





TEST REPORT

EUT Description Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC

Brand Name Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211

Model Name AX211NGW

FCC/IC ID PD9AX211NG; 1000M-AX211NG

Date of Test Start/End 2023-11-21 / 2023-11-24

802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth® 5.2 **Features**

(see section 5)

Platform: TPN-W157 + Vendor 1 & Vendor 2 antennas Description

Applicant **Intel Corporation SAS**

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FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Reference Standards

RSS-102, issue 5

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

Exposure Conditions Body worn

> SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.72 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 0mm to phantom, 3.5 mm to antenna edge

Test Report identification 240205-01.TR06

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

Reference to accreditation shall be used only by full reproduction of test report.

Issued by Reviewed by

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC	 FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2021-10-01 Edition FCC OET KDB 447498 D04 interim v01 General RF Exposure Guidance v01– RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. IEEE Std 1528-2013 – IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques
ISED	 ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 – Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands ISED RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures SPR-001 SAR testing requirements with regard to bystanders for laptop type computers with antennas built-In on display screen (Laptop Mode / Tablet Mode) ISED Notice 2020-DRS0020 Applicability of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and IEC 62209-3 Standard ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 – Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 – SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard. FCC OET KDB KDB447498 D01 V06 General RF Exposure Guidance – RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Tests performed under FCC standards identified in section 1 are covered by A2LA accreditation.
- ✓ Tests performed under ISED standards identified in section 1 are covered by Cofrac accreditation.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 testing laboratory accredited by the French Committee for Accreditation (Cofrac) with the certificate number 1-6736.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED company number 1000Y and CAB identifier FR0005
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- ✓ This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- ✓ This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.



3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	20.6°C ±0.5°C
Humidity	37.3 ±3.4%
Liquid Temperature	21.0°C ±1.3°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
#01	231026-01.S01	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC	TPN-W157	2023090709989	2023-10-30	Vendor 1 antenna
#02	231026-01.S03	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC	TPN-W157	2023090710015	2023-11-06	Vendor 2 antenna

5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility for the accuracy of the stated customer provided information, especially if it has any impact on the correctness of test results presented in this report.

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211				
Model Name	AX211NGW				
Software Version	DRTU-04740_22.240.0				
Driver Version	5.80.0.0				
Prototype / Production	Production				
Host Identification	TPN-W157				
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz) 802.11ax 5.9GHz (5850.0 – 5895.0 MHz 6.0GHz (5925.0 - 7125.0MHz) Bluetooth 5.2 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)				
	Transmitter	Aux (Ant 1/Tx1)	Main (Ant 2/Tx2)		
	Manufacturer	Vendor 1	Vendor 1		
	Antenna type	PIFA	PIFA		
	Part number	025.9027Z.0001 (0ACAR022028N)	025.9027Y.0001 (0ACAR022027N)		
Antenna Information	Transmitter	Aux (Ant 1/Tx1)	Main (Ant 2/Tx2)		
	Manufacturer	Vendor 2	Vendor 2		
	Antenna type	PIFA	PIFA		
	Part number	025.9027Q.0001 (WA-P-LE-03-017)	025.9027P.0001 (WA-P-LE-03-016)		
	See Annex <i>F</i> for more details on antennas location.				
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux WLAN 6GHz Main + BT Aux* WLAN 6GHz Main + WLAN 6GHz Aux* WLAN 6GHz Main + WLAN 6GHz Aux + BT Aux*				
	No WWAN transmitter is	considered in this report			
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device				
	Band gap is supported by	y the device			

^{*}For WiFi 6E band refer to report: 231026-01.TR02 and 231026-01.TR03



Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	16.82
		BPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
		QPSK	5.3GHz	5250-5350	15.26
802.11a/n/ac/ax	100%	16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	15.26
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	15.35
		256QAM	5.9 GHz	5850-5895	14.99
BDR/EDR	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	9.45
Bluetooth LE	33%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured



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Maximum Output power s	Tablet config/ SISO mode			
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11b	20	17.00	17.00
	802.11g	20	17.00	17.00
DTS	802.11n20	20	17.00	17.00
019	802.11ax20	20	17.00	17.00
	802.11n40	40	17.00	17.00
	802.11ax40	40	17.00	17.00
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n40	40	15.50	15.50
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac160	160	13.75	14.25
	802.11ax160	160	13.75	14.25
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n40	40	15.50	15.50
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac160	160	14.25	15.25
	802.11ax160	160	14.25	15.25
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax80	80	15.50	15.50



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Maximum Output power s	Tablet config/ SISO mode			
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50
	802.11n40	40	15.50	15.50
U-NII-4	802.11ax40	40	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax80	80	15.50	15.50
	802.11ac160	160	15.50	15.50
	802.11ax160	160	15.50	15.50
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1		9.50
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1		5.50
וט	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1		5.50
	BLE	2		5.50



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit, as specified by the client			Laptop config	Laptop config/ SISO mode	
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)	
	802.11b	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11g	20	20.50	20.50	
DTC	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50	
DTS	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n40	40	17.25	17.50	
	802.11ax40	40	17.25	17.50	
	802.11a	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50	
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	18.75	20.50	
	802.11ax40	40	18.75	20.50	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	17.25	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	17.25	
	802.11a	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n40	40	18.75	20.50	
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	18.75	20.50	
-	802.11ac80	80	15.75	17.25	
	802.11ax80	80	15.75	17.25	
	802.11ac160	160	13.75	14.25	
	802.11ax160	160	13.75	14.25	
	802.11a	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n40	40	19.00	20.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	19.00	20.00	
	802.11ac80	80	17.25	17.25	
	802.11ax80	80	17.25	17.25	
	802.11ac160	160	14.25	15.25	
	802.11ax160	160	14.25	15.25	
	802.11a	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50	
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	20.50	20.50	
5 5	802.11ax40	40	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ac80	80	20.50	20.50	
	802.11ax80	80	20.50	20.50	



