



Test Certificate

A sample of the following product received on September 21, 2010 and tested on September 29, 2010 complied with the requirements of,

- Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules for Class B digital devices
- Industry Canada Interference Causing Equipment Standard ICES 003, dated February 2004 (Class B)

given the measurement uncertainties detailed in Elliott report R80786 Rev 1.

Intel Corporation

Model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMW)

Mark Briggs
Staff Engineer

Intel Corporation

Printed Name



Testing Cert #2016.01

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EMC Test Report

*Class B
Information Technology Equipment*

*FCC Part 15
Industry Canada ICES 003*

*Model: Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model
100BNHMW)*

FCC ID: PD9100BNH and PD9100BNHU

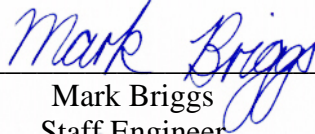
COMPANY: Intel Corporation
100 Center Point Circle Suite 200
Columbia, SC 29210

TEST SITE(S): Elliott Laboratories
41039 Boyce Road.
Fremont, CA. 94538-2435

REPORT DATE: October 19, 2010

FINAL TEST DATES: September 29, 2010

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:



Mark Briggs
Staff Engineer

Elliott Laboratories, An NTS Company



Testing Cert #2016.01

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REVISION HISTORY

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
-	10-06-2010	First release	
1	10-19-2010	Reissued to correct the EUT description table.	Dave Guidotti

TABLE OF CONTENTS

REVISION HISTORY	2
TABLE OF CONTENTS	3
SCOPE.....	4
OBJECTIVE	4
STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE.....	4
DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS.....	4
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY EQUIPMENT EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS	5
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (MAINS PORT)	5
RADIATED EMISSIONS	5
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES.....	5
EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS.....	6
GENERAL.....	6
ENCLOSURE.....	6
MODIFICATIONS	6
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	7
EUT INTERFACE PORTS	7
EUT OPERATION	7
EMISSIONS TESTING	8
GENERAL INFORMATION.....	8
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	8
RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	8
MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION	9
RECEIVER SYSTEM	9
INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER	9
LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN).....	9
IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (ISN)	9
FILTERS/ATTENUATORS	10
ANTENNAS.....	10
ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE.....	10
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION.....	10
TEST PROCEDURES	11
EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT	11
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (MAINS)	11
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (TELECOMMUNICATION PORTS)	11
RADIATED EMISSIONS (SEMI-ANECHOIC AND/OR OATS TEST ENVIRONMENT)	12
Preliminary Scan.....	12
Final Maximization.....	12
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	13
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	13
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS.....	13
APPENDIX A TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA	1
APPENDIX B TEST DATA	2
APPENDIX C TEST CONFIGURATION PHOTOGRAPHS.....	3
APPENDIX D BASIC AND REFERENCE STANDARDS.....	4
SUBPART B OF PART 15 OF FCC RULES FOR DIGITAL DEVICES.	4

SCOPE

Governments and standards organizations around the world have published requirements regarding the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of electronic equipment. Testing has been performed on the Intel Corporation model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMW), pursuant to the following standards.

Standard	Title	Standard Date
FCC Part 15, Subpart B	Radio Frequency Devices	October 2009 as Amended
ICES-003, Issue 4	Digital apparatus	2004

All measurements and evaluations have been in accordance with these specifications, test procedures, and measurement guidelines as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures, and in accordance with the standards referenced therein.

OBJECTIVE

The objective of Intel Corporation is to verify compliance with FCC requirements for digital devices and Canada's requirements for digital devices;

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Intel Corporation model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMW) complied with the requirements of:

Standard/Regulation	Equipment Type/Class	Standard Date
Subpart B of Part 15 of the FCC Rules (CFR title 47)	Class B	2009 as amended
ICES-003, Issue 4	Class B	2004

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of the Intel Corporation model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMW) and therefore apply only to the tested sample(s). The sample was selected and prepared by Steve Hackett of Intel Corporation.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the company. Any modification of the product that could result in increased emissions or susceptibility should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different enclosure, different line filter or power supply, harnessing and/or interface cable changes, etc.).

DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY EQUIPMENT EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS

The following emissions tests were performed on the Intel Corporation model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMW). The measurements were extracted from the data recorded during testing and represent the highest amplitude emissions relative to the specification limits. The complete test data is provided in the appendices of this report.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (MAINS PORT)

Frequency Range Operating Voltage	Standard/Section	Requirement		Margin	Status
0.15-30 MHz, 120V, 60Hz	FCC § 15.107(a) (Class B)	0.15-0.5 MHz: 66-56 dB μ V QP 56-46 dB μ V Av 0.5-5.0 MHz: 56 dB μ V QP 46 dB μ V Av 5.0-30.0 MHz: 60 dB μ V QP 50 dB μ V Av	Measurement 42.7dB μ V @ 1.878MHz	-13.3dB	Complied

RADIATED EMISSIONS

Frequency Range	Standard/Section	Requirement	Measurement	Margin	Status
30-1000 MHz	FCC §15.109(g) Class B	30 – 230, 30 dB μ V/m 230 – 1000, 37 dB μ V/m (10m limit)	32.4dB μ V/m @33.21 MHz	-7.6dB	Complied
Note 1 Testing above 1GHz against FCC 15.109(a) requirements was not required because the highest frequency generated in the digital device (40MHz) is less than 108 MHz.					

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below were calculated using the approach described in CISPR 16-4-2:2003 using a coverage factor of k=2, which gives a level of confidence of approximately 95%. The levels were found to be below levels of U_{cispr} and therefore no adjustment of the data for measurement uncertainty is required.

Measurement Type	Measurement Unit	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty
Conducted Emissions	dBuV or dBuA	150kHz – 30MHz	\pm 2.2 dB
Radiated Electric Field	dBuV/m	30 – 1000 MHz	\pm 3.6 dB
		1000 – 40,000 MHz	\pm 6.0 dB

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS**GENERAL**

The Intel Corporation model Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (model 100BNHMH) is a PCIe Half Mini Card form factor IEEE 802.11b/g/n wireless network adapter that supports 1x1 (SISO).

The Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 is sold under model numbers 100BNHMH and 100BNHU. Model numbers with FCC ID: PD9100BNHU and IC: 1000M-100BNHU are intended for end user installation and operate with a BIOS lock feature to ensure they can only be used in the appropriate host systems to prevent unauthorized operation. Other models are only intended for OEM factory installation.

For radio testing purposes the card was installed in a test fixture that exposed all sides of the card. For digital device testing for certification under equipment code JBP the card was installed inside a laptop PC.

The sample was received on September 21, 2010 and tested on September 29, 2010. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	MAC	FCC ID IC UPN
Intel Corporation	100BNHMH	PCIe Half Mini Card form factor Bluetooth / IEEE 802.11b/g/n wireless network adapter	78929C0023FA	PD9100BNH PD9100BNHU 1000M-100BNH
	100BNHU			1000M-100BNHU

ENCLOSURE

The EUT has no enclosure. It is designed to be installed within the enclosure of a host computer.

MODIFICATIONS

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at Elliott.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as local support equipment for testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Toshiba	Satellite	Laptop (Host)		
HP	Deskjet 5650	Printer	MY3883K442P	DoC
EUT was installed inside the Laptop				

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Airlink	101	Router	AR53007092	MQ4ARM914

EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port		Description	Cable(s) Shielded/Unshielded	Length(m)
From	To			
Ethernet (Host)	Router	Cat 5	Unshielded	10
USB (Host)	Printer	USB	Shielded	1
AC/DC Adapter (Host)	AC Mains	2 wire/ 3wire	Unshielded	1.0/ 1.0

EUT OPERATION

During emissions testing the digital interface to the EUT was active, the laptop was showing a scrolling H pattern and the peripheral interfaces were enabled and active. The EUT (installed inside the system) was actively searching for a network.

EMISSIONS TESTING**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken at the Elliott Laboratories Anechoic Chambers and/or Open Area Test Site(s) listed below. The test sites contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. The sites conform to the requirements of ANSI C63.4: 2003 *American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz* and CISPR 16-1-4:2007 - *Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus Ancillary equipment Radiated disturbances*. They are registered with the VCCI and are on file with the FCC and industry Canada.

