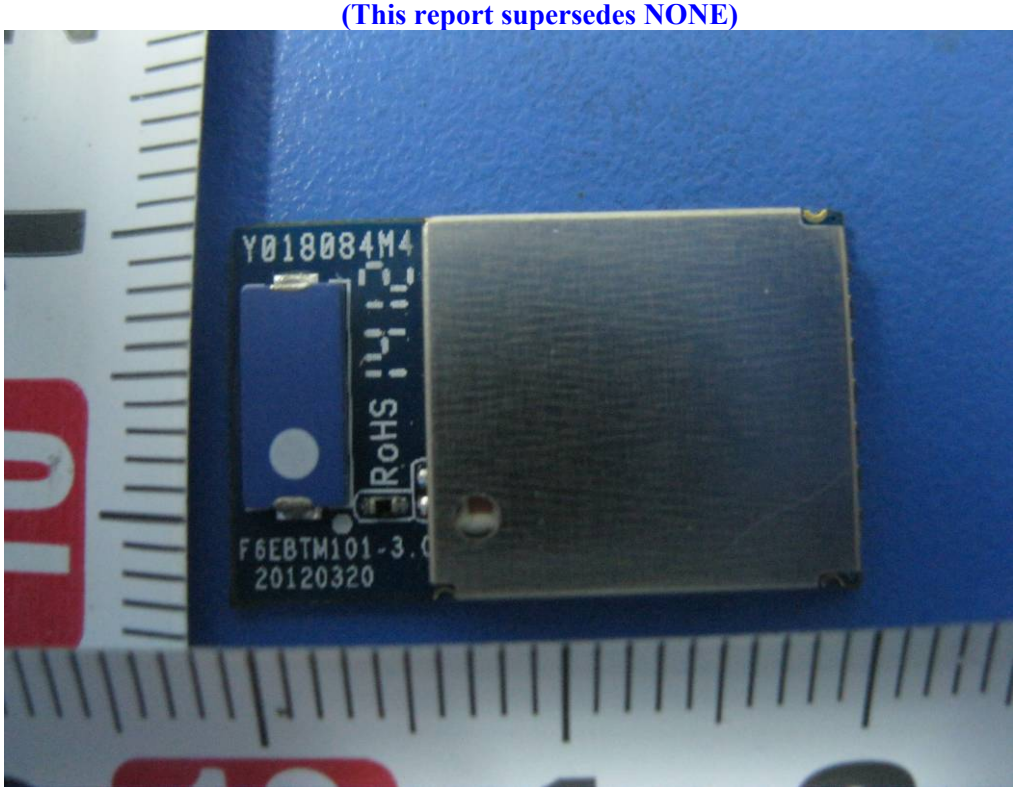
Fujian Flaircomm Microelectronics,Inc.

Bluetooth Module

Main Model: FLC-BTM101
Serial Model: FLC-BTM101CQ1A, FLC-BTM101CQ2A,FLC-BTM101VQ1A, FLC-BTM101VQ2A

August 17, 2012
Report No.: 12020627-FCC-R1
(This report supersedes NONE)



Modifications made to the product : None

This Test Report is Issued Under the Authority of:		
Alan Lv **Compliance Engineer**	**Alex Liu** **Technical Manager**	

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Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the representative sample only.

RF Test Report
To: FCC Part 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009
SIEMIC, INC.

Laboratory Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.

In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management through out a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and international compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Accreditation Body	Scope
USA	FCC, A2LA	EMC , RF/Wireless , Telecom
Canada	IC, A2LA, NIST	EMC, RF/Wireless , Telecom
Taiwan	BSMI , NCC , NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom , Safety
Hong Kong	OFTA , NIST	RF/Wireless ,Telecom
Australia	NATA, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom , Safety
Korea	KCC/RRA, NIST	EMI, EMS, RF , Telecom, Safety
Japan	VCCI, JATE, TELEC, RFT	EMI, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Mexico	NOM, COFETEL, Caniety	Safety, EMC , RF/Wireless, Telecom
Europe	A2LA, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom , Safety

Accreditations for Product Certifications

Country/Region	Accreditation Body	Scope
USA	FCC TCB, NIST	EMC , RF , Telecom
Canada	IC FCB , NIST	EMC , RF , Telecom
Singapore	iDA, NIST	EMC , RF , Telecom
EU	NB	EMC & R&TTE Directive
Japan	MIC, (RCB 208)	RF , Telecom
Hong Kong	OFTA (US002)	RF , Telecom

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CONTENTS

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & EUT INFORMATION

The purpose of this test programme was to demonstrate compliance of the Fujian Flaircomm Microelectronics,Inc., Bluetooth Module and model: FLC-BTM101 against the current Stipulated Standards. The Bluetooth Module has demonstrated compliance with the FCC Part 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009

EUT Information

EUT Description	:	**Bluetooth Module**
Main Model	:	**FLC-BTM101**
Antenna Gain	:	**Bluetooth: 4.1 dBi**
Input Power	:	**Input: 1.8 ~ 3.6V DC**
Classification Per Stipulated Test Standard	:	**FCC Part 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009**

2 TECHNICAL DETAILS

Purpose	**Compliance testing of Bluetooth Module with stipulated standard**
Applicant / Client	**Fujian Flaircomm Microelectronics,Inc. 7F,Guomai Building,116 East JiangBin Ave,Fuzhou,Fujian,China.**
Manufacturer	**Fujian Flaircomm Microelectronics,Inc. 7F,Guomai Building,116 East JiangBin Ave,Fuzhou,Fujian,China.**
Laboratory performing the tests	**SIEMIC Nanjing (China) Laboratories NO.2-1,Longcang Dadao, Yuhua Economic Development Zone, Nanjing, China Tel:+86(25)86730128/86730129 Fax:+86(25)86730127 Email:info@siemic.com**
Test report reference number	**12020627-FCC-R1**
Date EUT received	**July 25, 2012**
Standard applied	**FCC Part 15.247: 2012, ANSI C63.4: 2009**
Dates of test (from – to)	**August 3, 2012 to August 15, 2012**
No of Units :	**#1**
Equipment Category :	**DTS**
Trade Name :	**N/A**
RF Operating Frequency (ies)	**Bluetooth : 2402-2480 MHz**
Number of Channels	**Bluetooth:40CH**
Modulation	**Bluetooth: GFSK**
FCC ID	**P4IBTM101**

3 MODIFICATION

NONE

4 TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications.
All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

Spread Spectrum System/Device

Test Results Summary

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass
§15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Pass
§15.247(b)(3)	Conducted Maximum Output Power	Pass
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Pass
§15.247(d)	Band Edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
§15.207 (a),	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Pass
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions & Restricted Bands	Pass

5 MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATION AND DERIVED RESULTS

5.1 §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

EUT antenna is integrated on PCB; It is in accordance to section 15.203(a); please refer to the internal photos.

Result: Pass.

5.2 §15.247(a) (2) – 6 dB BANDWIDTH TESTING

1. Conducted Measurement
   EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.
   The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	50%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.
4. Test date :August 8, 2012 to August 9, 2012
   Tested By : Alan Lv

Requirement(s): §15.247(a)(2) specifies that the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz. In addition, the EBW is required information for subsequent band power measurements. The following procedures can be used to determine the EBW:

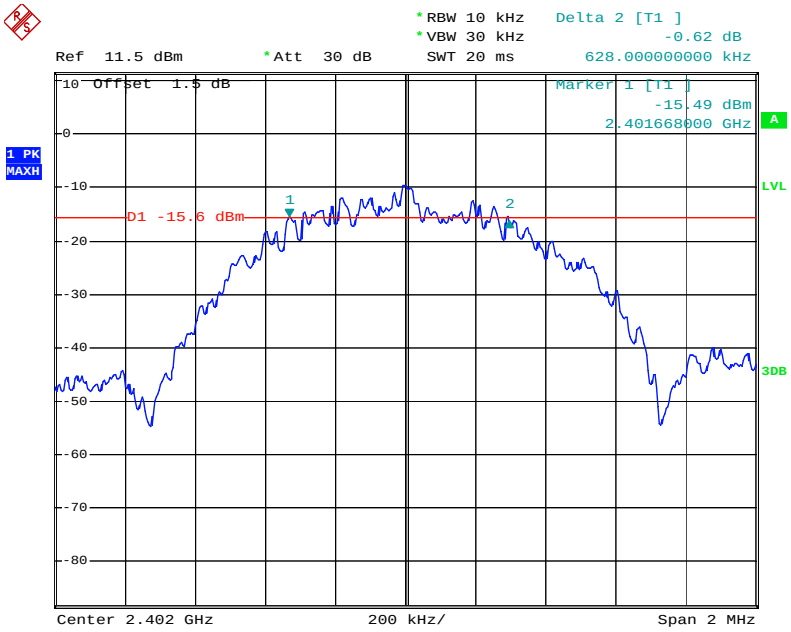
Procedures:
1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1-5 % of the emission bandwidth (EBW).
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission. Compare the resultant bandwidth with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is 1-5 %.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Measured 6dB Bandwidth (kHz)	FCC Part 15.247 Limit (kHz)
GFSK Transmitting mode				
Low	2402	1	628	＞500
Middle	2440	1	620	＞500
High	2480	1	628	＞500

Low Channel



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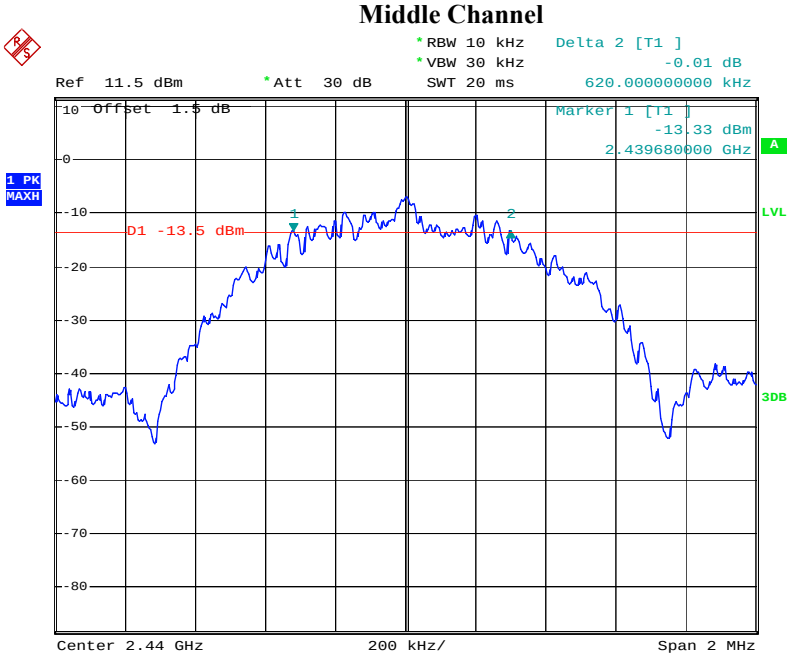
Middle Channel



