



HCT CO., LTD.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

FCC Part 24 & 22 Certification

AXESSTEL INC.

6480 Weathers Place, Suite 300,
San Diego, CA 92121, United States

Date of Issue: November 02, 2007

Test Report No.: HCT-SAR07-1101

Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID :

PH7PG530

APPLICANT :

AXESSTEL INC.

EUT Type: Fixed WLL Telephone
 GPRS Class 10 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)

Tx Frequency: 824.20 - 848.80 MHz (GSM850)
 1 850.20 – 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900)

Rx Frequency: 869.20 - 893.80 MHz (GSM850)
 1 930.20 – 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900)

Max. RF Output Power: 0.990 W ERP GSM850 (29.96 dBm) / 0.540 W EIRP GSM1900 (27.33 dBm)

Trade Name/Model(s): AXESSTEL / PG530

FCC Classification: Licensed Non-Broadcast station Transmitter - TNB

Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Part(s): §24(E), §22(H), §2

Maximum SAR: 1.250 W/kg GSM850 Body SAR
 0.437 W/kg GSM1900 Body SAR

Antenna Specifications: Manufacturer: ShenZhen B&T Technology CO., LTD.
 Part NO.: AG-021018-0027, Gain: 0.5 dBi (Length= 115.5 mm)

Emission Designator(s): 300KGXW (GSM)

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in § 2.947.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti- Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S. C. 853(a)

Report prepared by

: Young-Kwan Kim
Test Engineer of RF Part

Approved by

: Sang- Jun Lee
Manager of RF Part

This report only responds to the tested sample and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of the HCT Co., Ltd.

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MEASUREMENT REPORT

1.1 SCOPE

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

General Information

Company Name:	AXESSTEL INC.
Address:	6480 Weathers Place, Suite 300, San Diego, CA 92121, United States
Attention:	David Kim
Tel. / Fax :	858- 625-2100 / 858- 625- 2110
E-Mail :	dskim@axesstel.com

- FCC ID: PH7PG530
- EUT Type: Fixed WLL Telephone
GPRS Class 10 and GPRS mode class B(GPRS and GSM, but not simultaneously)
- Trade Name: AXESSTEL INC.
- Model(s): PG530
- Serial Number(s): #1
- Tx Frequency: 824.20 - 848.80 MHz (GSM850)
1 850.20 – 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900)
- Rx Frequency: 869.20 - 893.80 MHz (GSM850)
1 930.20 – 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900)
- Application Type: Certification
- FCC Classification: Licensed Non-Broadcast station Transmitter - TNB
- FCC Rule Part(s): §24(E), §22(H), §2
- Modulation(s): GSM
- Antenna Type: Fixed
- Date(s) of Tests: Oct. 28, 2007 ~ Oct. 30, 2007
- Place of Tests: HCT CO., LTD.
Icheon, Kyounki-Do, KOREA
- Report Serial No.: HCT-SAR07-1101

2. INTRODUCTION

EUT DESCRIPTION

The The AXESSTEL INC. PG530 Fixed WLL Telephone. Its basic purpose is used for communications. It transmits from 824.20 – 848.80 MHz (GSM850), 1 850.20 – 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900) and receives from 869.20 – 893.80MHz (GSM850), 1 930.20 – 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900)). The RF power is rated at GSM850 (0.990 W), GSM1900 (0.540 W).

MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 254-1, Maekok-Ri, Hobup-Myun, Ichon-Si, Kyoungki-Do, 467-701, KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated July 6, 2006(Registration Number: 90661)

3. INSERTS

Function of Active Devices (Confidential)

The Function of active devices are shown in Attachment K.

Block/Circuit Diagrams & Description (Confidential)

The circuit diagrams & description are shown in Attachment J, and the block diagrams are shown in Attachment I.

Operating Instructions

The instruction manual is shown in Attachment M.

Parts List & Tune-Up Procedure (Confidential)

The parts list & tune-up procedure are shown in Attachment L.

Description of Freq. Stabilization Circuit (Confidential)

The description of frequency stabilization circuit is shown in Attachment K.

Description for Suppression of Spurious Radiation, for Limiting Modulation, and Harmonic Suppresion Circuits (Confidential)

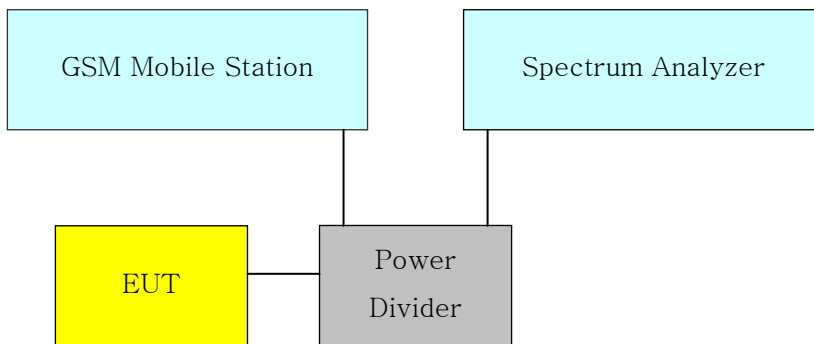
The description of suppression stabilization circuits are shown in Attachment K

4. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

4.1 Conducted RF Power TEST

According to FCC §2.1046 (A), for transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.

