TEST REPORT

EUT Description	**Wireless Module installed in Notebook PC**
Brand Name	**Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211**
Model Name	**AX211NGW**
FCC ID	**PD9AX211NG**
Date of Test Start/End	**2025-01-28 / 2025-02-05**
Features	**802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth® 5.2** (see section 5)
Description	**Platform: P120F + WNC antenna**

Applicant	**Intel Corporation SAS**
Address	**425 Rue de Goa – Le Cargo B6 – 06600 Antibes, FRANCE**
Contact Person	**Benjamin Lavenant**
Telephone/Fax/ Email	**Benjamin.lavenant@intel.com**

Reference Standards	**FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093** (see section 1)	
RF Exposure Environment	**Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure**	
Exposure Conditions	**Body worn**	
	SAR Result	SAR Limit
Maximum Power Density Result & Limit	**0.56 W/m² (4cm²)**	**10 W/m² (4cm²)**
Maximum SAR Result & Limit	**0.43 W/kg (1g)**	**1.6 W/kg (1g)**
Min. test separation distance	**0mm to phantom, 6.24 mm to antenna edge (SAR), 2mm to probe tip (PD)**	

Test Report identification	**221006-02.TR04**
Revision Control	**Rev. 00** **This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision** (see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.
Reference to accreditation shall be used only by full reproduction of test report.

Issued by	Reviewed by
Malika FARIA (SAR Engineer)	Zayd OUACHICHA (Technical Manager)

Table of Contents

1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC	1. FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2023-10-01 Edition 2. FCC OET KDB 447498 D04 interim v01 General RF Exposure Guidance v01– RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. 3. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers. 4. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz. 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. 6. IEEE Std 1528-2013 – IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques. 7. RF Exposure Policies and Procedures: TCB Workshop – April 2021 8. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz) 9. 987594 D04 UN6GHZ Pre-Approval Guidance Checklist v01 10. SPEAG Application Note – 5G Compliance Testing with DASY6 (5GModule V1.0Beta) 11. SPEAG Application Note – 5G Compliance Testing with DASY6/8 (5GModule V5.0)

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

✓ Tests performed under FCC standards identified in section 1 are covered by A2LA accreditation.

✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.

✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.

✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.

✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.

✓ This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.

✓ This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.

3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	Avg: 20.38ºC Min: 19.46ºC Max: 21.50ºC
Humidity	Avg: 38.15% Min: 29.65% Max: 45.77%
Liquid Temperature	Avg: 20.42ºC Min: 19.83ºC Max: 20.90ºC

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
#01	221006-02.S03	Wireless Module installed in Notebook PC	P120F	7895568300001	2024-11-25	WNC Antenna

5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer
Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility for the accuracy of the stated customer provided information, especially if it has any impact on the correctness of test results presented in this report.

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211		
Model Name	AX211NGW		
Software Version	DRTU.07332.23.90.0		
Driver Version	23.50.4.2		
Prototype / Production	Production		
Host Identification	P120F		
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)	
	802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz) 5.9GHz (5850.0 – 5895.0 MHz)	
	802.11ax	6.0GHz (5925.0 – 7125.0 MHz)	
	Bluetooth	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)	
Antenna Information	Transmitter	Main / Tx2	Aux / Tx1
	Manufacturer	WNC	WNC
	Antenna type	PIFA	PIFA
	Part number	DC33002QW0L (81ELA715.G60)	DC33002QW1L (81ELA715.G62)
	See Annex *E* for more details on antennas location.		
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux WLAN 6GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 6GHz Main + WLAN 6GHz Aux WLAN 6GHz Main + WLAN 6GHz Aux + BT Aux		
Additional Information	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report		
	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device		
	Band gap is supported by the device		

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
BDR/EDR	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	9.47
Bluetooth LE	33%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	19.45
802.11a/n/ac/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
			5.3GHz	5250-5350	19.51
			5.6GHz	5475-5725	19.15
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	21.11
			5.9GHz	5850-5895	20.96
802.11ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	6.2GHz	5955-6415	13.28
			6.5GHz	6435-6515	13.42
			6.7GHz	6535-6855	13.47
			7.0GHz	6875-7125	13.47

NM: Not Measured

Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit, as specified by the client			SISO mode Notebook Mode	
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Aux (dBm)	Main (dBm)
DTS	802.11b	20	19.50	18.50
	802.11g	20	19.50	18.50
	802.11n20	20	19.50	18.50
	802.11ax20	20	19.50	18.50
	802.11n40	40	19.50	18.50
	802.11ax40	40	19.50	18.50
U-NII-1	802.11a	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11n20	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax20	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11n40	40	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax40	40	19.00	20.50
	802.11ac80	80	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax80	80	19.00	20.50
U-NII-2A	802.11a	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11n20	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax20	20	19.00	20.50
	802.11n40	40	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax40	40	19.00	20.50
	802.11ac80	80	19.00	20.50
	802.11ax80	80	19.00	20.50
	802.11ac160	160	19.00	18.00
	802.11ax160	160	19.00	18.00
U-NII-2C	802.11a	20	18.50	19.50
	802.11n20	20	18.50	19.50
	802.11ax20	20	18.50	19.50
	802.11n40	40	18.50	19.50
	802.11ax40	40	18.50	19.50
	802.11ac80	80	18.50	19.50
	802.11ax80	80	18.50	19.50
	802.11ac160	160	18.25	18.25
	802.11ax160	160	18.25	18.25
U-NII-3	802.11a	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.50
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.50
	802.11ac80	80	18.50	21.50
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.50

U-NII-4	802.11a	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.50
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.50
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.50
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.50
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.50
	802.11ac160	160	19.00	19.00
	802.11ax160	160	19.00	19.00
U-NII-5	802.11ax	20	13.50	13.50
		40	13.50	13.50
		80	13.50	13.50
		160	13.50	13.50
U-NII-6	802.11ax	20	13.50	5.50
		40	8.50	8.50
		80	11.75	11.75
		160	11.75	13.50
U-NII-7	802.11ax	20	13.50	13.50
		40	13.50	13.50
		80	13.50	13.50
		160	13.50	13.50
U-NII-8	802.11ax	20	5.75	5.75
		40	8.75	8.75
		80	12.00	12.00
		160	13.50	13.50
BT	Bluetooth BDR	1		9.50
	Bluetooth EDR2	1		9.50
	Bluetooth EDR3	1		9.50
	BLE	2		9.00

6. Remarks and comments

1. The conducted values are obtained by applying the BIOS SAR power values to the AX211NGW Intel module installed in the P120F identified in this report, as requested by the customer.
2. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in B as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02.

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.43	P
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.04	P
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.2GHz	NM	P
	5.3GHz	0.31	P
	5.6GHz	0.17	P
	5.8GHz	0.21	P
	5.9GHz	0.37	P
802.11ax	6.2GHz	0.04	P
	6.5GHz	0.03	P
	6.7GHz	0.04	P
	7.0GHz	0.05	P

Standard	Band	Highest Reported PStot avg [W/m2] 4cm2	Verdict
802.11ax	7.0 GHz	0.56	P

P: Pass
F: Fail
NM: Not Measured
NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)			
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class		
	DTS	DSS	U-NII
Body Worn	0.43	0.04	0.37
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR : 0.81 SPLSR : NA	Sum-SAR : 0.73 SPLSR : NA	Sum-SAR : 0.73 SPLSR : NA

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	M.FARIA	First Issue

9. SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)
E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

10. Power Density Definition

The power density for an electromagnetic field represents the rate of energy transfer per unit area.
The local power density (i.e. Poynting vector) at a given spatial point is deduced from electromagnetic fields by the following formula:

$$\overrightarrow{P_{local}} = \frac{1}{2}\text{Re}\left(\vec{E} \times \vec{H}^*\right)$$

Where $\vec{E}$ is the complex electric field peak phasor and $\vec{H}^*$ is the complex conjugate magnetic field peak phasor.
This power density is also called "single-point" or "spot power density".
Considering that the FCC's Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit is applicable on the average power density inside 1cm^2 area, the single point power densities in the evaluation plane should be averaged inside the 1cm^2 area.

11. SAR Test & System Description

11.1.   SPEAG SAR Measurement System

<u>**SAR Measurement Setup:**</u>

The DASY6/8 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:
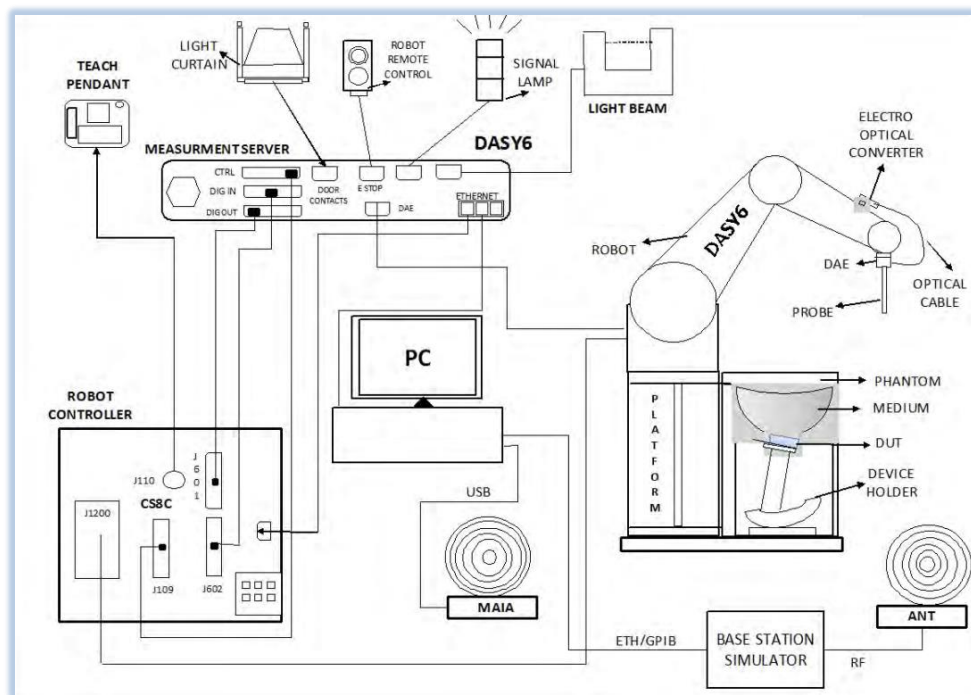
✓   A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
✓   An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
✓   A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
✓   The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
✓   The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
✓   The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
✓   A computer running Windows professional operating system and the DASY6/8 software.
✓   Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
✓   The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
✓   MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
✓   ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
✓   The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
✓   Tissue simulating liquid.
✓   System Validation dipoles.
✓   Network emulator or RF test tool.

E-Field Measurement Probe:

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.
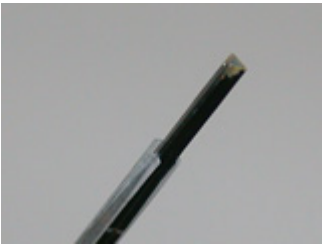
The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

Flat Phantom:

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm
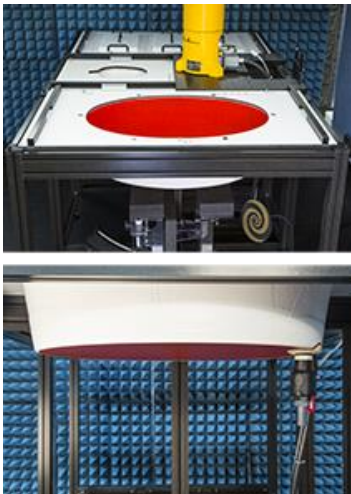
Device Positioner:

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε=3 and loss tangent δ=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.

