

Emissions Test Report

EUT Name: Wireless Video Access Point
Model No.: 405
CFR 47 Part 15.407 2012 and RSS 210:2010

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1	09/09/2013	Add 802.11a test result.	J. Luong

Note: Latest revision report will replace all previous reports.

Statement of Compliance

Manufacturer: Pace Americas
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Name of Equipment: Wireless Video Access Point
Model No. 405
Type of Equipment: Intentional Radiator
Application of Regulations: CFR 47 Part 15.407 2012 and RSS 210:2010
Test Dates: April 29, 2013 to September 6, 2013

Guidance Documents:

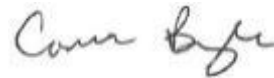
Emissions: ANSI C63.10-2009, KDB 789033 D01 General UNII Test Procedure v01r03

Test Methods:

Emissions: ANSI C63.10-2009, KDB 789033 D01 General UNII Test Procedure v01r03

The electromagnetic compatibility test and documented data described in this report has been performed and recorded by TUV Rheinland, in accordance with the standards and procedures listed herein. As the responsible authorized agent of the EMC laboratory, I hereby declare that the equipment described above has been shown to be compliant with the EMC requirements of the stated regulations and standards based on these results. If any special accessories and/or modifications were required for compliance, they are listed in the Executive Summary of this report.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report contains data that are not covered by A2LA accreditation. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written authorization of TUV Rheinland of North America.



Jeremy Luong 09/09/2013

Conan Boyle 09/09/2013

Test Engineer

Date

Laboratory Signature

Date



**INDUSTRY
CANADA**

Testing Cert #3331.02

US5254

2932M-1

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1 Executive Summary

1.1 Scope

This report is intended to document the status of conformance with the requirements of the CFR 47 Part 15.407 2012 and RSS 210:2010 based on the results of testing performed on April 29, 2013 to September 6, 2013 on the Wireless Video Access Point Model 405 manufactured by Pace Americas This report only applies to the specific samples tested under the stated test conditions. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical or EMI equivalent electrical and mechanical components. This report is further intended to document changes and modifications to the EUT throughout its life cycle. All documentation will be included as a supplement.

1.2 Purpose

Testing was performed to evaluate the EMC performance of the EUT in accordance with the applicable requirements, procedures, and criteria defined in the application of regulations and application of standards listed in this report.

This report will document the result for operating frequency band 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz.

1.3 Summary of Test Results

Table 1: Summary of Test Results

Test	Test Method ANSI C63.10	Test Parameters (from Standard)	Result
Spurious Emission in Transmitted Mode	CFR47 15.209, CFR47 15.407 (b) RSS-GEN Sect.7.2.3, RSS 210 Sect. A.9.2	Class B	Complied
Restricted Bands of Operation	CFR47 15.205, RSS 210 Sect.2.6	Class B	Complied
AC Power Conducted Emission	CFR47 15.207, RSS-GEN Sect.7.2.2	Class B	Complied
Occupied Bandwidth	CFR47 15.407 (a), RSS GEN Sect.4.4.1	Na	N/A
Maximum Output Power	CFR47 15.407 (a), RSS 210 Sect. A.9.2	Band 3: 23.97 dBm	Complied
Peak Power Spectral Density	CFR47 15.407 (a), RSS 210 Sect. A.9.2	Band 2: 11 dBm/MHz	Complied
Peak Excursion Ratio	CFR47 15.407 (a)(6)	< 13 dB	Complied
Conducted Emission – Antenna Port	CFR47 15.407 (b), RSS 210 Sect.6.2.2	30 MHz - 40 GHz < 27 dBm/MHz	Complied
Frequency Stability	CFR47 15.407 (g), RSS GEN Sect. 4.7.	±20 ppm	Complied
RF Exposure	CFR47 15.247 (i), 2.1091	General Population	Complied

Note: This report will cover only band 5470 MHz to 5825 MHz.

1.4 Special Accessories

No special accessories were necessary in order to achieve compliance.

1.5 Equipment Modifications

None

2 Laboratory Information

2.1 Accreditations & Endorsements

2.1.1 US Federal Communications Commission



TUV Rheinland of North America at 1279 Quarry Ln, Pleasanton, CA 94566 is recognized by the commission for performing testing services for the general public on a fee basis. These laboratory test facilities have been fully described in reports submitted to and accepted by the FCC (US5254). The laboratory scope of accreditation includes: Title 47 CFR Parts 15, 18, and 90. The accreditation is updated every 3 years.

2.1.2 A2LA



TUV Rheinland of North America is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, which is administered under the auspices of the National Institute of Standards and Technology. The laboratory has been assessed and accredited in accordance with ISO Guide 17025:2005 and ISO 9002 (Lab Code Testing Cert #3331.02). The scope of laboratory accreditation includes emission and immunity testing. The accreditation is updated annually.

2.1.3 Canada – Industry Canada



TUV Rheinland of North America at the 1279 Quarry Ln, Pleasanton, CA 94566 address is accredited by Industry Canada for performing testing services for the general public on a fee basis. This laboratory test facilities have been fully described in reports submitted to and accepted by Industry Canada (File Number 2932M-1). This reference number is the indication to the Industry Canada Certification Officers that the site meets the requirements of RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional). The accreditation is updated every 3 years.

2.1.4 Japan – VCCI



The Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI) is a group that consists of Information Technology Equipment (ITE) manufacturers and EMC test laboratories. The purpose of the Council is to take voluntary control measures against electromagnetic interference from Information Technology Equipment, and thereby contribute to the development of a socially beneficial and responsible state of affairs in the realm of Information Technology Equipment in Japan. TUV Rheinland of North America at 1279 Quarry Ln, Pleasanton, CA 94566 has been assessed and approved in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures.

VCCI Registration No. for Pleasanton: A-0031

VCCI Registration No. for Santa Clara: A-0032

2.1.5 Acceptance by Mutual Recognition Arrangement



The United States has an established agreement with specific countries under the Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Corporation (APLAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement. Under this agreement, all TUV Rheinland at 1279 Quarry Ln, Pleasanton, CA 94566 test results and test reports within the scope of the laboratory A2LA accreditation will be accepted by each member country.

2.2 Test Facilities

All of the test facilities are located at 1279 Quarry Lane, Pleasanton, California 94566, USA. The 2305 Mission College, Santa Clara, 95054, USA location is considered a Pleasanton annex.

2.2.1 Emission Test Facility

The Semi-Anechoic chamber and AC Line Conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted data has been constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.7:1992. The site has been measured in accordance with and verified to comply with the theoretical normalized site attenuation requirements of ANSI C63.4-2009, at a test distance of 3 and 5 meters. The site is listed with the FCC and accredited by A2LA (Lab Code Testing Cert #3331.02). The 3/5-meter semi-anechoic chamber used to collect the radiated data has been verified to comply with the theoretical normalized site attenuation requirements of ANSI C63.4-2009, at a test distance of 3 meter and 5 meters. A report detailing this site can be obtained from TUV Rheinland of North America.

2.2.2 Immunity Test Facility

ESD, EFT, Surge, PQF: These tests are performed in an environmentally controlled room with a 3.7 m x 4.8 m x 3.175 mm thick aluminum floor connected to PE ground.

For ESD testing, tabletop equipment is placed on an insulated mat with a surface resistivity of 10^9 Ohms/square on a 1.6 m x 0.8 m x 0.8 m high non-conductive table with a 3.175 mm aluminum top (Horizontal Coupling Plane). The HCP is connected to the main ground plane via a low impedance ground strap through two 470-k Ω resistors. The Vertical Coupling Plane consists of an aluminum plate 50 cm x 50 cm x 3.175 mm thick. The VCP is connected to the main ground plane via a low impedance ground strap through two 470-k Ω resistors.

For EFT, Surge, PQF, the HCP and VCP are removed.

RF Field Immunity testing is performed in a 7.3m x 4.3m x 4.1m anechoic chamber.

RF Conducted and Magnetic Field Immunity testing is performed on a 4.8m x 3.7m x 3.175mm thick aluminum ground plane.

All test areas allow a minimum distance of 1 meter from the EUT to walls or conducting objects.

2.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Two types of measurement uncertainty are expressed in this report, per *ISO Guide To The Expression Of Uncertainty In Measurement*, 1st Edition, 1995.

The *Combined Standard Uncertainty* is the standard uncertainty of the result of a measurement when that result is obtained from the values of a number of other quantities; it is equal to the positive square root of the sum of the variances or co-variances of these other quantities, weighted according to how the measurement result varies with changes in these quantities. The term *standard uncertainty* is the result of a measurement expressed as a standard deviation.

2.3.1 Sample Calculation – radiated & conducted emissions

The field strength is calculated by subtracting the Amplifier Gain and adding the Cable Loss and Antenna Correction Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Field Strength (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{RAW} - \text{AMP} + \text{CBL} + \text{ACF}$$

Where: RAW = Measured level before correction (dBμV)

AMP = Amplifier Gain (dB)

CBL = Cable Loss (dB)

ACF = Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m)

$$\mu\text{V/m} = 10^{\frac{\text{dB}\mu\text{V} / \text{m}}{20}}$$

Sample radiated emissions calculation @ 30 MHz

Measurement +Antenna Factor–Amplifier Gain+Cable loss=Radiated Emissions (dBuV/m)

$$25 \text{ dBuV/m} + 17.5 \text{ dB} - 20 \text{ dB} + 1.0 \text{ dB} = 23.5 \text{ dBuV/m}$$

2.3.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Per CISPR 16-4-2	U _{lab}	U _{cispr}
Radiated Disturbance @ 10 meters		
30 – 1,000 MHz	2.25 dB	4.51 dB
Radiated Disturbance @ 3 meters		
30 – 1,000 MHz	2.26 dB	4.52 dB
1 – 6 GHz	2.12 dB	4.25 dB
6 – 40 GHz	2.47 dB	4.93 dB
Conducted Disturbance @ Mains Terminals		
150 kHz – 30 MHz	1.09 dB	2.18 dB
Disturbance Power		
30 MHz – 300 MHz	3.92 dB	4.3 dB

2.3.3 Measurement Uncertainty Immunity

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for ESD immunity measurements is $\pm 8.2\%$.	Per IEC 61000-4-2
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for radiated immunity measurements is ± 4.10 dB.	Per IEC 61000-4-3
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for conducted immunity measurements with CDN is ± 3.66 dB	Per IEC 61000-4-6
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for power frequency magnetic field immunity is $\pm 2.9\%$.	Per IEC 61000-4-8

Thermo KeyTek EMC Pro

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for EFT fast transient immunity measurements is $\pm 2.6\%$.
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for surge immunity measurements is $\pm 2.6\%$.
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for voltage variation and interruption measurements is $\pm 1.74\%$.

Measurement Uncertainty – Radio Testing

The estimated combined standard uncertainty for frequency error measurements is ± 3.88 Hz
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for carrier power measurements is ± 1.59 dB.
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for adjacent channel power measurements is ± 1.47 dB.
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for modulation frequency response measurements is ± 0.46 dB.
The estimated combined standard uncertainty for transmitter conducted emission measurements is ± 4.01 dB

The expanded uncertainty at a level of 95% confidence is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor of 2. Compliance criteria are not based on measurement uncertainty.

2.4 Calibration Traceability

All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Measurement method complies with ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ISO Standard 17025:2005. Equipment calibration records are kept on file at the test facility.

3 Product Information

3.1 Product Description

The Pace 405 wireless video access point allows service providers to securely deliver high quality HD video to any location in a subscriber home. Using state of the art wireless technology including digital beam forming, customers retain traditional “wired” levels of service and quality while service providers enjoy the benefits of shortened installation times and more flexibility in how they deploy their IPTV or OTT services

Key Feature:

- 5 GHz 802.11n wireless access point
- 4x4 MIMO (up to 600 Mbps phy rate)
- High-Power Transmit For Maximum Coverage
- Gigabit Ethernet port
- Robust quality of service (QoS) and traffic management features
- Simple, push-button wireless setup for wireless set-tops
- TR-069 Management Client
- LEDs: Power, Wireless Signal Quality, Operational Mode (AP/STA), Ethernet Link, Wireless Pairing Indicator

3.2 Equipment Configuration

A description of the equipment configuration is given in the Test Plan Section. The EUT was tested as called for in the test standard and was configured and operated in a manner consistent with its intended use. The EUT was connected to rated power and allowed to reach intended operating conditions. The placement of the EUT system components was guided by the test standard and selected to represent typical installation conditions.

In the case of an EUT that can operate in more than one configuration, preliminary testing was performed to determine the configuration that produced maximum radiation.

The final configuration was selected to produce the worst case radiation for emissions testing and to place the EUT in the most susceptible state for immunity testing.

3.3 Operating Mode

A description of the operation mode is given in the Test Plan Section. In the case of an EUT that can operate in more than one state, preliminary testing was performed to determine the operating mode that produced maximum radiation.

The final operating mode was selected to produce the worst case radiation for emissions testing and to place the EUT in the most susceptible state for immunity testing.

3.4 Unique Antenna Connector

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of CFR47 Parts 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221.

3.4.1 Results

The Wireless Video Access Point has 4 internal fixed antennas, 3 onboard PCB dipole antennas and 1 stamped metal loop antenna. All antennas are integrated on the PCB. There is no external antenna connection available.

4 Emissions

Testing was performed in accordance with CFR 47 Part 15.407: 2012 and RSS 210 Annex 9: 2010. These test methods are listed under the laboratory's A2LA Scope of Accreditation. This test measures the levels emanating from the EUT, thus evaluating the potential for the EUT to cause radio frequency interference to other electronic devices. Procedures described in section 8 of the standard were used.

4.1 Output Power Requirements

The maximum output power requirement is the maximum equivalent isotropic radiated power deLining at the transmitting antenna under specified conditions of measurements in the presence of modulation.

The maximum output power and harmonics shall not exceed CFR47 Part 15.407 (a):2012 and RSS 210 A9.2: 2010.

The maximum transmitted powers are

Band 5150-5250 MHz: 50 mW or 4 dBm + 10Log B.

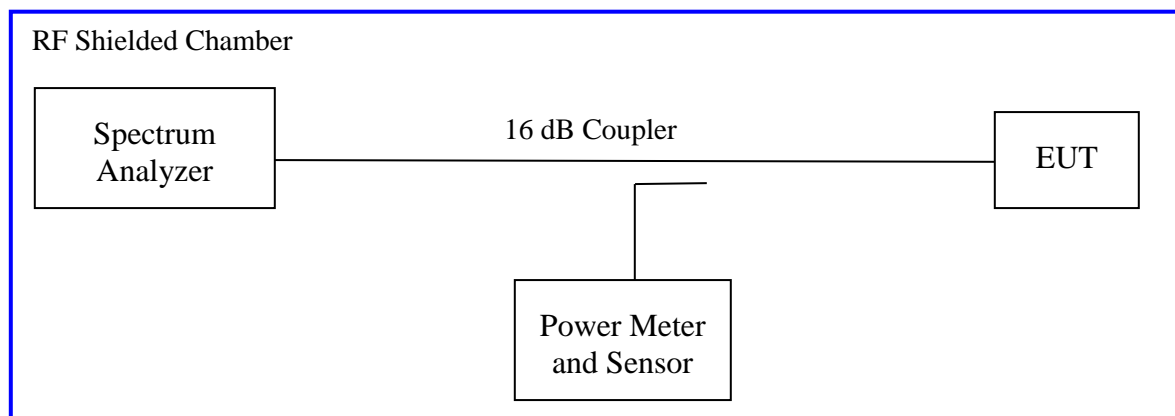
Band 5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz: 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10Log B.

Band 5725-5825 MHz: 1 W or 17 dBm + 10Log B. Where B is 26 dB Bandwidth.

4.1.1 Test Method

The ANSI C63.10-2009 Section 6.10.3.1 conducted method was used to measure the channel power output. The preliminary investigation was performed at different data rate/ chain to determine the highest power output for each mode. The worst findings were conducted on 3 channels in each mode on the sample, S/N 09130M000104, per CFR47 Part 15.407(a): 2012 and RSS 210 A.9.2; 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz. The worst mode results indicated below.

Test Setup:



Method SA-1 of "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices" applies since the EUT continuously transmit; where duty cycle is greater than 98%. Sample detector was used.

Each chain was measured individually and applied the measure-and-sum approach per KDB66291.

4.1.2 Results

As originally tested, the EUT was found to be compliant to the requirements of the test standard(s).

Table 2: RF Output Power at the Antenna Port – Test Results

Test Conditions: Conducted Measurement, Normal Temperature							
Antenna Type: Integrated				Power Setting: See test plan			
Max. Directional Gain: + 8 dBi				Signal State: Modulated at 100%.			
Ambient Temp.: 23 °C				Relative Humidity: 30%			
802.11a Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5500	21.97	15.26	15.91	15.71	15.83	21.70	-0.27
5580	21.97	15.36	15.79	15.83	16.14	21.81	-0.16
5700	21.97	14.85	14.80	14.38	15.00	20.78	-1.19
Note: 1.The highest output power was observed at 802.11a 6 Mbps, 4 Data Streams. 2. RF output powers were summed per KDB 662911. 3. The total directional gain would be 8 dBi; 2 dBi +10*Log(4). Per CFR47 Part 15.407 (a), the limit is reduced for every dBi gain exceeding 6 dBi. The limit would be 21.97 dBm.							
802.11n (HT20) Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5500	21.97	13.16	13.75	13.15	14.24	19.62	-2.29
5580	21.97	13.08	14.18	13.59	14.31	19.84	-2.07
5700	21.97	12.77	13.39	12.76	13.33	19.09	-2.82
Note: 1.The highest output power was observed at HT20 6.5 Mbps, 4 Data Streams. 2. All chains will be on at all time and beam performing. RF output powers were summed per KDB 662911. 3. The total directional gain would be 8 dBi; 2 dBi +10*Log(4). Per CFR47 Part 15.407 (a), the limit is reduced for every dBi gain exceeding 6 dBi. The limit would be 21.97 dBm.							
802.11n (HT40) Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5510	21.97	15.21	15.32	14.90	16.05	21.41	-0.56

5550	21.97	14.92	15.71	15.01	15.85	21.41	-0.56
5670	21.97	14.71	15.19	15.03	15.67	21.19	-0.78

Note: 1. The highest output power was observed at HT40 13.5 Mbps, 4 Data Streams.
2. All chains will be on at all time and beam performing. RF output powers were summed per KDB 662911.
3. The total directional gain would be 8 dBi; $2 \text{ dBi} + 10 * \text{Log}(4)$. Per CFR47 Part 15.407 (a), the limit is reduced for every dBi gain exceeding 6 dBi. The limit would be 21.97 dBm

Table 3: Average Output Power at the Antenna Port – Reference Only

Test Conditions: Conducted Measurement, Normal Temperature							
Antenna Type: Integrated				Power Setting: See test plan			
Max. Directional Gain: + 8 dBi				Signal State: Modulated at 100%.			
Ambient Temp.: 23 °C				Relative Humidity: 30%			
802.11a Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5500		14.29	14.91	14.79	14.86	20.74	
5580		14.26	14.66	14.74	15.04	20.70	
5700		14.13	14.06	13.62	14.26	20.05	
Note: The highest output power was observed at 802.11a 6 Mbps, 4 Data Streams.							
802.11n (HT20) Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5500		14.05	14.72	14.14	15.25	20.59	
5580		14.64	15.77	15.21	15.93	21.43	
5700		15.24	15.32	14.54	15.24	21.12	
Note: The highest output power was observed at HT20 6.5 Mbps, 4 Data Streams.							
802.11n (HT40) Mode, 4x4							
Operating Channel	Limit [dBm]	Ch0 [dBm]	Ch1 [dBm]	Ch2 [dBm]	Ch3 [dBm]	Total Power [dBm]	Margin [dB]
5510		15.82	15.66	15.62	16.11	21.83	
5550		15.24	16.05	15.27	15.93	21.66	
5670		14.96	15.48	15.31	15.65	21.38	
Note: The highest output power was observed at HT40 13.5 Mbps, 4 Data Streams.							

