PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Product type	WLAN PIFA antenna
Model number	Aquila
Part number	SS-03-03-013, SS-03-03-014

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1. Specifications

1.1 Specifications for antennas

Frequency range (GHz)	2.4 - 2.4835
VSWR	< 2.0
Peak/Average gain (dBi)	3.0max / -5.0min
Impedance	50 ohms
Polarization	Linear
Radiation pattern	Omni-directional

1.2 Antenna data sheet

	Frequency	SS-03-03-013	SS-03-03-014
		(right)	(left)
VSWR	2400	1.26	1.31
	2484	1.28	1.13
	5150	1.58	1.23
	5350	1.36	1.60
Gain	2400	-2.62	-2.64
	2484	-3.89	-3.61
	5150	-5.29	-5.12
	5350	-4.84	-5.68

2. Test Methodology

2.1 Test equipment

The equipment for the antenna measurement we used is as follows.

- A. Agilent 8720ES Network Analyzer to measure the VSWR and input impedance.
- B. Three-dimensional anechoic chamber to measure the gain (Standard dipole and horn were used to calibrate the chamber)
- C. Digital caliper to measure the dimensions.
- D. Climatic chamber for mechanical tests.

2.2 Test setup

- 2.2.1 Frequency Range
 - 2.4 ~ 2.484GHz, 5.15 ~ 5.35GHz
- 2.2.2 Antenna configuration

The antenna basically has two parts; the stamping and the cable assembly with the connector on one side. The detailed drawing is attached.

2.2.3 VSWR

The VSWR is measured with Agilent 8720ES network analyzer. All the measurements are performed with the customer provided fixture. Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram for measuring VSWR.

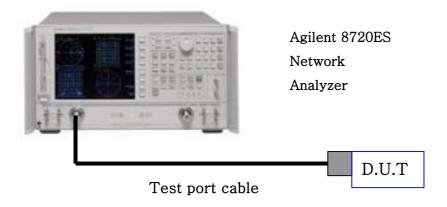


Figure 1. The schematic diagram for measuring VSWR

2.2.4 Radiation pattern and gain

The radiation pattern must have the omni-directional characteristic in both positions. The radiation pattern measurements are performed in the three-dimensional anechoic chamber. The chamber provides less than -30dB reflectivity from 800MHz through 6GHz. The chamber is calibrated using both standard dipole and horn antenna. The gain here is expressed as dBi that standardizes the isotropic antenna. The gain measurements are also performed in the same chamber described previously. Figure 2 shows the schematic diagram for measuring radiation pattern and gain.

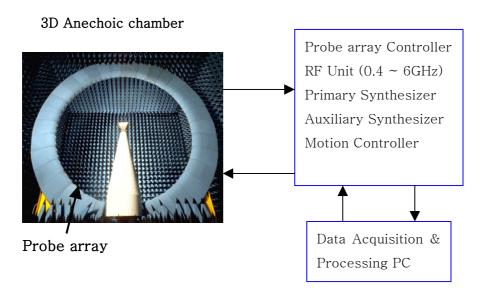


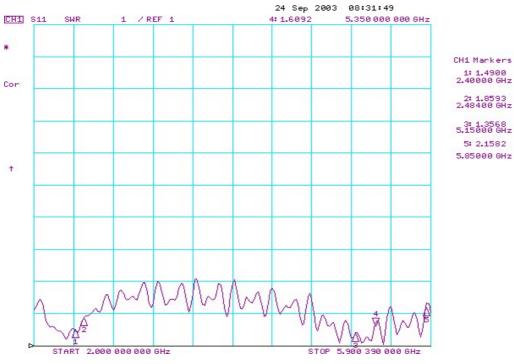
Figure 2. The schematic diagram for measuring radiation pattern and gain

2.2.5 Mechanical test

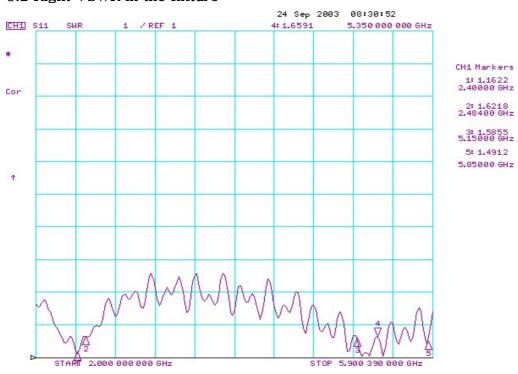
All mechanical tests are performed in the climatic chamber.