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Maximum Output power s	Laptop config/ SISO mode			
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11a	20	20.50	20.50
	802.11n20	20	20.50	20.50
	802.11ax20	20	20.50	20.50
	802.11n40	40	20.50	20.50
U-NII-4	802.11ax40	40	20.50	20.50
	802.11ac80	80	20.50	20.50
	802.11ax80	80	20.50	20.50
	802.11ac160	160	17.00	16.50
	802.11ax160	160	17.00	16.50
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1		9.50
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1		5.50
וט	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1		5.50
	BLE	2		5.50



6. Remarks and comments

- 1. The conducted values are obtained by applying the BIOS SAR power values to the AX211NGW Intel module installed in the TPN-W157 identified in this report, as requested by the customer.
- 2. Variability and simultaneous transmission results shown in this report are based on the highest SAR value obtained among all antenna manufacturers.
- 3. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.8.
- 4. On both samples the same conducted power measurements was used as we swapped the module on the second sample during SAR testing.
- 5. Bystander condition is covered at modular level according to RSS-102, SPR-001.

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.54	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
	5.3GHz	0.65	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.6GHz	0.65	Р
	5.8GHz	0.71	Р
	5.9GHz	0.72	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.08	Р

P: Pass F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Equipment Class					
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII		
Body Worn	0.54	0.08	0.72		
Simultanaous Tv	Sum-SAR:1.07	Sum-SAR:1.49	Sum-SAR:1.49		
Simultaneous Tx	SPLSR: NA	SPLSR: NA	SPLSR: NA		

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	M.FARIA	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

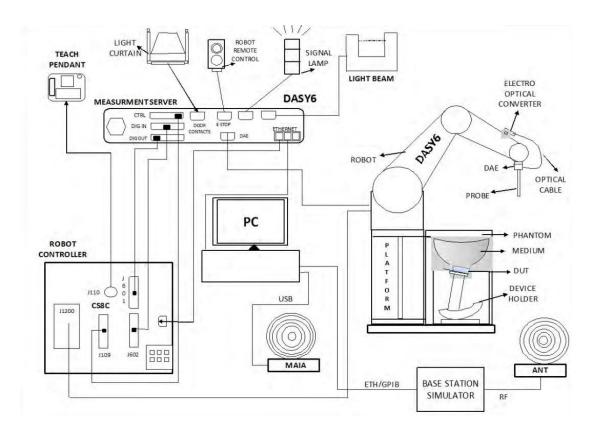
Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Windows professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool.

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A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

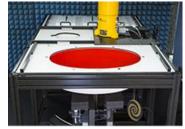
Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm	
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm	





A.2.4 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within ± 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.



• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

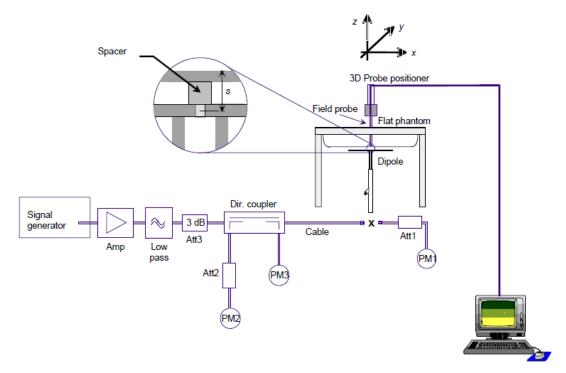
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528, IEC 62209 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 standards

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR		
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)	
150	61.9	0.80	
300	58.2	0.92	
450	56.7	0.94	
835	55.2	0.97	
900	55.0	1.05	
1450	54.0	1.30	
1800-2000	53.3	1.52	
2450	52.7	1.95	
3000	52.0	2.73	
5800	48.2	6.00	

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ϵ_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #3

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
003-000	6-Axis Robot	TX60 Lspeag	F17/59RCB1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
003-001	Robot Controller	CS8C	F17/59RCB1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
003-002	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V5.0	1260	SPEAG	NA	NA
003-003	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	1170	Di-soric	NA	NA
003-004	Measurement Server	DASY6	1547	SPEAG	NA	NA
003-005	Electro Optical Converter	EOC60	1104	SPEAG	NA	NA
004-005	Measurement Software	DASY6 v16.0	9-658E90FA	SPEAG	NA	NA
004-006	Dosimetric E-Field probe	EX3DV4	7604	SPEAG	2023-09-08	2024-09-08
004-014	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4ip	1704	SPEAG	2023-04-18	2024-04-18
003-009	Laptop Holder	N/A	N/A	SPEAG	NA	NA

