



FCC CFR 47 Part 90 Test Report

APPLICANT	FIPLEX COMMUNICATIONS INC.
ADDRESS	2101 NW 79th Ave. MIAMI FL 33122 USA
FCC ID	P3TDH440-HG-SCH-2
MODEL NUMBER	DH440-HG-SCH-2
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	UHF AMPLIFIER/BOOSTER
DATE SAMPLE RECEIVED	05/06/2019
FINAL TEST DATE	05/28/2019
TESTED BY	Franklin Rose
APPROVED BY	Tim Royer
TEST RESULTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PASS <input type="checkbox"/> FAIL

Report Number	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
1137AUT19TestReport_	Rev1	Initial Issue	05/30/2019

THE ATTACHED REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC.

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GENERAL REMARKS

Summary

The device under test does:

- Fulfill the general approval requirements as identified in this test report and was selected by the customer.
- Not fulfill the general approval requirements as identified in this test report

Attestations

This equipment has been tested in accordance with the standards identified in this test report. To the best of my knowledge and belief, these tests were performed using the measurement procedures described in this report.

All instrumentation and accessories used to test products for compliance to the indicated standards are calibrated regularly in accordance with ISO 17025 requirements.

I attest that the necessary measurements were made at:

Timco Engineering Inc.
849 NW State Road 45
Newberry, FL 32669
Designation #: US1070

Tested by:



Name and Title Franklin Rose, Project Manager / EMC Specialist

Date 05/30/2019

Reviewed and Approved by:



Name and Title Tim Royer, Project Manager / EMC Engineer

Date 05/30/2019

GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT Definition: FCC 90.219(a)

Signal booster. A device or system that automatically receives, amplifies, and retransmits signals from wireless stations into and out of building interiors, tunnels, shielded outdoor areas and other locations where these signals would otherwise be too weak for reliable communications. Signal booster systems may contain both Class A and Class B signal boosters as components.

EUT Technical Specifications:

EUT Description	UHF AMPLIFIER/BOOSTER		
EUT Details	Single Channel UHF M Class A Signal Booster for Public Safety Operations		
FCC ID	P3TDH440-HG-SCH-2		
Model Number	DH440-HG-SCH-2		
Operating Frequency	UHF Mid Band: 482.5 – 484.2 MHz		
EUT Power Source	<input type="checkbox"/> 110–120Vac, 50– 60Hz	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DC Power (48 VDC)	<input type="checkbox"/> Battery Operated
Test Item	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering Prototype	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production	<input type="checkbox"/> Production
Type of Equipment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fixed	<input type="checkbox"/> Mobile	<input type="checkbox"/> Portable
Antenna Connector	N Type		
Test Conditions	The temperature was 26°C Relative humidity of 50%.		
Modification to the EUT	No Modification to EUT.		
Test Exercise	The EUT was operated in accordance with the service manual using software supplied by the manufacturer.		
Applicable Standards	TIA 603-E:2016, ANSI C63.26, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, Part 90, KDB 935210 D05 v01r02, section 4		
Test Facility	Timco Engineering Inc. at 849 NW State Road 45 Newberry, FL 32669 USA. Designation #: US1070		

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Applied Rule Part(s)	Test	Result
KDB 935210 s.4, FCC Pt. 90.531(a)	Test Frequencies	For Reporting Only
KDB 935210 s.4.1	Input Signals	For Reporting Only
KDB 935210 s.4.2	AGC Threshold	For Reporting Only
KDB 935210 s.4.3, FCC Pt. 90.219(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(d)(7)	Out-of-Band Rejection	CLASS A DEVICE
KDB 935210 s.4.4, FCC Pt. 2.1049(c), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(ii), FCC Pt. 90.210(c)	Input vs. Output Signal Comparison	PASS
KDB 935210 s.4.5, FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(1), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(iii)	RF Power Output (and Gain)	PASS
FCC Pt. 2.1033(c)(8)	Power Input to the Final Power Amplifier	For Reporting Only
KDB 935210 s.4.6, FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(2)	Noise Figure	PASS
KDB 935210 s.4.7.2 FCC Part 2.1051(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(d)(6)(i), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(3)	Intermodulation Spurious Emissions	n/a
KDB 935210 s.4.7.3, FCC Part 2.1051(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(3)	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	PASS
KDB 935210 s.4.8, FCC Part 2.1055(a)(1), FCC Part 2.1055(b), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(i)	Frequency Stability	n/a
KDB 935210 s.4.9, FCC Part 2.1053(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(3)	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	PASS

