



For

Shenzhen HQT Science & Technology Co., Ltd.

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Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC ID: P6NTH-8000U

Report Type: Original Report		Product Type: Two-way radio		
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Report Number:	_RSZ12080355	0-20		
Report Date:	2012-09-10			
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Attestation of Test Results						
	Company Name	Shenzhen HQT Science & Technology Co., Ltd.				
	EUT Description	Two-way radio				
	FCC ID	P6NTH-8000U				
EUT Information	Model Number	TH-8000				
	Device Category	Portable Device	Portable Device			
	Exposure Category	Occupational/Controlled Environment				
	Test Date	2012.09.06				
Frequency (MHz)	Ma	x. SAR Level(s) Measured	Limit (W/Kg)			
400-470	2.468 W/k 3.039 W/k	g 1g Head Tissue(50% duty cycle) g 1g Body Tissue(50% duty cycle)	8.0			
	ANSI/IEEE C95.1 : 200 IEEE Standard for Safety Electromagnetic Fileds,3	5 / Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency kHz to 300 GHz.				
Applicable	ANSI/IEEE C95.3 : 200 IEEE Recommended Pra Electromagnetic Fields V	2 ctice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Vith Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100	Frequency kHz-300 GHz.			
Standards	OET BULLETIN 65 SU Evaluating Compliance v Electromagnetic Fields	JPPLEMENT C vith FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure To Radic	ofrequency			
	IEEE1528: 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
Note: This wireless dev for General Population/ accordance with the me	vice has been shown to be c Uncontrolled Exposure lin asurement procedures spec	capable of compliance for localized specific absorpt nits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been sified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C and IEEE 1528	ion rate (SAR) n tested in 8-2003.			

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ120803550-20	Original Report	2012-09-10	

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Shenzhen HQT Science & Technology Co., Ltd. and their product, FCC ID: P6NTH-8000U, Model: TH-8000 or the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report. The EUT is a Two-way radio operates in UHF band.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Controlled Exposure
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip and Headset Cable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Modulation Type:	FM
TX Frequency Band:	400-470 MHz
Maximum Conducted RF Power:	36.12 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	120mm (L)×55mm (W)×34mm (H)
Weight:	314.5g
Power Source:	Rechargeable Li-Pol Battery, 7.4V/2100mAh
Normal Operation:	Face and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

Additionally, Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200707-0).



The current scope of accreditations can be found at http://ts.nist.gov/Standards/scopes/2007070.htm

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell		
	Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide		
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$		
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg		
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB		
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency		
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm		
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)		
Probe Length	289 mm		
Video Bandwidth	 @ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB 		
Boundary Effect Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm			
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe		

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.



Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	45	0	83	35	9 1	15	19	00	24	50
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Fissue	issue Body		
(MHz)	Er	O' (S/m)	Er	O' (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2012-05-13	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2012-08-09	500-00283
Dipole,450 MHz	ALS-D-450-S-2	2012-08-02	175-00503
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Head	ALS-TS-450-H	Each Time	265-01016
Simulated Tissue 450 MHz Body	ALS-TS-450-B	Each Time	265-02018
Power Amplifier	581G4	N/A	71377
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2012-05-17	2624A00116
Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	2011-11-24	8386001028

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value			Tolerance	
(MHz)	Туре	٤r	0 (S/m)	εr	0' (S/m)	εr	0' (S/m)	(%)
406 50	Head	44.00	0.84	43.50	0.87	1.149	-3.448	±5
400.50	Body	58.11	0.92	56.70	0.94	2.487	-2.128	±5
418.00	Head	44.04	0.85	43.50	0.87	1.241	-2.299	±5
418.00	Body	57.98	0.93	56.70	0.94	2.257	-1.064	±5
429.50	Head	44.30	0.85	43.50	0.87	1.839	-2.299	±5
429.30	Body	58.03	0.95	56.70	0.94	2.346	1.064	±5
440.50	Head	44.31	0.86	43.50	0.87	1.862	-1.149	±5
440.30	Body	58.03	0.96	56.70	0.94	2.346	2.128	±5
455.00	Head	44.12	0.87	43.50	0.87	1.425	0.000	±5
455.00	Body	58.10	0.97	56.70	0.94	2.469	3.191	±5
160.05	Head	44.06	0.89	43.50	0.87	1.287	2.299	±5
409.93	Body	57.95	0.98	56.70	0.94	2.205	4.255	±5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2012-09-06

Please refer to the following tables

	450 MHz, Head		450 MHz, Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
400.0	44.00839	37.29025	400.0	58.05114	40.77089
401.5	43.99173	37.21478	401.5	57.89853	40.71409
403.0	43.90224	37.13932	403.0	58.13794	40.65729
404.5	43.97393	37.06385	404.5	58.29367	40.60050
406.0	44.00718	36.98838	406.0	58.11118	40.54370
407.5	44.00591	36.91291	407.5	58.12143	40.48690
409.0	43.97026	36.83744	409.0	58.04505	40.43010
410.5	43.91549	36.76197	410.5	58.15835	40.37331
412.0	43.87227	36.68650	412.0	58.10886	40.31651
413.5	43.94753	36.61104	413.5	58.03702	40.25971
415.0	43.96160	36.53557	415.0	58.10309	40.20291
416.5	43.87647	36.46010	416.5	57.91721	40.14612
418.0	44.03933	36.38463	418.0	57.98210	40.08932
419.5	43.95421	36.30916	419.5	58.03167	40.03252
421.0	43.94931	36.23369	421.0	58.09651	39.97572
422.5	44.08889	36.15823	422.5	58.14648	39.91893
424.0	43.95449	36.08276	424.0	58.05097	39.86213
425.5	44.05225	36.00729	425.5	58.07317	39.80533
427.0	44.13096	35.93182	427.0	58.05570	39.74853
428.5	44.31230	35.85635	428.5	58.08552	39.69174
430.0	44.29981	35.78088	430.0	58.02558	39.63494
431.5	44.34377	35.70542	431.5	57.93614	39.57814
433.0	44.20552	35.62995	433.0	57.94240	39.52134
434.5	44.35627	35.55448	434.5	58.00412	39.46455
436.0	44.33231	35.47901	436.0	57.92531	39.40775
437.5	44.24388	35.40354	437.5	57.88855	39.35095
439.0	44.29926	35.32807	439.0	57.99995	39.29415
440.5	44.30553	35.25260	440.5	58.02570	39.23736
442.0	44.34993	35.17714	442.0	58.02276	39.18056
443.5	44.26170	35.10167	443.5	58.07402	39.12376
445.0	44.27150	35.02620	445.0	58.06655	39.06696
446.5	44.22119	34.95073	446.5	57.98722	39.01017
448.0	44.26521	34.87526	448.0	58.03285	38.95337
449.5	44.30149	34.79979	449.5	58.00811	38.89657
451.0	44.25126	34.72433	451.0	58.13887	38.83977
452.5	44.20838	34.64886	452.5	57.94784	38.78298
454.0	44.12832	34.57339	454.0	57.95402	38.72618
455.5	44.12316	34.49792	455.5	58.12283	38.66938
457.0	44.17476	34.42245	457.0	58.08282	38.61258
458.5	44.23357	34.34698	458.5	58.05436	38.55578
460.0	44.17632	34.27151	460.0	57.99152	38.39899
461.5	44.17924	34.19605	461.5	57.98268	38.24219
463.0	44.19618	34.12058	463.0	57.98491	38.18539
464.5	44.19482	34.04511	464.5	57.81429	38.02859
466.0	44.01733	33.96964	466.0	57.94795	37.87180
467.5	44.13643	33.89417	467.5	58.01603	37.71500
469.0	44.06030	33.81870	469.0	57.94525	37.65820
470.5	44.05901	33.74324	470.5	57.95567	37.50140
472.0	44.02804	33.66777	472.0	58.05066	37.34461
473.5	43.98370	33.59230	473.5	57.99175	37.38781
475.0	44.06497	33.51683	475.0	57.95964	37.13101

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2012-08-09	2013-08-08
APREL	Dipole,450 MHz	ALS-D-450-S-2	175-00503	2012-08-02	2015-08-01

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measur (W/	ed SAR Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2012-09-06	455	Head	1g	4.714	4.572	3.106	±10
		Body	1g	4.853	4.508	7.653	±10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 455 MHz, Head Liquid

Dipole 450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-450-S-2; S/N: 175-00503

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 450 MHz : 175-00503 : Dipole : ALS-D-450-S-2 : 450 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 5.699 W/kg : 5.472 W/kg : -2.533
Phantom Data Name Type Size (mm) Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : 280 x 280 x 200 : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head : 265-01016 : 455.00MHz : 06-Sep-2012 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 44.12 F/m : 0.87 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 09-Aug-2012 : 450 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

SAR Evaluation Report

1 gram SAR value	: 4.714 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 3.032 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 5.045 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 7.016 W/kg



455 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

System Performance Check 455 MHz, Body Liquid

Dipole 450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-450-S-2; S/N: 175-00503

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 450 MHz : 175-00503 : Dipole : ALS-D-450-S-2 : 450 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 4.458 W/kg : 4.538 W/kg : 1.797
Phantom Data Name Type Size (mm) Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : 280 x 280 x 200 : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 265-02018 : 455.00MHz : 06-Sep-2012 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 58.10 F/m : 0.97 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-O20 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 09-Aug-2012 : 450 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 4.853 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 3.235 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 5.654 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 7.997 W/kg





EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





N

Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Test Block Diagram and Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Signal Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Test Results

Channel Spacing (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Conducted Output Power (mW)	Power Level Setting
12.5	406.50	29.90	977.24	Low
12.5	406.50	35.85	3845.92	High
12.5	418.00	29.87	970.51	Low
12.5	418.00	36.07	4045.76	High
12.5	429.50	30.15	1035.14	Low
12.5	429.50	36.04	4017.91	High
12.5	440.50	30.09	1020.94	Low
12.5	440.50	35.88	3872.58	High
12.5	455.00	29.88	972.75	Low
12.5	455.00	36.05	4027.17	High
12.5	469.95	30.00	1000.00	Low
12.5	469.95	36.12	4092.61	High

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	50%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

* Testing was performed by Sandy Wang on 2012.09.06.

EUT	Channel	Frequency			Antenna	Phantom	Power	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)		
Position	Spacing (kHz)	Channel	MHz	Modulation	Туре	Туре	Drift (%)	Measured	50% Duty Cycle	Limit
		Low	406.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
Face up (2.5 cm)	12.5	Middle	418.00	FM	External	Flat	-2.981	4.936	2.468	8.0
× /		High	429.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
Body-Worn	12.5KHz	Low	406.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
w/Clip		Middle	418.00	FM	External	Flat	-3.748	6.078	3.039	8.0
(0 cm)		High	429.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
_		Low	440.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
Face up (2.5 cm)	12.5KHz	Middle	455.00	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
		High	469.95	FM	External	Flat	-1.934	2.472	1.236	8.0
Body-Worn w/Clip		Low	440.50	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
	12.5KHz	Middle	455.00	FM	External	Flat	/	/	/	8.0
(0 cm)		High	469.95	FM	External	Flat	-1.936	3.682	1.841	8.0

Note: 1. when the 1-g SAR (50% duty cycle) is less than 3.5 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional. 2. 50% duty cycle only applies to PTT devices.

EUT SCAN PLOTS

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Face-Up 2.5 cm (418 MHz, Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan	: FM : 1 : Complete : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
	. 5.192 W/Kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 5.114 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: -2.981
Ticque Data	
Tupe	· Head
Frequency	· 110 00 MHz
Ensilon	: 410.00 WHZ
Sigma	. 44.0417111 . 0.85 S/m
Denaity	$1000 00 \log m$
Density	. 1000.00 kg/cu. III
Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 450
Duty Cycle Factor	:1
Conversion Factor	: 6.0
Probe Sensitivity	$(1.20 \ 1.20 \ 1.20 \ \mu V/(V/m))$
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 4.936 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 1.974 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 5.246 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 6.776 W/kg
	0





Body-Worn Back touch phantom with Belt Clip (418 MHz, Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 5.569 W/kg : 5.494 W/kg : -3.748
Tissue Data	
Type	: Body
Frequency	: 418.00 MHz
Epsilon	: 57.98 F/m
Sigma	: 0.93 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data	
Serial No	· 500-00283
Frequency Band	· 450
Duty Cycle Factor	• 1
Conversion Factor	: 6.0
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 6.078 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 3.386 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 6.395 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 8.570 W/kg
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





Face-Up 2.5 cm (469.95 MHz, High Channel)

Measurement Data	
Modulation mode	: FM
Crest Factor	:1
Scan Type	: Complete
Area Scan	: 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, v=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start	: 3.342 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 3.248 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: -1.934
Tissue Data	
Type	· Head
Frequency	· 469 95 MHz
Epsilon	· 44 06 F/m
Sigma	· 0.89 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 450
Duty Cycle Factor	:1
Conversion Factor	: 6.0
Probe Sensitivity	1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 2.472 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 1.670 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	· 2.846 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	· 4 784 W/kg
Loom Sound out Shirt	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





Body-Worn Back Touch Phantom with Belt Clip (469.95 MHz, High Channel)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 4.041 W/kg : 3.927 W/kg : -1.936
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 469.95 MHz : 57.95 F/m : 0.98 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 450 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 3.682 W/kg : 2.706 W/kg : 4.170 W/kg : 6.175 W/kg





APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measur	ement Sys	tem		-	
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)_{1/2}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√cp	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.95	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.55	0.55
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
		Re	striction				
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	normal	1	1	1	2.6	2.6
Device Holder Uncertainty	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Drift of Output Power	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
		Phanto	m and Set	up			
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.6	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.8	1.3
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	2.7	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.6	1.4
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.1	8.8
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				18.2	17.6

SAR Evaluation Report

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: 1427-1430

Client .: BACL Lab

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe **Record of Calibration** Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: E-020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5673

Calibrated: 8th August 2012 Released on: 9th August 2012

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CALIBRATION LABORATORIES Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<1000MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>1000MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue *Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528 (2003) including Amendment 1
 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption
 Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement
 Techniques
- EN 62209-1 (2006)
 Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures-Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2 Ed. 1.0 (2010-03)
 Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

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Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration with the exception frequency of 450 MHz . which was a new calibration

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Power meter Anritsu MA2408A	90025437	Nov.4, 2012
Power Sensor Anritsu MA2481D	103555	Nov 4, 2012
Attenuator HP 8495A (70dB)	1944A10711	Sept. 14, 2012
Network Analyzer Anritsu MT8801C	MB11855	Feb. 8, 2013

Secondary Measurement Standards

Signal Generator Agilent E4438C -506 MY55182336

June 7, 2013

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E020	
Serial Number:	500-00283	
Frequency:	As presented on page 5	
Sensor Offset:	1.56	
Sensor Length:	2.5	
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*	
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm	
Tip Length:	55 mm	
Total Length:	289 mm	
*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes	per IEEE-1528	
Sensitivity in Air		
Channel X: Channel Y: Channel Z:	1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ²	

Diode Compression Point:

95 mV

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Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Calibration Uncertainty	Tolerance Uncertainty for 5%*	Conversion Factor
<mark>450 H</mark>	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>43.98</mark>	<mark>0.9</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6</mark>
<mark>450 B</mark>	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>57.07</mark>	<mark>0.92</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6</mark>
750 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
750 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
<mark>835 H</mark>	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>42.35</mark>	<mark>0.938</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.6</mark>
835 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>56.65</mark>	<mark>1.018</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6.6</mark>
900 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>41.35</mark>	<mark>0.98</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6</mark>
900 B	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>56.08</mark>	<mark>1.05</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.4</mark>	<mark>6</mark>
1450 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1450 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1750 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1750 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1800 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1800 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
<mark>1900 H</mark>	Head	<mark>38.72</mark>	<mark>1.35</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5.2</mark>
<mark>1900 B</mark>	<mark>Body</mark>	<mark>51.62</mark>	<mark>1.48</mark>	3.5	<mark>2.7</mark>	<mark>5</mark>
2000 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 B	Body	X	X	Х	Х	Х
<mark>2450 H</mark>	Head .	<mark>38.06</mark>	<mark>1.87</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>4.9</mark>
2450B	<mark>Body</mark>	50.22	<mark>2.03</mark>	3.5	<mark>3.5</mark>	<mark>4.3</mark>
2600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3000 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3000 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5200 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5600 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5600 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5800 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5800 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х

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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 $\mbox{M}\Omega.$

Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 0.58mm the worst case evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2.1%.

NOTES:

*The maximum deviation from the centre frequency when comparing the lower to upper range is listed.

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Receiving Pattern Air





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Isotropy Error Air



Isotropicity Tissue:

0.10 dB

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Dynamic Range



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Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz	1 dB
Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz:	3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2012.

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APPENDIX C – DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1426 Project Number: BACL-5672

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-450-S-2 Frequency: 450 MHz Serial No: 175-00503

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Head and Body Calibration

Calibrated: 31st July 2012 Released on: 2nd August 2012

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES 303 Terry Fox Drive, Suite 102 Division of APREL Kanata, Ontario TEL: (613) 435-8300 CANADA K2K 3J1 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Conditions

Dipole 175-00503 was taken from stock for an original calibration..

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length:	270.0 mm	
Height:	166.7 mm	

Electrical Specification

	Head	Body
Return Loss	-30.726 dB	-33.258 dB
SWR	1.061 U	1.049 U
Impedance	50.600 Ω	48.155 Ω

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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System Validation Results Head

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
450 MHz	4.572	2.952	6.746



System Validation Results Body



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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole RFE-362. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Original calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
280.0 mm	166.7 mm	280.0 mm	166.0 mm

Tissue Validation

Body Tissue 450MHz	Measured Head	Measured Body
Dielectric constant, ϵ_{r}	43.98	57.07
Conductivity, σ [S/m]	0.9	0.92

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-30.726 dB	-33.258 dB
SWR	1.061 U	1.049 U
Impedance	50.600 Ω	48.155 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss



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SWR



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Test Equipment

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APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth \geq 15cm



Body-worn, Back Touch the Flat Phantom with Belt Clip and Headset Setup Photo





Face-Up 2.5 cm Separation to Flat Phantom Setup Photo

APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT – Left View



EUT – Right View



EUT – Top View



EUT – Bottom View





EUT – Uncovered View

APPENDIX F – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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***** END OF REPORT *****