Shared equipment

ID#	quipment Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
151-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z58	100972	R&S	2022-03-29	2024-03-29
008-025	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z57	101280	R&S	2022-04-22	2024-04-22
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
069-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2023-07-04	2025-07-04
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2023-02-20	2024-02-20
079-001	RF Cable	CBL-0.5M-SMSM+	226527	Mini-Circuits	2023-02-20	2024-02-20
167-001	RF Cable	CBL-2M-SMSM+	233846	Mini-Circuits	2023-02-20	2024-02-20
130-000	Vector Signal Generator	SMB100A	178217	R&S	2023-07-26	2025-07-26
496-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-FC8485	AVTECH	2023-04-20	2025-04-20
339-000	VNA Analyzer	ZNB 40	101740	R&S	2023-05-19	2025-05-19
068-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2023-10-03	2026-10-03
070-000	2450GHz System Validation Dipole	D2450GHzV2	937	SPEAG	2022-05-19	2024-05-19
458-000	Measurement Software	SARA V2.3	NA	Intel	NA	NA

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 220309-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget							
	According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz)							
	including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010							
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)
Measurer	ment System Errors							
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %
CF _{drif} t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %
Δsys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %
Phantom	and Device Errors							
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %
H	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %
MOD	DUT Modulation _m	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %
RF drift	DUT drift	±5.0 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %
Correctio	Correction to the SAR results							
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %
Combi	ned Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg



Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Personnel	
Conducted measurement	F. Heurtematte	
SAR measurement	Y.HADDAD	

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211 card inside a Tablet host platform (TPN-W157) using a set of PIFA antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version DRTU-04740_22.240.0) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

According to FCC OET KDB 616217 D04, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations.

The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Antenna	Chain A	Chain B
Position	 Back Face 	 Back Face
FOSITION	 Top edge 	 Top edge

See B. 1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See *F.2 Test positions* section for more information on the tested positions.

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

For FCC:

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle (Power\ allowed\ at\ numeric\ threshold\ for\ 50\ mm\ in\ (1)) + (test\ separation\ distance - 50\ mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$for\ 100MHz\ to\ 1500MHz$$
 (2)
$$\langle (Power\ allowed\ at\ numeric\ threshold\ for\ 50\ mm\ in\ (1)) + (test\ separation\ distance\ - 50\ mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 for 1500MHz and $\leq 6GHz$ (3)

For ISED:

According to RSS-102 section 2.5.1, SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance defined in Table below:

Frequency		Ex	kemption Limits (m\	N)	
(MHz)	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW
2450	4 mW	7 mW	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW
Frequency		Ex	cemption Limits (m\	N)	
(MHz)	At separation distance of 30 mm	At separation distance of 35 mm	At separation distance of 40 mm	At separation distance of 45 mm	At separatio distance of ≥ mm
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW

Rev. 00

WLAN Anten	Band	Output power Tablet mode		Output power Notebook mode		Laptop	Back Face	Тор І	Right Edge	Left Edge	Bottom Edge
na	Name	dBm	mW	dBm	ΜW	vtop	Face	Edge	Edge	idge	n Edge
	DTS	17.00	50.12	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-1	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-2A	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
Aux	U-NII-2C	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-3	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-4	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	ВТ	9.50	8.91	9.50	8.91	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	DTS	17.00	50.12	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-1	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
Main	U-NII-2A	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
ivialii	U-NII-2C	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-3	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50
	U-NII-4	15.50	35.48	20.50	112.20	>50	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50

Laptop	Back Face	Top Edge	Right Edge	Left Edge	Bottom Edge
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	R	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Η	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	R	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R
R	R	Т	R	R	R

See Annex *F* for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.

T: Tested position R: Reduced

^{*} Back Face position is covered by following modular report: 200611-01.TR07



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.
	The <u>initial test configuration</u> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Main		Aux		SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test ?
			1	2412	16.56	17.00	16.78	17.00	Yes
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	16.37	17.00	16.82	17.00	No ²
			11	2462	16.74	17.00	16.44	17.00	Yes
			1	2412		17.00		17.00	
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		17.00		17.00	
			11	11 2462		17.00		17.00	
			1	2412		17.00		17.00	
ŝ	802.11n20	HT0	6	2437		17.00		17.00	
[D]			11	2462		17.00		17.00	
2.4GHz (DTS)			1	2412		17.00	NR1,2	17.00	No ²
2.4	802.11ax20	MCS0	6	2437	NR1,2	17.00		17.00	
			11	2462		17.00		17.00	
			3	2422		16.00		15.75	
	802.11n40	HT0	6	2437		17.00		17.00	
			9	2452		15.75		15.25	
				2422		16.00		15.75	1
	802.11ax40	2.11ax40 MCS0	6	2437		17.00		17.00]
			9	2452		15.75		15.25	

NR: Not Required

As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2W/kg. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Main		Aux																						
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?																				
			36	5180		15.50		15.50																					
	802.11a	6Mbps	40	5200		15.50		15.50																					
	002.11d	Squivio	44	5220		15.50		15.50																					
			48	5240		15.50		15.50																					
			36	5180		15.50		15.50	No ²																				
	802.11n20	HT0	40	5200		15.50	NR ¹	15.50																					
	802.11n20 H	піо	44	5220		15.50		15.50																					
<u></u>			48	5240		15.50		15.50																					
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)			52	5260	NR ¹	15.50		15.50																					
3.HZ	900 11av20	0 MCS0	56	5280		15.50		15.50																					
5.20	802.11ax20		MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	MCSU	MCS0	MCS0	MCS0	60	5300	00	15.50		15.50
			64	5320		15.50		15.50																					
	802.11n40	HT0	38	5190		15.50		15.50																					
	602.11114U	піо	46	5230		15.50		15.50																					
	000 44 = 440	MCCO	38	5190		15.50		15.50																					
	802.11ax40	MCS0	46	5230		15.50		15.50																					
	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210		15.50		15.50																					
	802.11ax80	MCS0	42	5210		15.50		15.50																					

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.



