

802 N. Twin Oaks Valley Road, Suite 105 • San Marcos, CA 92069 • U.S.A. TEL (760) 471-2100 • FAX (760) 471-2121 http://www.rfexposurelab.com

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Intel Mobile Communication 100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210 Dates of Test: September 25-27, 2017 Test Report Number: SAR.20170909

FCC ID: PD98265D2 (Contains Model 8265D2W)
IC Certificate: 1000M-8265D2 (Contains Model 8265D2W)

Model(s): P26T003

Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production Serial Number: 4619554900032 & 4619554900042

Equipment Type: Wireless Module

Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body

TX Frequency Range: 2412 – 2462 MHz; 5180 – 5320 MHz; 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz

Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm

Maximum RF Output: 2450 MHz (b) – 17.50 dB, 2450 MHz (g) – 17.50 dB, 2450 MHz (n20) – 17.50 dB,

2450 MHz (n40) - 17.50 dB, 5250 MHz (a) - 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (n40) - 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (ac) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (a) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n40) - 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (ac) - 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n20) - 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n40) - 16

5800 MHz (ac) - 16.50 dB Conducted

Signal Modulation: DSSS, OFDM

Antenna Type: Acon, P/N ANP6Y-200076 (Tx1 & Tx2); WNC, P/N 81EAA715.G32 (Tx1 & Tx2); PIFA

Antenna

Application Type: Certification FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E

KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v06, KDB 248227 v02r02, KDB 616217 D04 v01r02

Industry Canada: RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6

Maximum SAR Value: 1.20 W/kg Reported Maximum Simultaneous SAR: 0.02 Separation Ratio

Separation Distance: 3.75 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
SAR Definition [5]	
2. SAR Measurement Setup	
Robotic System	5
System Hardware	5
System Electronics	6
Probe Measurement System	6
3. Probe and Dipole Calibration	14
4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications	15
Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization	15
5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]	16
Uncontrolled Environment	16
Controlled Environment	16
6. Measurement Uncertainty	
7. System Validation	18
Tissue Verification	
Test System Verification	
8. SAR Test Data Summary	
Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal	
Device Test Condition	
SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b & BT	
SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a	
SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a	
SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a	
SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation	
9. Test Equipment List	
10. Conclusion	
11. References	
Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data	
Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots	
Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos	
Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets	
Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets	
Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets	
Appendix G – Validation Summary	119



1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Intel Mobile Communications Model 8265D2W installed in Dell Model P26T003 FCC ID: PD98265D2 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 1000M-8265D2 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Intel Mobile Communications Model 8265D2W installed in Dell Model P26T003 and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the 8265D2W installed in Dell Model P26T003 wireless modem. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Setpoint Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
WLAN – 2.4 GHz	802.11bgn	N/A	16.5	±1.0	15.5	17.5
WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II, III, IV	802.11an/ac	N/A	15.5	±1.0	14.5	16.5



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

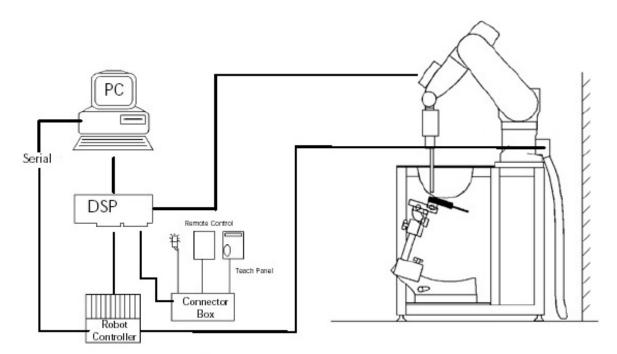


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200

MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm

Body diameter: 12 mm

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of wireless device

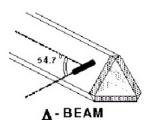


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where: where:

 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds), σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

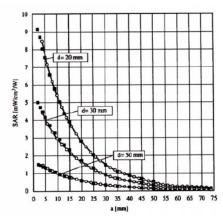


Figure 2.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

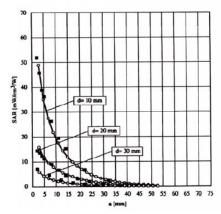


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

with
$$V_i = \text{compensated signal of channel i}$$
 (i=x,y,z)
$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i}$$
 (i=x,y,z)
$$C_i = \text{crest factor of exciting field}$$
 (DASY parameter)
$$C_i = C_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$
 (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{\,2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000} \hspace{1cm} \text{with} \hspace{1cm} \begin{array}{ll} \text{SAR} & = \text{local specific absorption rate in W/g} \\ E_{tot} & = \text{total field strength in V/m} \\ \sigma & = \text{conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]} \\ \rho & = \text{equivalent tissue density in g/cm}^3 \end{array}$$

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$ = total electric field strength in V/m



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing					
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm					
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm					
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm					

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.



• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
Frequency range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on Efield probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) **Shell Material:** Vivac Composite

Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm

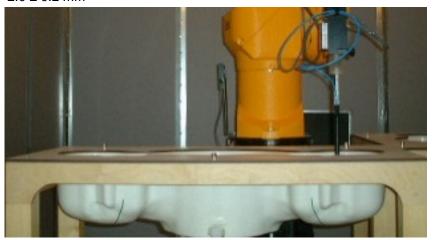


Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.



4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528-2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue					
		2450 MHz Body	5250 MHz Body	5600 MHz Body	5785 MHz Body		
Mixing Percentage							
Water		73.20					
Sugar		0.00					
Salt	lt 0.04			Proprietary Mixture			
HEC		0.00	Proc	cured from Spe	eag		
Bactericide		0.00					
DGBE		26.70					
Dielectric Constant	Target	52.70	48.96	48.47	48.25		
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.95	5.35	5.77	5.96		



5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

10.010 11					
		2450 MHz Body		5200 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Sep. 27, 2017		Sep. 25, 2017	
Liquid Temperature (°C) 20.0		Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε	52.70	52.53	49.01	49.04	
Conductivity: σ		1.95	1.96	5.30	5.29
		5600 [MHz Body	5800 l	MHz Body
Date(s)		Sep. 25, 2017		Sep. 25, 2017	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		48.47	48.49	48.20	48.19
Conductivity: σ	•	5.77	5.76	6.00	6.00

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%)	Plot Number	
27-Sep-2017	2450 MHz	52.10	52.80	Body	+ 1.34	1	
25-Sep-2017	5200 MHz	77.40	77.70	Body	+ 0.39	2	
25-Sep-2017	5600 MHz	80.70	82.30	Body	+ 1.98	3	
25-Sep-2017	5800 MHz	78.80	78.70	Body	- 0.13	4	

See Appendix A for data plots.

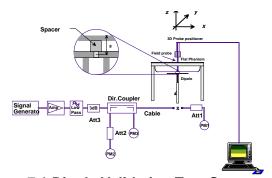


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. SAR Test Data Summary See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested in the tablet configuration of the device. The EUT was tested on all sides of the device where the antenna was within 25 mm of that side. All measurements for the tablet condition were conducted with the side of the device in direct contact with the phantom. For sides of the antenna which were not measured in this report, the SAR was conduct on the module in the modular approval with the maximum distance of 8 mm on all six sides of the antenna. The data is contained in the original filing for the modular approval. Therefore, the requirements mentioned in RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 – SAR Testing Requirements with Regards to Bystanders for Laptop Type Computers with Antennas Built-In on Display Screen (Laptop/Tablet Mode) are covered.

The Bluetooth transmitter does simultaneously transmit with the WiFi transmitter. When the BT is turned on, it transmits on Aux and the WiFi transmits on Main. Simultaneous transmission is evaluated on page 56.

The main antenna was evaluated for stand-alone SAR per RSS-102 Issue 5 for BT. Please see data sheet summary on page 52.

