

FCC LISTED, REGISTRATION NUMBER: 905266

IC LISTED REGISTRATION NUMBER IC 4621A-1

AT4 wireless, S.A. Parque Tecnológico de Andalucía, c/ Severo Ochoa nº 2 29590 Campanillas/ Málaga/ España Tel. 952 61 91 00 - Fax 952 61 91 13 MÁLAGA, C.I.F. A29 507 456 Registro Mercantil de Málaga, Tomo 1169, Libro 82, Folio 133, Hoja MA3729

TEST REPORT (MODIFICATION 1) REFERENCE STANDARD: USA FCC Part 15.247, 15.209

CANADA RSS-210, RSS-Gen

Radio Frequency Devices. Operation within the bands 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 -2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz.

Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment.

General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus.

MIE	40079RRF.001
Approved by (name / position & signature):	A. Llamas / RF Lab. Manager
Elaboration date:	2013-10-24
Identification of item tested:	7260SDW
Brand name:	INTEL
Model and/or type reference:	7260SDW
Serial number:	TA#: H10137-002
	WF MAC:001500D08635
	BD MAC: 001500D08639
Other identification of the product:	Commercial name: 7260SDW
	HW version: Engineering Sample
	SW version: DRTU 1.7.1-775
	For OEM factory installation:
	FCC ID: PD97260SD
	IC: 1000M-7260SD
Features:	802.11 a/b/g/n/ac + BT 4.0
Description:	2x2 antenna configuration, solder-down module
Applicant:	INTEL MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS
Address:	100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200, Columbia, South Carolina 29210 USA
CIF/NIF/Passport:	No provided data
Contact person:	Steven Hackett
Telephone / Fax:	Tel: 803-216-2344/ FAX: 803-216-2176
e-mail::	steven.c.hackett@intel.com
Test samples supplier	Same as applicant
Manufacturer	Same as applicant



Test method requested:	See Standard					
Standard	USA FCC Part 15.247 10-01-10 Edition: Operation within the bands 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 -2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz.					
	USA FCC Part 15.209 10-01-10 Edition: Radiated emission limits; genera requirements.					
	CANADA RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010).					
	CANADA RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010).					
	FCC part 15.247 and Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System DA 00-705 Released March 30, 2000.					
	ANSI C63.10-2009: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.					
Test procedure:	PERF010					
Non-standardized test method:	N/A					
Used instrumentation:	Conducted Measurements					
	Last Cal. date Cal. due date 1. Spectrum analyser Agilent PSA 2012/02 2014/02					
	Radiated Measurements					
	Last Cal. date Cal. due date					
	Semianechoic Absorber Lined Chamber N.A. N.A. IR 11, BS N.A. N.A.					
	 Control Chamber IR 12.BC N.A. N.A. Hybrid Bilog antenna Sunol Sciences 2011/05 2014/05 Corporation JB6 					
	4.Antenna mast EM 1072 NMTN.A.N.A.5.Rotating table EM 1084-4. ONN.A.N.A.					
	6. Double-ridge Guide Horn antenna 1-18 2011/05 2014/05					
	7.Double-ridge Guide Horn antenna 18- 40 GHz Agilent 119665J2011/092014/09					
	8. EMI Test Receiver R&S ESIB26 2011/11 2013/11					
	9. RF pre-amplifier Miteq JS4-12002600- 30-5A. 2012/07 2014/07					
	10.Multi Device Controller EMCO 2090N.A.N.A.11.Spectrum Analyzer Agilent E4440A2012/022014/02					
	12. RF pre-amplifier Miteq AFS5- 2012/07 2014/07					
	13.RF 9231A.pre-amplifierSchaffnerCPA 2013/062015/06					

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Competences and guarantees

AT4 wireless is a laboratory with a measurement facility in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC rules and has been added to the list of facilities whose measurements data will be accepted in conjuction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Registration Number: 905266.

AT4 wireless is a laboratory with a measurement site in compliance with the requirements of RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional) and has been added to the list of filed sites of the Canadian Certification and Engineering Bureau. Reference File Number: IC 4621A-1.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, AT4 wireless has a calibration and maintenance programme for its measurement equipment.

AT4 wireless guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at AT4 wireless at the time of performance of the test.

AT4 wireless is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

General conditions

- 1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- 2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- 3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of AT4 wireless.
- 4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of AT4 wireless and the Accreditation Bodies.

Uncertainty

Uncertainty (factor k=2) was calculated according to the AT4 wireless internal document:

PODT000: Procedimiento para el cálculo de incertidumbres de medida.



Usage of samples

Samples undergoing test have been selected by: **the client**.

Sample S/01 is composed of the following elements:

<u>Control N°</u>	Description	Model	Serial N°	Date of reception
40079/02	2x2 antenna	7260SDW	TA#: H10137-002	05/09/2013
	configuration,		WF MAC: 001500D08635	
solder-down module			BD MAC: 001500D08639	

Auxiliary elements used with the sample S/01:

<u>Control Nº</u> 40079/04	<u>Description</u> PC	<u>Manufacture</u> DELL	<u>Model</u> Optiplex 960	<u>Serial №</u> W724KA01	Date of reception
40079/04	rt	DELL	Optipiex 900	W/24KA01	26/09/2013
40079/05	Mains cord	DELL			26/09/2013
40079/05	Interface Board PCIe	INTEL	PCB00284		26/09/2013
40104B/16	Reference Antenna	SkyCross	WIMAX/WLAN		26/09/2013
40104B/17	Reference Antenna	SkyCross	WIMAX/WLAN		26/09/2013
40079/11	Interface extender cable				26/09/2013
38067/37	HMC/NGFF Testing board	INTEL	PCB00390	3902412-252	11/01/2013
38067/38	Adapter of the AC/DC Board Testing	SINPRO	SPU60-102	07990464 1249	11/01/2013
1302	Board 35mmx35mm				
40079/09	USB cable				26/09/2013



Usage of samples

Sample S/02 is composed of the following elements:

<u>Control I</u> 40079/02 Auxiliary elen		tenna 7260 ration, n module	Model Serial N° 60SDW TA#: H10137-002 WF MAC: 001500D08635 BD MAC: 001500D08639		Date of reception 05/09/2013
<u>Control Nº</u> 40079/04	Description PC	<u>Manufacture</u> DELL	<u>Model</u> Optiplex 960	<u>Serial N°</u> W724KA01	Date of reception 26/09/2013
40079/05	Mains cord	DELL			26/09/2013
40079/05	Interface Board PCIe	INTEL	PCB00284		26/09/2013
40079/11	Interface extender cable				26/09/2013
38067/37	HMC/NGFF Testing board	INTEL	PCB00390	3902412-252	11/01/2013
38067/38	Adapter of the AC/DC Board Testing	SINPRO	SPU60-102	07990464 1249	11/01/2013
40079/09	USB cable				26/09/2013
 Sample S/01 has undergone following test(s). All radiated tests indicated in appendix A. Sample S/02 has undergone following test(s). All conducted tests indicated in appendix A. 					
Testing period The performed test started on 2013-10-01 and finished on 2013-10-07. The tests have been performed at AT4 wireless.					



Environmental conditions

In the control chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 24.3 °C
_	Max. = 24.8 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 55 %
	Max. = 67 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Reference resistance to earth	$< 0.5 \Omega$

In the semianechoic chamber (21 meters x 11 meters x 8 meters), the following limits were not exceeded during the test.

Temperature	Min. = 20.1 °C
	Max. = 20.5 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 63 %
	Max. = 64 %
Air pressure	Min. = 1019 mbar
	Max. $= 1020$ mbar
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Reference resistance to earth	$<$ 0,5 Ω
Normal site attenuation (NSA)	$< \pm 4$ dB at 10 m distance between item
	under test and receiver antenna, (30 MHz to
	1000 MHz)
Field homogeneity	More than 75% of illuminated surface is
	between 0 and 6 dB (26 MHz to 1000
	MHz).

In the chamber for conducted measurements the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 22.5 °C	
	Max. = 24.9 °C	
Relative humidity	Min. = 40.1 %	
	Max. = 42.8 %	
Air pressure	Min. = 1019 mbar	
	Max. $= 1020$ mbar	
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB	
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	
Reference resistance to earth	$< 0,5 \Omega$	



Summary

Considering the results of the performed test according to standard USA FCC Parts 15.247 and 15.209 / Canada RSS-210, the item under test is **IN COMPLIANCE** with the requested specifications specified in the standard.

NOTE: The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in page 1 of this document, as presented for test on the date(s) shown in section, "USAGE OF SAMPLES, TESTING PERIOD AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS".

Remarks and comments

1.- No comments.

Testing verdicts

Not applicable:	NA
Pass:	
Fail:	F
Not measured:	

FCC PART 15 / RSS-210 PARAGRAPH		VERDICT		
	NA	Р	F	NM
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1). 20 dB Bandwidth and Carrier frequency separation / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (b)		Р		
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii). Number of hopping channels / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d)		Р		
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii). Time of occupancy (Dwell Time) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d)		Р		
FCC 15.247 Subclause (b). Maximum peak output power (radiated) and antenna gain / RSS-210, Clause A8.4 (2)		Р		
FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5. Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions (Transmitter)		Р		
FCC 15.247 Subclause (c). Emission limitations conducted (Transmitter) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5		Р		
FCC 15.247 Subclause (c). Emission limitations radiated (Transmitter) / RSS- 210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5		Р		



APPENDIX A: Test result



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TEST CONDITIONS

Power supply (V):

 $V_{nominal} = 3.3 Vdc$

Type of power supply = DC voltage from HMC/NGFF Testing board.

Type of antenna = External attachable PIFA antenna.

Declared Gain for antenna (maximum) = 3.24 dBi

TEST FREQUENCIES: Lowest channel: 2402 MHz Middle channel: 2441 MHz Highest channel: 2480 MHz

For Bluetooth Basic and EDR operational modes the transmission is at CHAIN B RF output.

For radio testing purposes the card was installed in a test fixture. The test fixture is connected to a laptop computer and dc power supplied. The laptop computer was used to configure the EUT to continuously transmit at a specified output power with different modes and modulation schemes.

CONDUCTED MEASUREMENTS

The equipment under test was set up in a shielded room and it is connected to the spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable. The reading in the spectrum analyser is corrected taking into account the cable loss.

RADIATED MEASUREMENTS

All radiated tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber. The measurement antenna is situated at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz (30 MHz-1000 MHz Bilog antenna) and at a distance of 1m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz (1 GHz-18 GHz Double ridge horn antenna and 18 GHz-40 GHz horn antenna).

For radiated emissions in the range 1 GHz-25 GHz that is performed at a distance closer than the specified distance, an inverse proportionality factor of 20 dB per decade is used to normalize the measured data for determining compliance.

