

# EXHIBIT Q – Power Spectral Density Data

FCC ID# PEL640-0001

NORTHWEST  
**EMC**

# EMISSIONS DATA SHEET

Rev BETA  
01/30/01

EUT: 700-0002	Work Order: NEXC0006
Serial Number: 19F	Date: 01/11/01
Customer: NextComm	Temperature: 23 degrees C
Attendees: N/A	Tested by: Greg Kiemel
Customer Ref. No.: N/A	Power: N/A
	Humidity: 38% RH
	Job Site: SU02

TEST SPECIFICATIONS			
Specification: 47 CFR 15.247(d)	Year: Most Current	Method: FCC 97-114, ANSI C63.4	Year: 1992

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**  
 Meter reading on spectrum analyzer is internally compensated for cable loss and external attenuation.  
 Power Spectral Density per 3kHz bandwidth = Power Spectral Density per 1 Hz bandwidth + Bandwidth Correction Factor.  
 Bandwidth Correction Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1\text{Hz}/3\text{kHz})$

**COMMENTS**

**EUT OPERATING MODES**  
 Modulated by PRBS at maximum data rate

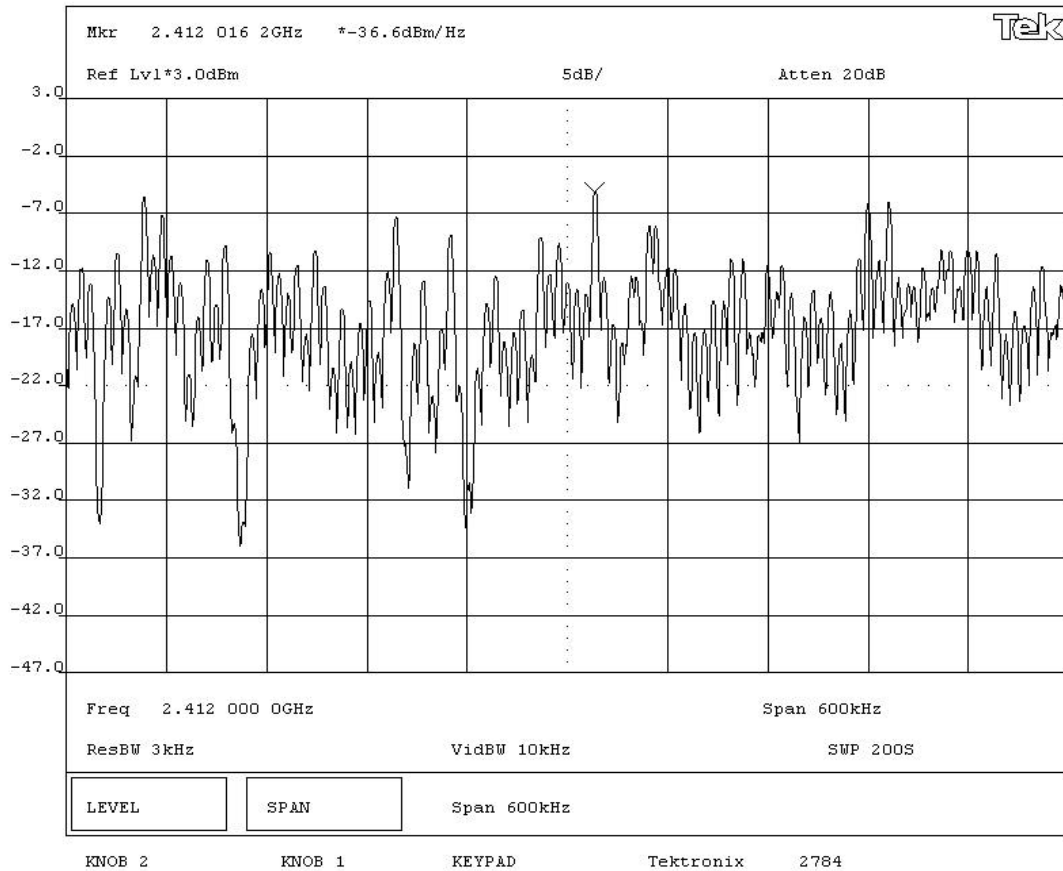
**DEVIATIONS FROM TEST STANDARD**  
 None

**REQUIREMENTS**  
 Maximum peak power spectral density conducted from a DSSS transmitter does not exceed 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band

**RESULTS** **AMPLITUDE**  
 Pass Power Spectral Density = -1.9 dBm / 3kHz

**SIGNATURE**  
 Tested By: 

**DESCRIPTION OF TEST**  
**Power Spectral Density - Low Channel**



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Customer:	NextComm	Temperature:	23 degrees C
Attendees:	N/A	Tested by:	Greg Kiemel
Customer Ref. No.:	N/A	Power:	N/A
		Humidity:	38%RH
		Job Site:	SU02

<b>TEST SPECIFICATIONS</b>			
Specification:	47 CFR 15.247(d)	Year:	Most Current
Method:	FCC 97-114, ANSI C63.4	Year:	1992

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**  
 Meter reading on spectrum analyzer is internally compensated for cable loss and external attenuation  
 Power Spectral Density per 3kHz bandwidth = Power Spectral Density per 1 Hz bandwidth + Bandwidth Correction Factor.  
 Bandwidth Correction Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1\text{Hz}/3\text{kHz})$

