

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Test File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Equipment Under Test	Module					
Model Name	8260D2W					
Host Device	Notebook PC					
Host Device Name	NP500R5L					
Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications					
Address of Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications 100 Center Point Circle Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210 USA					
FCC ID	PD98260D2					
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure					
Standards	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) IEEE 1528, 2013 ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3					
Date of Test(s)	2015-11-18 ~ 2015-11-19					
Date of Issue	2015-11-27					

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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Report prepared by / Colin Moon Test Engineer

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 2015-11-27

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Page : 2 / 82

Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Revisions	Revised By	
-	November 27, 2015	Initial issue	-	



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Page : 3 / 82

Contents

	Contents	
1	Testing Laboratory	5
2	Details of Manufacturer	5
3	Description of EUT(s)	5
4	The Highest Reported SAR Values	6
5	Test Methodology	6
6	Test Environment	6
7	Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	7
7.1	Introduction	7
7.2	SAR Definition	7
7.3	Test Standards and Limits	7
8	The SAR Measurement System	9
9	System Components	10
9.1	Probe	10
9.2	ELI Phantom	10
9.3	Device Holder	11
10	SAR Measurement Procedures	12
10.1	Normal SAR Measurement Procedure	12
11	SAR System Verification	14
12	Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band	15
13	Test System Validation	17
14	Instruments List	18
15	FCC Power Measurement Procedures	19
16	Measured and Reported SAR	19
17	Maximum Output Power Specifications	20
17.1	SISO Maximum Output Power Specifications	20
17.2	MIMO Maximum Output Power Specifications	21
17.3	Bluetooth Maximum Output Power Specifications	21
18	TTT ANT	21
18.1	General Device Setup	22
18.2	U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A	22
18.3	U-NII-2C and U-NII-3	22
18.4	2.4 CH-SAD Test Description on to	22
18.5	OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection	23
18.6	Initial Test Configuration Procedure	23
18.0	Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures	23
19	Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures	23 24
20	RF Conducted Power Measurement	
	SAR Test Exclusions Applied	27
21	SAR Data Summary	28
22	SAR Measurement Variability	31
22.1 22.2	Measurement Variability	31
22.2	Measurement Uncertainty	31
23	Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission EvaluationIntroduction	32 32
23.1	IntroductionSimultaneous Transmission possibilities are listed as below	32 32
23.2	Simultaneous Transmission Procedures	32
	ixes List	33
Append	IXes A.1	34
Append	ixes A.2	35
	e No : F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11	
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Page : 4 / 82

Appendixes A.3	3
Appendixes A.4	3
Appendixes A.5	3
Appendixes A.6	3
Appendixes A.7	4
Appendixes A.8	4
Appendixes B.1	Z
Appendixes C.1	۷
Appendixes C.2	5
Appendixes C.3	6
END	



1 Testing Laboratory

0 1	
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2 Details of Manufacturer

Applicant	Intel Mobile Communications
Address	Intel Mobile Communications 100 Center Point Circle Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210 USA
Email	steven.c.hackett@intel.com
Phone No.	803-216-2344

3 Description of EUT(s)

EUT Type	Module					
Model Name	8260D2W					
Host Device	Notebook PC					
Host Device Name	NP500R5L					
Serial Number	JAF91FG900060N					
Mode of Operation	WLAN, Bluetooth					
Duty Cycle	1 (WLAN, Bluetooth)					
Body worn Accessory	None					
Tx Frequency Range	2412					



5 **Test Methodology**

ANSI C95.1-1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment. Test tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2013 and the following published KDB procedures.

In additions;

	KDB 865664 D01v01r04	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz					
\square	KDB 447498 D01v06	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies					
	KDB 447498 D02v02r01	SAR Measurement Procedures for USB Dongle Transmitters					
\square	KDB 248227 D01v02r02	SAR Guidance For IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters					
	KDB 615223 D01v01r01	802.16e/WiMax SAR Measurement Guidance					
\square	KDB 616217 D04v01r02	B 616217 D04v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers					
	KDB 643646 D01v01r03	SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios					
	KDB 648474 D03v01r03	Evaluation and Approval Considerations for Handsets with Specific Wireless Charging Battery Covers					
	KDB 648474 D04v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets					
	KDB 680106 D01v02	RF Exposure Considerations for Low Power Consumer Wireless Power Transfer Applications					
	KDB 941225 D01v03	3G SAR Measurement Procedures					
	KDB 941225 D05v02r04	SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices					
	KDB 941225 D06v02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities					
	KDB 941225 D07v01r02	SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices					

Testing Environment 6

Ambient temperature	: 18°C ~ 25°C
Relative humidity	: 30% ~ 70%
Liquid temperature of during the test	:<

2015-11-27

Date of Issue :



7 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7.3 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3



source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100



8 The SAR Measurement System

A block diagram of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY 5 professional system). The model EX3DV4 field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ ($|Ei|^2$)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant.