Data Evaluation:

- **Power Reference measurement**

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

- **Area Scan**

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

- **Zoom Scan**

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within ± 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than ± 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

- **Power Drift measurement**

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

- **Post-processing**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

      ✓   Maximum search
      ✓   Extrapolation
      ✓   Boundary correction
      ✓   Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

System and Liquid Check:

System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.
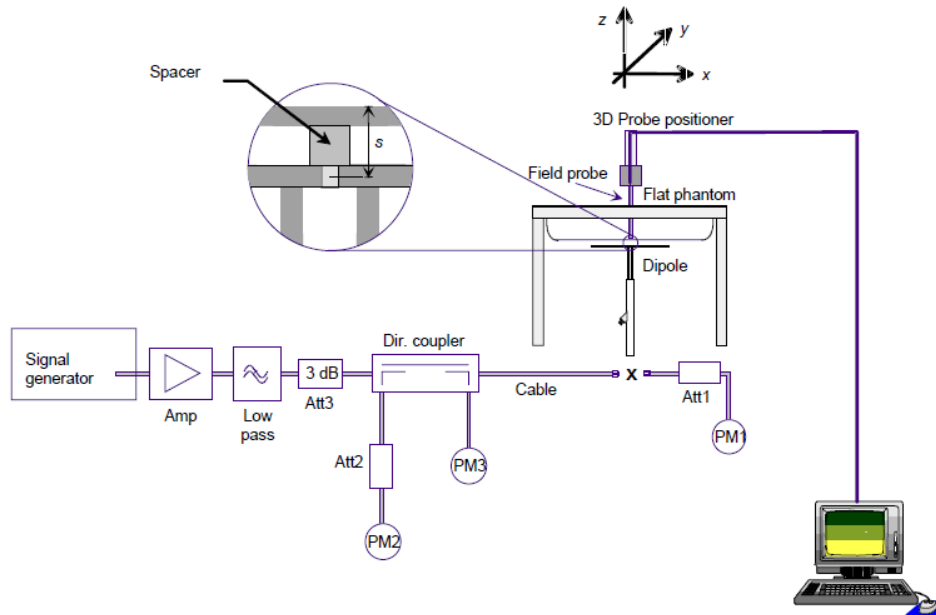
The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528, IEC 62209 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 standards

Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- ✓ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Head SAR	
(MHz)	ε_r (F/m)	σ (S/m)
150	52.30	0.76
300	45.30	0.87
450	43.50	0.87
835	41.55	0.91
900	41.50	0.97
915	41.50	0.98
1450	40.50	1.20
1610	40.30	1.29
1800-2000	40.00	1.40
2450	39.20	1.80
3000	38.50	2.40
5800	35.30	5.27
6000	35.07	5.48
6500	34.46	6.07
7000	33.88	6.65

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to ± 10%.

11.2. Test Equipment List

SAR system #5

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
086-000	Dosimetric E-Field probe	EX3DV4	7455	SPEAG	2024-08-03	2025-08-03
489-007	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAEip	1706	SPEAG	2024-07-01	2025-07-01
094-012	Thermode probe temperature	RMS-TCD-S	24042502	Rotronic	2024-08-27	2026-08-27
489-000	6-Axis Robot	TX260L Speag	F/22/0038104/A/001	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
489-001	Robot Controller	CSE9spe-TX2-60	F/22/0038104/C/001	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
489-004	Measurement Server	DASY8 MS	10079	SPEAG	NA	NA
489-009	Electro Optical Converter	EOC8-60	1033	SPEAG	NA	NA
489-005	Light Beam Unit	LB-85	2068	Di-soric	NA	NA
004-002	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V8.0	2124	SPEAG	NA	NA
489-010	Measurement Software	DASY8 v16.4.0	9-457E974A_D8	SPEAG	NA	NA
489-000	6-Axis Robot	TX260L Speag	F/22/0038104/A/001	STAÜBLI	NA	NA

Shared equipment

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2023-04-18	2025-04-18
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2023-04-19	2025-04-19
069-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2023-07-04	2025-07-04
017-004	Coupler	UDC-0.5G-18G-10dB-SF	000813	Amd-group	2024-02-21	2025-02-21
079-001	RF Cable	CBL-0.5M-SMSM+	226527	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-02-16
167-001	RF Cable	CBL-2M-SMSM+	233846	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-02-16
089 - 000	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2023-09-26	2025-09-26
339-000	VNA Analyzer	ZNB 40	101740	R&S	2023-05-19	2025-05-19
094-005	Thermo-Hygrometer Probe (B8)	RMS-HCD-S	24050484	Rotronic	2024-09-02	2026-09-02
095-000	Thermometer	TESTO 925	34822881	Testo	2025-04-17	2025-04-17
129-000	Signal Generator	SMB100A	178212	R&S	2024-01-31	2026-01-31
198-000	0.8-21GHz RF amplifier	TVA-82-213A+	2004003	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-02-16
070-000	2450GHz System Validation Dipole	D2450GHzV2	937	SPEAG	2022-05-19	2025-05-19
084-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	2022-03-17	2025-03-17
097-000	System Validation Dipole 7000MHz	D7GHzV2	1008	SPEAG	2022-08-24	2025-08-24
384-000	0.1-6GHz RF amplifier	AMT-A0328	1818	Agile Microwave Technology	2024-02-19	2025-02-19
458-000	Measurement Software	SARA V2.3	NA	Intel	NA	NA
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V 3.0.2.3	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA

11.3. Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600-10000V6 Batch 230426-1	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4-diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

11.4. Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)
**SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget** According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz) including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010								
Measurement System Errors								
CF	*Probe Calibration*	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %
CF_{drift}	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
ISO	*Axial Isotropy*	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %
Δ_{sys}	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %
Phantom and Device Errors								
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)$_{DAK}$	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)$_{BB}$	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %
H	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulation$_m$	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
RF_{drift}	DUT drift	±5.0 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %
Correction to the SAR results								
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %
\multicolumn{2}{l}{Combined Std. Uncertainty}						±11.5 %	±11.4 %
\multicolumn{2}{l}{**Expanded STD Uncertainty**}						**±23.1 %**	**±22.9 %**

11.5.   RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	**1.6 W/kg**
Whole body average SAR	**0.08 W/kg**
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	**4.0 W/kg**

12. PD Test & System Description

12.1.   SPEAG free space Measurement System

Measurement Setup:

The DASY6/8 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:
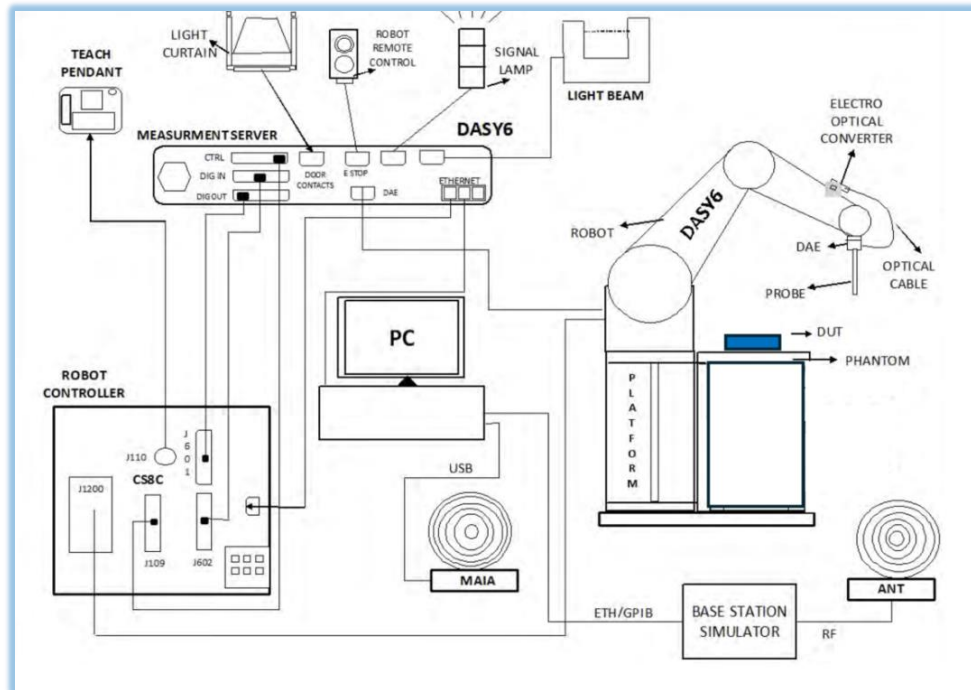
✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
✓ An mm-wave E-field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
✓ A computer running Windows professional operating system and the cDASY6/8 software.
✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

E-Field Measurement Probe:

The probe consists of two dipoles (0.8 mm length) optimally arranged with different angles (γ_1 and γ_2) to obtain pseudo-vector information, printed on glass substrate protected by high density foam that allows low perturbation of the measured field.
Three or more measurements are taken for different probe rotational angles, deriving the amplitude and polarization information.

The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	750 MHz – 110 GHz
Length	320 mm
Probe tip external diameter	8 mm
Probe's two dipoles length	0.9mm – Diode loaded
Probe's substrate	Quartz 0.9 x 20 x 0.18mm (εr=3.8)
Distance between diode sensors and probe's tip	1.5 mm
Axial Isotropy	±0.6 dB
Maximum operating E-field	3000 V/m
Lower E-field detection threshold	5 V/m @ 60 GHz
Minimum Mechanical separation between probe tip and a Surface	0.5mm
Calibration reference point	Diode Sensor
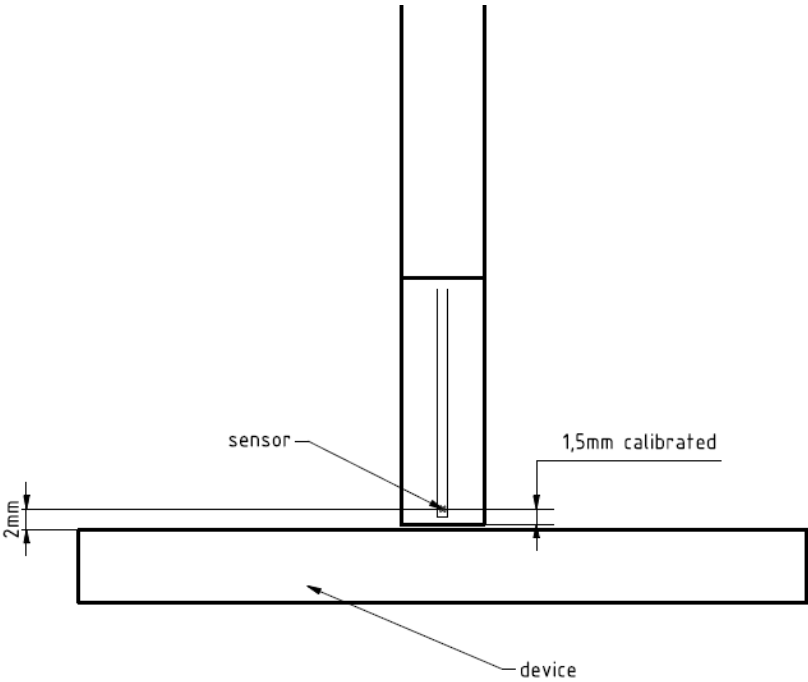
Worst Case Linearization Error:

For continuously transmitting signals (100% duty cycle), the worst case linearization error is given by the difference between non linearized voltage and linearized voltage using CW parameters. The error is increasing with the voltage levels. In our particular case, the measured voltages averaged over the signal period are below 1mV. We use 1mV in the below calculation to have the worst case condition. The signal PAR (Peak to Average Ratio) is 6dB and the diode compression point 100mV.

The maximum voltage through the diode is given by:

$$vpeak = vmeas\ avg \times PARlinear$$
$$vpeak = 1*4 = 4\ mV$$

The linearized voltage using CW parameter is given by:

$$vlin\ peak = vpeak + \frac{v_{peak}^2}{diode\ compression\ point}$$
$$vlin\ peak = 4 + \frac{4^2}{100} = 4.16\ mV$$

The worst case linearization error is:

$$lin\ error = \frac{vlin\ peak}{v\ peak} = \frac{4.16}{4} = 1.04 = 4\%$$

Data Evaluation:

Scan

The scan involves the measurement of two planes with three different probe rotations. The grid steps are optimized by the software based on the test frequency. The location of the lowest measurement plane is defined by the distance of first measurement layer from device under test (DUT) entered by the user. The DUT location settings can be used to offset the center of the grid.

Total Field and Power Flux Density Reconstruction:

Computation of the power density in general requires knowledge of the electric (E-) and magnetic (H-) field amplitudes and phases in the plane of incidence. Reconstruction of these quantities from pseudo-vector E-field measurements is feasible, as they are constrained by Maxwell's equations.
The reconstruction algorithm developed by the system manufacturer, together with the ability of the probe to measure extremely close to the source without perturbing the field, permits reconstruction of the E- and H-fields, as well as of the power density, on measurement planes located as near as 0.5mm away in the frequency band of 60 GHz.

The average of the reconstructed power density is evaluated over a circular area in each measurement plane. The area of the circle is defined by the user; the default is 1 cm^2.

System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.
The system performance check uses normal E-field measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.
In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated source and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated source must be placed at the correct distance from the E-field probe according to the calibration certificate.