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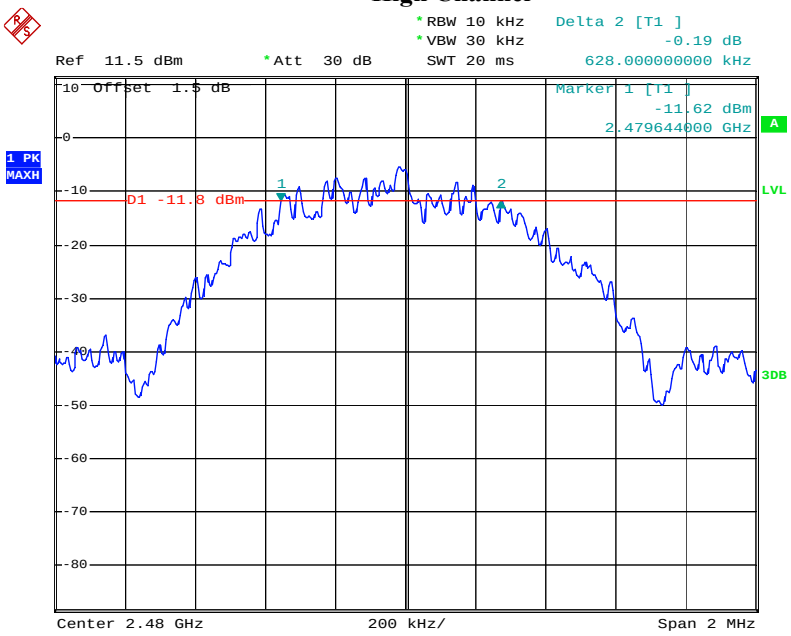
High Channel



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5.3 §15.247(b) (3) - Conducted Maximum Output Power

1. Conducted Measurement
   EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.
   The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.
3. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	50%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

4. Test date : August 14, 2012
   Tested By : Alan Lv

Standard Requirement:
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level:
§15.247(b)(3) specifies that the maximum peak conducted output power for DTS transmitters in any of the three authorized frequency bands is 1 watt (30 dBm). The following procedures can be used to determine the maximum peak conducted output power from a DTS EUT using a spectrum analyzer.

Maximum Conducted (Average) Output Power Level:
§15.247(b)(3) permits the maximum conducted output power to be measured as an alternative to a peak power measurement to demonstrate compliance to the one watt (30 dBm) output power limit. The maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode when averaged over the EUT EBW. This measurement requires that the EUT be configured to transmit continuously (at a minimum duty cycle of 98%) at full power over the measurement duration. Time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at reduced power levels shall not be included.

Procedures:
Measurement Procedure PK2:
1. This procedure provides an integrated measurement alternative when the maximum available RBW < EBW.
2. Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
3. Set the VBW = 3 MHz.
4. Set the span to a value that is 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges (for some analyzers, this may require a manual override to ensure use of peak detector). If the spectrum analyzer does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW of the spectrum.

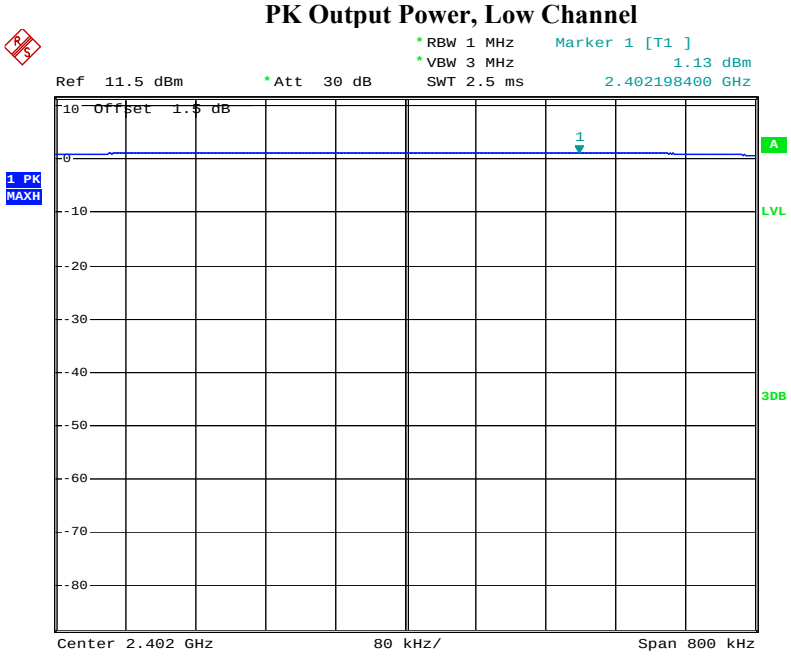
Measurement Procedure AVG2 (trace averaging over the EBW):
1. Set the analyzer span to 5-30% greater than the EBW.
2. Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
3. Set the VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
4. Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep ≥ 2 x (span/RBW).
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Detector = power averaging (RMS) or sample.
7. Employ trace averaging in power averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.
8. Use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW band edges to determine the maximum conducted output power of the EUT over the EBW. If the analyzer does not have a band power function, sum the spectral levels (in linear power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the entire EBW.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	PK Output Power (dBm)	AVG Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK Transmitting mode					
Low	2402	1	1.13	0.99	30
Middle	2440	1	2.43	2.29	30
High	2480	1	3.47	3.32	30

PK Output Power, Low Channel



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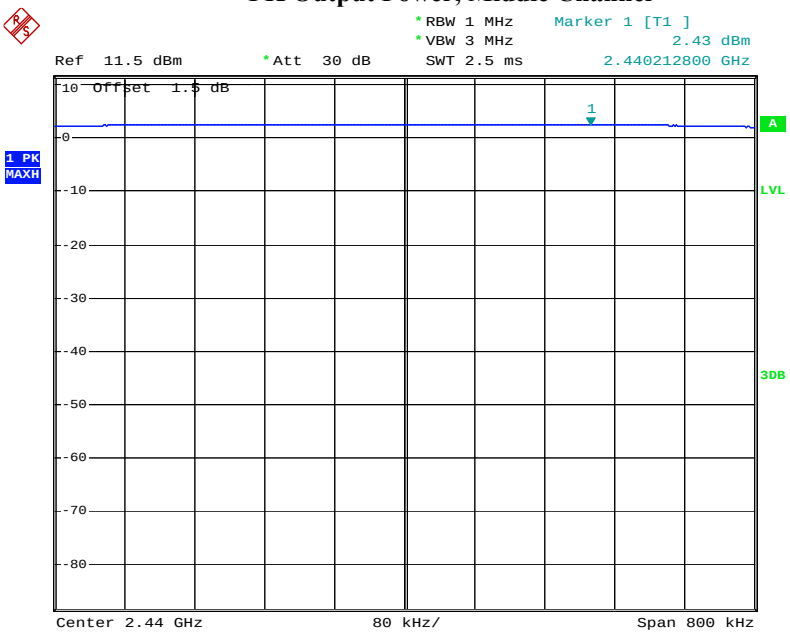
PK Output Power, Middle Channel



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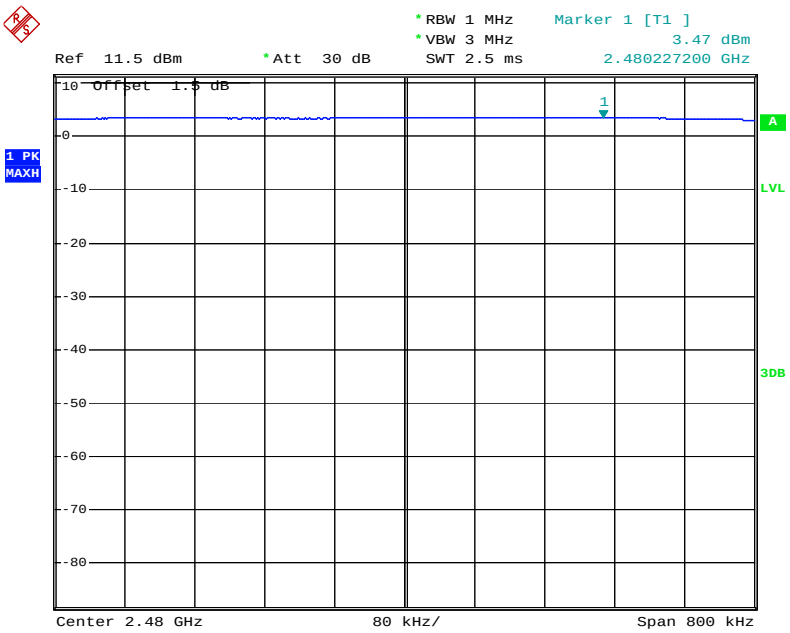
PK Output Power, High Channel