The equipment under test was set up on a non-conductive (wooden) platform one meter above the ground plane and the situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (b). 20 dB Bandwidth and Carrier frequency separation

SPECIFICATION

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

<u>RESULTS</u>

(See next plots)

Modulation: GFSK

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	954.699	973.314	971.639
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)		±11	

Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps)

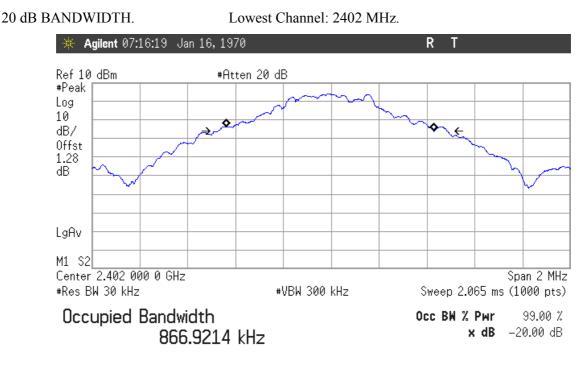
	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	1442	1435	1428
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)		±11	

Modulation: 8-DPSK (3Mbps)

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency	
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz	
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	1482	1473	1479	
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)		±11		



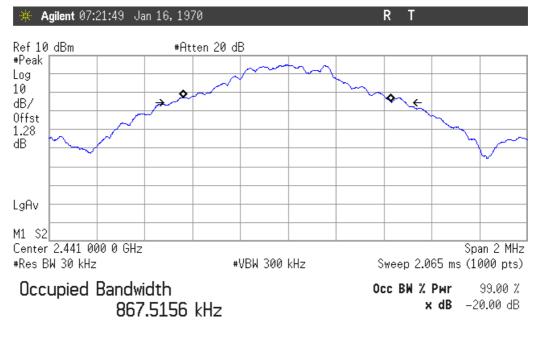
Modulation: GFSK



Transmit Freq Error	-4.856 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	954.699 kHz

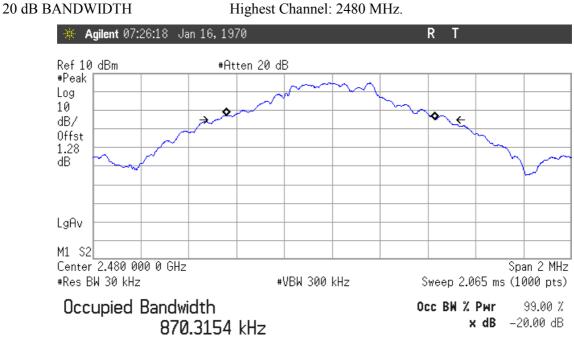
20 dB BANDWIDTH

Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



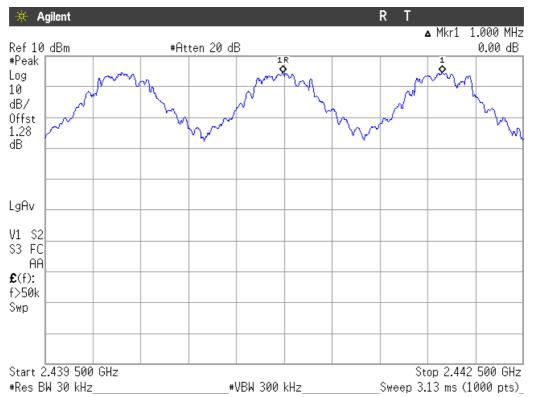
Transmit Freq Error-3.720 kHzx dB Bandwidth973.314 kHz





Transmit Freq Error	–5.525 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	971.639 kHz

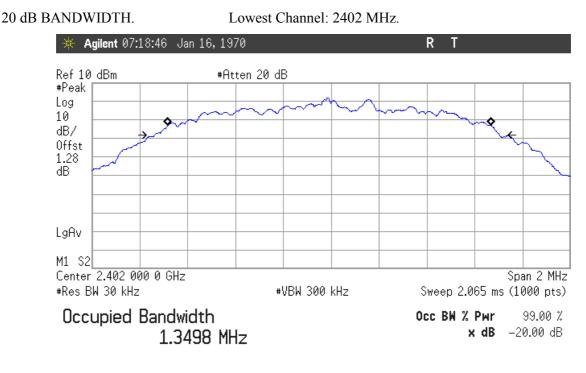
Carrier frequency separation



The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel.



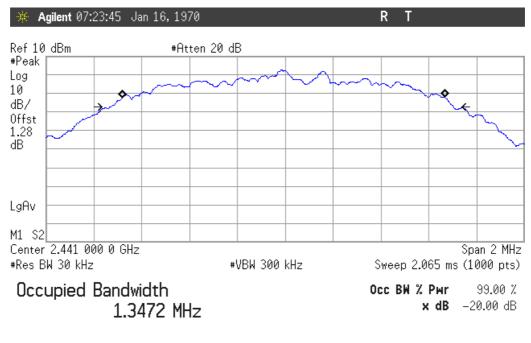
Modulation: Π/4-DOPSK



Transmit Freq Error	–8.216 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	1.442 MHz

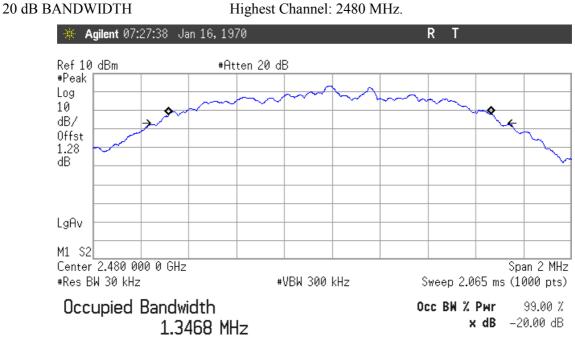
20 dB BANDWIDTH

Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



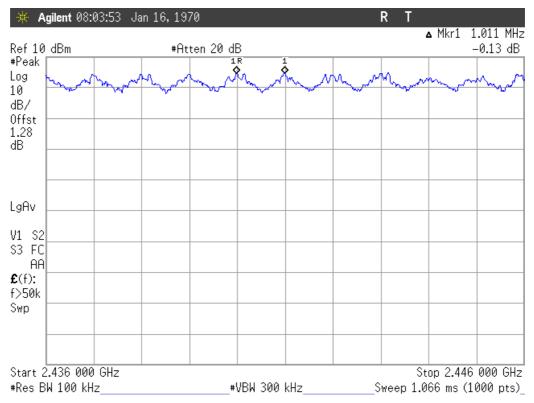
Transmit Freq Error	–7.935 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	1.435 MHz





Transmit Freq Error	–10.330 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	1.428 MHz

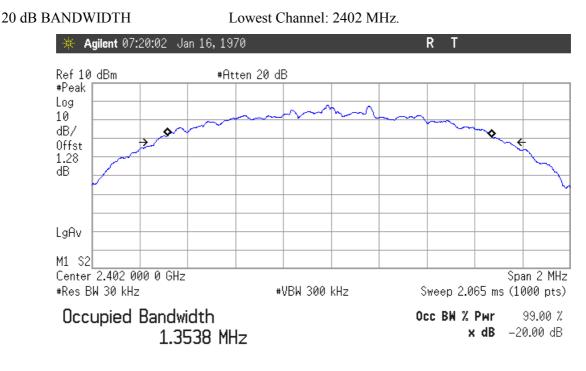
Carrier frequency separation



The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel



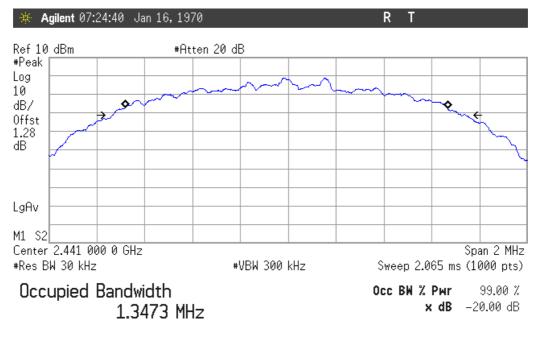
Modulation: 8-DPSK



Transmit Freq Error	–6.848 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	1.482 MHz



Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



-7.670 kHz Transmit Freq Error x dB Bandwidth 1.473 MHz



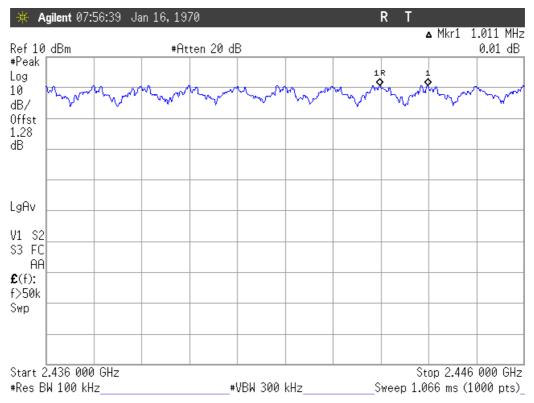


Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



Transmit Freq Error	–8.972 kHz
x dB Bandwidth	1.479 MHz

Carrier frequency separation



The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d). Number of hopping channels

SPECIFICATION

Frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

RESULTS

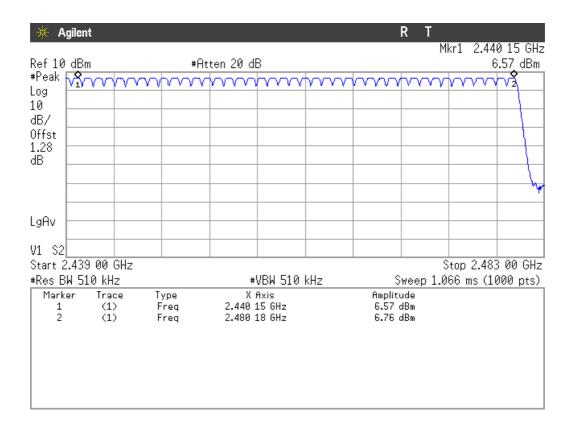
The number of hopping channels is 79 for all three modes (see next plots).