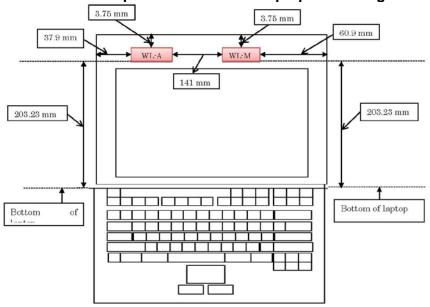
The data rates used when evaluating the WiFi transmitter were the lowest data rates for each mode. The device was operating at its maximum output power at the lowest data rate for all measurements.

The tablet was using the Intel test utility DRTU Version 10.1720.0-05195 and the device driver was version 19.20.0.6.

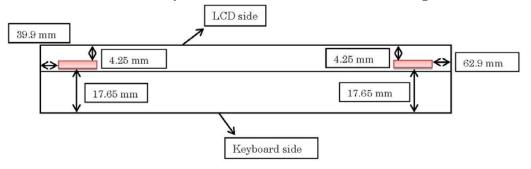
The antenna was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test. The following is a pictorial drawing of the locations and separation distances.



Location and Separation Distances Laptop Mode Diagrams



Location and Separation Distances Tablet Mode Diagrams





2450 MHz 8	Mode 802.11b 802.11g 802.11n	20 20 20 20	Channel 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6 9 3	Frequency (MHz) 2417 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437	1 Mbps 6 Mbps	Chain A Chain B Chain B Chain B Chain B Chain B Chain A	(dBm) 17.42 17.50 17.46 17.40 17.50 17.43 17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.36 17.37
2450 MHz 8	802.11g 802.11n	20	6 11 1 6 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 1 6 1	2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437	6 Mbps	Chain B Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.50 17.46 17.40 17.50 17.43 17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.37 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11g 802.11n	20	11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 11	2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437	6 Mbps	Chain B Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.46 17.40 17.50 17.43 17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11g 802.11n	20	1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6	2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437	6 Mbps	Chain A Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.40 17.50 17.43 17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11n	20	6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 3 6 9	2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437		Chain A Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.50 17.43 17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11n	20	1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6	2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437		Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.39 17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11n	20	6 11 1 6 11 1 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6	2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437		Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.45 17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11n	20	11 1 6 6 11 1 1 6 1 11 1 6 1 11 3 6 9	2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437		Chain B Chain A Chain B	17.42 17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
2450 MHz 8	802.11n	20	1 6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6 9	2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437		Chain A Chain B	17.35 17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36
8			6 11 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6 9	2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437	НТ4	Chain A Chain B	17.41 17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36
8			11 1 6 11 1 6 11 3 6 9	2462 2412 2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437	HT4	Chain B	17.38 17.40 17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
8			6 11 1 6 11 3 6 9	2437 2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437	HT4	Chain B	17.42 17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
8			11 1 6 11 3 6 9	2462 2412 2437 2462 2422 2437	HT4	Chain B	17.41 17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
8			1 6 11 3 6 9	2412 2437 2462 2422 2437	HT4		17.32 17.37 17.36 17.36
	302.11n	40	6 11 3 6 9	2437 2462 2422 2437			17.37 17.36 17.36
	302.11n	40	3 6 9	2462 2422 2437		Chain A	17.36 17.36
	302.11n	40	6 9	2437		Chain A	
	302.11n	40	9			Chain A	
	802.11n	40		2452			17.37
3				2452 2422	HT4		17.38 17.32
3			6	2437		Chain B	17.33
8			9	2452			17.30
8			36	5180			15.92
8		20	40	5200		Chain A	15.95
	802.11a		44 48	5220 5240	6 Mbps		16.00 15.97
			36	5180			15.91
			40	5200		Chain B	15.97
			44	5220		Chairib	16.00
<u> </u>			48	5240	HT4	Chain A	15.95
		20	36 40	5180 5200			15.89 15.92
5 45 5 25 CU-			44	5220			15.91
5.15-5.25 GHz	802.11n		48	5240			15.95
	302.1111		36	5180			15.94
			40 44	5200 5220		Chain B	15.93
			48	5240			15.87 15.88
			38	5190	HT4	Chain A	15.91
5	302.11n	40	46	5230	П14	Chain A	15.90
	302.121.1		38	5190	HT4	Chain B	15.92
			46	5230		Chain A	15.87 15.85
8	302.11ac	80	42	5210	VHT6	Chain B	15.83
			52	5260			15.92
			56	5280		Chain A	16.00
			60	5300			16.00
8	802.11a	20	64 52	5320 5260	6 Mbps		15.96 15.94
			56 56	5280		Chair- D	16.00
			60	5300		Chain B	16.00
<u> </u>			64	5320			15.96
			52	5260			15.92
			56 60	5280 5300		Chain A	15.89 15.87
5.25-5.35 GHz	202 11=	20	64	5320	1174		15.90
8	802.11n	20	52	5260	HT4		15.91
			56	5280		Chain B	15.90
			60	5300			15.88
 			64 54	5320 5270			15.87 15.86
	202.44		62	5310	HT4	Chain A	15.89
8	302.11n	40	54	5270	HT4	Chain B	15.88
<u> </u>			62	5310	1114		15.84
8	02.11ac	80	58	5290	VHT6	Chain A Chain B	15.82 15.83



David	Mode	Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency	Data	Antonno	Power
Band	Mode	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Antenna	(dBm)
		100	5500			15 96	
			104	5520			15.97
			108 112	5540 5560		-	15.90 15.92
			116	5580			16.00
			120	5600		Chain A	15.98
			124	5620			16.00
			128 132	5640 5660		-	15.88 15.92
			136	5680			16.00
	802.11a	20	140	5700	6 Mbns		15.96
	802.11d	20	100	5500	6 Mbps		15.92
			104	5520		-	15.91
			108 112	5540 5560			15.93 15.94
			116	5580			16.00
			120	5600		Chain B	15.92
			124	5620			16.00
			128 132	5640 5660		-	15.89 15.96
			136	5680			16.00
			140	5700			15.93
	5600 MHz		100	5500	HT4	Chain A	15.87
		802.11n 20	104	5520			15.88
			108 112	5540 5560			15.82 15.89
			116	5580			15.92
			120	5600			15.96
			124	5620			15.88
			128	5640		-	15.86
			132 136	5660 5680			15.80 15.92
5600 MHz			140	5700			15.94
	802.1111		100	5500		Chain B	15.93
			104	5520			15.91
			108 112	5540 5560			15.87 15.82
			116	5580			15.83
			120	5600			15.89
			124	5620			15.90
			128	5640			15.85
			132 136	5660 5680			15.82 15.89
			140	5700			15.92
			102	5510			15.84
			110	5550		Chair A	15.83
			118 126	5580 5610		Chain A	15.88
			126	5610 5670			15.80 15.88
	802.11n	40	102	5510	HT4		15.85
			110	5550			15.89
			118	5580		Chain B	15.92
			126 134	5610 5670			15.94 15.84
						Chain A	15.82
		20	144	5720	VHT0	Chain B	15.89
		40	142	5710	VIIIU	Chain A	15.80
						Chain B	15.86
	802.11ac		106 122	5530 5610		Chain A	15.90 15.80
			138	5690	\/I.TC	JJIII / 1	15.85
		80	106	5530	VHT6		15.88
Ì			122	5610		Chain B	15.85
Ĺ			138	5690			15.87



Band	Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Antenna	Power (dBm)
			149	5745			15 92
			153	5765			15.95
			157	5785		Chain A	16.00
			161	5805			15.97
	802.11a	20	165	5825	6 Mbps		16.00
	002.110	20	149	5745	0 1410 p3	Chain B	15.94
			153	5765			15.92
			157	5785			16.00
			161	5805			15.96
			165	5825			16.00
			149	5745	нт8	Chain A	15.89
		20	153	5765			15.87
5800 MHz			157	5785			15.92
3000 141112			161	5805			15.91
	802.11n		165	5825			15.90
			149	5745			15.85
1			153	5765			15.82
			157	5785		Chain B	15.86
			161	5805			15.89
			165	5825			15.80
			151	5755		Chain A	15.81
	802.11n	40	159	5795	HT8		15.83
	**	1	151	5755	****	Chain B	15.84
			159	5795			15.88
	802.11ac	80	155	5775	VHT6	Chain A	15.85
802.1180	50	133	3773	******	Chain B	15.86	



Figure 8.1 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11b	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Dottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dollom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{2.462})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=204 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 56.2 mW



Figure 8.2 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11b	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Bottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Loft Dight	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	DOLLOTTI	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(56.2 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{2.462}=2.33 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁵ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.