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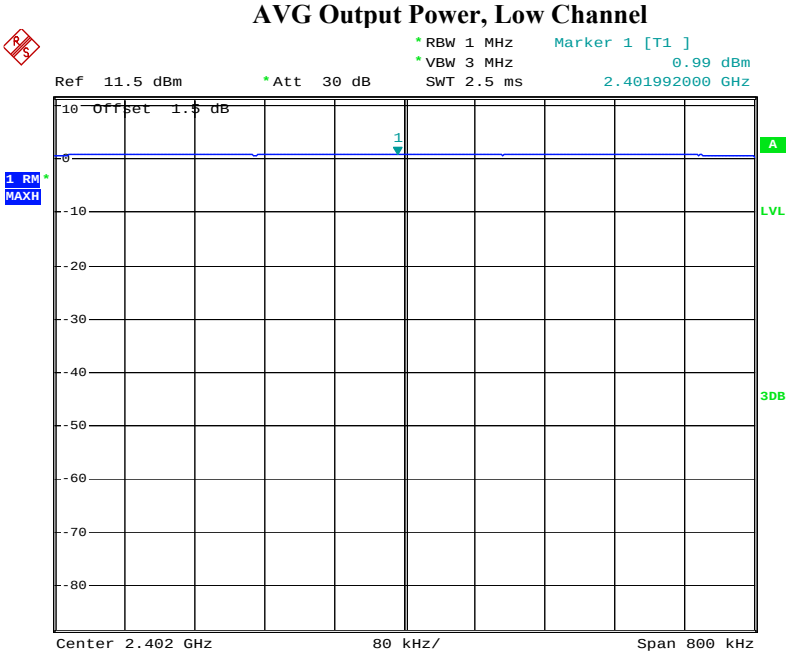
AVG Output Power, Low Channel



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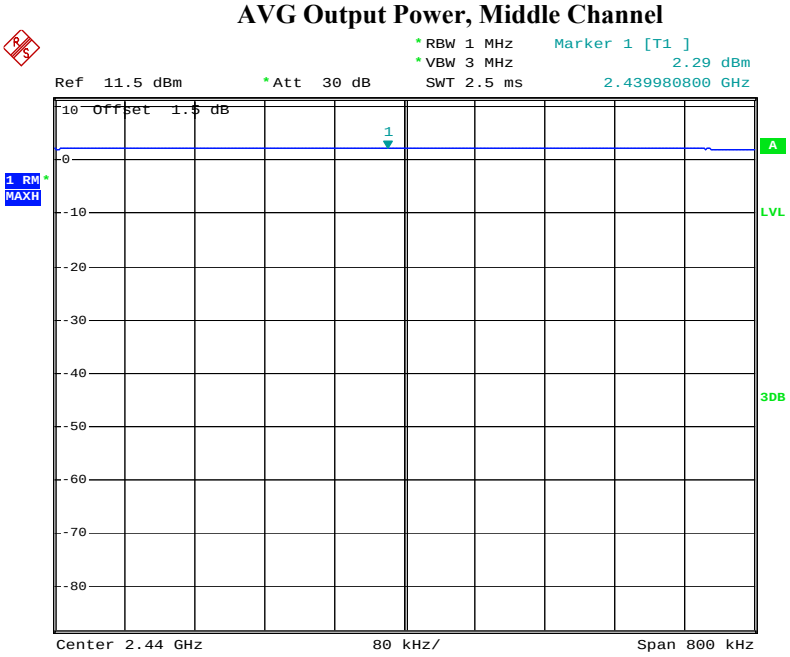
AVG Output Power, Middle Channel



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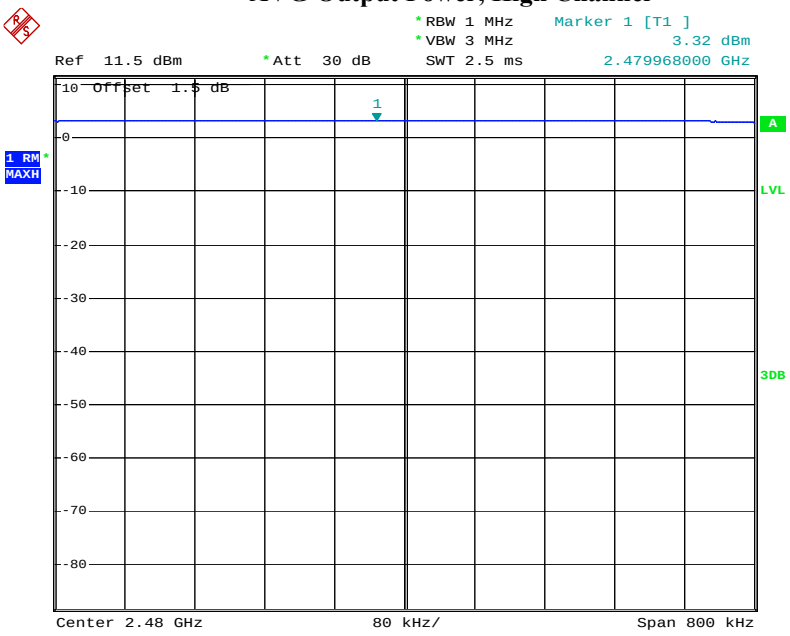
AVG Output Power, High Channel



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5.4 §15.247(e) - Power Spectral Density

1. Conducted Measurement
   EUT was set for low, mid, high channel with modulated mode and highest RF output power.
   The spectrum analyzer was connected to the antenna terminal.
2. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	50%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 40GHz is ±1.5dB.
4. Test date : August 9, 2012
   Tested By : Alan Lv

Requirement(s): §15.247(e) specifies a conducted power spectral density (PSD) limit of 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW during any time interval of continuous transmission. The same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density (i.e., if peak-detected fundamental power was measured then use the peak PSD procedure and if average fundamental power was measured then use the average PSD procedure).

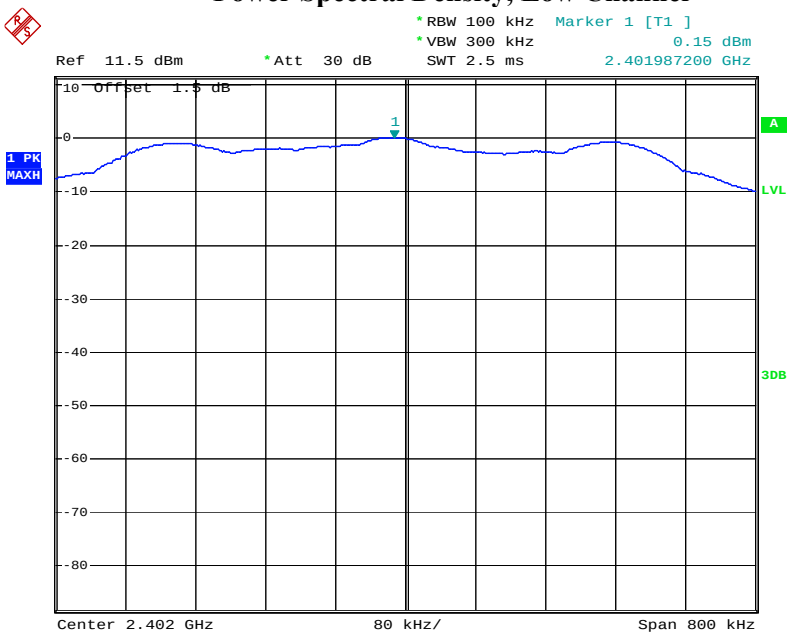
Procedures:
Measurement Procedure PKPSD:
1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
3. Set the VBW ⩾ 300 kHz.
4. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.
10. Scale the observed power level to an equivalent value in 3 kHz by adjusting (reducing) the measured power by a bandwidth correction factor (BWCF) where BWCF = 10log (3 kHz/100 kHz = -15.2 dB).
11. The resulting peak PSD level must be ⩽ 8 dBm.

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	S.A. Reading (dBm)	BWCF (dB)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK Transmitting mode						
Low	2402	1	0.15	-15.2	-15.05	8
Middle	2440	1	2.19	-15.2	-13.01	8
High	2480	1	4.11	-15.2	-11.09	8

Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



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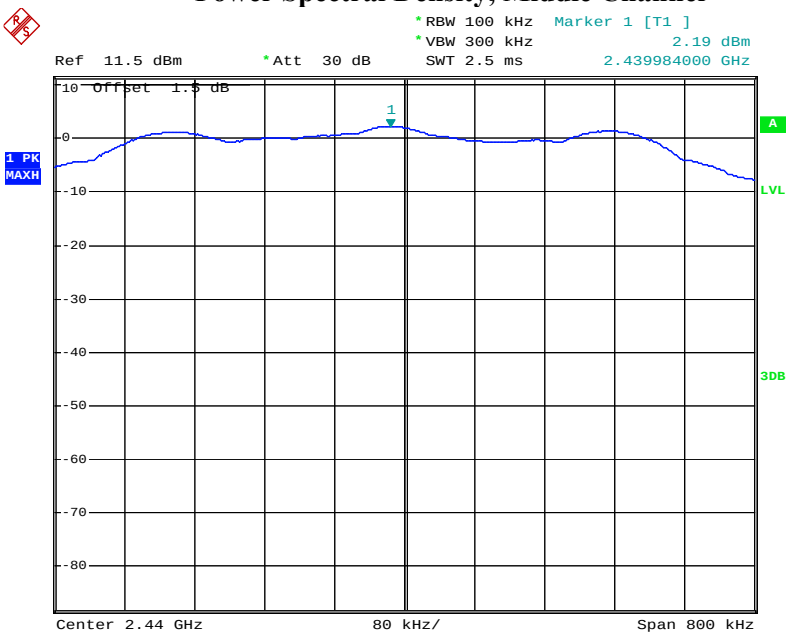
Power Spectral Density, Middle Channel



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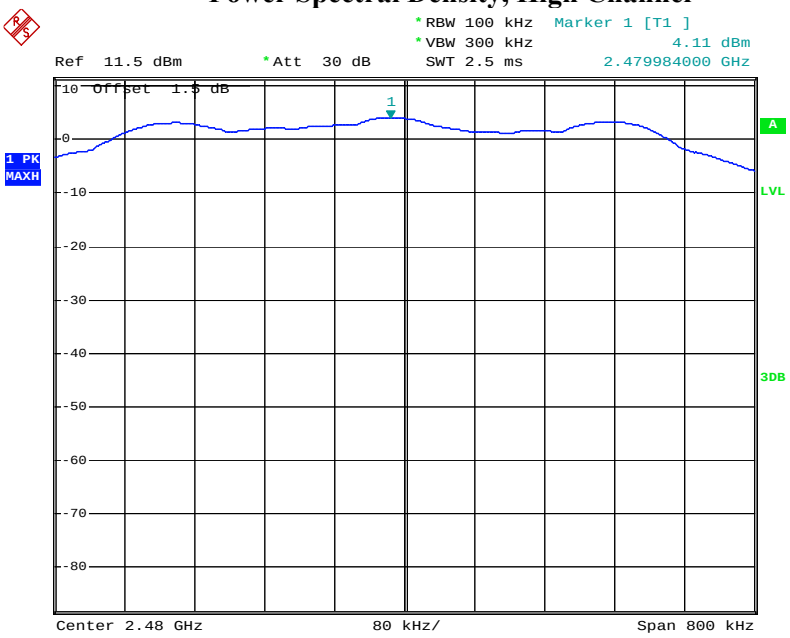
Power Spectral Density, High Channel



