

EMC Test Report Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization pursuant to Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2 / RSS 210 Issue 7 FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Model: P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009)

IC CERTIFICATION #: 6384A-1592TRIP FCC ID: PAV1592

> APPLICANT: Griffin Technology 1930 Air Lane Drive Nashville, TN 37210

TEST SITE(S): Elliott Laboratories 41039 Boyce Road. Fremont, CA. 94538-2435

IC SITE REGISTRATION #: 2845B-3

REPORT DATE: November 23, 2009

FINAL TEST DATES: October 20, 2009

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:

Mark E. Hill Staff Engineer Elliott Laboratories



Testing Cert #2016-01

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REVISION HISTORY

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
-	December 8, 2009	First release	

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SCOPE

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Griffin Technology model P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009), pursuant to the following rules:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2 RSS 210 Issue 7 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in Elliott Laboratories test procedures:

ANSI C63.4:2003

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Griffin Technology model P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009) complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 2 RSS 210 Issue 7 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment" FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Griffin Technology model P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009) and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Michael O'Connor of Griffin Technology.

DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 88-108 MHz FM BAND

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.239 (a)	RSS 210 A2.8	Bandwidth and operating range	164 kHz	Bandwidth less than 200kHz contained in the 88 – 108 MHz band	
15.239 (b)	RSS 210 A2.8 (1)	Fundamental Field Strength	47.9dBµV/m @ 98.100MHz (-0.1dB)	250uV/m at 3m	Complies
15.239 (c) / 15.209	RSS 210 Table 2	Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 – 1080 MHz	43.5dBµV/m @ 117.016MHz (-8.7dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	The antenna is integral to the device.		Complies
15.109	RSS GEN 7.2.3 Table 1	Receiver spurious emissions	43.5dBµV/m @ 117.016MHz (- 8.7dB)	Refer to table in limits section	Complies - Note 2
15.207	RSS GEN Table 2	AC Conducted Emissions	-	-	N/A – Note 1
15.247 (b) (5) 15.407 (f)	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	RSS 102 declaration and User Manual statements.	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1 and RSS 102	Complies
-	RSP 100 RSS GEN 4.4.1	99% Bandwidth	136kHz	Information only	N/A

Note 1 - Note 1- The EUT is powered from a 12VDC automotive cigarette lighter adapter. The P1592 does pass power thru to the iPod for charging of the iPod.

Note 2 – Preliminary testing showed that the emissions during receive operation were equal to or less than the emissions during the transmit operation.

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions Radiated Emissions Radiated Emissions	0.15 to 30 0.015 to 30 30 to 1000 1000 to 40000	$\pm 2.4 \\ \pm 3.0 \\ \pm 3.6 \\ \pm 6.0$

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

GENERAL

The Griffin Technology model P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009) is a portable FM transmitter that is designed to transmit audio information from an iPod. For this testing, the EUT was placed on a table-top. The EUT is powered via the 12V automobile power outlet.

The sample was received on October 20, 2009 and tested on October 20, 2009. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Griffin	P1592	FM Transmitter	N/A	PAV1592

ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna is integral to the device.

ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of plastic. It measures approximately 6cm wide by 27cm deep by 4cm high.

MODIFICATIONS

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at Elliott.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as support equipment for testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Apple	Nano	iPod	-	-
Hewlett Packard	-	DC Power	-	-
		Supply		

No remote support equipment was used during testing.

EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

Port	Connected	Cable(s)		
Folt	То	Description	Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
iPod	iPod	iPod cable	Unshielded	0.5
DC Power	Power Supply	2Wire	Unshielded	1.0

EUT OPERATION

During emissions testing the EUT was configured to continuously transmit a typical audio file. The audio file was comprised of instrumental music. The user controls were adjusted during preliminary testing to show that they have no influence on the final results.

TEST SITE

GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken on October 20, 2009 at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Registration Numbers		Location
Site	FCC	Canada	
Chamber 4	211948	2845B-4	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

ANSI C63.4:2003 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003.

RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4:2003 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003.

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

ANTENNAS

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a nonconductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.4:2003 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

TEST PROCEDURES

EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.4:2003, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

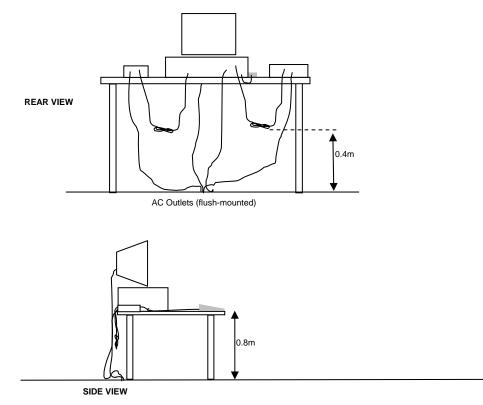
RADIATED EMISSIONS

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

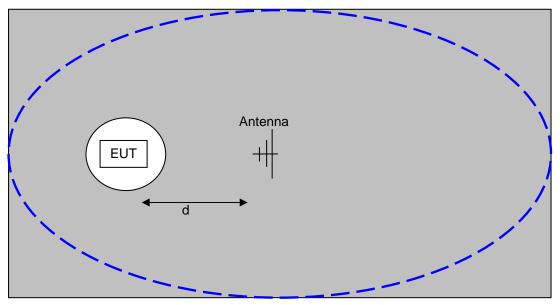
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

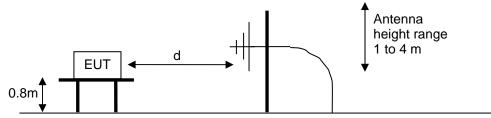
When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1 meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.



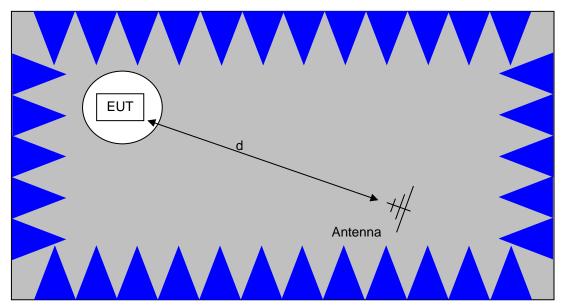
Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements



The ground plane extends beyond the ellipse defined in CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 and is large enough to accommodate test distances (d) of 3m and 10m. Refer to the test data tables for the actual measurement distance.

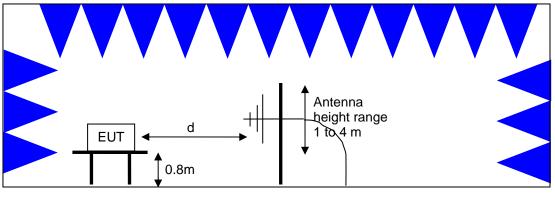


<u>Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements</u> <u>OATS- Plan and Side Views</u>



The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



<u>Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements</u> <u>Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views</u>

BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS

The 6dB, 20dB and/or 26dB signal bandwidth is measured in using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.4. When required, the 99% bandwidth is measured using the methods detailed in RSS GEN.

SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands¹ (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F _{KHz} @ 300m	67.6-20*log ₁₀ (F _{KHz}) @ 300m
0.490-1.705	24000/F _{KHz} @ 30m	87.6-20*log ₁₀ (F _{KHz}) @ 30m
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

RADIATEDFUNDAMENTAL & SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS – 15.239 and RSS 210 A2.9

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit for Fundamental @ 3m	Limit for all signals outside of the occupied bandwidth @ 3m
88 - 108	250 uV/m 48 dBuV/m	General limits apply
The ecoupied be	andwidth is limited to 2001	Ju-

The occupied bandwidth is limited to 200kHz. RSS 210 allows the fundamental field strength to be 1000uV/m at 30m at these specific frequencies 88.1; 88.3; 88.5; 107.7; 107.9 MHz for FM devices.

¹ The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.205, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

 F_d = Distance Factor in dB D_m = Measurement Distance in meters D_s = Specification Distance in meters

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40*LOG_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

 $R_c = R_r + F_d$

 $M = R_c - L_s$

where:

and

 R_r = Receiver Reading in dBuV/m

- F_d = Distance Factor in dB
- R_c = Corrected Reading in dBuV/m
- L_S = Specification Limit in dBuV/m
- M = Margin in dB Relative to Spec

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of 3m from the equipment under test:

 $E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{3}$ microvolts per meter 3 where P is the eirp (Watts)

Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1,000 MHz, 20-Oct-09 Engineer: Rafael Varelas

<u>Manufacturer</u>	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	1549	04-Jun-10
Hewlett Packard	Preamplifier, 100 kHz - 1.3 GHz	8447E	1606	30-Apr-10
Rohde & Schwarz	Test Receiver, 9 kHz-2750 MHz	ESCS 30	1337	30-Oct-09

Appendix B Test Data

T77173 9 Pages

Elliott

EMC Test Data

Client:	Griffin Technology	Job Number:	J77123
Model:	P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009)	Test-Log Number:	T77173
		Project Manager:	Sheareen
Contact:	Jeff Altheide		
Emissions Spec:	FCC 15.239	Class:	В
Immunity Spec:	-	Environment:	-

EMC Test Data

For The

Griffin Technology

Model

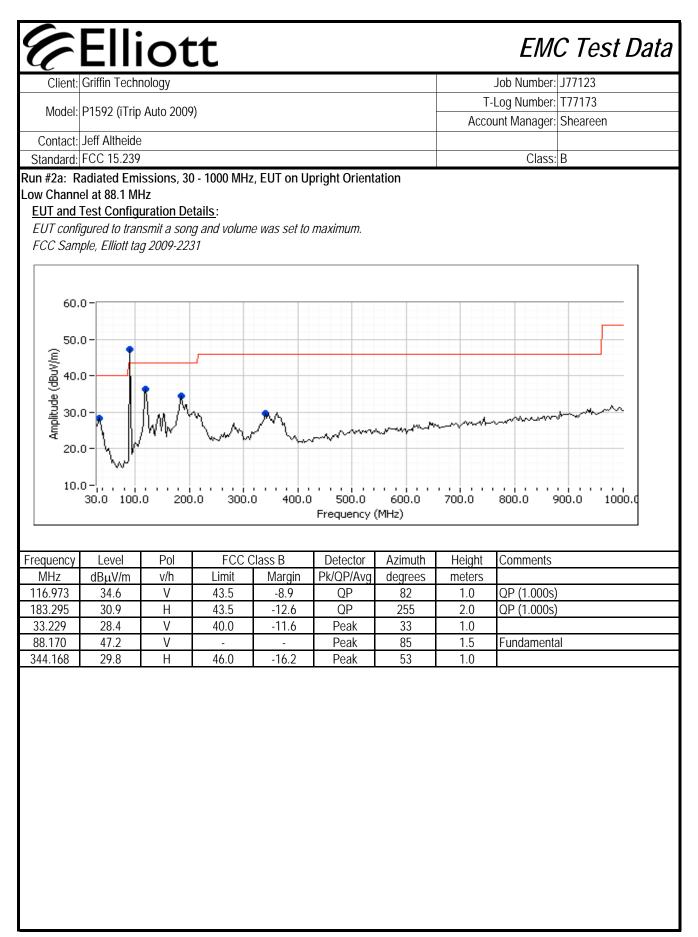
P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009)

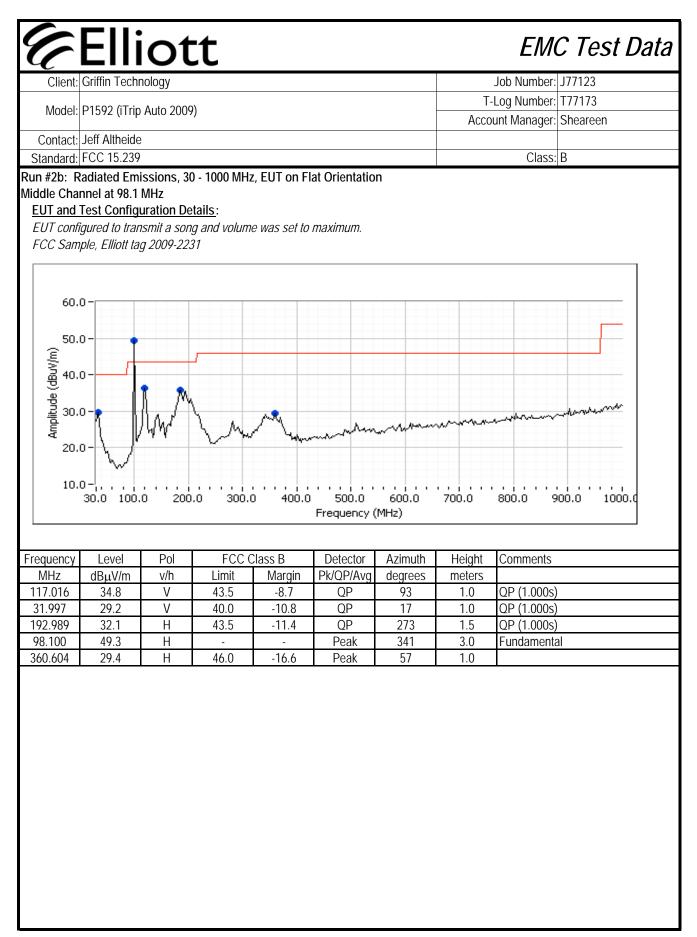
Date of Last Test: 11/23/2009

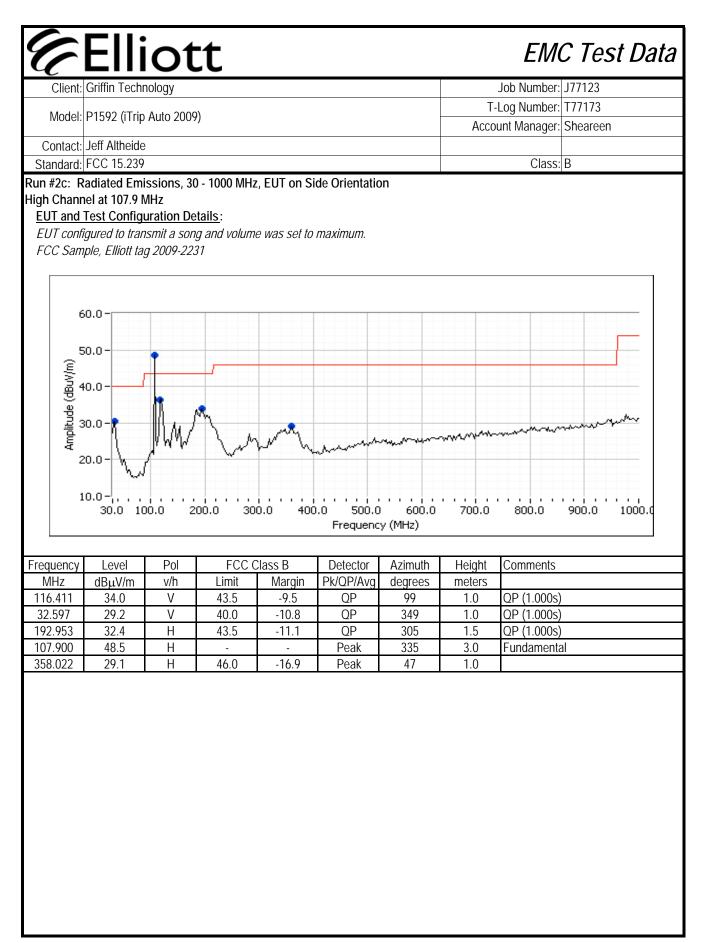
Client: Griffin Tech				Job Number:	177102
				Log Number:	
Model: P1592 (iTrip	-			unt Manager:	
Contact: Jeff Altheide Standard: FCC 15.239				Class:	B
Standard. 1 00 10.20				010001	
	Radiate (Elliott Laboratories Fremo	ed Emission nt Facility, Semi-	-	chamber)	
Fest Specific Detail	ls				
•	The objective of this test session is to specification listed above.	perform engineering	evaluation tes	ting of the EU	T with respect to
5	10/20/2009 Rafael Varelas Fremont Chamber #4	d: 1 e: None e: 12Vdc			
antenna. Maximized	ting indicates that the emissions were testing indicated that the emissions we	5			
antenna, <u>and</u> manipula Ambient Condition	ation of the EUT's interface cables. s: Temperature: Rel. Humidity:	23.1 °C 43 %			
	s: Temperature: Rel. Humidity:				
Ambient Condition	s: Temperature: Rel. Humidity:		Result	Maru	
ambient Condition	s: Temperature: Rel. Humidity:	43 %	Result Pass	47.9dBµ	iV/m@
Ambient Condition Summary of Result Run #	s: Temperature: Rel. Humidity: ts Test Performed	43 % Limit			iV/m @ z (-0.1dB) iV/m @

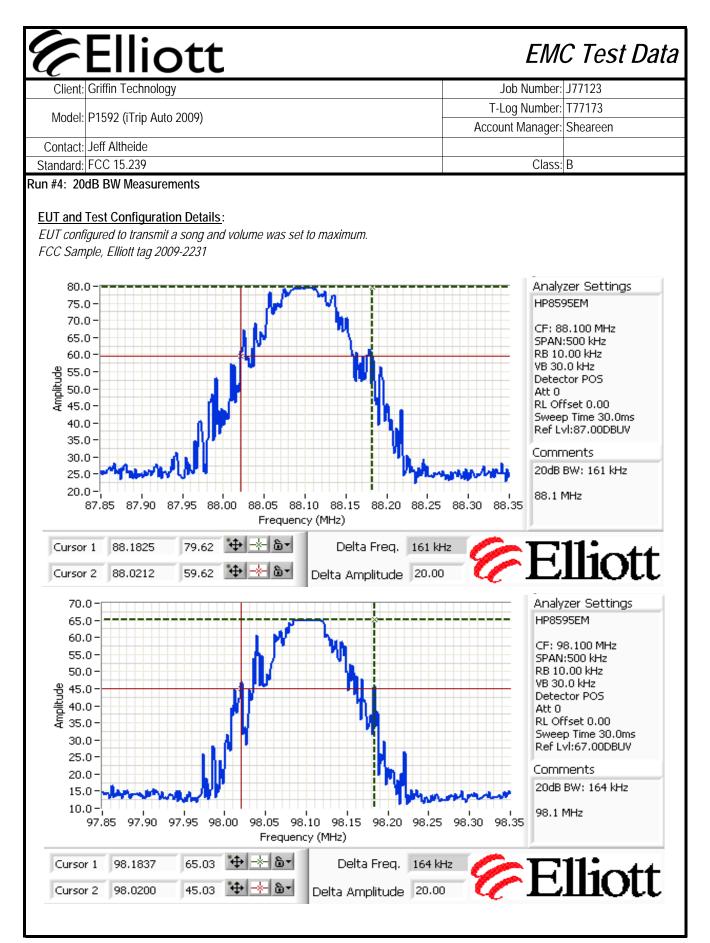
Y	Elli	Ol	L					EIVIC	C Test
	Griffin Techr							Job Number:	J77123
Model	D1502 /iTrin	Auto 2000))				T	Log Number:	T77173
	: P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009)						Acco	unt Manager:	Sheareen
	Jeff Altheide								
Standard: FCC 15.239							Class:	В	
	Indamental								
	Date of Test:					onfig. Used:			
	Test Engineer: Rafael Varelas Config Change: Test Location: Fremont Chamber #4 EUT Voltage:								
					E	UT Voltage:	IZVUC		
-	Test Config								
	figured to tran		•	e was set to	maximum.				
	nple, Elliott ta		37						
	tal Measuren		F00	15 000	Dotostar	ماند. ماند	الما ي	Commercial	
Frequency		Pol v/h	FCC Limit	15.239 Margin	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments	
MHz EUT Flat	dBµV/m	V/[]		Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	+	
88.100	46.3	Н	48.0	-1.7	AVG	342	2.2	Setting = 41	
88.100	46.1	V	48.0	-1.7	AVG	111	1.3	Setting = 41	
98.100	47.9	Ĥ	48.0	-0.1	AVG	335	1.8	Setting = 61	
98.100	46.1	V	48.0	-1.9	AVG	149	1.0	Setting = 61	
107.900	47.9	Н	48.0	-0.1	AVG	144	3.0	Setting = 70	
107.900	41.2	V	48.0	-6.8	AVG	140	1.0	Setting = 70	
EUT Side									
88.100	46.1	Н	48.0	-1.9	AVG	337	2.1	Setting = 41	
88.100	45.8	V	48.0	-2.2	AVG	117	1.2	Setting = 41	
98.100	47.9	H	48.0	-0.1	AVG	336	1.8	Setting = 61	
98.100 107.900	45.3	V H	48.0 48.0	-2.7	AVG AVG	154 154	1.0	Setting = 61	
107.900	46.6 39.3	V	48.0	-1.4 -8.7	AVG	134	2.9 2.3	Setting = 66 Setting = 66	
EUT Uprigh		v	40.0	-0.7	AVO	124	2.0	Scung - 00	
88.100	46.6	V	48.0	-1.4	AVG	105	1.1	Setting = 41	
88.100	45.4	Н	48.0	-2.6	AVG	317	2.2	Setting = 41	
98.100	47.8	V	48.0	-0.2	AVG	127	1.0	Setting = 61	
98.100	47.5	Н	48.0	-0.5	AVG	313	1.7	Setting = 61	
107.900 107.900	42.1	V	48.0	-5.9	AVG	144	1.0	Setting = 66	
	45.5	Н	48.0	-2.5	AVG	126	2.8	Setting = 66	

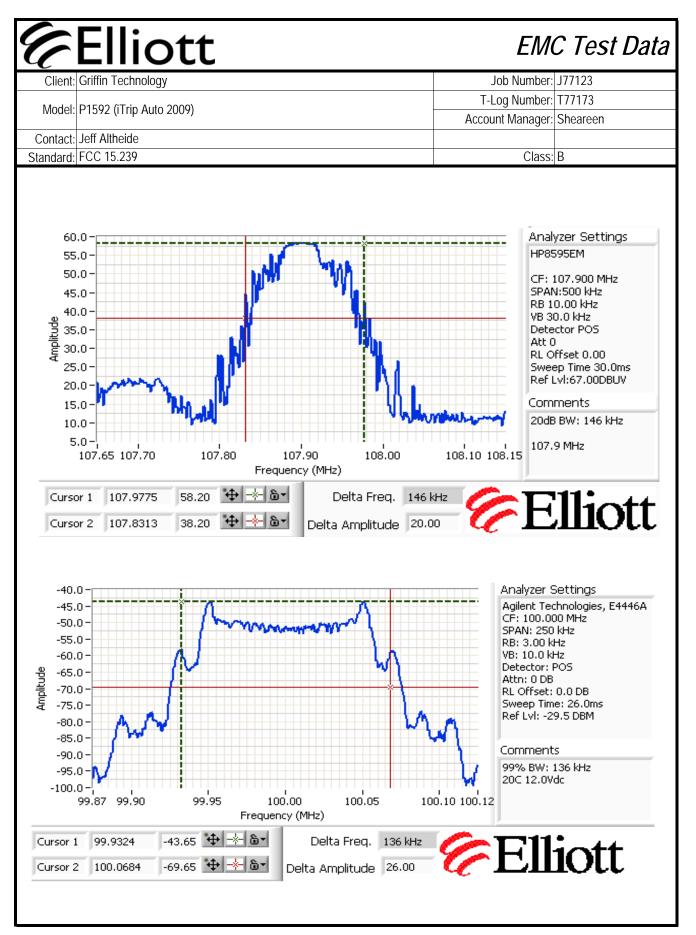
C	<u>Elli</u>	Ot						EMC Test Dat		
	Griffin Techr			Job Number: J77123						
Model:	el: P1592 (iTrip Auto 2009)							T-Log Number: T77173 Account Manager: Sheareen		
Contact:	Jeff Altheide									
Standard: FCC 15.239							Class: B			
MHz	dBµV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters			
Frequency	Level	Pol	FCC	15.239	Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments		
		v/n	Limit	Margin	PK/QP/AVg	degrees	meters			
EUT Uprigh	1	M	40.0	1.4	A)/C	105	1 1	Catting 11		
88.100	46.6	V	48.0	-1.4	AVG	105	1.1	Setting = 41		
	45.4	Н	48.0	-2.6	AVG	317	2.2	Setting = 41		
88.100	47.0	17	(0.0					E construction and a la construction of the later of the		
88.170	47.2	V	68.0	-20.8	Peak	85	1.5	Fundamental		
88.170 EUT Flat										
88.170 EUT Flat 98.100	47.9	H	48.0	-0.1	AVG	335	1.8	Setting = 61		
88.170 EUT Flat 98.100 98.100	47.9 46.1	H V	48.0 48.0	-0.1 -1.9	AVG AVG	335 149	1.8 1.0	Setting = 61 Setting = 61		
88.170 EUT Flat 98.100 98.100 98.100	47.9	H	48.0	-0.1	AVG	335	1.8	Setting = 61		
88.170 EUT Flat 98.100 98.100 98.100	47.9 46.1 49.3	H V H	48.0 48.0	-0.1 -1.9	AVG AVG	335 149 341	1.8 1.0	Setting = 61 Setting = 61 Fundamental		
88.170 EUT Flat 98.100 98.100 98.100 EUT Side	47.9 46.1	H V	48.0 48.0 68.0	-0.1 -1.9 -18.7	AVG AVG Peak	335 149	1.8 1.0 3.0	Setting = 61 Setting = 61		











Appendix C Photographs of Test Configurations

Appendix D Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location

Appendix E Detailed Photographs

Appendix F Operator's Manual

Appendix G Block Diagram

Appendix H Schematic Diagrams

Appendix I Theory of Operation

Appendix J RF Exposure Information