Figure 8.3 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Main Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=174 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.4 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Aux Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11a	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11n	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ¹
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ¹
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ¹
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ¹
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.24}=2.70 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.32}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=174 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.6 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Aux Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.32}=2.72 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.7 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
WIOGE	Side	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced Reduced1
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
802.11a		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	1 6 D: 14	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.70}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=171 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.8 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Acon

Mode	0:4-	Demained Chemical	Tantad/Daduerd
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
3000 IVII IZ		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Latte Dialet	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	DOLLOTTI	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.70}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=171 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.9 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
3000 IVITZ		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right, Bottom	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=171 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.10 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
HIUUE	Side	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
3000 MITZ		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
j			
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 8.11 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux Acon

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Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ¹
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ¹
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ¹
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ¹
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ¹
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ¹
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ¹
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ¹
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ¹
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ¹
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44 -	Тор	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a 5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
SOUU IVITZ		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laft Dialet	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.12 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Aux Acon

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ¹
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
2000 MHZ		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right, Bottom	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

- Reduced¹ When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.
- Reduced² When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.
- Reduced³ When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.
- Reduced⁴ When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82 \text{ which is equal to or less than 3.0.}$



Figure 8.13 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main Acon

ui C 0.10	i cot i teado		· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44-		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a 5800 MHz	Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
3600 IVITZ	•	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laft Dialet	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced⁴
	DOLLOTTI	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
		157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
000.44		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11n	Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz	•	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Loft Diabt	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	DULUIII	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
5800 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=171 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.14 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux Acon

Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
•	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
	165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Laft Dialet	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
DOLLOITI	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Back	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ²
	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ²
Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ²
•	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ²
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ²
	149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Laft Dialat	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced⁴
	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
DOLLOITI	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
Тор	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ²
Left, Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back Top Left, Right, Bottom Back Top Left, Right, Bottom	Back 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 149 - 5745 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 153 - 5765 MHz 157 - 5785 MHz 161 - 5805 MHz 165 - 5825 MHz 165 -

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.825}=2.85$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 8.15 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11b	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Bottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left Right	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{2.462})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=204 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 56.2 mW

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.



Figure 8.16 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ¹
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11b	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Tested
		11 – 2462 MHz	Tested
	Loft Dight	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Left, Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Dolloin	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Тор	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11g		6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Loft Dight	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dolloin	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
		1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
		11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³
	Loft Dight	1 – 2412 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	6 – 2437 MHz	Reduced ³
	DULLOTTI	11 – 2462 MHz	Reduced ³

- Reduced¹ When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.
- Reduced² When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.
- Reduced³ When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.2.2 2) page 10.
- Reduced⁴ When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.
- Reduced⁵ When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(56.2 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{2.462}=2.33$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



Figure 8.17 Test Reduction Table - 5.1 GHz Main WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11ac	Тор	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.24})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=174 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.18 Test Reduction Table - 5.1 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
	Back	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
	Dack	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
		40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
		44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ³
5150 MHz	ТОР	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ³
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ³
		36 – 5180 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	40 – 5200 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	44 – 5220 MHz	Reduced ²
		48 – 5240 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11ac	Тор	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	42 – 5210 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the UNII-1 with the same or lower maximum output power in that test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]^*\sqrt{5.24}=2.70 \text{ which is equal to or less than 3.0.}$



Figure 8.19 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
		56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
		60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ³
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ³
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ³
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ³
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.32}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=174 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.20 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced⁴
802.11a	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Tested
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Tested
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Dack	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ¹
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ¹
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced⁴
802.11n	Тор	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced⁴
5250 MHz	ТОР	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced⁴
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced⁴
		52 – 5260 MHz	Reduced ²
	Left, Right,	56 – 5280 MHz	Reduced ²
	Bottom	60 – 5300 MHz	Reduced ²
		64 – 5320 MHz	Reduced ²
	Back	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced⁴
5210 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	58 – 5290 MHz	Reduced ²

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.32}=2.72 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.21 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Main WNC

arc o.z i	1 CSt 1 Cado	tion rabic or	<u> </u>
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44-		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
802.11a 5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
SOUU IVITZ		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left Diebt	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.70}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=171 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.22 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Main WNC

arc o.zz	103t Reduc	tion rabic o.	Cita maii i
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
000 44-		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a 5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
SOUU IVITZ		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Laft Diabt	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	DOLLOTTI	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/($\sqrt{5.70}$)]*50 mm}]+[{60.9-50 mm}*10]=171 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.23 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Main WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced⁴
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
802.11ac	Top	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
5000 IVIH2		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
	Бошот	138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

- Reduced¹ When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.
- Reduced² When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.
- Reduced³ When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.
- Reduced⁴ When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.70})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=171 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.24 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
Mode	Oluc	100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Daok	124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
	Тор	112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
		116 – 5580 MHz	Tested
802.11a		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		124 – 5620 MHz	Tested
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Loft Dight	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	DULLUIII	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.25 Test Reduction Table - 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced⁴
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced⁴
	Back	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced⁴
		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced⁴
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced⁴
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced⁴
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced⁴
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced⁴
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ²
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ²
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ²
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11a	Тор	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ²
5600 MHz		120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ²
3000 IVII 12		124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ²
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ²
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ²
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ²
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ²
		100 – 5500 MHz	Reduced ³
		104 – 5520 MHz	Reduced ³
		108 – 5540 MHz	Reduced ³
		112 – 5560 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right,	116 – 5580 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bottom	120 – 5600 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bollom	124 – 5620 MHz	Reduced ³
		128 – 5640 MHz	Reduced ³
		132 – 5660 MHz	Reduced ³
		136 – 5680 MHz	Reduced ³
		140 – 5700 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82 \text{ which is equal to or less than } 3.0.$



Figure 8.26 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced⁴
		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ⁴
902 1100	Тор	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ²
802.11ac 5600 MHz		122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ²
SOUD IVITIZ		138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ²
	Loft Dight	106 – 5530 MHz	Reduced ³
	Left, Right, Bottom	122 – 5610 MHz	Reduced ³
	Bollom	138 – 5690 MHz	Reduced ³

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.70}=2.82 \text{ which is equal to or less than 3.0.}$



Figure 8.27 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main WNC

			
Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
000 44-		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a 5800 MHz	Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
SOUU IVITZ	·	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Right, Bottom	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
		157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
000.44		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n 5800 MHz	Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
SOUU IVITZ	·	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laft Dialet	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Right,	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Bottom	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ³
5800 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 60.9 mm Left Side distance: 208.9 mm

The closest distance is from the right side. Therefore, if the right side is excluded the bottom and left would also be excluded.

 $[\{[(3.0)/(\sqrt{5.825})]*50 \text{ mm}\}]+[\{60.9-50 \text{ mm}\}*10]=171 \text{ mW}$ which is greater than 44.7 mW



Figure 8.28 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Aux WNC

Mode	Side	Required Channel	Tested/Reduced
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11a		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
5800 MHz	Тор	157 – 5785 MHz	Tested
3000 MINZ		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Tested
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Laft Dialet	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Right, Bottom	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced⁴
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ¹
		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ¹
	Back	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ¹
		161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ¹
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ¹
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ³
000.44		153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ³
802.11n 5800 MHz	Top	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ³
3600 IVITZ	,	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ³
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ³
		149 – 5745 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Late Diale	153 – 5765 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Left, Right,	157 – 5785 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Bottom	161 – 5805 MHz	Reduced ⁴
		165 – 5825 MHz	Reduced ⁴
	Back	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ¹
802.11ac	Тор	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced ³
5800 MHz	Left, Right, Bottom	155 – 5775 MHz	Reduced⁴

Reduced¹ – When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, SAR is not required for the remaining test configuration per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 1) page 9.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, test next highest output power channel until SAR ≤ 1.2 W/kg then all remaining test configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced⁴ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom, Right and Left side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom Edge distance: 203.23 mm Right Side distance: 231.9 mm Left Side distance: 37.9 mm

The closest distance is from the left side. Therefore, if the left side is excluded the bottom and right would also be excluded.