The DASY 5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension is for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

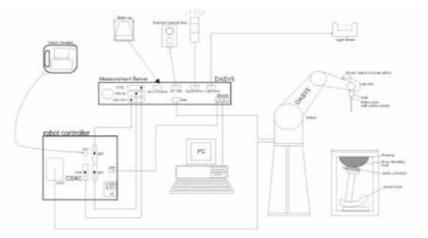


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY 5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The ELI phantom enabling testing flat usage.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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9 System Components

9.1 Probe

Construction	:	Symmetrical design with triangular core.
		Built-in shielding against static charges.
		PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents,
		e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	:	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors
		(CF) for HSL 835 and HSL1900.
		Additional CF-Calibration for other liquids and
		frequencies upon request.
Frequency	:	10

EX3DV4 E-Field Probe



9.3 Device Holder

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Construction: : Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (a.q.. laptops, Cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioned.



Device Holder



 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
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10 SAR Measurement Procedures

10.1 Normal SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4



< Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 >

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the m	from prob neasureme	e axis to phantom nt location	$30^{\circ}\pm1^{\circ}$	$20^{\alpha}\pm1^{\alpha}$		
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm} \\ 4-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 10 \text{ mm} \end{array}$		
Maximum area scan sp	atial resolu	ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above nust be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zcom} , Δy_{Zcom}			≤2 GHz: ≤8 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*]		
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zcom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤4 mm 4 - 5 GHz; ≤3 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Z_{COM}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4 mm	3 - 4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4 - 5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5 - 6 GHz: ≤2 mm		
surface	grid	Δz _{Zcone} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Ainimum zoom scan olume x, y, z			$\geq 30 \text{ mm} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \\ \geq 28 \\ 4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \\ \geq 25 \\ 5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \\ \geq 22 \\ \end{array}$			

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

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11 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. 1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the ELI phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 2450



Page : 15 / 82

12 Tissue Simulant Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simulant fluid were measured by using the Speag Model DAK-3.5 Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer(300



Page : 16 / 82

The composition of the brain & muscle tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly

verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters

required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients Frequency ((% by weight)

13 Test System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the require tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04. Since frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probe and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

f Dete	Prope	Probe	Tissue	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation		Modulated Validation				
(MHz)	Date	S/N Cal point			Permitt ivity	Condu ctivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2450	2015-04-04	3986	2450	Body	50.55	1.89	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5300	2015-04-12	3986	5300	Body	50.54	5.45	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	2015-04-13	3986	5600	Body	48.22	5.68	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5800	2015-04-13	3986	5800	Body	48.15	5.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

< SAR System Validation Summary>



14 Instruments List								
Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional							
Location	SGS Korea Co., Ltd. 4	SGS Korea Co., Ltd. 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, E&E Lab						
Manufacture	SPEAG							
Description	SAR Test System (Fre	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300 MHz – 6 GHz)						
Software Reference	DASY52: 52.8.8(1222) SEMCAD X: 14.6.10(7331)							
Hardware Reference								
Equipment	Туре	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due			
Robot	TX90X L	F13/5S7KC1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Phantom	ELI Phantom	TP-1244	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1107	2015-01-27	Annual	2016-01-27			
Verification Dipole	D2450V2	892	2015-04-22	Biennial	2017-04-22			
Verification Dipole	D5	•	•	•				

14 Instruments List



15 FCC Power Measurement Procedures

The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

16 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. Test highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.



17 Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

17.1 SISO Maximum Output Power Specifications

Average power for Production (



Page : 21 / 82

17.2 MIMO Maximum Output Power Specifications

Average power for Production (



18 WLAN

18.1 General Device Setup

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

18.2 U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, SAR measurement using OFDM SAR test procedures is not required for U-NII-1 unless the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is > 1.2 W/kg. When different maximum output powers is not required unless the highest reported SAR for the U-NII band with the higher maximum output power, adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands, is > 1.2 W/kg.

18.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels.

When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency point requirements.

18.4 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following.

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

18.5 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz band, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM congigurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwith, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When thereare multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

18.6 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements

18.7 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

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Page : 24 / 82

19 RF Conducted Power Measurement WLAN 2.4



Page : 25 / 82

WLAN 5.3



Page : 26 / 82

WLAN 5.8



Page : 27 / 82

20. SAR Test Exclusions Applied

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50



Page : 28 / 82

21. SAR Data Summary

SISO SAR Result WLAN 2.45 GHz Body SAR

		Traffic Channel	Power(dBm)	Peak SAR	1-g SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling	1-g Scaled	
EUT Position	Mode	Frequency (of Area Scan(W/kg)	(Ŵ/kg))	(Power)	Factor (Duty cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No



Page : 29 / 82

MIMO SAR Result WLAN 2.45 GHz Body SAR

		Traffic Channel	Power(dBm)	Peak SAR of Area Scan(W/kg)	1-g SAR (W/kg))	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling	1-g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No
EUT Position	Mode	Frequency (Factor (Duty cycle)		



General Notes:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 2. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15 cm for all frequencies.
- 3. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 4. The EUT is tested 2nd hot-spot peak, if it is less than 2 dB below the highest peak.
- 5. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

6. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

7. Per FCC KDB 616217 D04v01r02 Section 4.3, SAR tests are required for the back surface and edges of the tablet with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Exclusion Threshold in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 was applied to determined SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations.