First, the power meter is connected to the output of the signal generator to measure the forward power at the location of the connector to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power to match the system check source calibration setup at the connector as read by power meter. Then the power meter is replaced by the system check source.
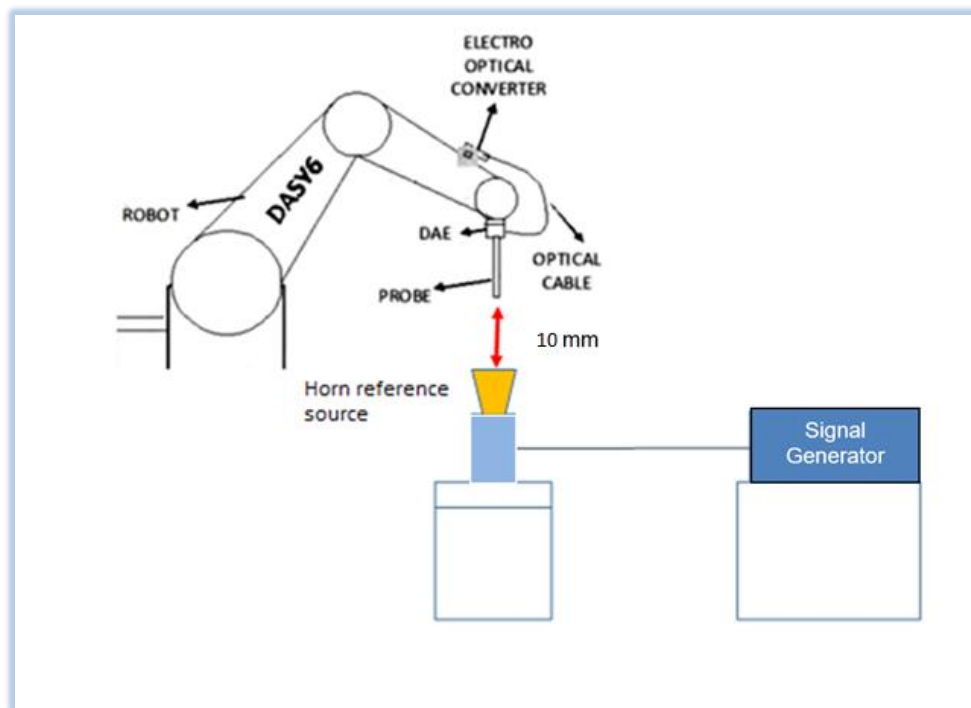
The output power on the reference source is set to 10.0 dBm (10 mW) and the measurement results E, H and Avg PD are compared with the Numerical modeling.

12.2. Test Equipment List

SAR system #4

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
443-000	E-Field probe	EUmmWV3	9538	SPEAG	2024-05-06	2025-05-06
002-013	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAEip	1658	SPEAG	2024-08-08	2025-08-08
004-000	6-axis Robot	TX90 XL	F11/5JL2A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	n/a	n/a
004-001	Robot Controller	CS8C	F11/5JL2A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	n/a	n/a
004-005	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB	-	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
004-004	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	1030	Di-soric	n/a	n/a
003-002	5G Phantom	mmWave	NA	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
003-006	Measurement Software	DASYmmW v2.4	9-5ED1AC01	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
004-010	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	n/a	n/a

Shared equipment

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2023-09-08	2025-04-18
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2023-09-08	2025-04-18
017-004	Coupler	UDC-0.5G-18G-10dB-SF	000813	Amd-group	2024-02-21	2025-02-21
079-001	RF Cable	CBL-0.5M-SMSM+	226527	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-04-16
167-001	RF Cable	CBL-2M-SMSM+	233846	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-04-16
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-F0DED9	AVTECH	2023-07-12	2025-07-12
129-000	Signal Generator	SMB100A	178212	R&S	2022-12-19	2024-12-19
198-000	0.8-21GHz RF amplifier	TVA-82-213A+	2004003	Mini-Circuits	2024-02-16	2025-04-16
008-081	Horn reference antenna	PE9859/SF-15	-	PAsternack	NA	NA
458-000	Measurement Software	SARA V2.3	NA	Intel	NA	NA

12.3. Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±dB)	Probability Distribution	Div.	(c_i)	Std. Unc. (±dB)	(v_i) v_{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	0.49	N	1	1	0.49	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	0.50	R	√3	1	0.29	∞
Linearity	0.20	R	√3	1	0.12	∞
System Detection Limits	0.04	R	√3	1	0.02	∞
Data acquisition	0.03	N	1	1	0.03	∞
Field reconstruction[1]	2	R	√3	1	1.15	∞
Probe Positioning Repeatabiility	0.04	R	√3	1	0.02	∞
Probe Positioning offset	0.30	R	√3	1	0.17	∞
Amplitude and Phase Noise	0.04	R	√3	1	0.02	∞
Spatial Averaging	0.1	R	√3	1	0.06	∞
Frequency Response	0.2	R	√3	1	0.12	∞
Test Sample Related						
Power Drift	0.21	R	√3	1	0.12	∞
Modulation response	0.40	R	√3	1	0.23	∞
Device holder influence	0.1	R	√3	1	0.06	∞
RF Ambient Noise	0.04	R	√3	1	0.02	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	0.04	R	√3	1	0.02	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					1.34 dB	∞
Expanded Std. Uncertainty 95%					2.68 dB	

Table 2: DASY6 Uncertainty Budget in Compliance with IEC/IEEE 63195-1 for the cases indicated in the REFRENCE TABLE

The REC at distance d must be modified as follows:

[1]
$$unc_{REC}dB = \begin{cases} 2.35 - 8.75d/\lambda & \text{for } d = 0.04\ldots0.2\lambda \\ 0.6 & \text{for } d \geq 0.2\lambda \end{cases}$$

The minimal distance is 2mm, and the minimal frequency tested is 6 GHz. This corresponds to an MU value of (2.35-8.75*0.04 =2 dB) --
Ref: Speag, DASY6 Module mmWave Manual, February 2022.

12.4.   RF Exposure Limits

Power density assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093, in particular chapter 1.1310 specifying the MPE limits, on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	Power density (S)
Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure. 1.5GHz – 100GHz	**50.0 W/m^2**
Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure. 1.5GHz – 100GHz	**10.0 W/m^2**

Annex A.　Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Personnel
Conducted measurement	F. Heurtematte
SAR/PD measurement	F.MOHAND

A.1　Test Conditions

A.1.1　Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211 card inside a Notebook host platform (P120F) using a set of PIFA antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version DRTU.07332.23.90.0) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

According to FCC OET KDB 616217 D04, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations.

The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Antenna	Main	Aux
Position	• Laptop	• Laptop

See A.*1.3.1* for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See *E.2 Test positions* section for more information on the tested positions.

A.1.2　Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

A.1.3   Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

A.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune} - \text{up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right] \tag{1}$$

$$\leq 3.0 \; for \; 1g \; SAR, and \leq 7.5 \; for \; 10g \; extremity \; SAR$$

Where:
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle \left(\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for } 50 \; mm \; in \; (1)\right) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \; mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW, \tag{2}$$
$$for \; 100MHz \; to \; 1500MHz$$

$$\langle \left(\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for } 50 \; mm \; in \; (1)\right) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \; mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW, \tag{3}$$
$$for \; 1500MHz \; and \; \leq 6GHz$$

WLAN Antenna	Band Name	Notebook Output power		Laptop	Laptop
		dBm	mW		
Main	DTS	18.50	70.79	**<50**	T
	U-NII-1	20.50	112.20	**<50**	R
	U-NII-2A	20.50	112.20	**<50**	T
	U-NII-2C	19.50	89.13	**<50**	T
	U-NII-3	21.50	141.25	**<50**	T
	U-NII-4	21.50	141.25	**<50**	T
	U-NII-5	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	U-NII-6	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	U-NII-7	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	U-NII-8	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
Aux	DTS	19.50	89.13	**<50**	T
	U-NII-1	19.00	79.43	**<50**	R
	U-NII-2A	19.00	79.43	**<50**	T
	U-NII-2c	18.50	70.79	**<50**	T
	U-NII-3	21.00	125.89	**<50**	T
	U-NII-4	21.00	125.89	**<50**	T
	U-NII-5	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	U-NII-6	11.75	14.96	**<50**	T
	U-NII-7	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	U-NII-8	13.50	22.39	**<50**	T
	BT	9.50	8.91	**<50**	T

T: Tested position
R: Reduced

See Annex *E* for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.

General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: ▪ When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. ▪ When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an *initial test configuration* is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The *initial test configuration* for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

A.2   Conducted Power Measurements

A.2.1   Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax – 2.4GHz - DTS

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
2.4 GHz (BT)	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate GFSK	0	2402	Aux	9.47	9.50
			39	2441	Aux	9.40	9.50
			78	2480	Aux	9.41	9.50
		Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	0	2402	Aux	NR	9.50
			39	2441	Aux		9.50
			78	2480	Aux		9.50
		Basic rate 8-DPSK	0	2402	Aux		9.50
			39	2441	Aux		9.50
			78	2480	Aux		9.50
	BLE	Low energy GFSK	0	2402	Aux		9.00
			39	2441	Aux		9.00
			78	2480	Aux		9.00

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
DTS	802.11b	1	1	2412	18.46	18.50	19.40	19.50
			6	2437	18.29	18.50	19.45	19.50
			11	2462	18.30	18.50	19.38	19.50
	802.11g	6	1	2412	NR	NR	NR	NR
			6	2437				
			11	2462				
	802.11n20	HT0	1	2412				
			6	2437				
			11	2462				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	1	2412				
			6	2437				
			11	2462				
	802.11n40	HT0	3	2422				
			6	2437				
			9	2452				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	3	2422				
			6	2437				
			9	2452				

A.2.2   802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.2 GHz / 5.3 GHz – U-NII-1 / U-NII-2A

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
UNII-1	802.11a20	6	36	5180	NR	NR	NR	NR
			40	5200				
			44	5220				
			48	5240				
	802.11n20	HT0	36	5180				
			40	5200				
			44	5220				
			48	5240				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	36	5180				
			40	5200				
			44	5220				
			48	5240				
	802.11n40	HT0	38	5190				
			46	5230				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	38	5190				
			46	5230				
	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210				
	802.11ax80	MCS0	42	5210				

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
UNII-2A	802.11a20	6	52	5260	NR	NR	NR	NR
			56	5280				
			60	5300				
			64	5320				
	802.11n20	HT0	52	5260				
			56	5280				
			60	5300				
			64	5320				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	52	5260				
			56	5280				
			60	5300				
			64	5320				
	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270				
			62	5310				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	54	5270				
			62	5310				
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	19.51	20.50		
	802.11ax80	MCS0	58	5290		20.50		
	802.11ac160	VHT0	50	5250	NR	NR	18.29	19.00
	802.11ax160	MCS0	50	5250			NR	NR

A.2.3   802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.6 GHz – U-NII-2C

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
UNII-2C	802.11a20	6	100	5500	NR		NR	
			104	5520				
			108	5540				
			112	5560				
			116	5580				
			120	5600				
			124	5620				
			128	5640				
	802.11n20	HT0	100	5500				
			104	5520				
			108	5540				
			112	5560				
			116	5580				
			120	5600				
			124	5620				
			128	5640				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	100	5500				
			104	5520				
			108	5540				
			112	5560				
			116	5580				
			120	5600				
			124	5620				
			128	5640				
	802.11n40	HT0	102	5510				
			110	5550				
			118	5590				
			126	5630				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	102	5510				
			110	5550				
			118	5590				
			126	5630				
	802.11ac80	VHT0	106	5530	19.13	19.50	18.04	18.50
			122	5610	19.15	19.50	18.15	18.50
	802.11ax80	MCS0	106	5530	NR	NR	NR	NR
			122	5610				
	802.11ac160	VHT0	114	5570				
	802.11ax160	MCS0	114	5570				

A.2.4   802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.8 GHz – U-NII-3

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
UNII-3	802.11a20	6	132	5660	NR	NR	NR	NR
			136	5680				
			140	5700				
			144	5720				
			149	5745				
			153	5765				
			157	5785				
			161	5805				
			165	5825				
	802.11n20	HT0	132	5660				
			136	5680				
			140	5700				
			144	5720				
			149	5745				
			153	5765				
			157	5785				
			161	5805				
			165	5825				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	132	5660				
			136	5680				
			140	5700				
			144	5720				
			149	5745				
			153	5765				
			157	5785				
			161	5805				
			165	5825				
	802.11n40	HT0	134	5670				
			142	5710				
			151	5755				
			159	5795				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	134	5670				
			142	5710				
			151	5755				
			159	5795				
	802.11ac80	VHT0	138	5690		19.50		
			155	5775	21.11	21.50		
	802.11ax80	MCS0	138	5690	NR	NR		18.50
			155	5775			20.25	21.00