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5.5 §15.247(d) –Band Edge & Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c))

2. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	16oC
Relative Humidity	50%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

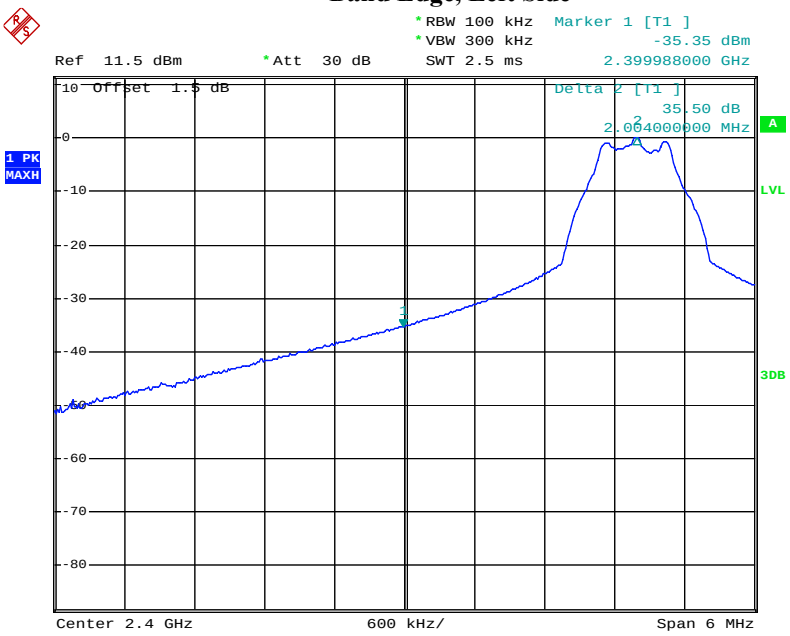
3. Test date : August 9, 2012
Tested By : Alan Lv

Test Result: Pass.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Band Edge (MHz)	Delta Peak to band emission (dB)	Limit (dB)
GFSK Transmitting mode		
2400.0	35.50	20
2483.5	41.25	20

Band Edge, Left Side



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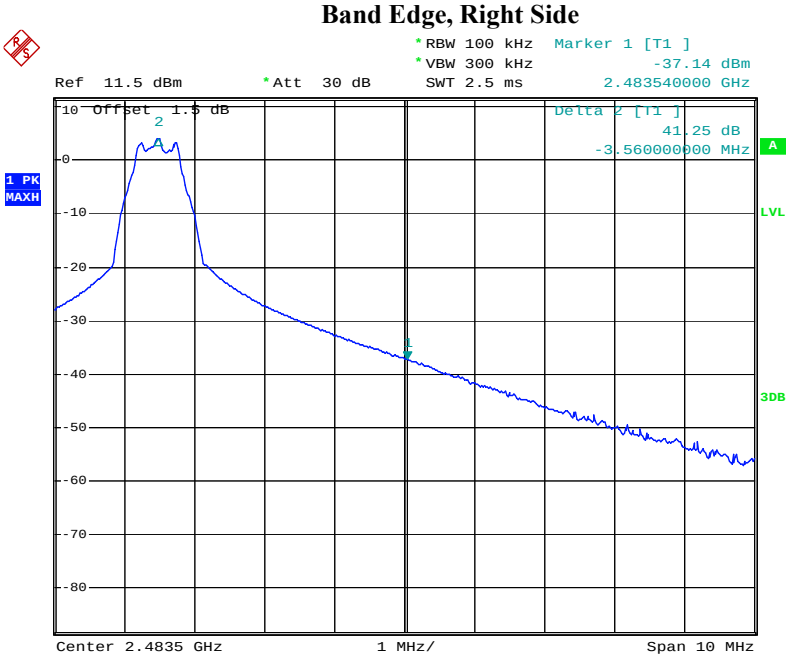
Band Edge, Right Side



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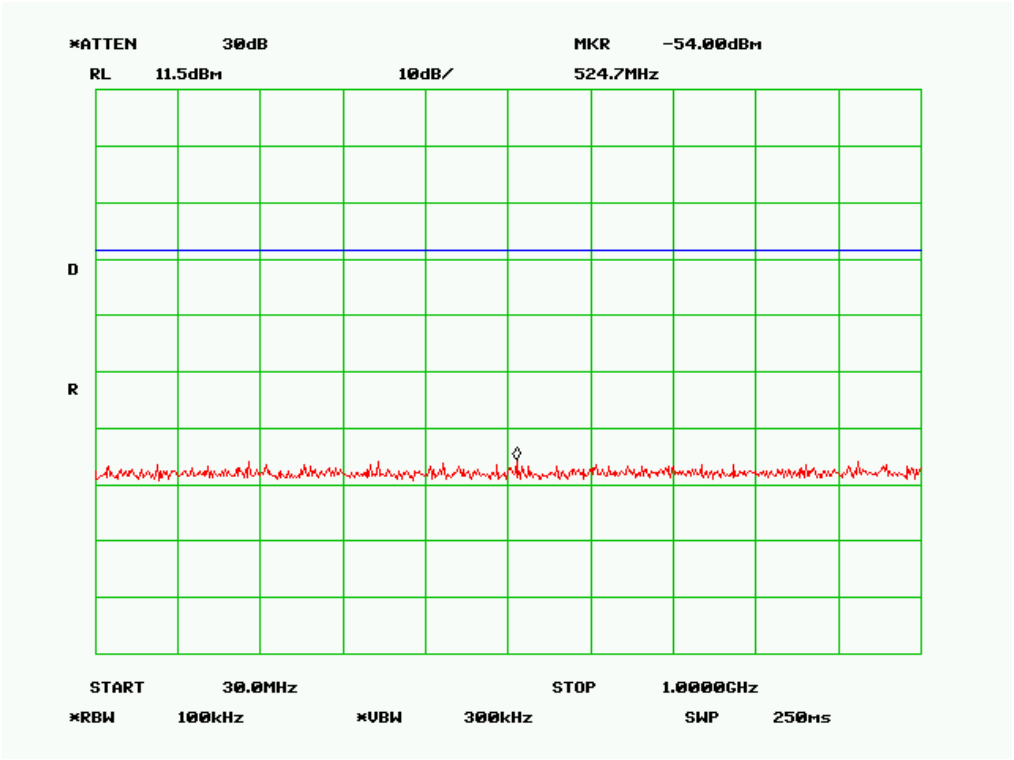
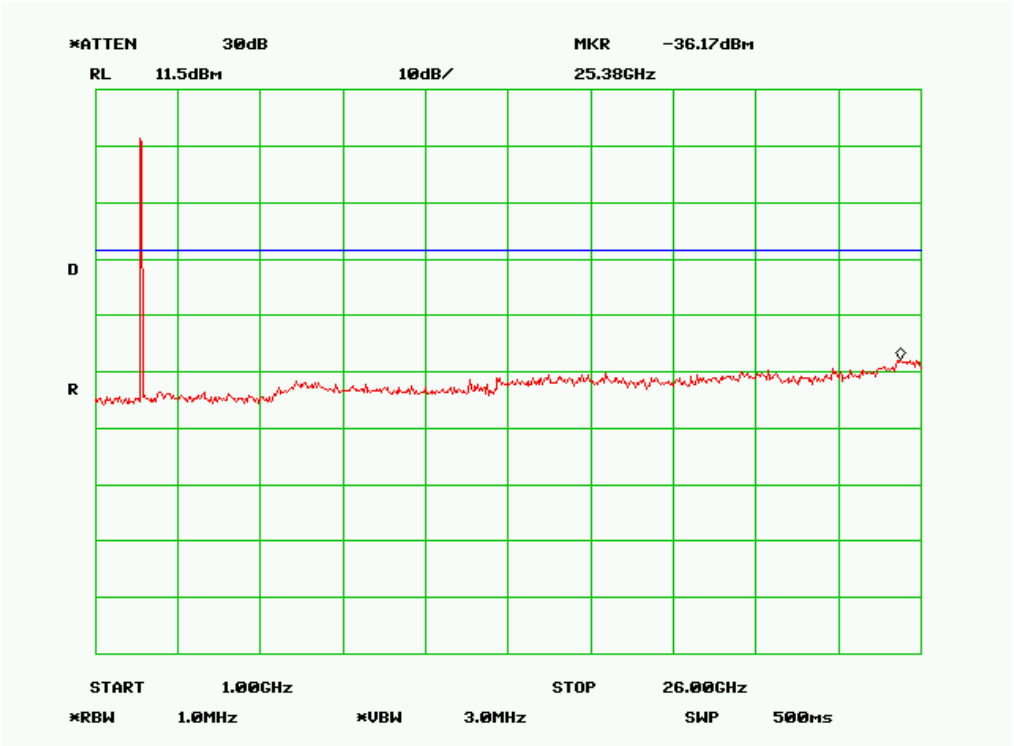
Antenna Port Conducted Spurious Emissions

Please refer to the following plots.