**COMMENTS**

**EUT OPERATING MODES**

Modulated by PRBS at maximum data rate

**DEVIATIONS FROM TEST STANDARD**

None

**REQUIREMENTS**

Maximum peak power spectral density conducted from a DSSS transmitter does not exceed 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band

**RESULTS** AMPLITUDE

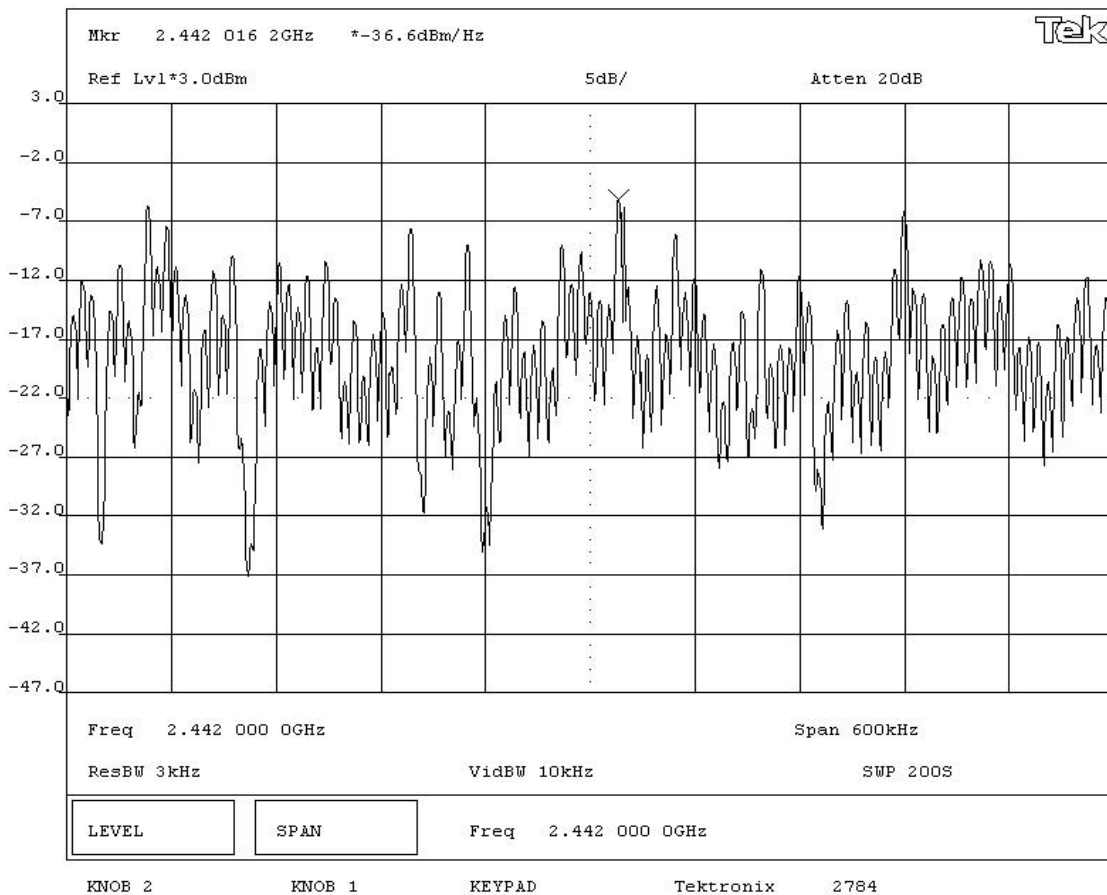
Pass Power Spectral Density = -1.9 dBm / 3kHz

**SIGNATURE**

Tested By: *Greg Kiemel*

**DESCRIPTION OF TEST**

**Power Spectral Density - Mid Channel**



EUT: 700-0002	Work Order: NEXC0006
Serial Number: 19F	Date: 01/11/01
Customer: NextComm	Temperature: 23 degrees C
Attendees: N/A	Humidity: 38% RH
Customer Ref. No.: N/A	Power: N/A
Tested by: Greg Kiemel	Job Site: SU02

Specification: 47 CFR 15.247(d)	Year: Most Current	Method: FCC 97-114, ANSI C63.4	Year: 1992
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**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**  
 Meter reading on spectrum analyzer is internally compensated for cable loss and external attenuation  
 Power Spectral Density per 3kHz bandwidth = Power Spectral Density per 1 Hz bandwidth + Bandwidth Correction Factor.  
 Bandwidth Correction Factor =  $10 \cdot \log(1\text{Hz}/3\text{kHz})$

**COMMENTS**

**EUT OPERATING MODES**  
 Modulated by PRBS at maximum data rate

**DEVIATIONS FROM TEST STANDARD**  
 None

**REQUIREMENTS**  
 Maximum peak power spectral density conducted from a DSSS transmitter does not exceed 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band

**RESULTS** **AMPLITUDE**  
 Pass Power Spectral Density = -1.1 dBm / 3kHz

**SIGNATURE**

Tested By: *Greg Kiemel*

**DESCRIPTION OF TEST**  
**Power Spectral Density - High Channel**

