

FCC HAC RF Emissions Test Report

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958 FCC ID: P46-U670C Page Number : C1 of C1
Report Issued Date : Aug. 06, 2012
Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: HA231609A





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Client

Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1184_Apr12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

April 11, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	20-Apr-11 (No. DAE4-781_Apr11)	Apr-12
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D-Kiw
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Sells.

Issued: April 12, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1184_Apr12

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1184_Apr12 Page 2 of 6

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.459 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	171.1 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	163.8 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	167.5 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.3 dB	44.7 Ω - 13.7 jΩ
835 MHz	25.8 dB	$46.5 \Omega + 3.5 j\Omega$
900 MHz	21.2 dB	55.7 Ω - 7.3]Ω
950 MHz	20.3 dB	$50.0 \Omega + 9.7 j\Omega$
960 MHz	15.7 dB	60.0 Ω + 15.2 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

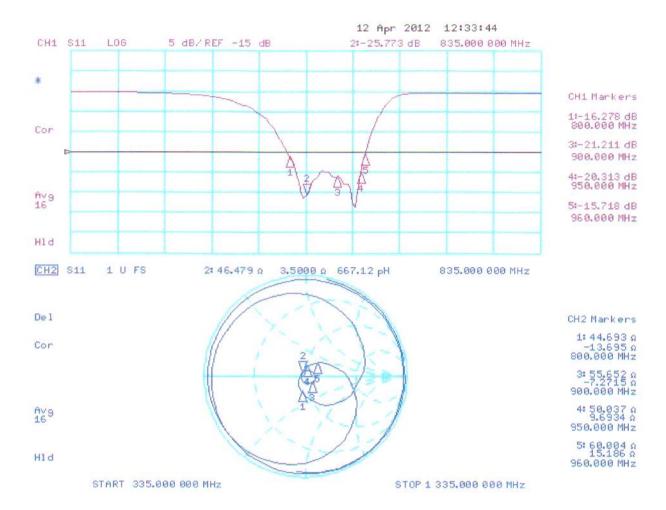
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 11.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.04.2011

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4910 A/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

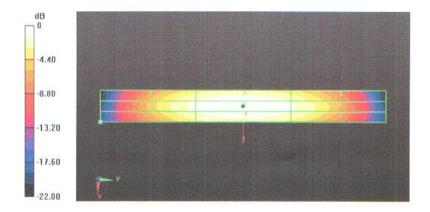
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4595 A/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4 0.386 A/m	Grid 2 M4 0.407 A/m	Grid 3 M4 0.388 A/m
Grid 4 M4 0.435 A/m		
Grid 7 M4 0.382 A/m		



0 dB = 0.459 A/m = -6.75 dB A/m

DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 11.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.04.2011
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 112.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

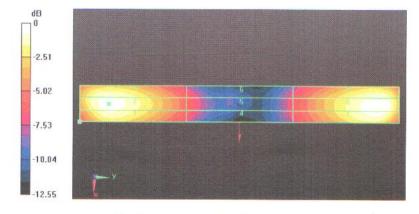
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 171.1 V/m

Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
158.2 V/m	163.8 V/m	159.2 V/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
86.26 V/m	88.61 V/m	86.01 V/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
166.0 V/m	171.1 V/m	163.2 V/m



0 dB = 171.1 V/m = 44.67 dB V/m





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Client

Sporton-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170 Apr12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: April 11, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-11 (No. ER3-2336_Dec11)	Dec-12
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-11 (No. H3-6065_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 781	20-Apr-11 (No. DAE4-781_Apr11)	Apr-12
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	D. Flier
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	00 m

Issued: April 12, 2012

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170_Apr12

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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170_Apr12

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.1
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	8
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.469 A / m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	142.5 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	140.0 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	141.3 V / m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	23.8 dB	49.5 Ω + 6.4 jΩ
1880 MHz	21.5 dB	$47.3 \Omega + 7.7 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	20.8 dB	$48.9 \Omega + 9.0 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.6 dB	$53.5 \Omega + 3.3 j\Omega$
2000 MHz	24.7 dB	$44.6 \Omega + 0.9 j\Omega$