WLAN Notes:

- Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4GHz WIFI
 operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement.
 SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest
 reported DSSS SAR.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5GHz WIFI operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2W/kg.
- 3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
- 5. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
- 6. When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the 802.11 a/g/n/ac modes, the channel in the lower order/sequence 802.11 mode (i.e. a,g, n then ac) is selected.
- 7. When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII Band1 and UNII Band 2A, begin SAR measurement in UNII band 2A; and if the highest reported SAR for UNII band 2A is ≤ 1.2W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII band1 > 1.2W/kg, both bands should be tested independently for SAR.



22. SAR Measurement Variability

22.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2. A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

22.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.



23. Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

23.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-

in unlicensed transmitters such as Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

23.2 The Simultaneous Transmission possibilities are listed as below

No	Capable TX Configuration	Body SAR		
1	2.45 GHz Aux Ant + Bluetooth Main Ant	Yes		
2	5 GHz Aux Ant + Bluetooth Main Ant	Yes		

Note:

- The simultaneous transmission possibilities are listed as below.
- WLAN Main Ant and Bluetooth Main Ant share the same antenna and cannot transmit simultaneously.

23.3 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is



A.1 Verification Test Plots for 2450MHz
A.2 Verification Test Plots for 5300 MHz
A.3 Verification Test Plots for 5600 MHz
A.4 Verification Test Plots for 5800 MHz
A.5 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 2450 MHz
A.7 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5300 MHz
A.8 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5600 MHz
A.9 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5800 MHz
B.1 Uncertainty Analysis
C.1 Calibration certificate for Probe
C.2 Calibration certificate for DAE
C.3 Calibration certificate for Dipole



Appendix A.1 Verification Test Plots for 2450 MHz

Date: 2015-11-18

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 2450MHz Body Verification.da53:0

Input Power : 100 mW

Ambient Temp : 23.4 °C Tissue Temp : 22.6 °C

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:892

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.958 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.894; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

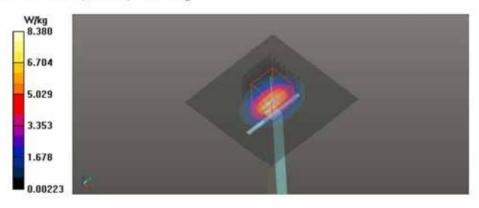
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Verification/2450MHz Verification/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.38 W/kg

Verification/2450MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.32 W/kg





Appendix A.2 Verification Test Plots for 5300 MHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 5.3GHz Verification.da53:0

Input Power: 100 mW

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1106

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.303 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.894; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

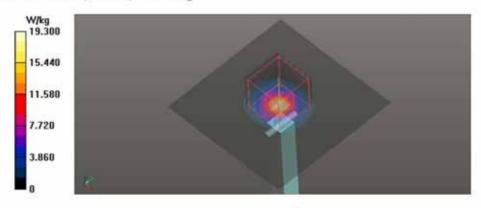
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Verification/5.3GHz Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

Verification/5.3GHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg





Appendix A.3 Verification Test Plots for 5600 MHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: <u>5.6GHz Verification.da53:0</u>

Input Power: 100 mW

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1106

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.631$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

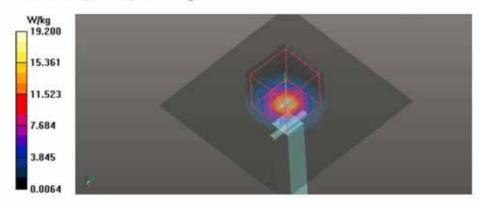
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Verification/5.6GHz Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

Verification/5.6GHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg





Appendix A.4 Verification Test Plots for 5800 MHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: <u>5.8GHz Verification.da53:0</u>

Input Power: 100 mW

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1106

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.971 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.012; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

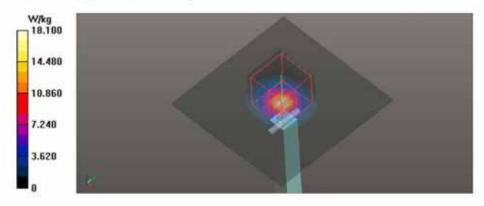
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Verification/5.8GHz Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 W/kg

Verification/5.8GHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg





Appendix A.5 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 2.45GHz

Date: 2015-11-18

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 2.45GHz WLAN 11b 1Mbps Base CH11 Main.da53:0

Ambient Temp : 23.4 °C Tissue Temp : 22.6 °C

DUT: NT500R5L; Type: Notebook; Serial: 0JAF91FG900060N

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.45GHz (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.968$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.857$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

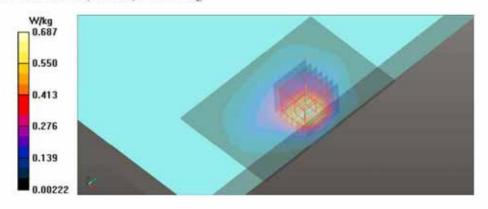
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WLAN/2.45GHz_WLAN_11b_1Mbps_Base_CH11_Main/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.687 W/kg