EMISSION DESIGNATION

Rule Part No.: FCC Part 2.202(g)

Note: All signals used here are representative of the type of signals which will be passed through this EUT, as outlined in KDB 935210 s.4.1.

Analog Signals

Emission Designator	Description	Modulation Type	M (modulation Freq., kHz)	R (rate, baud)	D (deviation, kHz)	K (numeric constant)	S (symbols)	Bandwidth Calculation	Necessary Bandwidth
4K00F3E	Narrowband Analog FM Voice	FM	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	-	Bn = 2M + 2DK	4.00
11K2F3E	Narrowband Analog FM Voice	FM	3.0	-	2.5	1.0	-		11.00

Digital Signals

Emission Designator	Description	Modulation Type	M (modulation Freq., kHz)	R (rate, baud)	D (deviation, kHz)	K (numeric constant)	S (symbols)	Bandwidth Calculation	Bn (necessary bandwidth, kHz)
4K00F1E	Narrow NXDN Voice	4FSK	-	4800	1.55	0.516	4	Bn = (R/log ₂ S) + 2DK	4.00
4K00F1D	Narrow NXDN Data	4FSK	-	4800	1.55	0.516	4		4.00
4K00F1W	Narrow NXDN Voice/Data	4FSK	-	4800	1.55	0.516	4		4.00
8K30F1E	Wide NXDN Voice	4FSK	-	4800	3	0.984	4		8.30
8K30F1D	Wide NXDN Data	4FSK	-	4800	3	0.984	4		8.30
8K30F1W	Wide NXDN Voice & Data	4FSK	-	4800	3	0.984	4		8.30
4K00F2D	Narrow NXDN CW ID	4FSK	0.8	4800	1.2	1.0	4	Bn = 2M + 2DK	4.00
8K30F2D	Wide NXDN CW ID	4FSK	1.15	4800	3	1	4		8.30
7K60FXE	DMR Voice	4FSK	-	9600	1.8	0.778	4	Bn = (R/log ₂ S) + 2DK	7.60
7K60FXD	DMR Data	4FSK	-	9600	1.8	0.778	4		7.60
8K10F1E	P25 Phase I C4FM Voice	4FSK	-	9600	1.8	0.916	4	Bn = (R/log ₂ S) + 2DK	8.10
8K10F1D	P25 Phase I C4FM Data	4FSK	-	9600	1.8	0.916	4		8.10
8K10F1W	P25 Phase II H-CPM Voice/Data	4FSK	-	9600	1.8	0.916	4		8.10
9K80F1E	P25 Phase II H-DQPSK Voice	QPSK	-	12000	-	0.817	4	Bn = 2RK/log ₂ S	9.80
9K80F1D	P25 Phase II H-DQPSK Data	QPSK	-	12000	-	0.817	4		9.80

TEST FREQUENCIES

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4

All tests specified in KDB 935210 D05, Section 4 are intended for each band/block of operation. The bands/blocks of operation of this EUT are as follows:

EUT Operational Band(s): KDB 935210 D02, Appendix D, Table D.3

Table D.3 – Various Part 90 PLMRS band allocations, rule parts/sections, and service types for Section 90.219 purposes (for info only – see rules for details, also KDB Publication 634817 [R14])

Fl. (MHz)	–	Fl. (MHz)	Rule(s)	Misc. Notes
470	–	512	90	

Frequencies for Testing:

Band	EUT Frequencies	Test Frequencies
UHF Mid Band, Downlink		
UHF Mid Band 1	482.5 – 484.2 MHz	483 MHz

Note: Testing frequencies were rounded to the nearest channel center frequency allowed by the EUT.