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					Main		Aux		
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?
			52	5260		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	6Mbps	56	5280		15.50		15.50	
	002.11a	olvibps	60 5300		15.50		15.50		
			64	5320		15.50		15.50	
			52	5260		15.50		15.50	
	802.11n	HT0	56	5280		15.50		15.50	
	20	ПІО	60	5300		15.50		15.50	No ^{4,6}
			64	5320	NR¹	15.50	NR ¹	15.50	
7		a MCS0	52 5260 NIX	15.50	IVIX	15.50	INO		
-5/2 -2/	802.11a		56	5280		15.50		15.50	
<u> </u>	x20	IVICSU	60	5300		15.50		15.50	
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)			64	5320		15.50		15.50	
5.3	802.11n	HT0	54	5270		15.50		15.50	
	40	піо	62	5310		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	MCS0	54	5270		15.50		15.50	
	x40	IVICOU	62	5310		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a c80	VHT0	58	5290	15.14	15.50	15.26	15.50	Yes
	802.11a x80	MCS0	58	5290	14.97	15.50	15.08	15.50	
	802.11a c160	VHT0	50 5250		NR¹	13.75	NR¹	14.25	No ^{4,6}
Initial toot	802.11a x160	802.11a MCS0 50 5250		5250	IVIX	13.75	IVIX	14.25	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					Main		Aux		SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MH z)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test
			100	5500		15.50		15.50	
			104	5520		15.50		15.50	
			108	5540		15.50		15.50	
	000 110	GMbna	112	5560		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	6Mbps	116	5580		15.50		15.50	
			120	5600		15.50		15.50	
			124	5620		15.50		15.50	
			128	5640		15.50		15.50	
			100	5500		15.50		15.50	
			104	5520		15.50		15.50	
			108	5540		15.50		15.50	
	802.11n	LITO	112	5560		15.50		15.50	
	20	HT0	116	5580		15.50		15.50	
			120	5600		15.50		15.50	
			124	5620		15.50		15.50	
			128	5640	ND1	15.50	4	15.50	No ^{4,6}
		100	5500	NR¹	15.50	NR ¹	15.50	INO /*	
2C)			104	5520		15.50		15.50	
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			108	5540		15.50		15.50	
-(O-	802.11a	14000	112	5560		15.50		15.50	-
GHz	x40	MCS0	116	5580		15.50		15.50	
5.6			120	5600		15.50		15.50	
			124	5620		15.50		15.50	
			128	5640		15.50		15.50	
			102	5510		15.50		15.50	
	802.11n		110	5550		15.50		15.50	
	40	HT0	118	5590		15.50		15.50	
			126	5630		15.50		15.50	
			102	5510		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	14000	110	5550		15.50		15.50	
	x40	MCS0	118	5590		15.50		15.50	
			126	5630		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	\	106	5530	15.10	15.50	15.22	15.50	.,
	c80	VHT0	122	5610	15.16	15.50	15.26	15.50	Yes
	802.11a	Mess	106	5530		15.50		15.50	
	x80	MCS0	122	5610		15.50		15.50	No ^{4,6}
	802.11a c160	VHT0	114	5570	NR¹	14.25	NR¹	15.25	
	802.11a x160	MCS0	114	5570		14.25		15.25	

NR: Not Required
When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate

Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested



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- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Ma	ain	A	ux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			132	5660		15.50	. , ,	15.50	
			136	5680		15.50		15.50	
			140	5700		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745		15.50		15.50	
	002.11a	Olvibps	153	5765		15.50		15.50	
			157	5785		15.50		15.50	
			161	5805		15.50		15.50	
			165	5825		15.50		15.50	
			132	5660		15.50		15.50	
			136	5680		15.50		15.50	
			140	5700		15.50		15.50	
	802.11n20	HT0	149	5745		15.50		15.50	
	602.111120	піо	153	5765		15.50		15.50	No4,6
			157	5785		15.50		15.50	
			161	5805	NR	15.50	NR	15.50	
ଚ୍ଚି			165	5825		15.50		15.50	
₽		ax20 MCS0	132	5660		15.50		15.50	
))			136	5680		15.50		15.50	
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			140	5700		15.50		15.50	
5.8	000.4400		149	5745		15.50		15.50	
5.6	802.11ax20		153	5765		15.50		15.50	
			157	5785		15.50		15.50	
			161	5805		15.50		15.50	
			165	5825		15.50		15.50	
			134	5670		15.50		15.50	
			142	5710		15.50		15.50	
	802.11n40	HT0	151	5755		15.50		15.50	
			159	5795		15.50		15.50	
			134	5670		15.50		15.50	
			142	5710		15.50		15.50	
	802.11ax40	MCS0	151	5755		15.50		15.50	
			159	5795		15.50		15.50	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	138	5690	15.24	15.50	15.35	15.50	.,
	802.11ac80	VHT0	155	5775	14.86	15.50	15.16	15.50	Yes
	802.11ax80	MCCO	138	5690	ND	15.50	ND	15.50	NO
	602.118X80	MCS0	155	5775	NR	15.50	NR	15.50	NO

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test

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- configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.4 5.9GHz (U-NII-4)