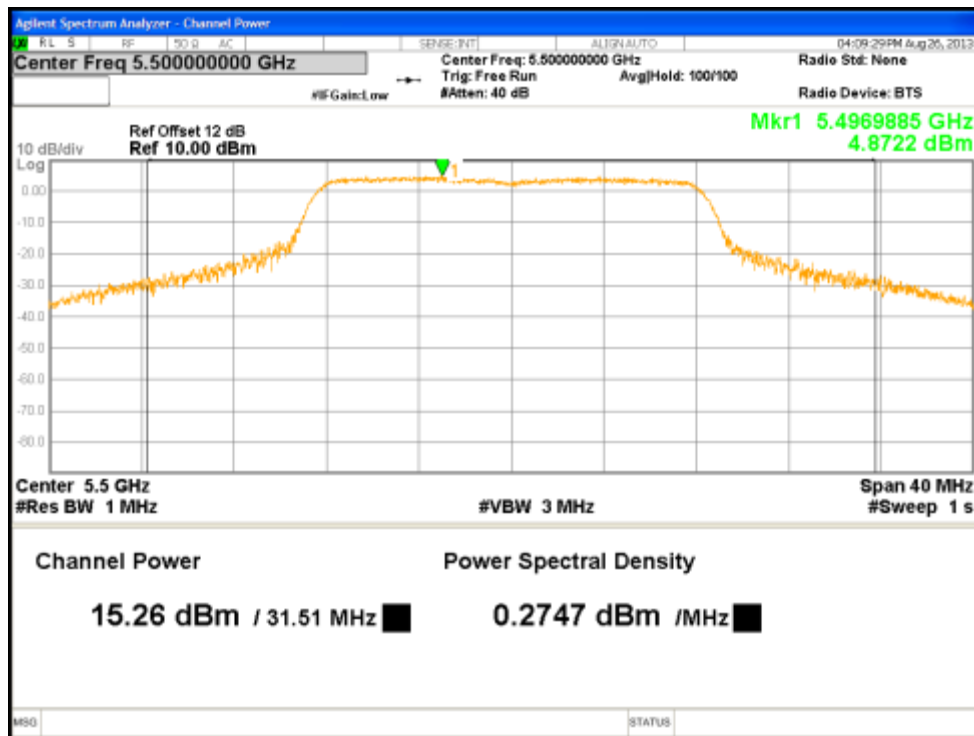


Figure 1: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 0

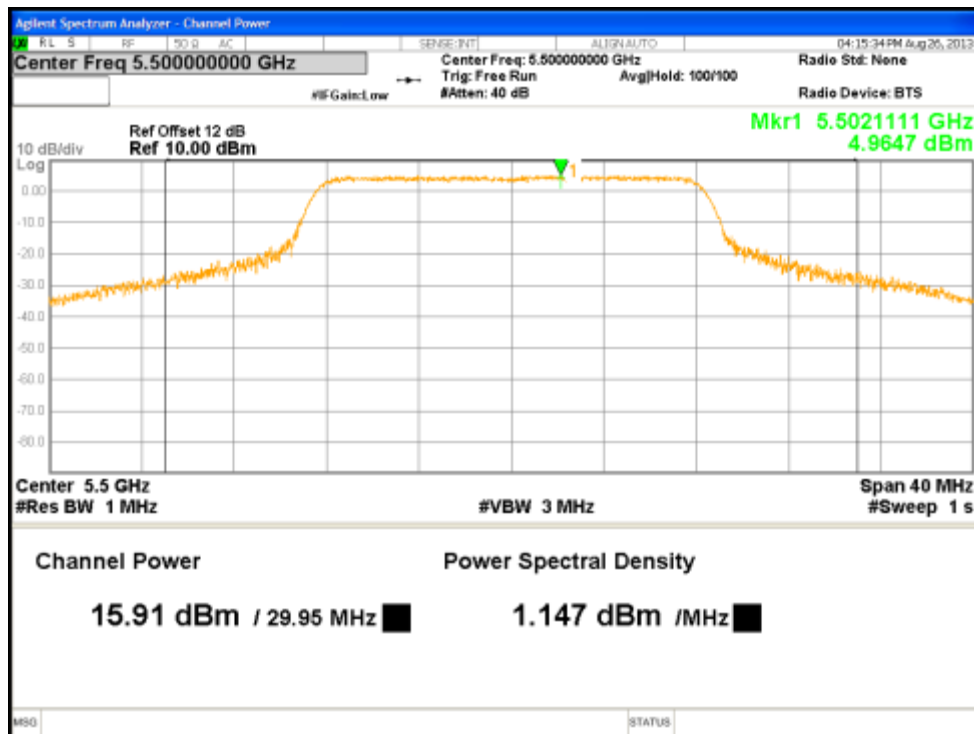


Figure 2: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 1

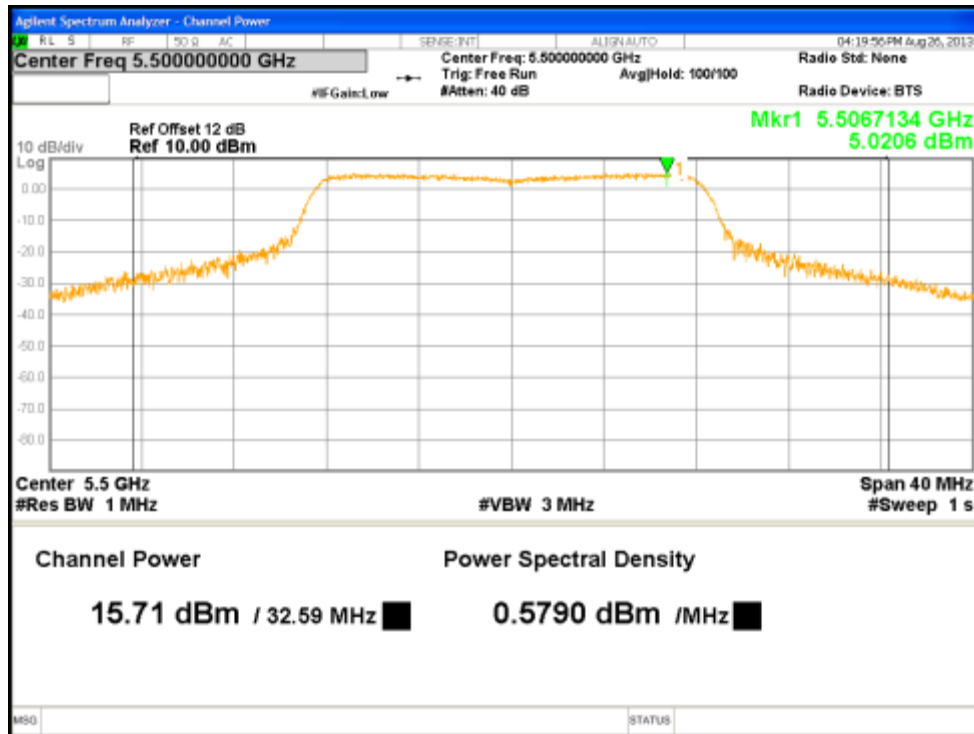


Figure 3: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 2

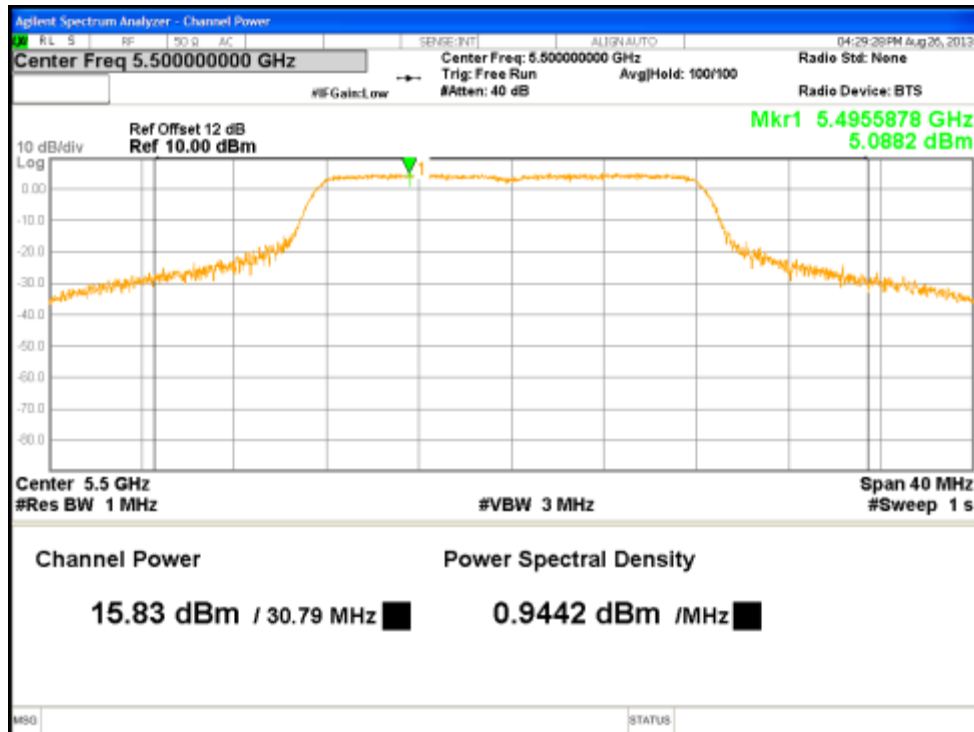


Figure 4: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 3

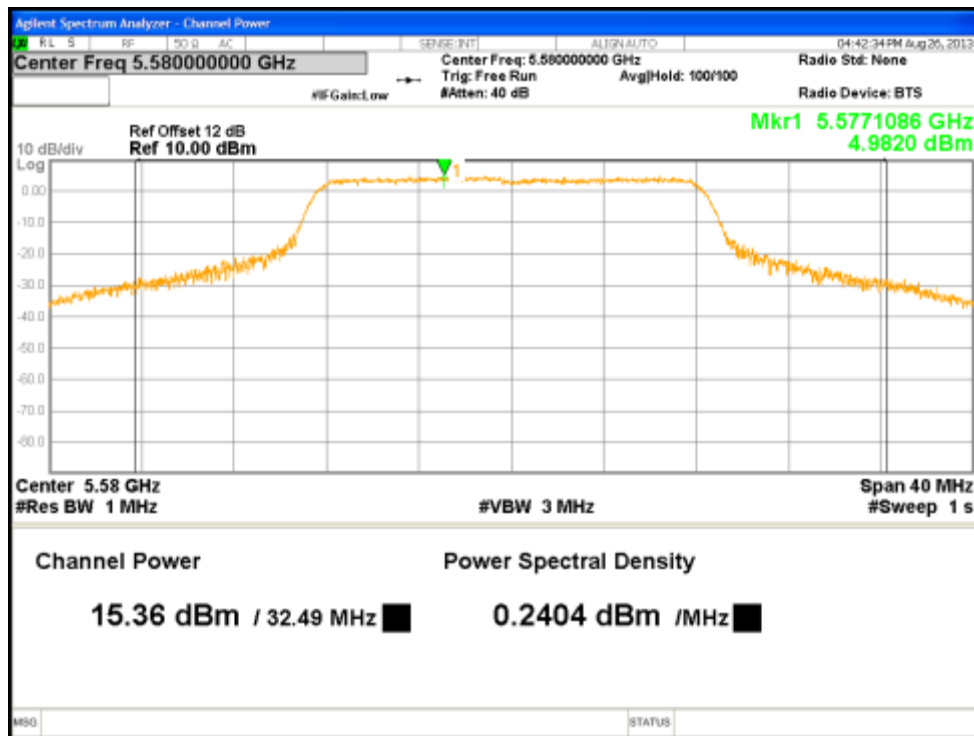


Figure 5: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 0

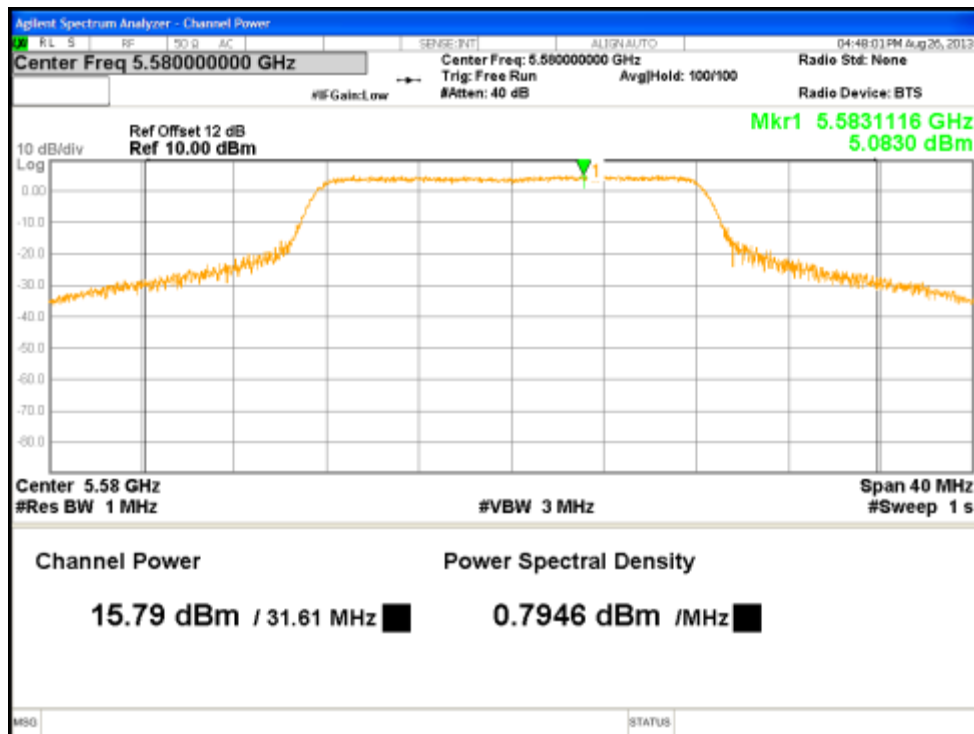


Figure 6: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 1

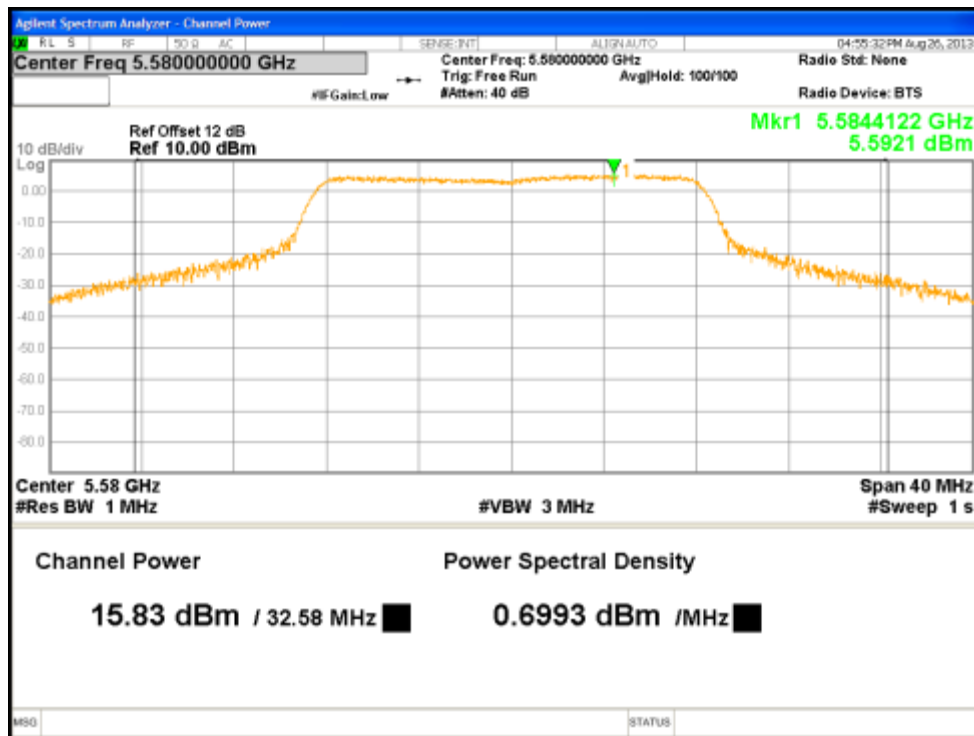


Figure 7: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 2

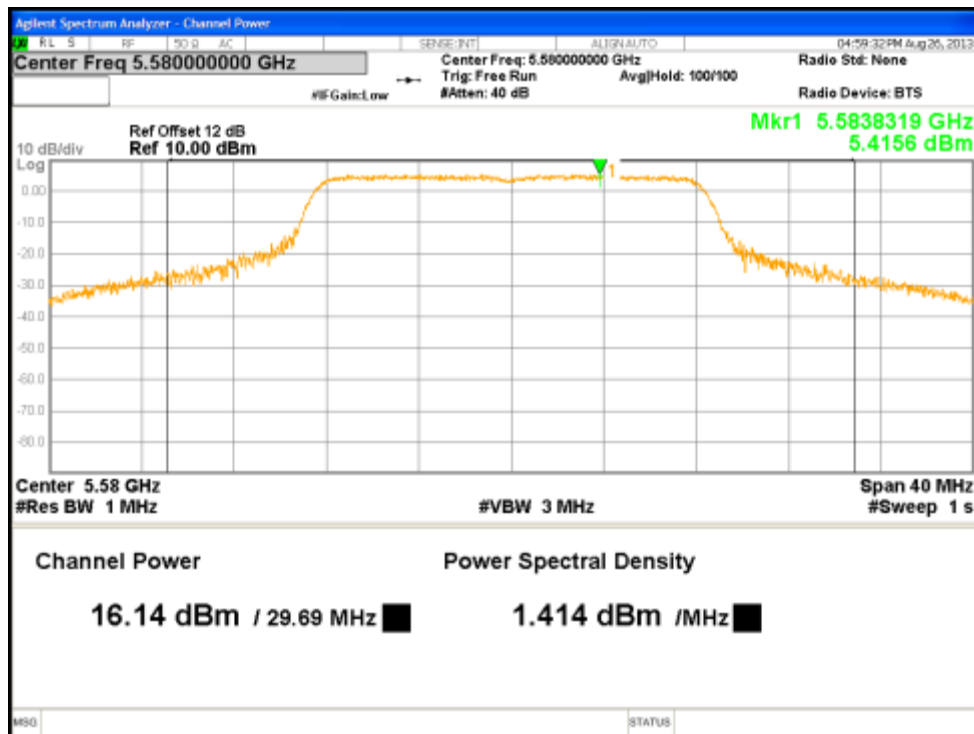


Figure 8: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 3

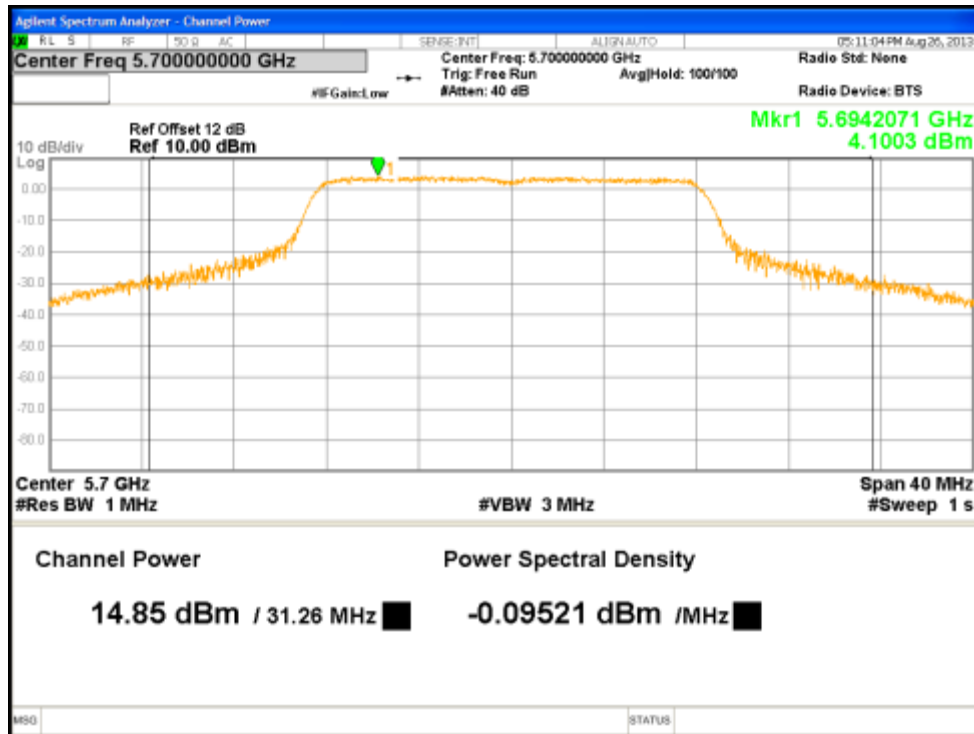


Figure 9: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 0

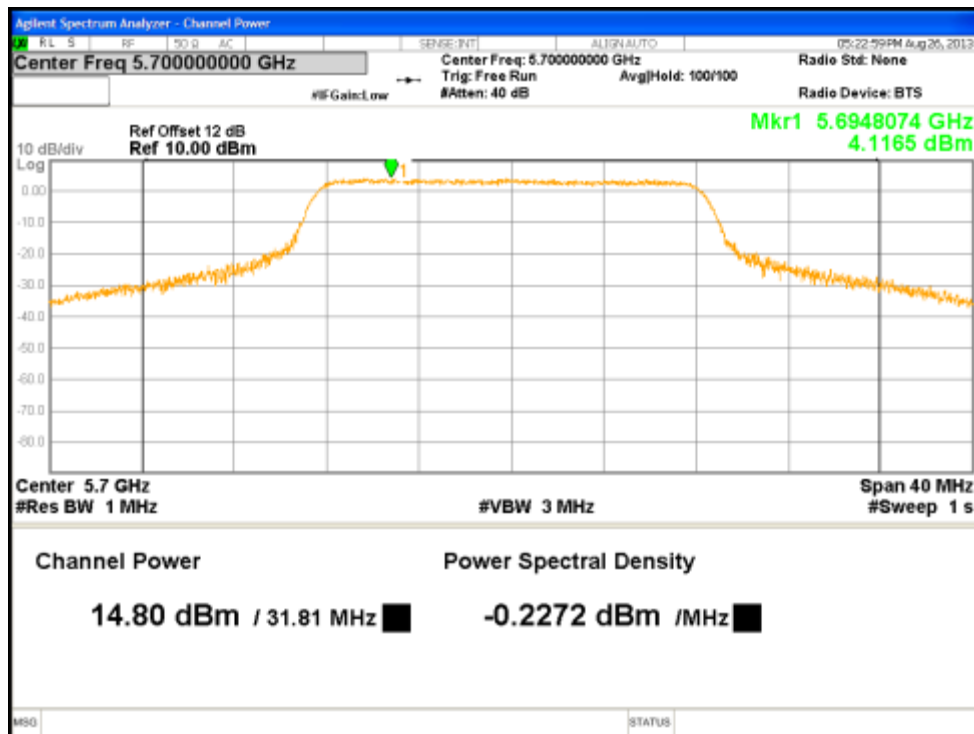


Figure 10: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 1

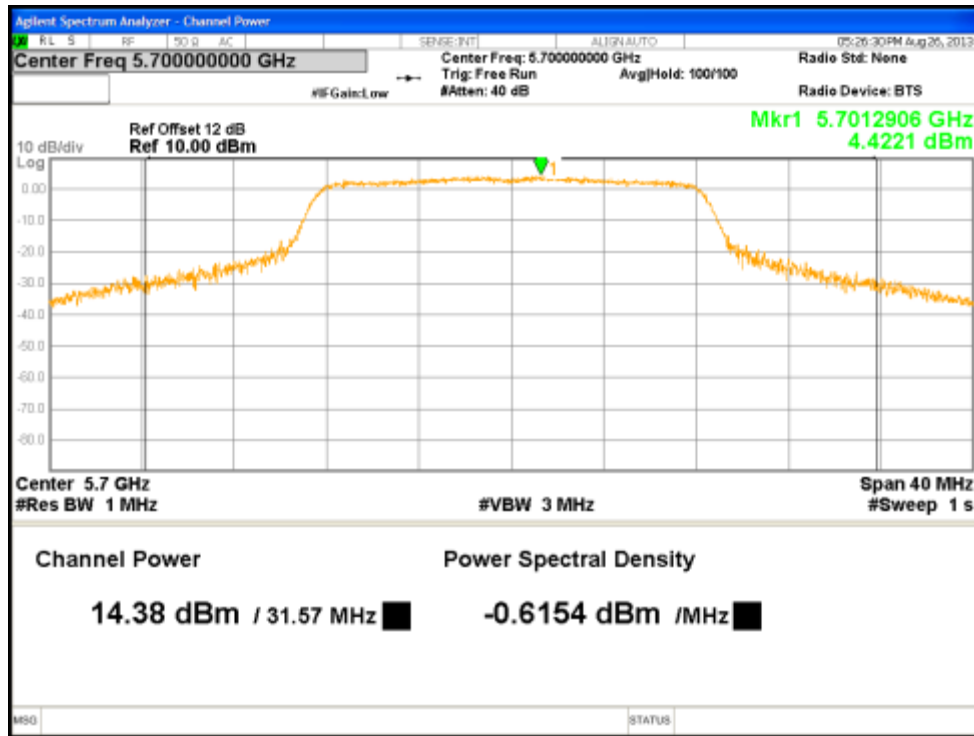


Figure 11: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 2

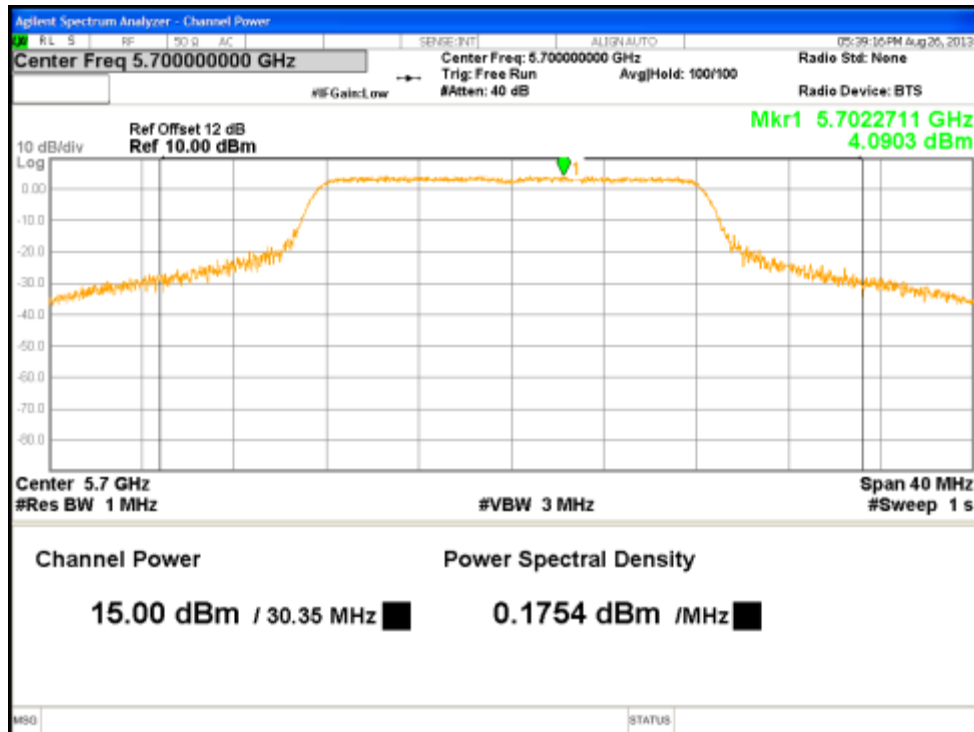


Figure 12: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at 802.11A, Chain 3

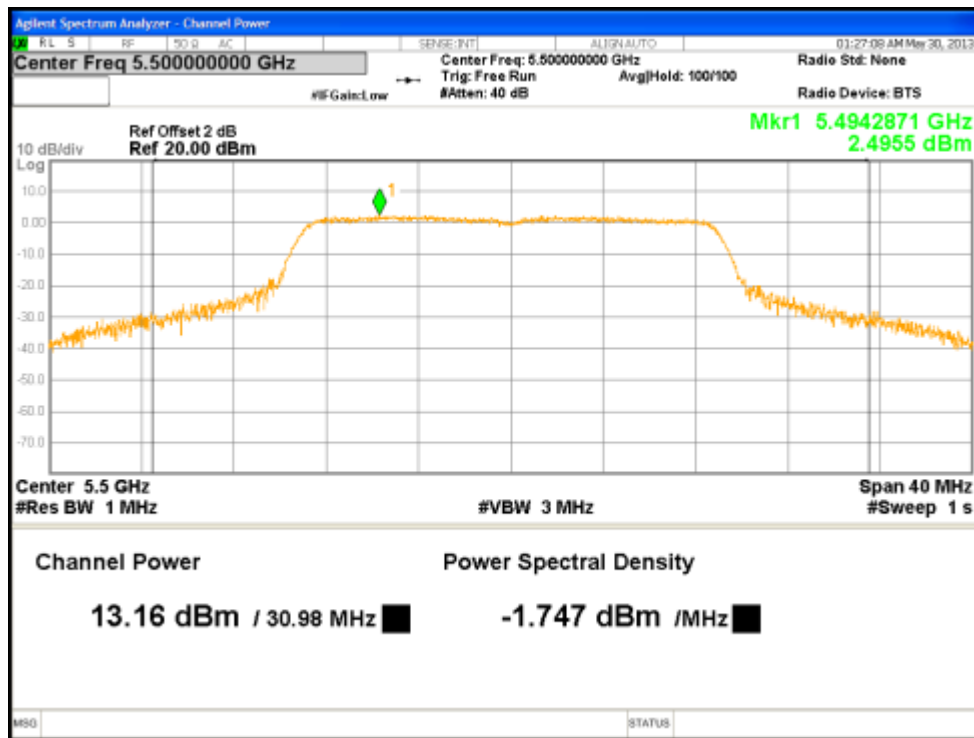


Figure 13: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at HT20, Chain 0

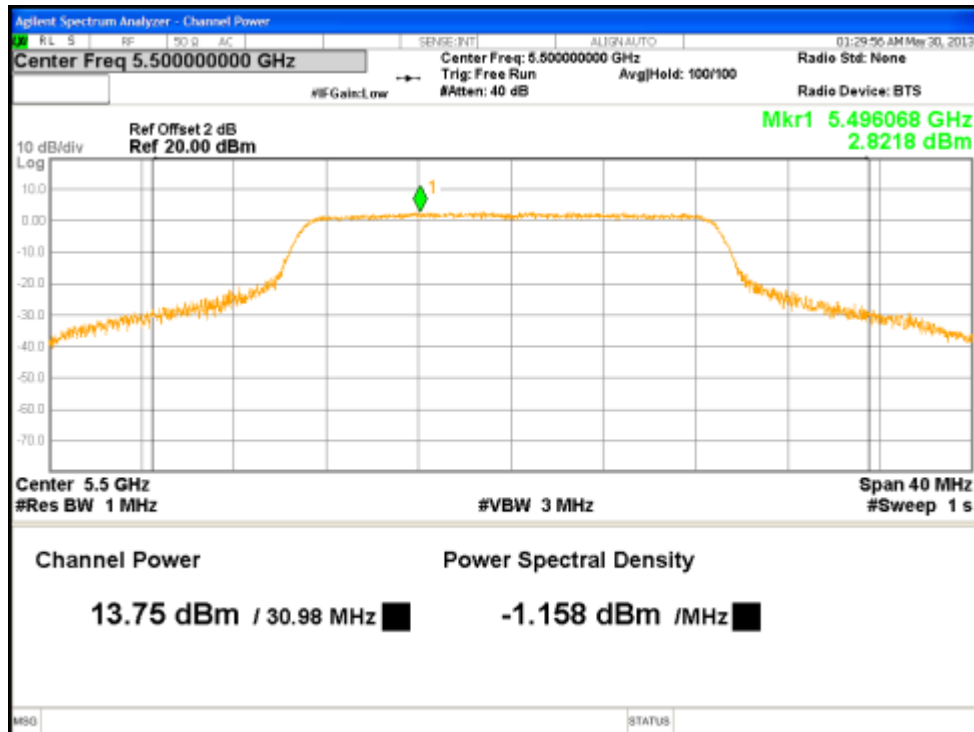


Figure 14: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at HT20, Chain 1

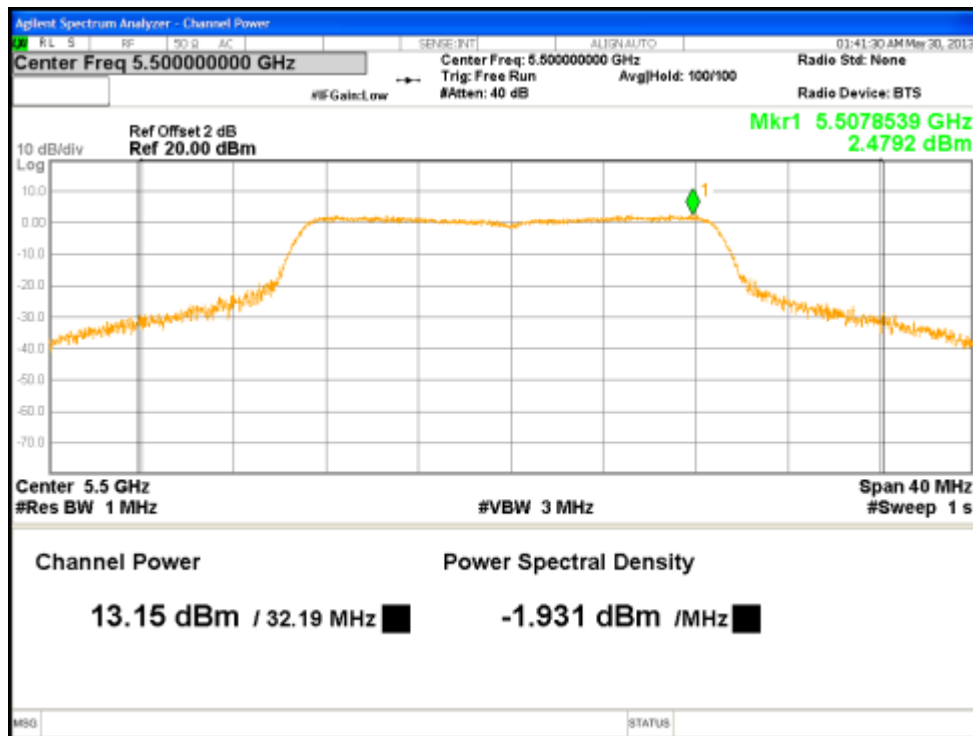


Figure 15: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at HT20, Chain 2

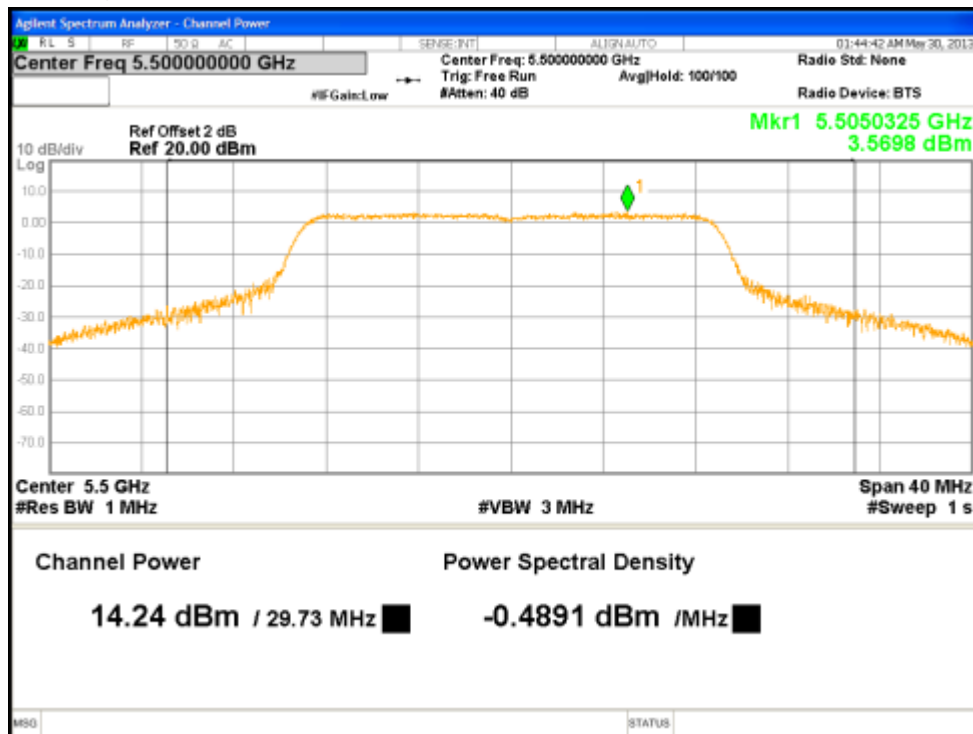


Figure 16: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5500 MHz at HT20, Chain 3

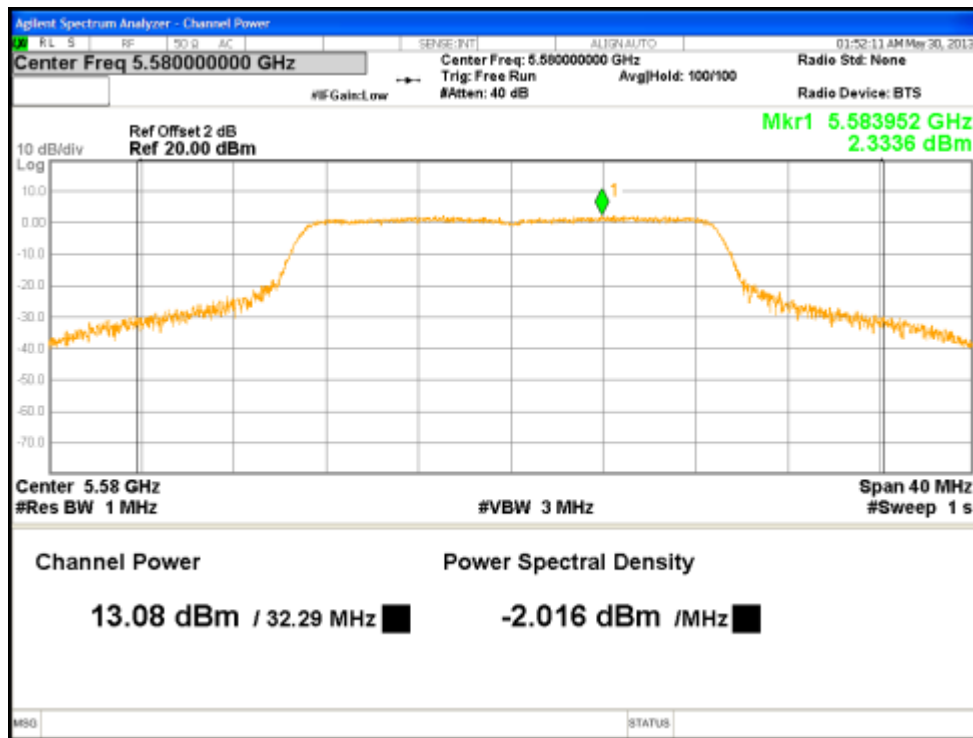


Figure 17: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at HT20, Chain 0

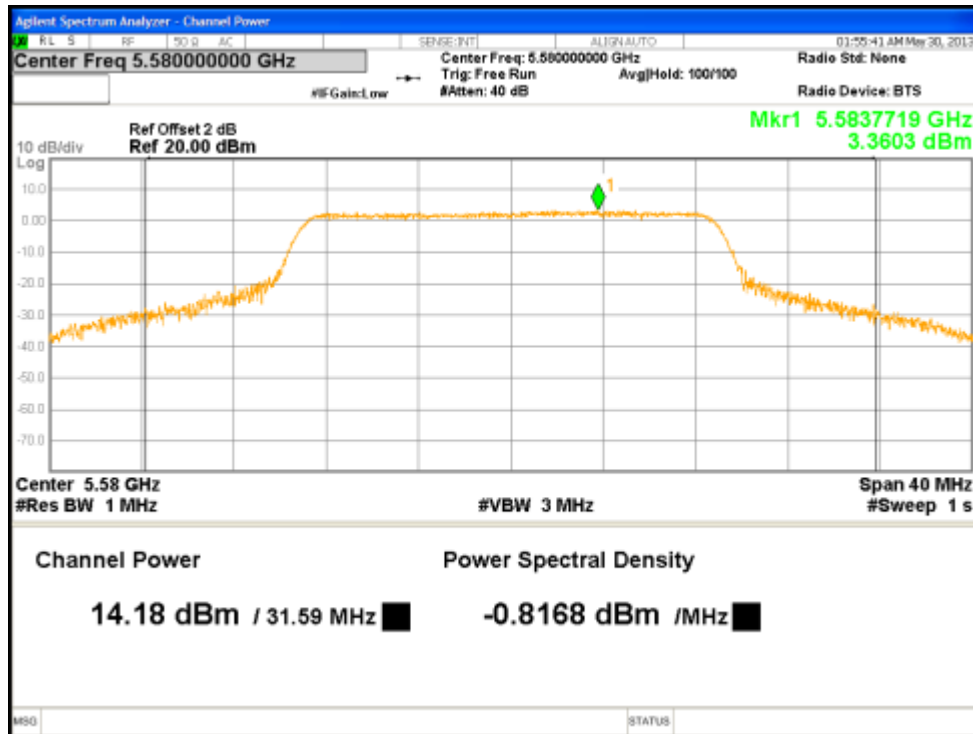


Figure 18: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at HT20, Chain 1

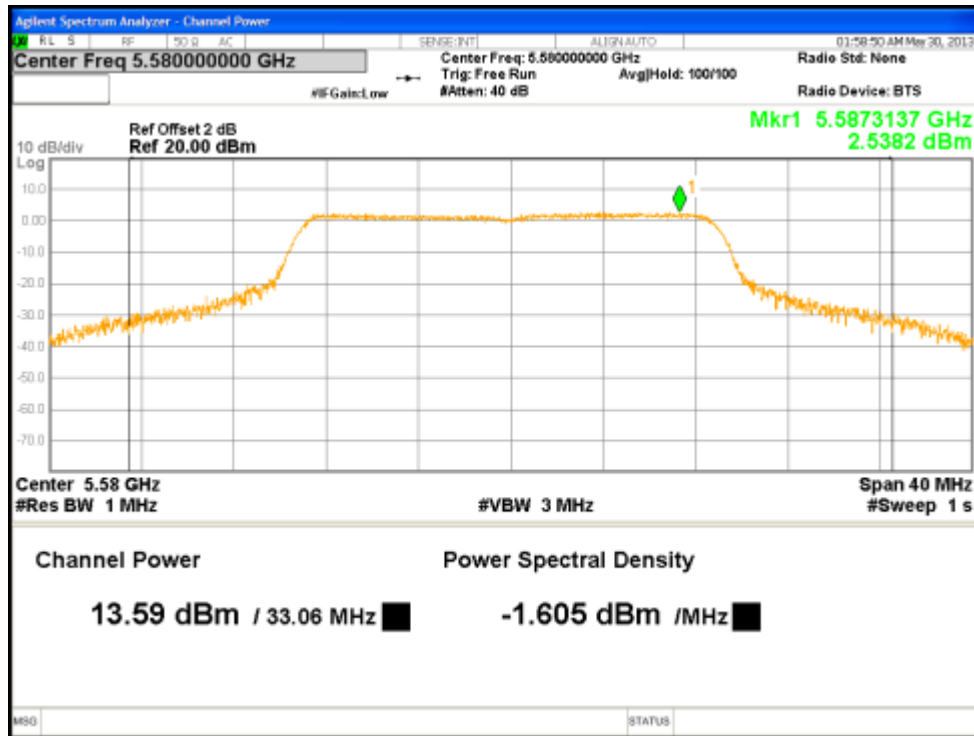


Figure 19: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at HT20, Chain 2

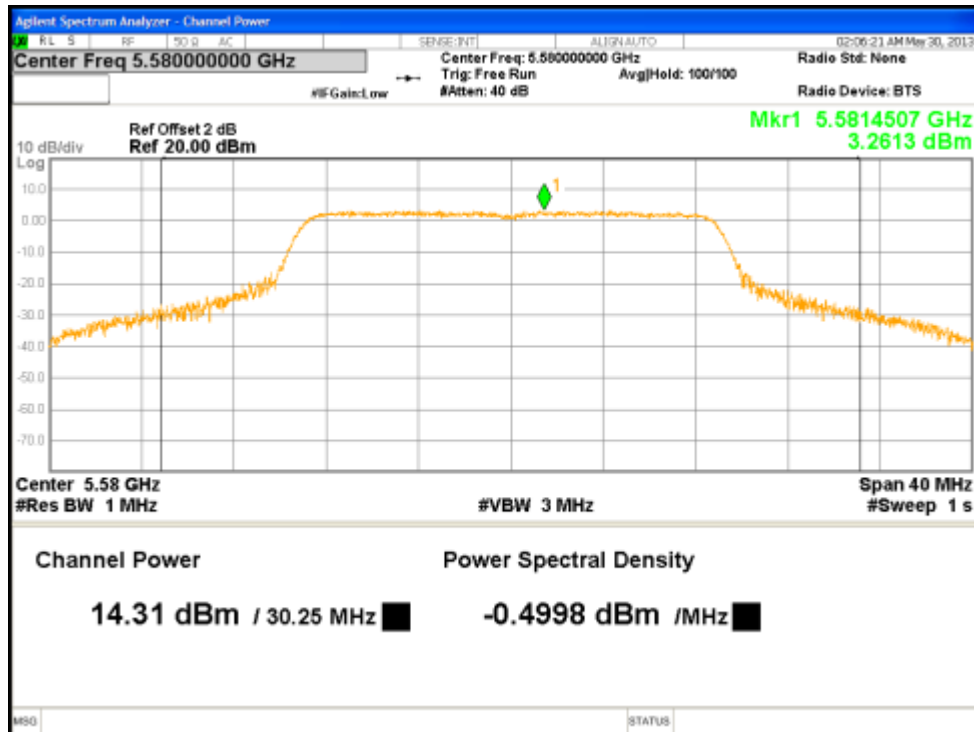


Figure 20: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5580 MHz at HT20, Chain 3