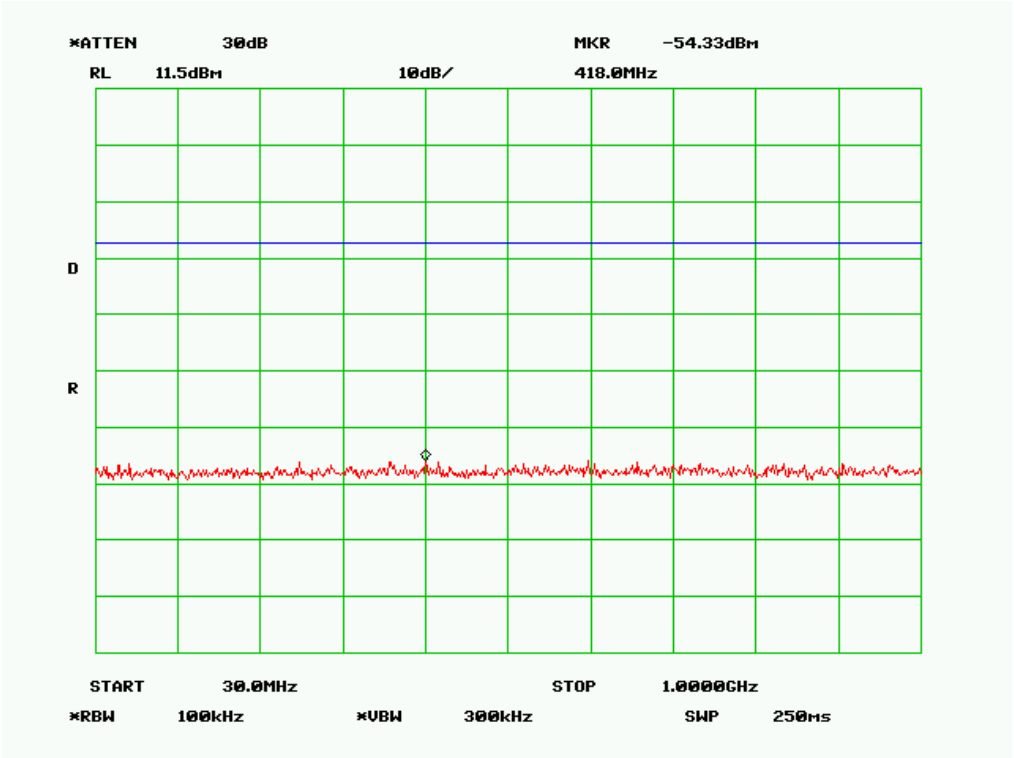
Low Channel Below 1G



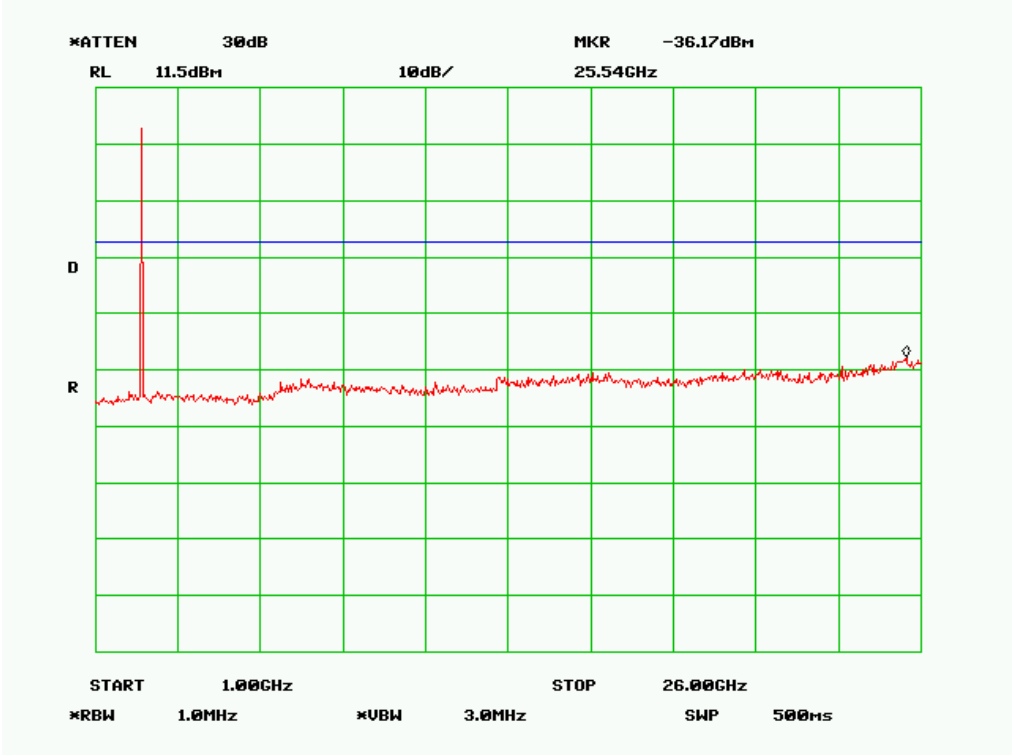
Low Channel Above 1G



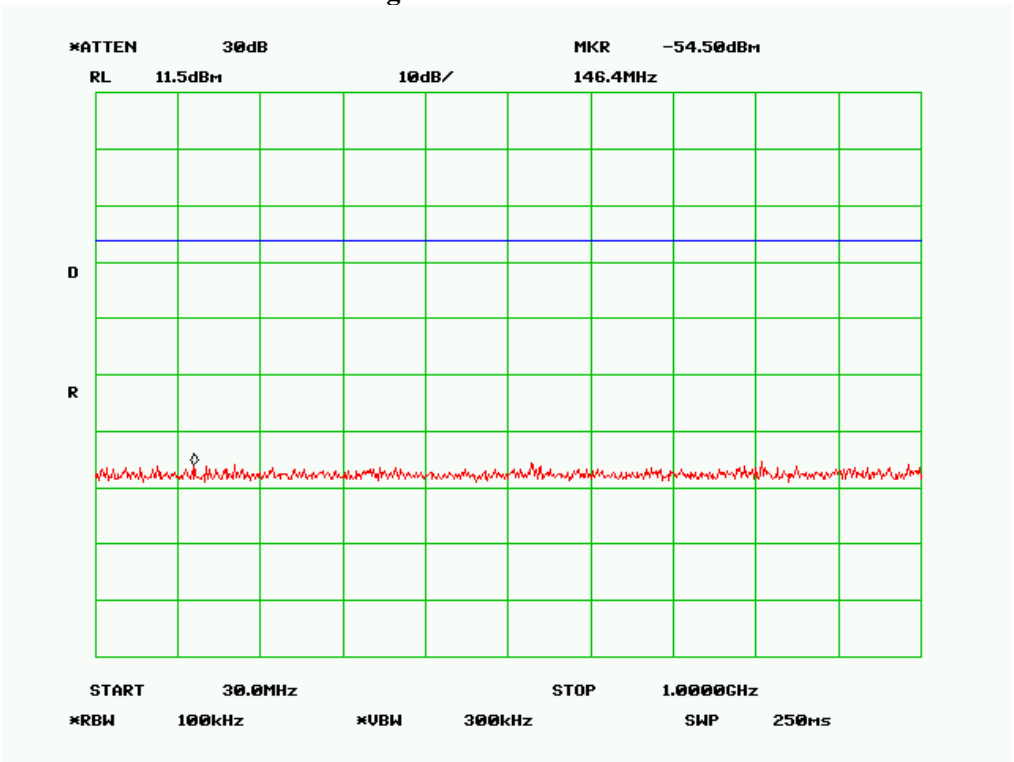
Middle Channel Below 1G



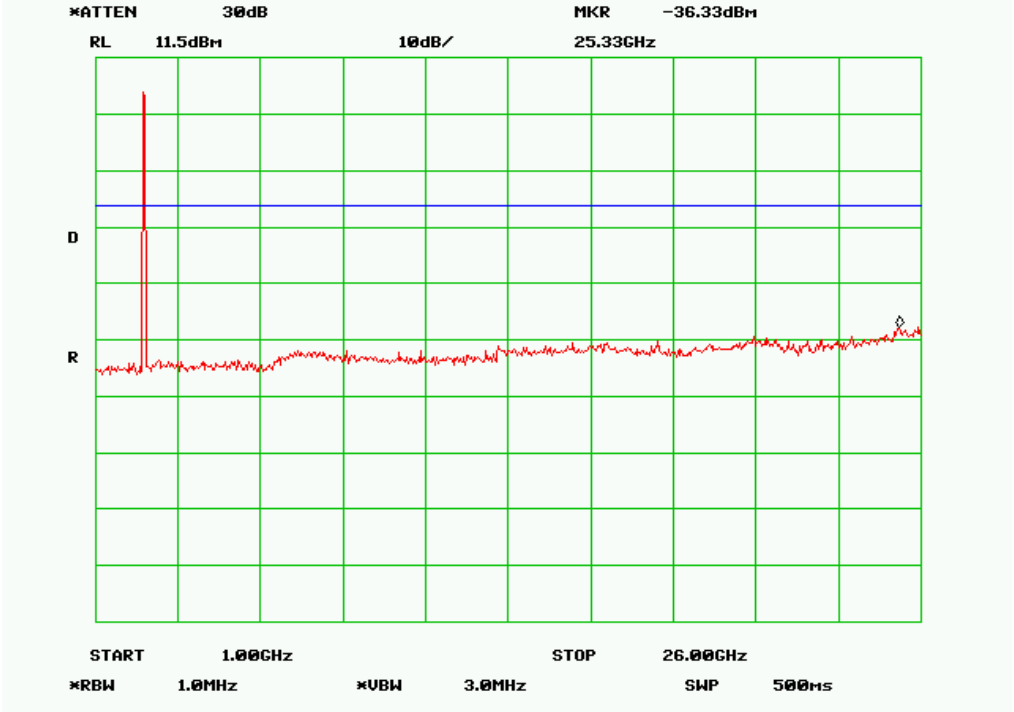
Middle Channel Above 1G



High Channel Below 1G



High Channel Above 1G



5.6 §15.207 (a) - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

Requirement:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15–0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46
5–30	60	50

