



## **SAR Compliance Test Report**

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Tested device: RX-72
FCC ID: Device includes PDNOMO0401 IC: Device includes 661R-AR5B93

and PDN-AR5B93

**Supplement reports:** FCC\_RX-76\_01 for RX-76

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093

Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency

**Electromagnetic Fields** 

RSS-102

Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IEEE 1528 - 2003

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:

Measurement Technique

**Documentation:** The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at

TCC Nokia.

Test results: The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the

test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not

be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

**Date and signatures:** 

For the contents:





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### 1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

### 1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-08-06 to 2009-08-25
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested	Main unit : SN: 2190703200003, DUT: 25551
device	Main unit : SN: 2190702700064, DUT: 25540
	Screen unit 1 : DUT: 27662
	Screen unit 2 : DUT: 25549
Batteries used in testing	NYU00 (Sanyo), DUT: 27463, 27465, 27466, 27467
Headsets used in testing	-
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

## 1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Body Worn configuration are given below. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	128 / 824.2	32.0 dBm	0.0 cm	0.0430 W/kg	0.05 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS1900	PRS1900   810 / 29.0 dBm	0.0 cm	0.0890 W/kg	0.10 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED	
WLAN2450**	11 / 2462.0	12.0 dBm	0.0 cm	0.00903 W/kg	0.01 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450**	-	-	0.0 cm	0.0520 W/kg	0.06 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450**	-	-	0.0 cm	0.0980 W/kg	0.11 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

<sup>\*</sup> SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

<sup>\*\*</sup>SAR values taken from FCC\_RX-76\_01 for RX-76.





## 1.2.1 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements	
0.5dB	0.36 dB	

## 1.2.2 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95% ± 25.8%
--

### 2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 4/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 4/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462
WLAN	2450	13.5 MCS 64-QAM / 40M	1	2422 – 2452

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GPRS/EGPRS900, GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA900 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

8PSK EGPRS mode was not measured, because maximum averaged output power is lower in 8PSK EGPRS mode than in GPRS mode.





## 2.1 Picture of the Device





## 2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular and WLAN antennas are located in the frame around the display.





### 3. TEST CONDITIONS

### 3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

## 3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

The Screen units differ in that the antennas they contain are from different manufacturers. The performance of both Screen units and hence both sets of antennas are reported below.

Some of the SAR results given in this report have been taken from FCC\_RX-76\_02 for RX-76. The only difference between RX-72 and RX-76 is that RX-72 has the addition of transmitter modules for the cellular bands.

#### 3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.





Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration – is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.





In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.





## 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

## **4.1** Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	501	12 months	2010-03
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3116	12 months	2010-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	4d042	24 months	2010-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d026	24 months	2010-03
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

## Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SME06	829445/008	36 months	2012-02
Amplifier	2100-BBS3Q8CCJ	1003	-	-
Power Meter	NRP	100293	24 months	2010-08
Power Sensor	NRP-Z51	100830	24 months	2010-08
Call Tester	CMU200	105900	-	-
Call Tester	CMU200	110735	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2009-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-





## 4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

**Construction** Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl

diglycol)

**Calibration** Calibration certificate in Appendix C

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

**Directivity** ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

**Dynamic Range** 5  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB

**Dimensions** Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

**Application** General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

### 4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twinheaded "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.





#### **4.3 Tissue Simulants**

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to 0ET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within  $\pm$  5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0  $\pm$  0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

## 4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

### 800MHz band

Ingredient	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	55.97
HEC	1.21
Sugar	41.76
Preservative	0.27
Salt	0.79

#### 1900MHz band

Ingredient	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	30.76
Salt	0.22

### 4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.





## System checking, body tissue simulant

5,555 5,555 3, 555 5 5						
		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric Parameters		Temp	
f [MHz]	Description	<b>1</b> g	€r	σ [S/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	2.51	53.3	1.01		
	$\pm10\%$ window	2.26 - 2.76				
835	2009-08-07	2.61	54.4	0.98	21.8	
	2009-08-25	2.58	54.3	0.98	21.6	
	Reference result	10.5	51.7	1.57		
	$\pm10\%$ window	9.4 - 11.6				
1900	2009-08-13	11.2	51.9	1.53	21.9	

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

## 4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

**Body tissue simulant measurements** 

f	·	Dielectric Parameters		Temp
[MHz]	Description	Er	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
836	2009-08-07	54.4	0.98	21.8
	2009-08-25	54.3	0.98	21.6
	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm$ 5% window	50.6 - 56.0	1.44 - 1.60	
1880	2009-08-13	52.0	1.51	21.9





### 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

### 5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

### **5.2 Test Positions**

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The device was kept against the phantom as indicated in the photos below oriented with a) its base facing the phantom and b) its front edge facing the phantom. For the base facing the phantom orientations, SAR testing was performed in two halves due to the size limitation imposed by the flat phantom.