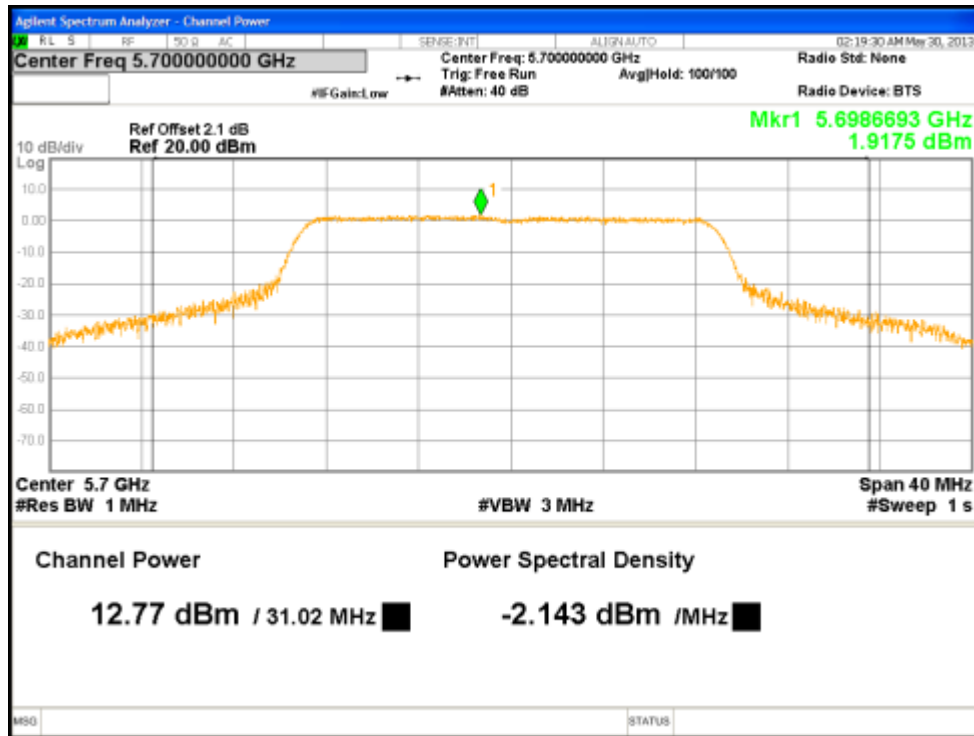


Figure 21: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at HT20, Chain 0

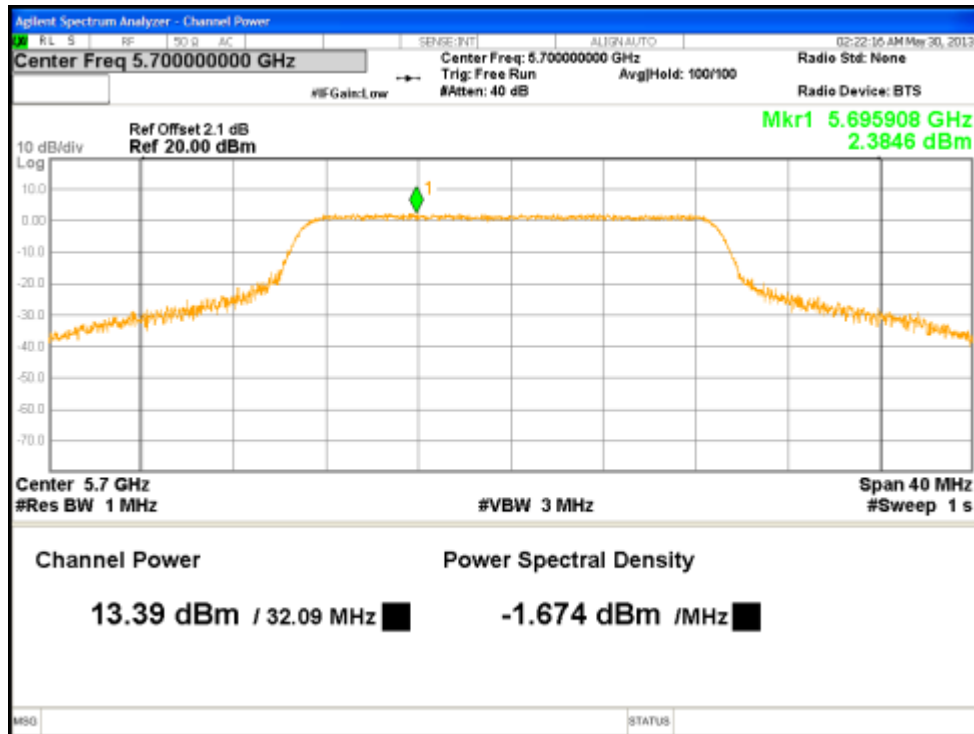


Figure 22: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at HT20, Chain 1

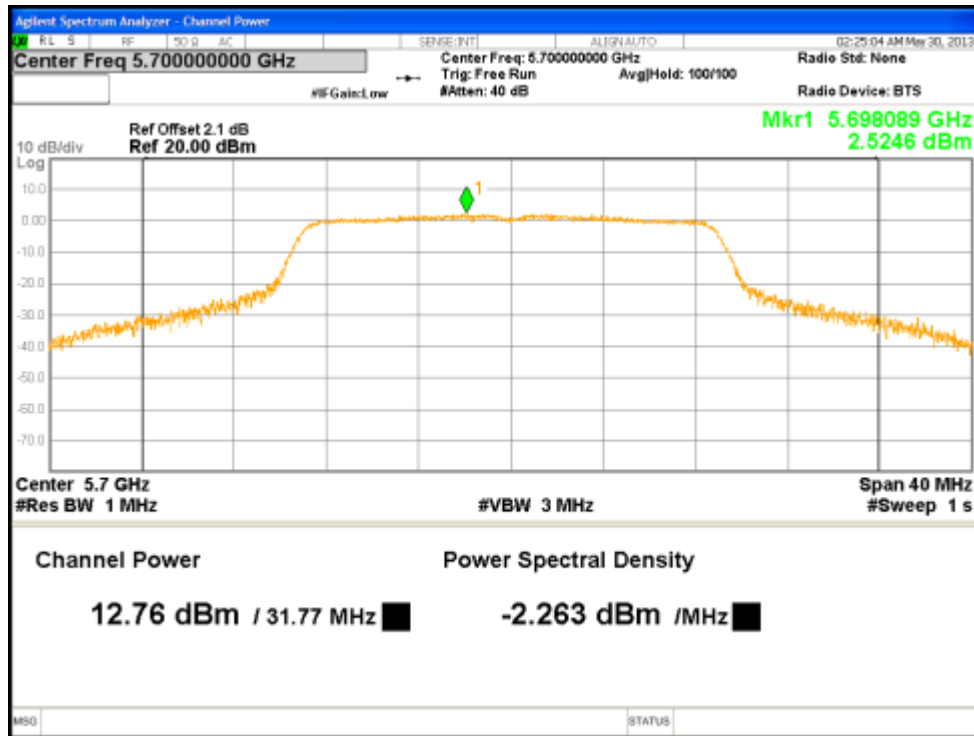


Figure 23: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at HT20, Chain 2

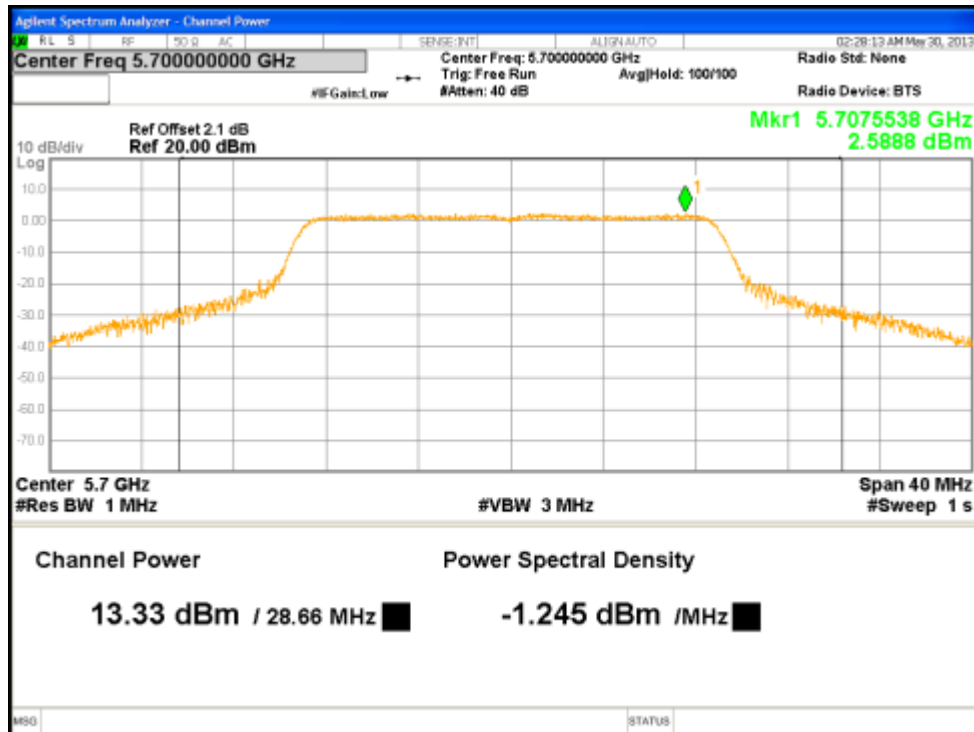


Figure 24: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5700 MHz at HT20, Chain 3

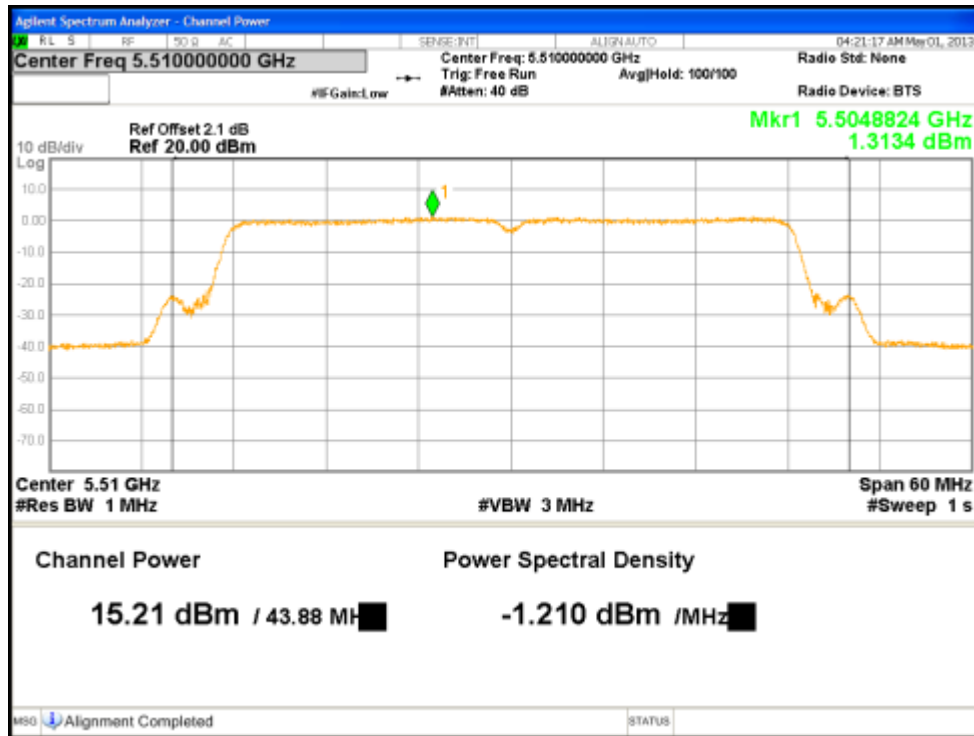


Figure 25: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5510 MHz at HT40, Chain 0

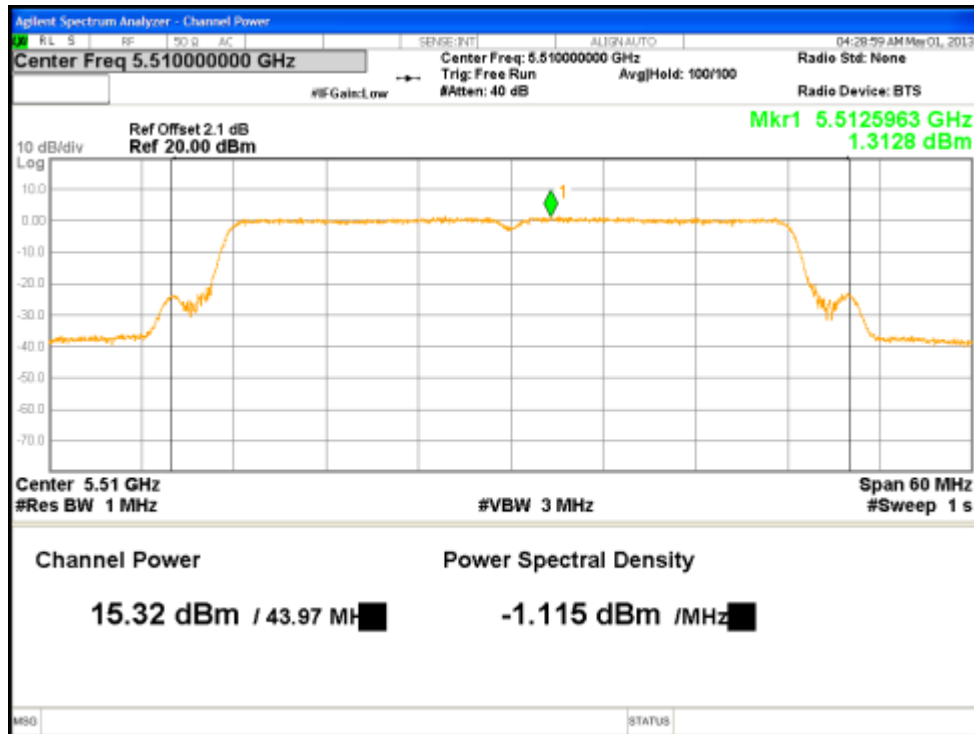


Figure 26: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5510 MHz at HT40, Chain 1

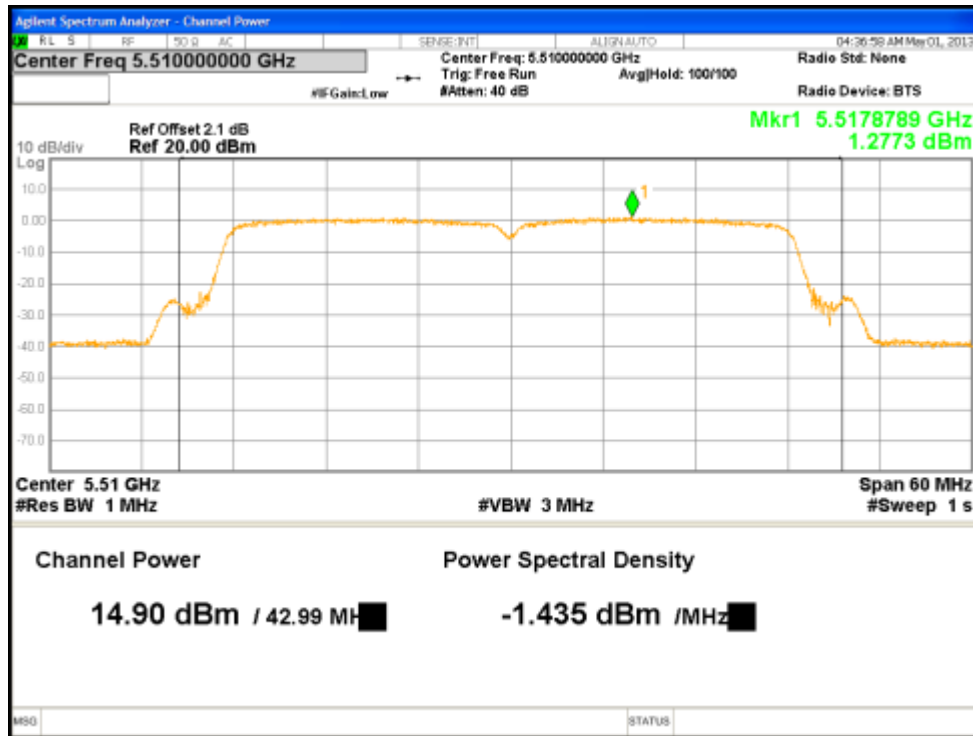


Figure 27: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5510 MHz at HT40, Chain 2

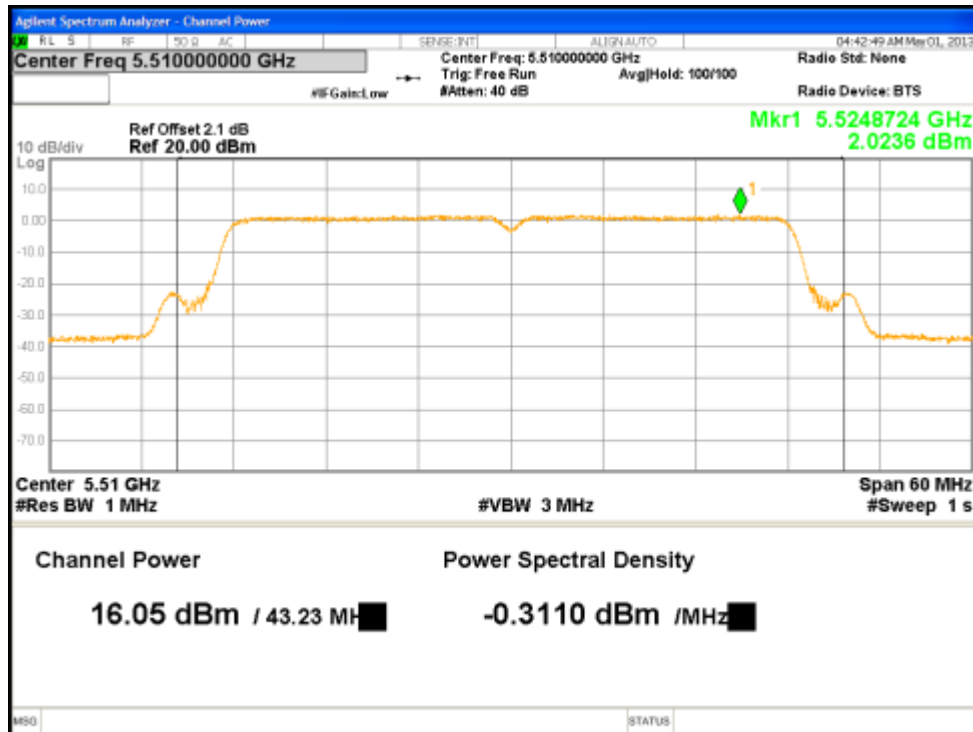


Figure 28: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5510 MHz at HT40, Chain 3

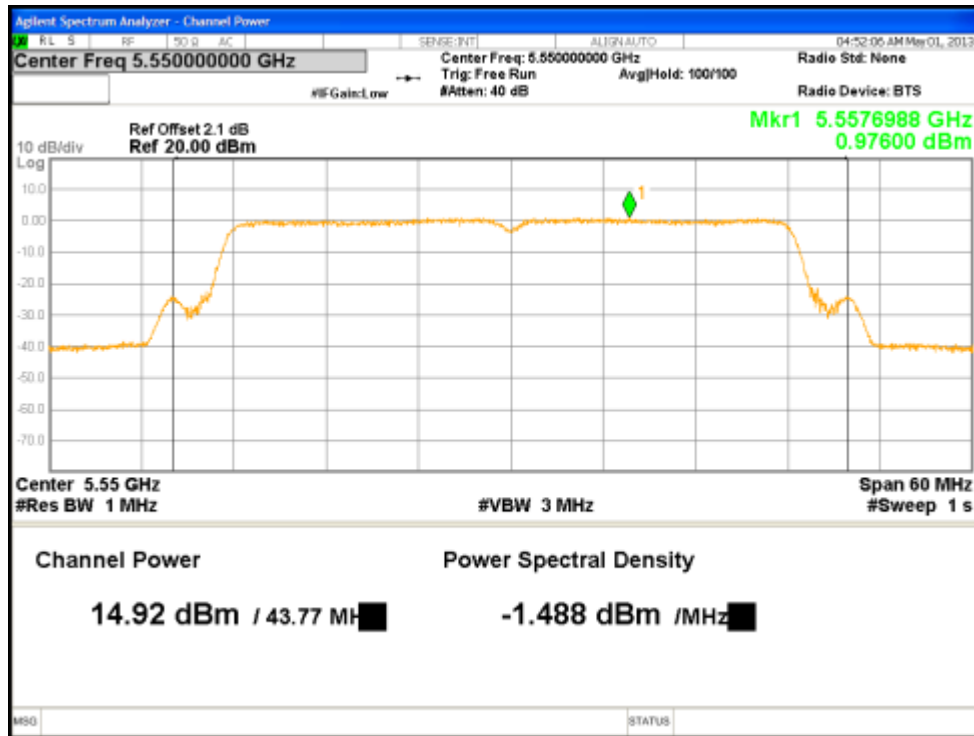


Figure 29: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5550 MHz at HT40, Chain 0

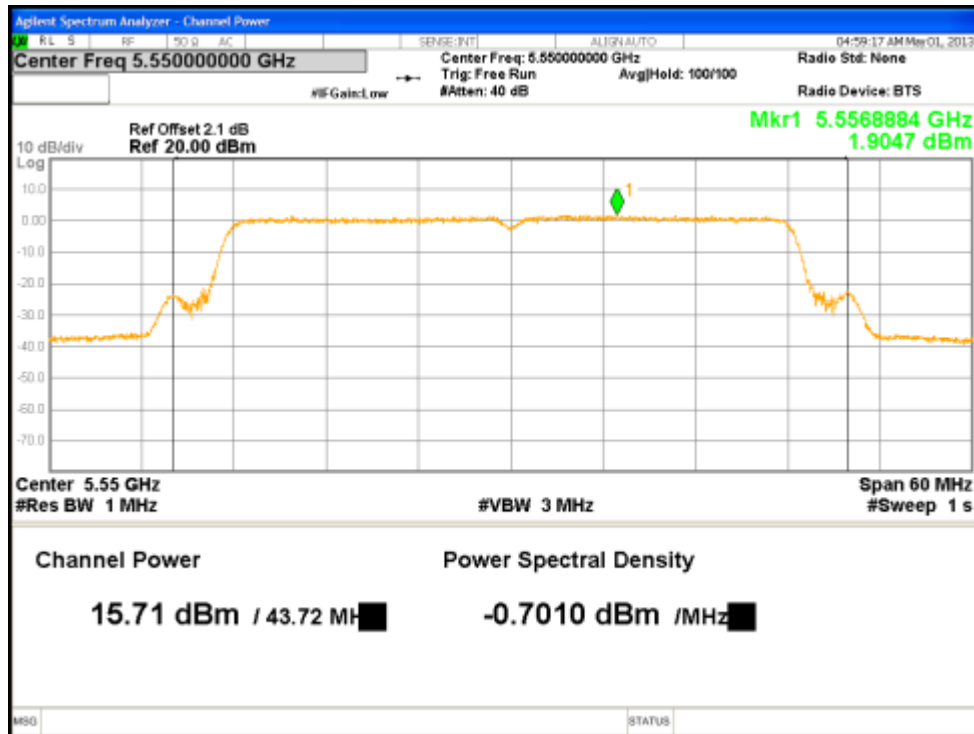


Figure 30: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5550 MHz at HT40, Chain 1

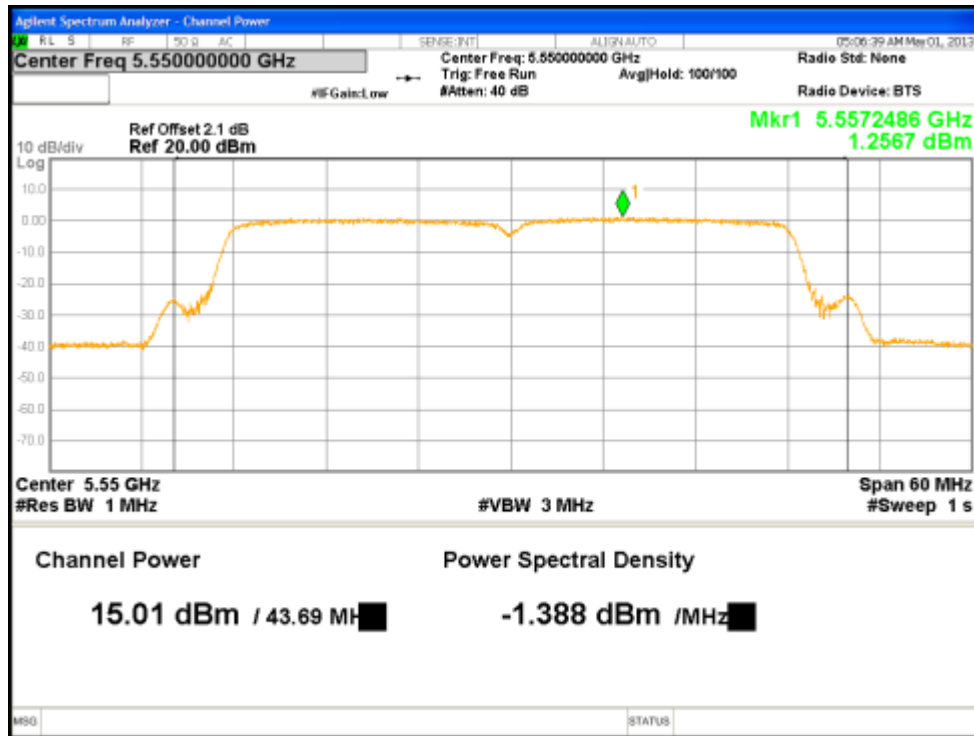


Figure 31: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5550 MHz at HT40, Chain 2

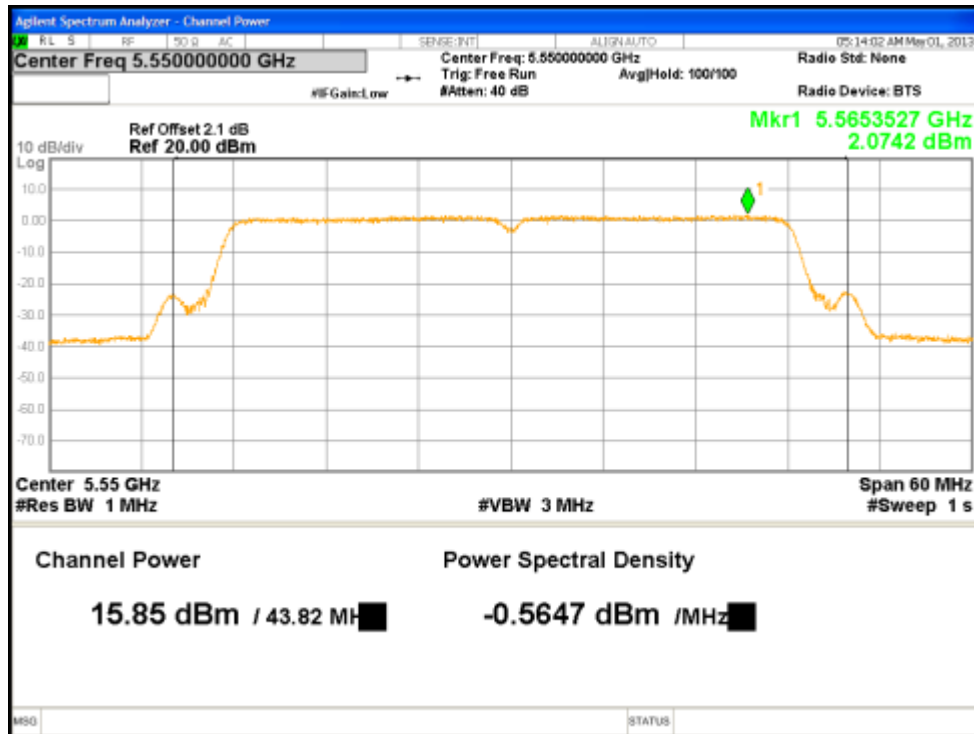


Figure 32: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5550 MHz at HT40, Chain 3

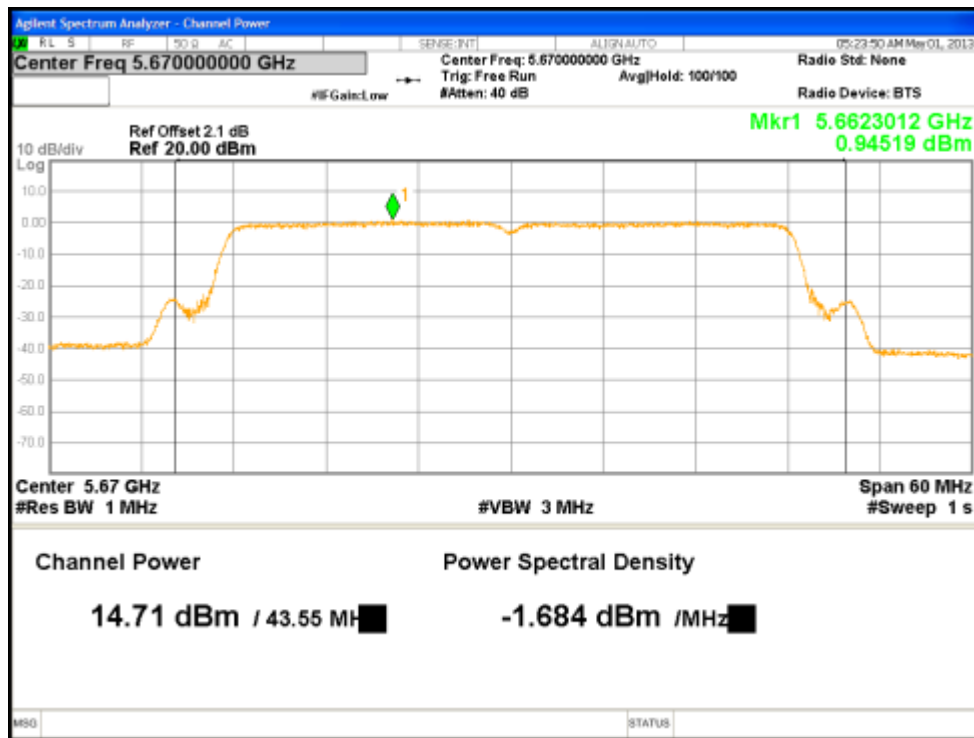


Figure 33: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5670 MHz at HT40, Chain 0

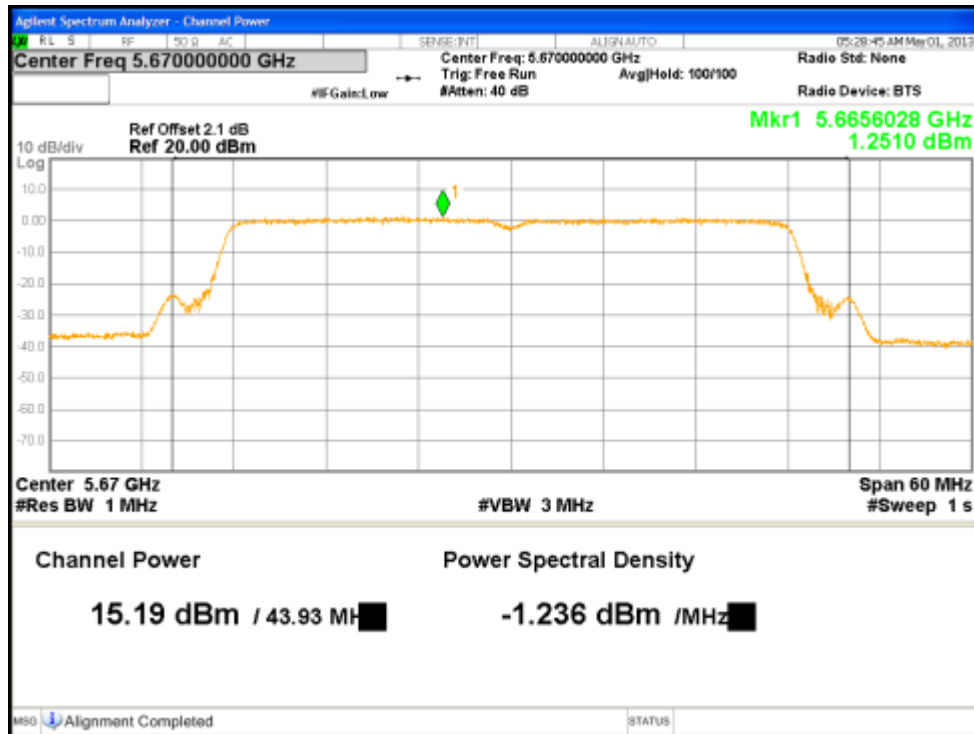


Figure 34: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5670 MHz at HT40, Chain 1

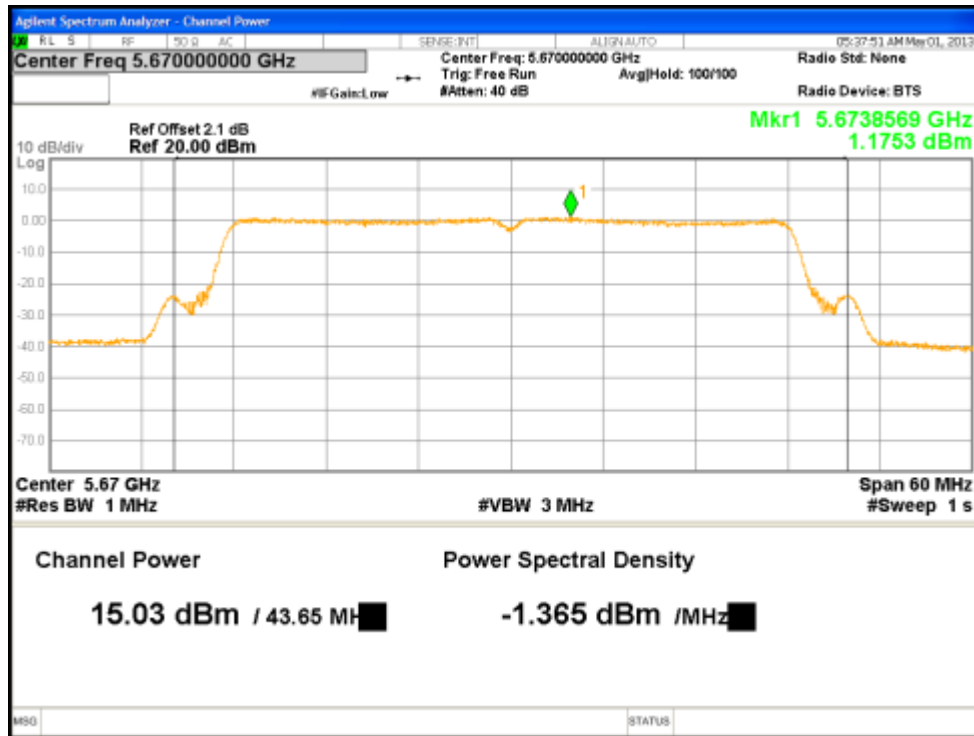


Figure 35: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5670 MHz at HT40, Chain 2

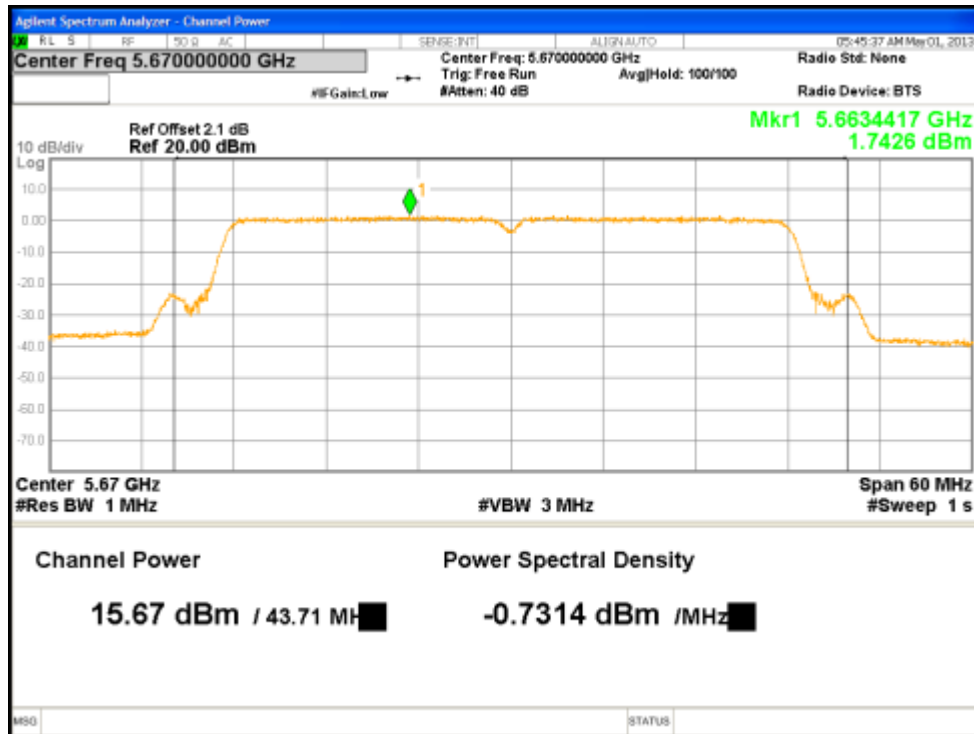


Figure 36: Maximum Transmitted Power, 5670 MHz at HT40, Chain 3

4.2 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth is measured at an amplitude level reduced from the reference level by a specified ratio. The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at the fundamental frequency.