WLAN/2.45GHz_WLAN_11b_1Mbps_Base_CH11_Main/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.255 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.816 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 W/kg





Appendix A.6 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5.3GHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 5.3GHz WLAN 11n HT40 MCS0 Base CH54 MIMO.da53:0

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

DUT: NT500R5L; Type: Notebook; Serial: 0JAF91FG900060N

Communication System: UID 0, 5GHz WLAN (0); Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; $\sigma = 5.275$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.917$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WLAN/5.3GHz_WLAN_11n_HT40_MCS0_Base_CH54_MIMO/Area Scan (151x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

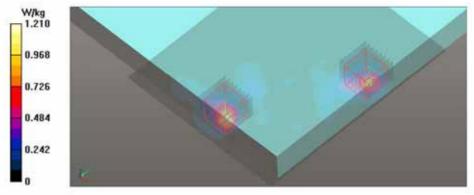
WLAN/5.3GHz_WLAN_11n_HT40_MCS0_Base_CH54_MIMO/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 5.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.508 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

WLAN/5.3GHz WLAN 11n HT40 MCS0 Base CH54 MIMO/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 5.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.372 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.865 W/kg



Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.) RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)



Appendix A.7 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5.6GHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: 5.6GHz WLAN 11ac VHT80 MCS0 Base CH106 Aux.da53:0

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

DUT: NT500R5L; Type: Notebook; Serial: 0JAF91FG900060N

Communication System: UID 0, 5GHz WLAN (0); Frequency: 5530 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz; σ = 5.495 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.765; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.01, 4.01, 4.01); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

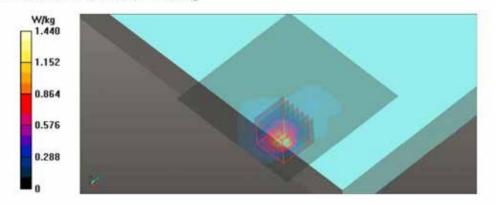
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WLAN/5.6GHz_WLAN_11ac_VHT80_MCS0_Base_CH106_Aux/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

WLAN/5.6GHz_WLAN_11ac_VHT80_MCS0_Base_CH106_Aux/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 3.219 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.557 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 W/kg





Appendix A.8 SAR Test Plots for WLAN 5.8GHz

Date: 2015-11-19

Test Laboratory : SGS Korea (Gunpo Laboratory) File Name: <u>5.8GHz WLAN 11n HT40 MCS0 Base CH159 MIMO.da53:0</u>

Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C Tissue Temp: 22.4 °C

DUT: NT500R5L; Type: Notebook; Serial: 0JAF91FG900060N

Communication System: UID 0, 5GHz WLAN (0); Frequency: 5795 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz; σ = 5.965 S/m; ϵ_r = 49.016; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3986; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2015-03-25;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1430; Calibrated: 2015-03-18

- Phantom: ELI v5.0 1244; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1244

- DASY52 52.8.8(1222)SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

WLAN/5.8GHz_WLAN_11n_HT40_MCS0_Base_CH159_MIMO/Area Scan (151x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

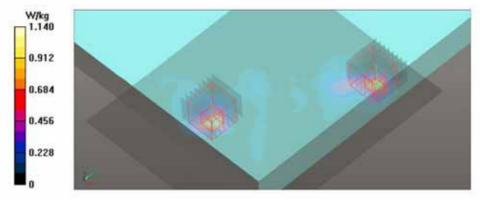
WLAN/5.8GHz_WLAN_11n_HT40_MCS0_Base_CH159_MIMO/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 3.833 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.450 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.119 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg

WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN 11n HT40 MCS0 Base CH159 MIMO/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 3.833 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.348 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 W/kg



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 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27



Page : 42 / 82

Appendix B.1 Uncertainty Analysis DASY5 #3

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram

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Page : 43 / 82

Measurement uncertainty for 3 GHz to 6 GHz averaged over 1 gram

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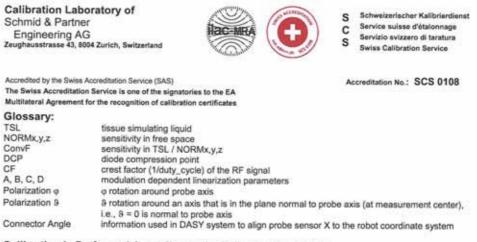
Appendix C.1 Calibration certificate for Probe(S/N 3986)

CALIBRATION	e recognition of calibration e	certificates	EX3-3986 Mar15
CALIBRATION		Certificate No:	EX3-3986 Mar15
	CERTIFICATE		
Object			
Object			
	EX3DV4 - SN:398	36	기술책입자
			1
Calibration procedure(s)		A CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA Jure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.V6
Calibration date:	March 25, 2015		
		nal standards, which realize the physical units bability are given on the following pages and	
All calibrations have been cond	fucted in the closed laboratory	facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M	&TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID O	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E44198	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	
	MY41498087		Apr-15
states and the second states of the second states and the	m141490001	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15 Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	and the second sec
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Doc-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Doc-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Doc-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3042U01700	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. 253-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-89 (in house check Apr-13)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Doc-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3042U01700	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. 253-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-89 (in house check Apr-13)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US3642U01700 US37390585	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 (US37390585 Name	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. E53-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) Function	Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)





Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close
- proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f < 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-3986_Mar15

Page 2 of 11

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27

(All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 46 / 82

EX3DV4 - SN:3986

March 25, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3986

Manufactured: November 11, 2013 Calibrated: March 25, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3986_Mar15

Page 3 of 11

Report File No :F690501/RF-SAR002308Date of Issue :2015-11-27(All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and
accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)Date of Issue :2015-11-27RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)A4 (210mm x 297mm)



EX3DV4- SN:3986

March 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3986

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.53	0.53	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	100.8	97.7	101.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X 0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	144.2	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		140.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		133.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
⁹ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3986_Mar15

Page 4 of 11



EX3DV4-SN:3986

March 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3986

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	10.46	10.46	10.46	0.31	1.10	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.13	10.13	10.13	0.26	1.28	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.81	8.81	8.81	0.39	0.82	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.52	8.52	8.52	0.29	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.25	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.31	0.85	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.25	1.02	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.52	5.52	5.52	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.87	4.87	4.87	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.84	4.84	4.84	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The transformation frequency and respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. The validity of tissue parameters (ε and r) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^C Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3986_Mar15

Page 5 of 11

Report File No: F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



EX3DV4-SN:3986

March 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3986

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	10.27	10.27	10.27	0.25	1.19	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.46	8.46	8.46	0.35	0.97	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.40	0.83	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.25	0.95	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.24	0.95	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.54	4.54	4.54	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency utilities and the uncertainty is utilities at a standard to 4.400 MHz is 14.000 MHz

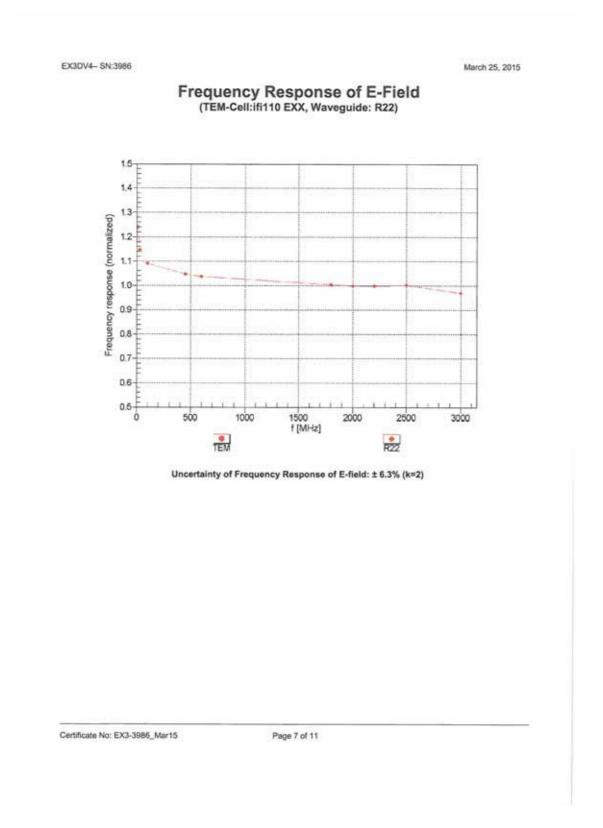
below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. ⁶ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-3986 Mar15