Test Set-up

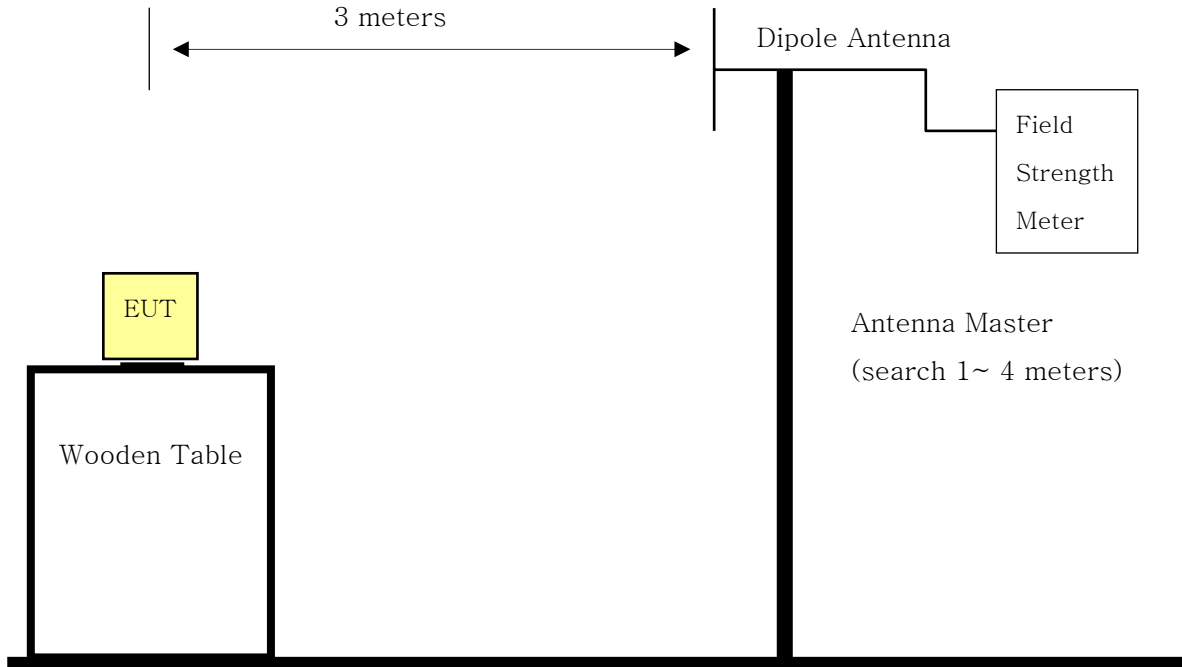


Test Procedure

- 1) The EUT was coupled to the spectrum analyzer and the base station simulator through a power divider. The radio frequency load attached to the EUT antenna terminal was 50 Ohm. The loss of the cables in the test system is calibrated to correct the reading.
- 2) The spectrum analyzer was set to Maxpeak Detector function and Maximum hold mode.
- 3) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was comparable to the emission bandwidth.

4.2 Effective Radiated Power.

Test Set-up



[Open Field Test Site]

Test Procedure

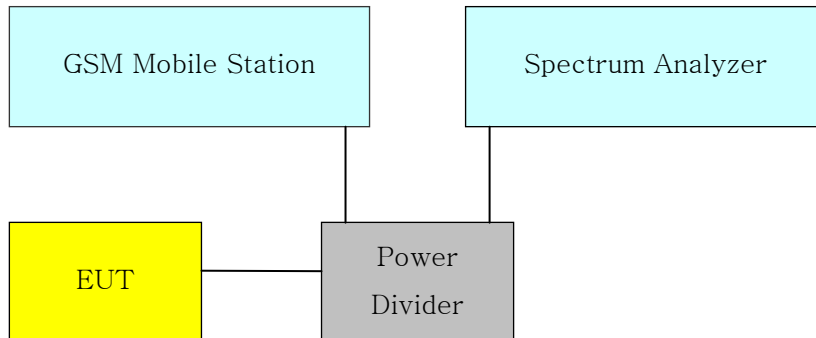
The measurement facilities used for this test have been documented in previous filings with the commission pursuant to section 2.948.