A.2.5   802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.9 GHz – U-NII-4

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
UNII-3	802.11a	6Mbps	169	5845	NR	NR	NR	NR
			173	5865				
			177	5885				
	802.11n20	HT0	169	5845				
			173	5865				
			177	5885				
	802.11ax20	MCS0	169	5845				
			173	5865				
			177	5885				
	802.11n40	HT0	167	5835				
			175	5875				
	802.11ax40	MCS0	167	5835				
			175	5875				
	802.11ac80	VHT0	171	5855	20.96	21.50	20.86	21.00
	802.11ax80	MCS0	171	5855	NR	NR	NR	NR
	802.11ac160	VHT0	163	5815				
	802.11ax160	MCS0	163	5815				

A.2.6   802.11ax – 6.2 GHz – U-NII-5

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
U-NII-5	802.11ax	20	1	5955	NR	NR	NR	NR
	802.11ax	20	45	6175				
	802.11ax	20	93	6415				
	802.11ax	40	3	5985				
	802.11ax	40	43	6165				
	802.11ax	40	91	6405				
	802.11ax	80	7	5985				
	802.11ax	80	39	6145				
	802.11ax	80	87	6385				
	802.11ax	160	15	6025	13.28	13.50	12.94	13.50
	802.11ax	160	47	6185	13.21	13.50	13.09	13.50
	802.11ax	160	79	6345	13.09	13.50	12.84	13.50

A.2.7   802.11ax – 6.5 GHz – U-NII-6

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
U-NII-6	802.11ax	20	97	6435	NR	NR	NR	NR
		20	105	6475				
		20	113	6515				
	802.11ax	40	99	6445				
		40	107	6485				
	802.11ax	80	103	6465				
		80	119	6545				
	802.11ax	160	111	6505	13.42	13.50	11.59	11.75

A.2.8   802.11ax – 6.7 GHz – U-NII-7

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
U-NII-7	802.11ax	20	117	6535	NR		NR	
		20	149	6695				
		20	181	6855				
	802.11ax	40	115	6525				
		40	147	6685				
		40	179	6845				
	802.11ax	80	135	6625				
		80	151	6705				
		80	167	6785				
	802.11ax	160	143	6665	12.94	13.50	13.47	13.50
		160	175	6825	13.12	13.50	13.37	13.50

A.2.9 802.11ax – 7.0 GHz – U-NII-8

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Average Power (dBm) - Main	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average Power (dBm) - Aux	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
U-NII-8	802.11ax	20	185	6875	NR	NR	NR	NR
		20	209	6995				
		20	233	7115				
	802.11ax	40	187	6885				
		40	227	7085				
	802.11ax	80	183	6865				
		80	199	6945				
		80	215	7025				
	802.11ax	160	207	6985	13.47	13.50	13.47	13.50

A.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Freq.(MHz)	Target Parameters		Measured TSL Parameters		Deviation (%)		Date
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	Deviation ε'	Deviation σ	
2450.0	39.20	1.80	40.48	1.86	3.27	3.33	2025-01-27
2450.0	39.20	1.80	40.72	1.75	3.88	-2.78	2025-02-03
5300.0	35.87	4.76	35.09	4.77	-2.17	0.21	2025-01-27
5300.0	35.87	4.76	36.17	4.50	0.84	-5.46	2025-02-03
5500.0	35.64	4.96	34.72	5.01	-2.58	1.01	2025-01-27
5500.0	35.64	4.96	35.95	4.73	0.87	-4.64	2025-02-03
5600.0	35.53	5.07	34.43	5.12	-3.10	0.99	2025-01-27
5600.0	35.53	5.07	35.80	4.85	0.76	-4.34	2025-02-03
5800.0	35.30	5.27	34.04	5.30	-3.57	0.57	2025-01-27
5800.0	35.30	5.27	35.50	5.01	0.57	-4.93	2025-02-03
5900.0	35.19	5.37	33.83	5.40	-3.86	0.56	2025-01-27
5900.0	35.19	5.37	35.28	5.09	0.26	-5.21	2025-02-03
7000.0	33.88	6.65	31.71	6.99	-6.40	5.11	2025-01-27
7000.0	33.88	6.65	32.83	6.51	-3.10	-2.11	2025-02-03

See *Annex C* for more details.

A.4 System Check Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Forwarded Power (mW)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	51.00	50.40	-1.18	50.00	± 10	2025-01-28
	10g	23.80	23.80	0.00			
5300	1g	81.90	76.40	-6.72			
	10g	23.00	21.60	-6.09			
5600	1g	82.30	79.40	-3.52			2025-02-03
	10g	22.80	22.60	-0.88			
5800	1g	83.50	79.60	-4.67			2025-01-28
	10g	23.90	22.40	-6.28			
7000	1g	83.50	281.95	1.42	14.79		2025-01-28
	10g	23.90	50.71	4.13			
7000	1g	278.00	282.69	1.69	15.14		2025-02-03
	10g	48.70	50.20	3.08			

A.4.1   E-Field

Frequency	Signal Type	Target E-field (V/m)	Measured E-field (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
6.5 GHz	Continuous Wave	60.60	60.61	0.02	2025-01-16

The E-fields presented in the System Check Measurements table are Peak values. The target E-field value is obtained by simulation. The maximum target E-field value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) source power is 60.60 V/m. The maximum measured E-field value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) is 60.61 V/m.

A.4.2   H-Field

Frequency	Signal Type	Target H-field (A/m)	Measured H-field (A/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
6.5 GHz	Continuous Wave	0.17	0.18	5.88	2025-01-16

The H-fields presented in the System Check Measurements table are Peak values. The target H-field value is obtained by simulation. The maximum target H-field value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) source power is 0.17 A/m. The maximum measured E-field value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) is 0.18 A/m.

A.4.3   Local Power Density

Frequency	Signal Type	Target Local Power Density (W/m2)	Measured Local Power Density (W/m2)	Deviation (%)	Date
6.5 GHz	Continuous Wave	5.12	5.40	5.47	2025-01-16

The Local Power Density presented in the System Check Measurements table are Peak values. The target Local Power Density value is obtained by simulation. The maximum target Local Power Density value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) source power is 5.12 W/m^2. The maximum measured E-field value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) is 5.40 W/m^2.

A.4.4   Averaged Power Density

Frequency	Signal Type	Target Spatially Averaged Power Density (W/m2)	Measured Spatially Averaged Power Density (W/m2)	Deviation (%)	Date
6.5 GHz	Continuous Wave	4.93	4.83	-2.03	2025-01-16

The Spatially Averaged Power Density presented in the System Check Measurements table are Peak values. The target Spatially Averaged Power Density value is obtained by simulation. The maximum target Spatially Averaged Power Density value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) source power is 4.93 W/m^2. The maximum measured Spatially Averaged Power Density value at 10 mm with 10 dBm (10 mW) is 4.83 W/m^2.

.

A.5 SAR Test Results

A.5.1 BT, DTS, UNII-1, UNII-2A, UNII-2C, UNII-3, UNII-4

Antenna	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.15	DH5	1	0	2402	Laptop	0.03	0.04	0.04	
	802.11b	1Mbps	20	6	2437		0.05	0.43	0.43	1
Main	802.11b	1Mbps	20	1	2412		0.04	0.38	0.38	

Antenna	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.11ac	VHT0	160	50	5250	Laptop	0.71	0.14	0.16	
Main	802.11ac	VHT0	80	58	5290		0.99	0.25	0.31	2

Antenna	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.11ac	VHT0	80	122	5610	Laptop	0.35	0.14	0.15	
Main	802.11ac	VHT0	80	122	5610		0.35	0.16	0.17	3

Antenna	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.11ax	MCS0	80	155	5775	Laptop	0.75	0.16	0.19	
Main	802.11ac	VHT0	80	155	5775		0.39	0.19	0.21	4

Antenna	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Aux	802.11ac	VHT0	80	171	5855	Laptop	0.14	0.31	0.32	
Main	802.11ac	VHT0	80	171	5855		0.54	0.33	0.37	5

A.5.2   UNII-5, UNII-6, UNII-7, UNII-8

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)		SAR 10g (W/kg)	*Estimated epithelial PD (W/m²)		Plot #
							Measured	Reported	Measured	1cm²	4cm²	
Aux	802.11ax	160	15	6025	Laptop	0.56	0.02	0.02	0.01			
			79	6345	Laptop	0.41	0.02	0.02	0.01			
Main	802.11ax	160	15	6025	Laptop	0.22	0.03	0.03	0.01			
			79	6345	Laptop	0.29	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.36	0.24	1

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)		SAR 10g (W/kg)	*Estimated epithelial PD (W/m²)		Plot #
							Measured	Measured	Measured	1cm²	4cm²	
Aux	802.11ax	160	111	6505	Laptop	0.16	0.02	0.02	0.01			
Main					Laptop	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.25	0.16	2

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)		SAR 10g (W/kg)	*Estimated epithelial PD (W/m²)		Plot #
							Measured	Reported	Measured	1cm²	4cm²	
Aux	802.11ax	160	143	6665	Laptop	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.37	0.25	3
Main	802.11ax	160	175	6825	Laptop	0.38	0.02	0.02	0.01			

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)		SAR 10g (W/kg)	*Estimated epithelial PD (W/m²)		Plot #
							Measured	Reported	Measured	1cm²	4cm²	
Aux	802.11ax	160	207	6985	Laptop	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.46	0.31	4
Main	802.11ax	160	207	6985	Laptop	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.01			

A.6   PD Test Results

A.6.1   802.11ax – 7 GHz – U-NII-8

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Uncertainty Cor. Factor	PStot avg [W/m²] 1cm²	C-PStot avg [W/m²] 1cm²	PStot avg [W/m²] 4cm²	C-PStot avg [W/m²] 4cm²	EM E [V/m]	EM H [A/m]	Plot #
Aux	802.11ax	160	207	6985	Laptop	1.55	0.40	0.62	0.36	0.56	24.30	0.06	16

* The correction factor uncertainty in dB corresponds to the difference between the actual uncertainty and the 30% target value, as per the TCB Workshop Oct 20
**C-PStot = Compensated PStot

A.7   SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured values are under both limits, no variability is required.

A.8   Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Position	Antenna	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)			
		WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 6GHz	Bluetooth
Laptop	Main	0.38	0.37	0.04	
	Aux	0.43	0.32	0.05	0.04

Position	Simultaneous Tx Antenna Combination		Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Main Antenna	Aux Antenna		
Laptop	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.69	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.73	
	WLAN 5GHz	BT	0.41	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.81	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	BT	0.42	
	WLAN 6GHz	WLAN 6GHz	0.09	
	WLAN 6GHz	WLAN 6GHz + BT	0.13	
	WLAN 6GHz	BT	0.08	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission evaluation exclusions described in FCC OET KDB 447498, no enlarged zoom scan measurements are required

Annex B.   Test System Plots

1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Aux–WNC- Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

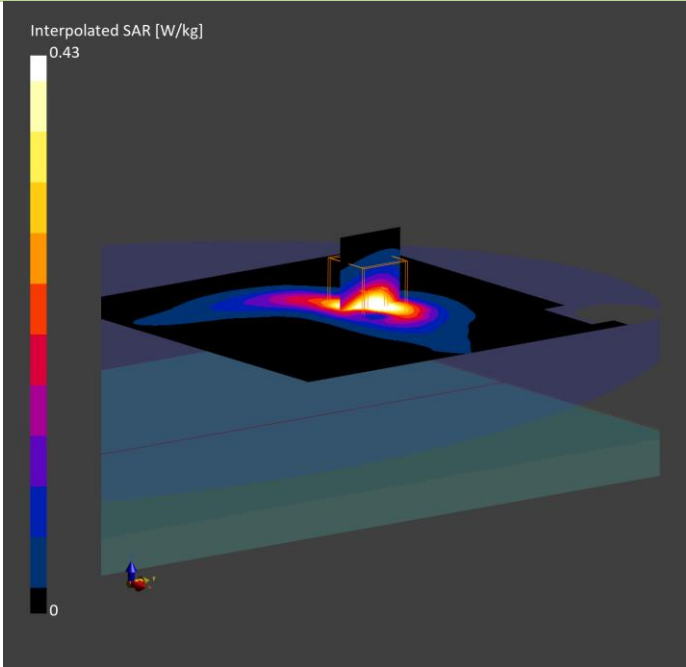| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10415-AAA	2437.000, 6	6.88	1.84	40.5