The 99% bandwidth is the bandwidth in which 99% of the transmitted power occupied.

The 26 dB bandwidth is defined the bandwidth of 26 dBr from highest transmitted level of the fundamental frequency.

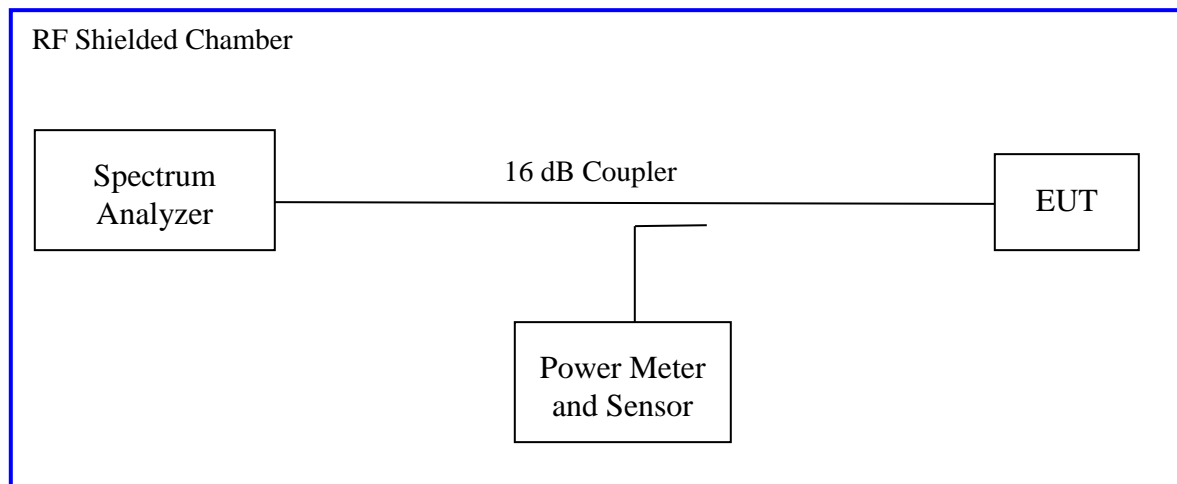
There is no restriction limits for the bandwidth. The 26 dB bandwidth was used to determine the limit for maximum conducted output power per CFR47 Part 15.407(a).

To obtain the tighter limit,

4.2.1 Test Method

The conducted method was used to measure the occupied bandwidth. The measurement was performed with modulation per CFR47 15.407(a) 2012 and RSS Gen Sect. 4.4.1:2010. The preliminary investigation was performed to find the narrowest 26 dB bandwidth for each operational mode at different data rates. This worst finding was performed on 3 channels in each operating frequency range; 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz on the sample, S/N 09130M000104. The results indicated below.

Test Setup:



4.2.2 Results

These occupied bandwidth measurements were taken for references only.

Table 4: Occupied Bandwidth – Test Results

Test Conditions: Conducted Measurement, Normal Temperature and Voltage only								
Antenna Type: Integrated				Power Setting: See Test Plan				
Max. Directional Gain: + 8 dBi				Signal State: Modulated at 100%.				
Ambient Temp.: 23 °C				Relative Humidity: 30%				
Bandwidth (MHz) for 802.11a								
Freq. (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				99% Bandwidth (MHz)			
	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3
5500	26.235	24.959	28.29	25.769	17.187	17.014	17.386	17.093
5580	26.609	25.008	27.03	25.512	17.181	17.065	17.36	17.087
5700	26.850	25.148	25.97	26.393	17.212	17.093	17.091	17.121
Note: The bandwidth was measured at 6 Mbps for 802.11a mode.								
Bandwidth (MHz) for 802.11n HT20								
Freq. (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				99% Bandwidth (MHz)			
	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3
5500	26.994	27.106	25.851	25.578	18.147	18.310	18.231	18.089
5580	26.852	28.340	25.790	25.673	18.157	18.351	18.158	18.086
5700	26.931	27.936	25.254	25.859	18.169	18.438	18.014	18.133
Note: The bandwidth was measured at 6.5 Mbps for 802.11n HT20 mode.								
Bandwidth (MHz) for 802.11n HT40								
Freq. (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)				99% Bandwidth (MHz)			
	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3	Ch0	Ch1	Ch2	Ch3
5510	44.019	44.491	44.028	43.772	36.428	36.699	36.366	36.232
5550	43.984	44.427	43.894	43.896	36.413	36.667	36.399	36.219
5670	43.963	44.423	44.020	43.638	36.432	36.648	36.585	36.238
Note: The bandwidth was measured at 13.5 Mbps for 802.11n HT40 mode.								

