



TEST REPORT

EUT Description	WLAN and BT, 1x1 PCIe M.2 SD 1216 a	dapter card		
Brand Name	Intel® Wireless-AC 9462			
Model Name	9462D2W			
FCC ID	PD99462D2			
Date of Test Start/End	2017-11-13 / 2017-11-17			
Features	802.11ac, Dual Band, 1x1 Wi-Fi + Bluet (see section 5)	802.11ac, Dual Band, 1x1 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth® 5, Diversity Antenna (see section 5)		
-				
Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications			
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Reference Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 (see section 1)			
RF Exposure Environment	Portable devices - General population/	uncontrolled exposure		
	SAR Result	SAR Limit		
Maximum SAR Result & Limit	0.78 W/kg (1g)	1.6 W/kg (1g)		
Min. test separation distance	15mm			
Test Report identification	170919-01.TR08			

Test Report identification	170919-01.TR08
Revision Control	Rev. 00 This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision (see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested. The test report shall not be reproduced in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued by

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Table of Contents

1.	Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods4					
2.	General conditions, competences and guarantees4					
3.	Environmental Conditions					
4.	Test samples					
		Features				
		rks and comments				
		Verdicts summary				
8.	Docu	ment Revision History				
Ann	ex A.	Test & System Description	9			
A.	1 S	AR DEFINITION	9			
А.	2 S	PEAG SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM				
	A.2.1	SAR Measurement Setup	10			
	A.2.2	E-Field Measurement Probe	11			
	A.2.3	SAM Phantom	11			
	A.2.4	Flat Phantom	12			
	A.2.5	Device Positioner	12			
А.	3 C	DATA EVALUATION				
A.	4 S	YSTEM AND LIQUID CHECK				
	A.4.1	System Check				
	A.4.2	Liquid Check				
A.	5 Т	EST EQUIPMENT LIST				
	A.5.1	SAR System #2				
	A.5.2	Shared Instrumentation				
	A.5.3	- Tissue Simulant Liquid				
A.		IEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION				
A.		E EXPOSURE LIMITS				
	ex B.					
В.						
	B.1.1	Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom				
	B.1.2	Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies				
	B.1.3	Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions				
В.		CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS				
	B.2.1	WLAN 2.4GHz	-			
	B.2.2	WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)				
	B.2.3	Bluetooth				
В.		ISSUE PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT				
В.		YSTEM CHECK MEASUREMENTS				
В.	5 S	AR TEST RESULTS				
	B.5.1	802.11b/g/n – 2.4GHz - DTS				
	B.5.2	802.11a/n/ac – 5.3 GHz – U-NII-2A				
	B.5.3	802.11a/n/ac – 5.6 GHz – U-NII-2C				
	B.5.4	802.11a/n/ac – 5.8 GHz – U-NII-3				
	B.5.5	Bluetooth – 2.4GHz - DSS				
	B.5.6	SAR Measurement Variability				
	B.5.7	Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation				
Ann	ex C.	Test System Plots				



Annex [D. TSL Dielectric Parameters	.49
D.1	BODY DTS 2450MHz BODY 5200MHz-5800MHz	.49
Annex E	E. Calibration Certificates	. 52
Annex F	F. Photographs	. 54
F.1	TEST SAMPLE	. 54
	PIFA ANTENNA: REFERENCE TEST POSITIONS AND GENERAL SETUP	
	TEST POSITIONS	
F.4	PHANTOM LIQUID LEVEL DURING MEASUREMENTS	. 57

1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- 2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- 6. IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques.

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2005 testing laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Mobile Communications France SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED Assigned Code 1000Y.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
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3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	21ºC ± 2ºC
Humidity	40% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	20°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	170919-01.S45	WLAN and BT, 1x1 PCIe M.2 SD 1216 adapter card	9462D2W	WIFI MAC: 34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7 BT MAC: 34:13:E8:6E:5F:DB	2017-10-05	
	170727-01.S11	NGFF Extender	PCB00609_01	6092416-453	2017-08-18	
#01	170509-02.S02	Adapter	-	-	2017-08-30	NA
	170000-01.S15 Laptop DELL Latitude 8LGV	8LGVLX1	2017-06-12			
	-	PCI Cable	Semtech	-	2016-04-14	
	-	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2016-05-13	



5. EUT Features

Brand Name	Intel® Wireless-AC 9462			
Model Name	9462D2W			
FCC ID	PD99462D2	PD99462D2		
Software Version	10.1740.0-06039			
Driver Version	99.0.28.6			
Prototype / Production	Production			
Exposure Conditions	Body worn			
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) Bluetooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) CHAIN A Div1: PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT (Aux antenna)			
Antenna Information	CHAIN A Div2: PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT (Main Antenna) See Annex <i>F</i> for more details on antennas location.			
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Main WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux			
	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report			
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device			
	Band gap is supported by the device			

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	21.00
	1000/	BPSK QPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 110/0/00			5.3GHz	5250-5350	21.45
802.11a/n/ac	100%	16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	21.50
		256QAM	5.8GHz	5725-5850	21.50
BDR/EDR v5.0	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	10.00
Bluetooth LE v5.0	64%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	8.80

NM: Not Measured

Test Report N° 170919-01.TR08



1

aximum Output power	SISO mode			
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11b	20	21.00	20.50
DTS	802.11g	20	19.50	19.00
DIS	802.11n20	20	19.00	19.00
	802.11n40	40	15.00	15.00
	802.11a	20	21.50	21.00
U-NII-1	802.11n20	20	21.50	21.00
U-INII-T	802.11n40	40	19.50	19.00
	802.11ac80	80	15.00	15.00
	802.11a	20	21.50	21.00
	802.11n20	20	21.50	21.00
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	18.00	19.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.50	16.00
	802.11a	20	21.50	21.00
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	21.50	21.00
	802.11ac80	80	17.50	17.50
	802.11a	20	21.50	21.50
	802.11n20	20	21.50	21.50
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	21.50	20.50
	802.11ac80	80	19.50	19.50
	Bluetooth v5.0 BDR	20	10.00	10.00
DT	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR2	20	9.50	9.00
BT	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR3	20	9.50	9.50
	BLE	-	9.00	9.00

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6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.8.