3. Performance Data

3.1 Left VSWR in the fixture

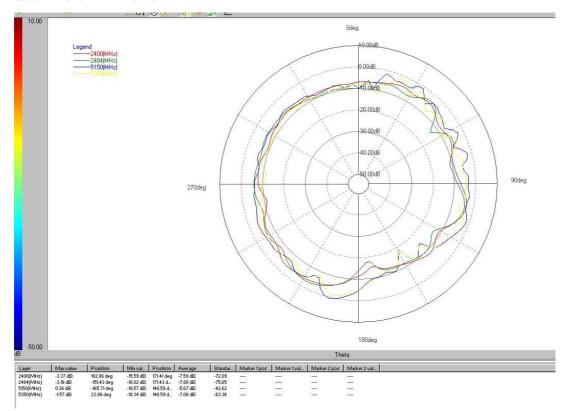


3.2 Right VSWR in the fixture

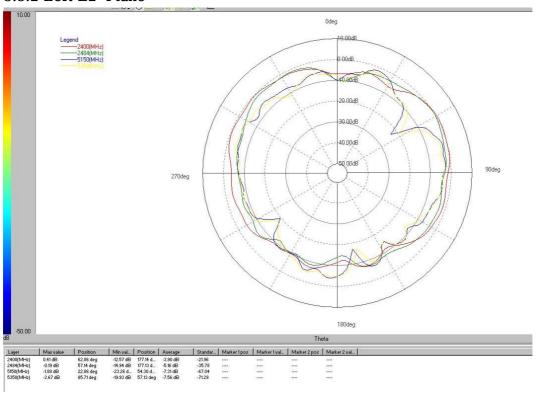


3.3 Radiation pattern and gain

3.3.1 Left E1-Plane



3.3.2 Left E2-Plane



3.3.3 Left H-Plane

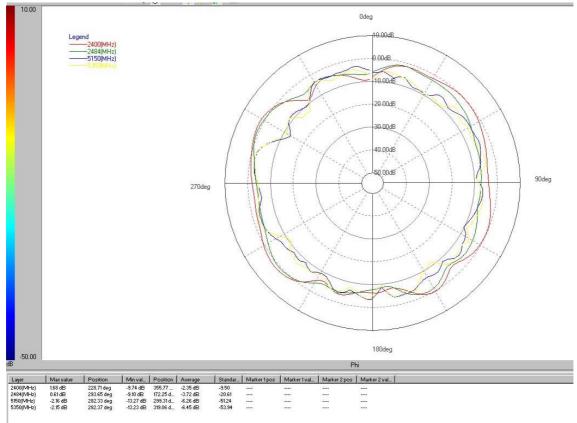
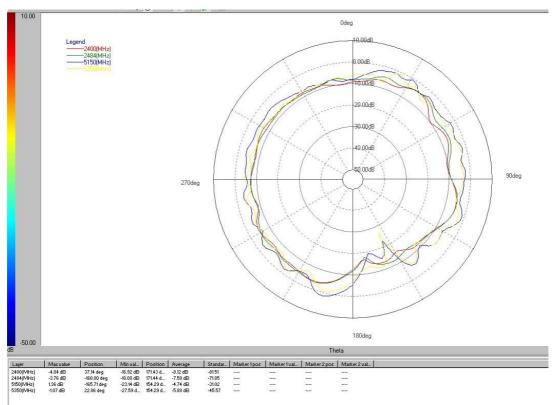


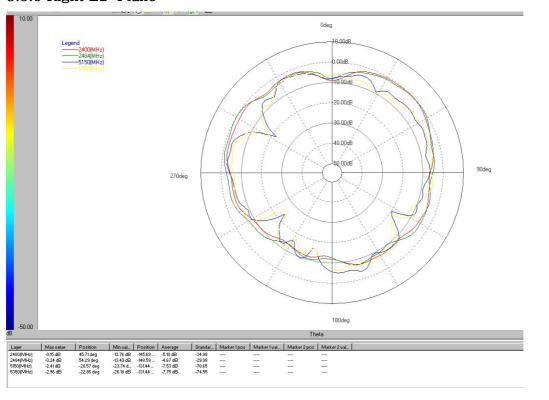
Table 1. Average gain (dBi) summary

Frequency (MHz)	E1-plane	E2-plane	H-plane
2400	-7.59	-3.90	-2.35
2484	-7.80	-5.16	-3.72
5150	-5.67	-7.31	-6.26
5350	-7.08	-7.56	-6.45