The open field test site is situated in open field with ground screen whose site attenuation characteristics meet ANSI C63.4 –2003. A mast capable of lifting the receiving antenna from a height of one to four meters is used together with a routable wooden platform mounted at three from the antenna mast.

- 1) The EUT mounted on a wooden tripod is 0.8 meter above test site ground level.
- 2) During the test , the turn table is rotated and the antenna height is also varied from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal is found.
- 3) Record the field strength meter's level.
- 4) Replace the EUT with $\lambda/2$ dipole antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 5) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item(4).
- 6) The signal generator output level is the rating of effective radiated power(ERP).
- 7) The instrument settings used (RBW/ VBW) during ERP/ EIRP output power measurement are as follows ;
 -. Below 1 GHz : RBW 100 KHz, VBW 300 KHz / Above 1 GHz : RBW 1 MHz, VBW 1 MHz

4.3 Occupied bandwidth.

Test Set-up

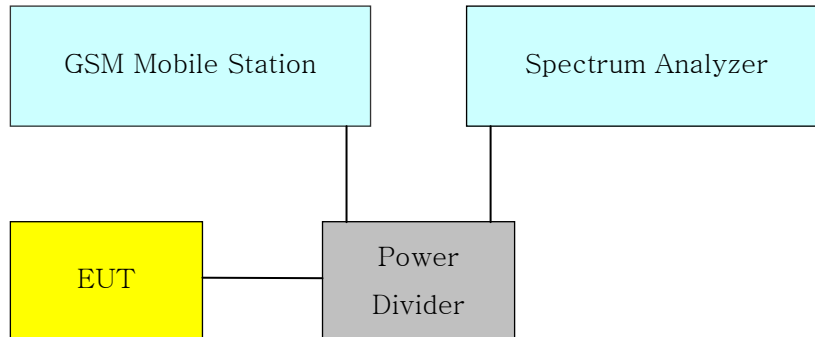


Test Procedure

The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest channel. The occupied bandwidth was measured using a spectrum analyzer. The measurements are repeated for the highest and a middle channel. The EUT's occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power. Plots of the EUT's occupied bandwidth are shown herein.

4.4 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal.

Test Set-up



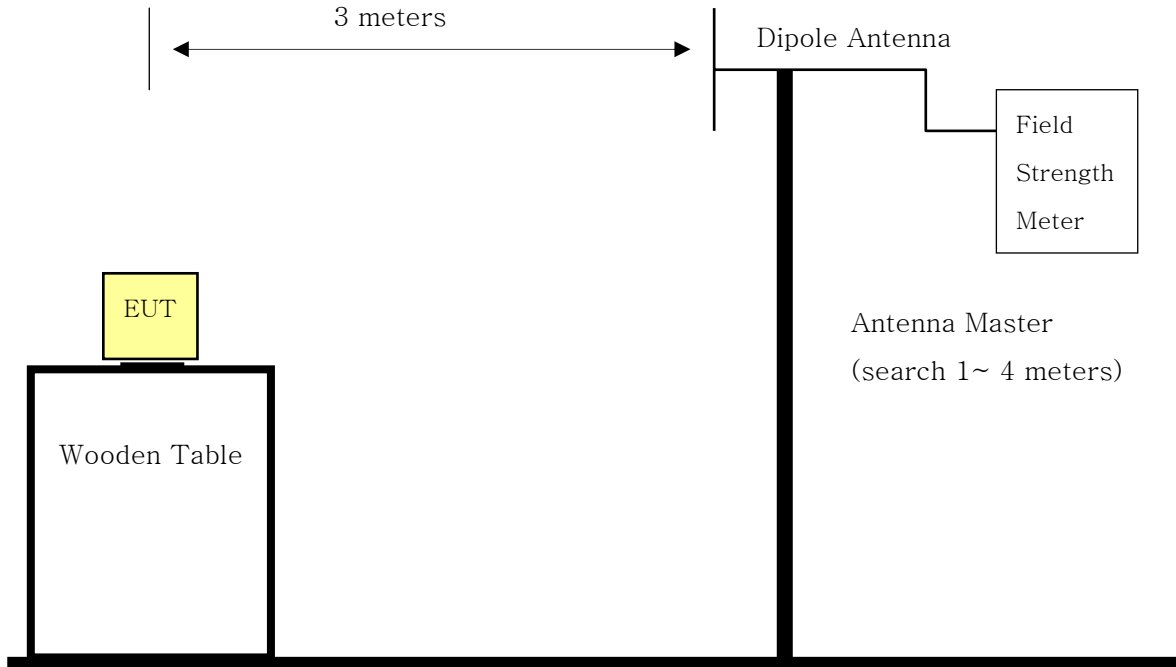
Test Procedure

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to 10 GHz. The transmitter is modulated with a 2 500 Hz tone at a level of 16 dB greater than that required to provide 50 % modulation.