Photo of the device in Base Left half position.







Photo of the device in Base Right half position.



Photo of the device Front Edge position.





#### 5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

## 5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.





## 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	Ci	Ci .Ui (%)	Vi
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	(C <sub>p</sub> )1/2	±3.9	$\infty$
Boundary Effect	E2.3	$\pm 1.0$	R	√3	1	±0.6	$\infty$
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	$\infty$
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	$\pm 1.0$	N	1	1	±1.0	$\infty$
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	$\infty$
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	$\infty$
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	8
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift	6.6.3	$\pm 0.0$	R	√3	1	±0.0	$\infty$
measurement							
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	$\infty$
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	$\infty$
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	$\infty$
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty E3.3 ±2.9		N	1	0.6	±1.7	5	
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			RSS k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	





## 7. RESULTS

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

## 850 MHz Body SAR results

			SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Device	Test	Ch 128	Ch 190	Ch 251
	orientation	configuration	824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz
1-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	33.0 dBm	-
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0025	-
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of base facing	Without headset	-	-	-
manufacturer 1	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	32.0 dBm	32.0 dBm	32.0 dBm
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0250	-
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.0430	0.0332	0.0345
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	0.0170	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	30.0 dBm	-
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0240	-
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	-	-	-
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	_	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-





## 850 MHz Body SAR results - continued

			SAR, av	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz	
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	28.0 dBm	-	
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0160	-	
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	-	-	-	
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-	
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	32.0 dBm	32.0 dBm	32.0 dBm	
	Left half of	Without headset	-	-	-	
	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
Screen unit 2 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.0410	0.0374	0.0353	
manufacturer 2	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-	
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	





## 1900 MHz Body SAR results

			SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
1-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	30.0 dBm	-
	Left half of	Without headset	-	0.0044	-
	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of base facing	Without headset	-	-	-
manufacturer 1	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	29.0 dBm	-
	Left half of	Without headset	-	0.0043	-
	base facing phantom Right half of	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna		Without headset	-	-	-
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	-	29.0 dBm	-
	Left half of	Without headset	-	0.0047	-
	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	-		-
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-





## 1900 MHz Body SAR results - continued

			SAR, avo	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz		
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm		
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0052	-		
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-		
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.0207	0.0156	0.0260		
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-		
	Front edge	Without headset	-	0.0072	-		
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-		
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm		
	Left half of	Without headset	-	-	-		
	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-		
Screen unit 2 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.0355	0.0496	0.0890		
manufacturer 2	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-		
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-		
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-		





## 2450 MHz Body SAR results\*\*

			SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz	
WLAN 802.11b/g		Conducted Power	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.0000	-	
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of base facing	Without headset	0.00462	0.00676	0.00903	
manufacturer 1	phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
	Front edge	Without headset	-	0.0000	-	
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
WLAN 802.11b/g		Conducted Power	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	-	-	
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
Screen unit 2 / Antenna manufacturer 2	Right half of	Without headset	0.00403	0.00292	0.00435	
	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-	
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-	





## 2450 MHz Body SAR results\*\* - continued

			SAR, ave	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 3 2422.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 9 2452.0 MHz
WLAN 802.11n / 40 l	MHz	<b>Conducted Power</b>	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	0.00565	-
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 1 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.00316	0.00745	0.00864
manufacturer 1	base facing phantom	Headset	-	•	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	0.0002	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
WLAN 802.11n / 40 N	MHZ	Conducted Power	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm	12.0 dBm
	Left half of base facing	Without headset	-	-	-
	phantom	Headset	-	-	-
Screen unit 2 / Antenna	Right half of	Without headset	0.00284	0.00238	0.00315
manufacturer 2	base facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-
	Front edge	Without headset	-	-	-
	facing phantom	Headset	-	-	-





### **Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results**

	Max. 10g SAR results				
Test configuration	WLAN**	2-slot GPRS850	4-slot GPRS1900		
Without Headset	0.00903	0.0430	0.0890		
Headset	-	-	-		

	)g SAR values	
Test configuration	WLAN +	WLAN +
	2-slot GPRS850	4-slot GPRS1900
Without Headset	0.0520	0.0980
Headset	-	-

<sup>\*\*</sup>SAR values taken from FCC\_RX-76\_01 for RX-76.