3.3.4 Right E1-Plane



3.3.5 Right E2-Plane



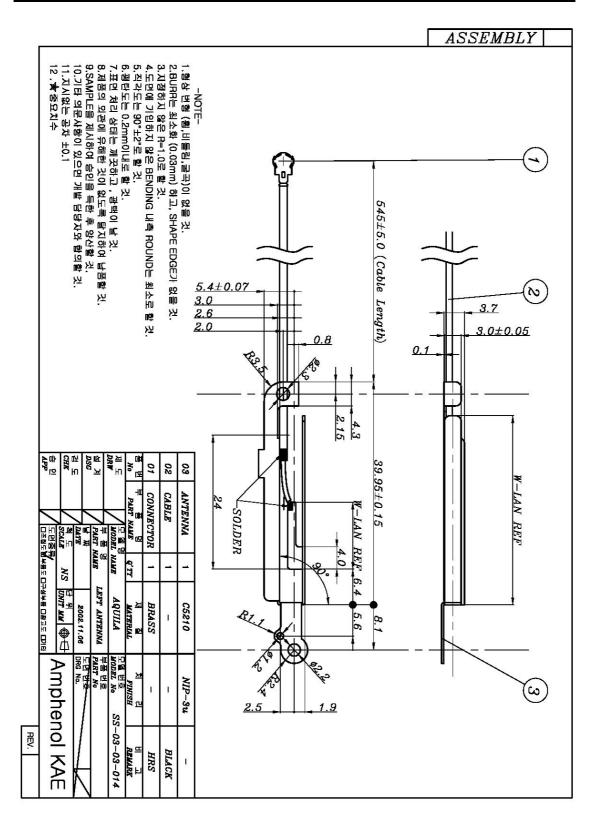


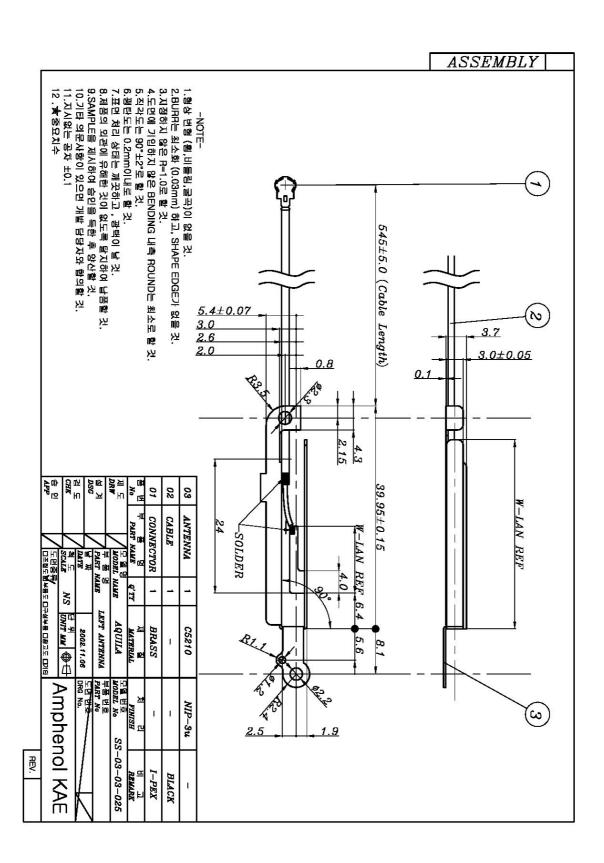
3.3.6 Right H-Plane

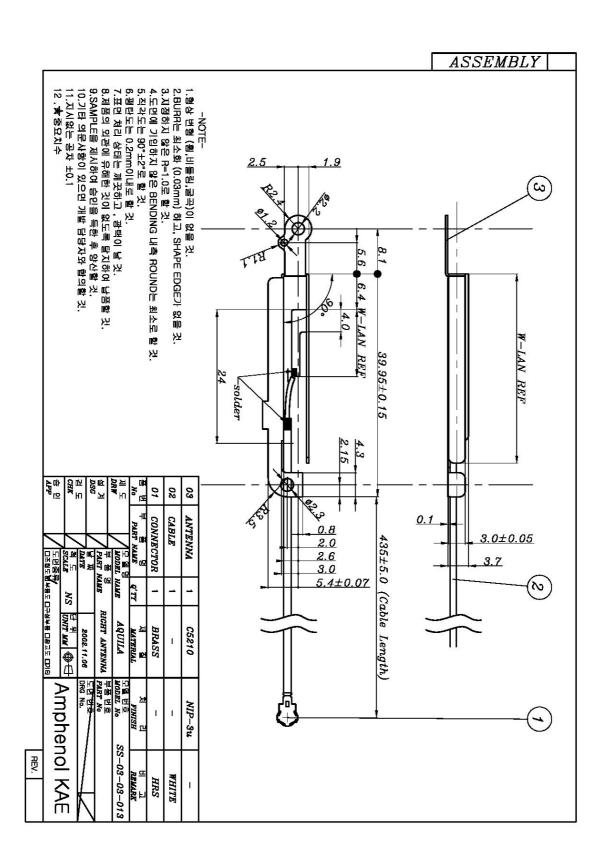