🔆 Agilent							RΤ			
Ref 10 dBm		#O+	ten 20 dl	2				Mkr2		3 84 GHz .54 dBm
#Peak	٥									
Log		γ	<u>vvvv</u>		$\sim \sim \sim$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	V V V	γγν	ᡝ᠈᠂᠈ᢓᢆᡟ
10										
dB/	1									
Offst										
1.28										
dB										
W.M.W.										
LgAv										
111 00										
V1 S2	00. CU-							Ci an	2 4 4 1	- 00. CU-
Start 2.398						~	1			00 GHz
#Res BW 510		T		VBW 510	KHZ			066 n	ns (Ie	100 pts)
Marker 1	Trace (1)	Type Freg	2.401 (Axis B3 GH 7		Amplitu 5.90 d	ide 18m			
2	(1)	Freq	2.439			6.54 (

Modulation: GFSK

Number of hopping frequencies: 39



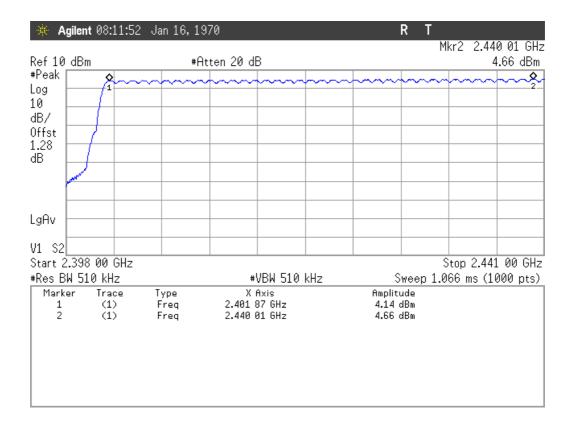


Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79

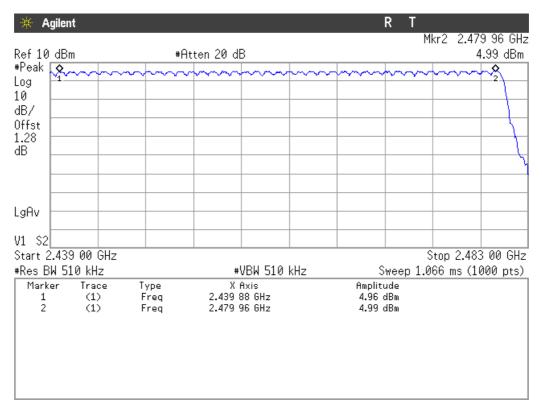


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK



Number of hopping frequencies: 39



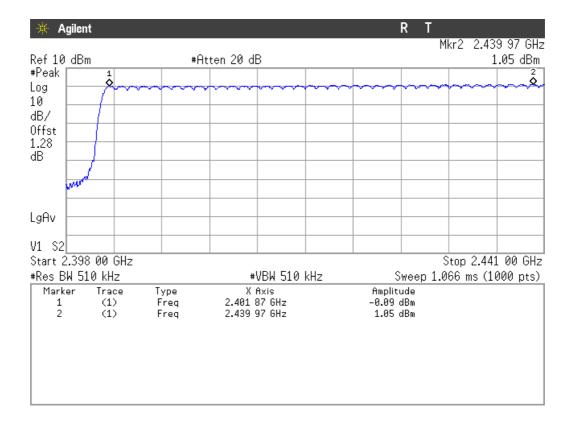


Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79

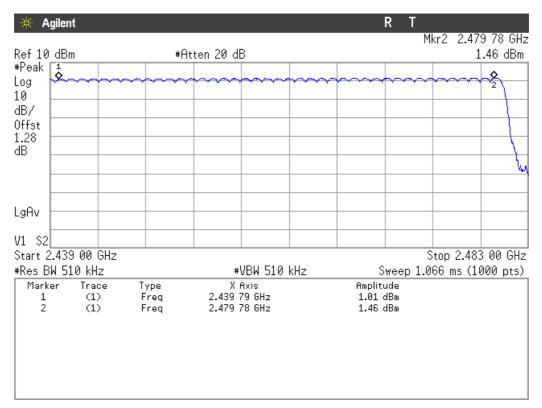


Modulation: 8-DPSK



Number of hopping frequencies: 39





Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d). Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

SPECIFICATION

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds (400 ms) within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed = $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds.

<u>RESULTS</u>

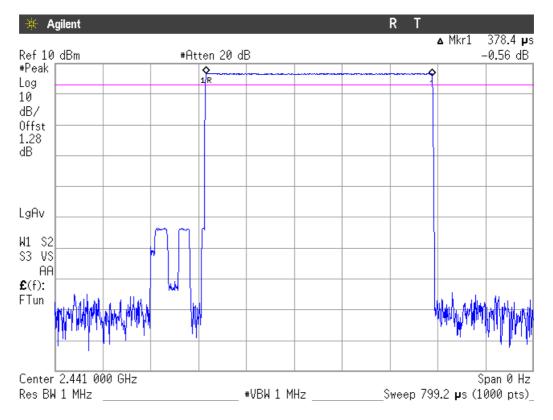
Modulation: GFSK

1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of $625\mu s$ with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 378.4 µs (see next plot).

So we have $320.11 \times 378.4 \ \mu s = 121.13 \ ms \ per \ 31.6 \ seconds.$

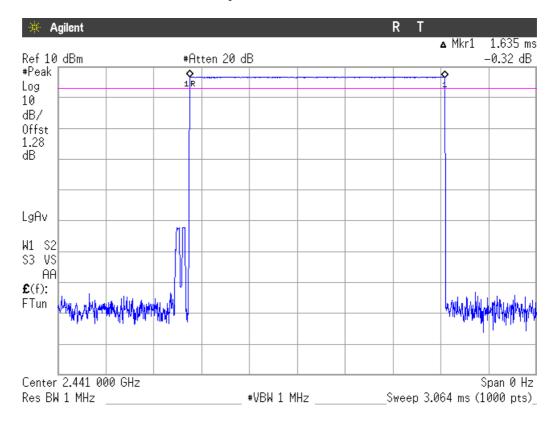




2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.635 ms (see next plot). So we have 161.16 x 1.635 ms = 263.50 ms per 31.6 seconds.



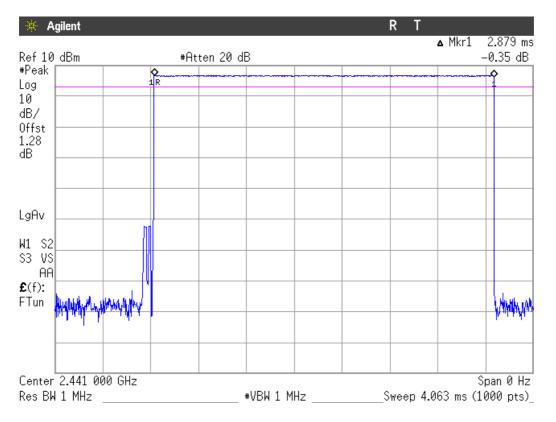


3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \times 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.879 ms (see next plot).

So we have $106.49 \times 2.879 \text{ ms} = 306.58 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.



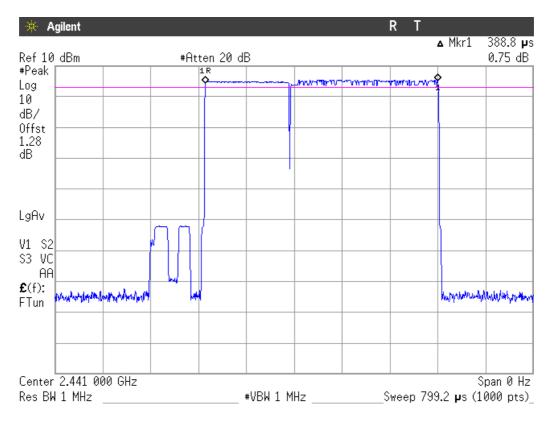


1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of 625μ s with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of 0.4 x 79 = 31.6 seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 388.8 µs (see next plot).

So we have $320.11 \times 388.8 \ \mu s = 124.48 \ m s \ per 31.6 \ seconds.$



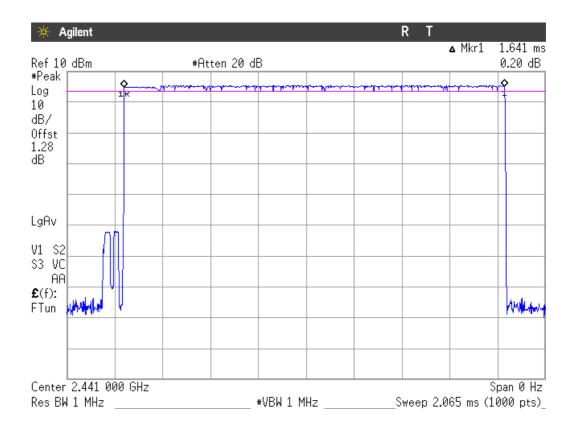


2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.641 ms (see next plot).

So we have $161.16 \times 1.641 \text{ ms} = 264.46 \text{ ms} \text{ per } 31.6 \text{ seconds}$.



Verdict: PASS

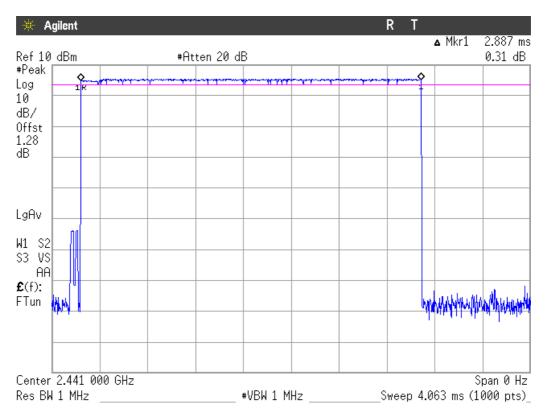


3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \ge 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \ge 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.887 ms (see next plot).

So we have 106.49 x 2.887 ms = 307.44 ms per 31.6 seconds.



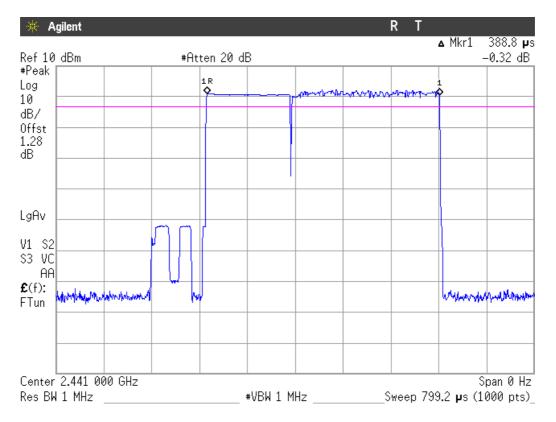


1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of 625μ s with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of 0.4 x 79 = 31.6 seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 388.8 µs (see next plot).

So we have $320.11 \times 388.8 \ \mu s = 124.46 \ ms \ per \ 31.6 \ seconds.$



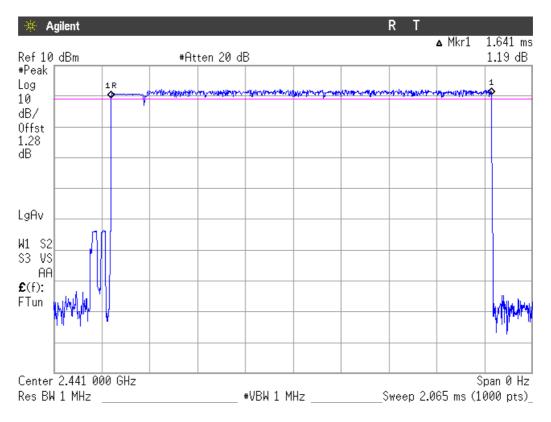


2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.641 ms (see next plot).