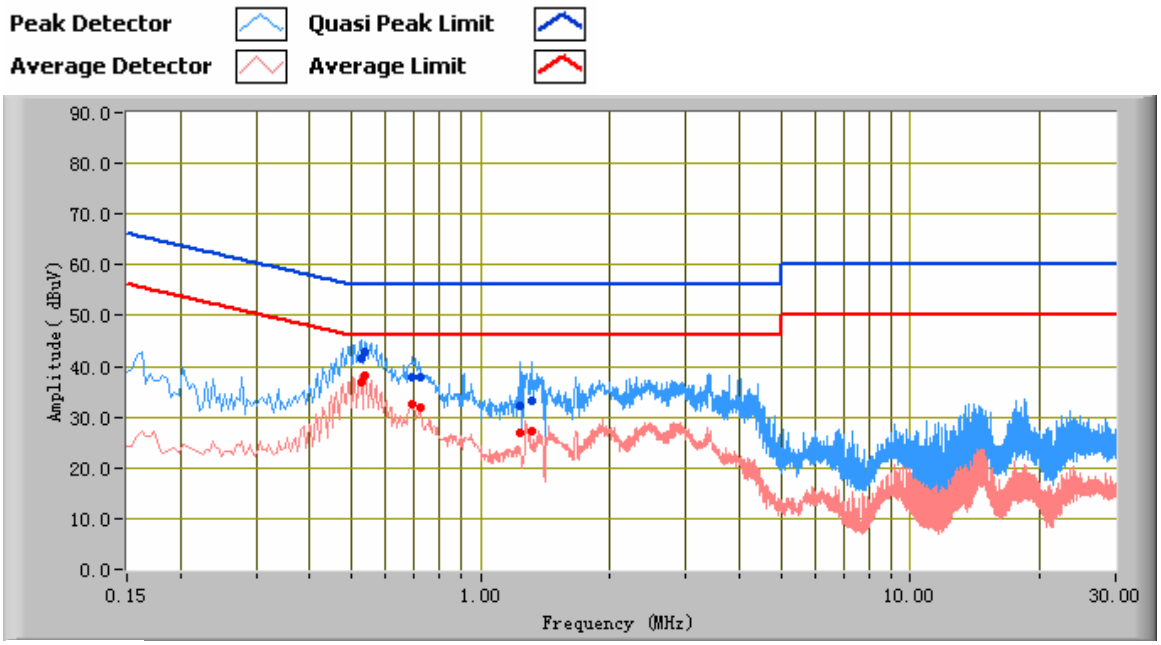
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Procedures:

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR and Average detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is ±3.5dB.
4. Environmental Conditions — Temperature 22°C; Relative Humidity 50%; Atmospheric Pressure 1019mbar
5. Test date : August 10, 2012
   Tested By : Alan Lv

Test Result: Pass

Test Mode:	GFSK Transmitting Power-- Line

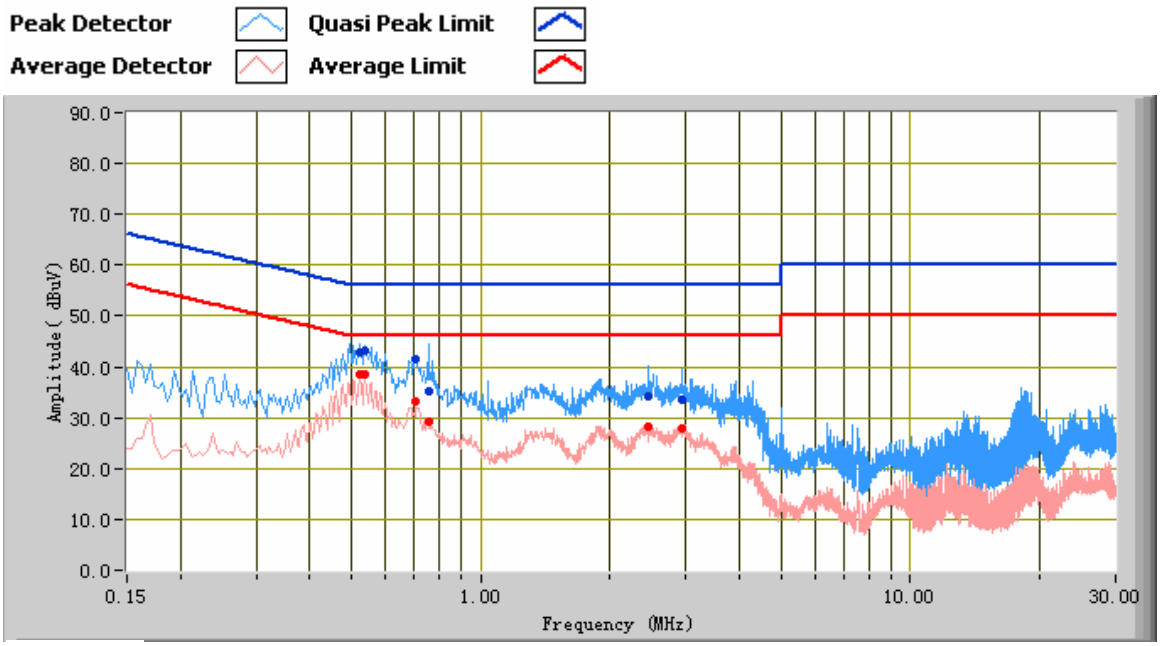


Test Data

Line

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Factors (dB)
0.53	41.55	56.00	-14.45	36.79	46.00	-9.21	10.16
0.54	42.81	56.00	-13.19	38.20	46.00	-7.80	10.16
0.69	37.93	56.00	-18.07	32.47	46.00	-13.53	10.12
1.24	32.18	56.00	-23.82	26.97	46.00	-19.03	10.17
1.31	33.13	56.00	-22.87	27.32	46.00	-18.68	10.17
0.73	37.95	56.00	-18.05	31.77	46.00	-14.23	10.13

Test Mode:	GFSK Transmitting Power-- Neutral



Test Data

Neutral

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Factors (dB)
0.75	35.37	56.00	-20.63	29.10	46.00	-16.90	10.14
0.52	42.95	56.00	-13.05	38.65	46.00	-7.35	10.16
0.54	43.15	56.00	-12.85	38.42	46.00	-7.58	10.16
0.71	41.35	56.00	-14.65	33.05	46.00	-12.95	10.12
2.45	34.08	56.00	-21.92	28.20	46.00	-17.80	10.20
2.94	33.41	56.00	-22.59	27.78	46.00	-18.22	10.20

5.7 §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - Radiated Spurious Emissions & Restricted Bands

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the 6 worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
3. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
   All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 1GHz & 1GHz above (3m & 10m) is +/-6dB.
4. Environmental Conditions

Temperature	22°C
Relative Humidity	50%
Atmospheric Pressure	1019mbar

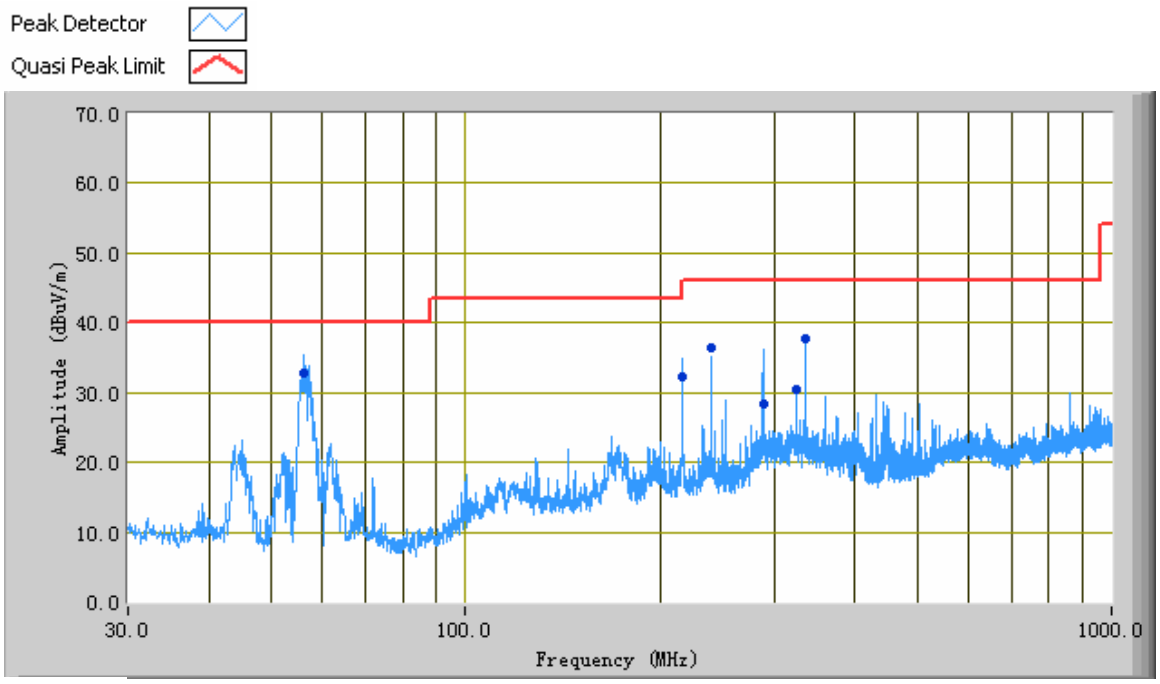
5. Test date : August 11, 2012
   Tested By : Alan Lv

Standard Requirement: The emissions from the Low-power radio-frequency devices shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table and the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. The tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Test Result: Pass