Page 6 of 11

Report File No: F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



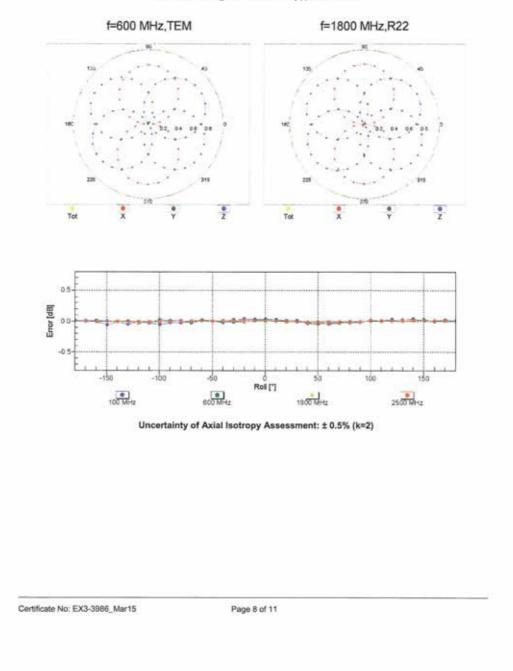




EX3DV4- SN:3986

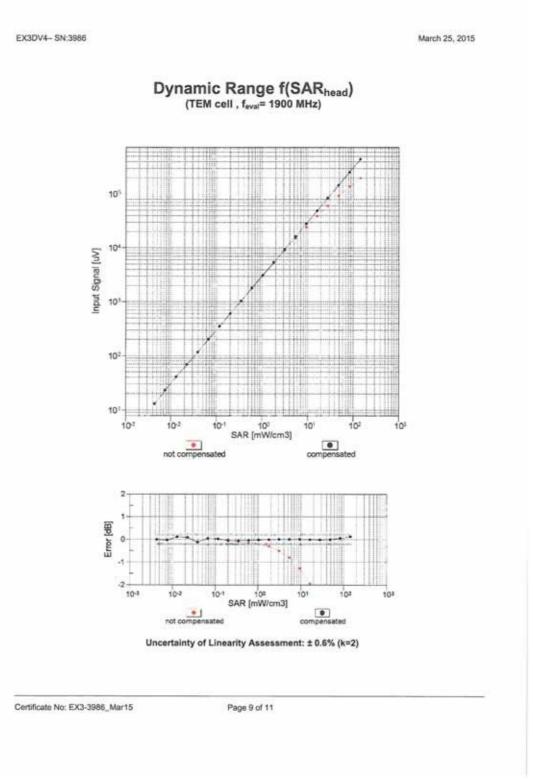
March 25, 2015

Receiving Pattern (\$), 9 = 0°

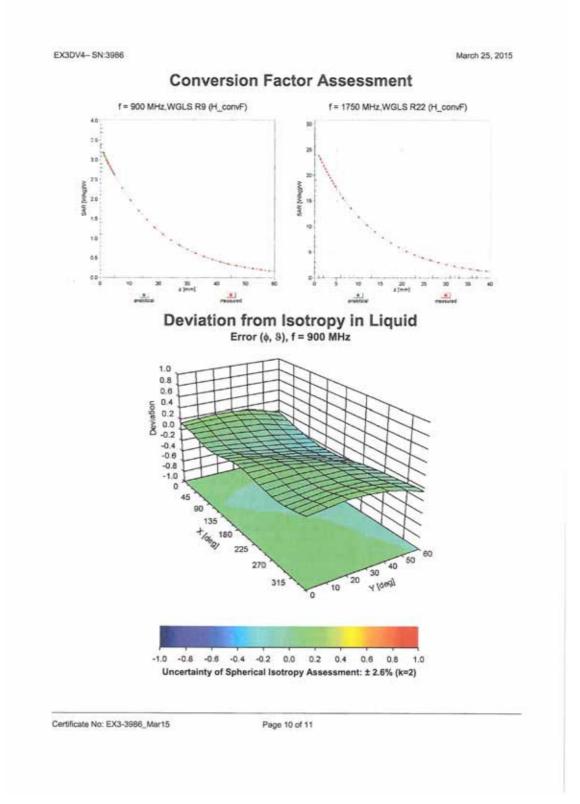




Page : 52 / 82









EX3DV4-SN:3986

March 25, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3986

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-49.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-3986_Mar15

Page 11 of 11



Page : 55 / 82

Appendix C.2



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst C Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
 result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE4-1430_Mar15

Page 2 of 5

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27



Page : 57 / 82

DC Voltage Measurement

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV .	full range -	-1+3mV

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.957 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.147 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.982 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range		3.99783 ± 1.50% (k=2)	

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	253.5 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-1430_Mar15

Page 3 of 5

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



58 / 82 Page :

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199994.63	-0.54	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.13	3.19	0.02
Channel X - Input	-19998.79	1.95	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199996.50	1.23	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000.11	-0.81	-0.00
Channel Y - Input	-20001.04	-0.17	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199995.97	0.73	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20001.77	0.90	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20003.00	-2.01	0.01

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)	
Channel X + Input	2002.09	1.12	0.06	
Channel X + Input	201.98	0.46	0.23	
Channel X - Input	-198.06	0.27	-0.13	
Channel Y + Input	2001.81	0.92	0.05	
Channel Y + Input	201.10	-0.40	-0.20	
Channel Y - Input	-198.94	-0.55	0.28	
Channel Z + Input	2001.03	0.16	0.01	
Channel Z + Input	200.02	-1.44	-0.72	
Channel Z - Input	-200.13	-1.66	0.84	

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	3.56	1.67
	- 200	0.09	-1.81
Channel Y	200	-19.73	-20.36
	- 200	19.66	19.86
Channel Z	200	-18.39	-18.16
	- 200	16.37	15.82

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		1.98	-4.10
Channel Y	200	8.03	-	3.54
Channel Z	200	10.06	5.95	

Certificate No: DAE4-1430_Mar15

Page 4 of 5

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and



4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16013	16428
Channel Y	16229	13145
Channel Z	15841	17153

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input 10 M\Omega $\,$

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.70	-0.32	1.95	0.40
Channel Y	-1.68	-2.52	-0.85	0.33
Channel Z	-1.50	-2.45	-0.21	0.45

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1430_Mar15

Page 5 of 5

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Appendix C.3 Calibration certificate for Dipole

Engineering AG ughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuric	h, Switzerland		Servizio svizzero di taratura
ccredited by the Swiss Accredit he Swiss Accreditation Servic lultilateral Agreement for the r	e is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	coreditation No.: SCS 0108
CALIBRATION	82		to: D2450V2-892_Apr15
	D2450V2 - SN: 8		
	DENOTE ON O	NY Re	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits ab	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	April 22, 2015		
The measurements and the unce	artainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	ind are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce NI calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Mar-16
The measurements and the unce NI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Vower sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Dec-15
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 03-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Dec-15 Aug-15
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Dec-15
The measurements and the unce	International action of the second se	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3206_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-801_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
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The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Perference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	Intainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 5047.2 / 0637 SN: 5047.2 / 0637 SN: 5047.2 / 0637 SN	robability are given on the following pages a ny facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-801_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) Function	nd are part of the certificate. PC and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15 Signature