So we have $161.16 \times 1.641 \text{ ms} = 264.46 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.



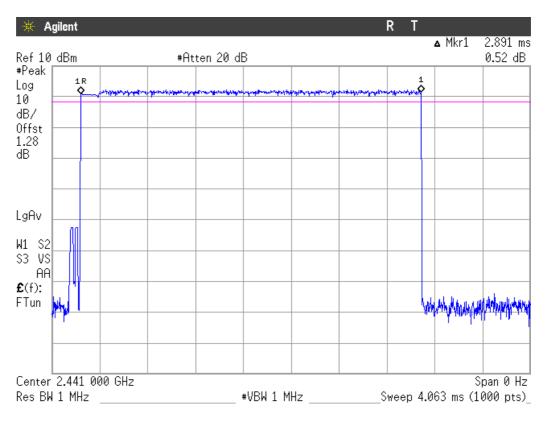


3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \ge 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \ge 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.891 ms (see next plot).

So we have $106.49 \times 2.891 \text{ ms} = 307.86 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.





FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (b) / RSS-210 Clause A8.4 (2). Maximum peak output power and antenna gain

SPECIFICATION

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels: 1 watt (30 dBm).

RESULTS

MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER. See next plots.

Declared maximum antenna gain: 3.24 dBi.

The EIRP power (dBm) is calculated by adding the declared maximum antenna gain to the measured conducted power.

Modulation: GFSK

			Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	5.97	6.63	6.80
Maximum EIRP power (dBm)	9.21	9.87	10.04
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±1.5	

Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps)

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	5.97	6.60	6.77
Maximum EIRP power (dBm)	9.21	9.84	10.01
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	±1.5		

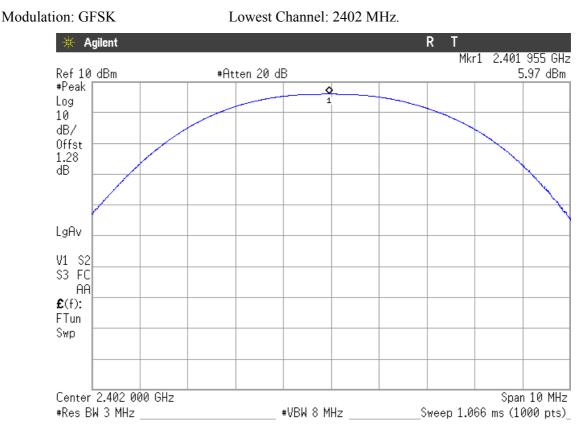
Modulation: 8-DPSK (3Mbps)

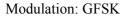
	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	2.26	3.27	3.67
Maximum EIRP power (dBm)	5.50	6.51	6.91
Measurement uncertainty (dB)	±1.5		

The maximum directional gain of the antenna is less than 6 dBi and therefore the maximum output power is not required to be reduced from the stated values.

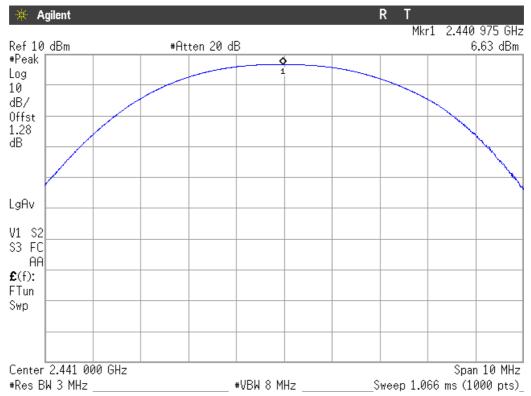


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).



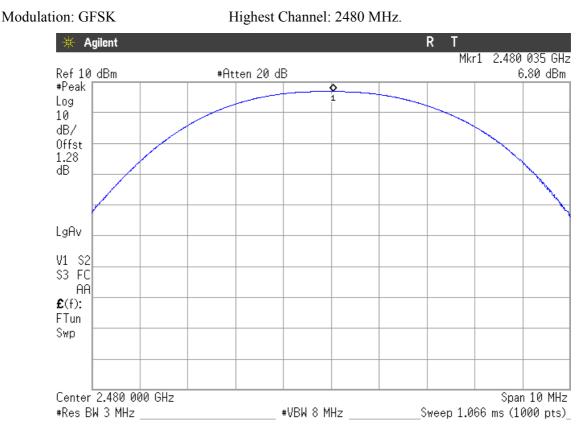


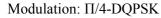
Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



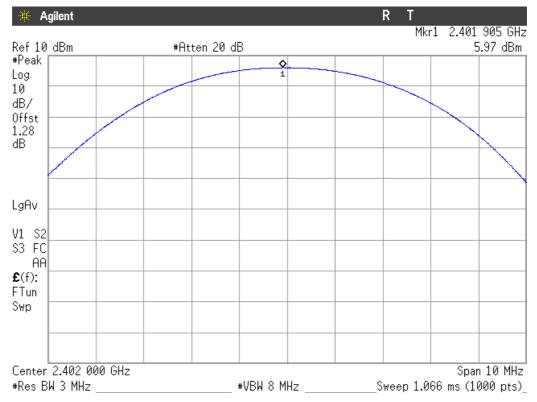


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).



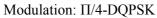


Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz

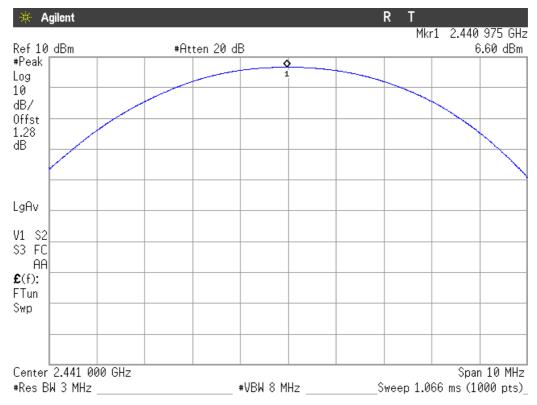


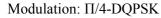


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED)

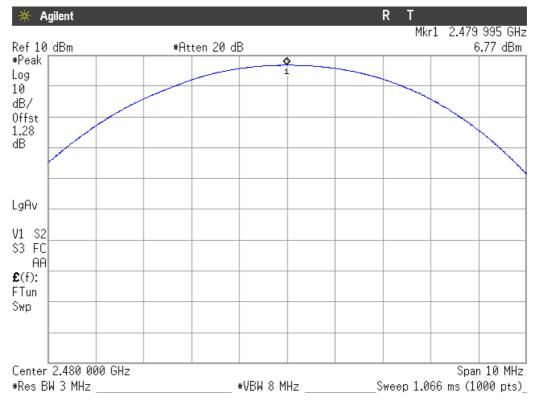


Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



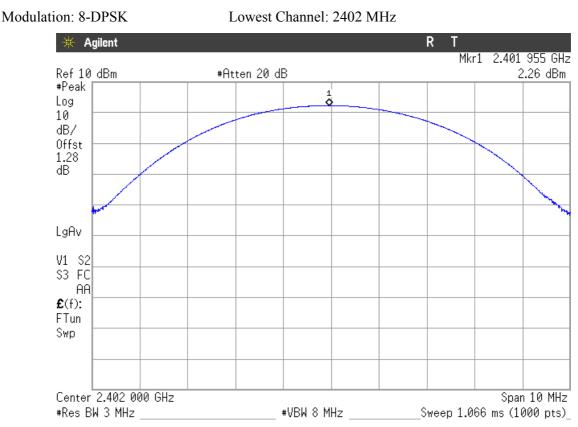


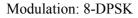
Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



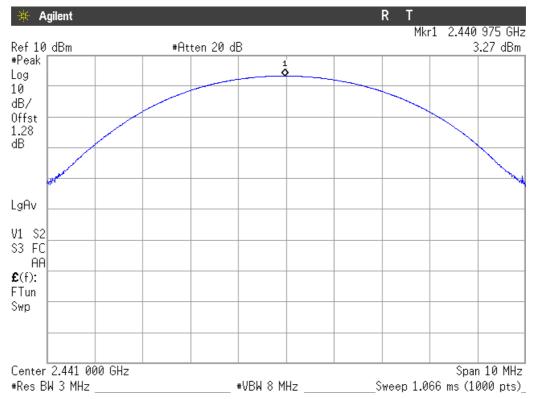


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).





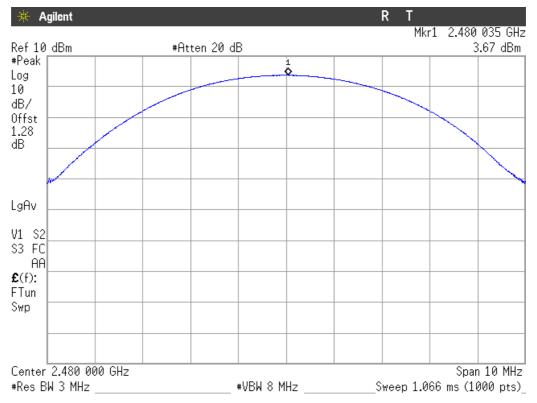
Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.





PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).

Modulation: 8-DPSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.





FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5. Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions (Transmitter)

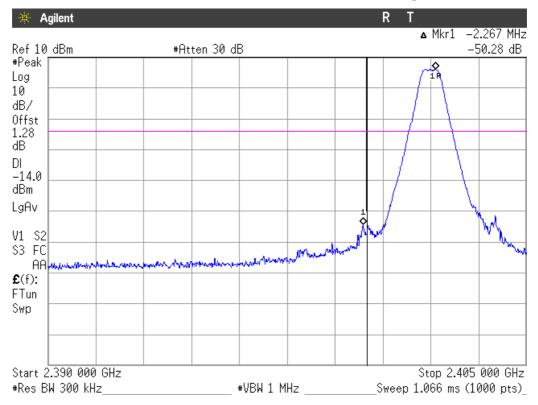
SPECIFICATION

Emissions outside the frequency band in which the intentional radiator is operating shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power.