7. Test Verdicts summary

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n	2.4GHz	0.44	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
202 110/2/22	5.3GHz	0.78	Р
802.11a/n/ac	5.6GHz	0.46	Р
	5.8GHz	0.43	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.02	Р

P: Pass F: Fail NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
Exposure Condition	Equipment Class			
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII	
Body Worn	0.44	0.02	0.78	
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: NA	Sum-SAR: 0.80	Sum-SAR: 0.80	

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods.

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Date	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	2017-12-11	V. Kaculini	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 σ = Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

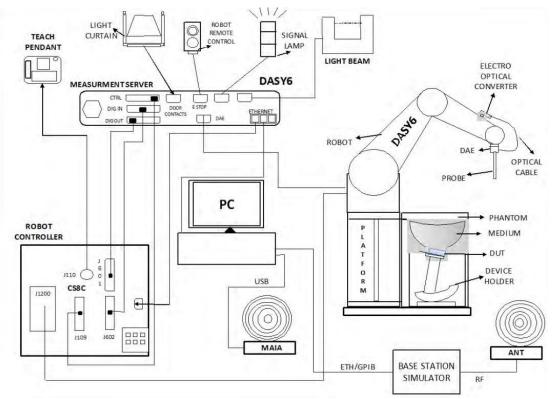
E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- \checkmark Tissue simulating liquid.
- System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool

Test Report Nº 170919-01.TR08



A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
2 mm ± 0.2 mm
6 ± 0.2 mm
25 Liters
Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm





A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm



A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis)

the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation



Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than $\pm 30^{\circ}$, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of $\pm 5\%$.

• Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



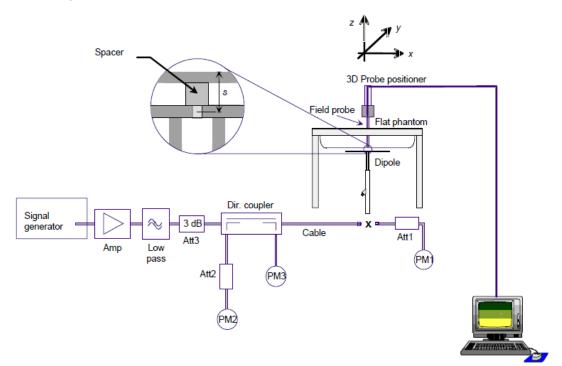
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.

Rev. 00

Test Report Nº 170919-01.TR08

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- ✓ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR			
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)		
150	61.9	0.80		
300	58.2	0.92		
450	56.7	0.94		
835	55.2	0.97		
900	55.0	1.05		
1450	54.0	1.30		
1800-2000	53.3	1.52		
2450	52.7	1.95		
3000	52.0	2.73		
5800	48.2	6.00		

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.

A.5 Test Equipment List

A.5.1 SAR System #2

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0236	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	2017-05-19	2018-05-19
0242	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1429	SPEAG	2017-07-13	2018-07-13
0451	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F16/55FXA1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0453	Robot Controller	CS8C	F16/55FXA1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0455	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB	1489	SPEAG	NA	NA
0456	Electro-Optical Converter	EOC60	1098	SPEAG	NA	NA
0459	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	NA	NA
0460	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2048	SPEAG	NA	NA
0461	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.4.0.12171	9-5DEE27C2	SPEAG	NA	NA
0466	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	NA	NA

A.5.2 Shared Instrumentation

ID #	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0098	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2017-09-18	2019-09-18
0099	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2017-09-19	2019-09-19
0114	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	NA	NA
0170	Power Amplifier	SAM-01	151922	ETS-Lindgren	NA	NA
0224	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5	V2.4.0.761	SPEAG	NA	NA
0237	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2017-08-22	2019-08-22
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2016-06-20	2018-06-20
0398	Temperature & Humidity Logger	TR-72NW-H + HHA-3151	Logger: 62180216 Sensor: 0202622A	TandD	2016-02-01	2018-02-01
0408	Thermometer	DTM3000-Spezial	3429	LKM	2016-05-19	2018-05-19
0412	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	NA	NA
0591	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	2017-04-26	2019-04-26
0655	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2017-09-19	2019-09-19

A.5.3 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160603-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

Test Report N° 170919-01.TR08



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the below table:

SAR System #2

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016 (0.3 - 6 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	8
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	8
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.9 %	±11.8 %	569
Expanded STD Uncertainty	/					±23.8 %	±23.6 %	



SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 (30 MHz - 6 GHz range)								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci)	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System	value	Dist.		1g	TUg	(19)	(10g)	ven
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±0.00 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Post-processing	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Test sample Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±4.4 %	±4.4 %	8
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertaint	V					±12.1 %	±12.0 %	605
Expanded STD Uncertain	ty					±24.1 %	±24.0 %	



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg



Annex B. Test Results

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was the Intel® Wireless-AC 9462 card using a SkyCross Electronics antenna as reference antenna. The transmitter was placed more than 10cm away from the phantom to avoid interferences and using a host laptop to control it.

The card was operated utilizing proprietary software and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 15mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna sides in F.2 the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Distance		Antenna				
Distance		Main	Aux			
15mm	Position	 Back face Front face Top edge Bottom edge Right edge Left edge 	 Back face Front face Top edge Bottom edge Right edge Left edge 			

See *B.1.3.1* for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See section *F*.3 for more information on the tested positions.

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

• \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz

• \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

• \leq 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \geq 200 MHz

WLAN	SAR	Test	reduction
	•		

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The <i>initial test configuration</i> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channels is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channels are tested.



B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Ма	ain	A	ux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			1	2412	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	No ³
	802.11b 1Mbp	1Mbps	6	2437	21.00	21.00	20.50	20.50	Yes
			11	2462	19.50	19.50	19.40	19.50	No ³
	2.4GHz 802.11g DTS 802.11n20	6Mbps	1	2412		16.00		16.00	
2.40			6	2437		19.50		19.00	No ²
GHZ			11	2462		16.50		16.00	
			1	2412		16.00	NR1	15.50	
TS)	802.11n20		6	2437	NR^1	19.00		19.00	
		цтο	11	2462		16.00		15.50	
	802.11n40	HT0	3	2422		14.00		14.00	
		-	6	2437		15.00		15.00	
			9	2452		13.50		13.50	

Initial test configuration

1.

NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20/n40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 2. 1.2W/kg.

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. 3.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Ma	ain	Au	х	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
		36	5180		17.00		17.00		
	802.11a	6Mbpc	40	5200		20.00		20.50	
	002.118	6Mbps	44	5220	NR ¹	21.50		21.00	
5.2			48	5240		21.50		21.00	
GH			36	5180		17.00		16.50	
z (ل	802.11n20		40	5200		20.00	NR ¹	20.00	No ²
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)	002.111120	нто	44	5220		21.50	_	21.00	
I-1)		mo	48	5240		21.50		21.00	
	802.11n40	=	38	5190		15.50		15.50	
	002.11140		46	5230		19.50		19.00	
Initial test of	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210		15.00		15.00	

Initial test configuration

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



_					Μ	ain	A	ux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			52	5260	21.40	21.50	21.00	21.00	No ⁴
000.11a	6 Mbpo	56	5280	21.40	21.50	21.00	21.00	Yes	
	802.11a 6Mbp	owups	60	5300	21.45	21.50	20.95	21.00	Yes
5.3			64	5320	17.45	17.50	21.00	17.00	No ⁴
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)			52	5260		21.00	-	21.00	
CU	802.11n20		56	5280		21.50		21.00	
-Z	002.111120	цтο	60	5300		21.50		21.00	
-2A)		HT0	64	5320	NR ¹	17.50	NR ¹	17.00	No ^{2,5}
- C	902 11 - 40		54 5270	18.00		19.00			
	802.11n40		62	5310		15.00		15.00	
	802.11ac80	802.11ac80 VHT0	58	5290		16.50		16.00	

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					М	ain		Aux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			100	5500		18.50		18.50	
			104	5520		21.50		21.00	
			108	5540		21.50		21.00	
802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		21.50		21.00		
	802.118	olviops	116	5580		21.50		21.00	
			120	5600		21.50		21.00	
			124	5620	- NR ¹	21.50		21.00	
			128	5640		21.50	NR ¹	21.00	- No ⁶
5.0		0	100	5500		18.00		18.00	
6GF			104	5520		21.00		21.00	
) z			108	5540		21.00		21.00	
⊂ z	802.11n20		112	5560		21.00	_	21.00	
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)	802.11120		116	5580		21.00		21.00	
0		нто	120	5600		21.00		21.00	
		niu	124	5620		21.00		21.00	
			128	5640		21.00		21.00	
			102	5510	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	No ^{4,5}
	902 11-40		110	5550	21.50	21.50	20.95	21.00	INO ","
	802.11n40		118	5590	21.50	21.50	21.00	21.00	Yes
			126	5630	20.85	21.50	20.95	21.00	No ^{4,5}
			106 5530		16.50	NR ¹	17.00	Nef	
	802.11ac80	VHT0	122	5610	NR ¹	17.50		17.50	- No ⁶

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Ma	ain	Au	x	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			132	5660		21.50	20.90	21.00	
			136	5680		21.50	21.00	21.00	
			140	5700		17.00	16.00	16.00	No ^{4,5}
	802.11a	6Mbps	149	5745		21.50	21.35	21.50	INO ","
	002.11a		153	5765		21.50	21.45	21.50	
			157	5785		21.50	21.00	21.00	
			161	5805	5805	21.50	21.50	21.50	Yes
ы	<u>.</u>		165	5825	NR ¹	21.50	21.50	21.50	No ^{4,5}
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			132	5660		21.00		21.00	- No ⁶
.8G			136	5680		21.00		21.00	
Hz			140	5700		17.00	-	16.00	
Ú-	802.11n20		149	5745		21.50		21.00	
	802.111120		153	5765		21.50		21.00	
33		HT0	157	5785		21.50		21.00	
			161	5805		21.50	NR ¹	21.50	
			165	5825		21.50		21.50	
			134	5670	17.00	17.00		16.50	No ^{4,5}
	802.11n40 802.11ac80 V		151	5755	16.00	16.00		16.00	
			159	5795	21.50	21.50		20.50	Yes
		02.11ac80 VHT0 -	138	5690		19.50		19.50	No ⁶
Initial test or		VIIIO	Γ0 155 5775 NR ¹	INITY	15.00		14.50	INU	

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

 When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

 Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
		_	0	2402		8.50	8.50
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		9.50	9.50
	V0.0	Gron	78	2480		10.00	10.00
	Divisionath	Desis rete	0	2402			8.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441			9.00
	V0.0		78	2480	Main		9.50
	Divisionation	Desis rate	0	2402	Iviairi		8.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441		NR ¹	9.00
	V0.0		78	2480			9.50
		• • • • • • •	0	2412			7.00
N	Bluetooth v5.0	Low energy GFSK	20	2437			8.00
	V0.0	6	39	2480			9.00
2.4 GHz		Destaura	0	2402	-	8.00	8.00
7	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		9.00	9.00
	V0.0	Gron	78	2480		10.00	10.00
		Destructo	0	2402			8.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441			8.50
	V0.0		78	2480	Aux		9.00
		Desirent	0	2402	Aux		5.00
	Bluetooth	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441		NR ¹	8.50
	v5.0 Bluetooth v5.0		78	2480			9.50
			0	2412			7.00
		Low energy GFSK	20	2437			8.00
			39	2480			9.00

Initial test configuration 1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	arameters	Measur Paran	ed TSL neters	Devia	Date	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m) σ (S/m)		ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	٤'	σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	49.99	2.10	-5.13	7.61	2017-11-16
5300	48.88	5.41	45.03	5.80	-7.87	7.15	2017-11-15
5600	48.47	5.76	44.69	6.18	-7.81	7.20	2017-11-15
5800	48.20	6.00	44.18	6.43	-8.34	7.25	2017-11-15

See Annex D for more details.