					M	lain		Aux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			169	5845		15.50		15.50	
	802.11a	6Mbps	173	5865		15.50		15.50	
			177	5885		15.50		15.50	
			169	5845		15.50		15.50	NO
	802.11n20	HT0	173	5865		15.50		15.50	
			177	5885		15.50	NR	15.50	
			169	5845	NR	15.50		15.50	
_	802.11ax20	MCS0	173	5865		15.50		15.50	
U-NII-4			177	5885		15.50		15.50	
<u>=</u>	802.11n40	HT0	167 5835		15.50		15.50		
	602.111140	піо	175	5875		15.50	:	15.50	
	802.11ax40	MCS0	167	5835		15.50		15.50	
	602.11ax40	IVICSU	175	5875		15.50		15.50	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	171	5855		15.50		15.50	
	802.11ax80	MCS0	171	5855		15.50		15.50	
	802.11ac160	VHT0	163	5815	14.99	15.50	14.73	15.50	Yes
	802.11ax160	MCS0	163	5815	NR	15.50	NR	15.50	NO

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 3. Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.4 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			0	2402		9.31	9.50
		Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		9.45	9.50
			78	2480		8.84	9.50
			0	2402			5.50
		Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441	Aux	NR1	5.50
2.40	Bluetooth	II/4 DQI OIX	78	2480			5.50
2.4GHz	Didelootii	Basic rate 8-DPSK	0	2402			5.50
			39	2441			5.50
		0 21 610	78	2480			5.50
			0	2412			5.50
		Low energy GFSK	20	2442			5.50
			39	2480			5.50

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	arameters		red TSL neters	Devia	ation (%)	Date
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	52.08	2.09	-1.18	7.18	
5300	48.88	5.41	46.23	5.64	-5.42	4.06	
5500	48.61	5.65	45.76	5.94	-5.86	5.13	2023-11-20
5600	48.47	5.76	45.54	6.09	-6.04	5.55	
5800	48.20	6.00	45.16	6.40	-6.31	6.67	
2450	52.70	1.95	50.77	2.00	-3.66	2.56	
5300	48.88	5.41	45.69	5.37	-6.53	-0.92	
5500	48.61	5.65	45.35	5.64	-6.71	-0.18	2023-11-23
5600	48.47	5.76	45.16	5.78	-6.83	0.17	
5800	48.20	6.00	44.73	6.06	-7.20	1.00	

See Annex D for more details.

B.4 System Check Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Forwarded Power (mW)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	48.90	46.80		-4.29		2023-11-23
2450	10g	23.20	21.60		-6.90		2023-11-23
5300	1g	75.00	76.80		2.40		2023-11-22
5300	10g	20.50	22.20		8.29		2023-11-22
5500	1g	80.80	82.20		1.73		2023-11-22
3300	10g	21.90	23.60	50.00	7.76	40	2023-11-22
5000	1g	78.60	72.00	50.00	-8.40	± 10	2023-11-22
5600	10g	21.50	22.00		2.33		2020 11 22
5000	1g	74.80	67.00		-9.70		2023-11-23
5800	10g	20.20	20.80		1.46		2020 11 20
5000	1g	74.80	68.60		-8.29		2022 44 22
5800	10g	20.20	21.00		3.96		2023-11-22

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 Bluetooth 802.11b/g/n/ax - 2.4GHz - DTS

Antenna Manufacturer	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Antenna	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
	802.15	DH5	1	39	2441		Aux	0.05	0.07	0.07	
Vendor 1	902 11h	444 4144	20	6	2437		Aux	0.18	0.52	0.54	1
	802.11b	1Mbps	20	11	2462		Main	0.63	0.36	0.42	
	802.15	DH5	1	39	2441	Top Edge	Aux	0.05	0.08	0.08	
Vendor 2	802.11b	1Mbps	20	6	2437		Aux	0.18	0.48	0.50	
8	002.116	.11b 1Mbps	20	11	2462		Main	0.63	0.46	0.53	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Antenna Manufacturer	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Antenna	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #		
Vendor 1	802.11ac	VHT0	80	EO	58 5290	00	Aux	0.24	0.55	0.58			
vendor i	002.11ac	νпιυ	00	36	5290	Ton Edge	Main	0.36	0.30	0.33			
Vendor 2	802.11ac	VHT0	80	58	5000	5000	F200	Top Edge	Aux	0.24	0.48	0.51	
vendor 2	002.11ac	VHIU	60	56	5290		Main	0.36	0.60	0.65	2		

B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Antenna Manufacturer	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Antenna	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #		
Vendor 1	802.11ac	VHT0	80	122		Aux	0.24	0.61	0.65	3			
vendor i	002.11ac	VIIIO	80	122		Tan Edua	Main	0.34	0.56	0.60			
Vandan 2	000 44	\/LITO	00	100 5010	400 5040			Top Edge	Aux	0.24	0.57	0.60	
Vendor 2	802.11ac	VHT0	80	122	5610		Main	0.34	0.51	0.55			

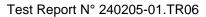
B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Antenna Manufacturer	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Antenna	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Vendor 1	802.11ac	VHT0	80	138 5690	138 5690 Top Edge	Aux	0.15	0.57	0.59		
vendor i	002.11ac	νпιυ	00	130		Top Edge	Main	0.26	0.43	0.45	
Vandar 2	902 1100	VUTO	90	120			Aux	0.15	0.67	0.69	
Vendor 2	802.11ac	VHT0	80	138	5690		Main	0.26	0.67	0.71	4



B.5.5 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.9 GHz - U-NII-4

Antenna Manufacturer	Mode	Data rate	BW (MHz)	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Test position mode	Antenna	Scaling Factor (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #	
Vendor 1	802.11ac	VHT0	160	163 5815	5815 Top Edge	Aux	0.77	0.43	0.51			
vendor i	602.11ac	VHIU	160	103			Ton Edge	Main	0.51	0.64	0.72	5
Vandar 2	902 1100	VHT0	160	162			5045	Top Eage	Aux	0.77	0.24	0.29
Vendor 2	802.11ac	VH10	160	163	5815		Main	0.51	0.23	0.26		





B.5.6 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode. As all measured values are under both limits, no variability is required.