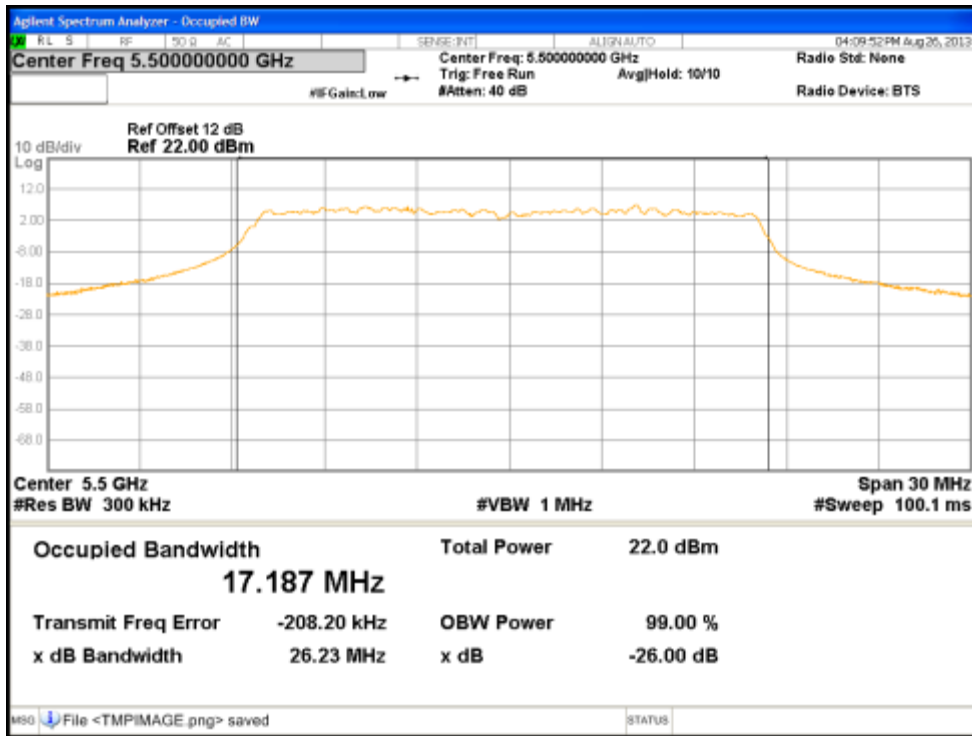


Figure 37: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5500 MHz, Chain 0

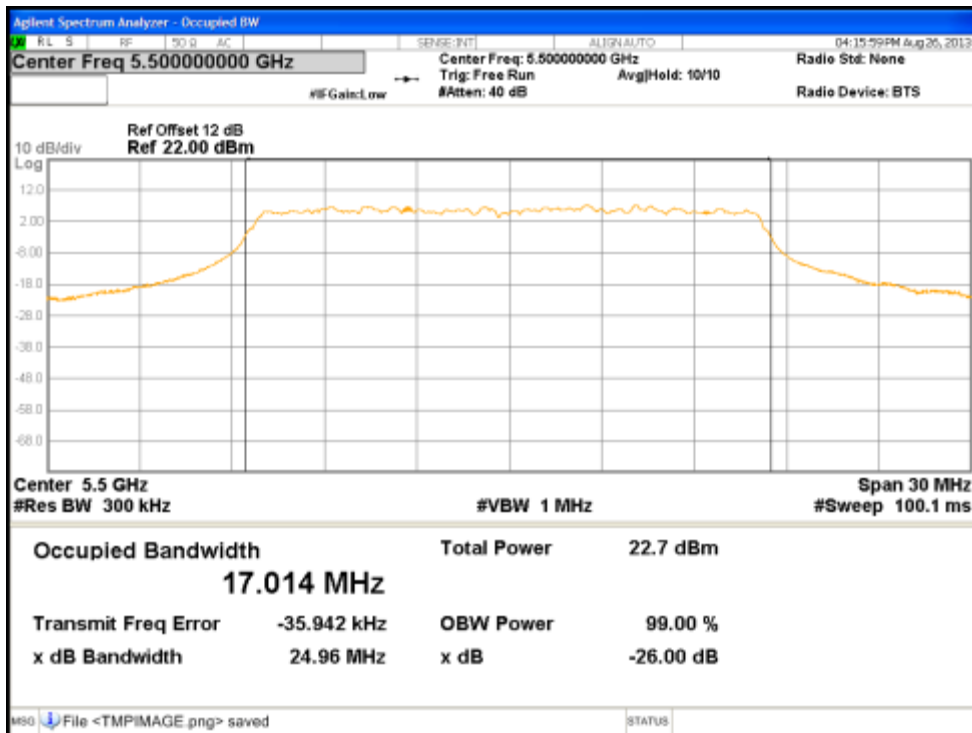


Figure 38: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5500 MHz, Chain 1

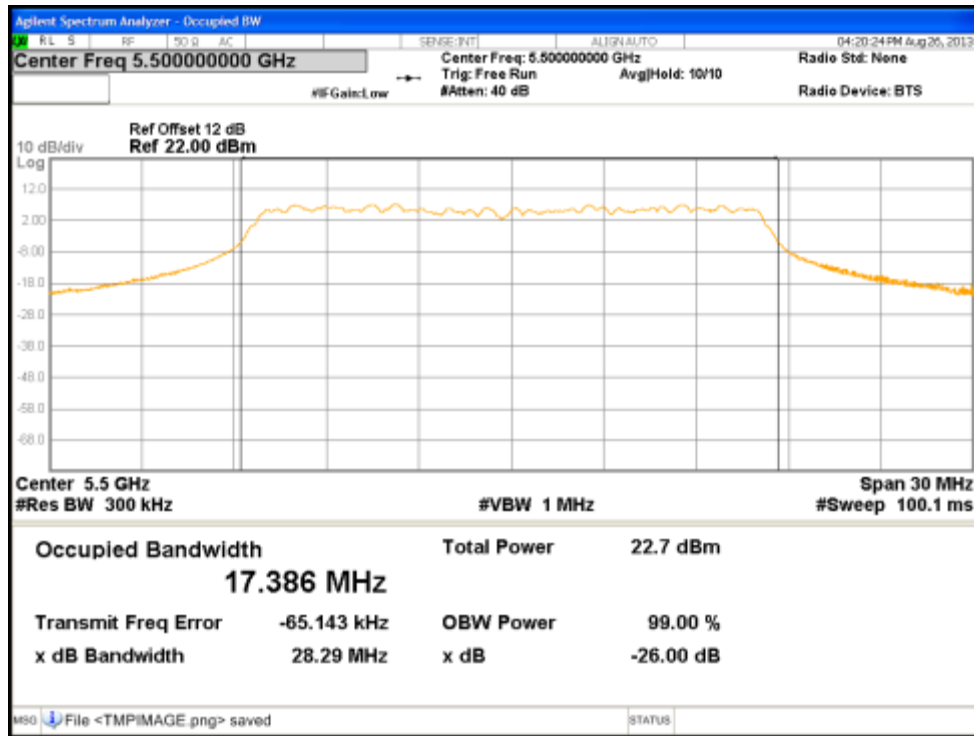


Figure 39: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5500 MHz, Chain 2

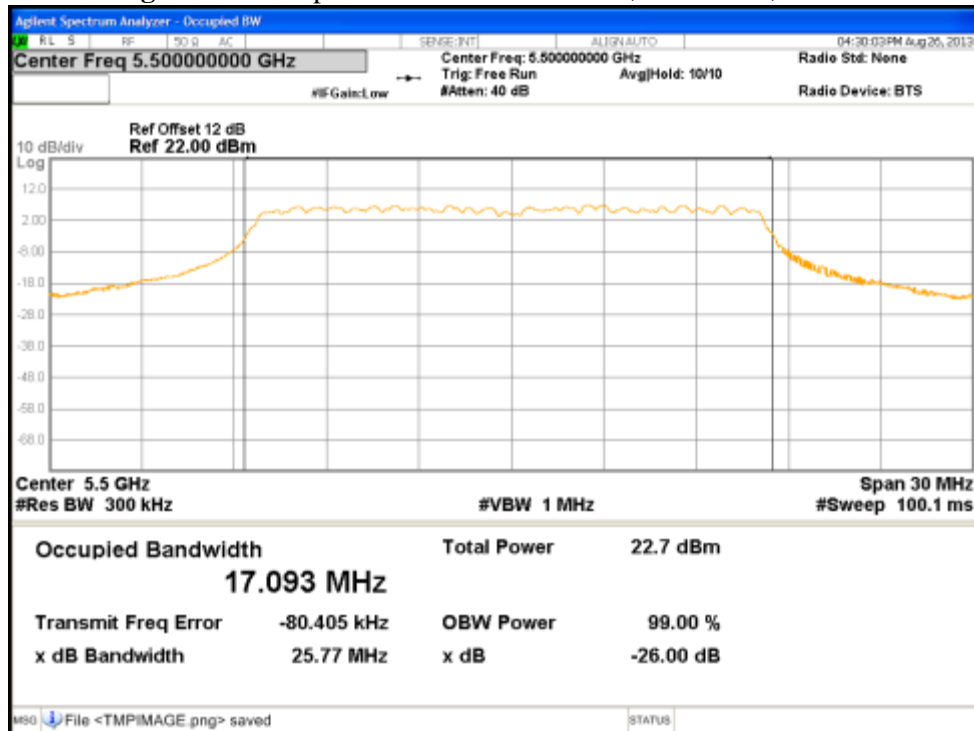


Figure 40: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5500 MHz, Chain 3

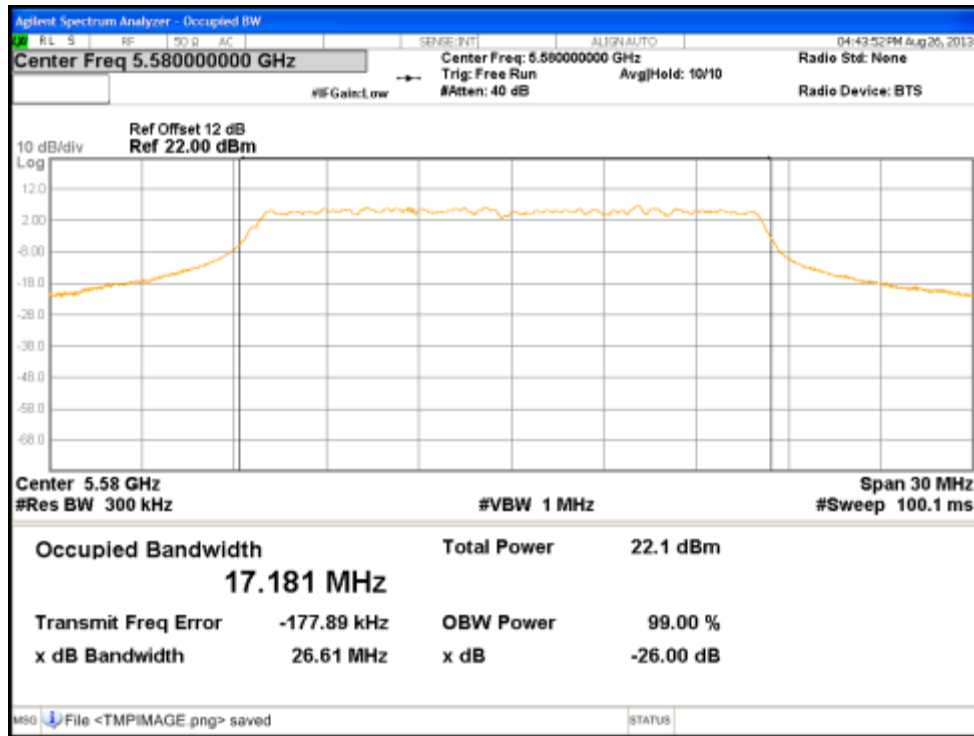


Figure 41: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5580 MHz, Chain 0

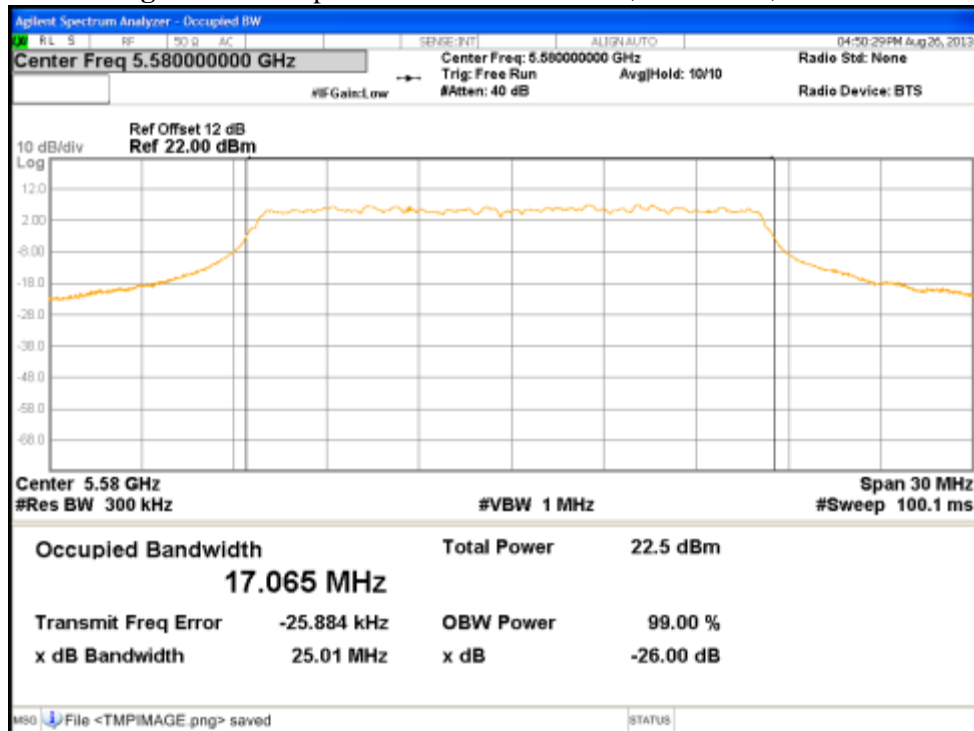


Figure 42: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5580 MHz, Chain 1

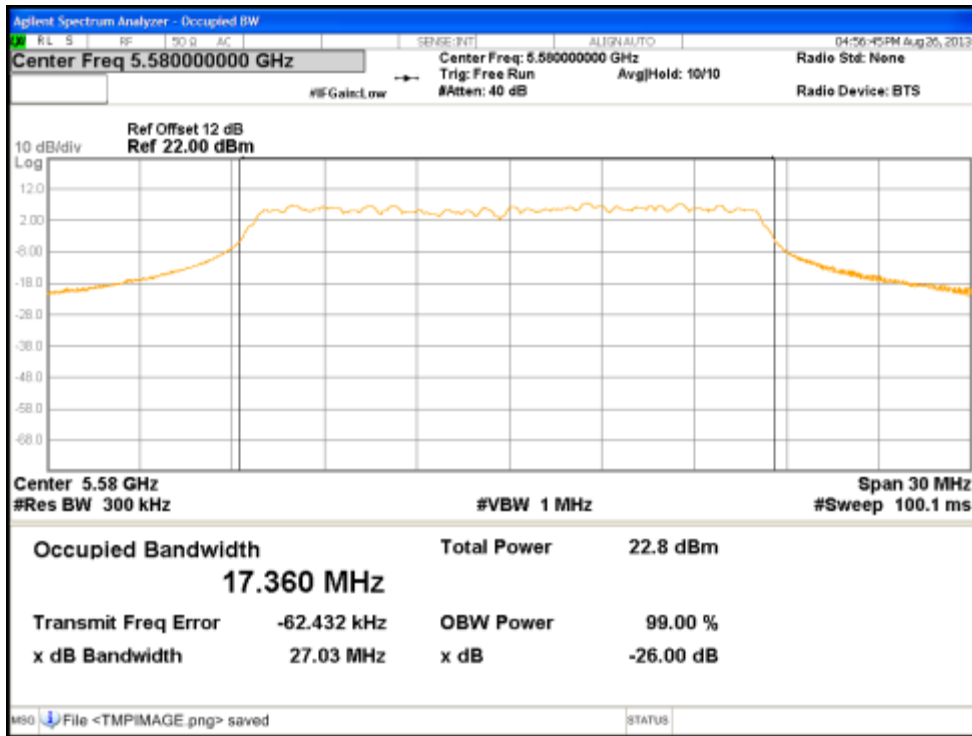


Figure 43: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5580 MHz, Chain 2

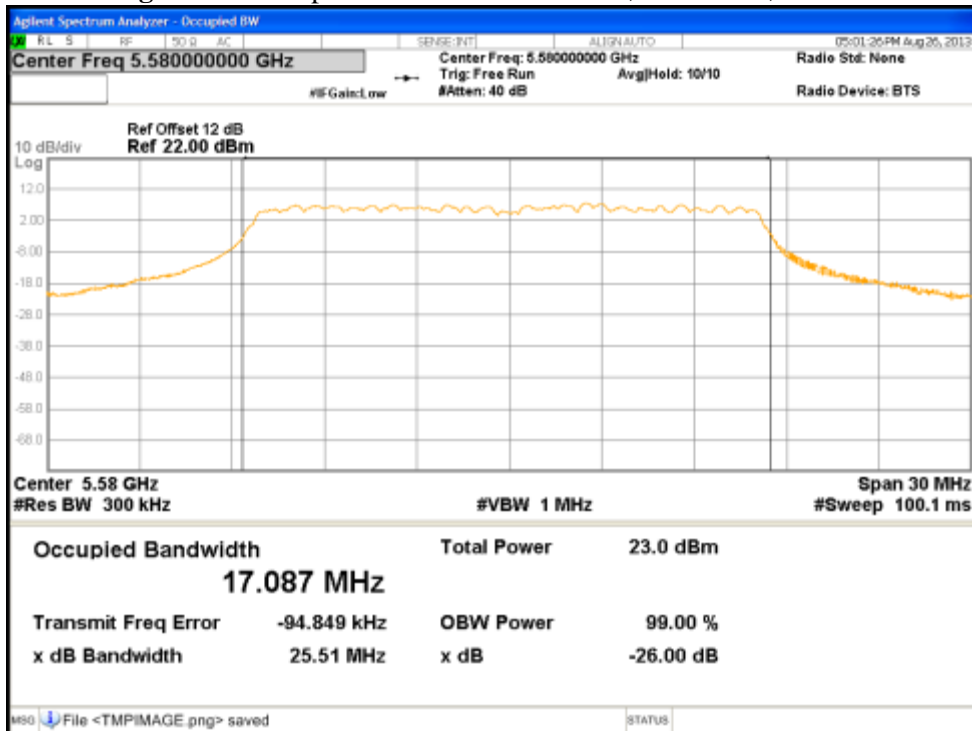


Figure 44: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5580 MHz, Chain 3

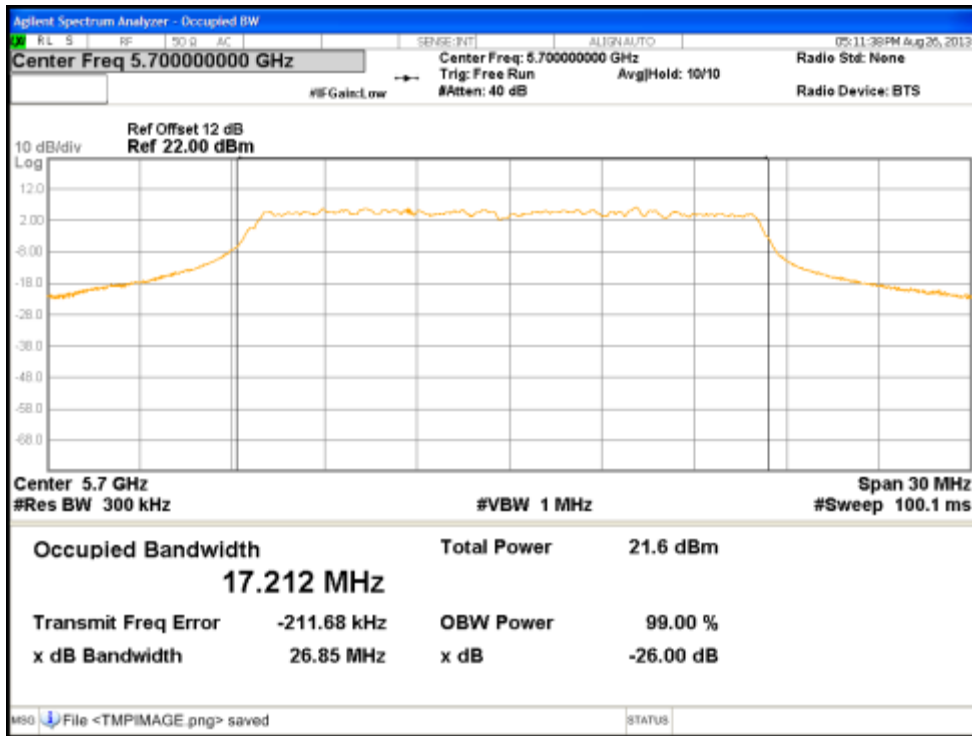


Figure 45: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5700 MHz, Chain 0

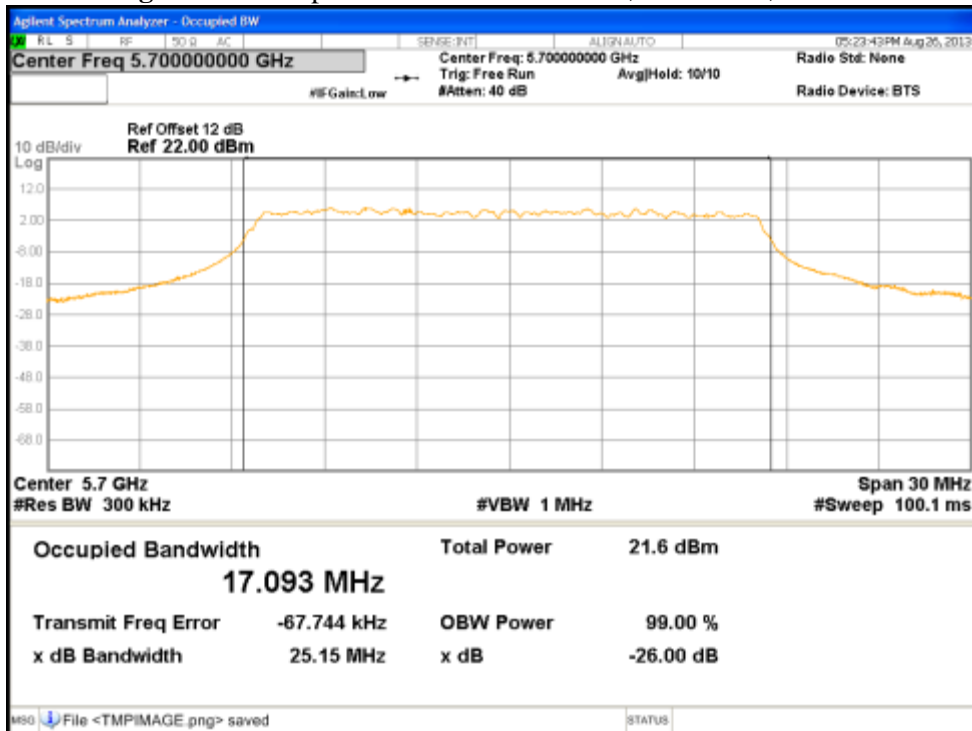


Figure 46: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5700 MHz, Chain 1

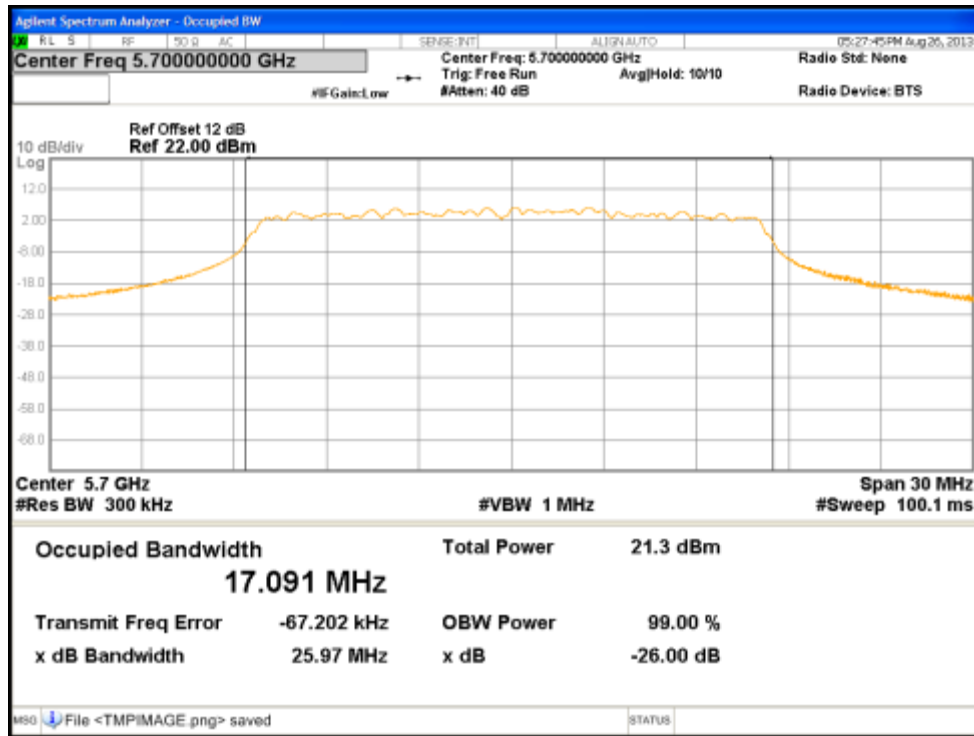


Figure 47: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5700 MHz, Chain 2

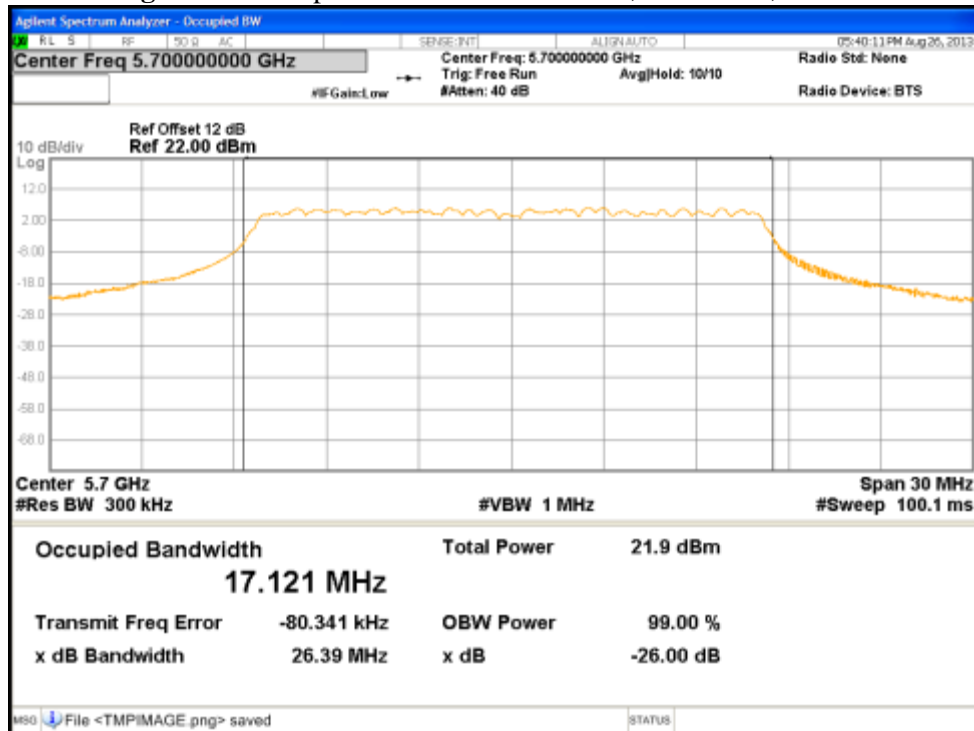


Figure 48: Occupied Bandwidth at 802.11a, 5700 MHz, Chain 3

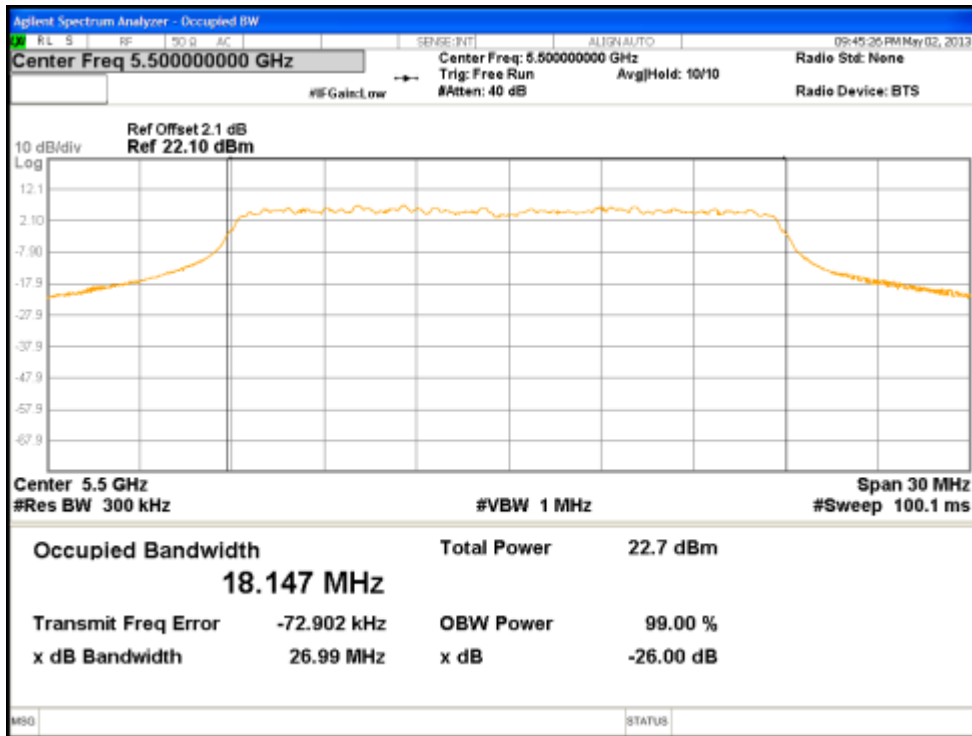


Figure 49: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5500 MHz, Chain 0

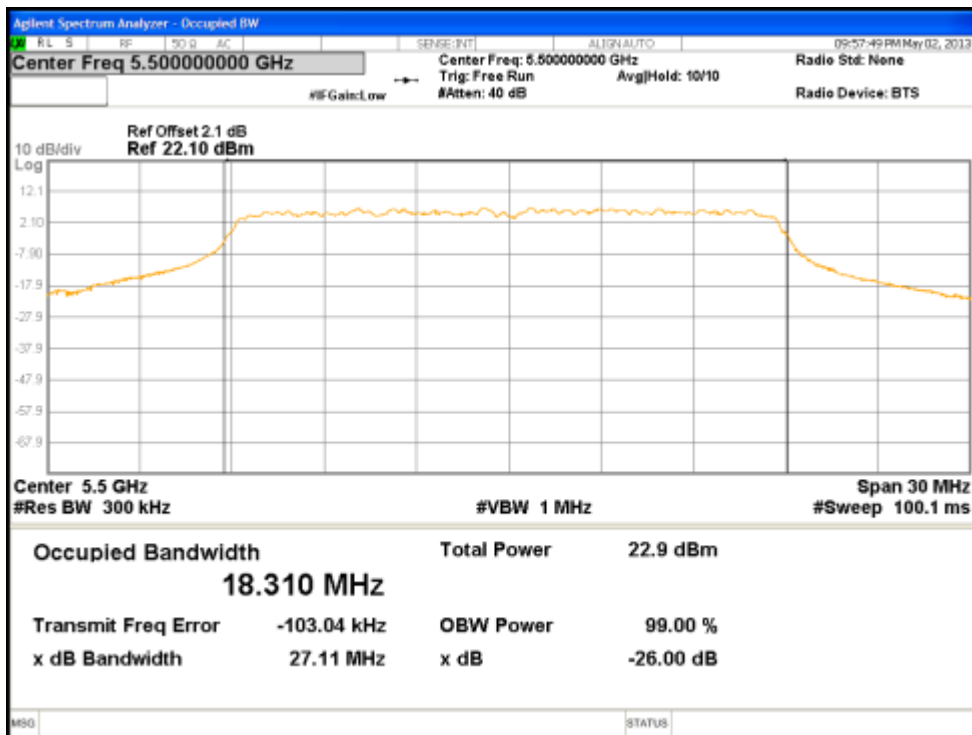


Figure 50: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5500 MHz, Chain 1

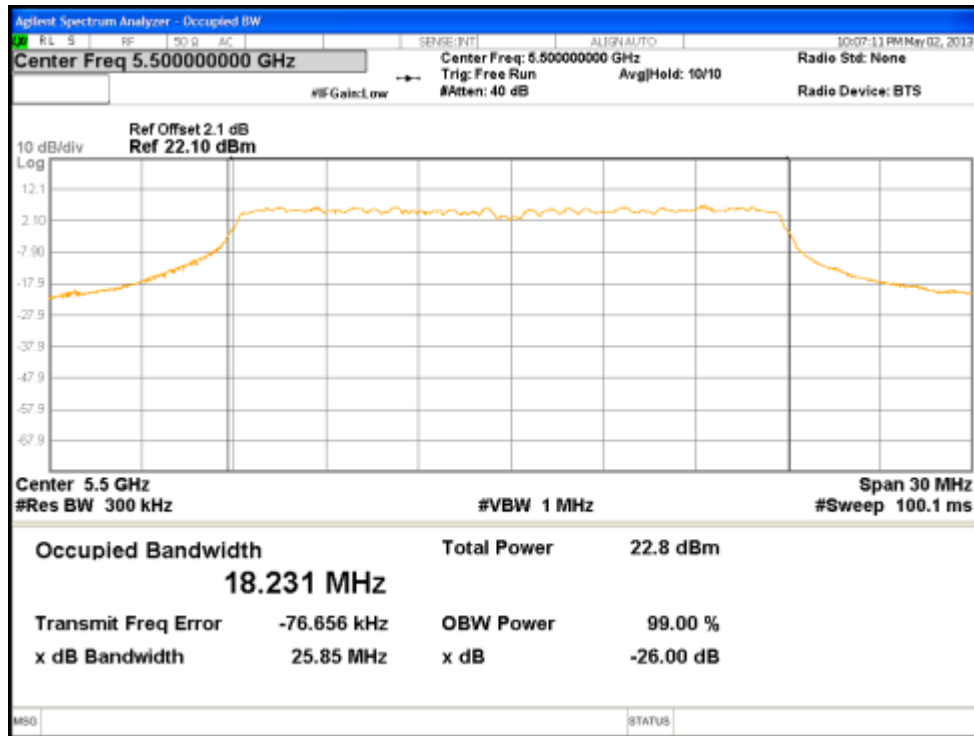


Figure 51: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5500 MHz, Chain 2

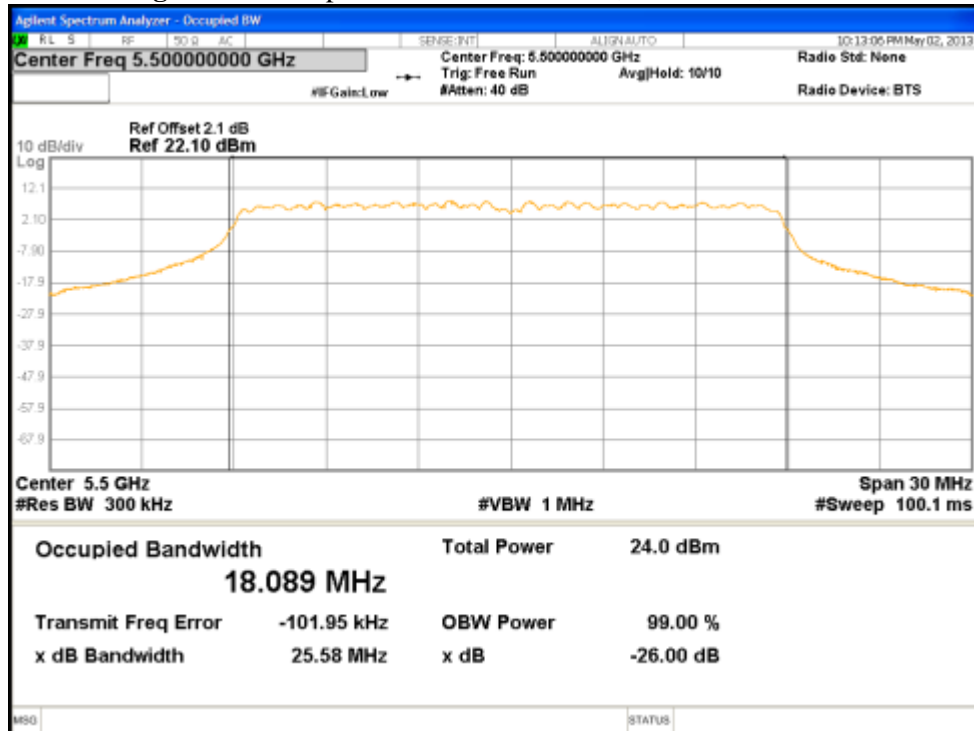


Figure 52: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5500 MHz, Chain 3

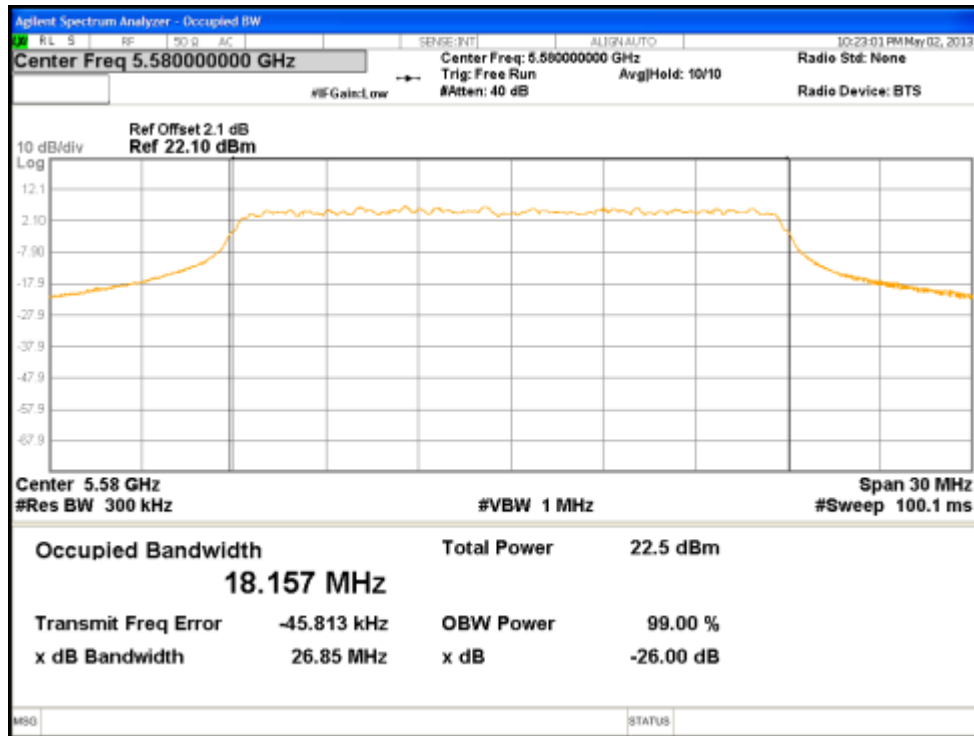


Figure 53: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5580 MHz, Chain 0

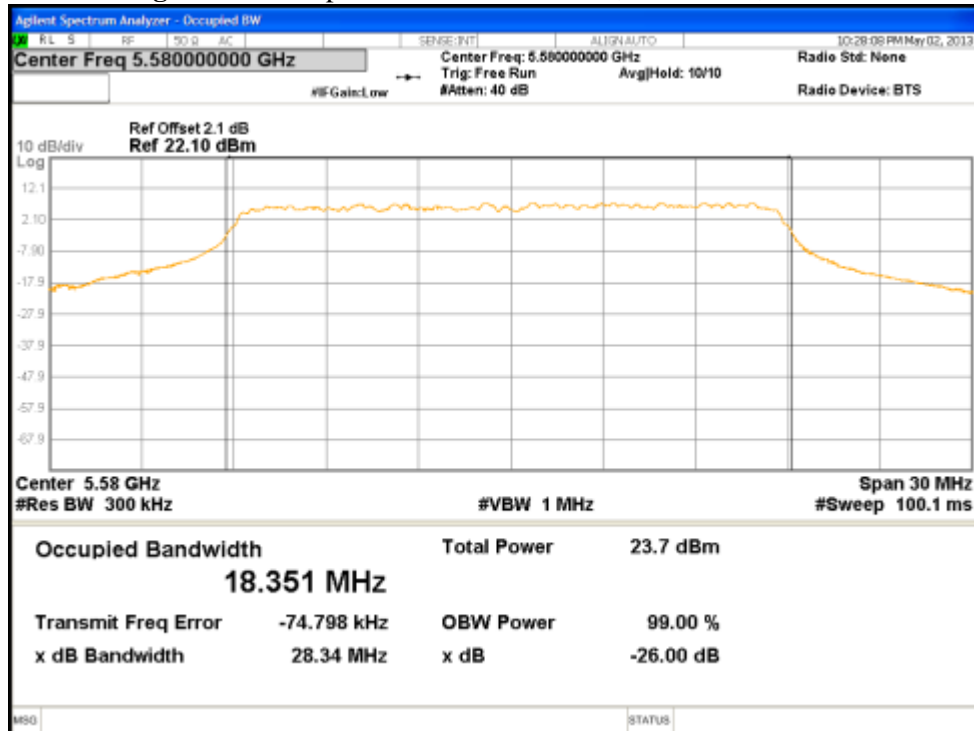


Figure 54: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5580 MHz, Chain 1

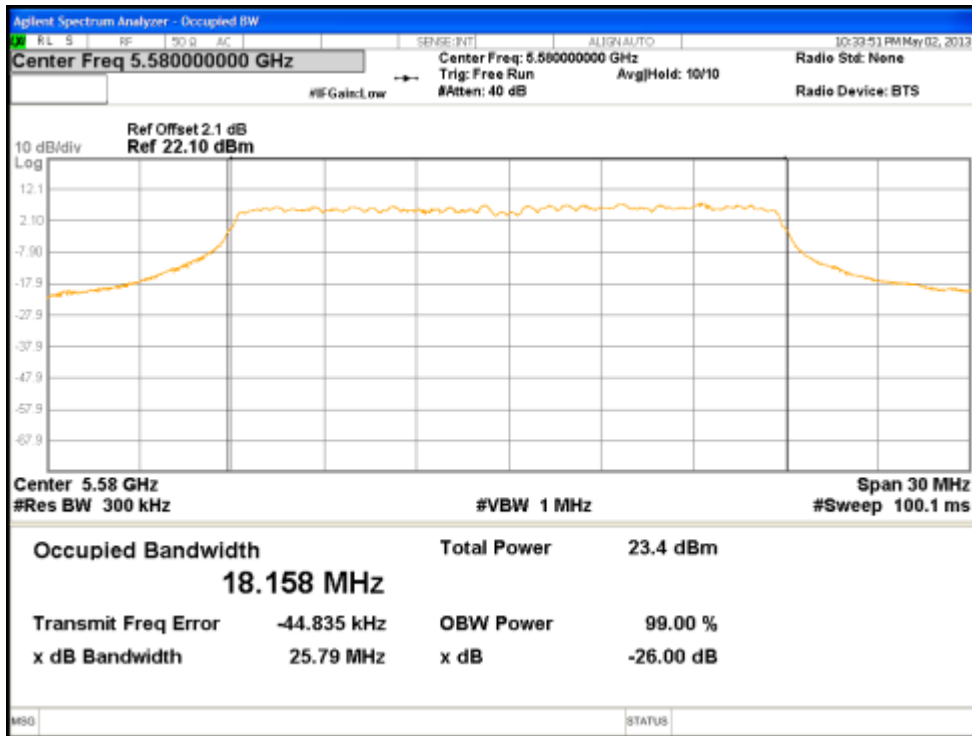


Figure 55: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5580 MHz, Chain 2

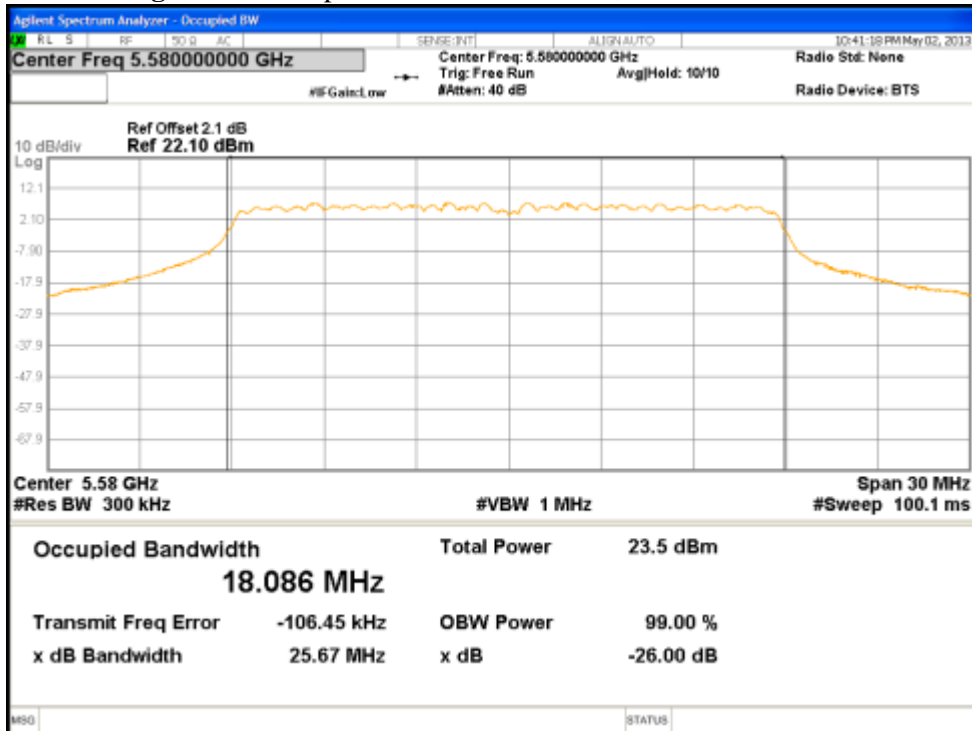


Figure 56: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5580 MHz, Chain 3

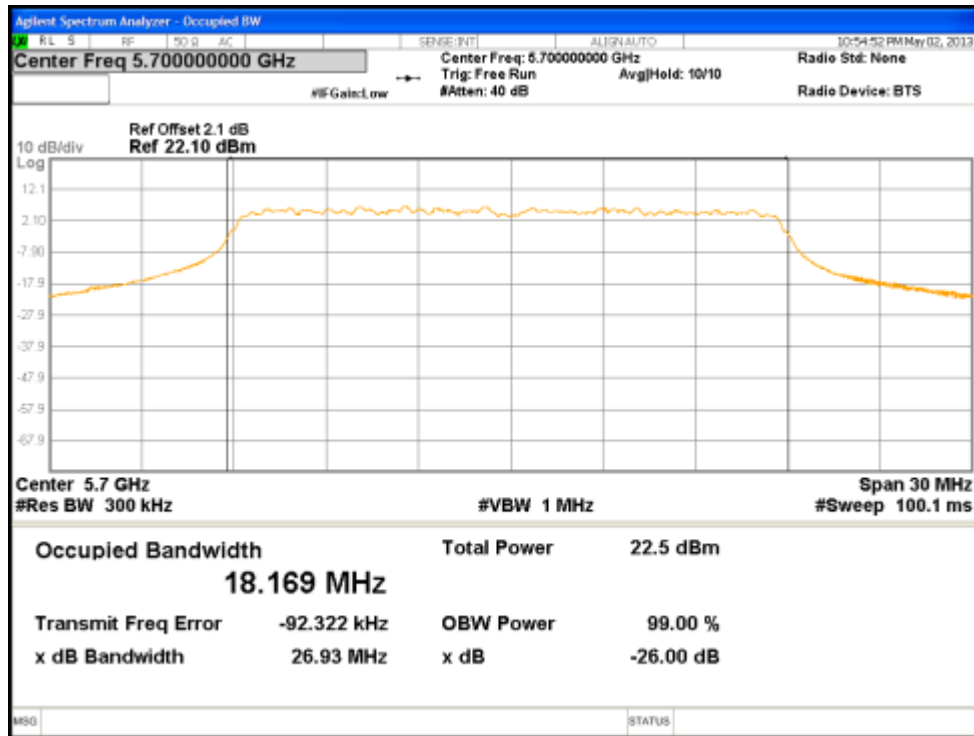


Figure 57: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5700 MHz, Chain 0

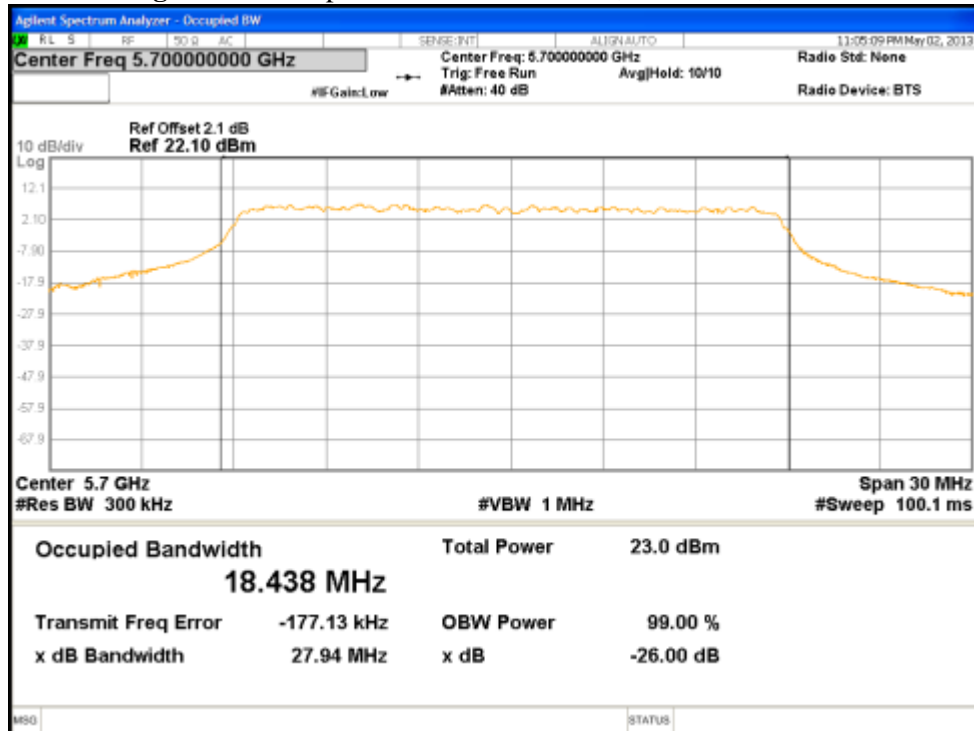


Figure 58: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5700 MHz, Chain 1

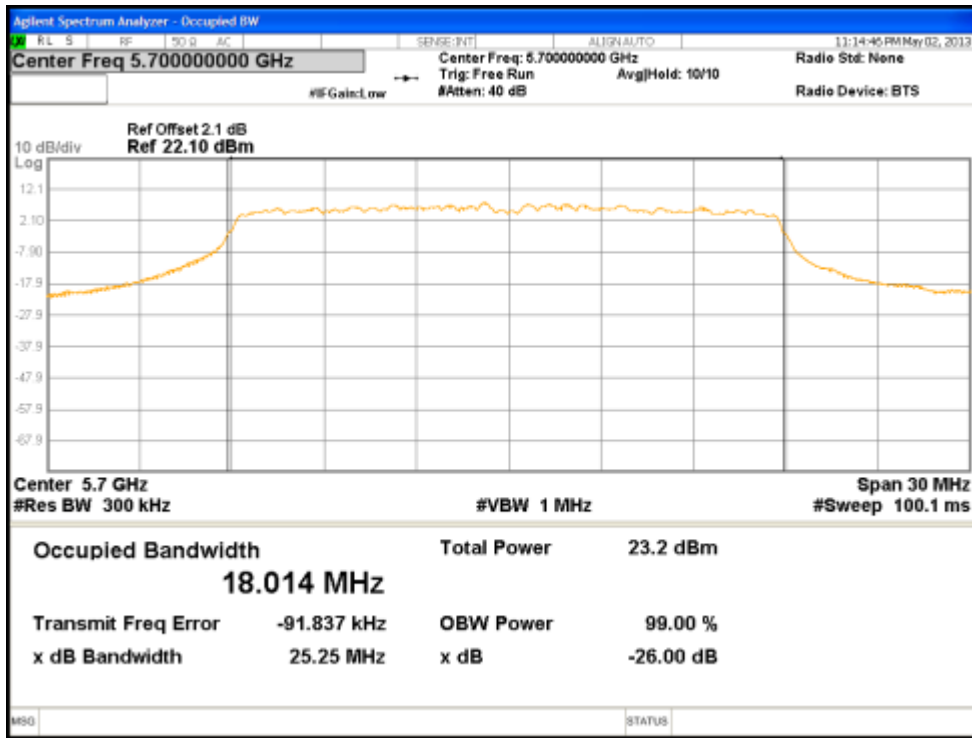


Figure 59: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5700 MHz, Chain 2

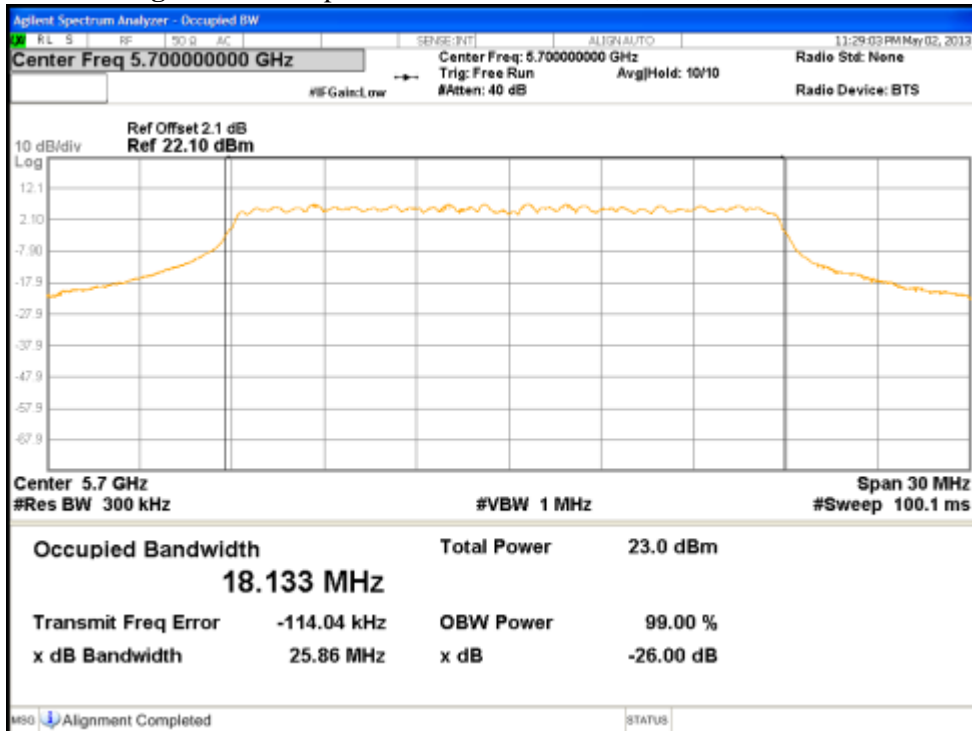


Figure 60: Occupied Bandwidth at HT20, 5700 MHz, Chain 3