Site	Registration Numbers			Location
	VCCI	FCC	Canada	
Chamber 5	R-1685 G-56 C-1797 T-1641	211948	IC 2845B-5	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements.

Emissions measurements were made with the EUT powered from a supply voltage within the expected tolerances of each nominal operating voltage/frequency for each geographical regions covered by the scope of the standards referenced in this report.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 22.

Mains port measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

Telecommunication port measurements are made with the network cable connected through an ISN appropriate to the type of cable employed.

RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiated measurements made in a non-anechoic shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an Open Area Test Site or semi-anechoic chamber, as defined in ANSI C63.4. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines.

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1:2006 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 7 GHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000 MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz.

INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer runs automated data collection programs that control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted emission measurements utilize a fifty micro-Henry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250-uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio-frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low-pass and high-pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (ISN)

Telecommunication port conducted emission measurements utilize an Impedance Stabilization Network with a 150-ohm termination impedance and specific longitudinal conversion loss as the voltage monitoring point. This network provides for calibrated radio-frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal circuitry on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively. For current measurements, a current probe with a uniform frequency response and less than 1-ohm insertion impedance is used.

FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high-amplitude transient events.

ANTENNAS

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the entire 30 to 1000 MHz frequency range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors that are programmed into the test receivers.

ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

ANSI C63.4 specifies that the test height above ground for table-mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor-mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material up to 12-mm thick if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the company's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An appendix of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

TEST PROCEDURES

EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The standards require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.4, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (MAINS)

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest-amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak-mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord. Emissions that have peak values close to the specification limit are also measured in the quasi-peak and average detection modes to determine compliance except when the amplitude of the emission when measured with the quasi-peak detector is more than 10 dB below the specification limit for average measurements. In this case only quasi-peak measurements are performed.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS (TELECOMMUNICATION PORTS)

Conducted emissions voltages are measured at a point 80 cm from the EUT. If conducted emission currents are measured, the current probe is located 70 cm from the EUT. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest-amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak-mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted. Emissions that have peak values close to the specification limit are also measured in the quasi-peak and average detection modes to determine compliance except when the amplitude of the emission when measured with the quasi-peak detector is more than 10 dB below the specification limit for average measurements. In this case only quasi-peak measurements are performed.

RADIATED EMISSIONS (SEMI-ANECHOIC and/or OATS TEST ENVIRONMENT)

Radiated emissions measurements in a semi-anechoic environment are performed in two phases (preliminary scan and final maximization). Final maximization may be performed on an OATS.

Preliminary Scan

A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed from 30 MHz up to the frequency required by the regulations specified on page 1. One or more of these are performed with the antenna polarized vertically and one or more of these are performed with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions if required. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near-field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final Maximization

During final maximization, the highest-amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth that results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters. The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain. Emissions that have values close to the specification limit may also be measured with a tuned dipole antenna to determine compliance.

For measurements above 1GHz every effort is made to ensure the EUT remains within the cone of radiation of the measurement antenna (i.e. 3dB beam-width of the antenna). This may include rotating the product and/or angling the measurement antenna.

When Testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1 meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5m. Maximum emissions are found within this restricted range because emission levels decrease over distance and as the antenna is raised above 2.5m, the distance from the EUT increases. As a result of the increased measurement distance, at antenna heights above 2.5m, lower emission levels are measured as compared to emissions levels measured at antenna heights at 2.5m and below.