B.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found.

Antonno	Docition	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4 GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth			
Main	Top odgo	0.53	0.72				
Aux	Top edge	0.54	0.69	0.08			

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	Antenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
	Main Antenna Aux Antenna				
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.41		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz + BT	1.49		
Top edge	WLAN 5GHz	ВТ	0.80	1.6	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	1.07		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	ВТ	0.61		

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission evaluation exclusions described in FCC OET KDB 447498, no enlarged zoom scan measurements are required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

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1. DTS - 802.11b, CH1, Aux Antenna – Top edge – Vendor 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUIType
TPN-W157, HP	210.0 x 320.0 x 18.0	2023090709989	Convertible PC
Evenne Conditions			

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	2437.0,	8.21	1.99	50.8
MSI	0.00	2.4GHz	10415-AAA	6			

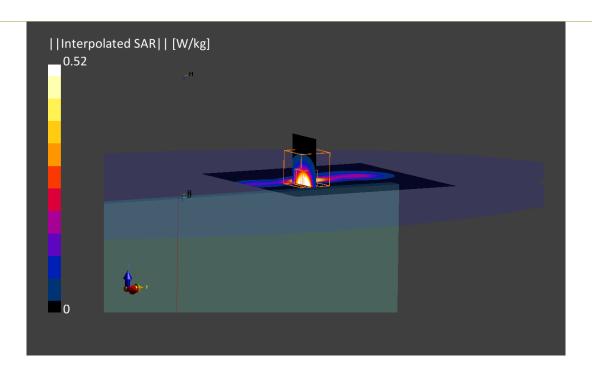
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-23, 08:43	2023-11-23, 08:51
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.470	0.517
psSAR10g	0.211	0.200
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.09	-0.19
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		71.2
Dist 3dB Peak		6.0
[mm]		





2. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac 80, CH58, Main Antenna -Top edge- Vendor 2

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type	
TPN-W157, HP	210.0 x 320.0 x 18.0	2023090710015	Convertible PC	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5290.0,	4.69	5.61	46.2

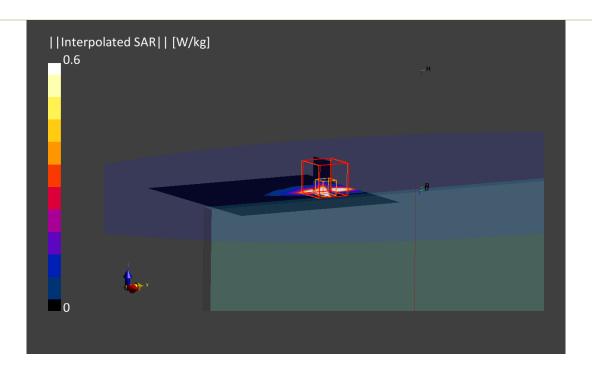
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-20	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-22, 10:11	2023-11-22, 10:20
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.612	0.600
psSAR10g	0.198	0.187
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	0.08	-0.15
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		60.5
Dist 3dB Peak		5.1
[mm]		





3. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Aux Antenna -Top edge- Vendor 1

Device under Test Properties

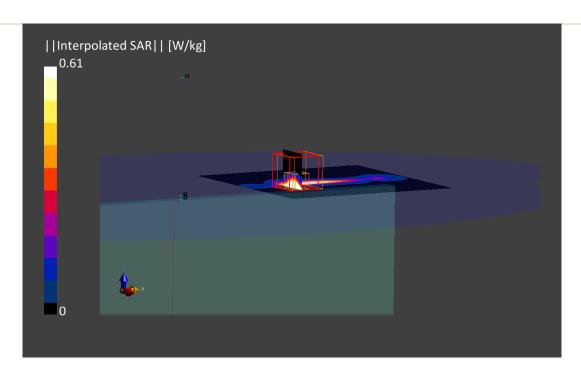
Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
TPN-W157, HP	210.0 x 320.0 x 18.0	2023090709989	Convertible PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5610.0,	4.23	5.80	45.1
MSL	0.00	5GHz	10402-AAE	122			

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calibration Date		obe, Calibration Date DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe ti	lt) MBBL-600-6	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-23 EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08		2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18	
Scan Setup			Measurement R	Results		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	an Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2023-11-23, 10:2	26 2023-11-23, 10:34	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.56	0.612	
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.18	31 0.176	
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	0.1	15 0.06	
Grading Ratio MAIA	1.5 Confirmed by MAIA	1.4 Confirmed by MAIA	Power Scaling Scaling Factor	Disable	ed Disabled	
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	[dB]			
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	TSL Correction M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	Positive On	Positive Only 60.3 6.4	



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4. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH138, Main Antenna -Top edge- Vendor 2

Device under Test Properties

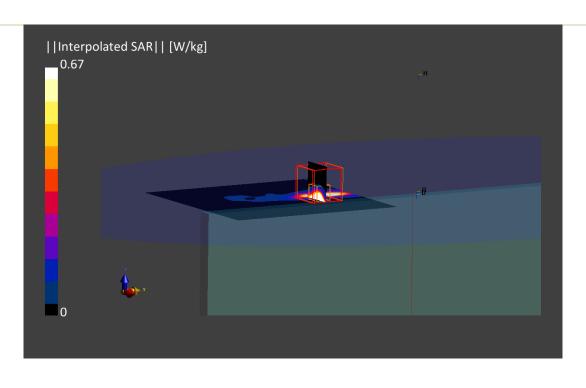
Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
TPN-W157, HP	210.0 x 320.0 x 18.0	2023090710015	Convertible PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5690.0,	4.23	6.23	45.4
MSL	0.00	5GHz	10402-AAF	138			