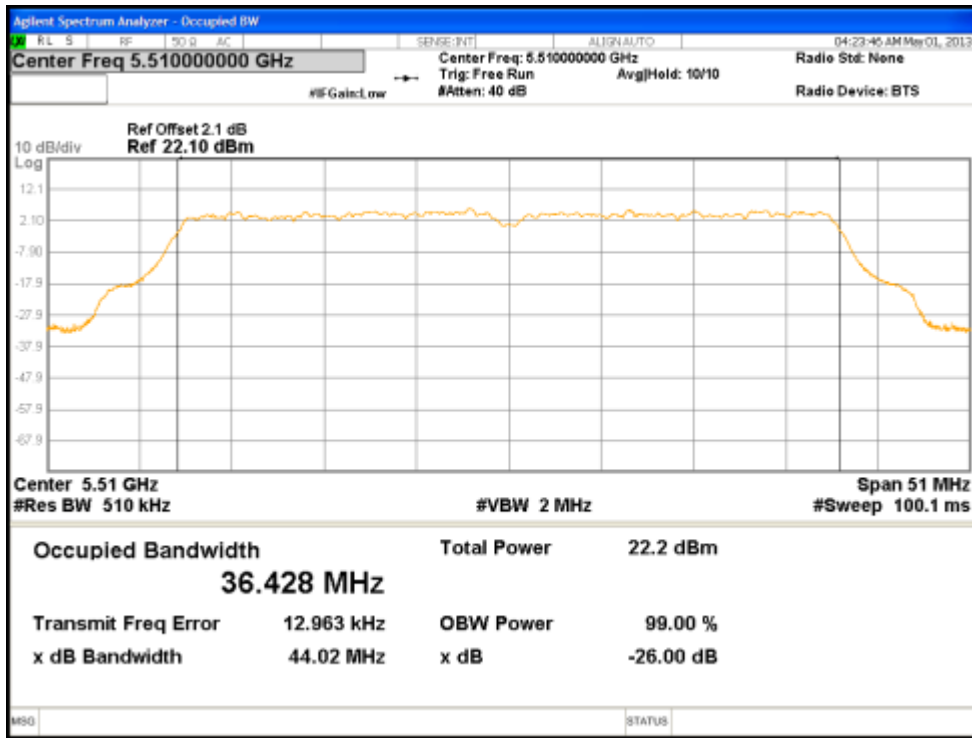


Figure 61: Occupied Bandwidth at 5510 MHz, Chain 0

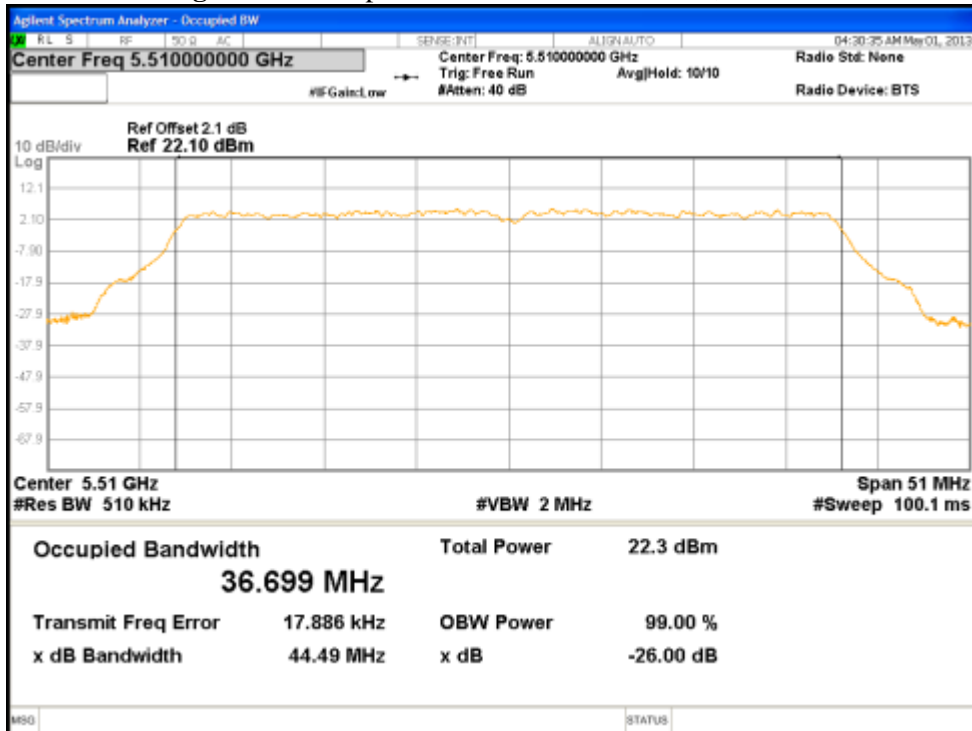


Figure 62: Occupied Bandwidth at 5510 MHz, Chain 1

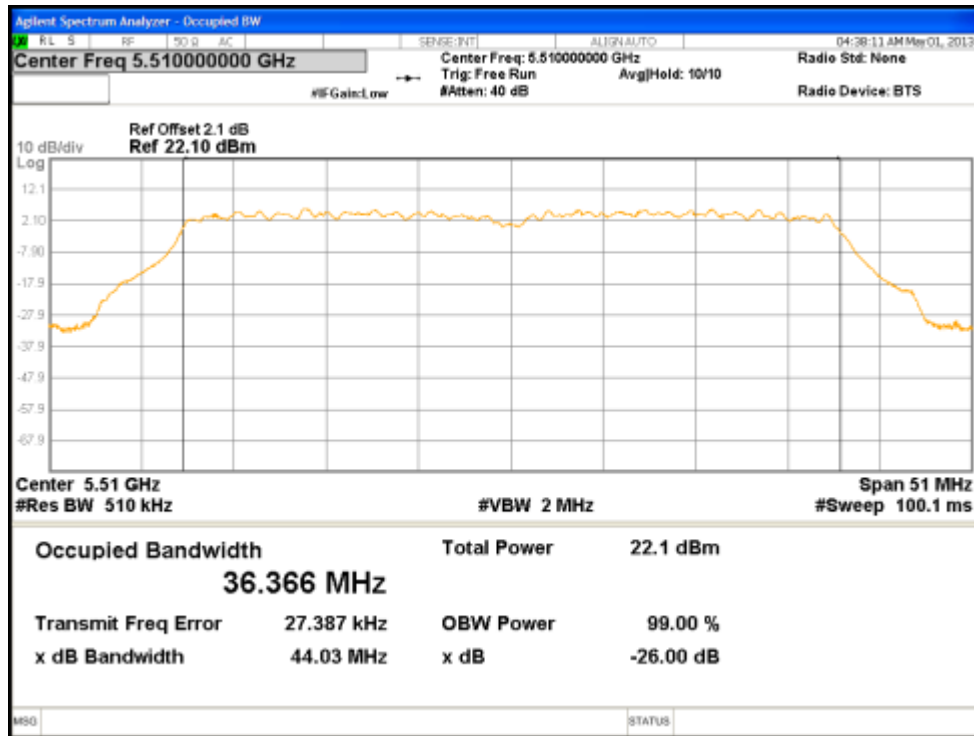


Figure 63: Occupied Bandwidth at 5510 MHz, Chain 2

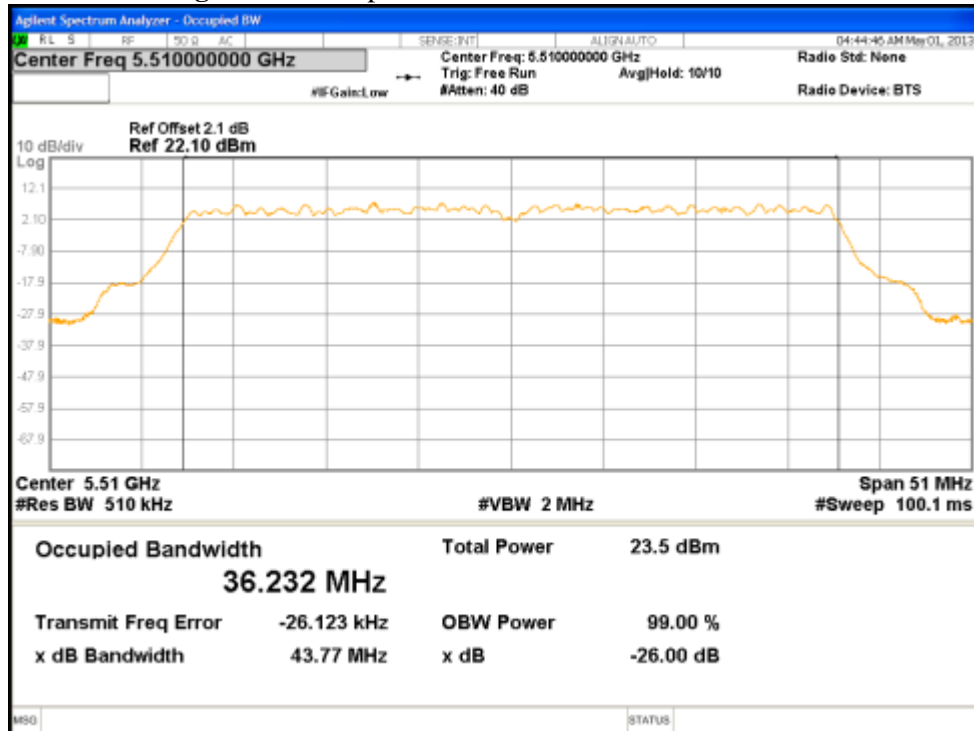


Figure 64: Occupied Bandwidth at 5510 MHz, Chain 3

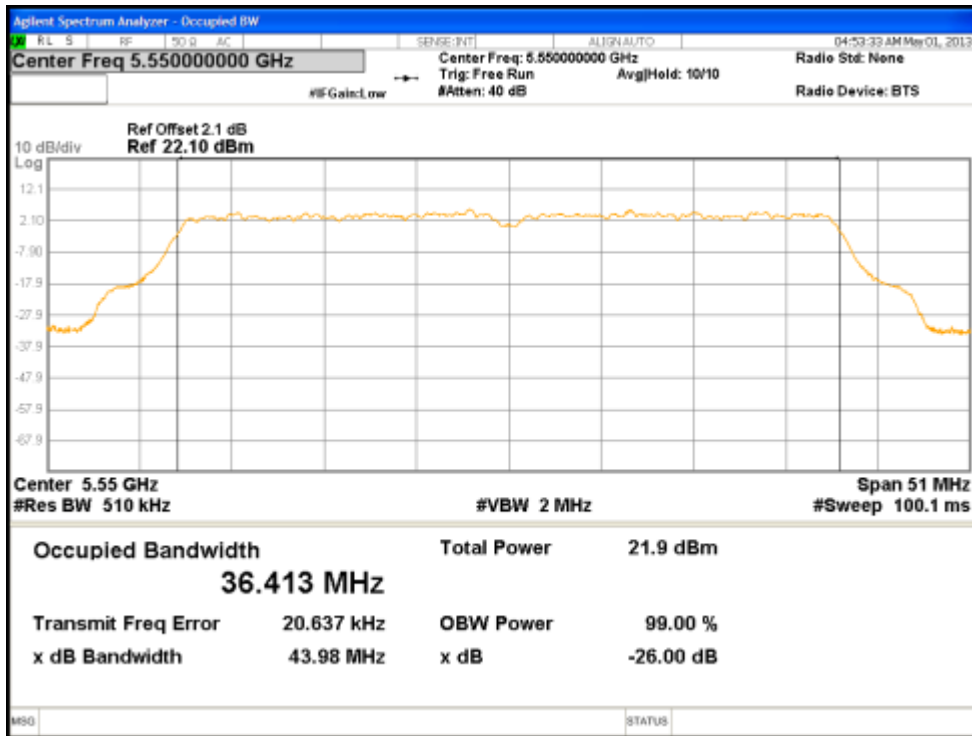


Figure 65: Occupied Bandwidth at 5550 MHz, Chain 0

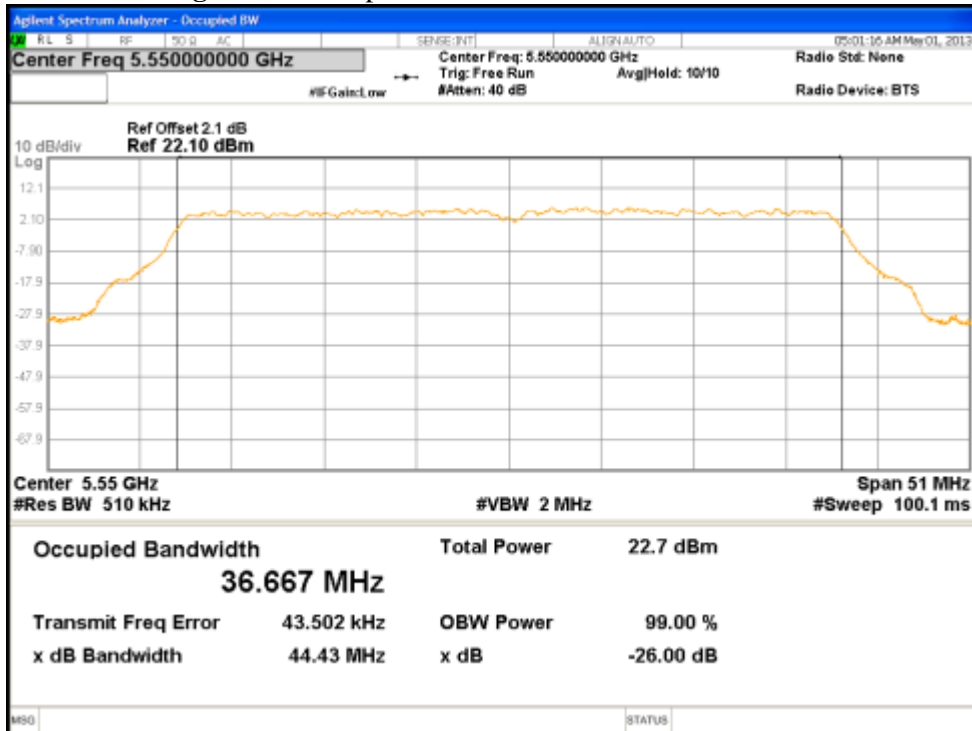


Figure 66: Occupied Bandwidth at 5550 MHz, Chain 1

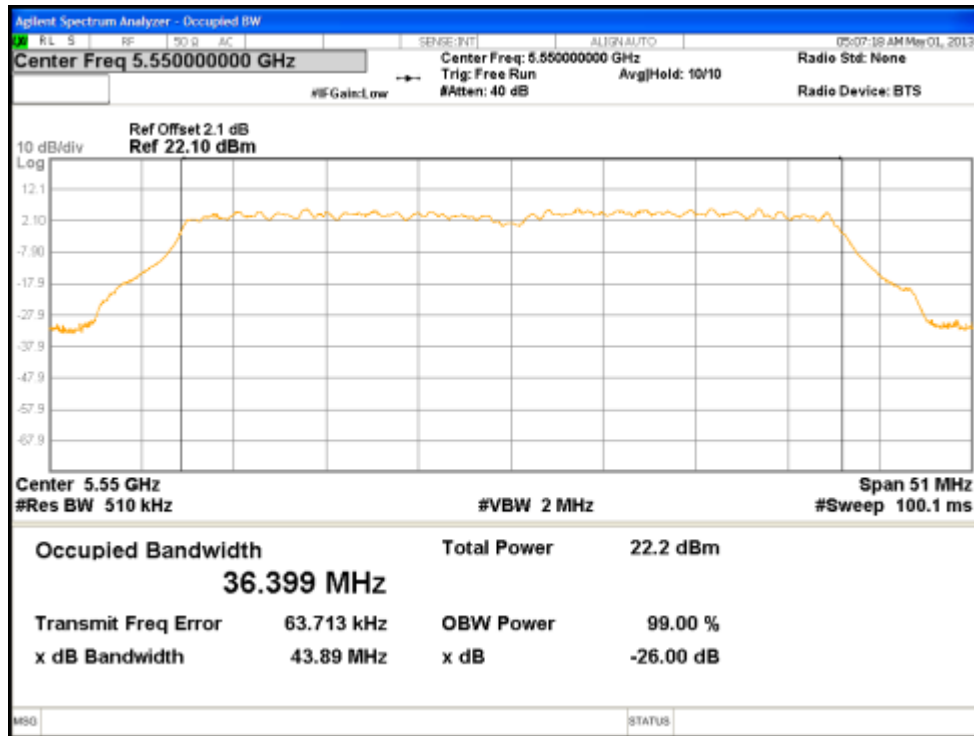


Figure 67: Occupied Bandwidth at 5550 MHz, Chain 2

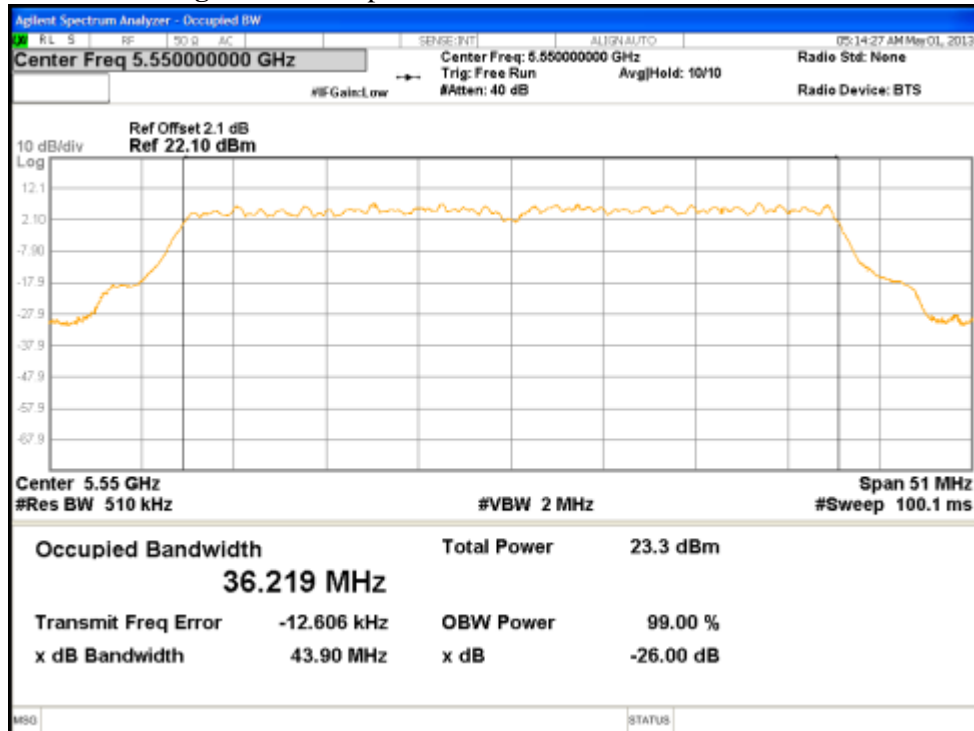


Figure 68: Occupied Bandwidth at 5550 MHz, Chain 3

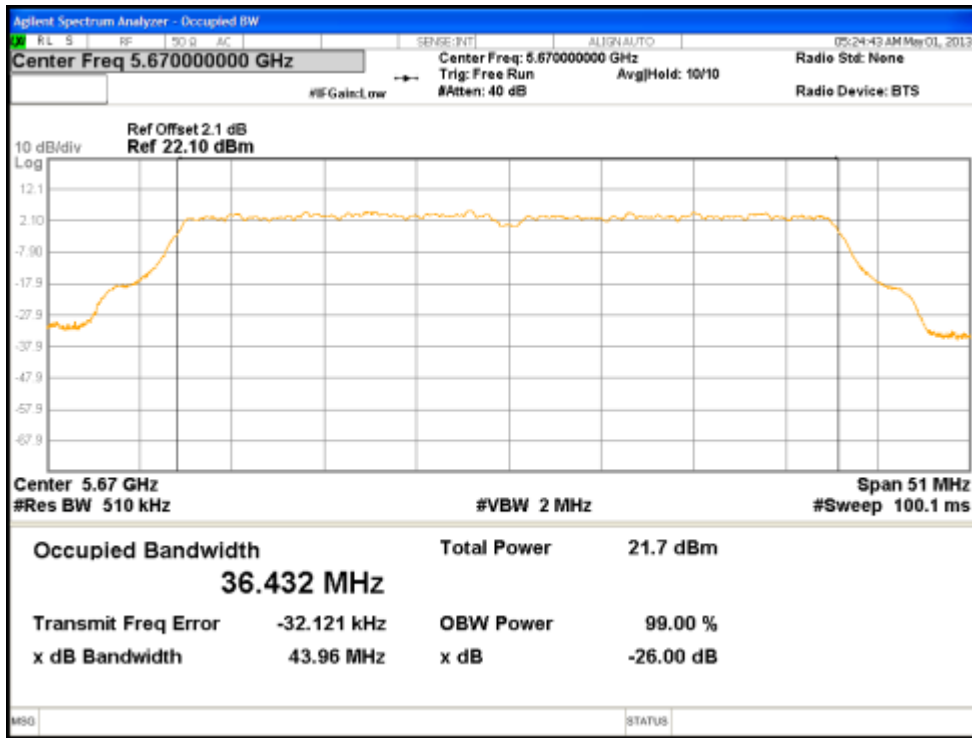


Figure 69: Occupied Bandwidth at 5670 MHz, Chain 0

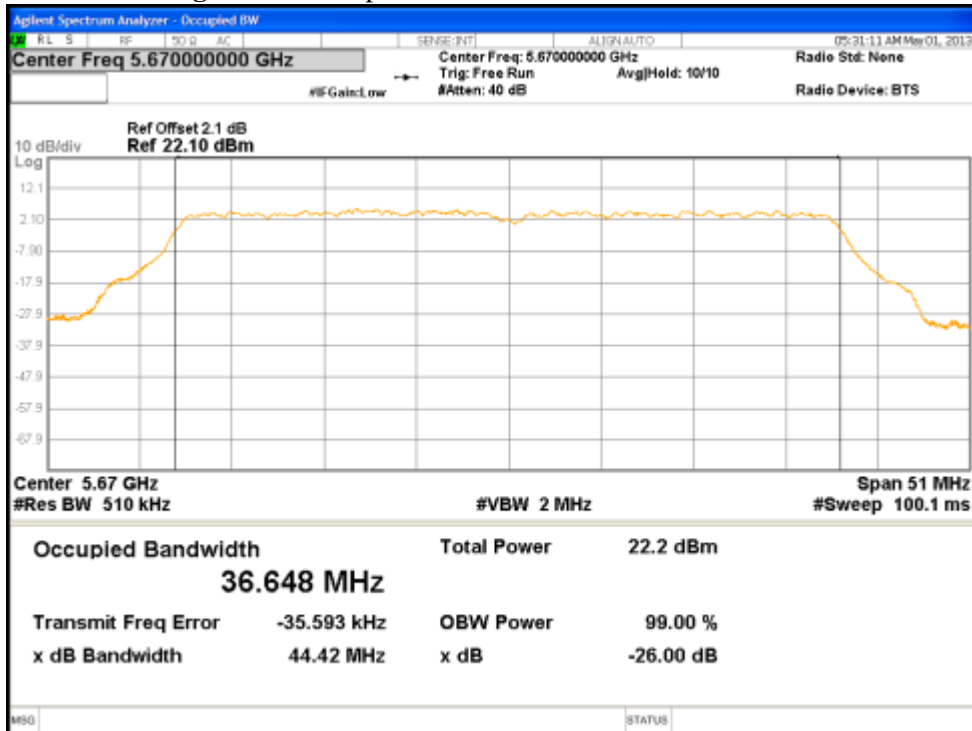


Figure 70: Occupied Bandwidth at 5670 MHz, Chain 1

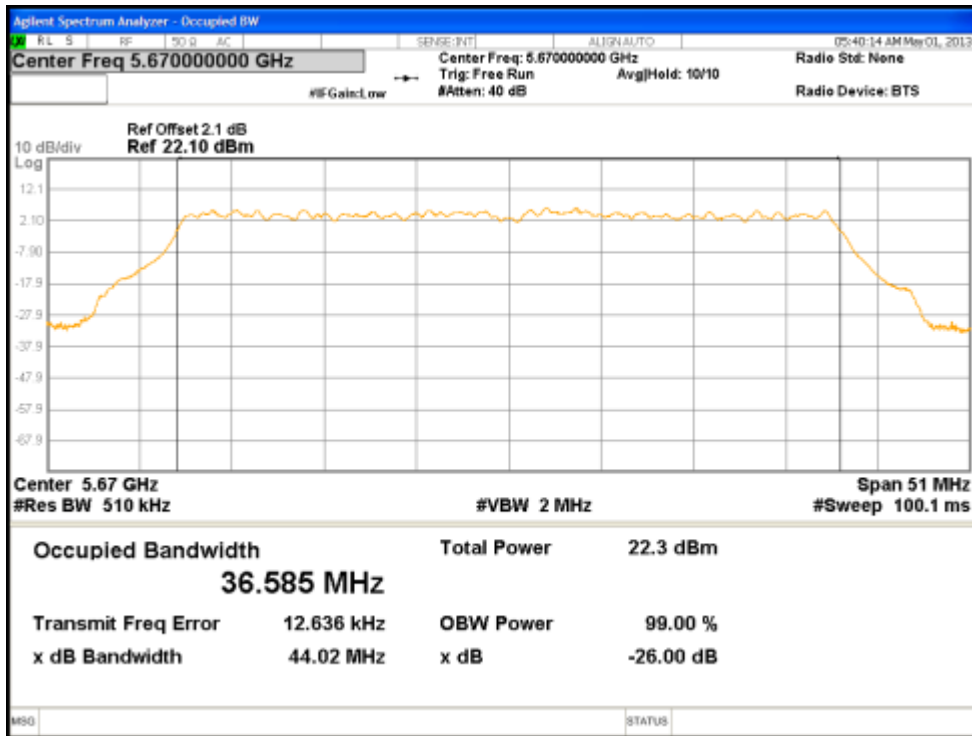


Figure 71: Occupied Bandwidth at 5670 MHz, Chain 2

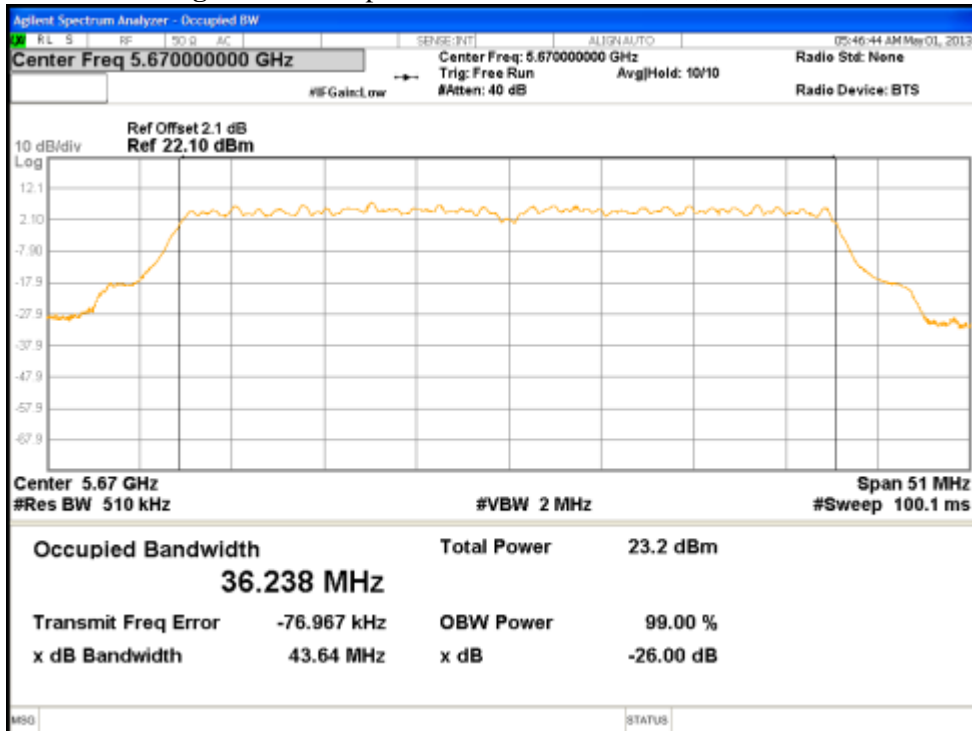


Figure 72: Occupied Bandwidth at 5670 MHz, Chain 3

4.3 Peak Excursion

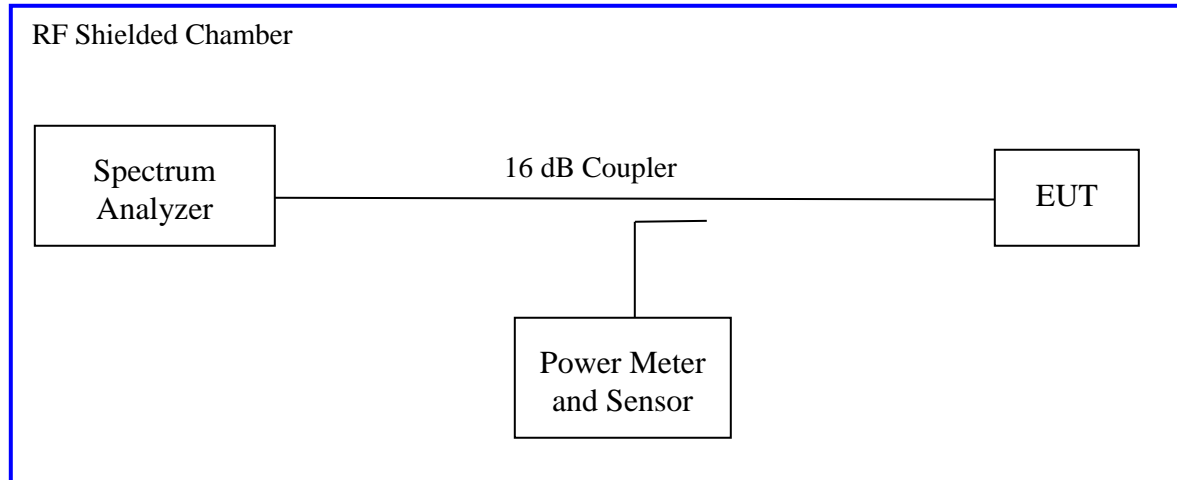
According to the CFR47 Part 15.407 (a)(6), the ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

4.3.1 Test Method

The ANSI C63.10-2009 Section 6.10.4 conducted method was used to measure the peak excursion.

The measurement was performed with modulation per CFR47 Part 15.407 (a) (6). This test was conducted on 3 channels in each operating mode in frequency range 5470 MHz to 5725 MHz on the test sample, S/N 09130M000104. The worst sample result indicated below.

Test Setup:



4.3.2 Results

As originally tested, the EUT was found to be compliant to the requirements of the test standard(s).

Table 5: Peak Excursion – Test Results

Test Conditions: Conducted Measurement, Normal Temperature						
Antenna Type: Integrated			Power Setting: see test plan			
Max. Directional Gain: + 8 dBi			Signal State: Modulated at 100%.			
Ambient Temp.: 23 °C			Relative Humidity: 32%			
802.11a Mode						
Operating Channel	Limit [dB]	Ch0 [dB]	Ch1 [dB]	Ch2 [dB]	Ch3 [dB]	Margin [dB]
5500	13.0	-7.40	-7.01	-7.26	-7.64	-5.36
5580	13.0	-7.17	-7.16	-7.27	-7.57	-5.43
5700	13.0	-7.11	-6.86	-7.29	-7.21	-5.71
Note: The peak excursion was observed at 802.11a 6 Mbps per Data Stream.						
802.11n (HT20) Mode						
Operating Channel	Limit [dB]	Ch0 [dB]	Ch1 [dB]	Ch2 [dB]	Ch3 [dB]	Margin [dB]
5500	13.0	-7.10	-7.30	-7.67	-8.30	-5.90
5580	13.0	-7.50	-6.96	-7.68	-8.51	-6.04
5700	13.0	-7.89	-7.13	-8.37	-8.48	-5.87
Note: The peak excursion was observed at HT20 6.5 Mbps per Data Stream.						
802.11n (HT40) Mode						
Operating Channel	Limit [dB]	Ch0 [dB]	Ch1 [dB]	Ch2 [dB]	Ch3 [dB]	Margin [dB]
5510	13.0	-7.14	-7.28	-6.96	-7.57	-6.05
5550	13.0	-7.21	-7.32	-7.46	-7.73	-5.79
5670	13.0	-7.65	-6.70	-7.66	-8.22	-6.30
Note: The peak excursion was observed at HT40 13.5 Mbps per Data Stream						