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF circulator with one port terminated with 50 ohms) and an 870 MHz to 890 MHz band pass filter is connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The rejection of the bandpass filter to signals in the 825 – 845 MHz range is adequate to limit the transmit energy from the test transceiver which appears to a level which will allow the analyzer to measure signals less than - 90 dBm. Calibration of the test receiver is performed in the 870 – 890 MHz range to insure accuracy to allow variation in the bandpass filter insertion loss to be calibrated.

4.5 Field strength of spurious radiation .

Test Set-up



[Open Field Test Site]

Test Procedure

The measurement facilities used for this test have been documented in previous filings with the commission pursuant to section 2.948.

The open field test site is situated in open field with ground screen whose site attenuation characteristics meet ANSI C63.4 –2003. A mast capable of lifting the receiving antenna from a height of one to four meters is used together with a rotatable wooden platform mounted at three from the antenna mast.

- 1) The unit mounted on a wooden table 1.5 m × 1.0 m × 0.80 m is 0.8 meter above test site ground level.
- 2) During the emission test , the turntable is rotated and the EUT is manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emission under normal condition of installation and operation.
- 3) The antenna height and polarization are also varied from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal is found.
- 4) The spectrum shall be scanned up to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency.
- 5) The instrument settings used (RBW/ VBW) during ERP/ EIRP output power measurement are as follows ;
 - Below 1 GHz : RBW 100 KHz, VBW 300 KHz
 - Above 1 GHz : RBW 1 MHz, VBW 1 MHz

4.5.1 Field strength of spurious radiation .

Spectrum Analyzer Settings

1. [Resolution Bandwidth / Video Bandwidth]:
 - a) [3 kHz / 10 kHz] in the Span of 1 MHz directly below and above the GSM-Band,
 - b) [10 kHz / 30 kHz] in case the curve of the analyser IF-Filter leads to an exceeding of the limit, in this case a worst case correction factor of 20 dB (1 MHz -> 10 kHz) was used
 - c) [1 MHz / 3 MHz] otherwise
2. Sweep Time: Calculated by using a formula given in the Product Standard "GSM 11.10-1 edition 4" for spurious emissions measurements (depending on the transmitting signal, the span and the resolution bandwidth)
3. The spurious emissions (peak) were measured in both vertical and horizontal antenna polarization during the call is established on the lowest channel, mid channel and on the highest channel.

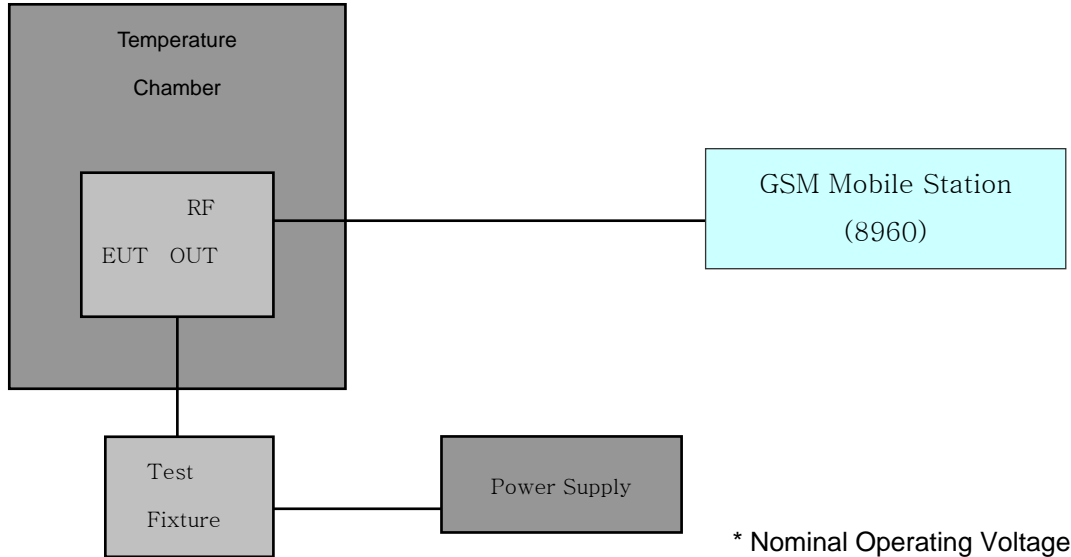
§ 2.1057 Frequency spectrum to be investigated.

- (a) In all of the measurements set forth in Secs. 2.1051 and 2.1053, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the equipment, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown below:
- (1) If the equipment operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
- (b) Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and sub harmonics of the carrier frequency as well as to those frequencies removed from the carrier by multiples of the oscillator frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should also be checked.
- (c) The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.
- (d) Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 40 GHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

4.6 Frequency stability .

4.6.1 Frequency stability with variation of ambient temperature.

Test Set-up



Test Procedure

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from - 30 °C to + 50 °C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85 % to 115 % of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification — The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ± 0.0001 (± 1 ppm) of the center frequency.

