

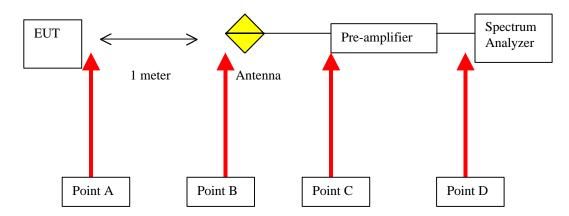
Was Spectrum Analyzer OVERLOAED???

The concern of overloading spectrum analyzer was raised by TCB. This calculation is to clarify such concern.

Calculation is based on the following facts:

- 1. Frequency 2.4GHz (the operating frequency of the device under test, and believe this is the frequency concerned by TCB to overload spectrum analyzer, otherwise, please specify).
- 2. Antenna Gain of the EUT is declared 1.6dBi
- 3. Output power is declared 3.75dBm
- 4. Pre-amp gain factor at 2.4GHz is 32.8dB
- 5. The max power at Spectrum Analyzer input should not exceed +30dBm
- 6. The max power at pre-amp input should not exceed +20dBm
- 7. The test distance is 1 meter
- 8. The gain of test antenna at 2.4GHz is 7.4dBi
- 9. The Antenna factor at 2.4GHz is 30.7dB

Calculation is based on the following setup (for illustration purpose only):



Our calculation shows the following result which was not possibly overloading the spectrum analyzer:

- 1. Power at Point A as declared: 5.35dBm
- 2. Space loss from Point A to Point B at 2.4 GHz: 48.2dB
- 3. Power at Point B = -42.85 dBm
- 4. Power at Point C = -68.15 dBm
- 5. Power at Point D = -35.85 dBm



Calculation:

- 1. Point A = Output power (3.75dBm) + Gain (1.6dBi) = 5.35dBm
- 2. Space Loss = a + 20Logd + 20Log F Where, a = 40.6 (constant for air), d = distance in km, F = frequency in MHz. Thus, Space Loss = 40.6 + 20Log0.001 + 20Log2400 = 40.6 - 60 + 67.6 = 48.2dB
- 3. Point B = Point A Space Loss = 5.35 48.2 = -42.85dBm
- 4. Point C = Point B Antenna Factor + Antenna Gain Cable Loss = <math>-42.85 30.7 + 7.4 2.0 = -68.15 dBm
- 5. Point D = Point C + Pre-amp Gain Cable Loss = -68.15 + 32.8 0.5dB = -35.85dBm

Conclusion:

The spectrum analyzer front end maximum input power is specified +30dBm. The derived result shows that the power at this point should be around –35.85dBm. Based on above calculation, the overload of spectrum analyzer during this testing should not happen.

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