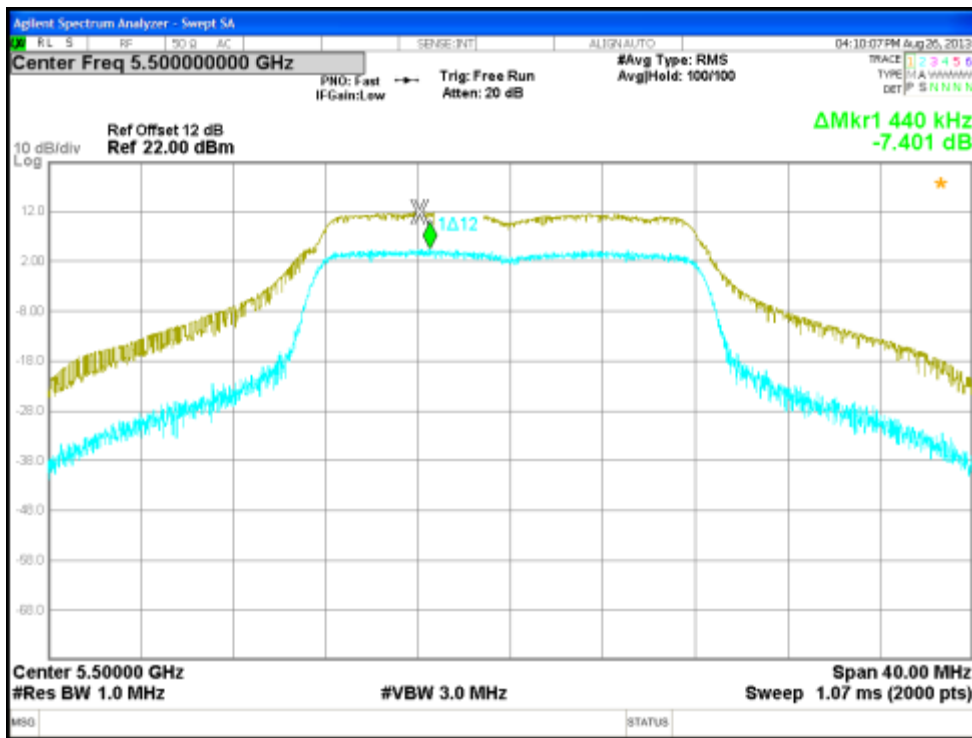


Figure 73: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 0 – 6 Mbps

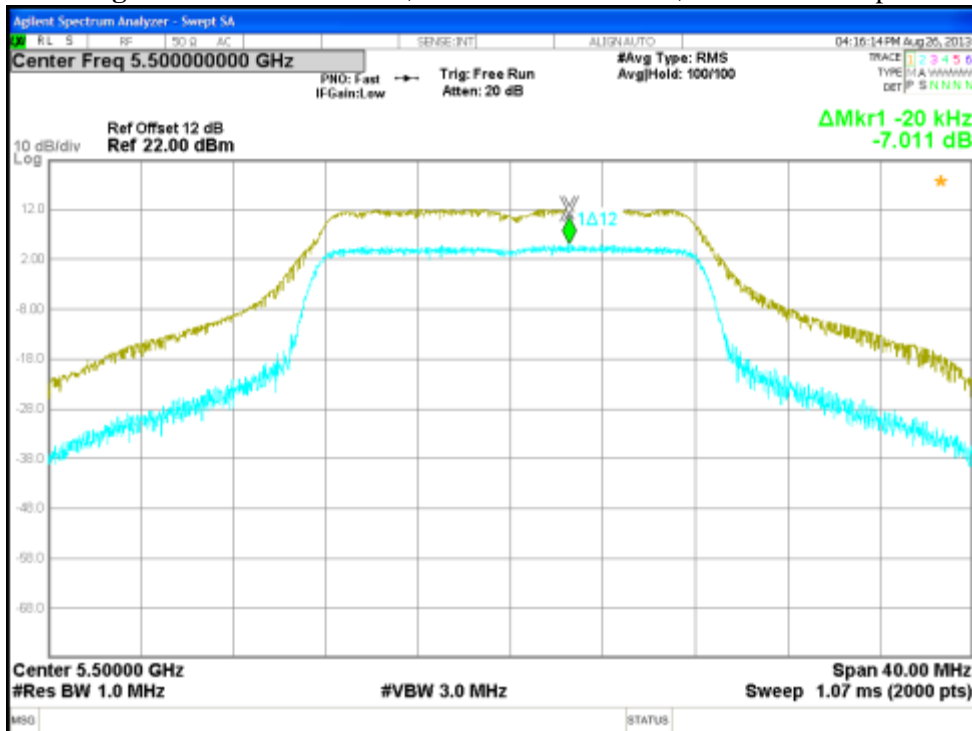


Figure 74: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 1 – 6 Mbps

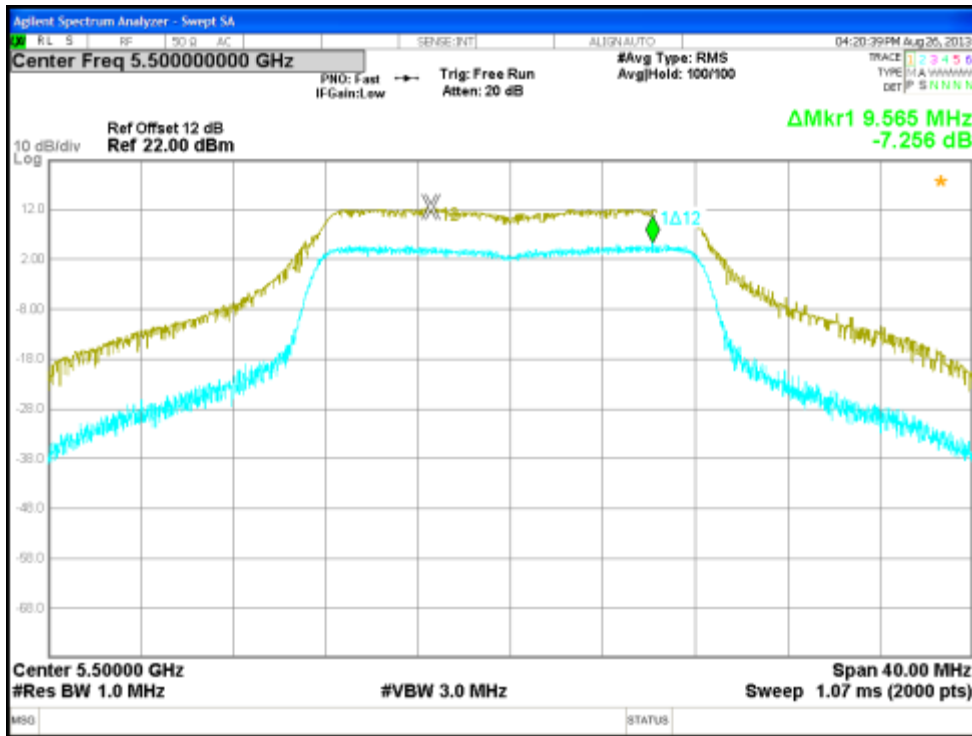


Figure 75: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 2 – 6 Mbps

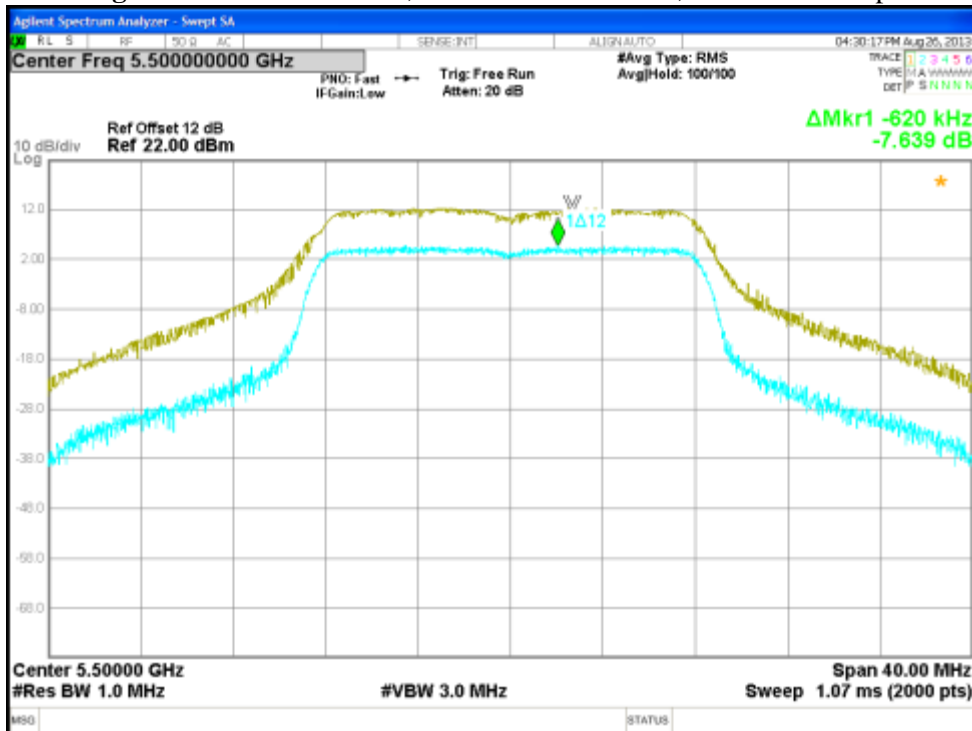


Figure 76: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 3 – 6 Mbps

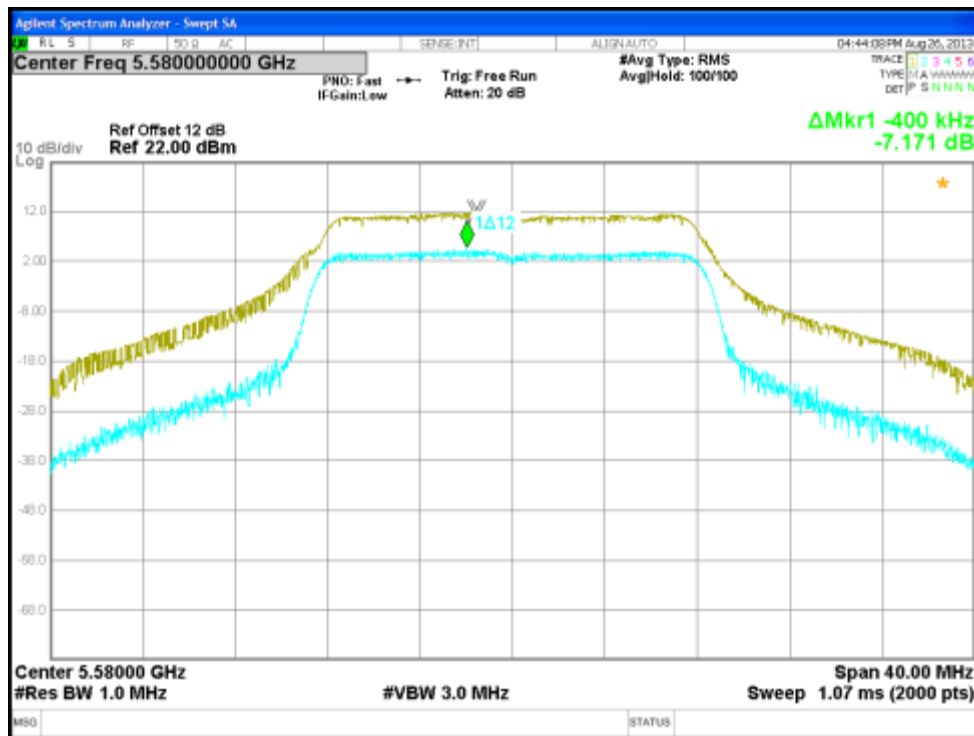


Figure 77: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 0 – 6 Mbps

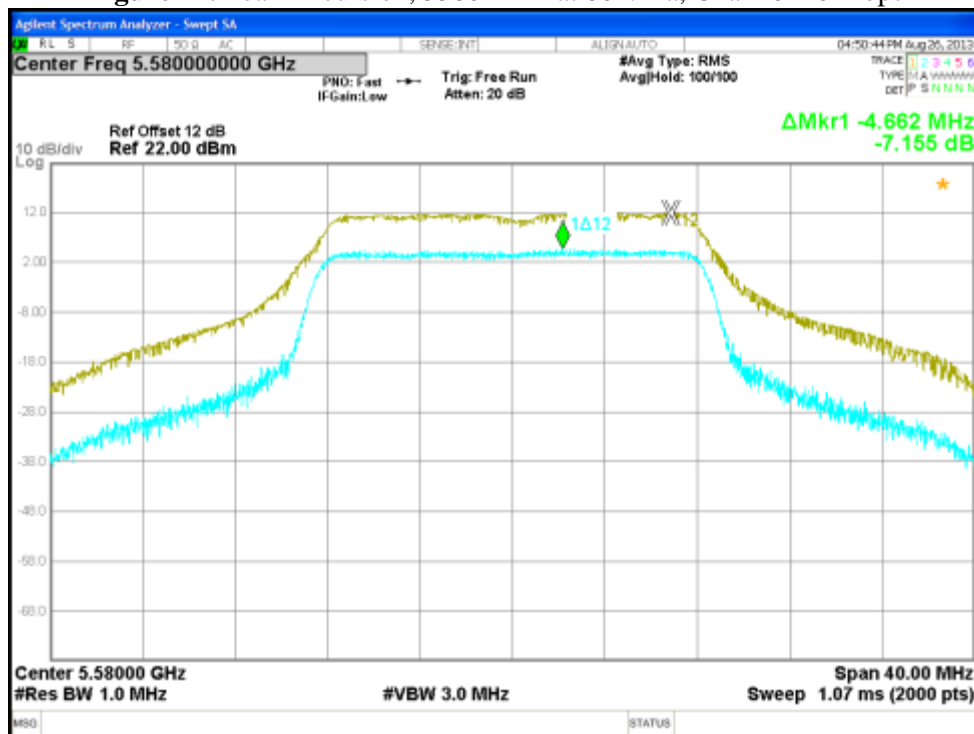


Figure 78: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 1 – 6 Mbps

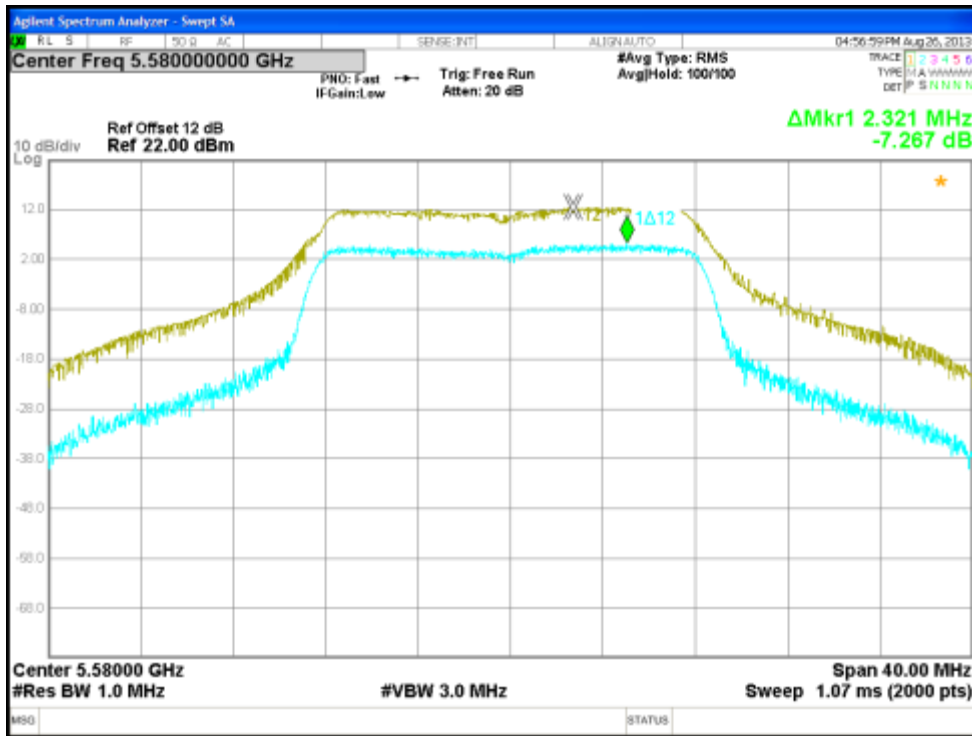


Figure 79: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 2 – 6 Mbps

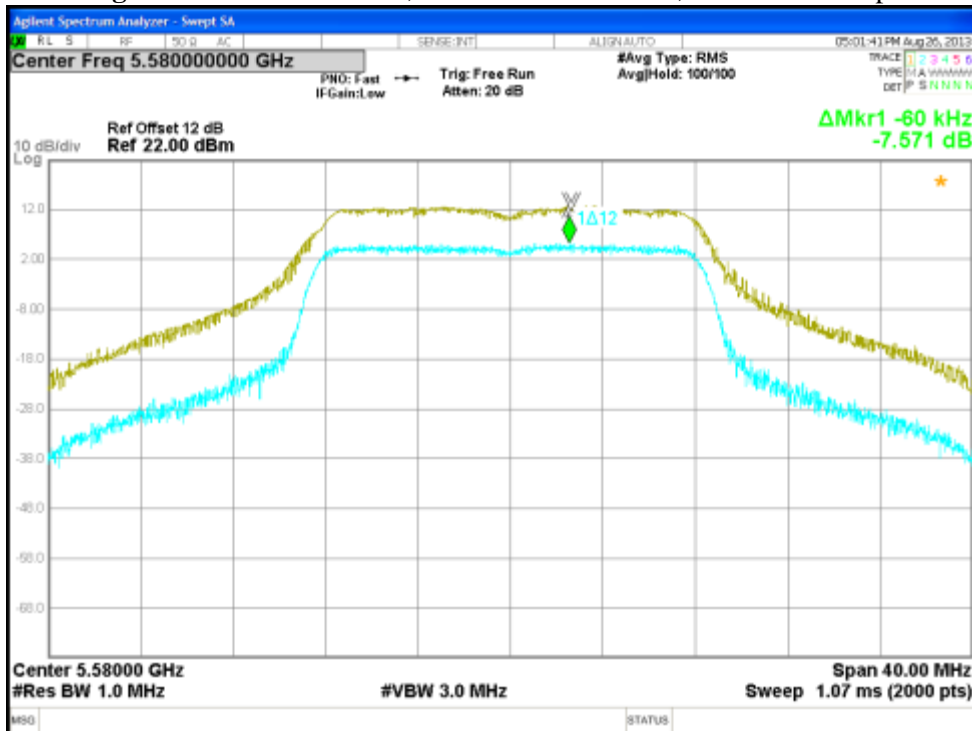


Figure 80: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 3 – 6 Mbps

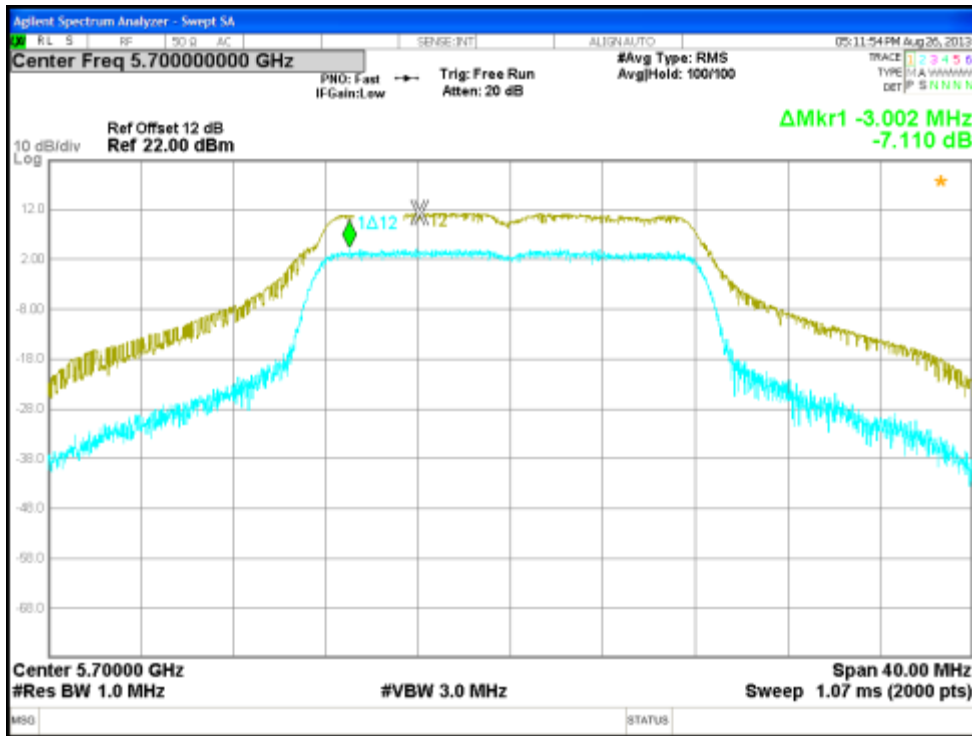


Figure 81: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 0 – 6 Mbps

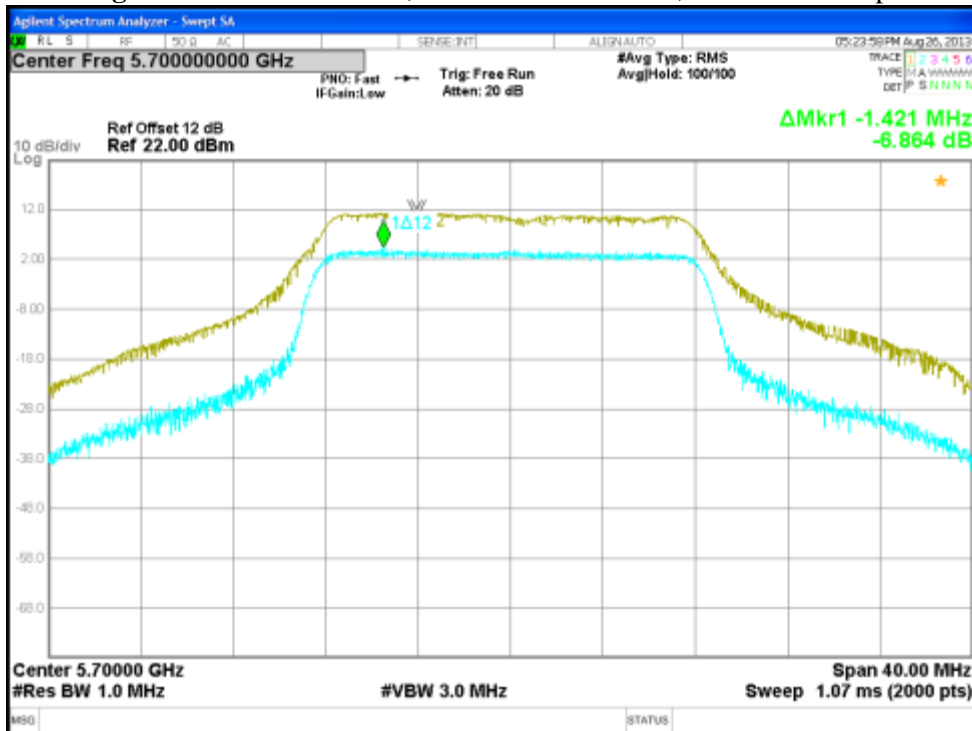


Figure 82: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 1 – 6 Mbps

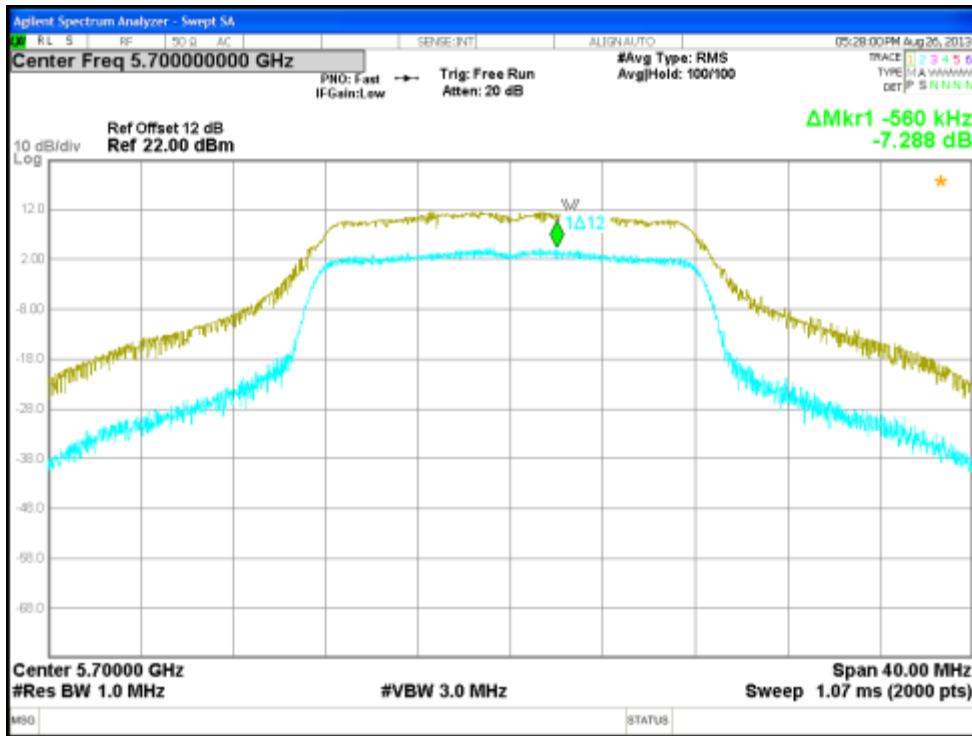


Figure 83: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 2 – 6 Mbps

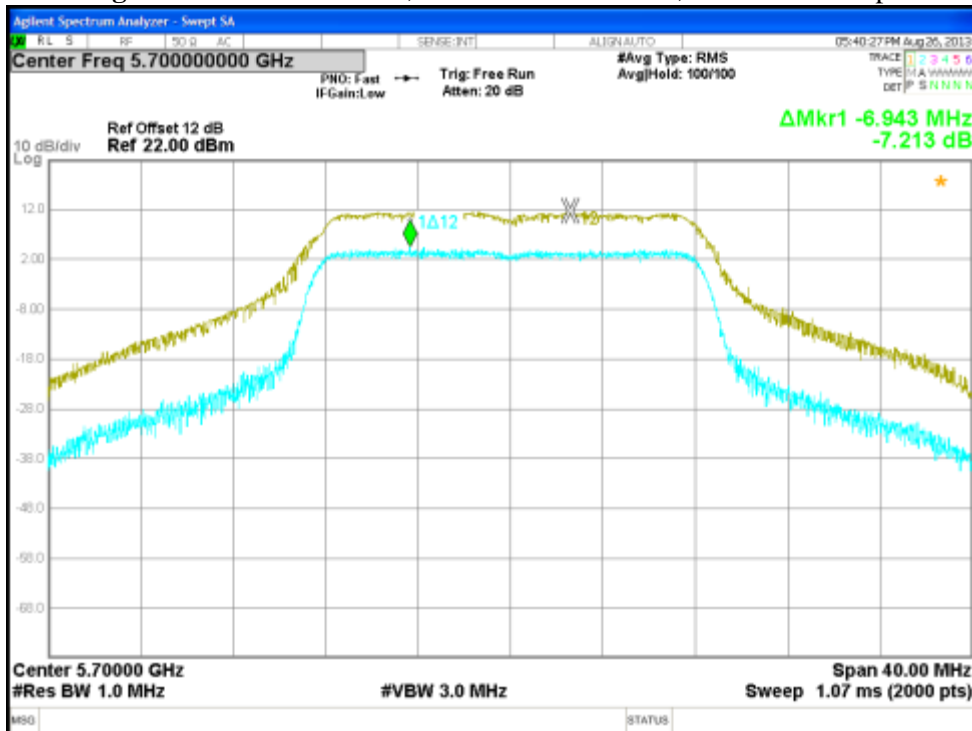


Figure 84: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11a, Chain 3 – 6 Mbps

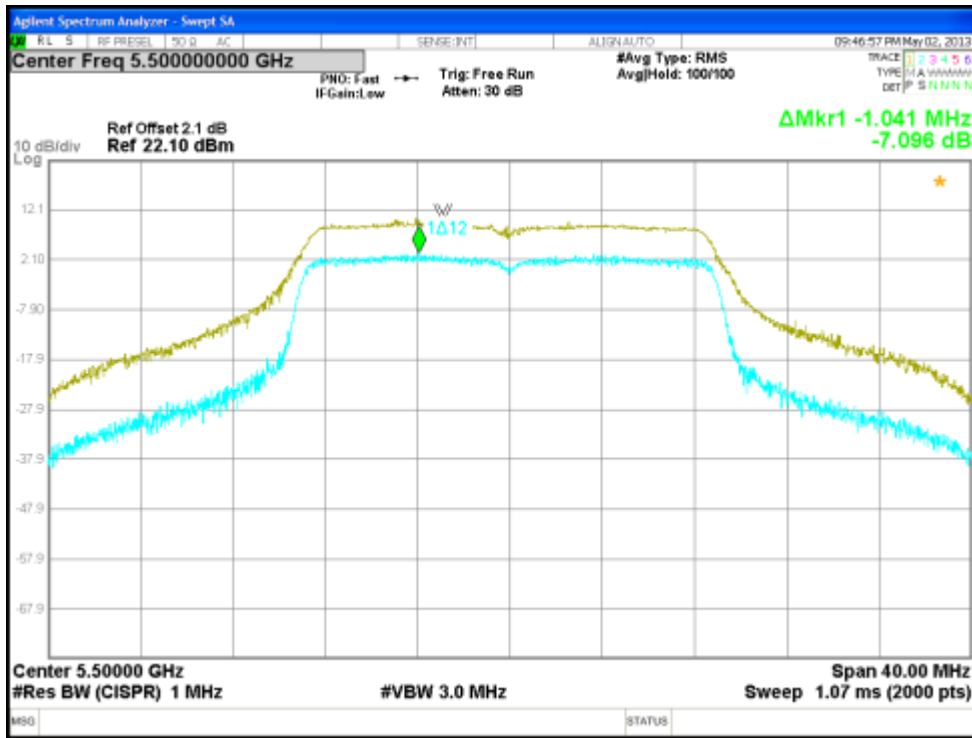


Figure 85: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 0 – 6.5 Mbps

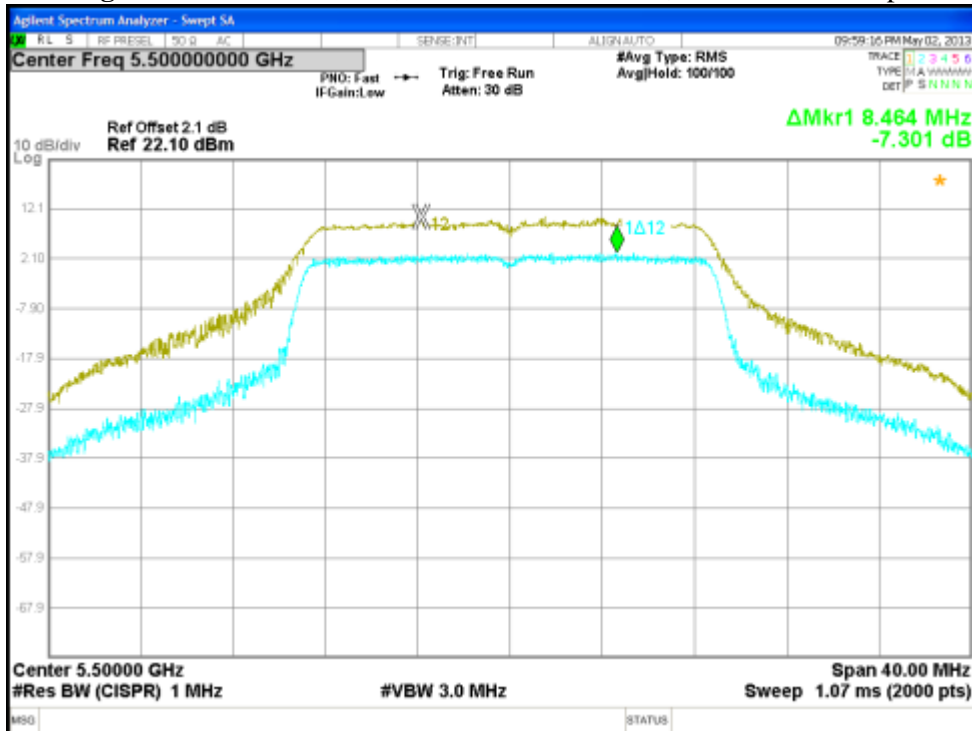


Figure 86: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 1 – 6.5 Mbps

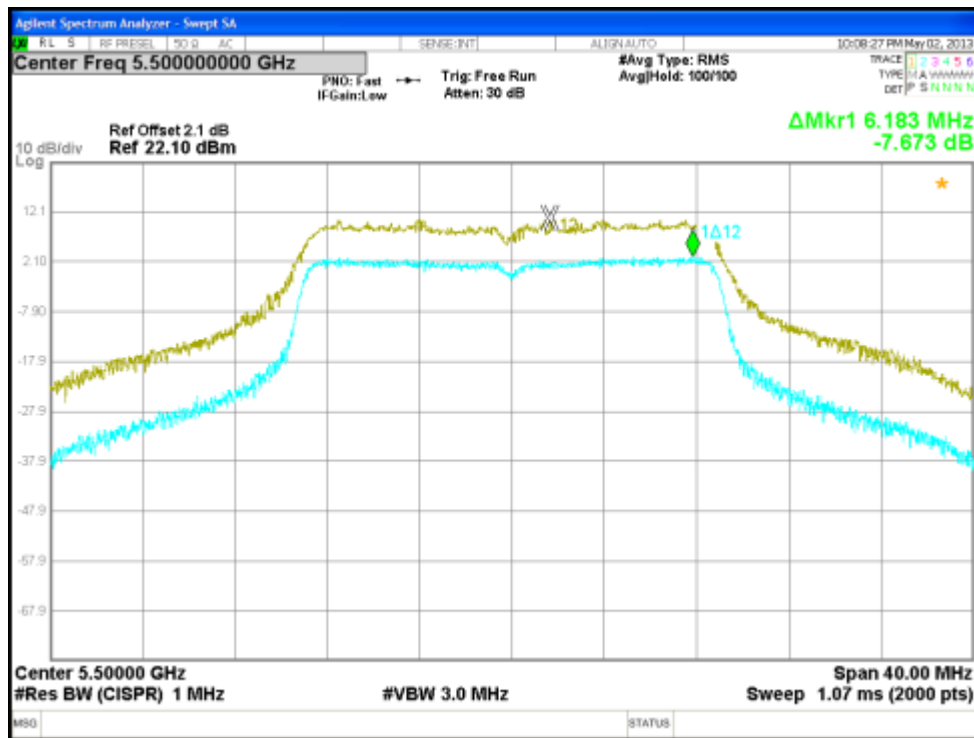


Figure 87: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 2 – 6.5 Mbps

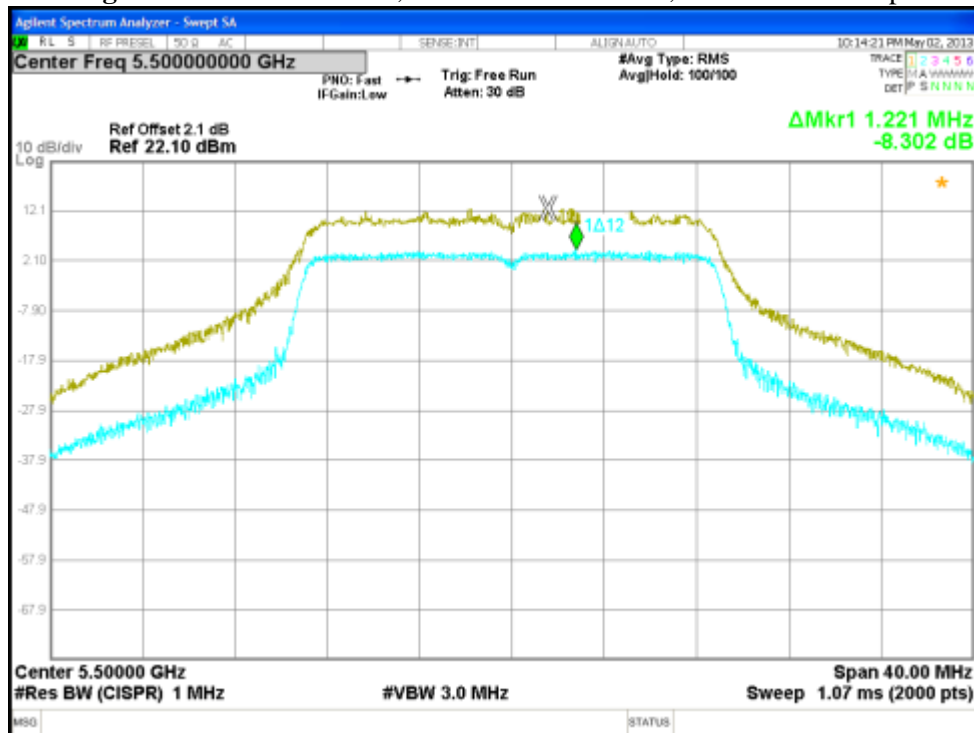


Figure 88: Peak Excursion, 5500 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 3 – 6.5 Mbps