 $[(44.7 \text{ mW})/(37.9 \text{ mm})]*\sqrt{5.825}=2.85$ which is equal to or less than 3.0.



SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b & BT

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Plot	Can	Antenna	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR			
Piot	Gap	Antenna	Position	MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
	Acon		Back	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.50	0.0969	0.10			
		Back	2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.45	0.166	0.17				
1			2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.50	0.742	0.74				
			Тор	2462	11	DSSS	Main	17.46	0.666	0.67			
				2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.45	0.318	0.32			
			Back	2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.50	0.106	0.11			
	0			2437	6	DSSS	Aux	17.45	0.141	0.14			
	_	WNC		2437	6	DSSS	Main	17.50	0.672	0.67			
	mm	WINC	Ton	2462	11	DSSS	IVIAIII	17.46	0.726	0.73			
			Тор	2437	6	DSSS	Δ	17.45	0.572	0.58			
				2462	11	DSSS	Aux	17.42	0.570	0.58			
		Acon	Back	2440	39	GFSK		9.39	0.0273	0.03			
		Acon	Тор	2440	39	GFSK	Δ	9.39	0.0524	0.06			
		MANC	Back	2440	39	GFSK	Aux	9.39	0.0232	0.03			
		WNC	Тор	2440	39	GFSK		9.39	0.0943	0.11			

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged fo	r all tests.		
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	□EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	☐Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	⊠Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simulator	
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A

0

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5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
Plot	Can	Antenna	Antonna	Antonno	Position	Frequ	ency	Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
Piot	Gap		Position	MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			
		Acon	Back	5300	60	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.132	0.15			
					Dack	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.256	0.29	
			Acon	Acon	5280	56	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.847	0.95		
		ACOIT	Тор	5300	60	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	0.834	0.94			
				5280	56	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.884	0.99			
	0			5300	60	OFDM		16.00	0.923	1.04			
	mm		Back	5300	60	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.179	0.20			
	111111		Dack	5300	60	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.195	0.22			
2		WNC		5280	56	OFDM	Main	16.00	1.07	1.20			
		VVINC	Top	5300	60	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	1.05	1.18			
			Тор	ТОР	5280	56	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.697	0.78		
								5300	60	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.663
		WNC	Repeat	5280	56	OFDM	Main	16 00	1.05	1 18			

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for all	tests.		
	Power Measured	⊠Conducted	□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Simula	tor
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Clip	⊠N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cn	n		

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SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a

5620

5620

Repeat

124

124

MEASUREMENT RESULTS End Reported Measured Frequency Plot Gap **Antenna Position** Modulation Antenna **Power** SAR SAR MHz Ch. (W/kg) (W/kg) (dBm) 5620 124 OFDM Main 16.00 0.181 0.20 Back 5620 124 OFDM Aux 15.88 0.262 0.30 ----5580 116 OFDM 16.00 0.760 0.85 ----Acon Main 124 OFDM 16.00 0.76 5620 0.680 Top 5580 116 OFDM 0.98 15.92 0.853 ----Aux 5620 124 OFDM 15.88 0.882 1.02 ----0 124 Main 16.00 ----5620 OFDM 0.211 0.24 mm Back 5620 124 OFDM 0.21 Aux 15.88 0.178 5580 116 OFDM 16.00 0.966 1.08 3 **WNC** Main 124 OFDM ----5620 16.00 0.850 0.95 Top ----5580 116 OFDM 15.92 0.604 0.69 Aux

OFDM

OFDM

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

15.88

16.00

Main

0.688

0.907

0.79

1.02

1.	Battery is fully charged for all	tests.		
	Power Measured		□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	Base Station Simula	itor
4.	Test Configuration		☐Without Belt Clip	$\sum N/A$
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cn	1		

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SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a

ME	MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Plot	Can	Antenna	Position	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR		
Piot	Gap	Antenna	Position	MHz	Ch.	Wodulation	Antenna	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
				Pook	5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.156	0.18	
			Back	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.231	0.26		
		Acon	Acon		5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.574	0.64	
			Тор	5825	165	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	0.680	0.76		
				5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.741	0.83		
4	0			5825	165	OFDM		16.00	0.804	0.90		
	mm		Back	5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.182	0.20		
	111111		Dack	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.172	0.19		
		WNC		5785	157	OFDM	Main	16.00	0.654	0.73		
		VVINC	Top	5825	165	OFDM	IVIAIII	16.00	0.704	0.79		
			Тор	5785	157	OFDM	A	16.00	0.653	0.73		
				5825	165	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.610	0.68		
			Repeated	5785	157	OFDM	Aux	16.00	0.756	0.85		

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1.	Battery is fully charged for a	all tests.		
	Power Measured		□ERP	☐EIRP
2.	SAR Measurement			
	Phantom Configuration	Left Head	⊠Eli4	Right Head
	SAR Configuration	Head	\boxtimes Body	
3.	Test Signal Call Mode	⊠Test Code	☐Base Station Sir	nulator
4.	Test Configuration	☐With Belt Clip	☐Without Belt Cl	ip N/A
5.	Tissue Depth is at least 15.0	cm		

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SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS – BT										
Frequency Modulation		Modulation	Frequency		Modulation	SAR₁	SAR ₂	SAR Total			
MHz	Ch.	modulation	MHz	Ch.	Modulation	3 7 (1	3 7 11 1 <u>2</u>	6 7 1 6			
2437	6	DSSS	2440	39	GFSK	0.76	0.11	0.87			
5280	56	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	1.20	0.11	1.31			
5580	116	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	1.08	0.11	1.19			
5825	165	OFDM	2440	39	GFSK	0.79	0.11	0.90			

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v06 section 4.3.2 page 11.

MEA	MEASUREMENT RESULTS – MIMO										
Frequency		Modulation	Frequency		Modulation	SAR ₁	SAR ₂	SAR Total			
MHz	Ch.	modulation	MHz	MHz Ch.	modulation	6 7 (1		O/ II Cital			
2437	6	DSSS	2437	6	DSSS	0.76	0.58	1.34			
5280	56	OFDM	5300	60	OFDM	1.20	1.04	2.24			
5580	116	OFDM	5620	124	OFDM	1.08	1.02	2.10			
5825	165	OFDM	5825	165	OFDM	0.79	0.90	1.69			

Body
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

The worst case condition is in the 5.2 GHz band. The main and aux antennas are a minimum of 141 mm apart. Using the highest reported SAR to calculate the simultaneous Tx using peak separation ratio, the highest ratio would be 0.02 which meets the requirements of KDB 447498 section 4.3.2 3) on page 13. The calculation is shown below.

Simultaneous Separation Ratio Calculation

 $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i \le 0.04$ rounded to two digits

 $(1.20 + 1.04)^{1.5}/141 = 0.02$



9. Test Equipment List

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications

Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012
ELI5 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	2037
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	04/25/2018	04/25/2017	1321
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	04/27/2018	04/27/2017	3883
Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2	08/10/2018	08/10/2015	881
Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2	08/11/2018	08/11/2015	1119
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	05/20/2019	03/20/2017	GB45100254
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/21/2019	06/21/2017	MY45240464
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	31720068
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2749A10226
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2647A01172
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	3135A01724
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2019	03/20/2017	2904A00595
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/30/2019	03/30/2017	MY48360364
Anritsu MT8820C	07/27/2019	07/27/2017	6201176199
Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler	N/A	N/A	MY48220184
MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator			
MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter	N/A	N/A	R8979513746
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011
Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Body Equivalent Matter (5 GHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A



10. Conclusion

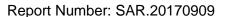
The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



11. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 2002.
- [4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.
- [5] IEEE Standard 1528 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.
- [6] Industry Canada, RSS 102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2015.
- [7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.





Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

^{*} value interpolated



Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Mon 25/Sep/2017 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM ***********

^{*} value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/27/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833 ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 1/23/2017:

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.93 W/kg

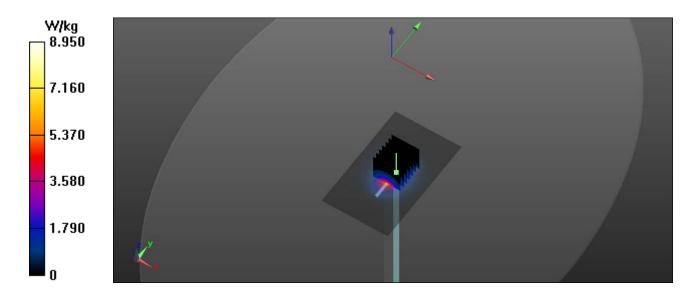
Body Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.517 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

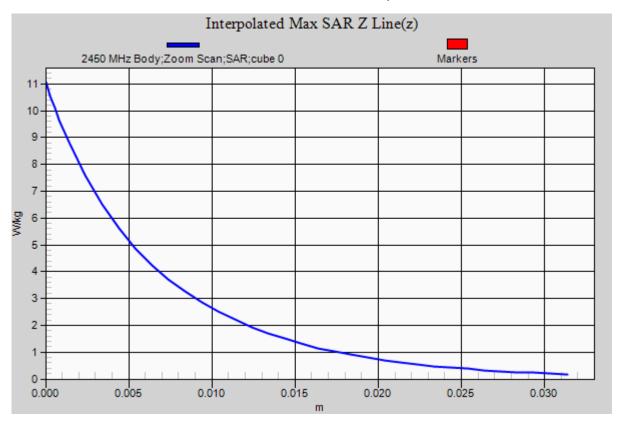
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.09 W/kg

Pin= 100 mW

SAR(1 g) = 5.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.84 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.29$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.04$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/25/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5200 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.89 W/kg

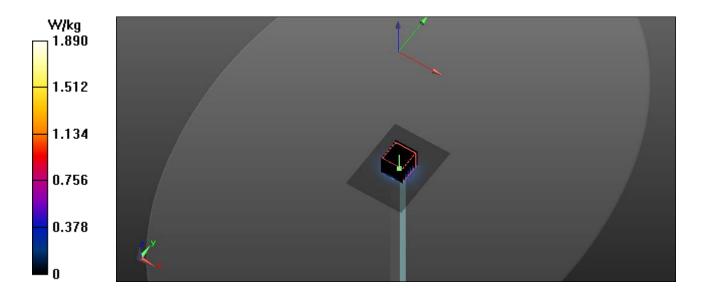
Body Verification/5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

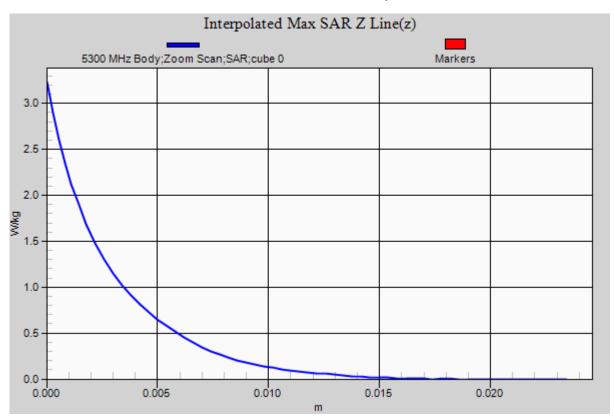
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.21 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.777 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.76$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.49$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/25/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(3.52, 3.52, 3.52); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.02 W/kg

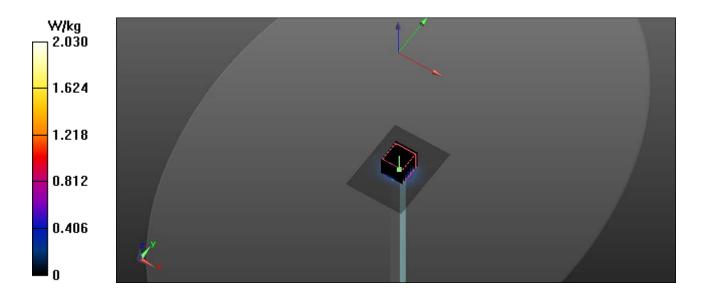
Body Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 13.297 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

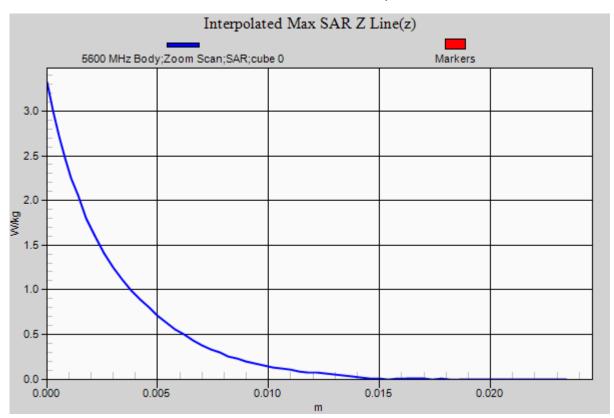
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.32 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.823 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 W/kg









RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.19$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/25/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833: ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017:

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5800 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.76 W/kg

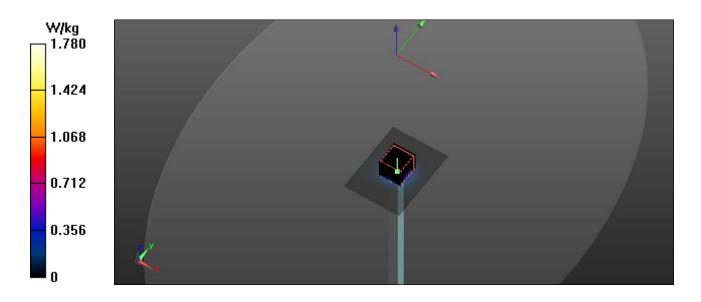
Body Verification/5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.402 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

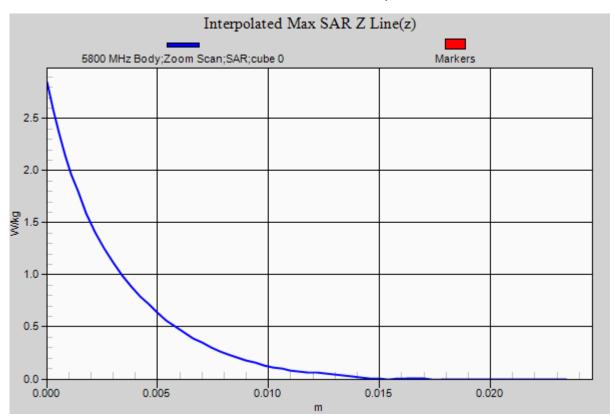
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.88 W/kg

Pin=10 mW

SAR(1 g) = 0.787 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.78 W/kg









Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dell Keystone; Type: Convertible PC; Serial: 4619554900032

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.556$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/27/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

2450 MHz Acon/Tablet Top Tx1 Mid/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg

2450 MHz Acon/Tablet Top Tx1 Mid/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

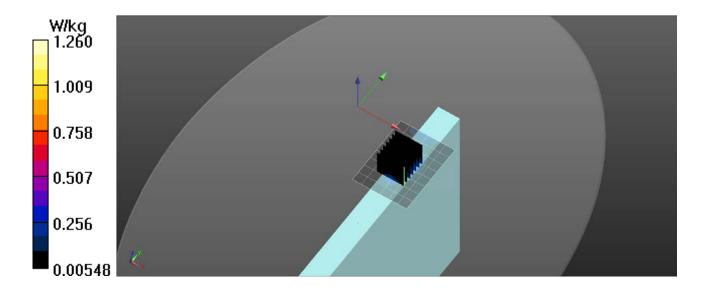
Reference Value = 7.526 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.742 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 2