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.





## **APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS**

See the following pages.





Date/Time: 2009-08-07 11:44:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d042

## **Communication System: CW835** Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.983 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 54.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3116; Probe Notes:

- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

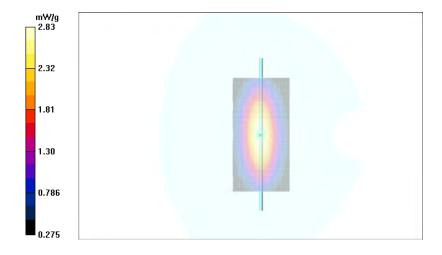
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.82 mW/g

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.2 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.61 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 1.72 mW/g Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.83 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-25 16:00:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d042

# **Communication System: CW835**Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.98 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 54.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.81 mW/g

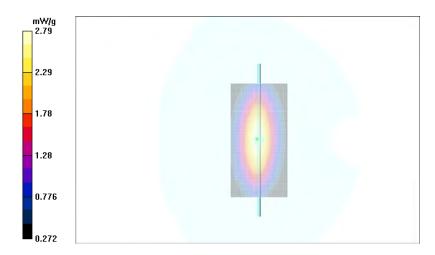
## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.3 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.7 mW/g Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 17:27:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

# **Communication System: CW1900** Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 mW/g

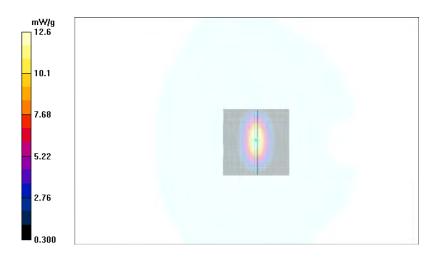
## d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.0 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.2 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 5.82 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g







## **APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS**

See the following pages.





Date/Time: 2009-08-07 13:27:07

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 1-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

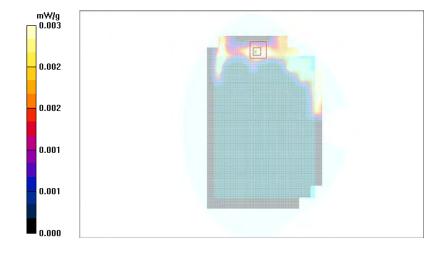
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.006 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.70 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.004 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00245 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.00134 mW/g Power Drift = -0.252 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.003 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-07 14:39:21

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

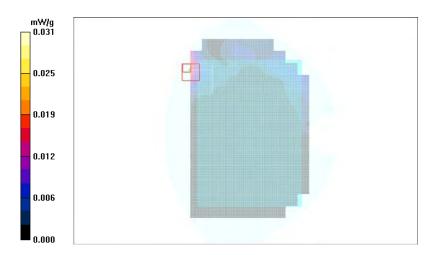
Reference Value = 2.74 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.033 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/gSAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.212 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-07 18:18:30

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.971 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Low - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

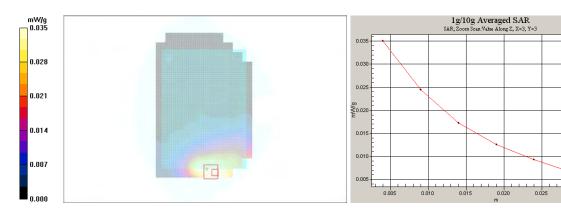
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.036 mW/g

# Body - Low - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.74 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.091 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.043 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.035 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-07 19:14:40

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Front edge facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (31x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