Table 2. Average gain (dBi) summary

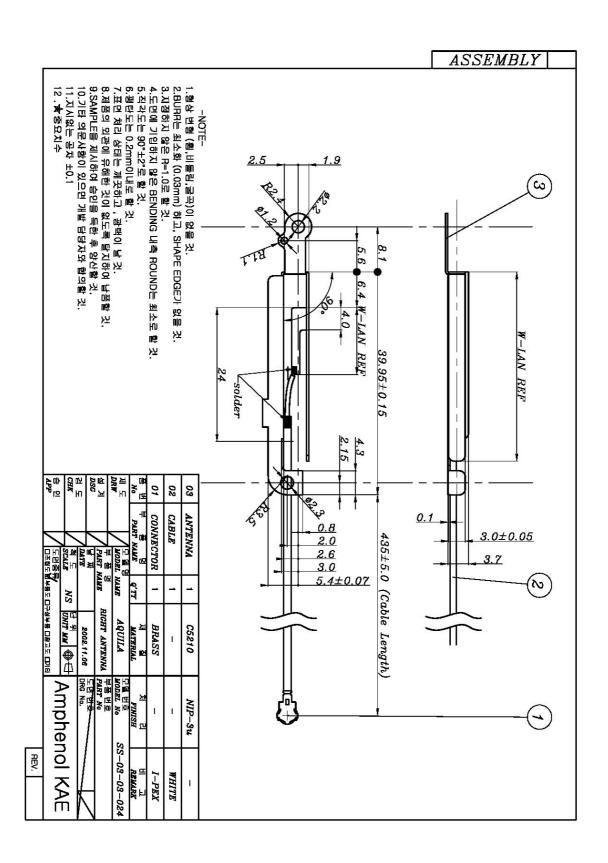
Frequency (MHz)	E1-plane	E2-plane	H-plane
2400	-8.12	-5.10	-3.61
2484	-7.58	-4.67	-3.08
5150	-4.74	-7.53	-6.09
5350	-5.88	-7.75	-6.25