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 18:31	2025-01-28, 18:39
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.413	0.429
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.195	0.196
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.05
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		80.0
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.3

2. U-NII-1 - 802.11ac80, CH58, Main–WNC- Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

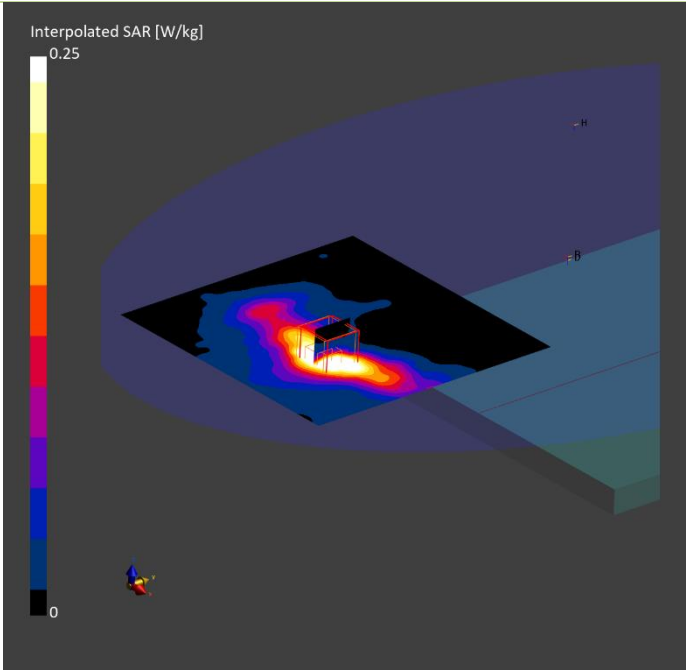| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAF	5290.000, 58	5.01	4.75	35.1

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 19:55	2025-01-28, 20:02
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.245	0.253
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.100	0.107
Power Drift [dB]	-0.17	0.09
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%]	Positive Only	Positive Only 68.7
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.0

3. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Main–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAF	5610.000, 122	4.29	4.86	35.8

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 22:06	2025-02-03, 22:14
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.151	0.157
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.061	0.070
Power Drift [dB]	0.06	0.07
Power Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		64.6
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.9
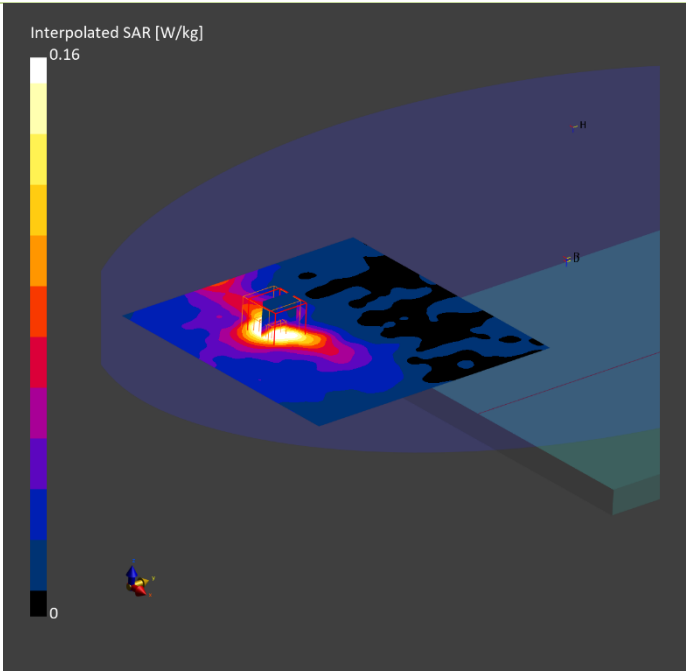
4. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Main–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

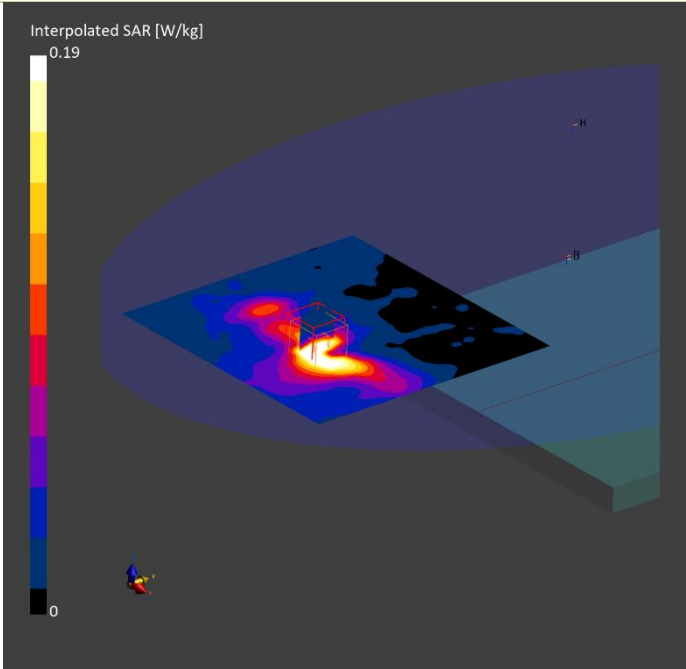| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10402-AAF	5775.000, 155	4.46	5.29	34.1

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 21:51	2025-01-28, 21:59
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.176	0.194
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.066	0.078
Power Drift [dB]	-0.19	-0.08
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		62.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		5.9

5. U-NII-4 - 802.11ac80, CH171, Main–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	U-NII-4	WLAN, 10402-AAF	5855.000, 171	4.46	5.35	33.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 22:25	2025-01-28, 22:33
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.308	0.330
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.124	0.136
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	-0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		67.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.0
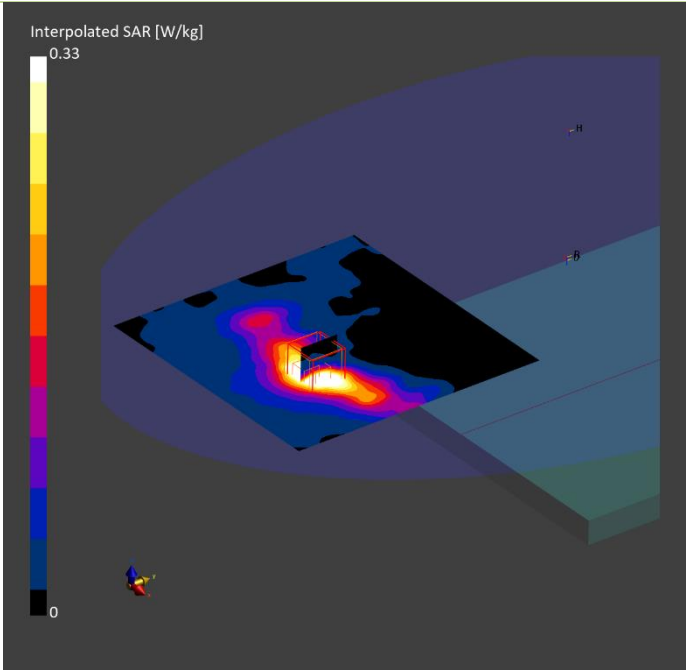
6. U-NII-5 - 802.11ax160, CH79, Main–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

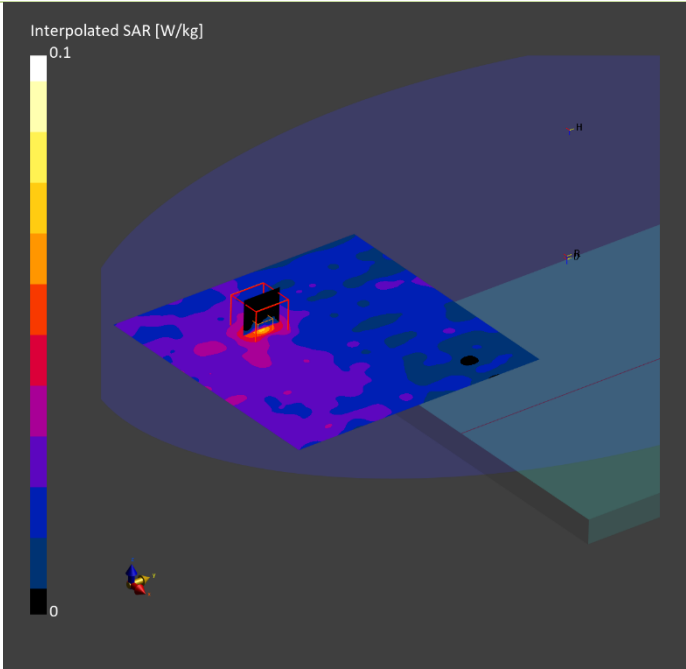| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	U-NII-5	WLAN, 10755-AAC	6345.000, 79	5.06	5.69	34.3

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 19:39	2025-02-03, 19:49
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.050	0.036
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.019	0.010
Power Drift [dB]	0.14	-0.16
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		51.4
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		5.5

7. U-NII-6 - 802.11ax160, CH111, Main–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	U-NII-6	WLAN, 10755-AAC	6505.000, 111	5.06	6.25	32.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-29, 00:13	2025-01-29, 00:22
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.038	0.025
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.013	0.007
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.13
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		62.7
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		5.2
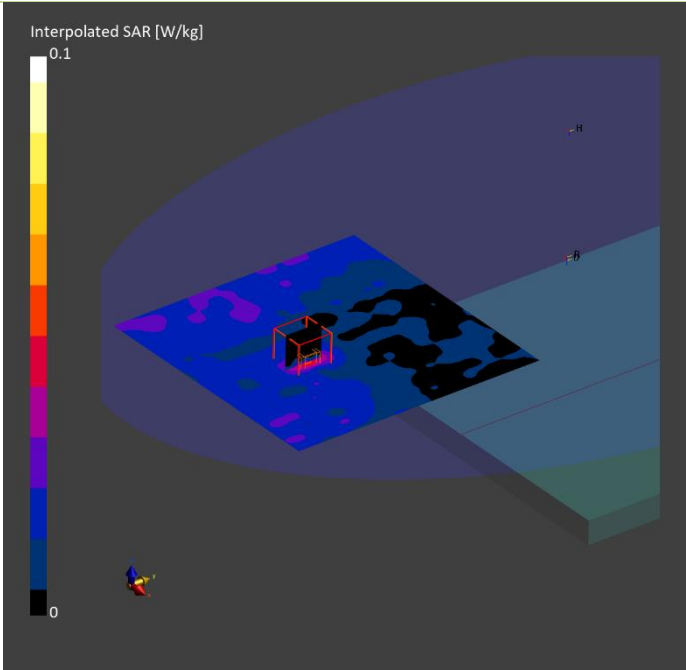
8. U-NII-7 - 802.11ax160, CH143, Aux–WNC - Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

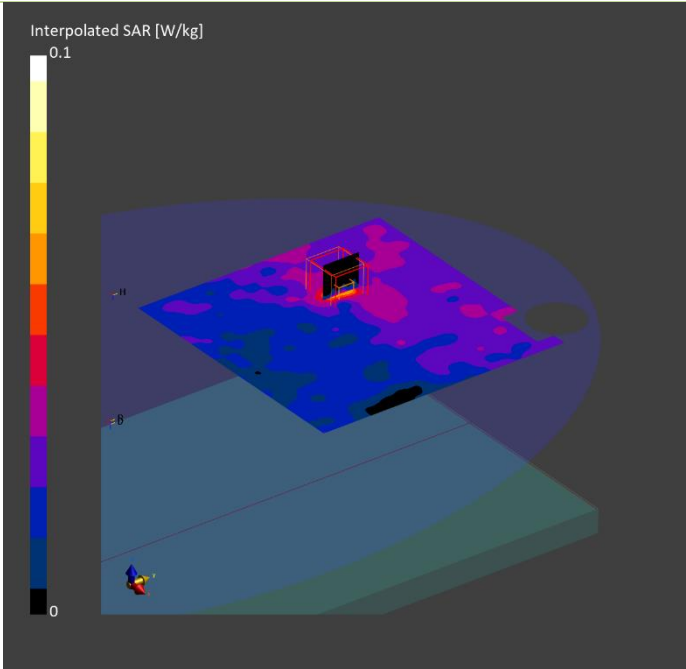| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	U-NII-7	WLAN, 10755-AAC	6665.000, 143	5.06	6.16	33.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 19:58	2025-02-03, 20:07
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.052	0.037
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.019	0.011
Power Drift [dB]	-0.08	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%]	Positive Only	Positive Only 49.7
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		5.5