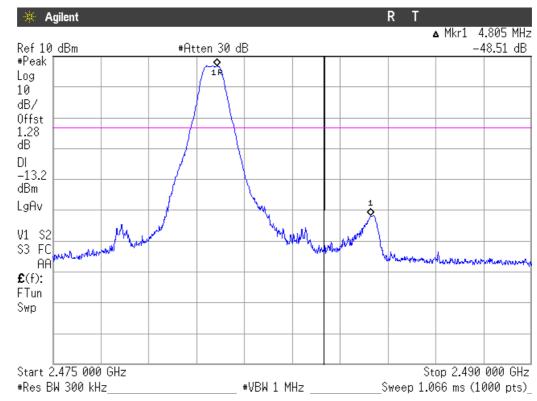
RESULTS:

Modulation: GFSK

1. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2402 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.

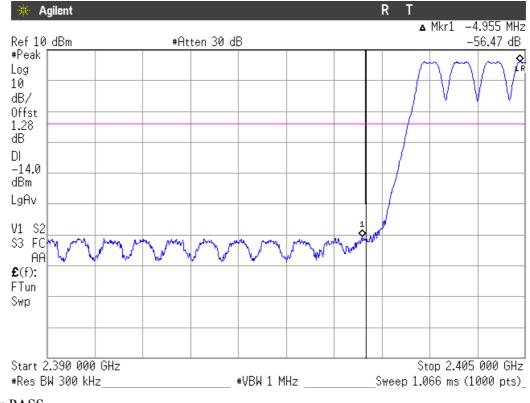






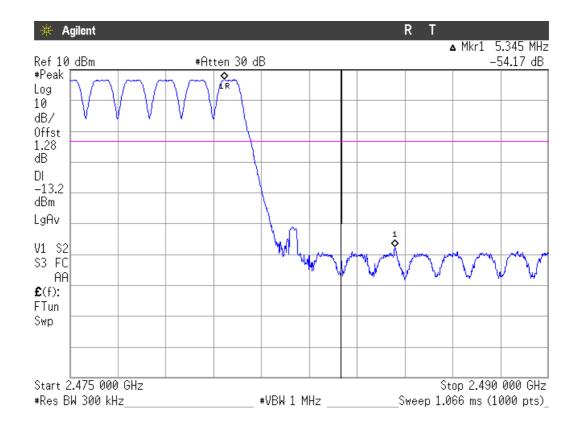
2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.





Verdict: PASS

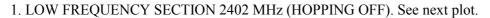


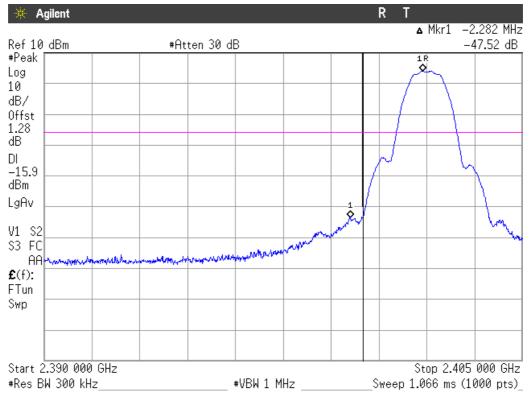


4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.



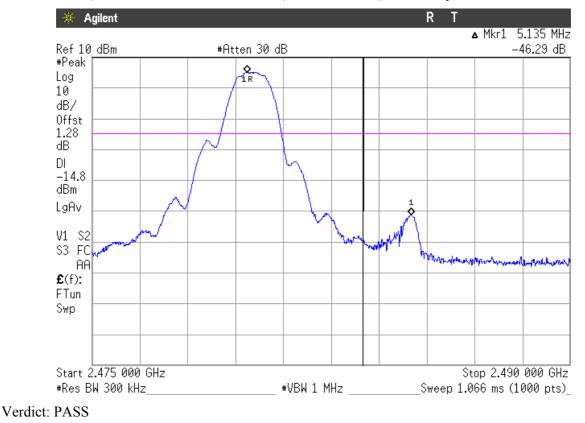
Modulation: П/4-DQPSK



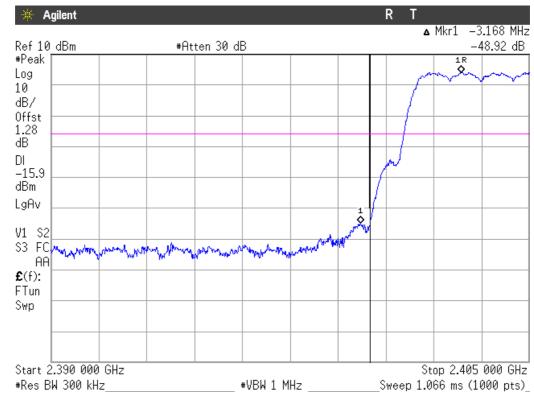


Verdict: PASS

2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



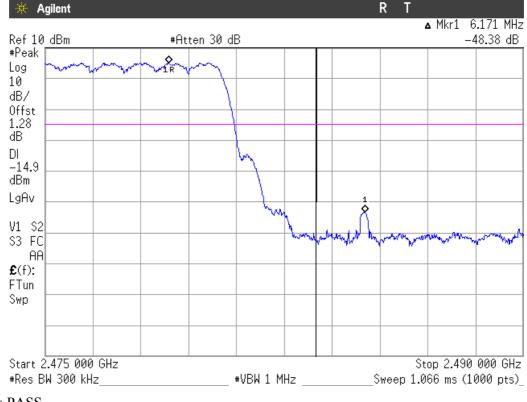




3. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.

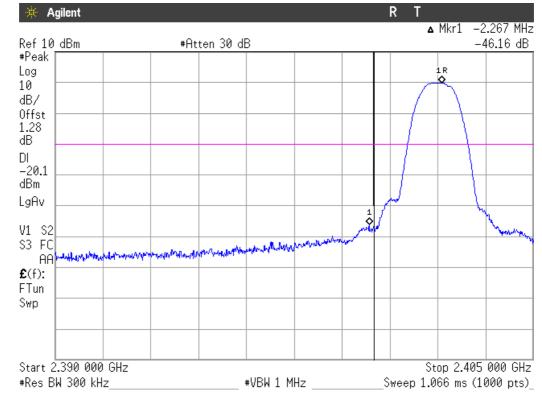
Verdict: PASS

4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





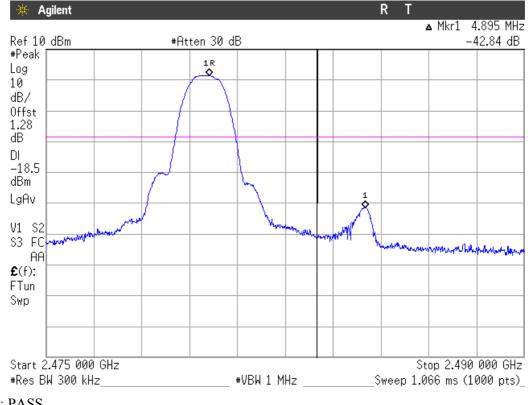
Modulation: 8-DPSK



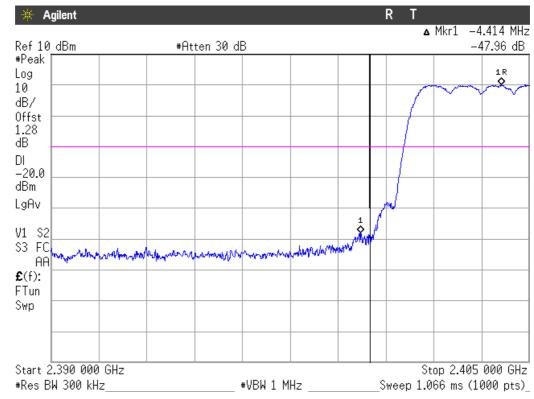
1. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2402 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.

Verdict: PASS

2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



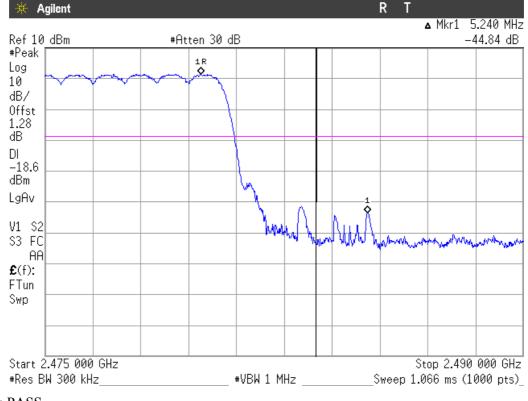




3. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.

Verdict: PASS

4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





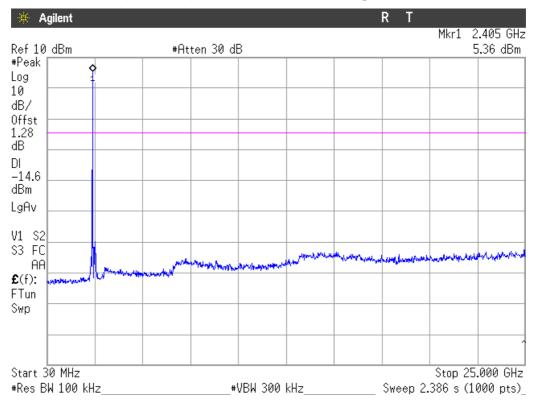
FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clause A8.5. Emission limitations conducted (Transmitter)

SPECIFICATION

In any 100 kHz bandwidths outside the frequency band in which the intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

RESULTS:

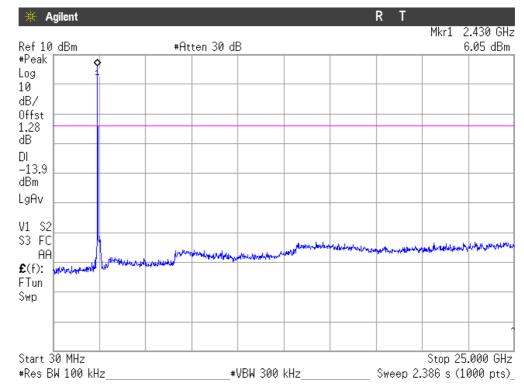
Modulation: GFSK



1. LOWEST CHANNEL (2402 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

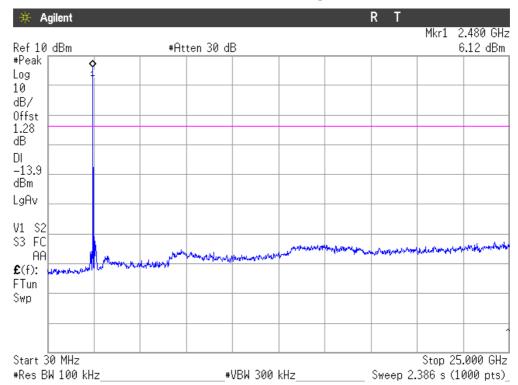




2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

Verdict: PASS

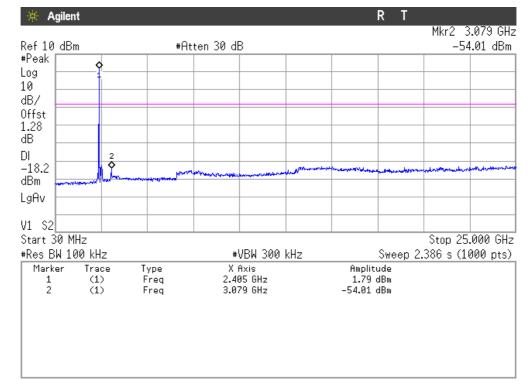


3. HIGH CHANNEL (2480 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.



Modulation: П/4-DQPSK

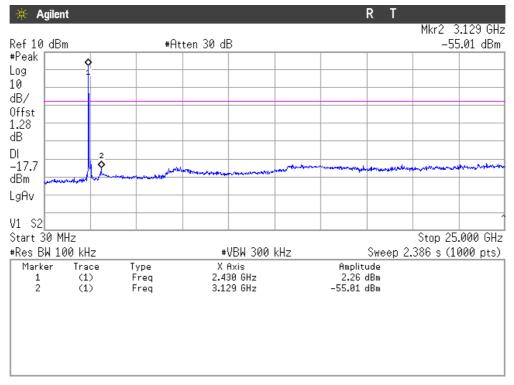


1. LOWEST CHANNEL (2402 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.

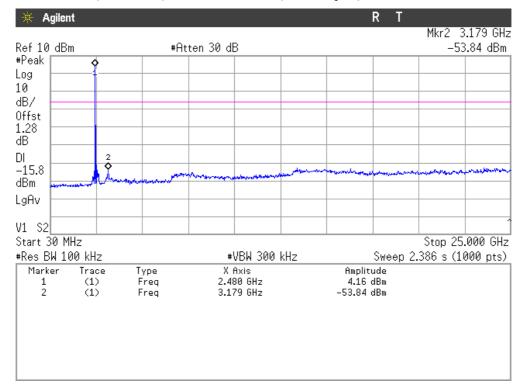
Verdict: PASS

2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peaks above the limits are the carrier frequencies.



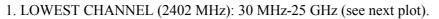


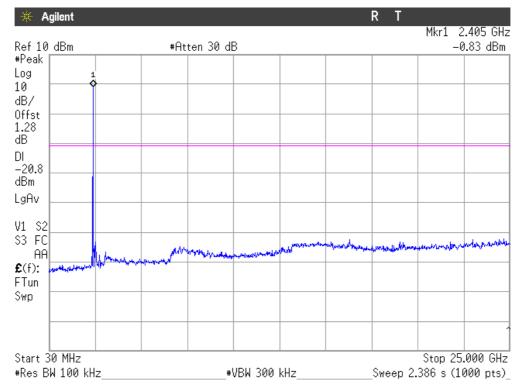
3. HIGH CHANNEL (2480 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.

Verdict: PASS

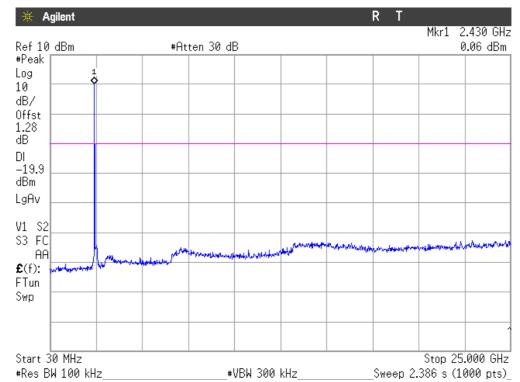
Modulation: 8-DPSK





Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.

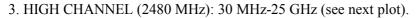


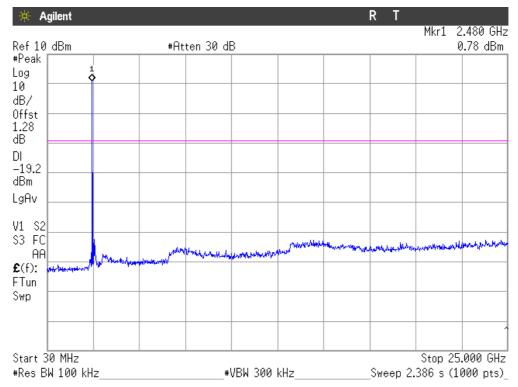


2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

Note: The peaks above the limit are the carrier frequencies.

Verdict: PASS





Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2. & A8.5. Emission limitations radiated (Transmitter)

SPECIFICATION

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)):

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field strength ($\mu V/m$)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	0.490-1.705 24000/F(kHz) -		300
1.705 - 30.0	30	-	30
30 - 88	100	40	3
88 - 216	150	43.5	3
216 - 960	200	46	3
960 - 25000	500	54	3

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For average radiated emission measurements above 1000 MHz, there is also a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the indicated values in the table is specified when measuring with peak detector function.

RESULTS:

The situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.

All tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz and at distance of 1 m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

The field strength is calculated by adding correction factor to the measured level from the spectrum analyzer. This correction factor includes antenna factor, cable loss and pre-amplifiers gain.

The equipment transmits continuously in the selected channel so it is not necessary a duty cycle correction factor.



Frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

Note: The spurious emissions below 1 GHz do not depend on either the operating channel or the modulation mode selected in the EUT.

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
31.943887	V	Quasi-peak	36.74	±3.8
117.474949	V	Quasi-peak	32.61	±3.8
119.418837	Н	Quasi-peak	32.79	±3.8
166.0721443	V	Quasi-peak	35.56	±3.8
166.0721443	Н	Quasi-peak	36.53	±3.8

Spurious levels operating (radiated) closest to limit.

All other peaks are more than 20 dB below the limit.

Frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz

Modulation: GFSK

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.36232	Н	Peak	51.61	± 4.0
2.30232	Н	Average	41.60	± 4.0
2.441931	Н	Peak	53.45	± 4.0
2.441951	Н	Average	42.78	± 4.0
2.462123	Н	Peak	52.41	± 4.0
2.402123	Н	Average	42.85	± 4.0
2.487350	Н	Peak	50.95	± 4.0
2.407330	Н	Average	40.75	± 4.0
2.521835	Н	Peak	52.96	± 4.0
2.321833	Н	Average	44.08	± 4.0
4.803867	V	Peak	38.74	± 4.0
4.803807	V	Average	30.08	± 4.0



Measurement

Uncertainty (dB) ± 4.0

 ± 4.0

 ± 4.0

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)
	Н	Peak	51.68
2.379780	Н	Average	41.46
	Н	Average	43.13

Η

Η

Н

Н

Η

Η

Н

Н

V

V

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

2.479870

2.499925

2.56000

2.579870

4.880312

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	52.06	± 4.0
2.374860	Н	Average	41.27	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	55.66	± 4.0
2.483501	Н	Average	52.62	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.58	± 4.0
2.520220	Н	Average	42.63	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	53.95	± 4.0
2.600349	Н	Average	42.70	± 4.0
	V	Peak	40.81	± 4.0
4.960272	V	Average	30.37	± 4.0

Peak

Average

Peak

Average

Peak

Average

Peak

Average

Peak

Average

53.75

43.35

52.29

43.13

52.93

43.93

52.49

42.96

40.40

31.21



Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2.361920	Н	Peak	51.15	± 4.0
2.501720	Н	Average	41.20	± 4.0
2.499221	Н	Peak	52.66	± 4.0
2.777221	Н	Average	41.83	± 4.0
0.501.500	Н	Peak	52.63	± 4.0
2.501730	Н	Average	41.92	± 4.0
a 500 00 (Н	Peak	52.66	± 4.0
2.522006	Н	Average	43.34	± 4.0
4.00.400.00	V	Peak	37.79	± 4.0
4.8040362	V	Average	28.91	± 4.0

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	51.99	± 4.0
2.380280	Н	Average	41.32	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.84	± 4.0
2.499850	Н	Average	43.25	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.99	± 4.0
2.559740	Н	Average	42.85	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	53.89	± 4.0
2.579935	Н	Average	42.85	± 4.0
	V	Peak	39.55	± 4.0
4.880140	V	Average	29.66	± 4.0



Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	51.92	± 4.0
2.35990	Н	Average	41.20	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	58.09	± 4.0
2.483512	Н	Average	52.70	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.17	± 4.0
2.519700	Н	Average	42.47	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.86	± 4.0
2.599830	Н	Average	42.66	± 4.0
	V	Peak	38.40	± 4.0
3.187500	V	Average	28.64	± 4.0

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Verdict: PASS

Modulation: 8-DPSK

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	51.61	± 4.0
2.388540	Н	Average	41.38	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.26	± 4.0
2.496547	Н	Average	41.75	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.18	± 4.0
2.522010	Н	Average	42.6	± 4.0



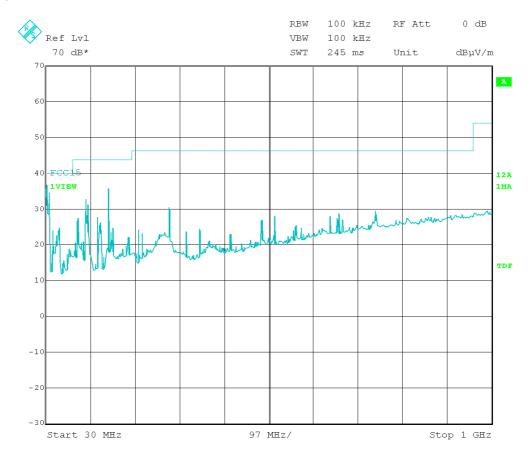
Spurious frequency Polarization Detector Emission Level Measurement Uncertainty (dB) (MHz) $(dB\mu V/m)$ Η Peak 51.44 ± 4.0 2.380300 Η Average ± 4.0 41.38 Н Peak 52.11 ± 4.0 2.499715 Н Average 42.36 ± 4.0 Η Peak 52.81 ± 4.0 2.559810 Η Average 42.19 ± 4.0 Η Peak 53.01 ± 4.0 2.580005 ± 4.0 Н 42.04 Average

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	52.02	± 4.0
2.366520	Н	Average	41.21	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	54.18	± 4.0
2.483500	Н	Average	49.38	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	52.82	± 4.0
2.519807	Н	Average	42.65	± 4.0
2.599930	Н	Peak	52.33	± 4.0
	Н	Average	42.65	± 4.0





FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

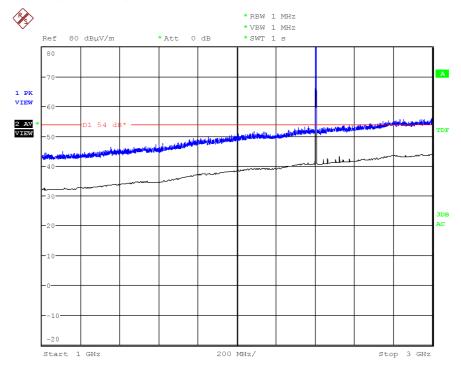
(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).