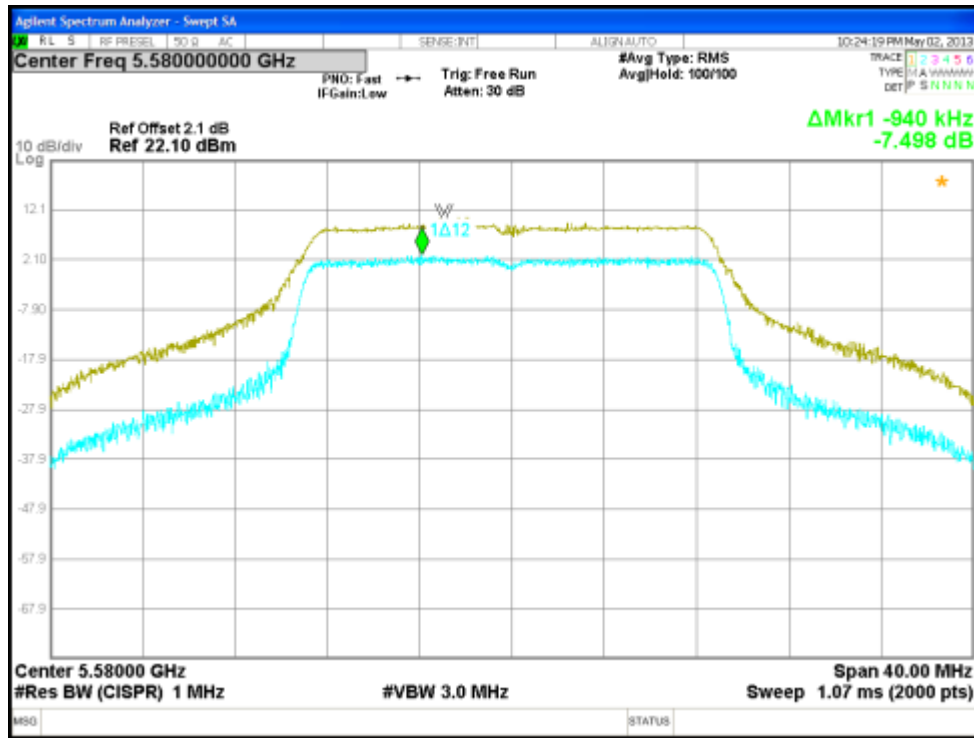


Figure 89: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 0 – 6.5 Mbps

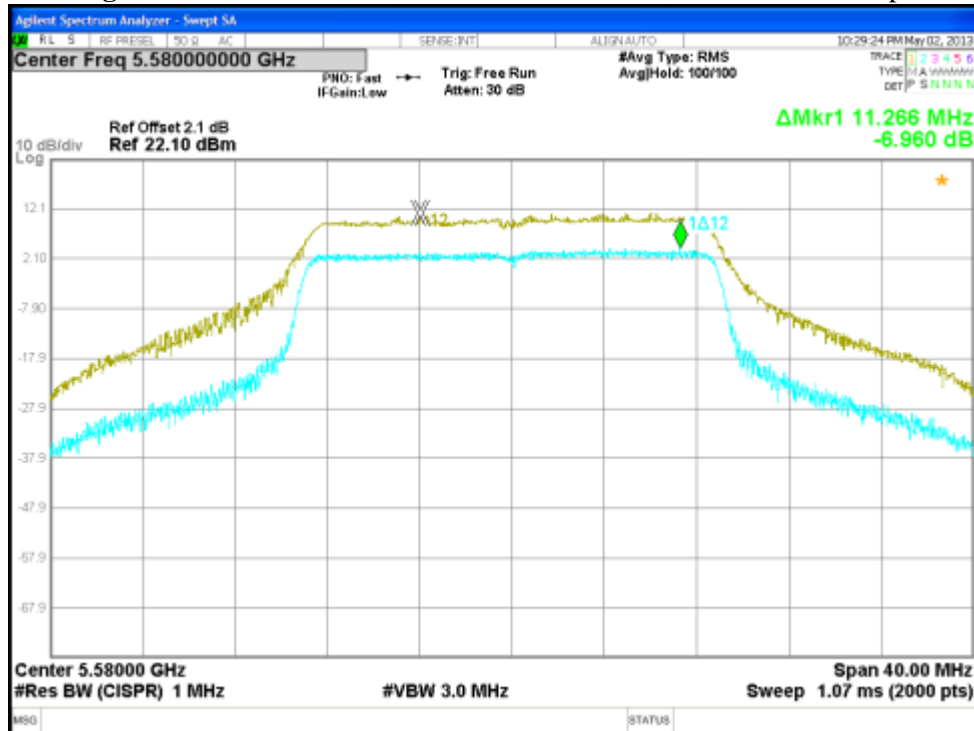


Figure 90: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 1 – 6.5 Mbps

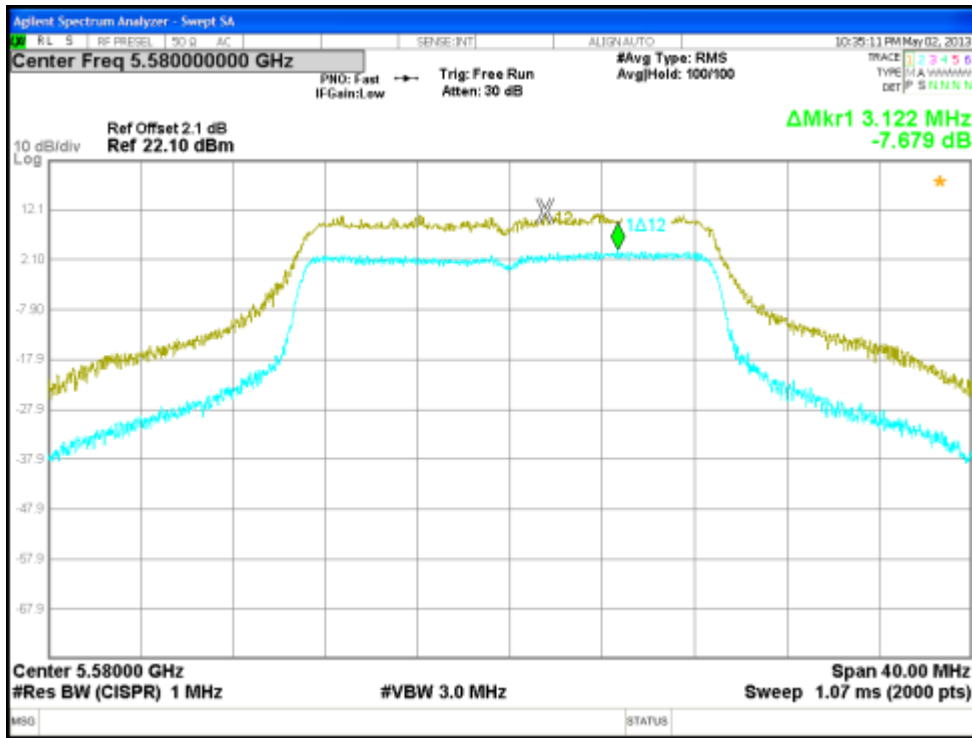


Figure 91: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 2 – 6.5 Mbps

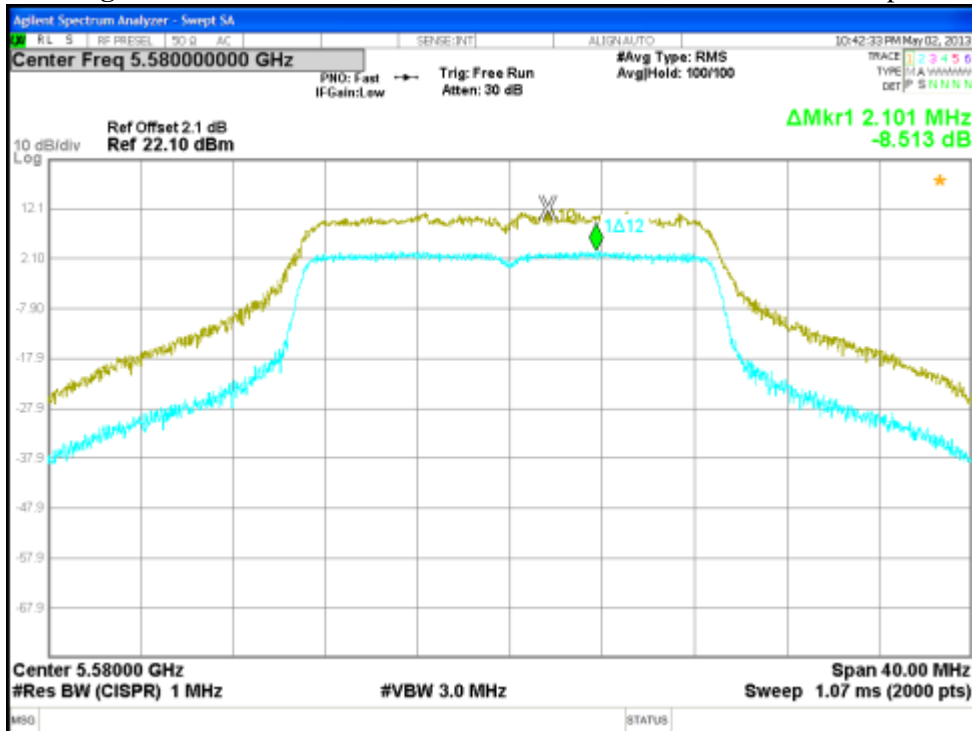


Figure 92: Peak Excursion, 5580 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 3 – 6.5 Mbps

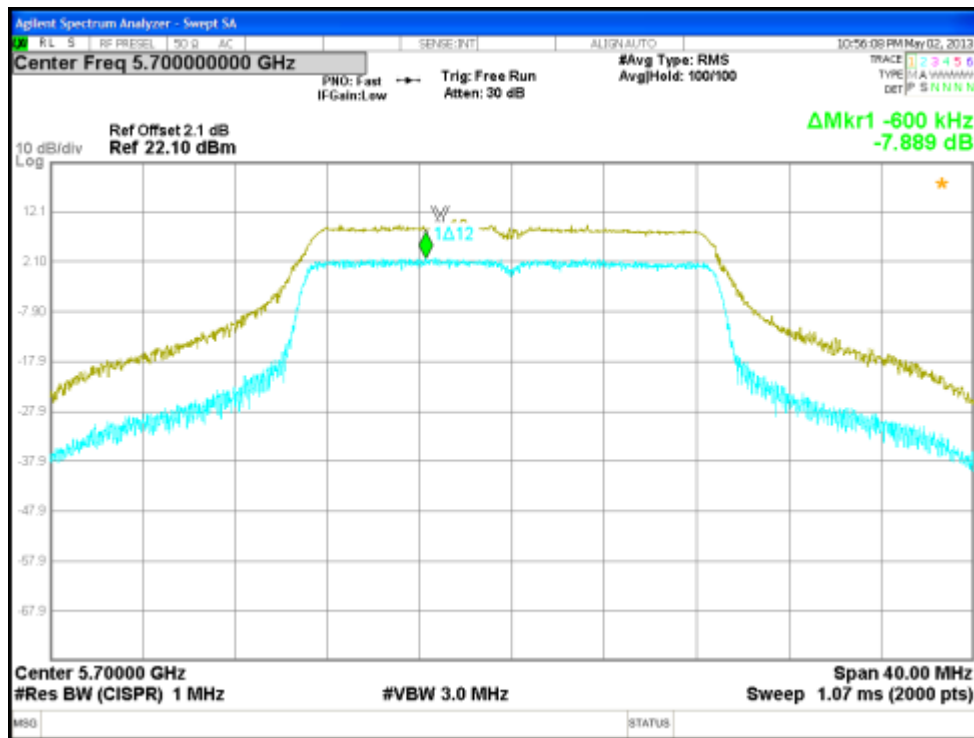


Figure 93: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 0 – 6.5 Mbps

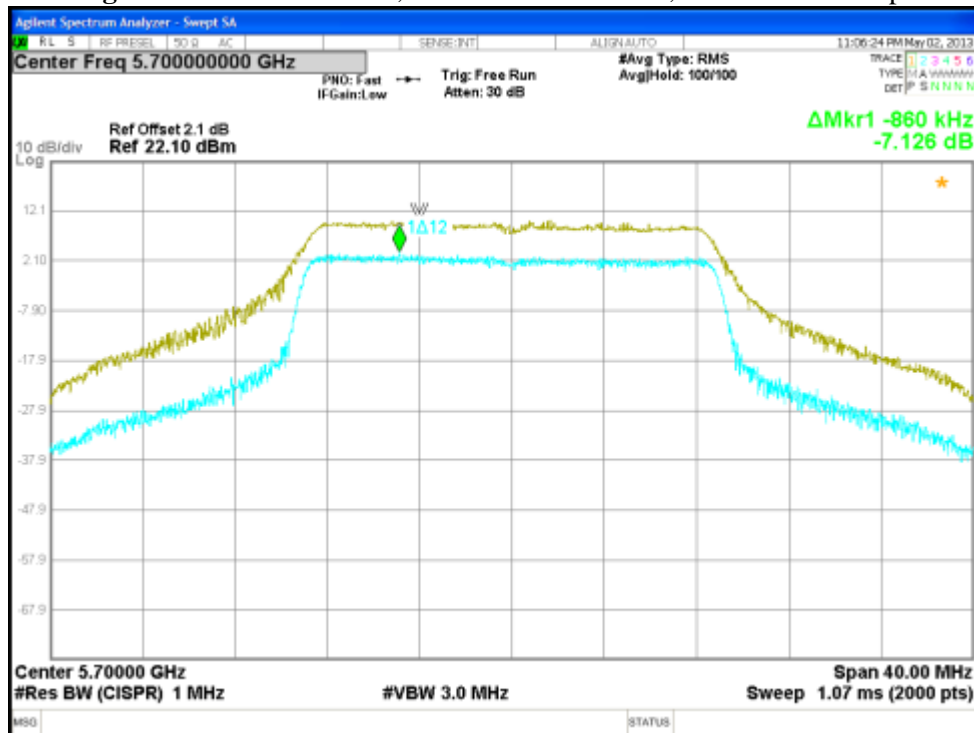


Figure 94: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 1 – 6.5 Mbps

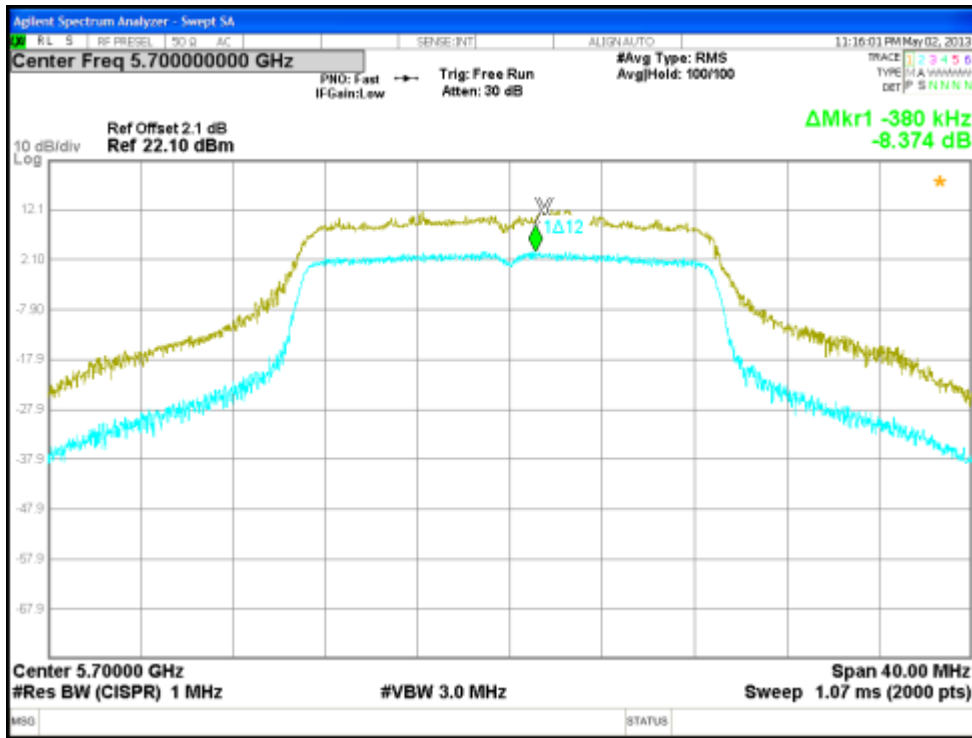


Figure 95: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 2 – 6.5 Mbps

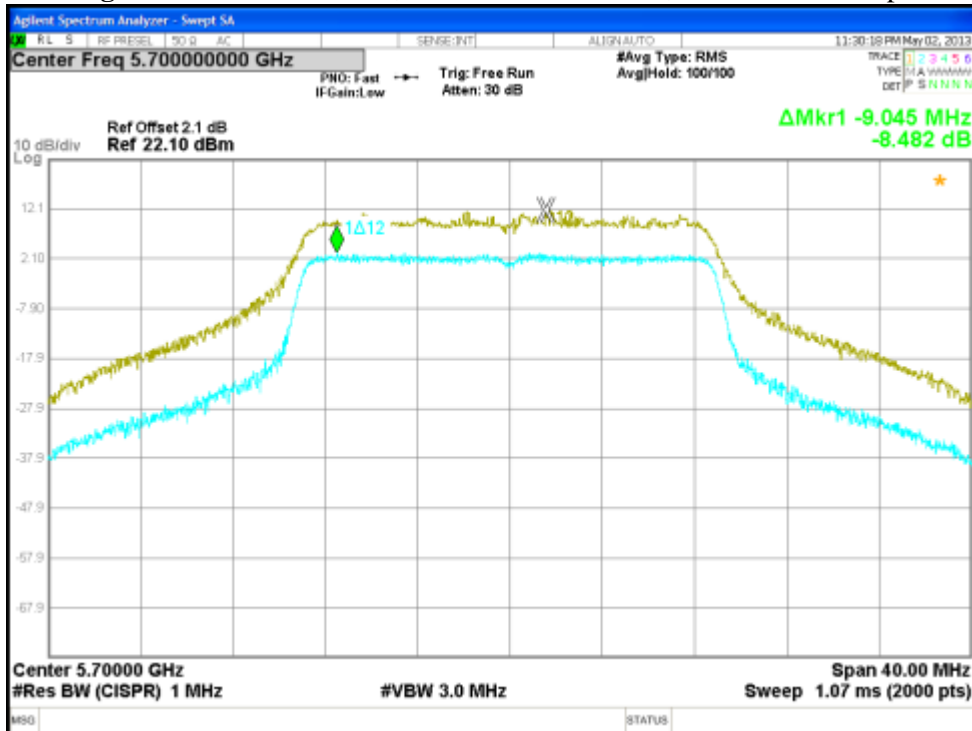


Figure 96: Peak Excursion, 5700 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 3 – 6.5 Mbps

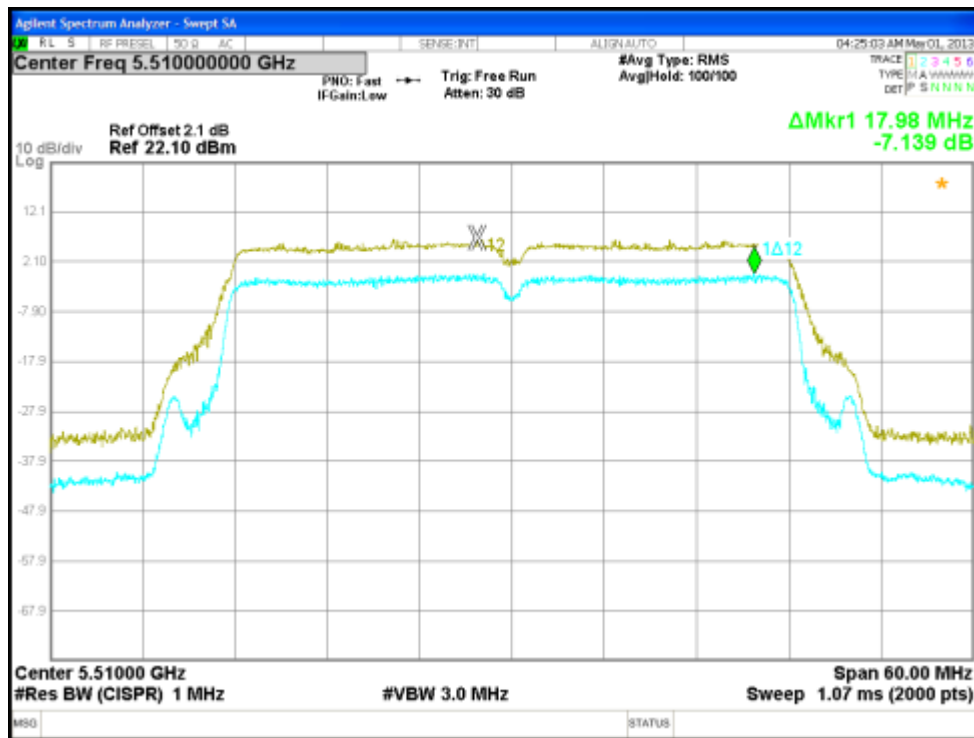


Figure 97: Peak Excursion, 5510 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 0 – 13.5 Mbps

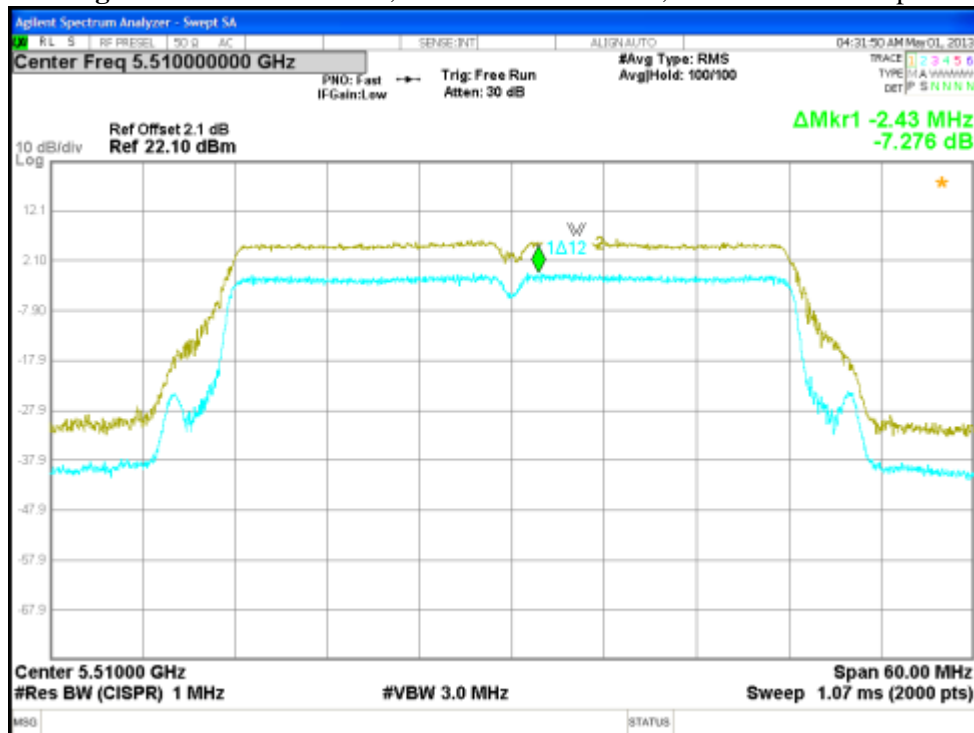


Figure 98: Peak Excursion, 5510 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 1 – 13.5 Mbps

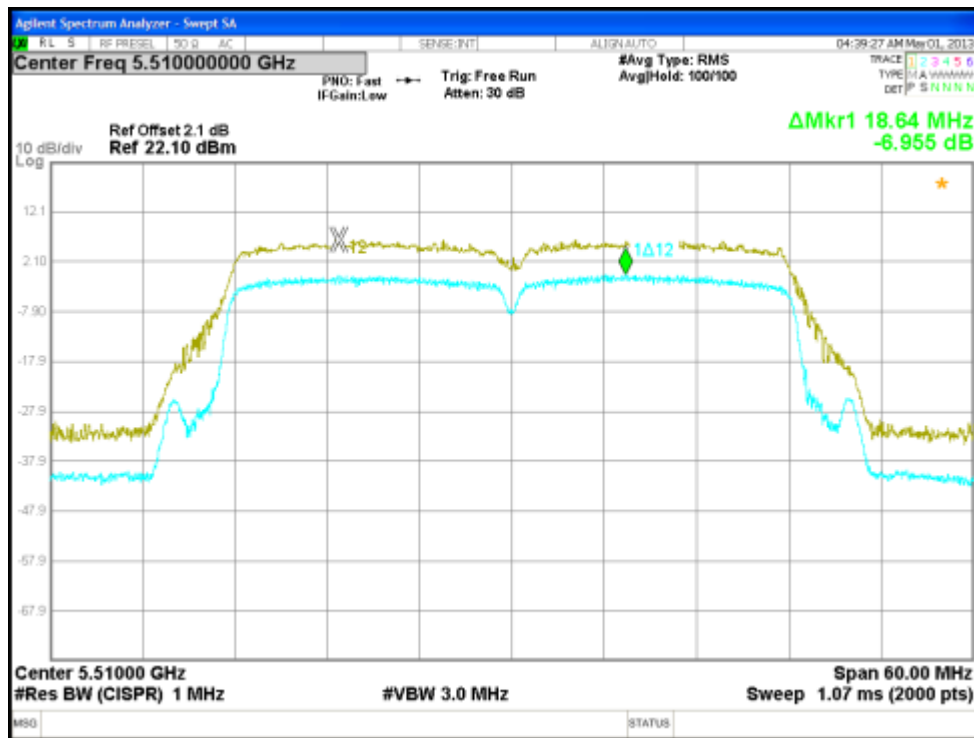


Figure 99: Peak Excursion, 5510 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 2 – 13.5 Mbps

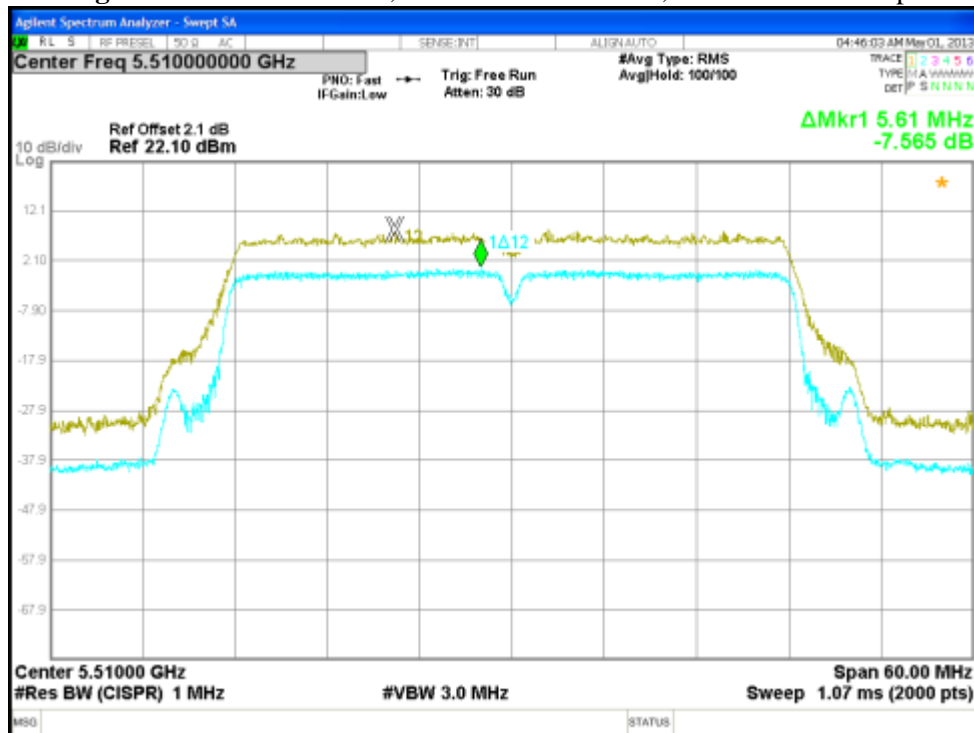


Figure 100: Peak Excursion, 5510 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 3 – 13.5 Mbps

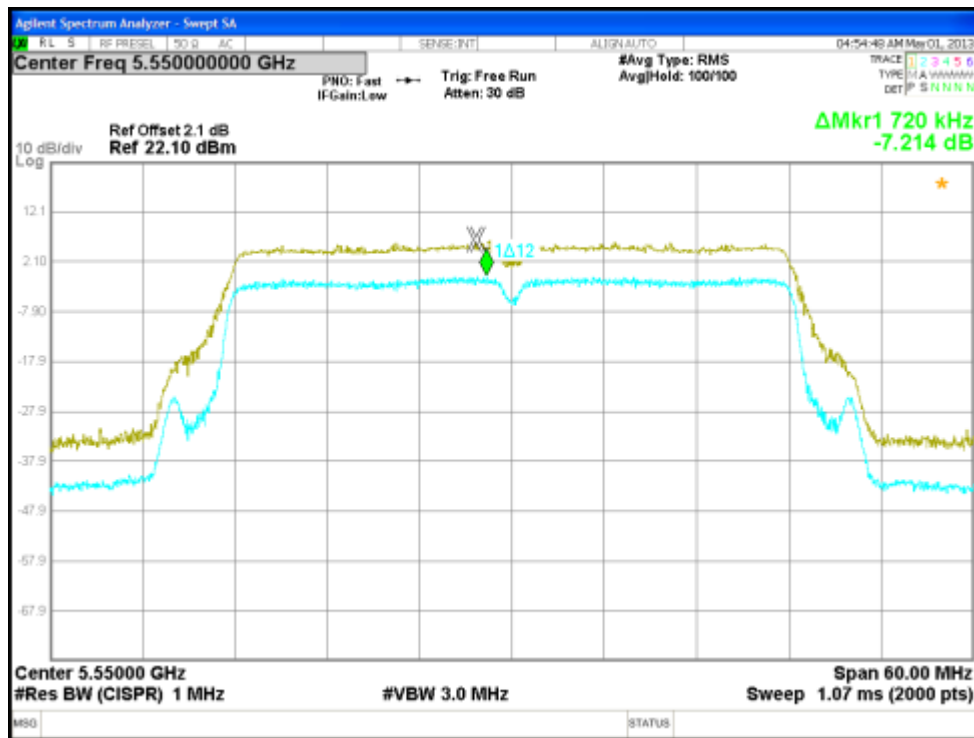


Figure 101: Peak Excursion, 5550 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 0 – 13.5 Mbps

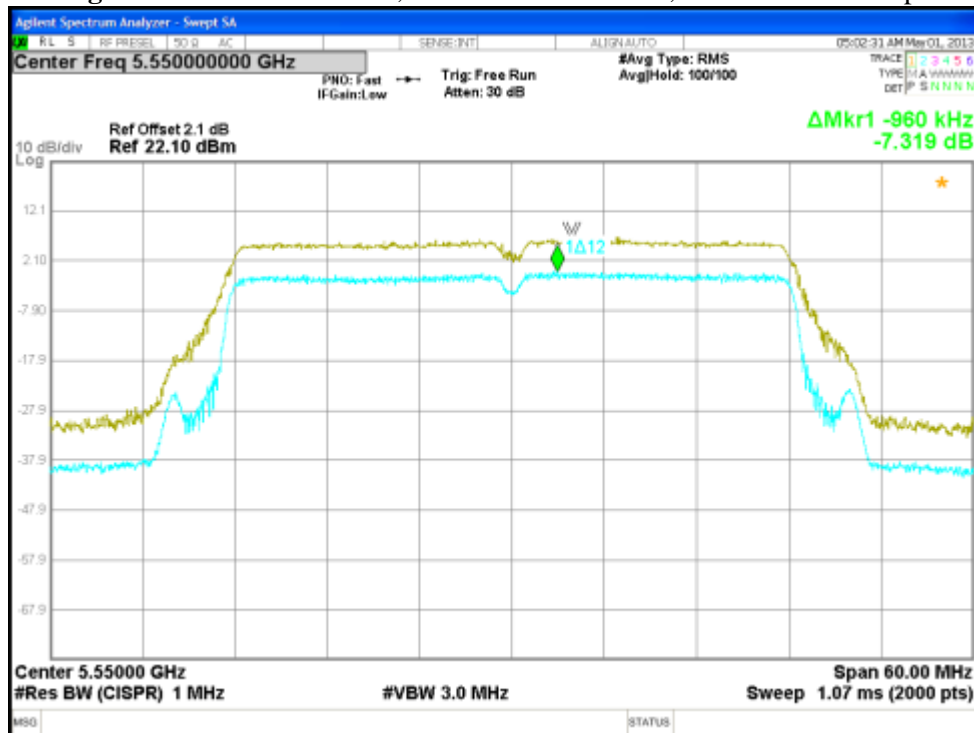


Figure 102: Peak Excursion, 5550 MHz at 802.11n, Chain 1 – 13.5 Mbps