.3 | -45.3 |
| 472.142 MHz | 40.55 Qp | 1.9 / 16.37 / 24.7 / 0.0 | 34.12 | V / 1.00 / 0 | -59.8 | -46.8 |
| 7.779 GHz | 39.51 Av | 9.6 / 37.36 / 25.26 / 0.0 | 61.21 | H / 1.10 / 0 | -32.7 | -19.7 |
| 5.186 GHz | 33.6 Av | 7.17 / 35.2 / 27.11 / 0.0 | 48.86 | H / 1.00 / 0 | -45.1 | -32.1 |
| 5.186 GHz | 60.8 Pk | 7.17 / 35.2 / 27.11 / 0.0 | 76.06 | H / 1.10 / 0 | -17.9 | -4.9 |
| 1.174 GHz | 45.15 Pk | 3.1 / 25.92 / 29.7 / 0.0 | 44.47 | V / 1.40 / 180 | -49.5 | -36.5 |
| 7.779 GHz | 47.05 Pk | 9.6 / 37.36 / 25.26 / 0.0 | 68.75 | H / 1.10 / 0 | -25.2 | -12.2 |

| | | |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| Tested by: | RMJ | |
| | Printed | Signature |
| Reviewed by: | TKS | |
| | Printed | Signature |

Frequency Stability

Rule Part Number: 2.1055, 21.101(a), 74.961(a)

Stability Requirements: 0.001 % or 10 ppm

Test Procedure: The local oscillator signal that drives the transmit modulator was lightly coupled onto an RF probe and applied to a spectrum analyzer. The frequency of the RF VCO was monitored and recorded for changes due to temperature change and input voltage.

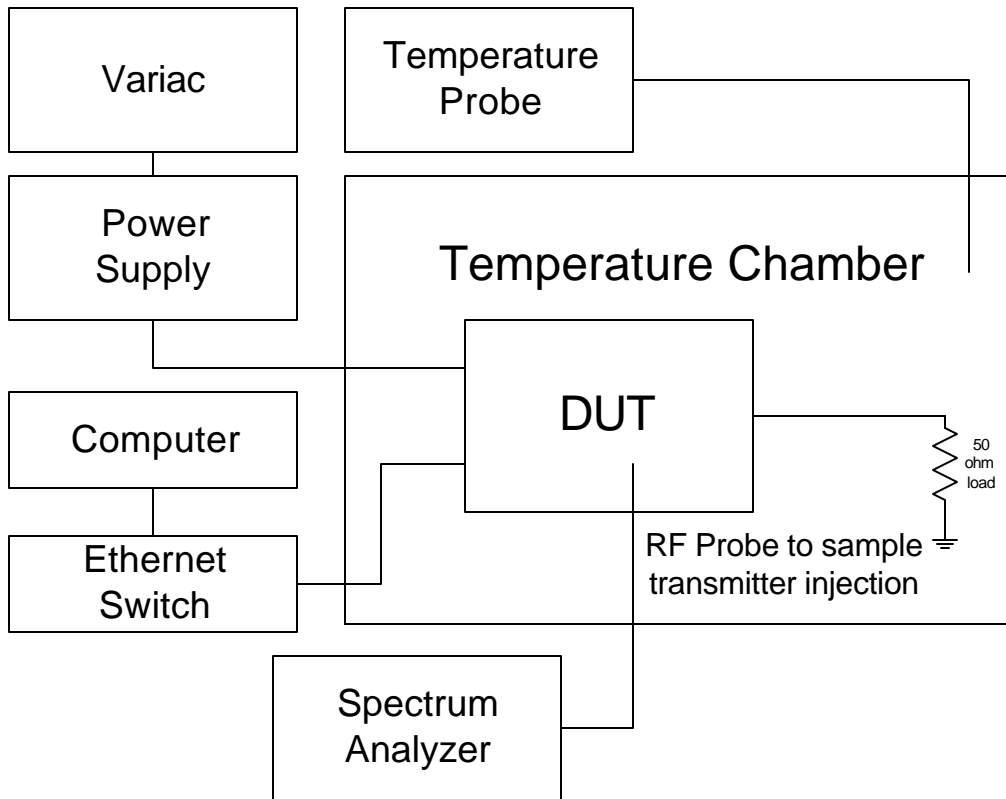
Test Conditions: Standard Test Conditions

Test Equipment: CPE

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| DVM | Fluke 87 III Calibration not required |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Hewlett Packard HP8563E S/N: 3221A00143 Cal Date: 10-16-2003 Cal Due: 10-16-2005 |
| Temperature Chamber | Test Equity 1000 Series Calibration not required |
| Temperature Sensor | Fluke 89 IV True RMS Multimeter K-Type thermocouple Calibration not required |
| Computer | Dell Inspiron 5000 Model: PPM S/N: 000832RM-12961-03N-3073 |
| Ethernet Switch | D-Link Model: DSS-5+ 5 port 10/100Mbps S/N: B205335003051 |
| Power Supply | GlobTek, Inc. Model: GT-21097-5020-0.5 |
| Variac | Lafayette Radio Electronics Corp. NO. TR-115 |

Frequency Stability

Test Set-Up:



Frequency Stability

Test Conditions: Frequency = 2593 MHz
Supply Voltage = 120 Vac / 60 Hz

2.1055(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

(1) From -30° to $+50^{\circ}$ centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

2.1055(b) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range.

Test Results: Temperature Variation

| Temperature (°C) | Frequency (Hz) | Frequency Error (Hz) | Frequency Error (%) | Frequency Error (ppm) |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| -30 | 2592997080 | -2920 | -0.000113 | -1.126 |
| -20 | 2592999780 | -220 | -0.000008 | -0.085 |
| -10 | 2593000350 | 350 | 0.000013 | 0.135 |
| 0 | 2593000170 | 170 | 0.000007 | 0.066 |
| 10 | 2592999850 | -150 | -0.000006 | -0.058 |
| 20 | 2592999392 | -608 | -0.000023 | -0.234 |
| 25 | 2592999320 | -680 | -0.000026 | -0.262 |
| 30 | 2592999320 | -680 | -0.000026 | -0.262 |
| 40 | 2592999630 | -370 | -0.000014 | -0.143 |
| 50 | 2593000400 | 400 | 0.000015 | 0.154 |
| 60 | 2593001720 | 1720 | 0.000066 | 0.663 |

Frequency Stability

Test Conditions: Frequency = 2593 MHz
Temperature = 20°C

(d) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

Test Results: Supply Voltage Variation

Source Input
Voltage Specification: 120 Vac / 60 Hz

| Source Voltage (VAC) | Frequency (Hz) | Frequency Error (Hz) | Frequency Error (%) | Frequency Error (ppm) |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 102.0 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 106.5 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 111.0 | 2592999296 | -704 | -0.000027 | -0.272 |
| 115.5 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 120.0 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 124.5 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 129.0 | 2592999288 | -712 | -0.000027 | -0.275 |
| 133.5 | 2592999280 | -720 | -0.000028 | -0.278 |
| 138.0 | 2592999280 | -720 | -0.000028 | -0.278 |