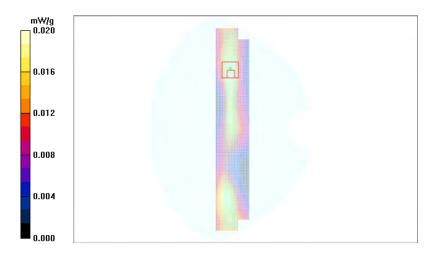
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.019 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Front edge facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.09 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g
SAR(10 g) = 0.010 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.113 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-07 16:49:59

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.019 mW/g

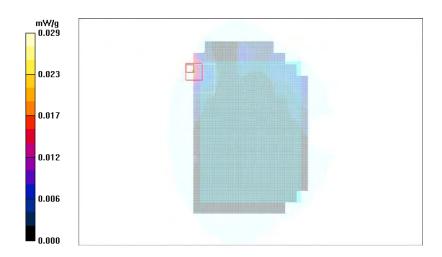
# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.68 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.031 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g Power Drift = 0.179 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-07 16:08:33

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

# **Communication System: 4-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.985$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (101x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.015 mW/g

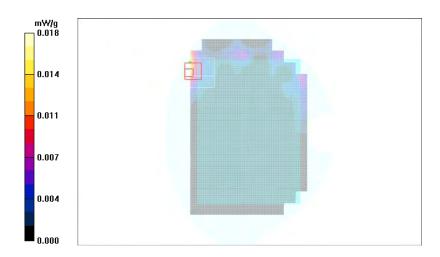
# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.45 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.00969 mW/g Power Drift = 0.090 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-25 17:31:33

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190703200003

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.971 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.79, 5.79, 5.79); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Low - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 2/ Antenna manufacturer 2/Area Scan (121x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

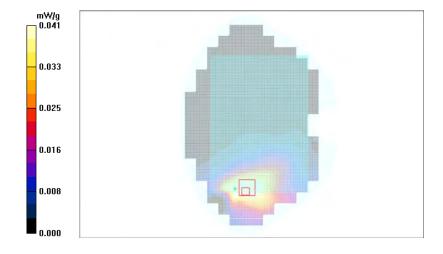
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.046 mW/g

Body - Low - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 2/ Antenna manufacturer 2/Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.00 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g
SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.041 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 20:57:02

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

**Communication System: 1-slot GPRS 1900** Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.005 mW/g

# Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.31 V/m

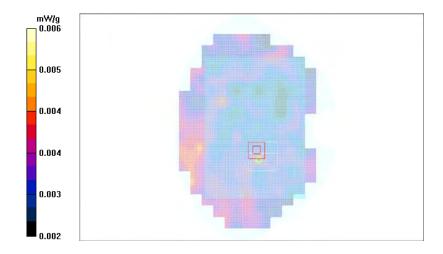
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.006 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00442 mW/gSAR(10 g) = 0.00373 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.067 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.006 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 19:05:43

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.005 mW/g

## Body - Middle - No Accessory - Left half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

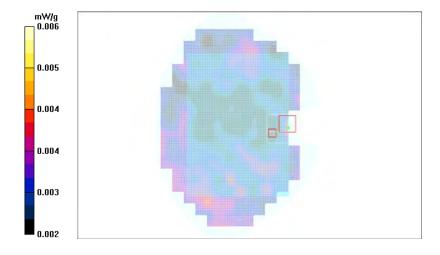
Reference Value = 1.23 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00428 mW/gSAR(10 g) = 0.00368 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.286 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.006 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 19:41:54

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.005 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

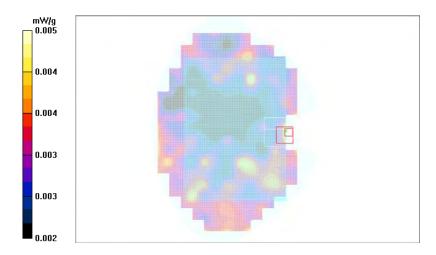
Reference Value = 1.31 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.010 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00468 mW/gSAR(10 g) = 0.00381 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.358 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.005 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 20:13:42

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

## Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.006 mW/g

## Body - Middle - No Accessory – Left half of base facing phantom – Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.43 V/m

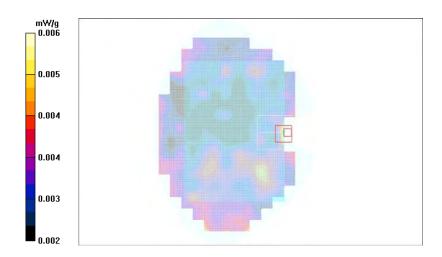
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.008 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00515 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.00423 mW/g Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.006 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-13 22:59:35