9. U-NII-8 - 802.11ax160, CH207, Aux–WNC- Laptop (SAR)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	FRONT, 0.00	U-NII-8	WLAN, 10755-AAC	6985.000, 207	5.06	6.49	32.9

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	150.0 x 150.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	3.4 x 3.4 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 21:30	2025-02-03, 21:39
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.043	0.029
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.015	0.008
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	-0.13
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		39.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		4.8
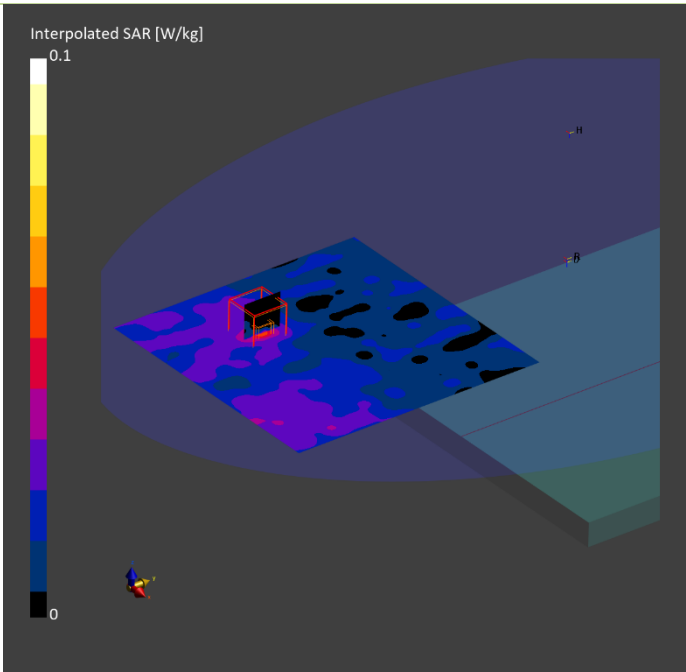
10. System Check 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D2450GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	2450.000, 0	6.88	1.86	40.5

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	All points	All points
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 11:31	2025-01-28, 11:39
psSAR1g [W/kg]	2.49	2.52
psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.16	1.19
Power Drift [dB]	0.04	0.00
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		79.6
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.1
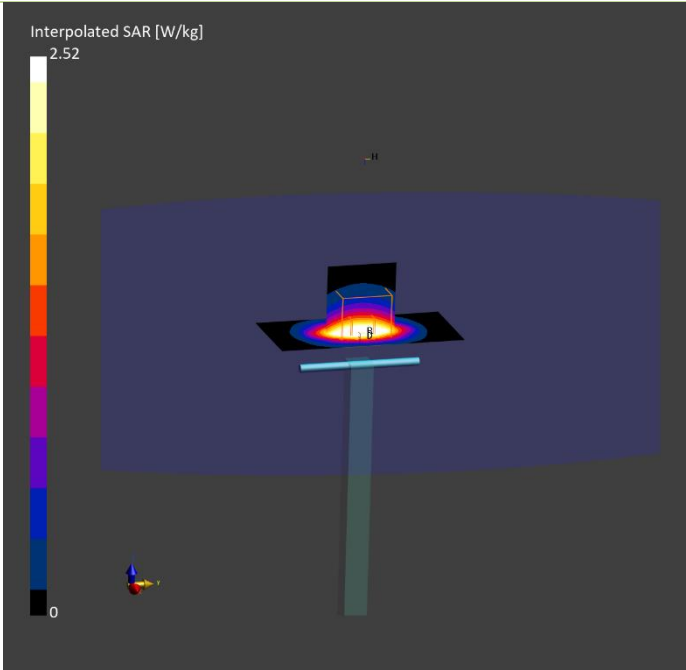
11. System Check 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

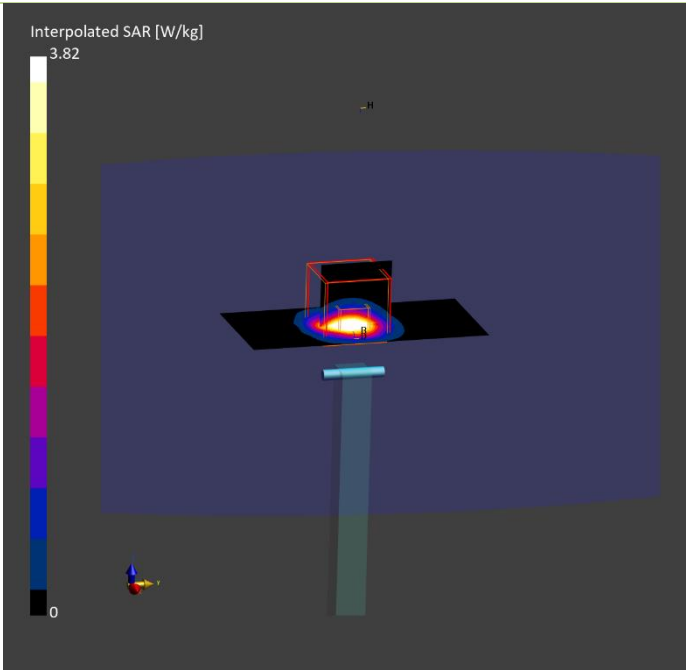| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	5300.000, 0	5.01	4.50	36.2

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 10:08	2025-01-28, 10:14
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.50	3.82
psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.02	1.08
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.15
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		65.2
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.2

12. System Check 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

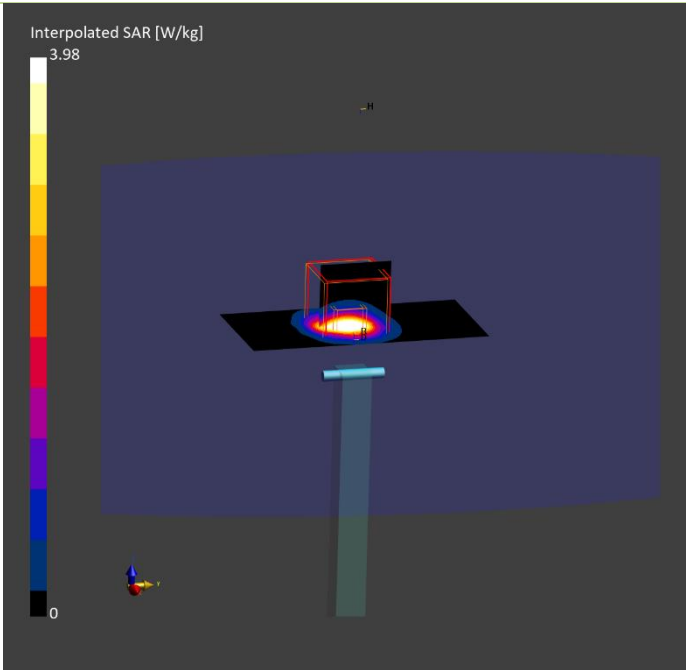| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	5600.000, 0	4.29	4.85	35.8

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 12:31	2025-02-03, 12:37
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.59	3.98
psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.06	1.12
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	0.02
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		62.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.2

Interpolated SAR [W/kg]

13. System Check 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

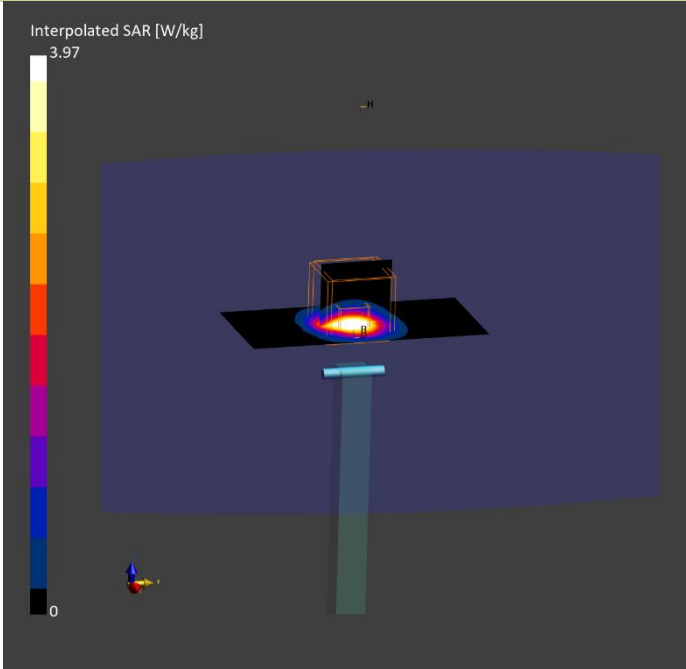| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	5800.000, 0	4.46	5.30	34.04

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 11:10	2025-01-28, 11:16
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.69	3.97
psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.06	1.13
Power Drift [dB]	0.03	0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.9
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.9

1. System Check 7000MHz-2025-01-28

Device under Test Properties

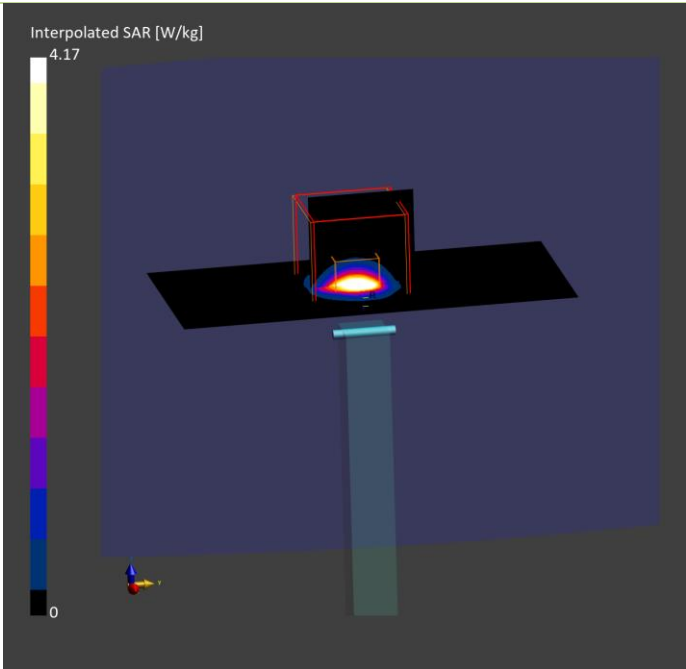| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D7.0GHzV2, Speag	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1008	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	7000.000, 0	5.06	6.99	31.7

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-01-27	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	45.0 x 90.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	7.5 x 7.5	3.0 x 3.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-01-28, 10:28	2025-01-28, 10:36
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.61	4.17
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.710	0.751
Power Drift [dB]	-0.13	-0.18
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%]	Positive Only	Positive Only 46.6
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		4.7

2. System Check 7000MHz-2025-02-03

Device under Test Properties

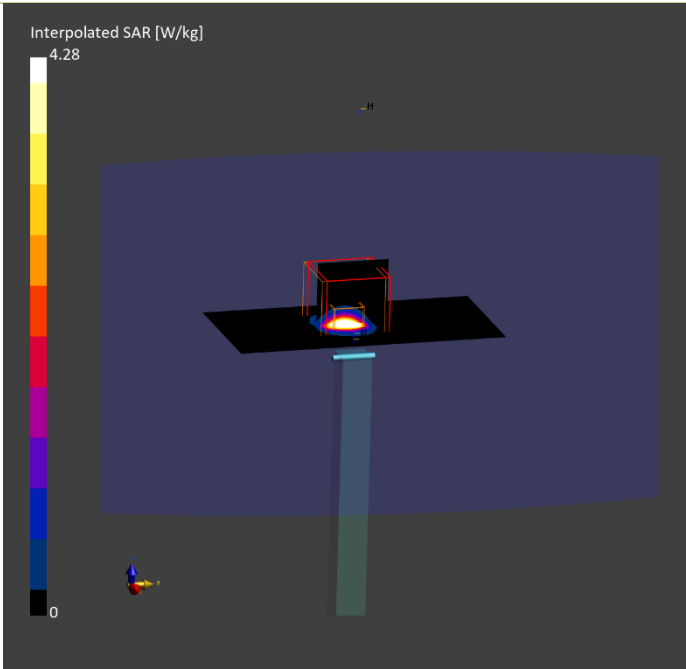| Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D7.0GHzV2, Speag	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1008	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, Head Simulating Liquid	,		CW, 0--	7000.000, 0	5.06	6.51	32.8