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form). The calculation is as follows:

$$R_r - S = M$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} R_r &= \text{Receiver Reading in dBuV} \\ S &= \text{Specification Limit in dBuV} \\ M &= \text{Margin to Specification in +/- dB} \end{aligned}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements. A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} F_d &= \text{Distance Factor in dB} \\ D_m &= \text{Measurement Distance in meters} \\ D_s &= \text{Specification Distance in meters} \end{aligned}$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} R_r &= \text{Receiver Reading in dBuV/m} \\ F_d &= \text{Distance Factor in dB} \\ R_c &= \text{Corrected Reading in dBuV/m} \\ L_s &= \text{Specification Limit in dBuV/m} \\ M &= \text{Margin in dB Relative to Spec} \end{aligned}$$

Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data**Conducted Emissions - AC Power Ports, 29-Sep-10**

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
EMCO	LISN, 10 kHz-100 MHz	3825/2	1292	3/12/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	Pulse Limiter	ESH3 Z2	1401	4/20/2011
Fischer Custom Comm.	LISN, 50uH, 25 Amps, Dual Line	FCC-LISN-50/250- 25-2-01	1575	4/19/2011
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1756	3/16/2011

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1,000 MHz, 29-Sep-10

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Hewlett Packard	Preamplifier, 100 kHz - 1.3 GHz	8447E	1606	4/29/2011
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	1657	5/28/2012
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1756	3/16/2011

Appendix B Test Data

T80637 7 Pages



EMC Test Data

Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Emissions Standard(s):	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B
Immunity Standard(s):	-	Environment:	-

EMC Test Data

For The

Intel Corporation

Model

Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)

Date of Last Test: 9/30/2010

Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Radiated Emissions - Digital Device (PC Peripheral)

(Elliott Laboratories Fremont Facility, Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 9/29/2010	Config. Used: 1
Test Engineer: Mehran Birgani	Config Change: None
Test Location: Chamber #5	EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

General Test Configuration

The EUT and any local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated emissions testing. Any remote support equipment was located outside the semi-anechoic chamber. Any cables running to remote support equipment were routed through metal conduit and when possible passed through a ferrite clamp upon exiting the chamber.

The test distance and extrapolation factor (if applicable) are detailed under each run description.

Note, preliminary testing indicates that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT and elevation of the measurement antenna. Maximized testing indicated that the emissions were maximized by orientation of the EUT, elevation of the measurement antenna, and manipulation of the EUT's interface cables.

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature:	22-27 °C
Rel. Humidity:	40-50 %

Summary of Results

MAC Address: 78929C0023FA Driver version 14.0.0.103

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	Radiated Emissions 30 - 1000 MHz	FCC Class B	PASS	32.4dBµV/m @ 33.21MHz (-7.6dB)

Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

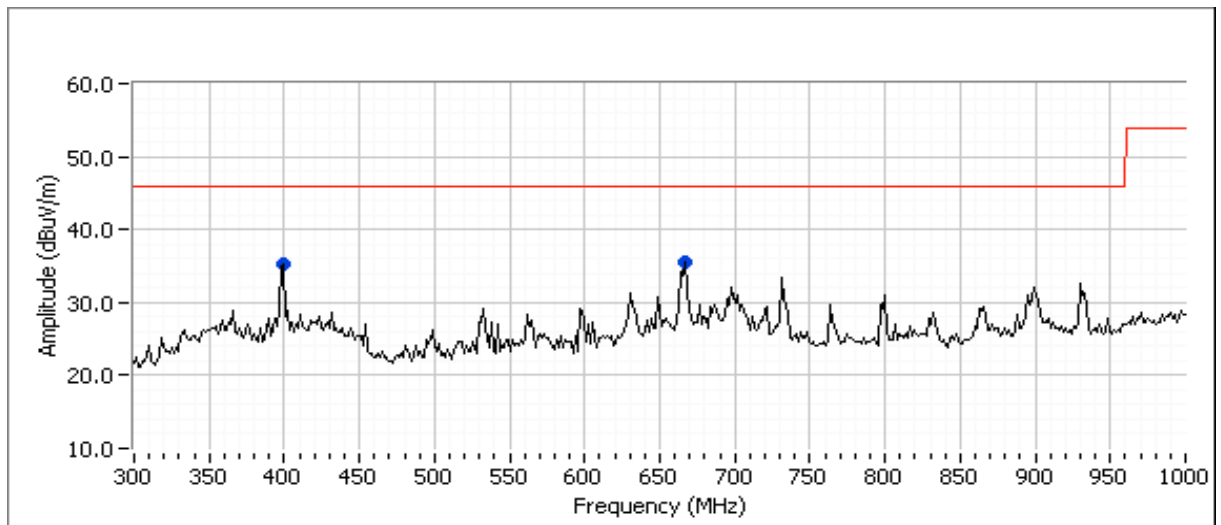
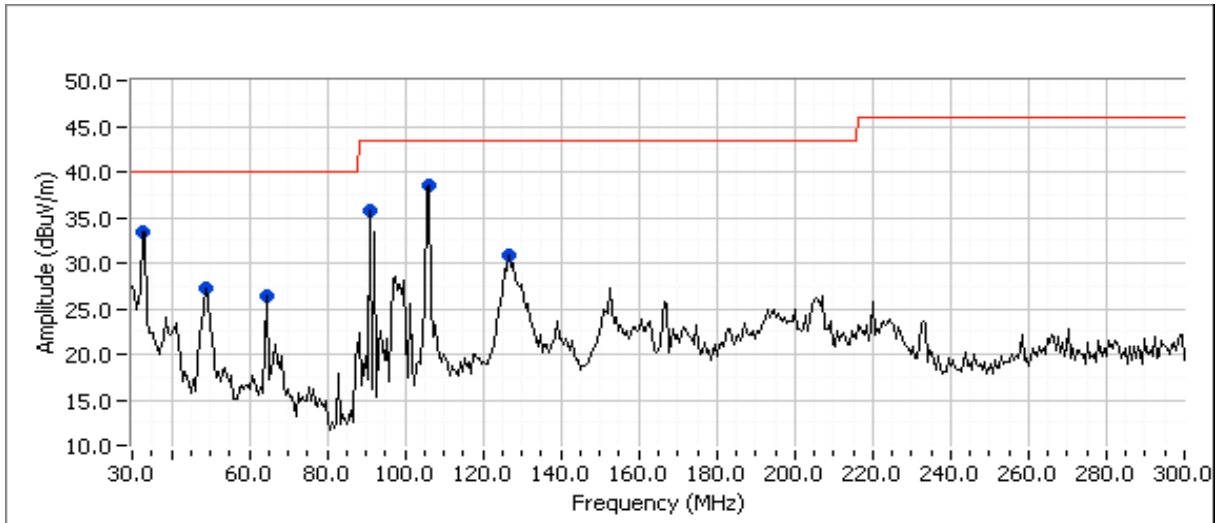
Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

Frequency Range	Test Distance	Limit Distance	Extrapolation Factor
30 - 1000 MHz	3	3	0.0

Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Run #1: Preliminary Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1000 MHz



Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Run #1: Continued

Preliminary peak readings captured during pre-scan

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC Class B		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h			Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
106.082	38.6	V	43.5	-4.9	Peak	104	1.5	
33.208	33.3	V	40.0	-6.7	Peak	254	1.0	
92.295	35.8	V	43.5	-7.7	Peak	148	1.0	
665.821	35.6	H	46.0	-10.4	Peak	191	1.5	
399.321	35.3	V	46.0	-10.7	Peak	293	1.5	
127.987	30.9	V	43.5	-12.6	Peak	103	1.0	
49.805	27.2	V	40.0	-12.8	Peak	341	1.0	
67.135	26.4	V	40.0	-13.6	Peak	211	1.0	

Preliminary quasi-peak readings (no manipulation of EUT interface cables)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC Class B		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h			Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
33.208	32.4	V	40.0	-7.6	QP	234	1.0	
106.082	35.8	V	43.5	-7.7	QP	154	1.0	
92.295	31.0	V	43.5	-12.5	QP	185	1.0	
665.821	32.3	H	46.0	-13.7	QP	177	1.3	
127.987	27.7	V	43.5	-15.8	QP	97	1.0	
49.805	22.8	V	40.0	-17.2	QP	321	1.0	
399.321	28.6	V	46.0	-17.4	QP	264	1.2	
67.135	14.0	V	40.0	-26.0	QP	175	1.0	

Run #2: Maximized Readings From Run #1

Maximized quasi-peak readings (includes manipulation of EUT interface cables)

Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC Class B		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
			Limit	Margin				
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h			Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
33.208	32.4	V	40.0	-7.6	QP	234	1.0	
49.805	22.8	V	40.0	-17.2	QP	321	1.0	
92.295	31.0	V	43.5	-12.5	QP	185	1.0	
106.082	35.8	V	43.5	-7.7	QP	154	1.0	
127.987	27.7	V	43.5	-15.8	QP	97	1.0	
665.821	32.3	H	46.0	-13.7	QP	177	1.3	

Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
		Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Contact:	-		
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Conducted Emissions - JBP (Digital Device, Card Installed in PC)

(Elliott Laboratories Fremont Facility, Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 9/29/2010
 Test Engineer: Mehran Birgani
 Test Location: Chamber #5

Config. Used: 1
 Config Change: None
 EUT Voltage: 120V/60Hz

General Test Configuration

The test fixture was located on a wooden table inside the semi-anechoic chamber, 40 cm from a vertical coupling plane and 80cm from the LISN. A second LISN was used for all local support equipment.

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 22-27 °C
 Rel. Humidity: 40-50 %

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Result	Margin
1	CE, AC Power, 120V/60Hz	RSS 210 / 15.207	PASS	42.7dBµV @ 1.878MHz (-13.3dB)

Modifications Made During Testing

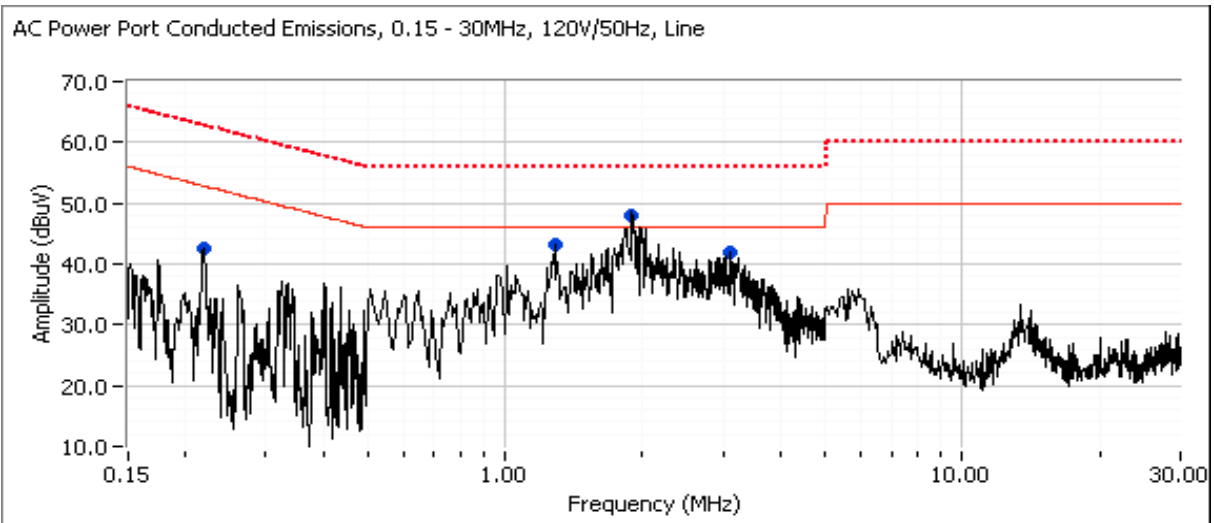
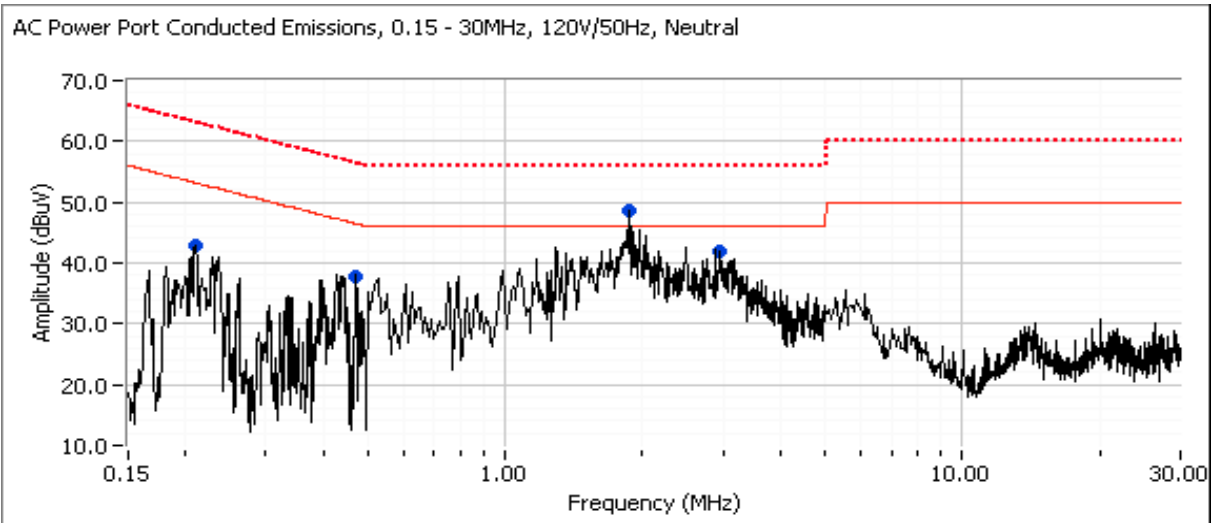
No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Run #1: AC Power Port Conducted Emissions, 0.15 - 30MHz, 120V/50Hz



Client:	Intel Corporation	Job Number:	J80617
Model:	Intel® Centrino® Wireless-N 100 (Models 100BNHMW and 100BNHU)	T-Log Number:	T80637
Contact:	-	Account Manager:	Christine Krebill
Standard:	FCC 15.247, RSS 210, FCC 15 B	Class:	B

Run #1: AC Power Port Conducted Emissions, 0.15 - 30MHz, 120V/50Hz
Preliminary peak readings captured during pre-scan (peak readings vs. average limit)

Frequency MHz	Level dB μ V	AC Line	Class B		Detector QP/Ave	Comments
			Limit	Margin		
1.863	48.5	Neutral	46.0	2.5	Peak	
1.878	48.1	Line	46.0	2.1	Peak	
1.278	43.1	Line	46.0	-2.9	Peak	
3.089	42.0	Line	46.0	-4.0	Peak	
2.930	41.9	Neutral	46.0	-4.1	Peak	
0.473	37.9	Neutral	46.5	-8.6	Peak	
0.210	42.9	Neutral	53.2	-10.3	Peak	
0.218	42.4	Line	52.9	-10.5	Peak	

Final quasi-peak and average readings

Frequency MHz	Level dB μ V	AC Line	Class B		Detector QP/Ave	Comments
			Limit	Margin		
0.210	26.0	Neutral	53.2	-27.2	AVG	
0.218	30.0	Line	52.9	-22.9	AVG	
0.473	14.9	Neutral	46.5	-31.6	AVG	
1.278	24.1	Line	46.0	-21.9	AVG	
1.863	30.6	Neutral	46.0	-15.4	AVG	
1.878	30.4	Line	46.0	-15.6	AVG	
2.930	26.8	Neutral	46.0	-19.2	AVG	
3.089	26.9	Line	46.0	-19.1	AVG	
0.210	40.5	Neutral	63.2	-22.7	QP	
0.218	44.6	Line	62.9	-18.3	QP	
0.473	33.1	Neutral	56.5	-23.4	QP	
1.278	36.7	Line	56.0	-19.3	QP	
1.863	42.4	Neutral	56.0	-13.6	QP	
1.878	42.7	Line	56.0	-13.3	QP	
2.930	36.2	Neutral	56.0	-19.8	QP	
3.089	36.0	Line	56.0	-20.0	QP	

Appendix C Test Configuration Photographs

Uploaded as a separate exhibit

Appendix D Basic and Reference Standards

Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules for digital devices.

FCC Part 15 Subpart B references the use of ANSI C63.4–2003: “*Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz*” for the purposes of evaluating the radiated and conducted emissions from digital devices.