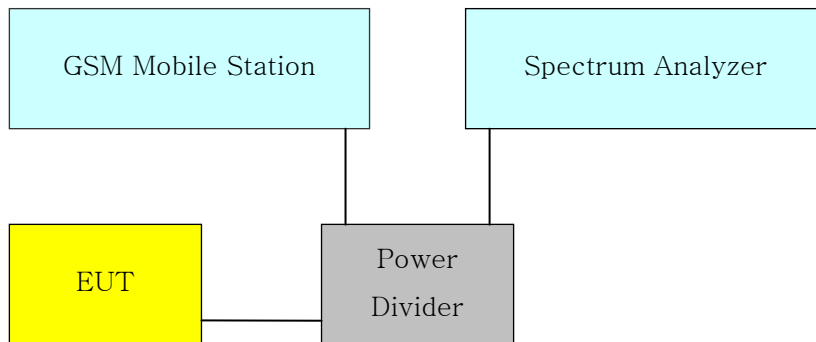
Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25 °C to 27 °C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight “soak” at - 30 °C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight “soak” at 30 °C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency were made at 10 intervals starting at 30 °C up to + 50 °C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after applying power to the transmitter.
7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

4.6.2 Frequency stability with variation of primary supply voltage.

Test Set-up

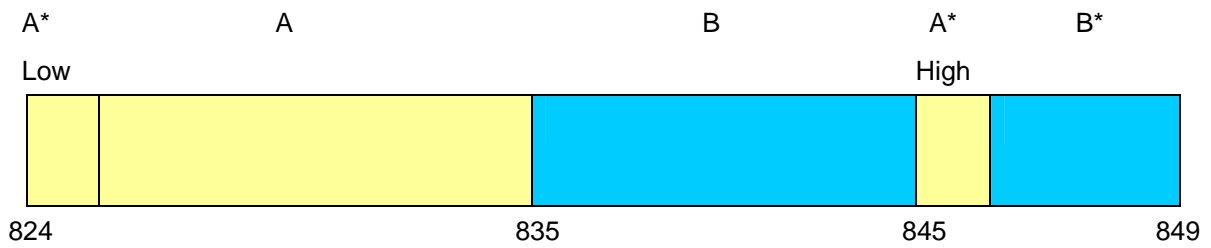


Test Procedure

- 4) The primary supply is varied in steps of 5 % from 85 to 115 % of the nominal supply voltage, or reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point.
- 5) The frequency is recorded each 5 % step.

4.7 Frequency Block Edge

4.7.1 Cellular - Mobile Frequency Blocks



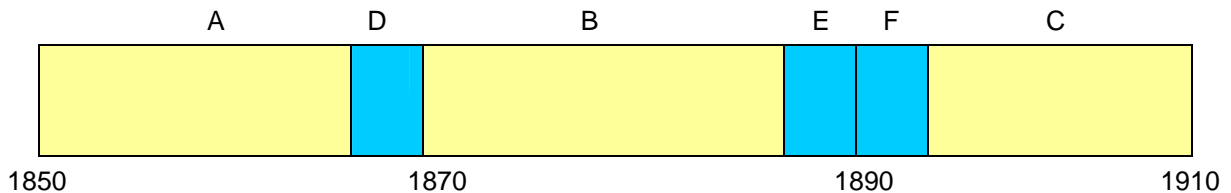
BLOCK 1: 824 – 835 MHz (A* Low + A)

BLOCK 2: 835 – 845 MHz (B)

BLOCK 3: 845 – 846.5 MHz (A* High)

BLOCK 4: 846.5 – 849 MHz (B*)

4.7.2 Cellular - Mobile Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1850 – 1865 MHz (A)

BLOCK 4: 1885 – 1890 MHz (E)

BLOCK 2: 1865 – 1870 MHz (D)

BLOCK 5: 1890 – 1895 MHz (F)

BLOCK 3: 1870 – 1885 MHz (B)

BLOCK 6: 1895 – 1910 MHz (C)

5. Test Data

5.1 Effective Radiated Power Output(GSM)

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Modulation: GSM850

Freq. (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
824.20	-17.19	V	0.991	29.96	Standard
836.60	-17.41	V	0.942	29.74	Standard
848.80	-17.69	V	0.883	29.46	Standard

Note: Standard batteries are the only options for this phone

NOTES:

Effective Radiated Power Output Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminals of the dipole is measured. The ERP is recorded.