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	HBBL-600-10000, 2025-02-03	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2024-03-08	DAE4ip Sn1706, 2024-07-01

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	45.0 x 90.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	7.5 x 7.5	3.0 x 3.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	N/A	Yes
Grading Ratio	N/A	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2025-02-03, 15:07	2025-02-03, 15:16
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.49	4.28
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.704	0.763
Power Drift [dB]	-0.05	-0.02
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction M2/M1 [%]	Positive Only	Positive Only 46.4
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		4.4

3. U-NII-8 - 802.11ax160, CH207, Aux–WNC – Position Laptop (PD)

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
P120F	310.0 x 220.0 x 15.0	7895568300001	Notebook PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor
5G Air	FRONT, 2.00	U-NII-8	WLAN, 10755-AAC	6985.0, 207	1.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	Medium	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
mmWave	Air	EUmmWV4 - SN9538_F1-55GHz, 2024-05-06	DAE4ip Sn1658, 2024-08-08

Scan Setup

	5G Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0
Grid Steps [lambda]	0.06 x 0.06
Sensor Surface [mm]	2.0
MAIA	N/A

Measurement Results

	5G Scan
Date	2025-02-05, 18:10
psPDtot1cm2	0.40
psPDtot4cm2	0.36
E_{max} [V/m]	24.3
H_{max} [A/m]	0.06
Power Drift [dB]	0.16
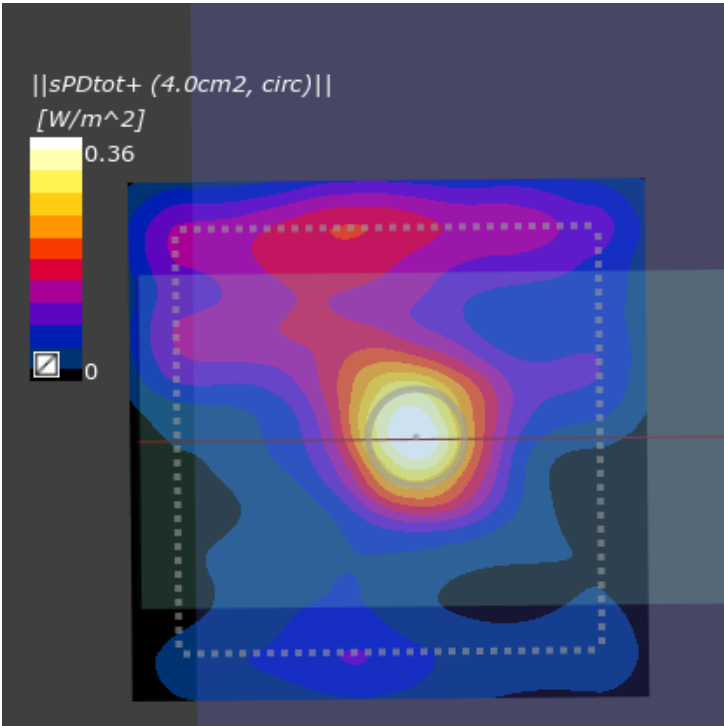
4. Power Density System Check From 6500MHz

DUT: Horn reference source; Type: PE9859/SF-15;

Signal Source: modulation CW, level 10 dBm.

Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 0 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Table Section
Measurement Standard: DASY6 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:
- Probe: EUmmW – SN9594 ; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2024-09-10;
  - Modulation Compensation:
- Sensor-Surface : 0mm (Fix Surface), z = 10 mm
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1658; Calibrated: 2024-08-08
- Phantom: Cover; Type: SPEAG Phantom Cover
- cDASY6 5G Module v2.4
- Test Date: 2025-01-16

Distance-10mm/Measure Horn reference source (86.9x63.5):
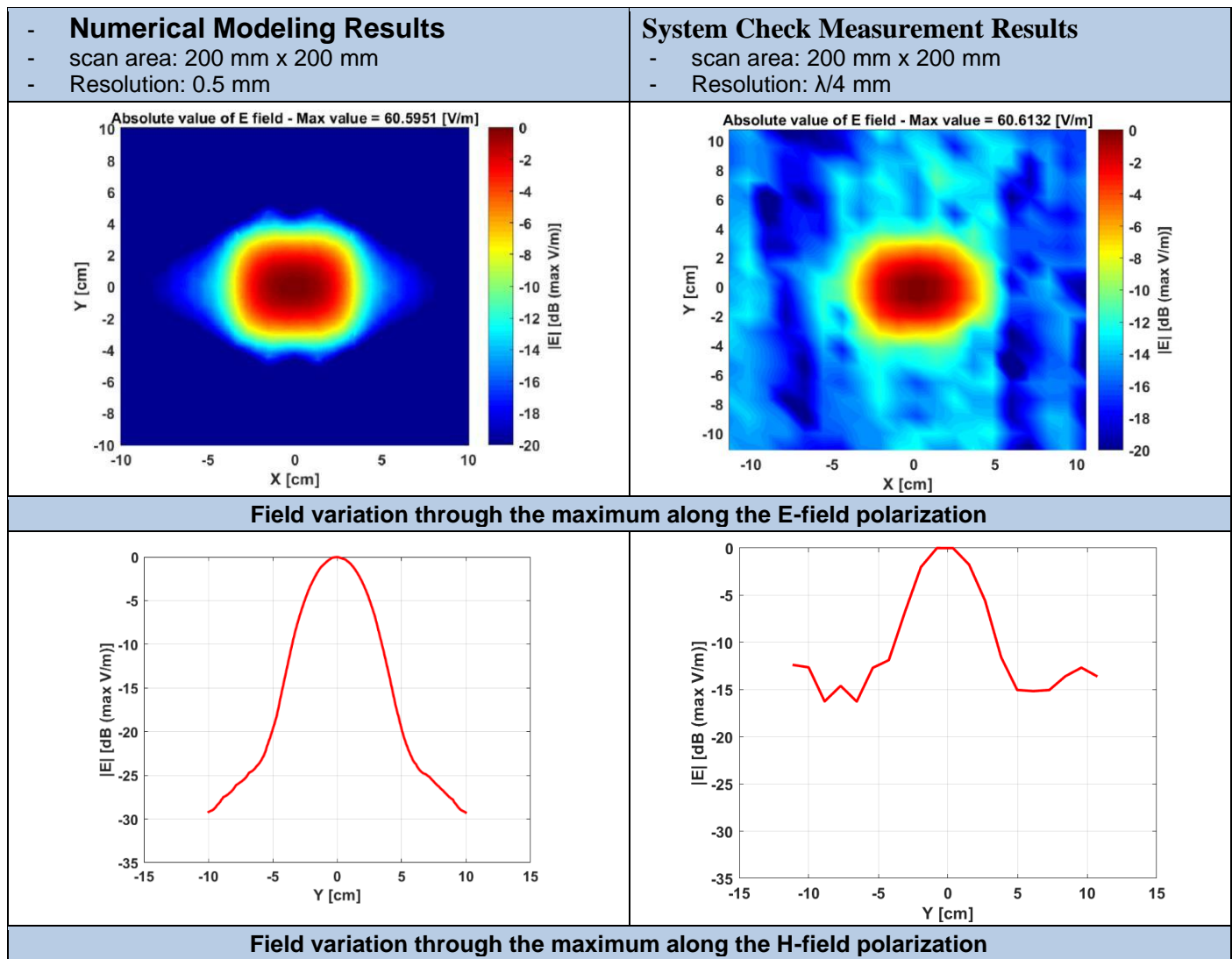Measurement Resolution = λ/4 mm
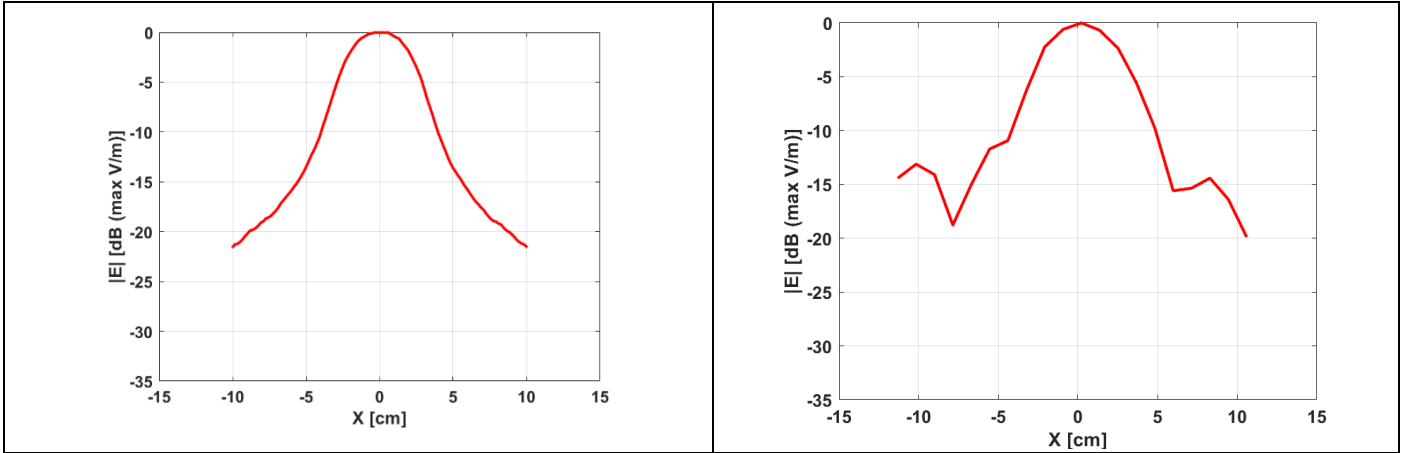Measurement Scan area = 200 mm x 200 mm

The plots below show the comparison between the Numerical Modeling results and the system check measurement results in terms of E-field, H Field, single point power density and Avg Power density 1cm².