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27

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61 / 82 Page :

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



- Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-892_Apr15

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Page 2 of 8

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.6 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		020520

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.09 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

he following parameters and calculations were	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.6 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %

SAR result with Body TSL

Body TSL temperature change during test

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSI	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg

< 0.5 °C

Certificate No: D2450V2-892_Apr15

Page 3 of 8

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and

±6%



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.4 Ω + 2.3 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.5 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω + 3.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.162 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 06, 2011

Certificate No: D2450V2-892_Apr15

Page 4 of 8

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27



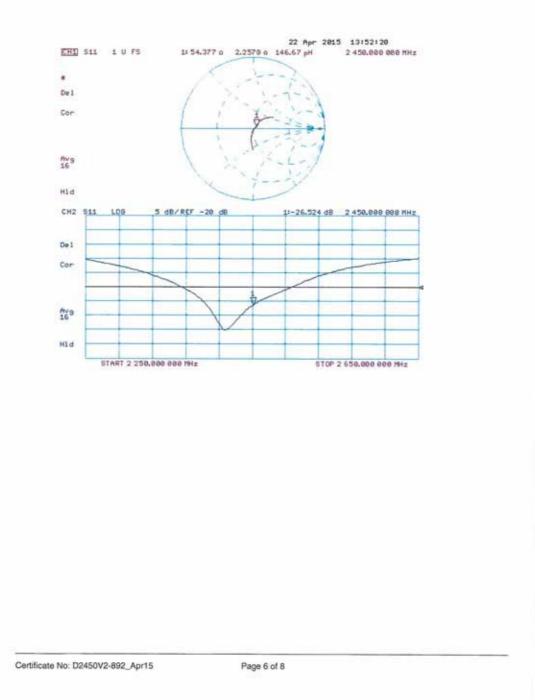
	Date: 22.04.20
Test Laborat	ry: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
DUT: Dipole	2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 892
Medium para Phantom sec	on System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz neters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m ³ on: Flat Section Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)
DASY52 Co	figuration:
 Probe 	ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
• Sense	-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
• Electr	onics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
• Phant	m: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
• DAS	52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)
Reference Va Peak SAR (e: SAR(1 g) = 1	bration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (e: SAR(1 g) = J Maximum va dB	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (e: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg
Reference Va Peak SAR (c: SAR(1 g) = 1 Maximum va dB 0 -5.00 -10.00 -15.00 -20.00	grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm ue = 101.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB trapolated) = 27.5 W/kg 3.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg ue of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 65 / 82

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





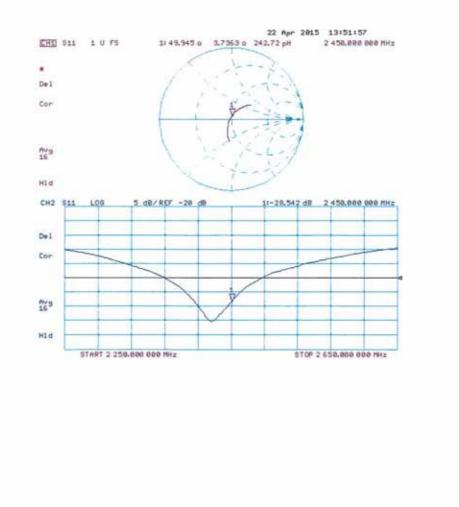
DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 22.04.2015 Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 892 Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011) DASY52 Configuration: Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014 Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002 DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331) ٠ Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 95.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg dB 0 -5.00 -10.00-15.00-20.00 25.00 0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg Certificate No: D2450V2-892_Apr15 Page 7 of 8

Report File No: F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 67 / 82

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-892_Apr15

Page 8 of 8



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Page : 68 / 82

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG teughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zui			S Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S wiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accred The Swiss Accreditation Serv Multilateral Agreement for the	rice is one of the signator	ries to the EA	Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client SGS (Dymste			یے یو: D5GHzV2-1106_May15
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICAT	E	
Object	D5GHzV2 - SN	: 1106	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v2 Calibration proc	edure for dipole validation kits b	etween 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	May 22, 2015		
The measurements and the unc	entainties with confidence	tional standards, which realize the physical s probability are given on the following pages r pry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	and are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been condu	acted in the closed laborate	probability are given on the following pages i ony facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	and are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%.
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Il calibrations have been condu alibration Equipment used (M8 rimary Standards Ower meter EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A overs sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Ind are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15
All calibrations have been conducted in the unconducted in the conducted i	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Ind are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15
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Il calibrations have been condu alibration Equipment used (M8 rimary Standards ower mater EPM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A over sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator r/pe-N mismatch combination eforence Probe EX3DV4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Ind are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Mar-16
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All calibrations have been conducted in the uncode calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Primary Standards Prover sensor HP 8481A Tower sensor HP 8481A Tower sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator to the standards Probe EX3DV4 IAE4 Recondary Standards F generator R&S SMT-06	Artainties with contidence acted in the closed laborate ATE oritical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY410929783 MY410929783 MY410929783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047,2706327 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047,2706327 SN: 5503 SN: 601 ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 30-Dec-14 (No. EX3-3503_Dec14) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	Ind are part of the certificate. In C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15 Mar-16 Mar-16 Dec-15 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
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Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27