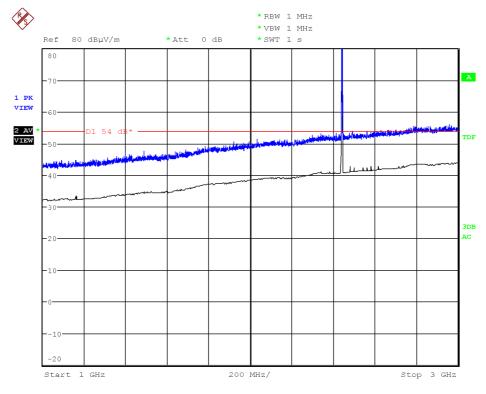
FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz to 3 GHz.

Modulation: GFSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).



Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency. **CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).**





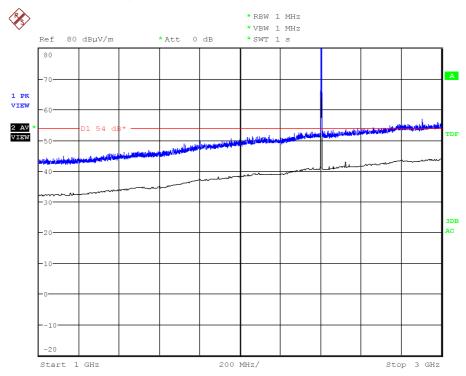
R *RBW 1 MHz *VBW 1 MHz *SWT 1 s Ref 80 dBµV/m *Att 0 dB 80 A 1 PK VIEW 2 AV VIEW D1 54 d TDF 3DB AC -10 Start 1 GHz 200 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz

CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).

Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.

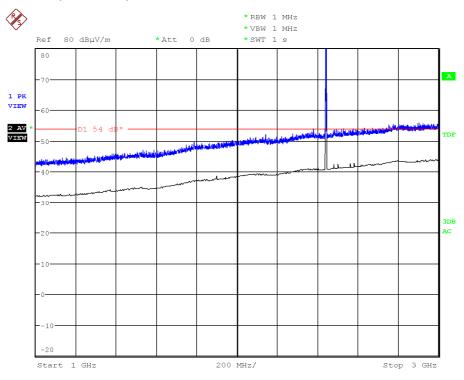
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

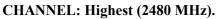


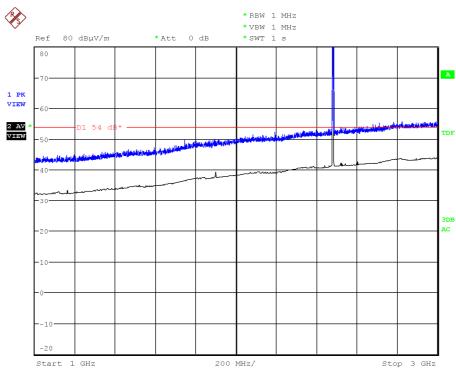


CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



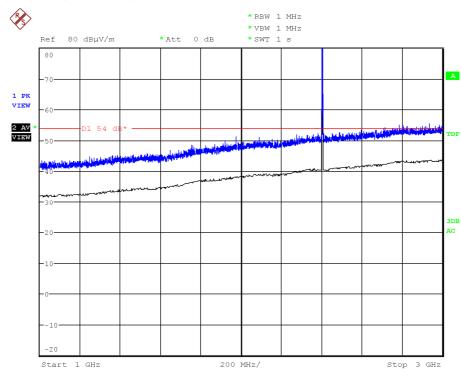
Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.



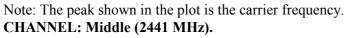


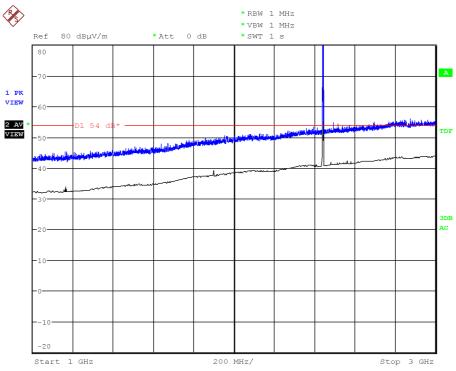


Modulation: 8-DPSK



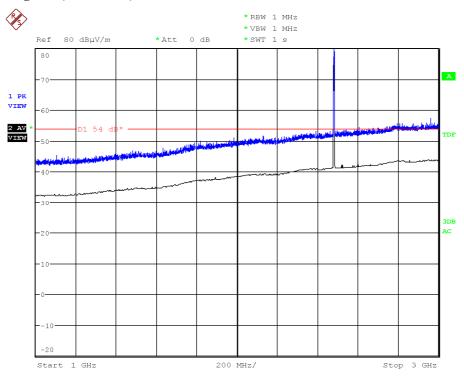
CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).







CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).

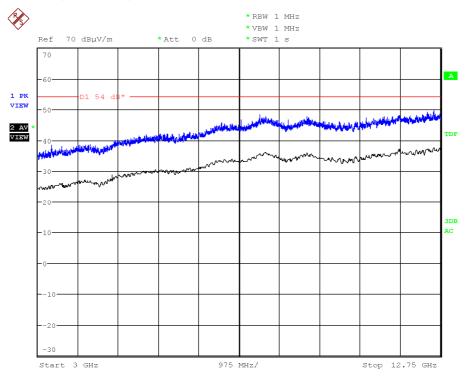




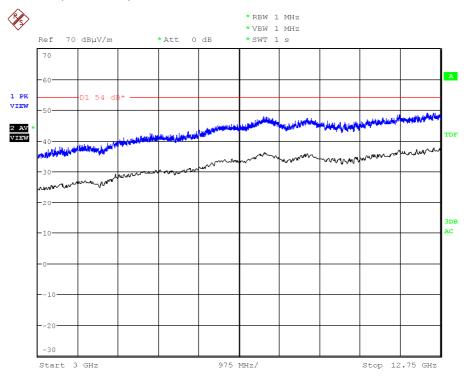
FREQUENCY RANGE 3 GHz to 12.75 GHz.

Modulation: GFSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

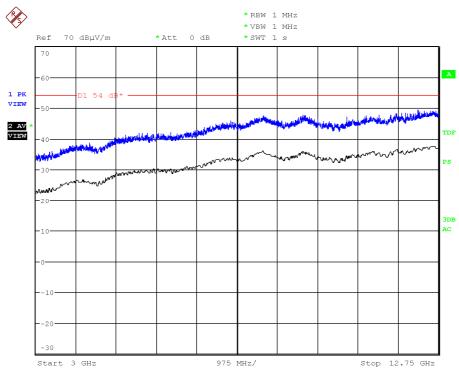


CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



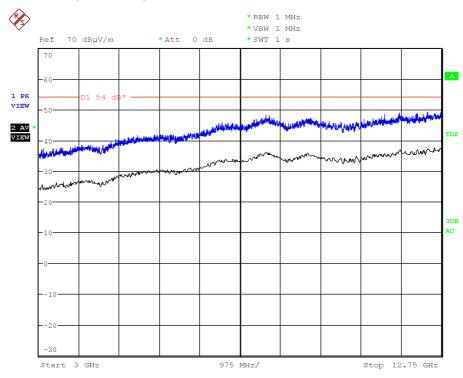


CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



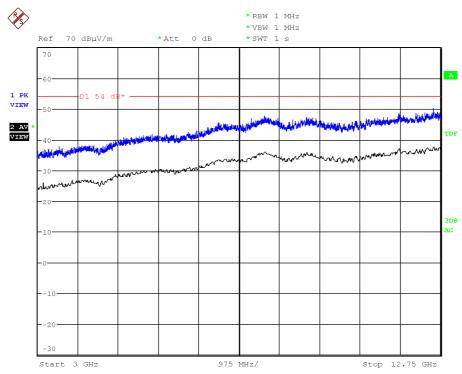
Modulation: П/4-DQPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

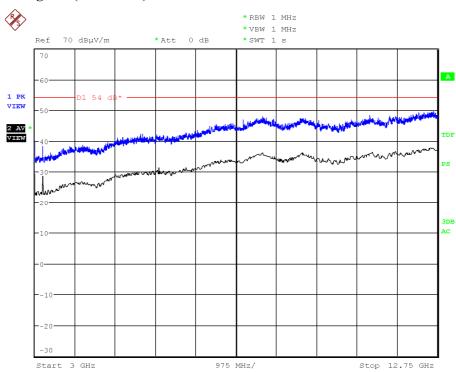




CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).

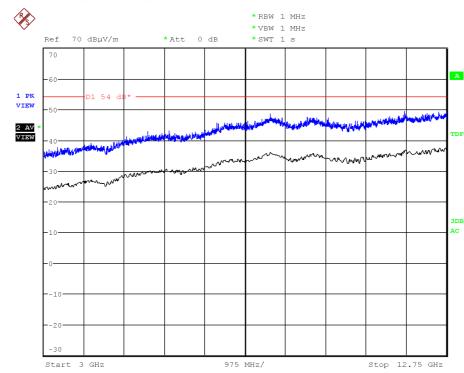


CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



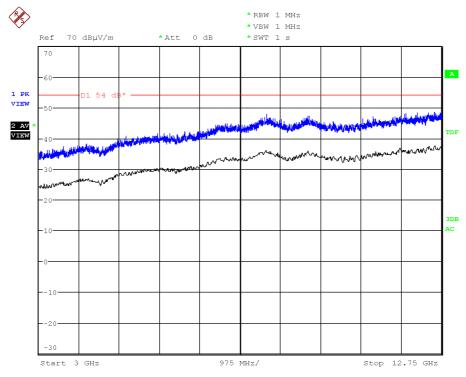


Modulation: 8-DPSK



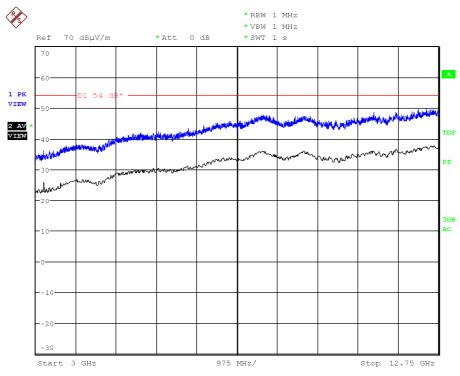
CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).