6. Test Data

6.1 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (E.I.R.P.) GSM

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Modulation: GSM1900

Freq. (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	Azimuth (o angle)	EIRP (W)	EIRP (dBm)	BATTERY
1 850.20	-26.73	V	120	0.541	27.33	Standard
1 880.00	-26.99	V	120	0.509	27.07	Standard
1 909.80	-27.21	V	120	0.484	26.85	Standard

Note: Standard batteries are the only options for this phone

NOTES:

Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A Horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT. This Horn antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminals of the Horn antenna is measured. The difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna is taken into consideration and the EIRP is recorded.

7. Test Data

7.1 GSM850 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	824.20 MHz
■ CHANNEL:	128 (Low)
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	29.96 dBm = 0.991 W
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (Internal)
■ DISTANCE:	3 meters
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	- 42.96 dBc

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1 648.40	- 50.17	7.3	- 42.87	V	- 68.5
2 472.60	- 59.32	8.3	- 51.02	V	- 75.9
3 296.80	- 67.94	9.7	- 58.24	V	- 81.9

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7. Test Data

7.2 GSM850 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	836.60 MHz
■ CHANNEL:	190 (Mid)
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	29.96 dBm = 0.991 W
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (Internal)
■ DISTANCE:	3 meters
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	- 42.96 dBc

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1 673.20	- 53.61	7.3	- 46.31	V	- 72.0
2 509.80	- 61.54	8.3	- 53.24	V	- 78.1
3 346.40	- 69.10	9.7	- 59.40	V	- 83.1

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7. Test Data

7.3 GSM850 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	848.80 MHz
■ CHANNEL:	251 (High)
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	29.96 dBm = 0.991 W
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	GSM (Internal)
■ DISTANCE:	3 meters
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	- 42.96 dBc

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1 699.60	- 53.04	7.3	-45.74	V	- 71.4
2 549.40	- 62.91	8.3	-54.61	V	- 79.5
3 390.20	- 70.21	9.7	-60.51	V	- 84.2

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7. Test Data

7.4 GSM1900 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	_____ 1 850.20 MHz _____
■ CHANNEL:	_____ 512 (Low) _____
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	_____ 27.33 dBm = 0.541 W _____
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	_____ GSM (Internal) _____
■ DISTANCE:	_____ 3 meters _____
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	_____ - 40.33dBc _____

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3 700.40	- 75.71	12.4	- 63.31	V	- 81.6
5 550.60	- 68.24	11.7	- 56.54	V	- 75.8
7 400.80	- 62.18	11.5	- 50.68	V	- 70.3

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7. Test Data

7.5 GSM1900 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	_____ 1 880.00 MHz _____
■ CHANNEL:	_____ 661 (Mid) _____
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	_____ 27.33 dBm = 0.541 W _____
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	_____ GSM (Internal) _____
■ DISTANCE:	_____ 3 meters _____
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	_____ - 40.33dBc _____

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3 760.00	- 76.82	12.4	- 64.42	V	- 82.8
5 460.00	- 69.28	11.7	- 57.58	V	- 76.8
7 520.00	- 64.63	11.5	- 53.13	V	- 72.8

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7. Test Data

7.6 GSM1900 Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

■ OPERATING FREQUENCY:	_____ 1 909.80 MHz _____
■ CHANNEL:	_____ 810 (High) _____
■ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER:	_____ 27.33 dBm = 0.541 W _____
■ MODULATION SIGNAL:	_____ GSM (Internal) _____
■ DISTANCE:	_____ 3 meters _____
■ LIMIT: $-(43 + 10 \log_{10} (W)) =$	_____ - 40.33dBc _____

Freq. (MHz)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3 819.60	- 77.50	12.4	- 65.10	V	- 83.4
5 729.40	- 70.24	11.7	- 58.54	V	- 77.8
7 639.20	- 64.74	11.5	- 53.24	V	- 72.9

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004, Aug. 17, 2004:

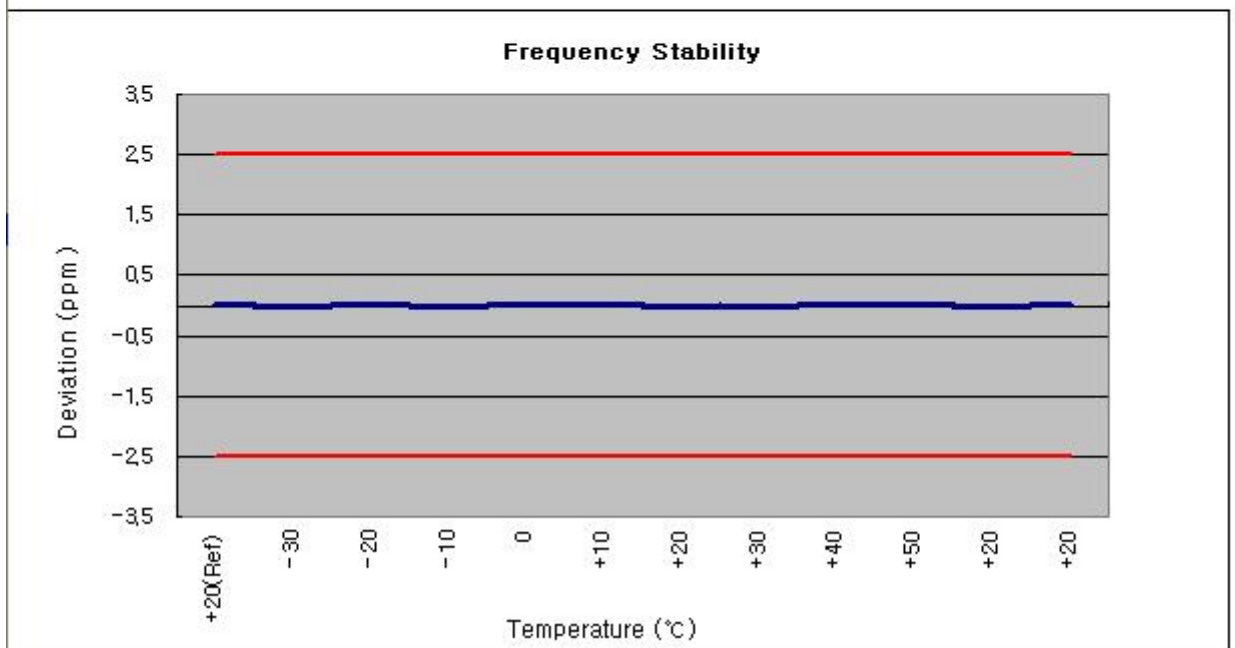
The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

8. Test Data

8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM850)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836,600,000 Hz
 CHANNEL: 190
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VDC
 DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	3,700	+20(Ref)	836,600,021	21	0,000003	0,011
100%		-30	836,519,942	-58	-0,000007	-0,031
100%		-20	836,520,049	49	0,000006	0,026
100%		-10	836,519,958	-42	-0,000005	-0,022
100%		0	836,520,045	45	0,000005	0,024
100%		+10	836,520,036	36	0,000004	0,019
100%		+20	836,519,979	-21	-0,000003	-0,011
100%		+30	836,519,971	-29	-0,000003	-0,015
100%		+40	836,520,042	42	0,000005	0,022
100%		+50	836,520,051	51	0,000006	0,027
115%	4,255	+20	836,519,954	-46	-0,000005	-0,024
Batt. Endpoint	3,521	+20	836,520,057	57	0,000007	0,030