DUT: Dell Keystone; Type: Convertible PC; Serial: 4619554900042

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; σ = 5.39 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.95; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/25/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

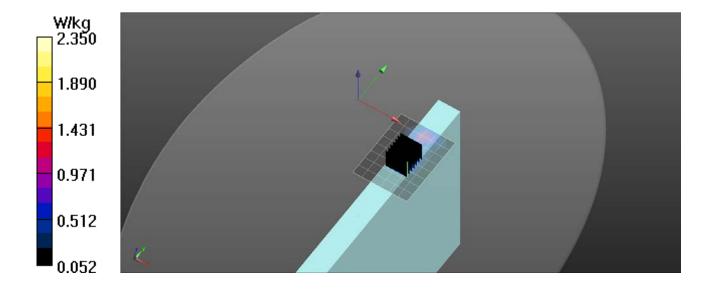
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

5200 MHz WNC/Tablet Top Tx1 56/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg

5200 MHz WNC/Tablet Top Tx1 56/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 3.988 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.93 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 3

DUT: Dell Keystone; Type: Convertible PC; Serial: 4619554900042

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; σ = 5.73 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/25/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(3.52, 3.52, 3.52); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

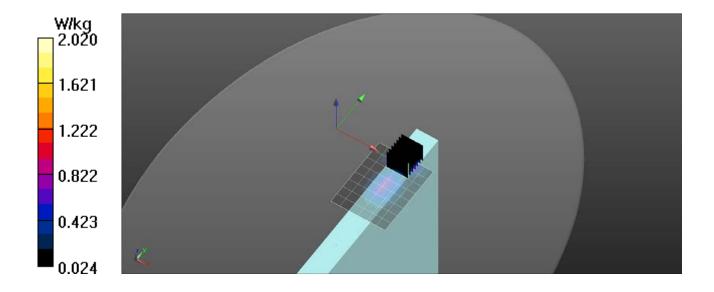
Procedure Notes:

5600 MHz WNC/Tablet Top Tx1 116/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg

5600 MHz WNC/Tablet Top Tx1 116/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 3.158 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.966 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 W/kg





RF Exposure Lab

Plot 4

DUT: Dell Keystone; Type: Convertible PC; Serial: 4619554900032

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.025$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.153$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 9/26/2017; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1321; Calibrated: 4/25/2017 Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: 2037

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Procedure Notes:

5800 MHz Acon/Tablet Top Tx2 165/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg

5800 MHz Acon/Tablet Top Tx2 165/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

dz=2mm

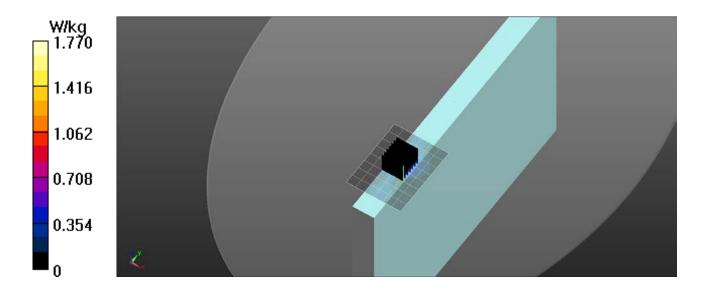
Reference Value = 5.252 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.804 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.77 W/kg





Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

January 23, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	Primary Standards ID Cal		Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-16 (No. ES3-3013_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 660	7-Dec-16 (No. DAE4-660_Dec16)	Dec-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Name
Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati

Function

Laboratory Technician

Signature

Approved by:

Katia Pokovio

Technical Manager

Issued: January 24, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan17

Page 1 of 11

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ σ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3833 January 23, 2017

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3833

Manufactured: November 7, 2011 Calibrated: January 23, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.46	0.48	0.34	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.7	101.5	104.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	151.2	±2.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		152.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 $^{^{\}rm A}$ The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E $^{\rm 2}$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6). $^{\rm B}$ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
300	45.3	0.87	10.74	10.74	10.74	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	43.5	0.87	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.14	1.20	± 13.3 %
600	42.7	0.88	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.10	1.20	± 13.3 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.01	9.01	9.01	0.32	1.07	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.49	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.91	7.91	7.91	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.48	0.83	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.44	0.89	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3833 Jan17

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2017

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
300	58.2	0.92	10.19	10.19	10.19	0.05	1.20	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	10.26	10.26	10.26	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
600	56.1	0.95	9.69	9.69	9.69	0.08	1.20	± 13.3 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.19	9.19	9.19	0.51	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.42	0.82	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.73	6.73	6.73	0.24	0.80	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.32	4.32	4.32	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.17	4.17	4.17	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.85	3.85	3.85	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.52	3.52	3.52	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.74	3.74	3.74	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan17 Page 6 of 11

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

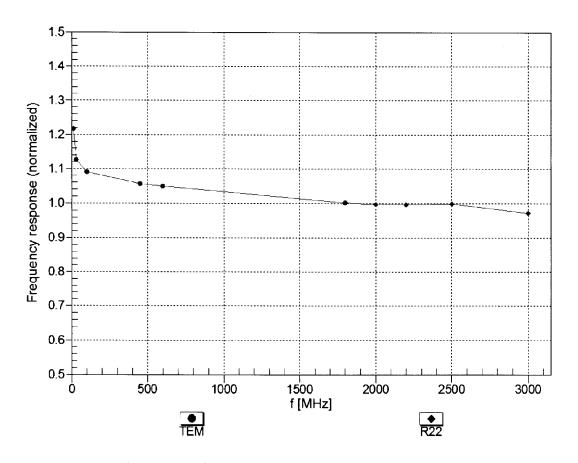
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

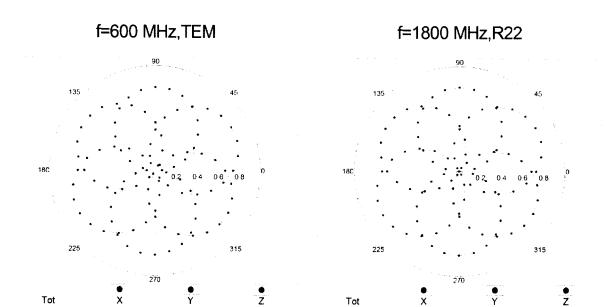
EX3DV4-SN:3833 January 23, 2017

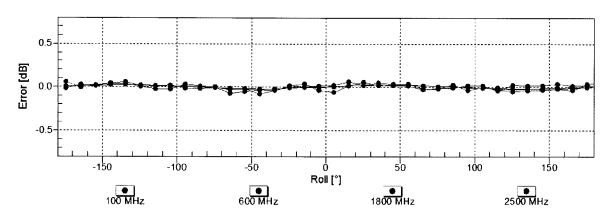
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

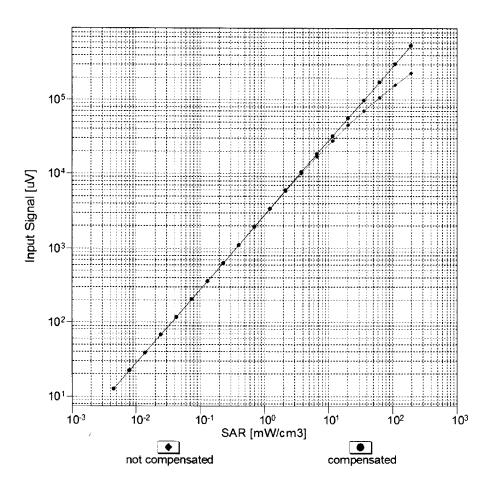


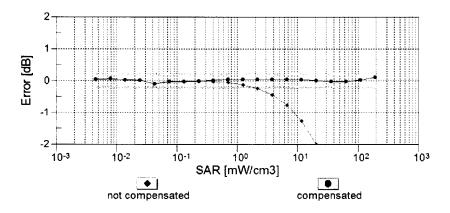


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3833 January 23, 2017

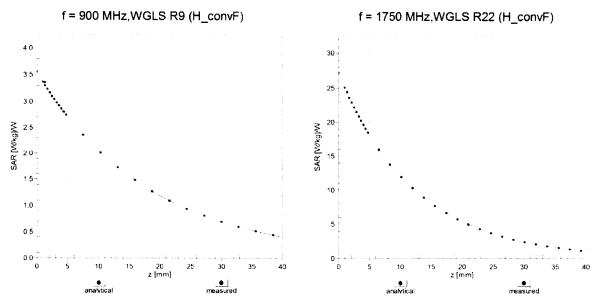
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