Body Measurements

B.4 System Check Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	49.40	50.20	1.62		2017-11-16	
2430	10g	23.40	23.40	0.00		2017-11-10	
5300	1g	76.80	72.80	-5.21		2017-11-15	
5300	10g	21.60	21.20	-1.85	±10	2017-11-15	
5600	1g	77.80	74.80	-3.86	±10	2017-11-15	
5600	10g	21.80	22.60	3.67		2017-11-15	
5800	1g	75.30	76.40	1.46		2017-11-15	
3300	10g	21.00	22.80	8.57		2017-11-15	

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 802.11b/g/n – 2.4GHz - DTS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.36	0.36	
					Top Edge	0.00	0.14	0.14	
Main	802.11b	20	6	2437	Back Face	0.00	0.44	0.44	1
	1Mbps		0	2437	Front Face	0.00	0.38	0.38	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.08	0.08	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.12	0.12	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.32	0.32	
					Top Edge	0.00	0.13	0.13	
Aux	802.11b	20	6	2437	Back Face	0.00	0.38	0.38	2
Aux	1Mbps	20	0	2437	Front Face	0.00	0.37	0.37	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.08	0.08	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.07	0.07	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.05	0.77	0.78	3
					Top Edge	0.05	0.55	0.56	
Main	802.11a	20	60	E200	Back Face	0.05	0.46	0.46	
Main 6Mbps	20	60	5300	Front Face	0.05	0.45	0.46		
					Right Edge	0.05	0.02	0.02	
					Bottom Edge	0.05	0.19	0.19	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.77	0.77	4
					Top Edge	0.00	0.40	0.40	
Aux	802.11a	20	56	E200	Back Face	0.00	0.32	0.32	
	6Mbps	20	50	5280	Front Face	0.00	0.46	0.46	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.05	0.05	



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Left Edge	0.00	0.44	0.44	5
					Top Edge	0.00	0.39	0.39	
Main	802.11n	40	118	5590	Back Face	0.00	0.34	0.34	
Main HTO	40	110	5590	Front Face	0.00	0.36	0.36		
					Right Edge	0.00	0.03	0.03	
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.12	0.12	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.46	0.46	6
					Top Edge	0.00	0.32	0.32	
Δυν	802.11n	40	110	5500	Back Face	0.00	0.30	0.30	
Aux	HT0	40	118	5590	Front Face	0.00	0.46	0.46	
					Right Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01	
				-	Bottom Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.33	0.33		
					Top Edge	0.00	0.36	0.36		
Main	802.11n	40	150	5795	Back Face	0.00	0.28	0.28		
IVIAITI	HT0	40	159	5795	Front Face	0.00	0.37	0.37	7	
						Right Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02	
						Bottom Edge	0.00	0.08	0.08	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.35	0.35		
						Top Edge	0.00	0.30	0.30	
A	802.11a	20	101	5005	Back Face	0.00	0.27	0.27		
Aux	x 6Mbps 20	101	161 5805	Front Face	0.00	0.43	0.43	8		
				Right Edge	0.00	0.00	0.00			
				Bottom Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01			

B.5.5 Bluetooth - 2.4GHz - DSS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct.Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #	
					Left Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02		
					Top Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01		
Main	802.15	20	70	2490	Back Face	0.00	0.02	0.02	9	
Main	DH5	15 20 78	/8	78	2480	Front Face	0.00	0.00	0.00	
							Right Edge	0.00	0.00	0.00
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01		
					Left Edge	0.00	0.02	0.02		
					Top Edge	0.00	0.01	0.01		
Aus	802.15	20	70	2480	Back Face	0.00	0.02	0.02	10	
Aux	Aux DH5 20	20 78 1	2480	Front Face	0.00	0.02	0.02			
					Right Edge	0.00	0.00	0.00		
					Bottom Edge	0.00	0.00	0.00		

B.5.6 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required.



B.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found.

Antonno	Desition		Highest Reported SAR (1g)	
Antenna	Position	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	Bluetooth
	Left Edge	0.78	0.36	0.02
	Top Edge	0.56	0.14	0.01
Main	Back Face	0.46	0.44	0.02
Main	Front Face	0.46	0.38	0.00
	Right Edge	0.03	0.08	0.00
	Bottom Edge	0.19	0.12	0.01
	Left Edge	0.77	0.32	0.02
	Top Edge	0.40	0.13	0.01
	Back Face	0.32	0.38	0.02
Aux	Front Face	0.46	0.37	0.02
-	Right Edge	0.02	0.08	0.00
	Bottom Edge	0.05	0.07	0.00

Considering the mentioned features of this module on diversity mode (See section 5. EUT Features for details), the transmission is possible only switching one of the antennas at the time, then the only simultaneous transmission to be considered is WLAN 5GHz + BT for each antenna on standalone as will be shown on the next tables.

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Main	Aux		
Left Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.80	
Top Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.57	
Back Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.48	16
Front Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.46	1.6
Right Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.03	
Bottom Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.20	

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Main	Aux		
Left Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.79	
Top Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.41	
Back Face		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.34	1.6
Front Face		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.48	1.0
Right Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.02	
Bottom Face		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.05	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission evaluation exclusions described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to peak location measurement is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Main – Back Face	35
2.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Aux – Back Face	36
3.	U-NII-2A - 802.11a, CH60, Main – Left Edge	37
4.	U-NII-2A - 802.11a, CH56, Aux – Left Edge	38
5.	U-NII-2C - 802.11n40, CH118, Main – Left Edge	39
6.	U-NII-2C - 802.11n40, CH118, Aux – Left Edge	40
	U-NII-3 - 802.11n40, CH159, Main – Front Face	
8.	U-NII-3 - 802.11a, CH161, Aux – Front Face	42
9.	BT - 802.15, CH78, Main – Back Face	43
10.	BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux – Back Face	44
11.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz	
12.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	46
13.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz	47
14.	System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz	48



1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Main – Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module

Exposure Conditions

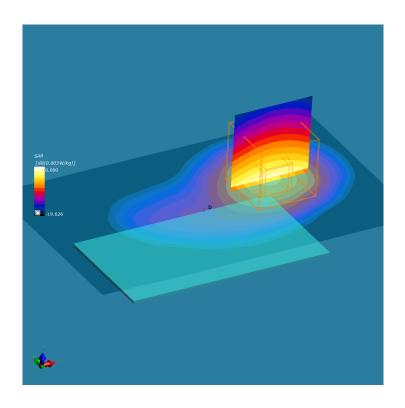
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK(COVER), 15	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10012-CAB	2437.0, 6	7.45	2.08	50.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2048	MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-16	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13

Scan Setup

Scan Setup	Measurement Results							
•	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Scan	Zoom Scan			
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2017-11-16, 15:55	2017-11-16, 16:01			
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.379	0.439			
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.207	0.240			
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.11	-0.04			
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled			
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor					
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]					
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	No correction			
Scan Method	Measured	Measured						





2. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Aux - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

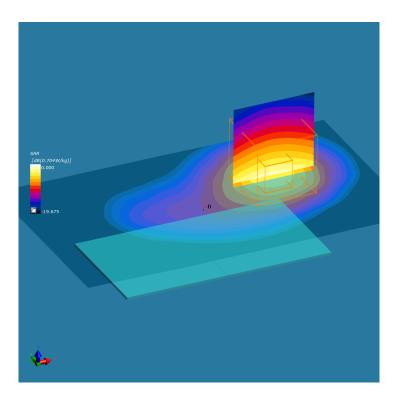
Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 15	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN, 10012-CAB	2437.0, 6	7.45	2.08	50.0

Hardware Setup

PhantomTSL, MeasurELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -MBBL-600-60		red Date 000v5, 2017-Nov-16	Probe, Calibration Date EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19		DAE, Calibration Date DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
2048						
Scan Setup				Measurement Results		
-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	n Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2017-11-16, 11:2	6 2017-11-16, 11:32	
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.35	6 0.384	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.19	6 0.210	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	2 0.00	
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disable	d Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	n No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





3. U-NII-2A - 802.11a, CH60, Main - Left Edge

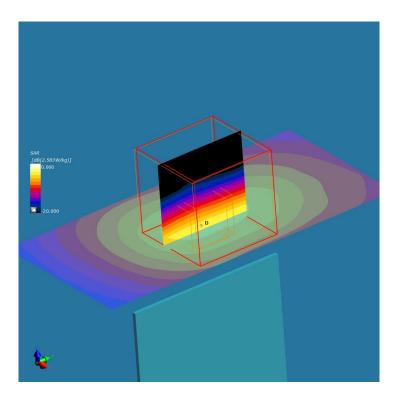
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10062-CAB	5300.0, 60	4.39	5.80	45.0

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Date	DAE, Calibration Date		
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	tilt) - MBBL-600-60	00v5, 2017-Nov-15	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2	2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	an Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 11:1	19 2017-11-15, 11:25	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.73	39 0.773	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.31	12 0.332	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	0.06	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	on No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





4. U-NII-2A - 802.11a, CH56, Aux - Left Edge

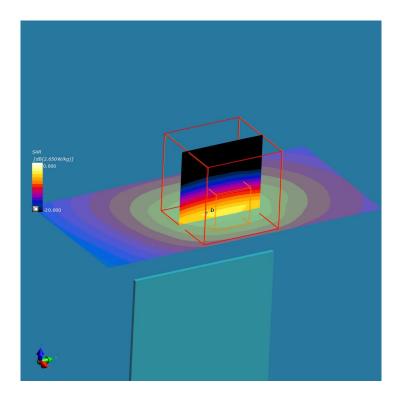
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10062-CAB	5280.0, 56	4.39	5.75	45.1

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibration	Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	tilt) - MBBL-600-60	00v5, 2017-Nov-15	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2	2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	an Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 16:2	20 2017-11-15, 16:25	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.60	0.771	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.25	53 0.317	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.0	0.05	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correction	on No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





5. U-NII-2C - 802.11n40, CH118, Main – Left Edge

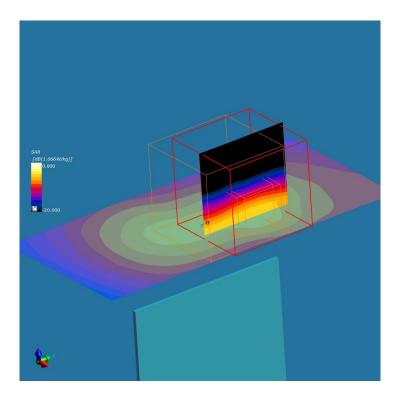
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10114-CAB	5590.0, 118	3.99	6.13	44.8

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibration	Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	tilt) - MBBL-600-60	000v5, 2017-Nov-15	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2	2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	in Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 11:4	3 2017-11-15, 11:49	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.29	0.438	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.12	.169	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.0	-0.03	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correctio	on No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





6. U-NII-2C - 802.11n40, CH118, Aux - Left Edge

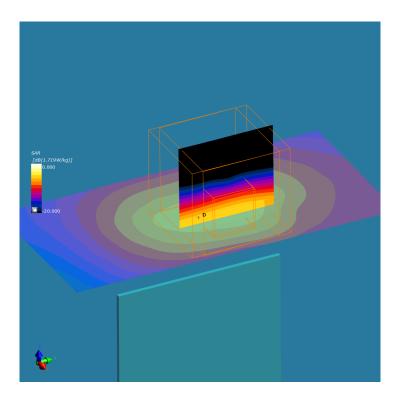
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	EDGE LEFT, 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10062-CAB	5590.0, 118	3.99	6.13	44.8

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibration	Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	tilt) - MBBL-600-60	00v5, 2017-Nov-15	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19		DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu			
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	an Zoom	Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 16:	27 2017-11-15,	16:33
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.3	08	0.460
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.13	31	0.183
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	02	0.02
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Dis	sabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	on No corr	ection
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





7. U-NII-3 - 802.11n40, CH159, Main – Front Face

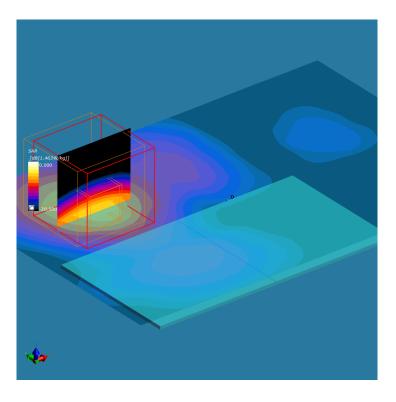
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	FRONT(SCREEN), 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10114-CAB	5795.0, 159	3.96	6.43	44.2

Phantom	TSL, Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibration I	Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15 2048		EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2	2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13		
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	in Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 15:2	24 2017-11-15, 15:30	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.34	0 0.368	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.12	23 0.130	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	0.05	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correctio	on No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





8. U-NII-3 - 802.11a, CH161, Aux - Front Face

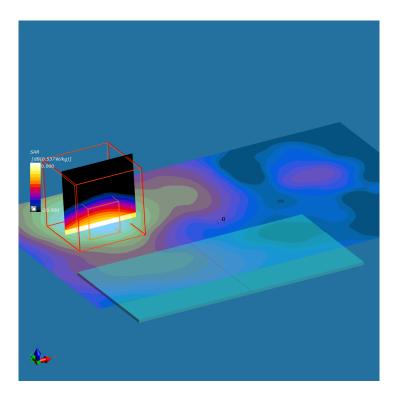
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WIFI MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:D7	Module	

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	FRONT(SCREEN), 15	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10114-CAB	5805.0, 161	3.96	6.44	44.2

Phantom TSL, Measured Date ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15			Probe, Calibration I EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2		DAE, Calibration Date 19 DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
2048						
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	n Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 17:0	2017-11-15, 17:09	
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.29	9 0.430	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.10	07 0.145	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	0.08	
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	d Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correctio	n No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





9. BT - 802.15, CH78, Main - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	BT MAC	DUT Type	
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:DB	Module	

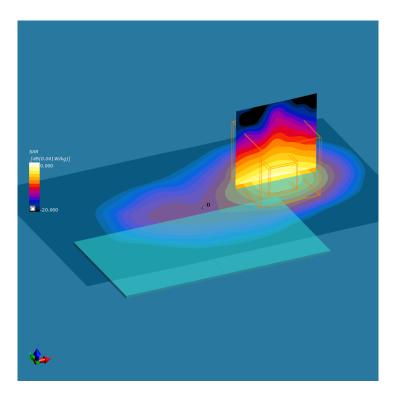
Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 15	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth, 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.45	2.14	50.0

Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measu	red Date	Probe, Calibration I	Date	DAE, Calibration Date	
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	tilt) - MBBL-600-6	000v5, 2017-Nov-16	EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2	2017-05-19	DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu	lts		
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	in Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2017-11-16, 16:0	2017-11-16, 16:10	
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.02	0.022	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.01	1 0.011	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	-0.2	-0.13	
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disable	d Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor			
U U	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			

Grading Ration/an/aScalingFactorMAIAConfirmed by MAIAConfirmed by MAIA[dB]Surface DetectionYesYesTSL CorrectionNo correctionScan MethodMeasuredMeasured



No correction



10.BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux - Back Face

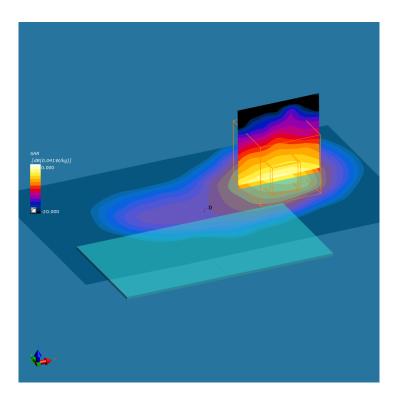
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	BT MAC	DUT Type
JfP 9462 D2W, Intel	40.0 x 74.0 x 1.0	34:13:E8:6E:5F:DB	Module

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid	BACK (COVER), 15	ISM 2.4 GHz Band	Bluetooth, 10032-CAA	2480.0, 78	7.45	2.14	50.0

Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg prob 2048	- ,	TSL, Measured Date) - MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-16			DAE, Calibration Date DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup			Measurement Resu			
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan		Area Sca	in Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 72.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2017-11-16, 11:3	35 2017-11-16, 11:41	
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.02	22 0.020	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.01	0.011	
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.1	-0.04	
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disable	d Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Yes	Yes	TSL Correction	No correctio	n No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





11.System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

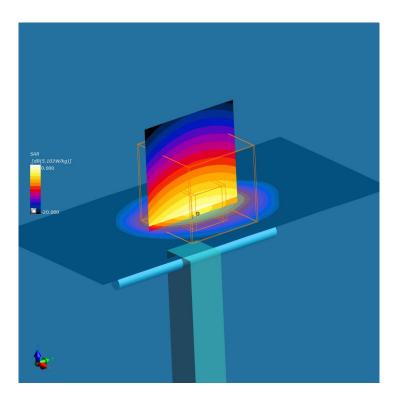
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 2.45GHz, Speag	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	0937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				2450.0, 0	7.45	2.10	50.0

Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	- ,	TSL, Measured Date - MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-16			DAE, Calibration Date DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup	Area Scan	Zoom Scan	Measurement Resu	lts Area Sca	n Zoom Scan	
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 96.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	Date	2017-11-16. 09:4		
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	2017-11-10, 03.4	,	
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.0		
[mm]			Power Drift [dB]	0.0	-0.03	
Graded Grid	No	No	Power Scaling	Disable	d Disabled	
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correctio	n No correction	
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





12.System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

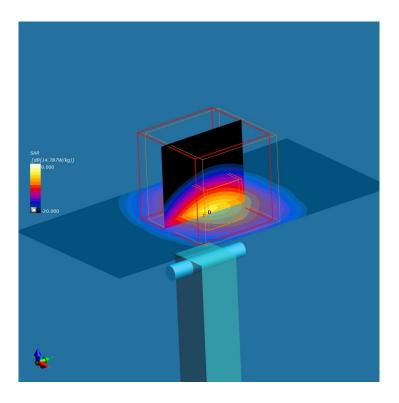
Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5300.0, 0	4.39	5.80	45.0

Phantom ELI V8.0 (20deg probe 2048	- ,	TSL, Measured Date - MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15			DAE, Calibration Date DAE4 Sn1429, 2017-07-13	
Scan Setup	Area Scan	Zoom Scan	Measurement Resu	lts Area Sca	an 7c	om Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15, 18:2		15, 18:30
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.0		3.64
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4	SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.89		1.06
[mm]	0.0		Power Drift [dB]	0.0		0.07
Graded Grid	No	Yes	Power Scaling	Disable	ed	Disabled
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4	Scaling Factor			
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	[dB]			
Surface Detection	Ýes	Ýes	TSL Correction	No correction	on No	correction
Scan Method	Measured	Measured				





13. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

MAIA

Surface Detection Scan Method

Dimensions [[mm] S/N		DUT Type	e	
50.0 x 10.0 x	1.0 125	9	Validation	Dipole	
Test Band [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivit [S/m]	TSL y Permittivity
		5600.0, 0	3.99	6.18	44.7
TSL. Measur	ed Date	Probe, Calibrat	ion Date	DAE. Cal	ibration Date
,					1429, 2017-07-13
		Measurement I	Results		
Area Scan	7		Are	a Sean	Zoom Scar
40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	Date	2017-11-15	, 18:34	2017-11-15, 18:39
40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/K	2017-11-15 g]	, 18:34 3.13	2017-11-15, 18:39 3.74
40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0	SAR 1g [W/K SAR 10g [W/k	2017-11-15 g] (g]	, 18:34 3.13 0.936	2017-11-15, 18:39 3.74 1.13
40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0 3.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0 1.4	SAR 1g [W/K SAR 10g [W/F Power Drift [df	2017-11-15 g] (g] 3]	, 18:34 3.13 0.936 0.04	2017-11-15, 18:39 3.74 1.13 0.09
40.0 x 80.0 10.0 x 10.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.0 4.0 x 4.0 x 2.0	SAR 1g [W/K SAR 10g [W/F Power Drift [df Power Scaling	2017-11-15 g] (g] 3]	, 18:34 3.13 0.936	2017-11-15, 18:39 3.74 1.13
	50.0 x 10.0 x Test Band [mm] TSL, Measur MBBL-600-60	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0 125 Test Band Group, [mm] [mm] UID TSL, Measured Date MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0 1259 Test Band Group, [mm] Frequency [MHz], Channel Number 5600.0, 0 TSL, Measured Date Probe, Calibrat MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15 EX3DV4 - SN38 Measurement I	50.0 x 10.0 x 1.0 1259 Validation Test Band Group, UID Frequency [MHz], Channel Number Conversion Factor 5600.0, 0 3.99 0 TSL, Measured Date Probe, Calibration Date MBBL-600-6000v5, 2017-Nov-15 EX3DV4 - SN3978, 2017-05-19 Measurement Results	Solution value Display in the property of the pr

Yes

Measured

Confirmed by MAIA

TSL Correction

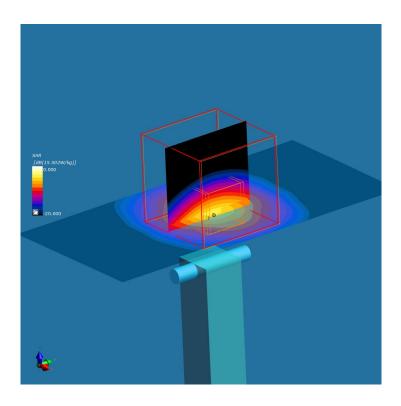
[dB]

No correction

Yes

Measured

Confirmed by MAIA



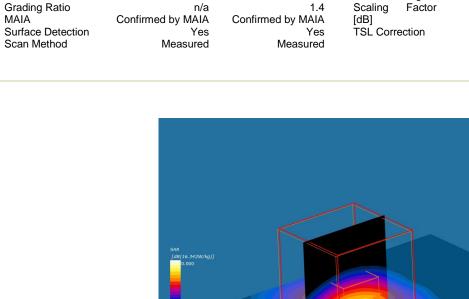
No correction



14. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufactu	urer	Dimensions	s [mm] S	5/N	DUT Typ	е	
Dipole 5GHz, SP	EAG	50.0 x 10.0	x 1.0 1	259	Validation	n Dipole	
Exposure Condition	ons						
Phantom Section, TSL	Position, T Distance [n		Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivit [S/m]	TSL ty Permittivity
Flat, MuscleSimulating Liquid				5800.0, 0	3.96	6.44	44.2
lardware Setup Phantom		TSL, Measu	urad Data	Probe, Calibi	rotion Data		libration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg 2048	probe tilt) -	,	6000v5, 2017-Nov-15	,	3978, 2017-05-19		1429, 2017-07-13
Scan Setup				Measuremen	t Results		
-		Area Scan	Zoom Sca	n	Are	a Scan	Zoom Scar
Grid Extents [mr		40.0 x 80.0	24.0 x 24.0 x 22.		2017-11-15	,	2017-11-15, 19:03
Grid Steps [mm]		10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 2.	- JL -		3.14	3.8
Sensor Surfa	ice	3.0	1.	·	•-	0.926	1.1
[mm]		N1-	V.	Power Drift		-0.02	-0.0
Graded Grid		No	Ye		0	lisabled	Disable
Grading Ratio	Confirm	n/a ned by MAIA	1. Confirmed by MAI		actor		
10173173	Comm					rraction	No correctio



No correction

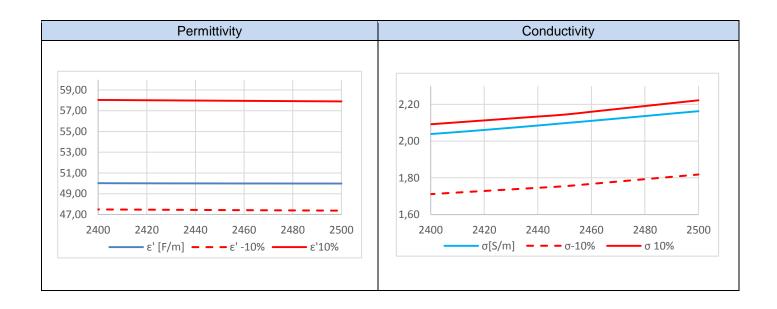
No correction



Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

		2017-11-16		
Freq.	Tar	get	Measured	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	50.02	2.04
2410	52.75	1.91	50.01	2.05
2420	52.74	1.92	50.01	2.06
2430	52.73	1.93	50.00	2.07
2440	52.71	1.94	50.00	2.08
2450	52.70	1.95	49.99	2.10
2460	52.69	1.96	49.99	2.11
2470	52.67	1.98	49.99	2.12
2480	52.66	1.99	49.99	2.14
2490	52.65	2.01	49.99	2.15
2500	52.64	2.02	49.98	2.16