Test Mode:	GFSK Transmitting

Below 1GHz



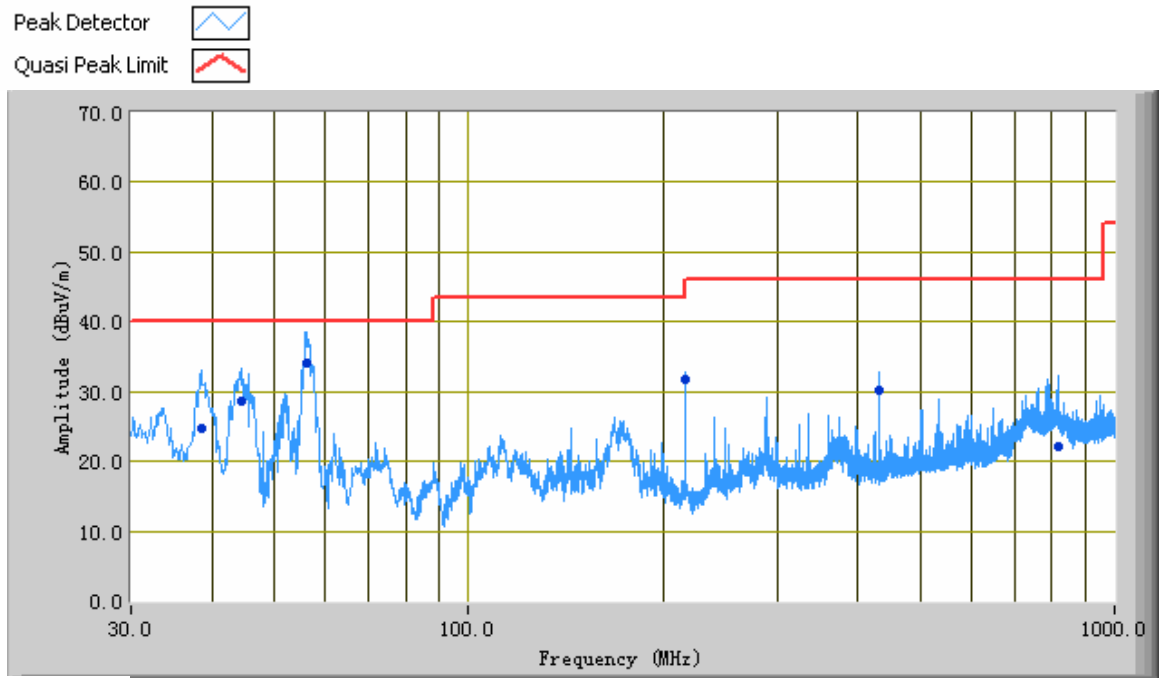
Test Data

Polarity Horizontal@3m

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBµV/m)	Azimuth	Polarity (H/V)	Height (cm)	Factors (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
56.36	32.70	186.00	H	302.00	-37.10	40.00	-7.30
335.98	37.81	306.00	H	102.00	-29.71	46.00	-8.19
288.56	28.32	234.00	H	121.00	-32.02	46.00	-17.68
239.93	36.45	282.00	H	134.00	-33.55	46.00	-9.55
216.43	32.31	252.00	H	131.00	-34.24	46.00	-13.69
324.63	30.54	240.00	H	106.00	-29.61	46.00	-15.46

Test Mode:	GFSK Transmitting

Below 1 GHz



Test Data

Polarity Vertical@3m

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBμV/m)	Azimuth	Polarity (H/V)	Height (cm)	Factors (dB)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
56.33	34.14	246.00	V	101.00	-35.58	40.00	-5.86
44.50	28.60	269.00	V	104.00	-29.18	40.00	-11.40
38.45	24.64	227.00	V	145.00	-25.39	40.00	-15.36
432.85	30.08	219.00	V	109.00	-29.19	46.00	-15.92
216.43	31.86	182.00	V	194.00	-33.59	46.00	-14.14
818.20	22.07	304.00	V	355.00	-18.35	46.00	-23.93

Test Mode:	GFSK Transmitting

Above 1 GHz

Low Channel (2402 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Direction (degree)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4804.00	54.26	AV	124.00	120.00	V	32.70	8.17	55.00	40.13	54.00	-13.87
4804.00	53.16	AV	53.00	130.00	H	32.70	8.17	55.00	39.03	54.00	-14.97
4804.00	71.15	PK	263.00	110.00	V	32.70	8.17	55.00	57.02	74.00	-16.98
4804.00	70.42	PK	120.00	140.00	H	32.70	8.17	55.00	56.29	74.00	-17.71
2387.00	52.46	AV	89.00	150.00	V	30.10	7.20	55.00	34.76	54.00	-19.24
2388.00	53.47	AV	256.00	120.00	H	30.10	7.20	55.00	35.77	54.00	-18.23
2387.00	65.49	PK	243.00	110.00	V	30.10	7.20	55.00	47.79	74.00	-26.21
2389.00	66.41	PK	152.00	130.00	H	30.10	7.20	55.00	48.71	74.00	-25.29

Middle Channel (2440 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Direction (degree)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4880.00	52.46	AV	89.00	130.00	V	32.80	9.00	55.00	39.26	54.00	-14.74
4880.00	53.74	AV	25.00	110.00	H	32.80	9.00	55.00	40.54	54.00	-13.46
4880.00	75.18	PK	210.00	130.00	V	32.80	9.00	55.00	61.98	74.00	-12.02
4880.00	73.06	PK	263.00	130.00	H	32.80	9.00	55.00	59.86	74.00	-14.14
7320.00	50.02	AV	156.00	120.00	V	35.60	11.16	55.00	41.78	54.00	-12.22
7320.00	51.05	AV	205.00	150.00	H	35.60	11.16	55.00	42.81	54.00	-11.19
7320.00	67.49	PK	123.00	120.00	V	35.60	11.16	55.00	59.25	74.00	-14.75
7320.00	66.20	PK	216.00	120.00	H	35.60	11.16	55.00	57.96	74.00	-16.04

High Channel (2480 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Direction (degree)	Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4960.00	52.08	AV	109.00	120.00	V	32.90	10.16	55.00	40.14	54.00	-13.86
4960.00	51.52	AV	125.00	120.00	H	32.90	10.16	55.00	39.58	54.00	-14.42
4960.00	71.15	PK	263.00	110.00	V	32.90	10.16	55.00	59.21	74.00	-14.79
4960.00	69.82	PK	215.00	110.00	H	32.90	10.16	55.00	57.88	74.00	-16.12
2490.00	53.61	AV	167.00	120.00	V	30.60	7.20	55.00	36.41	54.00	-17.59
2485.00	52.43	AV	293.00	130.00	H	30.60	7.20	55.00	35.23	54.00	-18.77
2488.00	65.86	PK	182.00	130.00	V	30.60	7.20	55.00	48.66	74.00	-25.34
2485.00	66.70	PK	159.00	150.00	H	30.60	7.20	55.00	49.50	74.00	-24.50

Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT & METHOD

Annex A.i. TEST INSTRUMENTATION & GENERAL PROCEDURES

Instrument	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted Emissions			
R&S EMI Test Receiver	ESPI3	08/26/2012	08/25/2013
Com-Power LISN	LI-115	05/25/2012	05/25/2013
Radiated Emissions			
Hp Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	01/10/2012	01/09/2013
R&S EMI Receiver	ESPI3	08/26/2012	08/25/2013
Antenna (30MHz~6GHz)	JB6	12/28/2011	12/28/2012
ETS-Lindgren Antenna(1 ~18GHz)	3115	10/04/2011	10/03/2012
A-INFOMW Antenna(1 ~18GHz)	JXTXLB-10180	06/25/2012	06/24/2013
Horn Antenna (18~40GHz)	AH-840	07/23/2012	07/22/2013
Microwave Pre-Amp (18~40GHz)	PA-840	Every 2000 Hours	
Hp Agilent Pre-Amplifier	8447F	05/25/2012	
MITEQ Pre-Amplifier(0.1 ~ 18GHz)	AMF-7D-00101800-30-10P	05/25/2012	05/24/2013
Chamber	3m	04/13/2012	04/12/2013

Annex A.ii. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

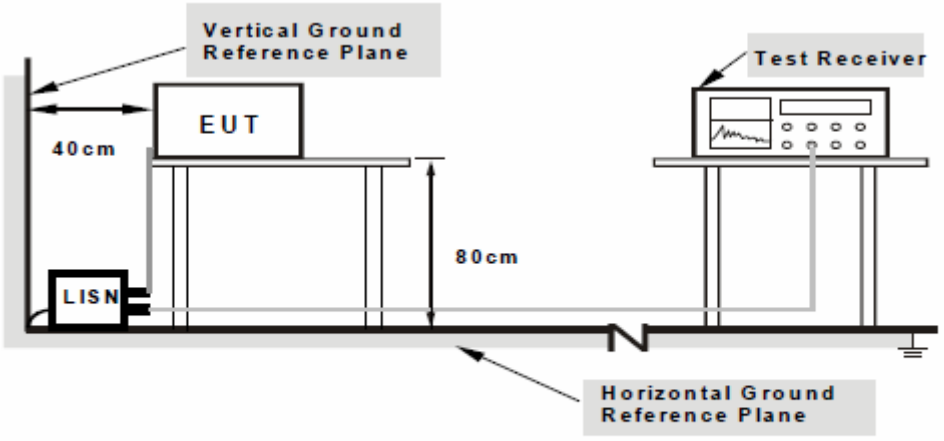
Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table, as shown in Annex B.

2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50Ω/50μH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.

3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.

4. All other supporting equipments were powered separately from another main supply.



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.
2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item – Photographs of the Test Configuration1.

Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.

2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.

3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.

4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 KHz. For FCC tests, only Quasi-peak measurements were made; while for CISPR/EN tests, both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.

5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).

Description of Conducted Emission Program

This EMC Measurement software run LabView automation software and offers a common user interface for electromagnetic interference (EMI) measurements. This software is a modern and powerful tool for controlling and monitoring EMI test receivers and EMC test systems. It guarantees reliable collection, evaluation, and documentation of measurement results. Basically, this program will run a pre-scan measurement before it proceeds with the final measurement. The pre-scan routine will run the common scan range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz; the program will first start a peak and average scan on selectable measurement time and step size. After the program complete the pre-scan, this program will perform the Quasi Peak and Average measurement, based on the pre-scan peak data reduction result.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz limit = 250 μV = 47.96 dBμV

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.20 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.00 dBμV
(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 47.96 – 40.00 = 7.96 i.e. **7.96 dB below limit**

Annex A. iii RADIATED EMISSIONS TEST DESCRIPTION

EUT Characterisation

EUT characterisation, over the frequency range from 30MHz to 10th Harmonic , was done in order to minimise radiated emissions testing time while still maintaining high confidence in the test results.