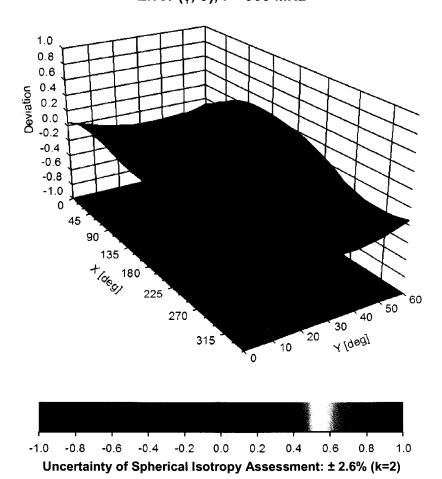


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



EX3DV4- SN:3833

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	15.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 881

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date:

August 10, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name Michael Weber Function

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: August 12, 2015

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Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Aug15

Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-881_Aug15

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.1 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.43 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.6 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5 Ω + 2.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 18, 2010

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D2450V2 SN: 881 - Head						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
8/10/2015	-26.2		54.5		2.4	
8/9/2016	-25.4	-3.1	52.8	-1.7	2.9	0.5
8/10/2017	-26.8	2.3	53.4	-1.1	2.6	0.2

D2450V2 SN: 881 - Body						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
8/10/2015	-27.0		50.9		4.4	
8/9/2016	-27.5	1.9	51.6	0.7	5.2	0.8
8/10/2017	-26.4	-2.2	50.2	-0.7	4.9	0.5

Cortifi

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

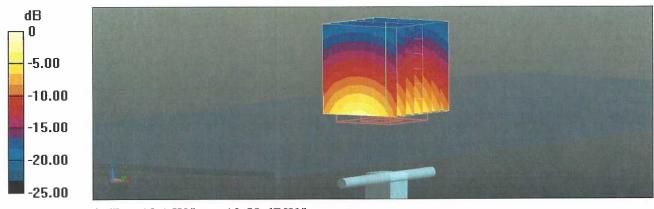
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

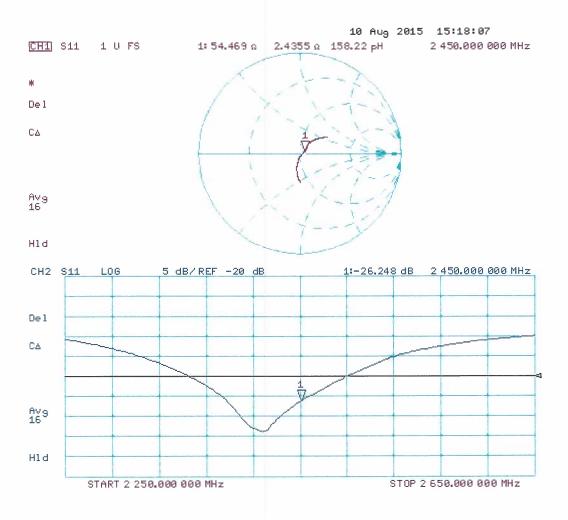
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 881

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.03 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

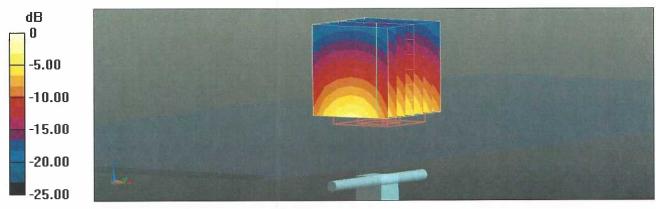
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg

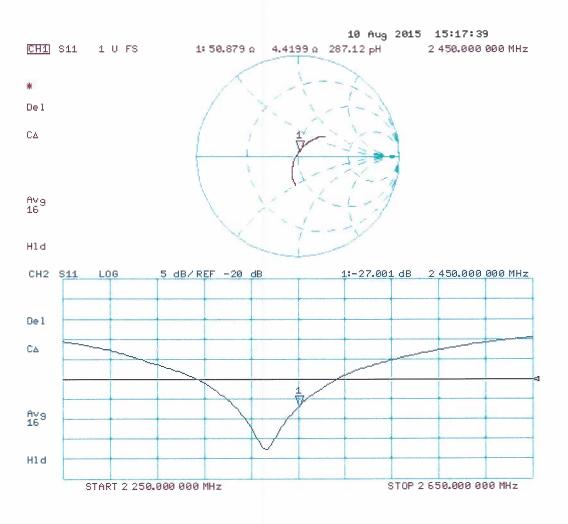
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg



0 dB = 17.7 W/kg = 12.48 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client

RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date:

August 11, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-3503_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Israe Elnaouq

Technical Manager

Issued: August 11, 2015

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Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Page 1 of 16

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15 Page 2 of 16

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	702.0.0
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.63 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.3 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	5.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.9 ± 6 %	5.43 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.77 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.7 ± 6 %	5.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r04.

D5GHzV2 SN: 1119 - Head							
Date of Measurement	Frequency	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
8/11/2015		-21.5		51.6		-8.4	
8/10/2016	5200 MHz	-21.3	-0.9	51,2	-0.4	-8.7	-0.3
8/11/2017		-22.1	2.8	50.8	-0.8	-8.1	0.3
8/11/2015		-27.8		51.4		-3.9	
8/10/2016	5300 MHz	-26.4	-5.0	49.8	-1.6	-4.8	-0.9
8/11/2017		-26.9	-3.2	50.2	-1.2	-4.2	-0.3
8/11/2015		-25.8		54.2		-3.4	
8/10/2016	5500 MHz	-24.3	-5.8	52.6	-1.6	-3.9	-0.5
8/11/2017	1	-25.2	-2.3	53.7	-0.5	-4.4	-1.0
8/11/2015		-24.3		56.3		-1.5	
8/10/2016	5600 MHz	-23.9	-1.6	55.0	-1.3	-2.1	-0.6
8/11/2017		-23.5	-3.3	55.9	-0.4	-1.8	-0,3
8/11/2015		-23.4		56.6		-2.8	
8/10/2016	5800 MHz	-24.3	3.8	54.9	-1.7	-4.1	-1.3
8/11/2017	1 50002	-24.6	5.1	55,3	-1.3	-3,5	-0.7
Date of			ZVZ SI	l: 1119 - Body			
Date of	Frequency	Return Loss	۸%	Impedance	ΔΩ	Impedance	ΔΩ
Measurement	Frequency	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Real (Ω)	ΔΩ	Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
	•	(dB) -22.8		Real (Ω) 51.6		Imaginary (jΩ)	
Measurement	Frequency 5200 MHz	(dB)	Δ%	Real (Ω)	-0.4	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9	-0.7
Measurement 8/11/2015	•	(dB) -22.8		Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8		Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5	
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016	•	(dB) -22.8 -21.5	-5.7 -2.6	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1	-0.4 -0.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7	-0.7 -0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015	•	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6	-5.7 -2.6	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3	-0.4 -0.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2	-0.7 -0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017	5200 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3	-5.7 -2.6	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2	-0.4 -0.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4	-0.7 -0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016	5200 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6	-5.7 -2.6	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017	5200 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015	5200 MHz 5300 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016	5200 MHz 5300 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8 -24.4	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9 -4.0 1.5	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5 56.4	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7 -0.1	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3 -0.7 -0.4
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2017 8/11/2017	5200 MHz 5300 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7 -0.1 -0.9	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3 -0.7 -0.4
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016	5200 MHz 5300 MHz 5500 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8 -24.4	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9 -4.0 1.5	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5 56.4 55.9 56.9	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7 -0.1 -0.9 -0.5	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3 -0.7 -0.4
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017	5200 MHz 5300 MHz 5500 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8 -24.4 -23.6	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9 -4.0 1.5	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5 56.4 55.9	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8 -0.5 0.5	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7 -0.1 -0.9 -0.5 -0.9	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3 -0.7 -0.4 -0.8 -0.4
Measurement 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016 8/11/2017 8/11/2017 8/11/2015 8/10/2016	5200 MHz 5300 MHz 5500 MHz	(dB) -22.8 -21.5 -22.2 -30.8 -29.6 -29.3 -27.4 -26.3 -27.8 -24.4 -23.6 -24.5	-5.7 -2.6 -3.9 -4.9 -4.0 1.5	Real (Ω) 51.6 51.2 50.8 51.1 51.3 50.2 54.3 53.3 52.5 56.4 55.9 56.9	-0.4 -0.8 0.2 -0.9 -1.0 -1.8	Imaginary (jΩ) -7.2 -7.9 -7.5 -2.7 -3.2 -2.4 -1.3 -2.0 -1.7 -0.1 -0.9 -0.5	-0.7 -0.3 -0.5 0.3 -0.7 -0.4

