

Measurement of MPE

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an *Anechoic chamber*. The *maximum total power to the antenna* is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the *power gain of the antenna*, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

EUT	:	Wireless LAN PC Card
Classification	:	Portable Device
		(i) Under normal use condition, the antenna is at least 5cm away from the user;
		(ii) Warning statement for keeping 5cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to the person has been printed in the user's manual
Model No.	:	C100 / C100A
Granted FCC ID	:	PB6-02012
Frequency Range	:	2.412 GHz ~ 2.462GHz
Antenna Kit	:	1 internal printed integral antenna / 1 external dipole antenna
		(C100 with printed integral antenna; and C100A with external dipole antenna made by Antenniques)
Supported Channel:		11 Channel
Modulation Skill	:	DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK
Power Type	:	Powered by the PCMCIA slot of the client device
Applicant	:	TeLLUS Group Corp.
		4/F, No.15, Industry E. Rd. IX, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu 300, Taiwan, R.O.C.

3. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	900/f ²	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	--	--	f/300	6
1500-100,000	--	--	5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	180/f ²	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	--	--	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	--	--	1.0	30

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to **OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999**, equation for predicting RF fields, by the **Friis Transmission Formula**:

$$\text{Power density at the specific separation (portable): } S = \frac{PG}{4P R^2} = \frac{13.49 \times 1.585}{4P(5)^2} = 6.806 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mW / cm}^2$$

$$\text{Estimated safe separation: } R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4P}} = \sqrt{\frac{13.49 \times 1.585}{4P}} = 1.304 \text{ cm}$$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 1.304 cm."

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The Numeric gain G of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

$$G = \text{Log}^{-1} (\text{dB antenna gain}/10)$$

$$G = \text{Log}^{-1} (2 / 10) = 1.585$$