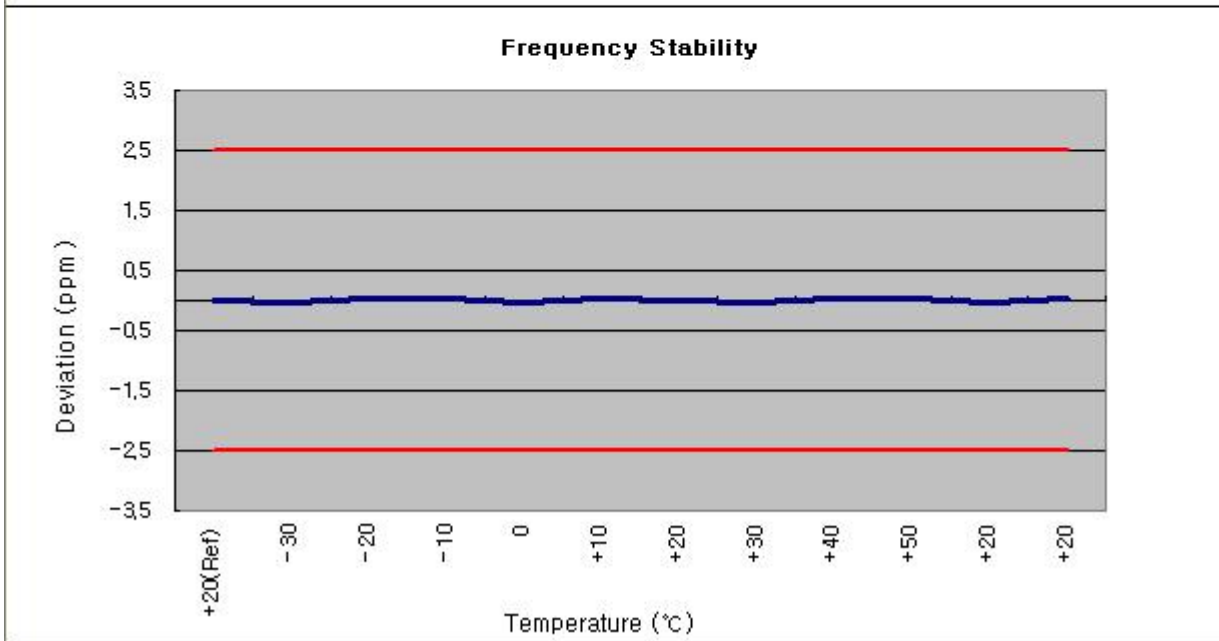


8. Test Data

8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (GSM1900)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1,880,000,000 Hz
 CHANNEL: 661
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VDC
 DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	3.700	+20(Ref)	1,880,000,028	28	0.000003	0.015
100%		-30	1,879,999,947	-53	-0.000006	-0.028
100%		-20	1,880,000,050	50	0.000006	0.027
100%		-10	1,880,000,041	41	0.000005	0.022
100%		0	1,879,999,962	-38	-0.000005	-0.020
100%		+10	1,880,000,034	34	0.000004	0.018
100%		+20	1,880,000,028	28	0.000003	0.015
100%		+30	1,879,999,966	-34	-0.000004	-0.018
100%		+40	1,880,000,036	36	0.000004	0.019
100%		+50	1,880,000,047	47	0.000006	0.025
115%		4.255	+20	1,879,999,951	-49	-0.000006
Batt. Endpoint	3.521	+20	1,880,000,038	38	0.000005	0.020



9.1 PLOT(S) OF EMISSION

(SEE ATTACHMENT D)

10.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacture	Model/ Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Calibration Due
R&S	ESI40/ Spectrum Analyzer	831564/003	11/06/2006	Annual	11/06/2007
Advantest	R3273/ Spectrum Analyzer	J04821	03/15/2007	Annual	03/15/2008
HP	8664A/ Signal Generator	3744A02069	04/10/2007	Annual	04/10/2008
Agilent	E4416A/ Power Meter	GB41291412	01/22/2007	Annual	01/22/2008
Agilent	E9327A/ Power Sensor	US40440910	01/24/2007	Annual	01/24/2008
Agilent	HP8901B/ Modulation Analyzer	3438A05231	08/04/2007	Annual	08/04/2008
Agilent	8903A/ Audio Analyzer	2433A04322	08/04/2007	Annual	08/04/2008
R&S	CMU200/ Base Station	839117/011	01/28/2007	Annual	01/28/2008
Agilent	8960 (E5515C)/ Base Station	GB44400269	02/11/2007	Annual	02/11/2008
Tescom	TC-3000/ Bluetooth Simulator	3000A4900112	01/22/2007	Annual	01/22/2008
MITEQ	AMF-6D-01180-35-20P/ AMP	990893	02/24/2007	Annual	02/24/2008
Wainwright	WHK1.2/15G-10EF/H.P.F	2	06/28/2007	Annual	06/28/2008
Wainwright	WHK3.3/18G-10EF/H.P.F	1	06/28/2007	Annual	06/28/2008
Agilent	778D/ Dual Directional Coupler	16072	11/09/2006	Annual	11/09/2007
Agilent	1506A/ Power Divider	99441	11/10/2006	Annual	11/10/2007
Digital	EP-3010/ Power Supply	3110117	12/29/2006	Annual	12/29/2007
Schwarzbeck	UHAP/ Dipole Antenna	630	11/13/2006	Annual	11/13/2007
Schwarzbeck	UHAP/ Dipole Antenna	605	11/13/2006	Annual	11/13/2007
R&S	HFH2-Z2/ Loop Antenna	881056/070	12/11/2006	Annual	12/11/2007
Schwarzbeck	VULB9160/ TRILOG Antenna	3150	03/19/2007	Annual	03/19/2008
Schwarzbeck	VULB9160/ TRILOG Antenna	4150	01/23/2007	Annual	01/23/2008
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	147	03/31/2006	Biennial	03/31/2008
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	1201	05/02/2006	Biennial	05/02/2008

11.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. ERP Sample Calculation

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	LEVEL(1) (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP(2) (dBm)	BATTERY
824.20	-17.19	V	0.991	29.96	Standard

- 1) The EUT mounted on a wooden tripod is 0.8 meter above test site ground level.
- 2) During the test , the turn table is rotated and the antenna height is also varied from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal is found.
- 3) Record the field strength meter's level.(**LEVEL**)
- 4) Replace the EUT with dipole antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 5) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item(3).
- 6) The signal generator output level with cable loss is the rating of effective radiated power(**ERP**).
(Cable loss means the factor between Signal Generator and Transmitting Antenna.)

For more details, please refer to the test set-up procedure.

B. Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 300KGXW

GSM BW = 300 KHz

G = Phase Modulation

X = Cases not otherwise covered

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Emission Designator = 300KGXW

12.1 CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the Fixed WLL Telephone **FCC ID: PH7PG530** complies with all the requirements of Parts 2, 22 and 24 of the FCC rules.