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 8.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω - 3.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω - 3.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.3 Ω - 1.5 ϳΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.6 Ω - 2.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω - 7.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω - 1.3 jΩ					
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB					

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.4 Ω - 0.1 jΩ					
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB					

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15 Pa

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.5 Ω - 0.9 jΩ				
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB				

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
Licothodi Delay (one direction)	1.206 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG					
Manufactured on	September 08, 2011					

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15 Page 10 of 16

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5200 MHz; $\sigma=4.53$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=35.5;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5300 MHz; $\sigma=4.63$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=35.4;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5500 MHz; $\sigma=4.82$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=35.1;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=4.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.9;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=4.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.9;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3 , Medium parameters used: f=5800 MHz; $\sigma=5.14$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=34.7;$ $\rho=1000$ kg/m 3

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

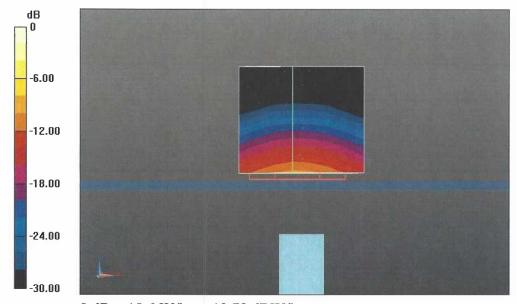
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

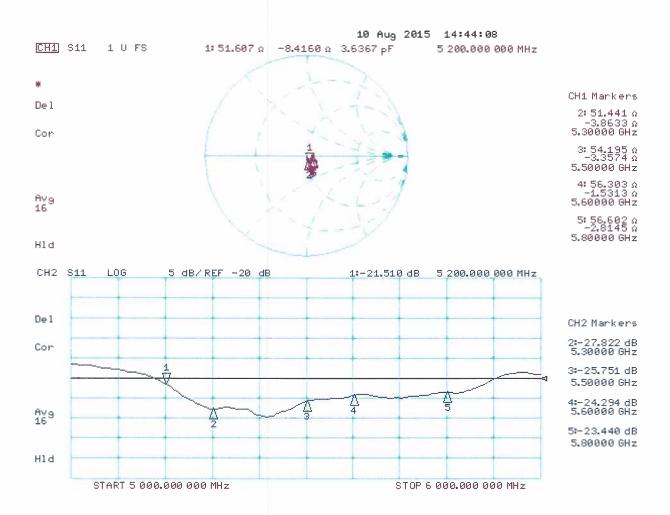
SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 11.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5200 MHz; $\sigma=5.43$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.9$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5300 MHz; $\sigma=5.56$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.7$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5500 MHz; $\sigma=5.82$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.3$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=5.95$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.2$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5800 MHz; $\sigma=6.23$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46.9$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 60.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 60.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1119_Aug15

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

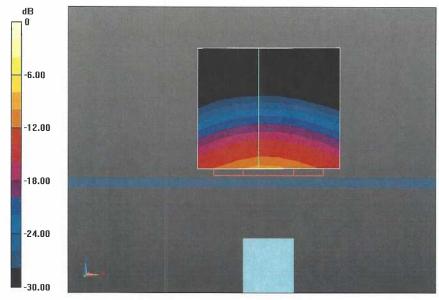
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 57.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg

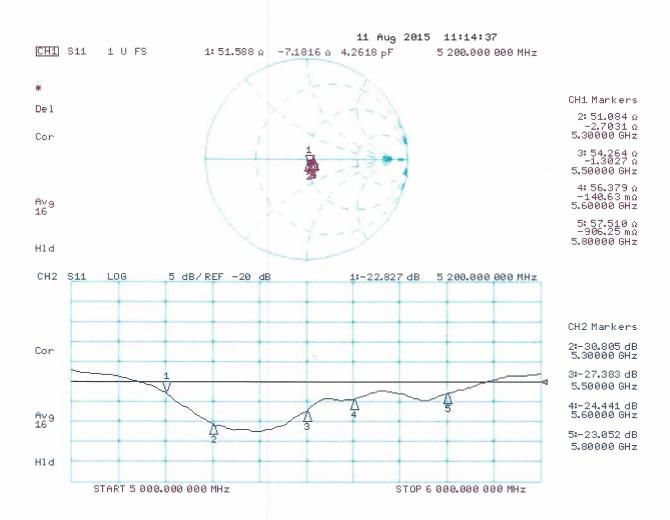
SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0
Type No	QD OVA 001 B
Series No	1003 and higher
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites
	Knebelstrasse 8
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested		
Material	Compliant with the standard	Bottom plate:	all		
thickness	requirements	2.0mm +/- 0.2mm			
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4	Material		
parameters	frequencies	+/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	sample		
Material	The material has been tested to be	DGBE based simulating	Equivalent		
resistivity	compatible with the liquids defined in	liquids.	phantoms,		
	the standards if handled and cleaned	Observe Technical Note for	Material		
	according to the instructions.	material compatibility.	sample		
Shape	Thickness of bottom material,	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm	Prototypes,		
	Internal dimensions,	Depth 190 mm,	Sample		
	Sagging	Shape is within tolerance for	testing		
	compatible with standards from	filling height up to 155 mm,			
	minimum frequency	Eventual sagging is reduced or			
		eliminated by support via DUT			

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT.

Date

28.4.2008

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9709, Fax+41,44 245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com



Appendix G - Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Table G-1 SAR System Validation Summary

SAR	SAR From Broke Broke	D l.	Dunka Cal	Const		CW Validation			Modulation Valildation													
System #	Freq. (MHz)	Date	S/N					Probe Probe S/N Type		Probe Cal. Point					Cond. (σ)	Perm. (ε _r)	Sens- itivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
3	2450	2/01/2017	3833	EX3DV4	2450	Body	1.99	52.45	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM/TDD	Pass	Pass								
3	5200	2/02/2017	3833	EX3DV4	5200	Body	5.31	48.86	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass								
3	5300	2/02/2017	3833	EX3DV4	5300	Body	5.44	48.66	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass								
3	5500	2/02/2017	3833	EX3DV4	5500	Body	5.68	48.21	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass								
3	5600	2/03/2017	3833	EX3DV4	5600	Body	5.81	48.23	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass								
3	5800	2/03/2017	3833	EX3DV4	5800	Body	6.03	48.06	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass								