## Asia Bright Industry Co. Ltd.

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R)

Superregenerative Receiver

WO# 0113416 WL/Agnes March 18, 2002

- The test results reported in this test report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
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### LIST OF EXHIBITS

### *INTRODUCTION*

EXHIBIT 1: General Description

EXHIBIT 2: System Test Configuration

EXHIBIT 3: Emission Results

EXHIBIT 4: Equipment Photographs

EXHIBIT 5: Product Labelling

EXHIBIT 6: Technical Specifications

EXHIBIT 7: Instruction Manual

EXHIBIT 8: Miscellaneous Information

### MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Asia Bright Industry Co. Ltd. - MODEL: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N

ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119 ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118/N ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118

FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R

This report concerns (check one:)	Original Grant_	X	Class	II	Change
Equipment Type: Superregenerative Rec	<u>ceiver</u> (example: c	omputer,	printer, n	noden	n, etc.)
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.	457(d)(1)(ii)?	Yes			No_X_
		If yes, de	efer until:		date
Company Name agrees to notify the Com	nmission by:	date			
of the intended date of announcement o date.	of the product so the	hat the gr	ant can b	e issu	ned on that
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?		Yes			No_X
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart B for Edition] provision.	unintentional radi	iator - the	e new 47	7 CFF	R [10-1-01
Report prepared by:	wilson Loke Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. 2/F., Garment Centre, 576, Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. Phone: 852-2173-8575 Fax: 852-2745-8306			575	

FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R

## **Table of Contents**

1.0 General Description	
1.1 Product Description	2
1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants	2
1.3 Test Methodology	3
1.4 Test Facility	3
2.0 System Test Configuration	5
2.1 Justification.	
2.2 EUT Exercising Software	
2.3 Special Accessories	
2.4 Equipment Modification	
2.5 Measurement Uncertainty	
2.6 Support Equipment List and Description	6
	0
3.0 Emission Results	
3.1 Field Strength Calculation	
3.3 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	
3.4 Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph	
3.5 Conducted Emission Data	
4.0 <u>Equipment Photographs</u>	16
5.0 Product Labelling	18
6.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>	20
7.0 <u>Instruction Manual</u>	22
8.0 Miscellaneous Information	24
8.1 Stabilization Waveform	25
8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization	26
8.3 Calculation of Average Factor	27
8.4 Emissions Test Procedures	28

# List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename	
Test Report	Test Report	report.pdf	
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf	
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	Radiated photos.doc	
Test Setup Photo	Conducted Emission	Conduct photos.doc	
Test Report	Conducted Emission Test Result	conduct.pdf	
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.doc	
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.doc	
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf	
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf	
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf	
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf	
Test Report	Stabilization Waveform	superreg.pdf	

FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R

## **EXHIBIT 1**

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

### 1.0 **General Description**

### 1.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a receiver with integral antenna operating at 315MHz. The EUT is powered by AC 120V 60Hz. After it received signal from the remote control, the fan can be turned ON or OFF or its speed can be changed. Also, the light can be turned ON or OFF or its brightness can be changed.

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

#### Model difference:

The Model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119, ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118/N and ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118 are same as ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N in hardware aspect. The difference are the software program only.

For model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N, it equipped with memory and dimmer functions; for model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119, it equipped with dimmer function; for model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118/N, it equipped with memory function and for model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118, it is a master model. The memory function in model ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N and ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF118/N are used to backup status.

### 1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for Certification of a receiver.

### 1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All radiated measurements were performed in an Open Area Test Site. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Site only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application.

### 1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been placed on file with the FCC.

## **EXHIBIT 2**

## SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 2.0 **System Test Configuration**

#### 2.1 Justification

The systems were configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (1992).

The device was powered by AC 120 V 60 Hz power source.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. The step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N is the worst case model and its data is demonstrated in the report.

### 2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the unit is powered up, it received continuously.

### 2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

### 2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Asia Bright Industry Co. Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

### 2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

### 2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested with  $2 \times 60$  W light bulbs.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Wilson Loke Manager Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. Agent for Asia Bright Industry Co. Ltd.

Signature

March 18, 2002 Date

## **EXHIBIT 3**

# **EMISSION RESULTS**

### 3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

### 3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG$$

where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBµV

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

In the following table(s), the reading shown on the data table reflects the preamplifier gain. An example for the calculations in the following table is as follows:

$$FS = RR + LF$$

where  $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$ 

 $RR = RA - AG \text{ in } dB\mu V$ 

LF = CF + AF in dB

Assume a receiver reading of 52.0 dB $\mu$ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB are added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted, giving a field strength of 32 dB $\mu$ V/m. This value in dB $\mu$ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in  $\mu$ V/m.

 $RA = 52.0 dB\mu V/m$ 

 $AF = 7.4 \text{ dB} \qquad \qquad RR = 23.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ 

CF = 1.6 dB LF = 9.0 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

FS = RR + LF

 $FS = 23 + 9 = 32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ 

Level in mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [ $(32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m})/20$ ] = 39.8  $\mu\text{V/m}$ 

### 3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 316.462 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: Radiated photos.doc

### 3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 5.7 dB

TEST I	PERS	ONN)	IEL:
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Signature

Ben W. K. Ho, Compliance Engineer

Typed/Printed Name

March 18, 2002

Date

Company: Asia Bright Industry Co. Ltd. Date of Test: December 13, 2001

Worst Case Model: ASIA BRIGHT AS-CF119/N

Table 1

FCC Class B Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m	at 3m	
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V)$	(dB)	(dB)	$(dB\muV/m)$	$(dB\muV/m)$	(dB)
Н	307.832	35.1	14.3	16	33.4	46.0	-12.6
Н	309.264	36.7	14.3	16	35.0	46.0	-11.0
Н	310.668	36.5	14.3	16	34.8	46.0	-11.2
Н	312.146	35.9	14.3	16	34.2	46.0	-11.8
Н	313.546	39.5	14.3	16	37.8	46.0	-8.2
Н	315.775	40.9	14.3	16	39.2	46.0	-6.8
Н	316.462	42.0	14.3	16	40.3	46.0	-5.7
Н	317.203	40.7	14.3	16	39.0	46.0	-7.0
Н	318.692	40.3	14.3	16	38.6	46.0	-7.4
Н	319.346	38.7	14.3	16	37.0	46.0	-9.0
Н	320.806	38.3	14.3	16	36.6	46.0	-9.4
Н	322.341	36.8	14.3	16	35.1	46.0	-10.9
Н	323.716	34.6	14.3	16	32.9	46.0	-13.1

NOTES: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative sign in the column shows value below limit.

Test Engineer: Ben W. K. Ho

### 3.4 Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Conducted Emission at 6.000 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case conducted emission configuration photographs are saved with filename: conduct photos.doc

#### 3.5 Conducted Emission Data

For electronic filing, the graph and data table of conducted emission is saved with filename: conduct.pdf. The data table lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 3.5 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Ben W. K. Ho, Compliance Engineer

Typed/Printed Name

March 18, 2002

Date

# **EXHIBIT 4**

# **EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS**

## 4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: external photos.doc and internal photos.doc

## **EXHIBIT 5**

# PRODUCT LABELLING

## 5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronics filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf.

## **EXHIBIT 6**

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## 6.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematic of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

## EXHIBIT 7

# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

## 7.0 **Instruction Manual**

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

## **EXHIBIT 8**

## **MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**

### 8.0 <u>Miscellaneous Information</u>

This miscellaneous information includes details of the stabilizing process (including a plot of the stabilized waveform), the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

#### 8.1 Stabilization Waveform

Previous to the testing, the superregenerative receiver was stabilized as outlined in the test procedure. For the electronic filing, the plot saved with filename: superreg.pdf shows the fundamental emission when a signal generator was used to stabilize the receiver. Please note that the antenna was placed as close as possible to the EUT for clear demonstration of the waveform and that accurate readings are not possible from this plot.

### 8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF*.

This device is a superregenerative receiver. The stabilized signals are continuous, and no desensitization of the measurement equipment occurs.

### 8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

The emission limits are specified using spectrum analyzers or receivers which incorporate quasi-peak detectors. Typical measurements are made using peak detectors, however, emissions which approach the respective emission limit are measured using a quasi-peak detector.

For measurements above 1 GHz, spectrum analyzers or receivers using average detectors are employed, or the appropriate average factor can be applied.

Measurements using spectrum analyzers with filters other than peak detectors are recorded in the data table section of this report.

This device is a superregenerative receiver.

It is not necessary to apply average factor to the measurement results.

#### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. in the measurements of superregenerative receivers operating under the Part 15, Subpart B rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 1992. Superregenerative receivers are stabilized prior to measurement by generating a signal well above the receiver threshold whose frequency is tuned until the emissions stabilize into a line spectrum. The signal is usually generated as CW with a Marconi 2022D signal generator and a short whip antenna and is at a level of several hundred to several thousand mV/m. Plots of the stabilized signal will be shown. If a modulated signal is used, it will be noted.

The equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the groundplane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axis to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are also varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one to four meters.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R

### 8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements were made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater when frequency is below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, unless otherwise reported. Measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.

FCC ID: P4TAS-CF118-9N-R