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

## Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900 Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - High - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

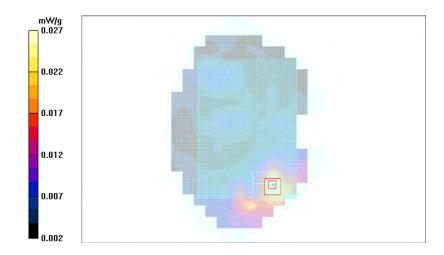
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.029 mW/g

## Body - High - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 1/ Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.91 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.043 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-14 00:38:04

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190702700064

### Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900 Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.51 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - No Accessory - Front edge facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Area Scan (41x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.005 mW/g

## Body - Middle - No Accessory - Front edge facing phantom - Screen unit 1/Antenna manufacturer 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.44 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.012 W/kg

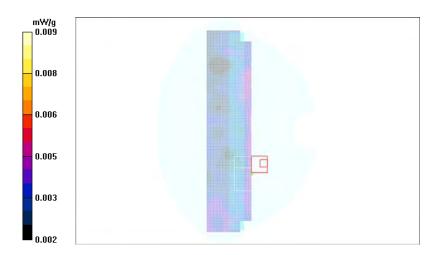
SAR(1 g) = 0.00721 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.00554 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.242 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement. Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.009 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-14 00:06:55

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RX-72; Serial: 2190703200003

# **Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900** Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - High - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 2/ Antenna manufacturer 2/Area Scan (121x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

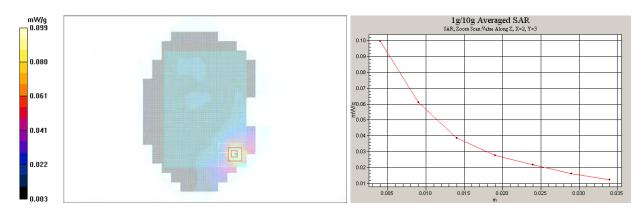
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.095 mW/g

## Body - High - No Accessory - Right half of base facing phantom - Screen unit 2/ Antenna manufacturer 2/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.16 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.142 W/kg
SAR(1 a) = 0.089 mW/a

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.053 mW/g Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.099 mW/g







### **APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)**

See the following.

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstresse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Issued: March 16, 2009

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Nokia Denmark A/S

Certificate No: ESS-3116 Mar09

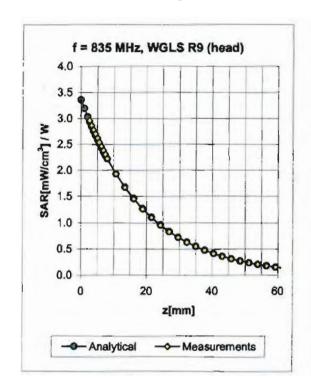
Accreditation No.: SCS 108

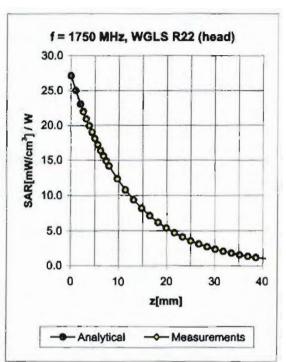
#### BRATION CERTIFICATE ES3DV3 - SN:3116 Object QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes March 16, 2009 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item. This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) ID# **Primary Standards** Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 MY41495277 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 Power sensor E4412A Арг-09 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Jul-09 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) Apr-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787) Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866) Jul-09 SN: 3013 Reference Probe ES3DV2 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013\_Jan09) Jan-10 DAE4 SN: 660 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660\_Sep08) Sep-09 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator HP 8648C US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) In house check: Oct-09 Name **Function** Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Approved by: Fin Bomholt **R&D Director**

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

ES3DV3 SN:3116 March 16, 2009

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.80	1.11	5.90 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	$1.37 \pm 5\%$	0.47	1.50	5.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.43	1.58	4.88 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.48	1.56	4.43 ± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	0.63	1.29	5.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	0.59	1.29	4.78 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.83	1,11	4.55 ± 11.0% ( <b>k=2</b> )
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	0.91	4.04 ± 11.0% (k=2)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm C}$  The validity of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.