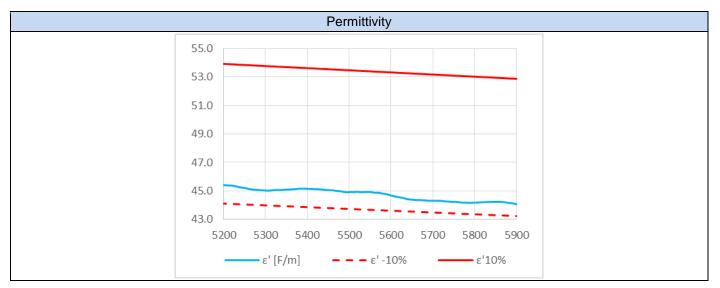


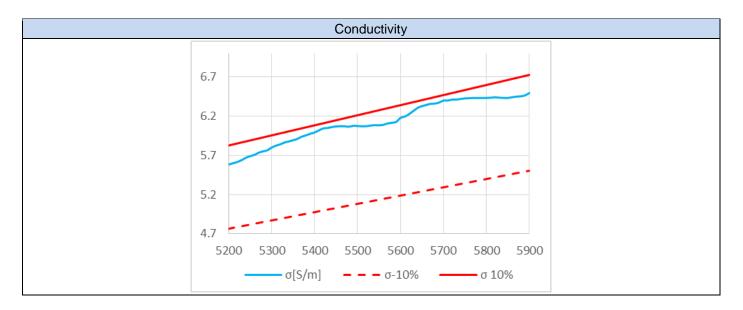
D.2 Body 5200MHz-5800MHz

				2017-11-15		
Freq.		get	Meas	sured		
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	ε' ₂ (F/m)		
5150	49.08	5.24	45.58	5.50		
5160	49.07	5.25	45.59	5.52		
5170 5180	49.06 49.04	5.26 5.27	45.56 45.55	5.52 5.53		
5190	49.04	5.29	45.48	5.56		
5200	49.01	5.30	45.41	5.58		
5210	49.00	5.31	45.39	5.60		
5220	48.99	5.32	45.38	5.62		
5230	48.97	5.33	45.32	5.64		
5240	48.96	5.34	45.25	5.67		
5250 5260	48.95	5.36 5.37	45.22 45.14	5.69		
5270	48.93 48.92	5.38	45.10	5.71 5.74		
5280	48.91	5.39	45.08	5.75		
5290	48.89	5.40	45.05	5.77		
5300	48.88	5.41	45.03	5.80		
5310	48.87	5.43	45.02	5.82		
5320	48.85	5.44	45.06	5.84		
5330	48.84	5.45	45.07	5.86		
5340 5350	48.82 48.81	5.46 5.47	45.08 45.10	5.88 5.89		
5350	48.81	5.47	45.10	5.89		
5370	48.78	5.50	45.13	5.94		
5380	48.77	5.51	45.17	5.96		
5390	48.76	5.52	45.16	5.98		
5400	48.74	5.53	45.15	5.99		
5500	48.61	5.65	44.92	6.07		
5510	48.59	5.66	44.92	6.07		
5520 5530	48.58 48.57	5.67 5.68	44.94 44.92	6.07 6.08		
5540	48.55	5.69	44.92	6.09		
5550	48.54	5.71	44.93	6.08		
5560	48.53	5.72	44.89	6.09		
5570	48.51	5.73	44.88	6.11		
5580	48.50	5.74	44.81	6.12		
5590	48.49	5.75	44.77	6.13		
5600 5610	48.47	5.76	44.69	6.18		
5610 5620	48.46 48.44	5.78 5.79	44.61 44.56	6.19 6.23		
5630	48.43	5.80	44.50	6.27		
5640	48.42	5.81	44.42	6.31		
5650	48.40	5.82	44.39	6.33		
5660	48.39	5.83	44.37	6.34		
5670	48.38	5.85	44.36	6.36		
5680	48.36	5.86	44.35	6.36		
5690 5700	48.35	5.87	44.32	6.37 6.40		
5700 5710	48.34 48.32	5.88 5.88	44.32 44.32	6.40		
5720	48.32	5.89	44.32	6.41		
5730	48.30	5.91	44.27	6.41		
5740	48.28	5.92	44.25	6.42		
5750	48.27	5.93	44.24	6.43		
5760	48.25	5.94	44.22	6.43		
5770	48.24	5.95	44.19	6.43		
5780 5790	48.23 48.21	5.96 5.98	44.18 44.17	6.43 6.43		
5790 5800	46.21 48.20	5.98 5.99	44.17 44.18	6.43 6.44		
5810	48.19	6.00	44.19	6.44		
5820	48.17	6.01	44.21	6.44		
5830	48.16	6.02	44.23	6.44		
5840	48.15	6.03	44.24	6.43		
5850	48.13	6.05	44.24	6.43		
5860	48.12	6.06	44.24	6.44		
5870 5880	48.10 48.09	6.07 6.08	44.22 44.17	6.45 6.45		
5890	48.09	6.08	44.17	6.45		
5900	48.06	6.10	44.07	6.50		

Test Report N° 170919-01.TR08









Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
0236	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3978	SPEAG	* =
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	K
0591	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	*=

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB × 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



Test Report Nº 170919-01.TR08

The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #0239							
	Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Previous	-26.30	51.1 + 4.8 j	2016-06-20				
Last	-28.82	47.5 – 2.5 j	2017-03-17				
	Dipole	ID #0591					
	Dipole 5200	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-32.5	49.7 – 2.4 j	2017-04-26				
	Dipole 5300MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-28.4	46.4 + 0.5 j	2017-04-26				
	Dipole 5500	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-27.6	46.2 + 1.1 j	2017-04-26				
	Dipole 5600	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-25.6	49.0 – 5.1 j	2017-04-26				
	Dipole 5800	MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-24.1	48.2 – 5.9 j	2017-04-26				