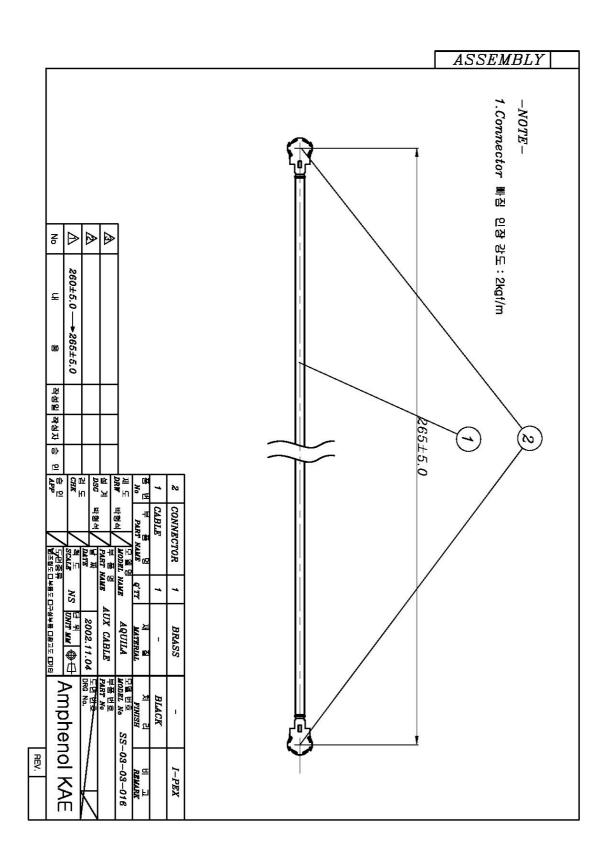
4. Antenna Drawing

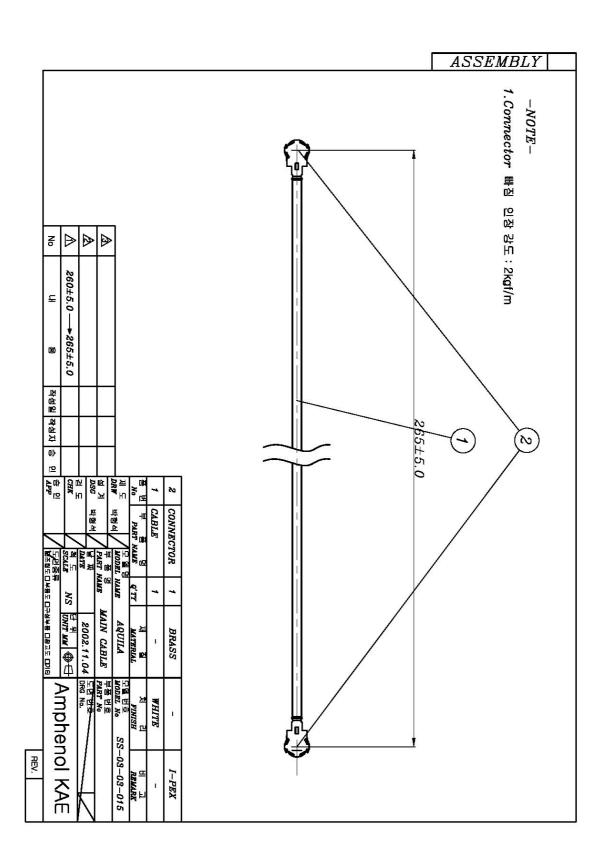


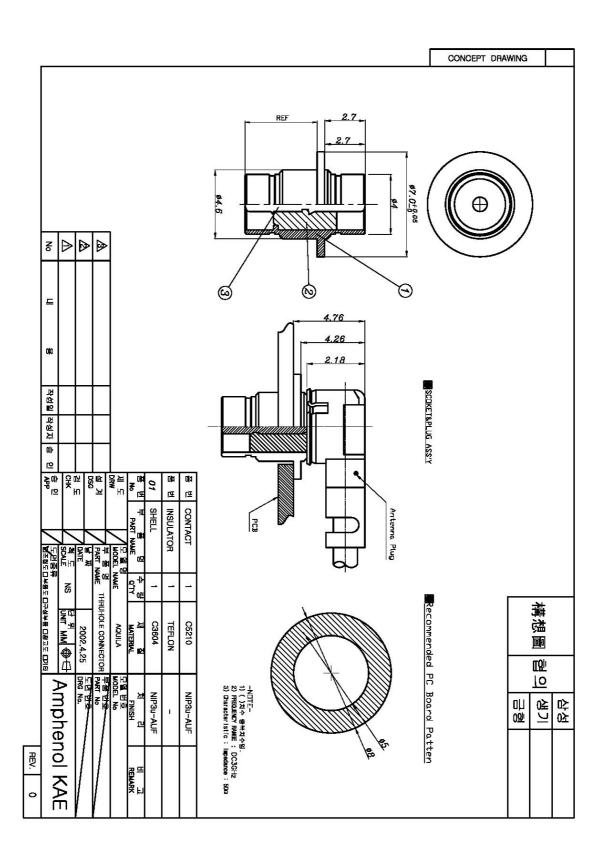












5. Mechanical test

Item	Specifications	Conditions
Temperature cycle	No damage or cracks	Temperature (time):
		-40 °C(40min) \rightarrow 5 to 35°C(5min)
		\rightarrow + 90°C(30min) \rightarrow 5 to 35°C(5min)
Salt spray	No excessive corrosion 48 hours continuous exposure to	
		salt water
Humidity	No damage or cracks	Temperature of 40°C, humidity of
resistance		95%, let stand of 96 hours