69 / 82 Page :

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- c) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- · Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)

Page 2 of 15

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	102.0.0
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	4.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 3 of 15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 71 / 82

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.3 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.40 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.1 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power		
	roo may input power	2.42 W/kg	

23.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.0 ± 6 %	4.73 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Condition	
100 mW input power	8.37 W/kg
normalized to 1W	82.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
condition	
	100 mW input power normalized to 1W

condition	
100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
normalized to 1W	23.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)
	100 mW input power

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 4 of 15

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 72 / 82

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.9 ± 6 %	4.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.30 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg	
		and thing	

normalized to 1W

23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.6 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 5 of 15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Page : 73 / 82

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.43 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.10 W/kg

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.1 ± 6 %	5.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.66 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	76.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 6 of 15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)

RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)



Page : 74 / 82

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.6 ± 6 %	5.96 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition		
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)	

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 7 of 15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω - 10.0 ϳΩ
Return Loss	- 20.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω - 3.9 ϳΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 Ω - 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.1 Ω - 5.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1 Ω - 0.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB	_

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 8.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.4 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.9 Ω - 3.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.5 Ω - 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 8 of 15

Report File No: F690501/RF-SAR002308

Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5 Ω + 1.0 ίΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns
	11100110

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 11, 2011

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 9 of 15

 Report File No :
 F690501/RF-SAR002308
 Date of Issue :
 2015-11-27

 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)



Date: 22.05.2015

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1106

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 4.45 S/m; ε_r = 34.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 4.54 S/m; ε_r = 34.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 4.73 S/m; ε_r = 34; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.83 S/m; ε_r = 33.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 5.03 S/m; ε_r = 33.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(5.12, 5.12, 5.12); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 67.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

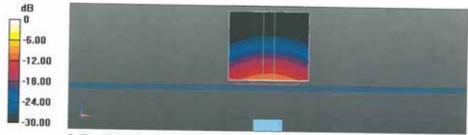
Page 10 of 15

Report File No :F690501/RF-SAR002308Date of Issue :2015-11-27(All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and
accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)Date of Issue :2015-11-27RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)A4 (210mm x 297mm)



Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 65.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 63.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

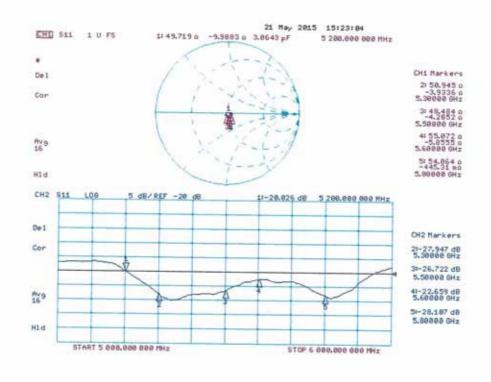
Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 11 of 15



Page : 79 / 82

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 12 of 15



Date: 21.05.2015

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1106

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.43 S/m; ε_r = 47.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.56 S/m; ε_r = 47.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.96 S/m; ε_r = 46.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.23 S/m; ε_r = 46.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2014, ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 59.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 59.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 59.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

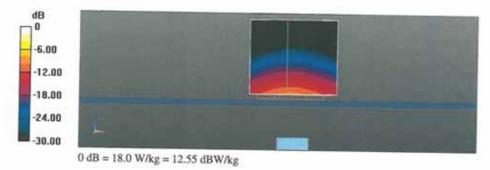
Page 13 of 15

Report File No :F690501/RF-SAR002308Date of Issue :2015-11-27(All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and
accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.)Date of Issue :2015-11-27RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)A4 (210mm x 297mm)



Page : 81 / 82

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 56.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



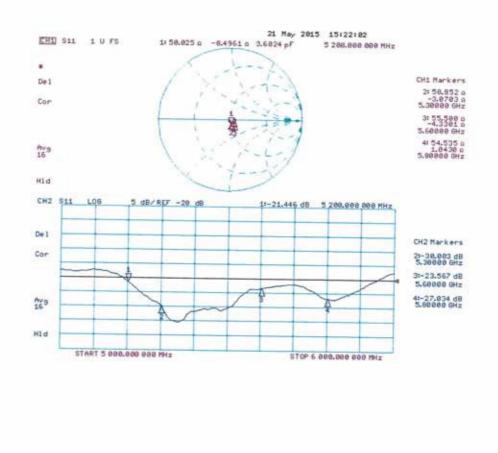
Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 14 of 15



82 / 82 Page :

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1106_May15

Page 15 of 15

-THE END-

Report File No : F690501/RF-SAR002308 Date of Issue : 2015-11-27 (All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.) RTT5041-76(2015.10.01) (2)