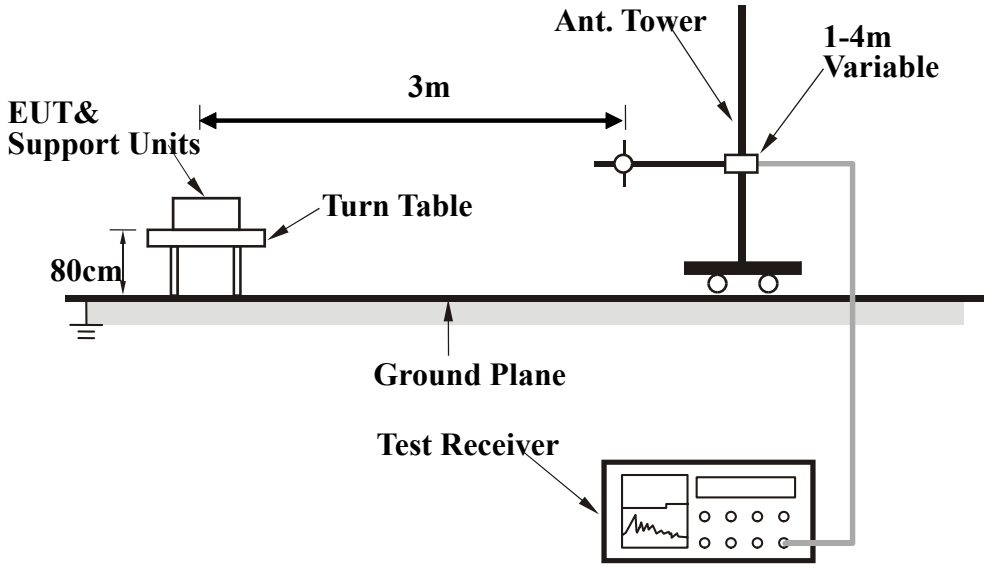
The EUT was placed in the chamber, at a height of about 0.8m on a turntable. Its radiated emissions frequency profile was observed, using a spectrum analyzer /receiver with the appropriate broadband antenna placed 3m away from the EUT. Radiated emissions from the EUT were maximised by rotating the turntable manually, changing the antenna polarisation and manipulating the EUT cables while observing the frequency profile on the spectrum analyzer / receiver. Frequency points at which maximum emissions occurred, clock frequencies and operating frequencies were then noted for the formal radiated emissions test at the Open Area Test Site (OATS).

Test Set-up

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.

2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.

3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.



Test Method

The following procedure was performed to determine the maximum emission axis of EUT:
1. With the receiving antenna is H polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
2. With the receiving antenna is V polarization, rotate the EUT in turns with three orthogonal axes to determine the axis of maximum emission.
3. Compare the results derived from above two steps. So, the axis of maximum emission from EUT was determined and the configuration was used to perform the final measurement.

Final Radiated Emission Measurement
1. Setup the configuration according to figure 1. Turn on EUT and make sure that it is in normal function.

2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.

3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.

4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ◦ to 360 ◦ with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading.

5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.

6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.

During the radiated emission test, the Spectrum Analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Band (MHz)	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz

Sample Calculation Example

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. For the limit is employed average value, therefore the peak value can be transferred to average value by subtracting the duty factor. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Peak = Reading + Corrected Factor

where
Corr. Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Factor - Amplifier Gain (if any)
And the average value is

Average = Peak Value + Duty Factor or
Set RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz.

Note :
If the measured frequencies are fall in the restricted frequency band, the limit employed must be quasi peak value when frequencies are below or equal to 1 GHz. And the measuring instrument is set to quasi peak detector function.

Annex B. EUT AND TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Please see attachment

Annex C. TEST SETUP AND SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT

EUT TEST CONDITIONS

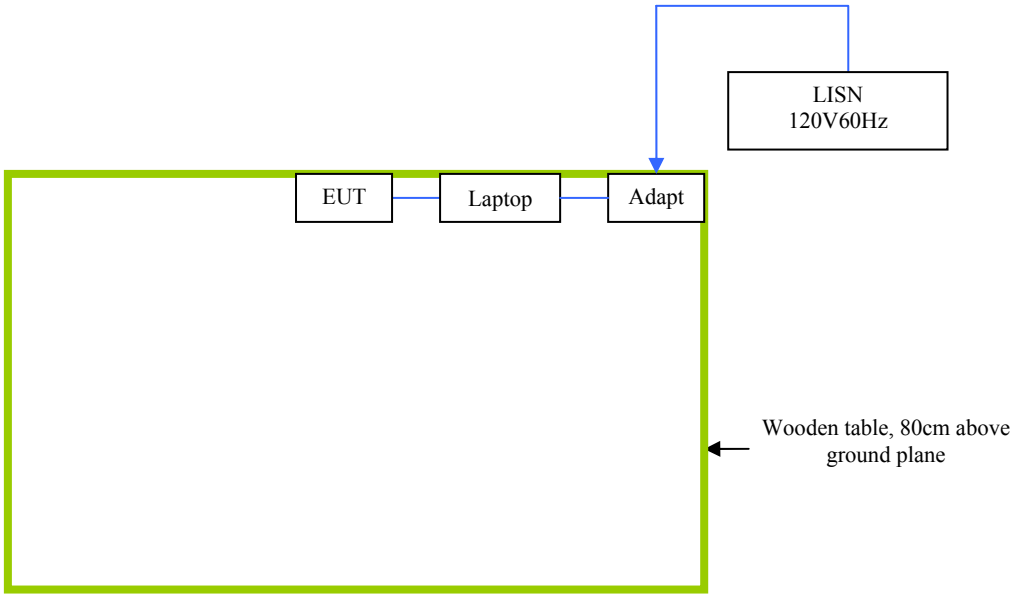
Annex C. i. SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The following is a description of supporting equipment and details of cables used with the EUT.

Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Model & Serial Number	Cable Description (List Length, Type & Purpose)
Gateway Laptop	MS2288 & LXWHF02013951C3CA92200	N/A

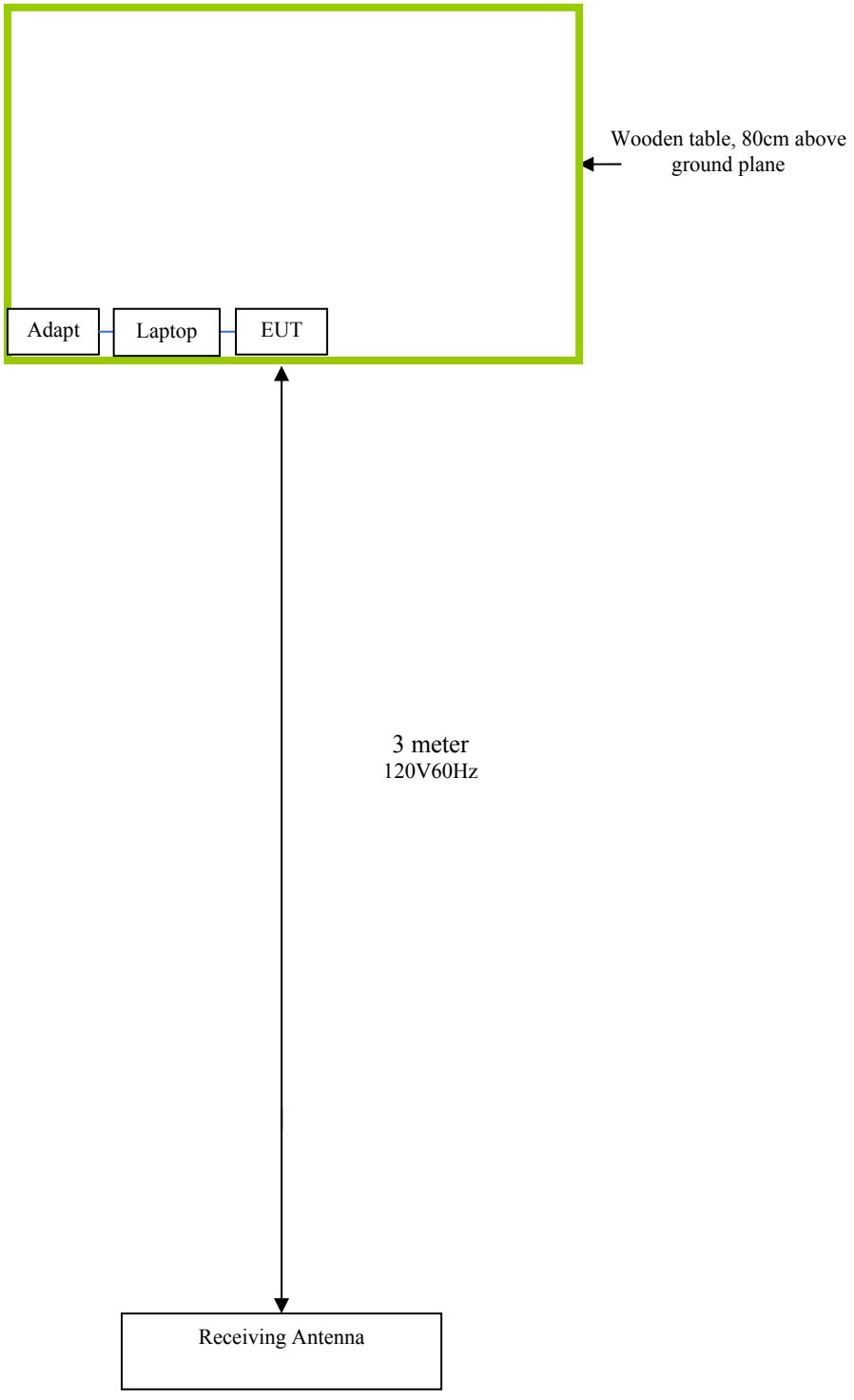
Block Configuration Diagram for Conducted Emissions

Note:Before Testing, the EUT must be set up for transmitting by laptop.



Block Configuration Diagram for Radiated Emissions

Note:Before Testing, the EUT must be set up for transmitting by laptop.



Annex C.ii. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

The following is the description of how the EUT is exercised during testing.

Test	Description Of Operation
Emissions Testing	The EUT was continuously transmitting to stimulate the worst case.

Annex D. USER MANUAL / BLOCK DIAGRAM / SCHEMATICS / PART LIST

Please see attachment

Annex E. DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

Please see attachment