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date		Probe, Calibration Date		DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-20		EX3DV4 - SN7604,	2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18		
Scan Setup			Measurement F	Results		
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	n Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2023-11-22, 10:4	4 2023-11-22, 10:53	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.61	1 0.673	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g	0.19	0.207	
[mm]			[W/kg]			
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	0.0	00 -0.02	
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled	
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Scaling Factor			
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p	[dB]			
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	TSL Correction	Positive On	ly Positive Only	
			M2/M1 [%]		59.9	
			Dist 3dB Peak		4.8	
			[mm]			



5. UNII-4 - 802.11ac160, CH163, Main Antenna - Top edge- Vendor 1

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
TPN-W157, HP	210.0 x 320.0 x 18.0	2023090709989	Convertible PC

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE TOP, 0.00	Custom Band	CW, 0	5815.0, 5815000	4.17	6.08	44.7

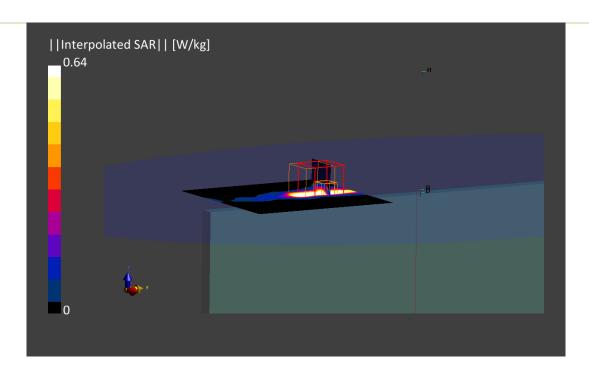
Hardware Setup

Phantom .	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	100.0 x 100.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-23, 15:22	2023-11-23, 15:29
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.597	0.642
psSAR10g	0.207	0.205
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.09	-0.02
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		56.1
Dist 3dB Peak		6.1
[mm]		







6. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D2450GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,	, 0	2450.0, 0	8.21	2.00	50.8

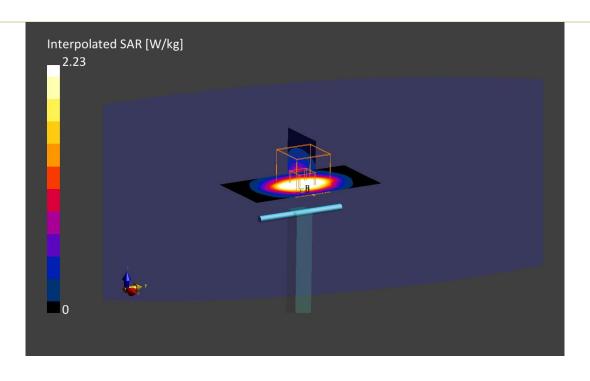
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
2023-11-23, 14:48	2023-11-23, 14:54
2.42	2.34
1.14	1.08
-0.03	-0.08
Disabled	Disabled
Positive Only	Positive Only
	76.9
	9.5
	2023-11-23, 14:48 2.42 1.14 -0.03 Disabled







7. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

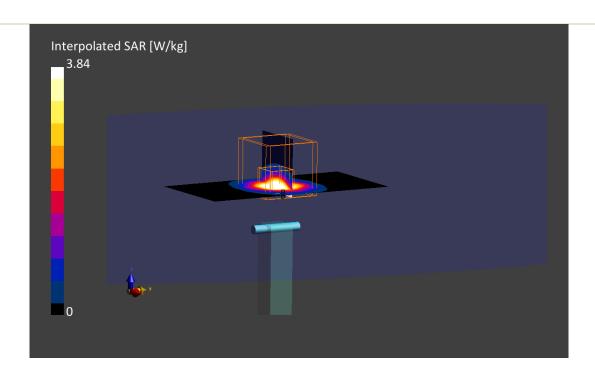
Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	l Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,	,	5300.0,	4.69	5.64	46.2
MSI		0	0			

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calibration I	Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe	tilt) MBBL-600-6	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-20 EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08 DAE4ip Sn1		DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18	
Scan Setup			Measurement R	esults	
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	n Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	Date	2023-11-22, 16:5	9 2023-11-22, 17:05
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.8	3.84
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4	psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.0	9 1.11
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes	Power Drift [dB]	-0.0	0.02
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled
MAIA Surface Detection	Confirmed by MAIA VMS + 6p	Confirmed by MAIA VMS + 6p	Scaling Factor [dB]		
Scan Method	Measured	Measured	TSL Correction M2/M1 [%] Dist 3dB Peak [mm]	Positive On	ly Positive Only 63.5 7.2





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8. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,	,	5600.0,	4.23	6.09	45.5
MSI		0	0			