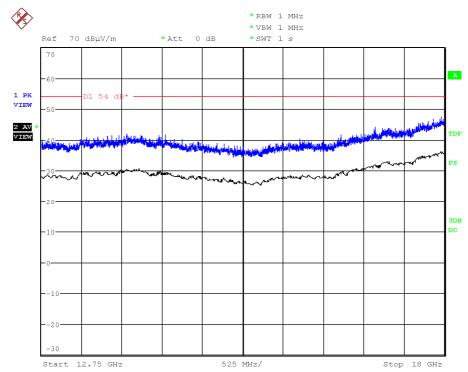




CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



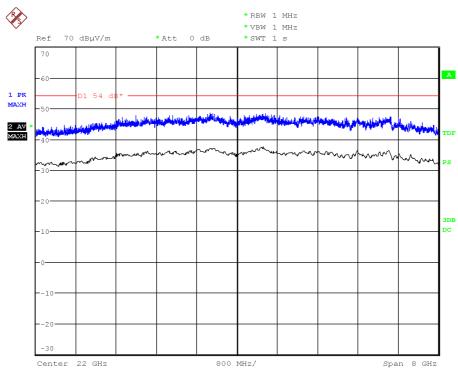




FREQUENCY RANGE 12.75 GHz to 18 GHz.

(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).

FREQUENCY RANGE 18 GHz to 25 GHz.



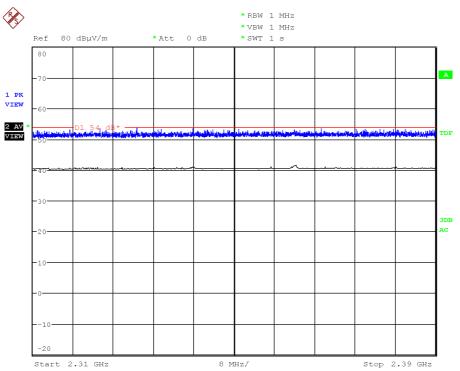
(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).



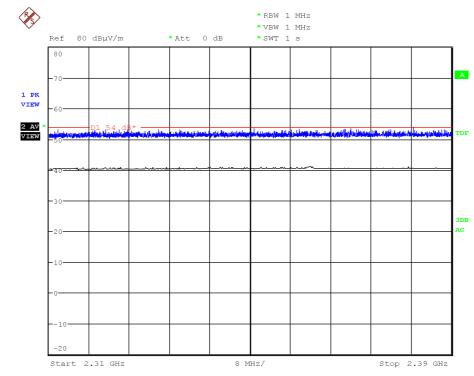
FREQUENCY RANGE 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

CHANNEL: Lowest

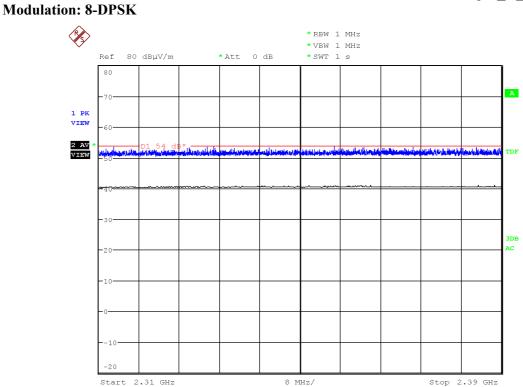
Modulation: GFSK



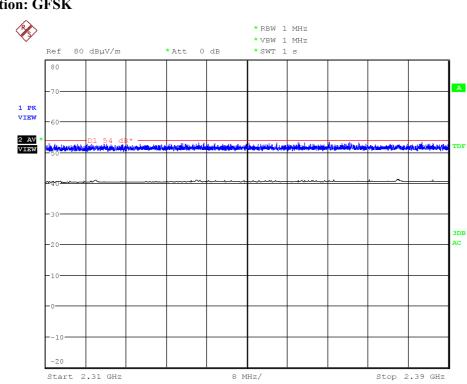
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK





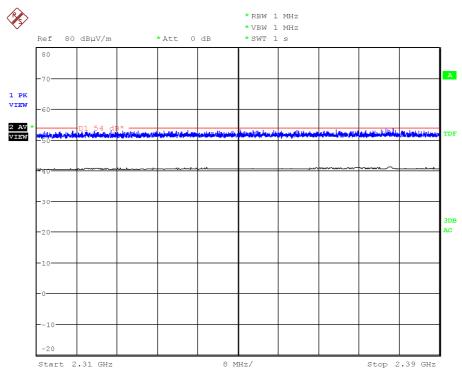


CHANNEL: Middle Modulation: GFSK

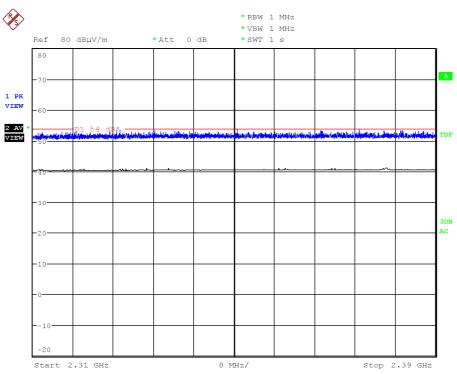




Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

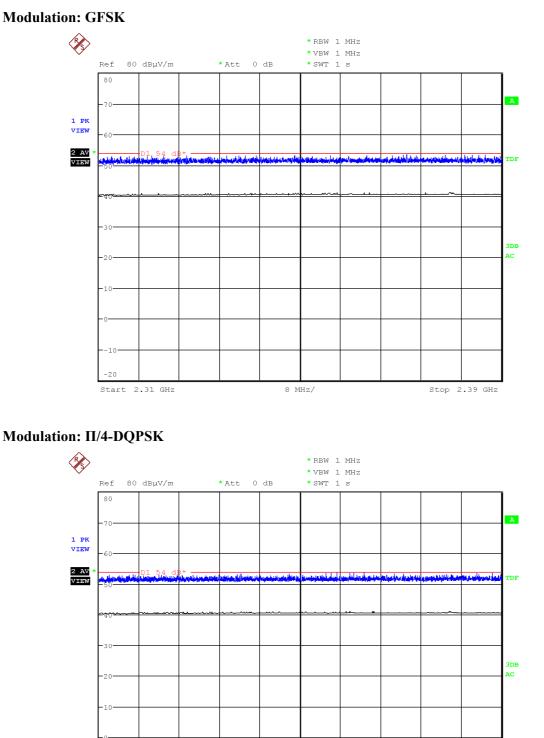


Modulation: 8-DPSK





CHANNEL: Highest



-1

Start 2.31 GHz

8 MHz/

Stop 2.39 GHz

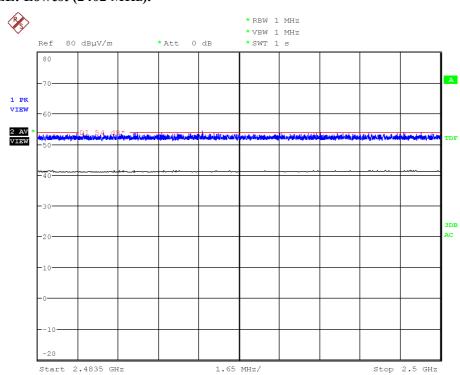


Modulation: 8-DPSK (R) S *RBW 1 MHz *VBW 1 MHz Ref 80 dBµV/m *Att 0 dB *SWT 1 s 80 A 1 PK VIEW 2 AV VIEW TDF 3DB AC -10 -20 Start 2.31 GHz 8 MHz/ Stop 2.39 GHz

Report N°(NIE): 40079RRF.001



FREQUENCY RANGE 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

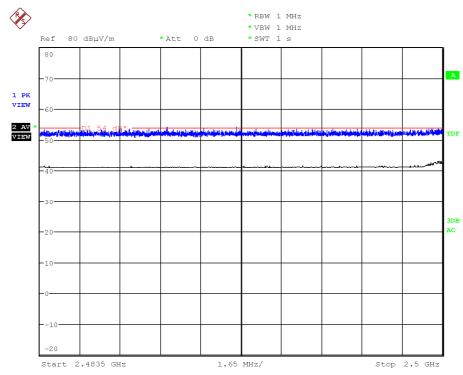


CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

(This plot is valid for all modulation modes).

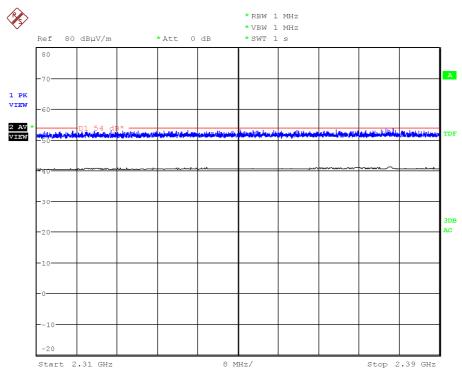
CHANNEL: Middle

Modulation: GFSK

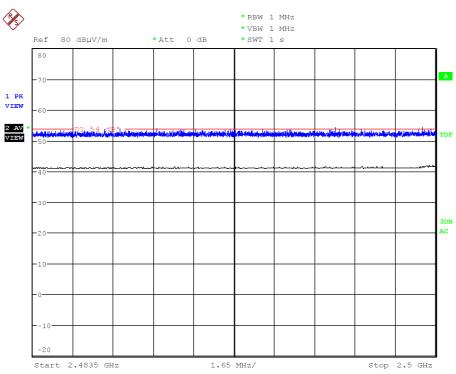




Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

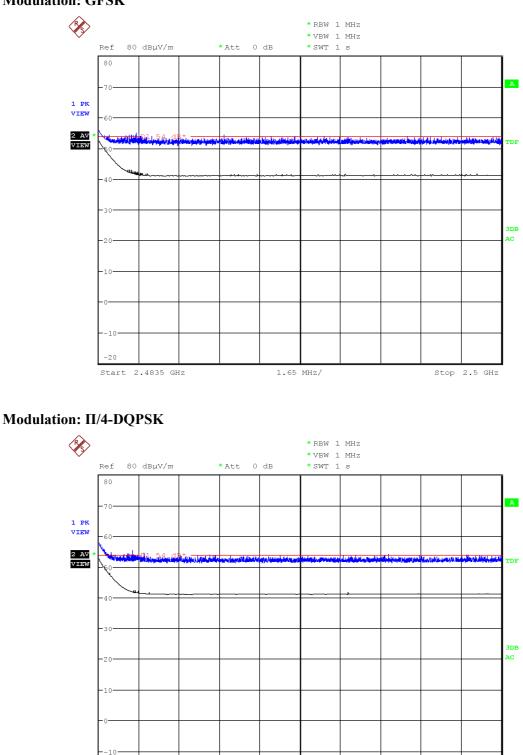


Modulation: 8-DPSK





CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



Modulation: GFSK

Start 2.4835 GHz

1.65 MHz/

Stop 2.5 GHz



Modulation: 8-DPSK