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

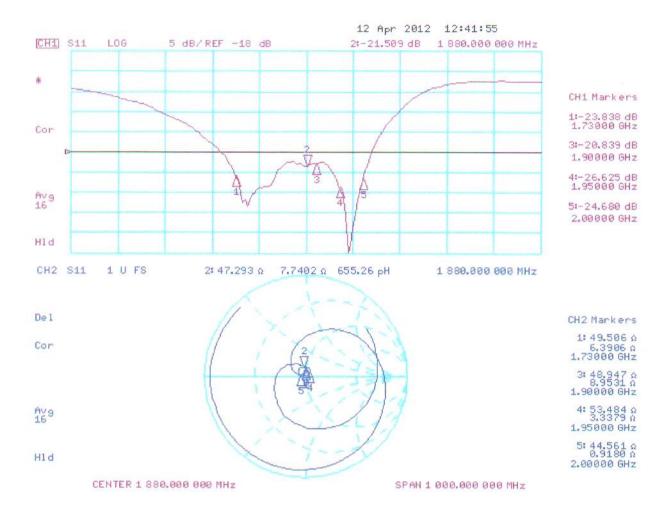
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



Date: 11.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2011

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.04.2011

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4960 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

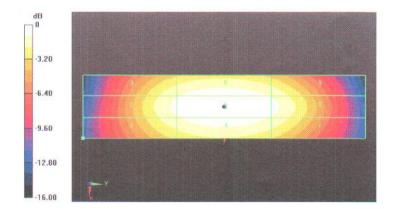
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4691 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.409 A/m	0.429 A/m	0.409 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.447 A/m	0.469 A/m	0.447 A/m
Grid 7 M2 0.409 A/m		



0 dB = 0.469 A/m = -6.57 dB A/m

Date: 11.04.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2011;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.04.2011

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.1(838); SEMCAD X 14.6.5(6469)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 160.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

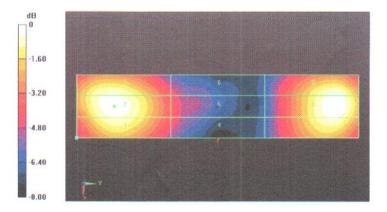
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 142.5 V/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 135.1 V/m		Grid 3 M2 136.1 V/m
Grid 4 M3	Grid 5 M3	Grid 6 M3
89.51 V/m	91.97 V/m	87.96 V/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
135.9 V/m	142.5 V/m	137.9 V/m



0 dB = 142.5 V/m = 43.08 dB V/m

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is closed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the Estop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

TN_BR040315AD DAE4.doc

11.12.2009

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client Sporton (Aude	n)	Certific	ate No: DAE4-1303_Nov11
CALIBRATION (CERTIFICATE	以下,这种工作	计器可归加利率。 100
Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D	04 BJ - SN: 1303	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v23 Calibration proces	dure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 10, 20	11	
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&	retainties with confidence proceed in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	enal standards, which realize the physi obability are given on the following pag r facility: environment temperature (22	ges and are part of the certificate, \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 28-Sep-11 (No:11450)	Scheduled Calibration Sep-12
	1	20 000 11 (110.111100)	36p-12
Secondary Standards Calibrator Box V1.1	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Cambrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	08-Jun-11 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-12
Calibrated by:	Name Andrea Guntli	Function Technician	Signature
			- teller
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			loguad Navamber 10, 2011

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Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$, full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1......+3 mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Y	Z
High Range	405.540 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.440 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.880 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96478 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99094 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98659 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	98.0 ° ± 1 °
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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199991.5	0.55	0.00
Channel X + Input	20001.05	1.85	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19998.05	1.05	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	199999.7	1.22	0.00
Channel Y + Input	19998.99	-1.81	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-19999.45	-0.05	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199999.8	2.58	0.00
Channel Z + Input	19998.62	-2.08	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.66	-1.46	0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.2	0.42	0.02
Channel X + Input	200.40	0.50	0.25
Channel X - Input	-199.78	0.12	-0.06
Channel Y + Input	2000.2	0.14	0.01
Channel Y + Input	199.51	-0.59	-0.29
Channel Y - Input	-200.62	-0.72	0.36
Channel Z + Input	1999.8	-0.34	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	199.52	-0.38	-0.19
Channel Z - Input	-201.03	-1.03	0.51

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	8.61	7.05
	- 200	-5.72	-7.64
Channel Y	200	5.57	5.59
	- 200	-7.50	-7.56
Channel Z	200	-3.76	-4.32
	- 200	1.32	1.78

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	3.28	-0.13
Channel Y	200	2.85	-	4.47
Channel Z	200	1.85	-0.35	

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

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	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15918	16080
Channel Y	15626	16237
Channel Z	16154	16086

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10 M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	-0.19	-0.92	0.71	0.28
Channel Y	-1.87	-3.04	0.07	0.39
Channel Z	-0.56	-1.71	1.44	0.58

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9