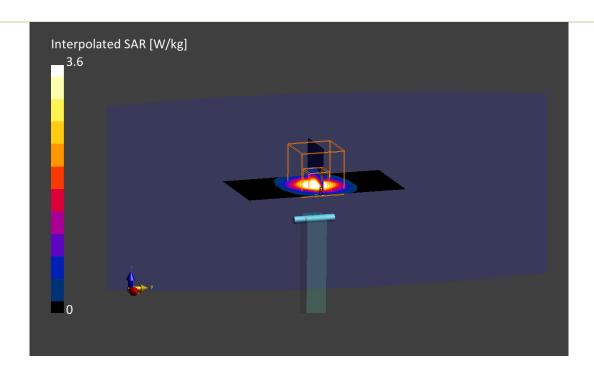
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-20	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-22, 16:05	2023-11-22, 16:11
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.38	3.60
psSAR10g	1.03	1.10
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.10	0.16
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		58.5
Dist 3dB Peak		7.9
[mm]		





9. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz- 22-11-2023

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,		,	5800.0,	4.17	6.40	45.2
MSI			0	0			

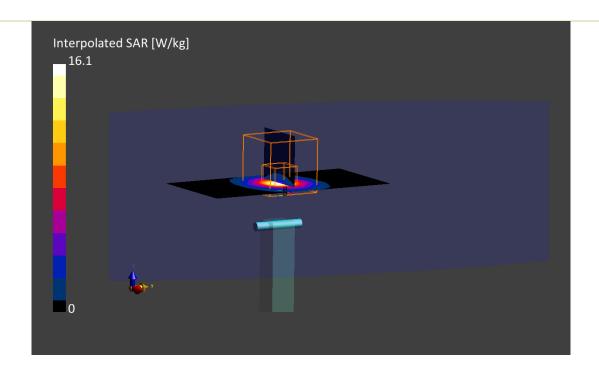
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-20	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-22, 16:15	2023-11-22, 16:21
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.12	3.43
psSAR10g	0.949	1.05
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.16	0.14
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]	•	56.8
Dist 3dB Peak		7.9
[mm]		





Test Report N 240205-01.1R06

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	SN	DUT Type
D5GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 15.0	1164	Validation Dipole

10. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz- 23-11-2023

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5800.0, 0	4.17	6.06	44.7

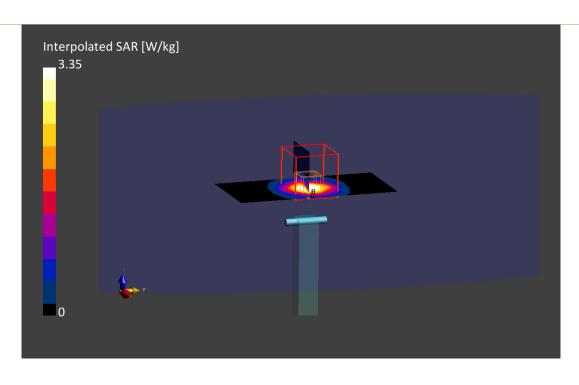
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt	MBBL-600-6000, 2023-Nov-23	EX3DV4 - SN7604, 2023-09-08	DAE4ip Sn1704, 2023-04-18

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2023-11-23, 14:35	2023-11-23, 14:41
psSAR1g [W/kg]	2.87	3.35
psSAR10g	0.896	1.04
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	0.10	0.13
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		54.2
Dist 3dB Peak		8.8
[mm]		

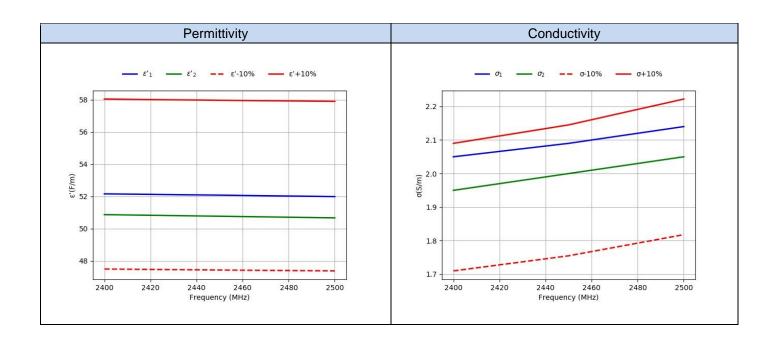




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

Freq.(MHz)	Target			asured 3-11-20	Measured 2023-11-23	
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)		
2400	52.77	1.90	52.16	2.05	50.87	1.95
2450	52.70	1.95	52.08	2.09	50.77	2.00
2500	52.64	2.02	51.99	2.14	50.67	2.05



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D.2 Body 5200MHz-5900MHz

Freq.(MHz)		get Measured 2023-11-20				
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)	ε'2(F/m)	σ2(S/m)
5200	49.01	5.30	46.49	5.50	45.85	5.23
5250	48.95	5.36	46.36	5.57	45.77	5.30
5300	48.88	5.42	46.23	5.64	45.69	5.37
5350	48.81	5.47	46.11	5.71	45.61	5.44
5400	48.74	5.53	45.99	5.79	45.53	5.51
5450	48.67	5.59	45.87	5.86	45.44	5.58
5500	48.61	5.65	45.76	5.94	45.35	5.64
5550	48.54	5.71	45.65	6.02	45.25	5.71
5600	48.47	5.77	45.54	6.09	45.16	5.78
5650	48.40	5.82	45.44	6.17	45.06	5.85
5700	48.34	5.88	45.35	6.25	44.95	5.92
5750	48.27	5.94	45.25	6.33	44.84	5.99
5800	48.20	6.00	45.16	6.40	44.73	6.06
5850	48.13	6.06	45.06	6.48	44.62	6.13
5900	48.06	6.12	44.97	6.55	44.50	6.20