Numerical Modeling Results	Measurement Results
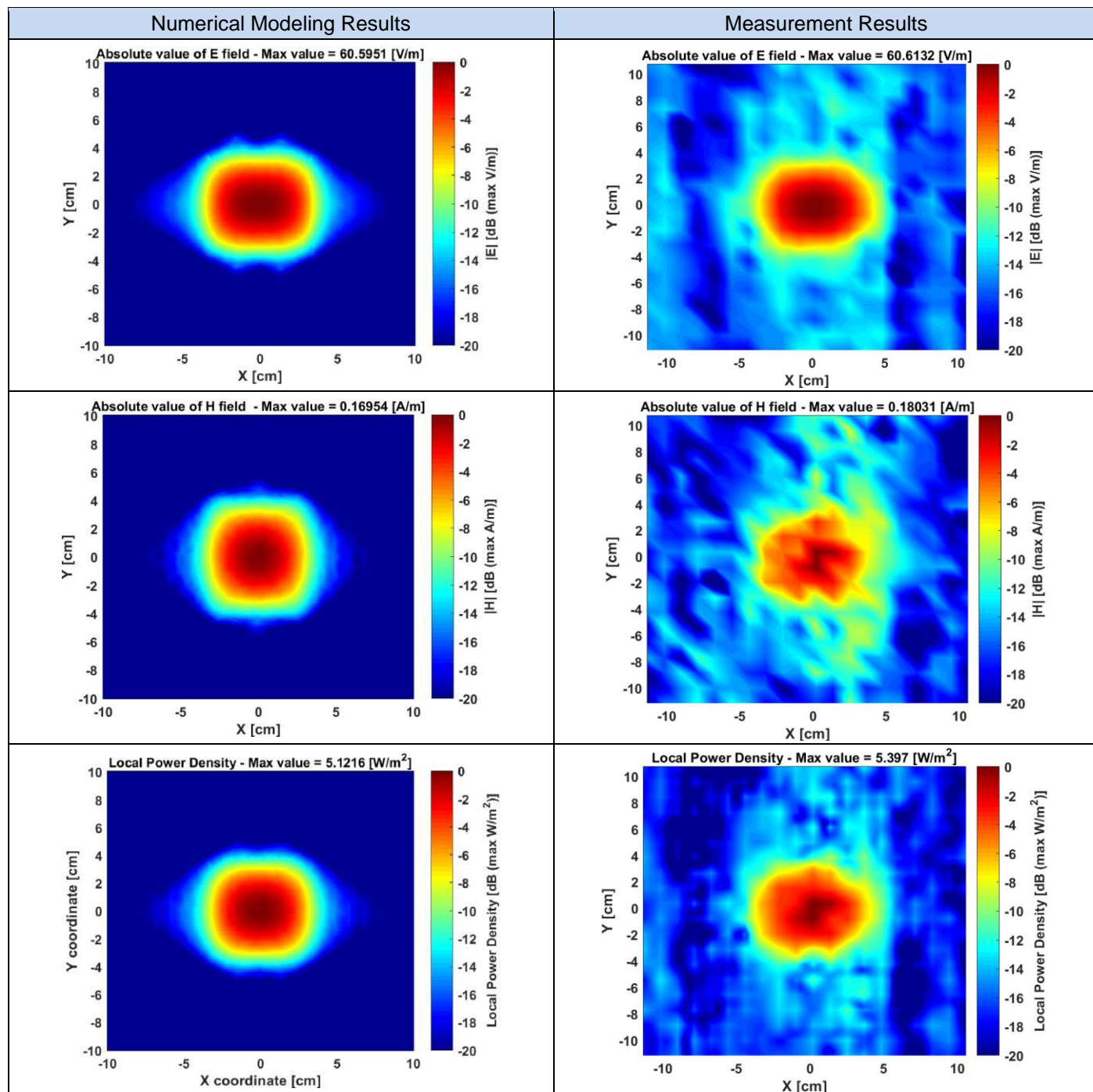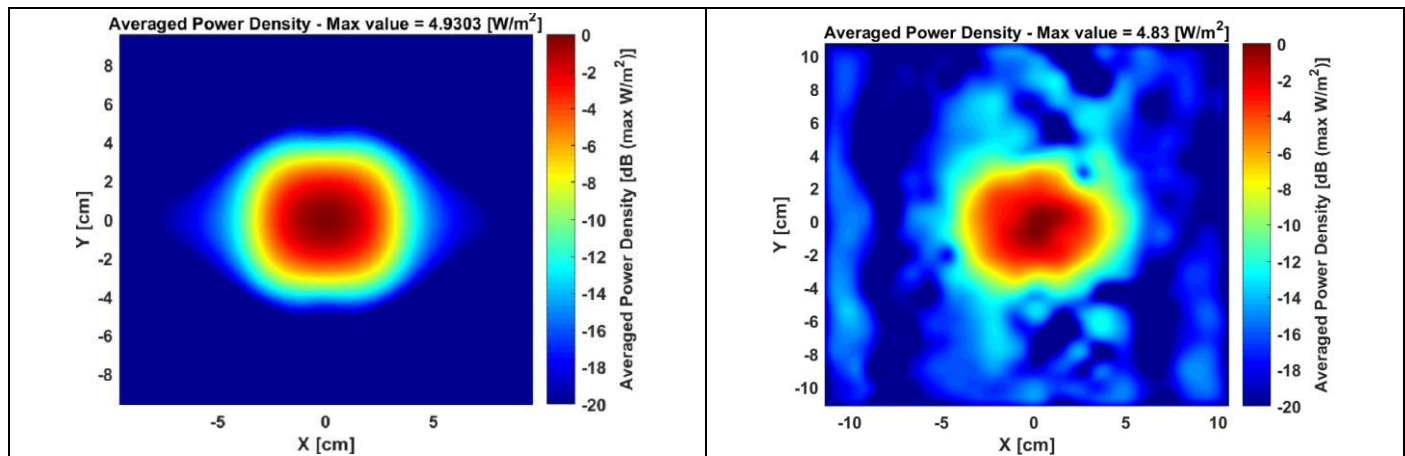
The plots below show the comparison between the numerical modeling and the system check results in terms of normalized E-field distribution and the 1D variation along the two axis of the maximum.

- **Numerical Modeling Results**	**System Check Measurement Results**
- scan area: 200 mm x 200 mm	- scan area: 200 mm x 200 mm
- Resolution: 0.5 mm	- Resolution: λ/4 mm

| **Field variation through the maximum along the E-field polarization** ||

| **Field variation through the maximum along the H-field polarization** ||

Annex C.   TSL Dielectric Parameters

C.1   Head 2450MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target		Measured 2025-01-27		Measured 2025-02-03	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
2400	39.29	1.76	40.57	1.82	40.79	1.71
2450	39.20	1.80	40.48	1.86	40.72	1.75
2500	39.14	1.86	40.40	1.90	40.66	1.79

Permittivity	Conductivity
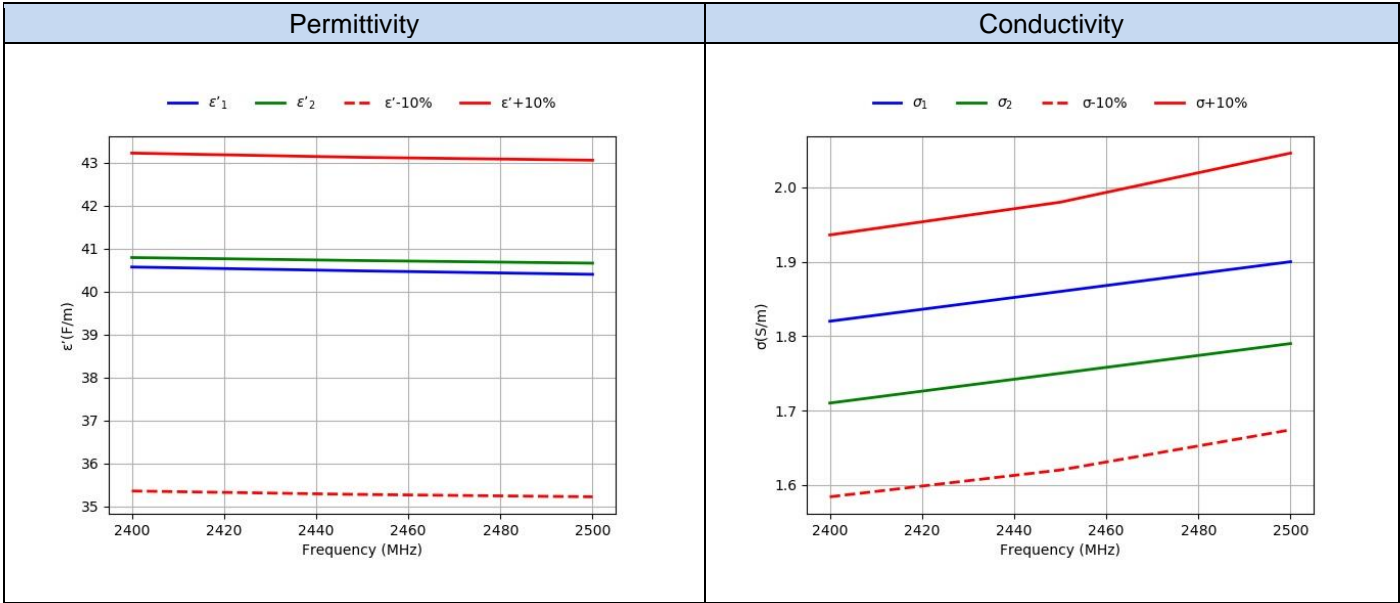
C.2   Head 5200MHz-5900MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target		Measured 2025-01-27		Measured 2025-02-03	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
5200	35.99	4.66	35.24	4.63	36.30	4.35
5250	35.93	4.71	35.15	4.70	36.23	4.43
5300	35.87	4.76	35.09	4.77	36.17	4.50
5350	35.81	4.81	35.01	4.84	36.13	4.56
5400	35.76	4.86	34.92	4.90	36.08	4.62
5450	35.70	4.91	34.85	4.95	36.02	4.68
5500	35.64	4.96	34.72	5.01	35.95	4.73
5550	35.59	5.01	34.57	5.06	35.89	4.79
5600	35.53	5.07	34.43	5.12	35.80	4.85
5650	35.47	5.12	34.34	5.17	35.74	4.89
5700	35.41	5.17	34.22	5.21	35.69	4.94
5750	35.36	5.22	34.14	5.27	35.62	4.98
5800	35.30	5.27	34.04	5.30	35.50	5.01
5850	35.24	5.32	33.95	5.34	35.42	5.05
5900	35.19	5.37	33.83	5.40	35.28	5.09
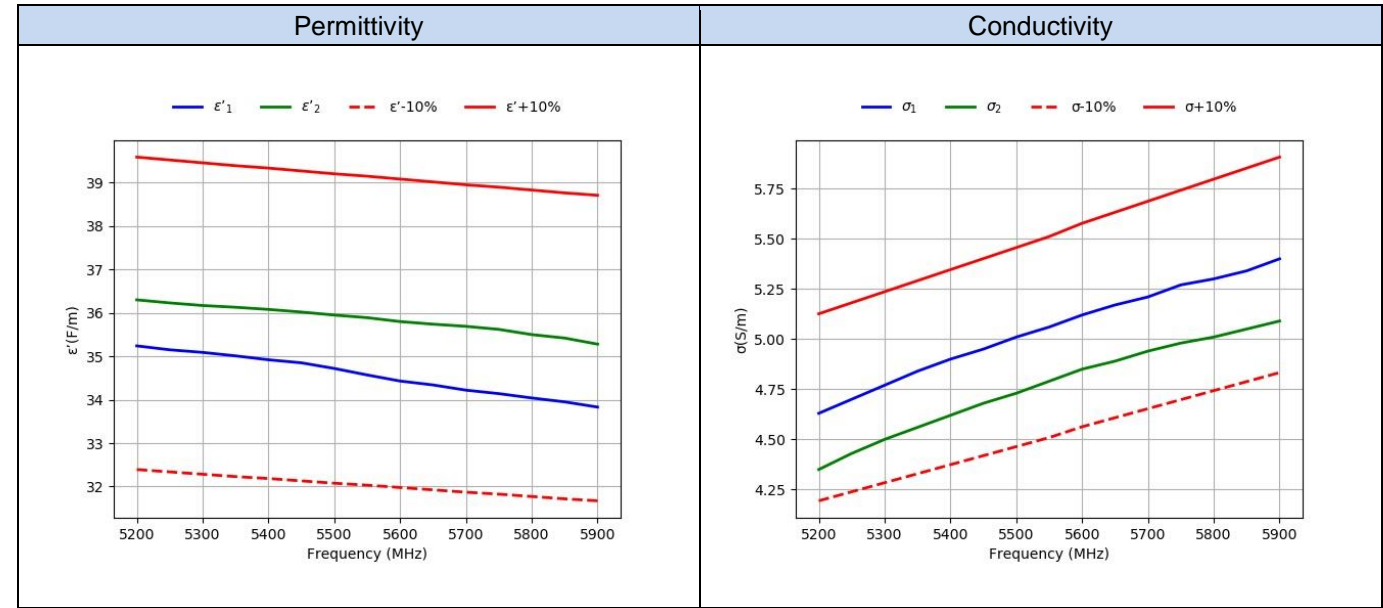
C.3   Head 6000MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target		Measured 2025-01-27		Measured 2025-02-03	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
5900	35.19	5.37	33.83	5.40	35.28	5.09
5950	35.13	5.42	33.77	5.45	35.16	5.14
6000	35.07	5.48	33.74	5.50	35.07	5.20
6050	35.01	5.54	33.68	5.57	34.96	5.27
6100	34.95	5.59	33.60	5.64	34.89	5.34
6150	34.89	5.65	33.55	5.71	34.76	5.42
6200	34.83	5.71	33.49	5.78	34.66	5.48
6250	34.77	5.77	33.4	5.87	34.54	5.55
6300	34.70	5.83	33.29	5.97	34.41	5.63
6350	34.64	5.89	33.19	6.06	34.33	5.70
6400	34.58	5.95	33.06	6.13	34.24	5.79
6450	34.52	6.01	32.98	6.18	34.23	5.87
6500	34.46	6.07	32.86	6.24	34.21	5.95
6550	34.40	6.13	32.75	6.29	34.19	6.01
6600	34.34	6.19	32.63	6.34	34.09	6.08
6650	34.29	6.25	32.47	6.41	33.96	6.15
6700	34.23	6.30	32.32	6.48	33.83	6.20
6750	34.17	6.36	32.18	6.55	33.68	6.25
6800	34.11	6.42	32.10	6.63	33.53	6.30
6850	34.05	6.48	31.99	6.71	33.38	6.35
6900	33.99	6.53	31.91	6.80	33.23	6.40
6950	33.94	6.59	31.84	6.89	33.01	6.45
7000	33.88	6.65	31.71	6.99	32.83	6.51

Permittivity	Conductivity