### **APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)**

See the following pages.

### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service sulsse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multifateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Nokia Denmark A/S

Certificate No: D835V2-4d042\_Sep08

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d042

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: September 22, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	1D #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08	
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864)	Jul-0 <del>9</del>	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867)	Jul-09	
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09	
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09	
Secondary Standards ID #		Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09	
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08	
	Name	Function	Signature	
Calibrated by:	Jaton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	Iru	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	100-10	

Issued: September 22, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 22.09.2008 10:40:16

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d042

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.901$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

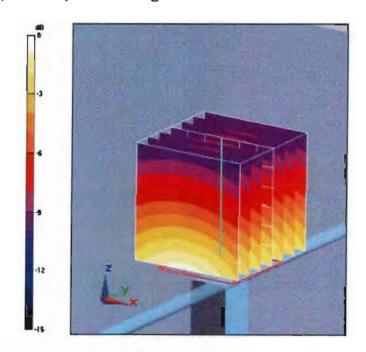
Pin=250mW; dip=15mm; dist=3.4mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



0 dB = 2.69 mW/g

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 16.09.2008 10:46:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_c = 53.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.9, 5.9, 5.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

• Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

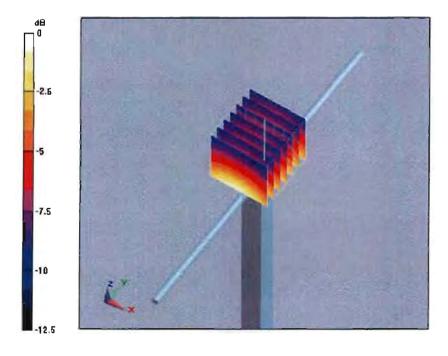
Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 mW/g



0 dB = 2.81 mW/g



### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Nokia Denmark A/S

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d026 Mar08

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D1900V2 - SN: 5d026 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits March 18, 2008 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) Aug-08 Reference 10 dB Attenuator SN: 5047.2 (10r) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) Aug-08 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3025 01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025\_Mar08) Mar-09 DAE4 SN 909 3-Sep-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909\_Sep07) Sep-07 Secondary Standards ID# Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 In house check: Oct-08 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Marcel Fehr Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katia Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: March 18, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d026\_Mar08

Page 1 of 9

#### **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 18.03.2008 11:48:54

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 01.03.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;;

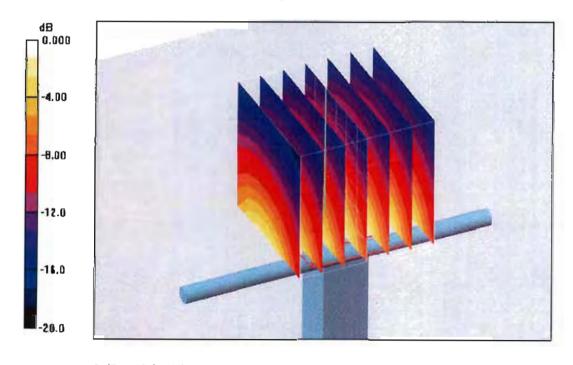
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g)** = **10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g)** = **5.2**7 **mW/g** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = **12.0 mW/g** 



0 dB = 12.0 mW/g

### **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 14.03.2008 12:53:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 01.03.2008

• Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;

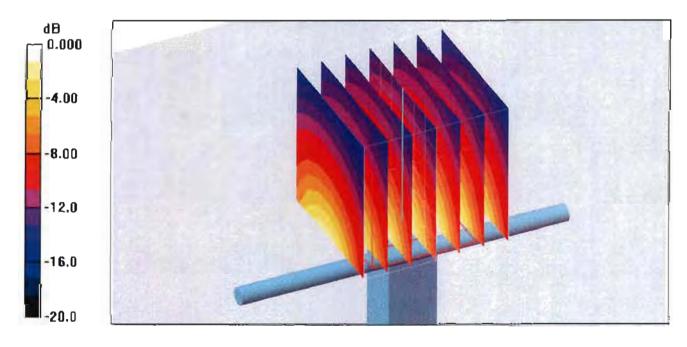
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

### Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 89.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 mW/g



0 dB = 12.1 mW/g