INPUT SIGNALS

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.1

The procedures in this clause are specific to EUTs intended for operating in the Private Land Mobile Radio Services (PLMRS) and Public Safety Radio Services (PSRS)⁵, which are governed under the provisions and requirements of the Part 90 rules (i.e., Section 90.219 applies).

Table 1 depicts signal types associated with PLMRS operations, which are to be considered as test signals to be used in performing compliance testing on PLMRS amplifiers, repeaters, and industrial boosters. Not all of the procedures in this clause will require using each of the signals listed in Table 1, because for many EUTs a CW tone can adequately model the narrowband signals typically encountered within these services. For EUTs supporting digitally modulated signals, the intended operating signal types should be tested (e.g., P25 Phase 1, P25 Phase 2, TETRA, etc.), especially for PSRS devices. Devices intended for use in 700 MHz Public Safety Broadband spectrum shall be tested using a representative band-limited AWGN signal (99 % OBW of 4.1 MHz) or the applicable signal type (e.g., LTE).

Table 1—Test signals for PLMRS devices

Emission Designator	Modulation	Occupied Bandwidth	Channel Bandwidth	Audio Frequency
16K0F3E	FM	16 kHz	25 kHz	1 kHz
11K3F3E	FM	11.3 kHz	12.5 kHz	1 kHz
4K00F1E	FM	4 kHz	6.25 kHz	1 kHz
N/A	CW	N/A	N/A	N/A

Input Signals

4K00F3E (Narrowband Analog FM Voice)

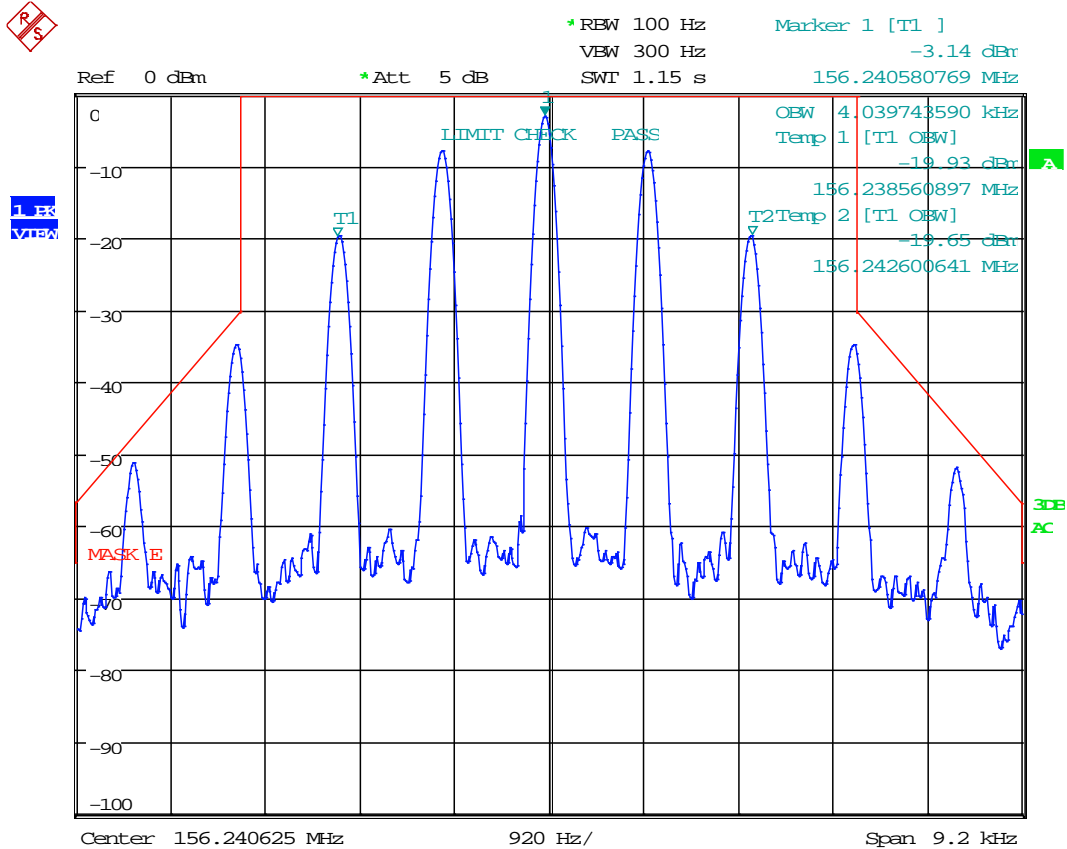
Substituted for signals:

4K00F1E (Narrow NXDN Voice)

4K00F1D (Narrow NXDN Data)

4K00F1W (Narrow NXDN Voice & Data)

4K00F2D (Narrow NXDN CW ID)

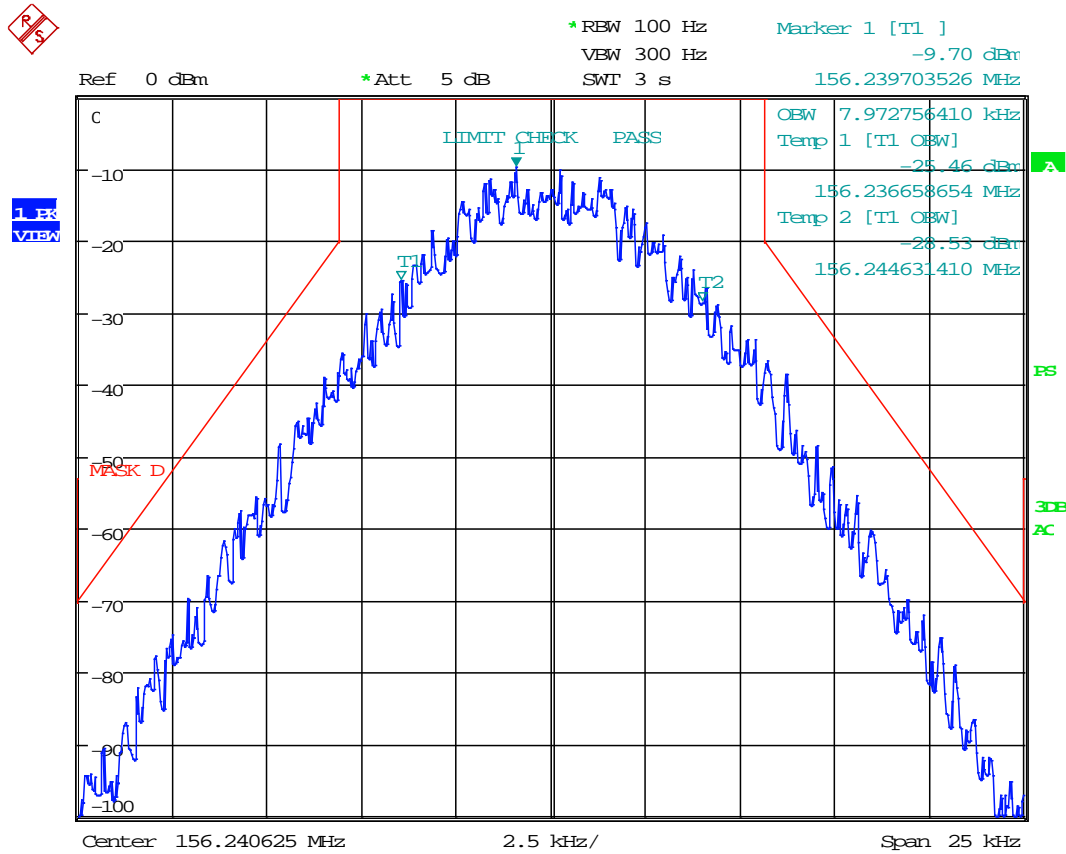


Date: 13.MAY.2019 15:26:21

Occupied Bandwidth: 4.04 kHz

Input Signals

8K10F1E/F1D (P25 Phase I C4FM Voice, Data)

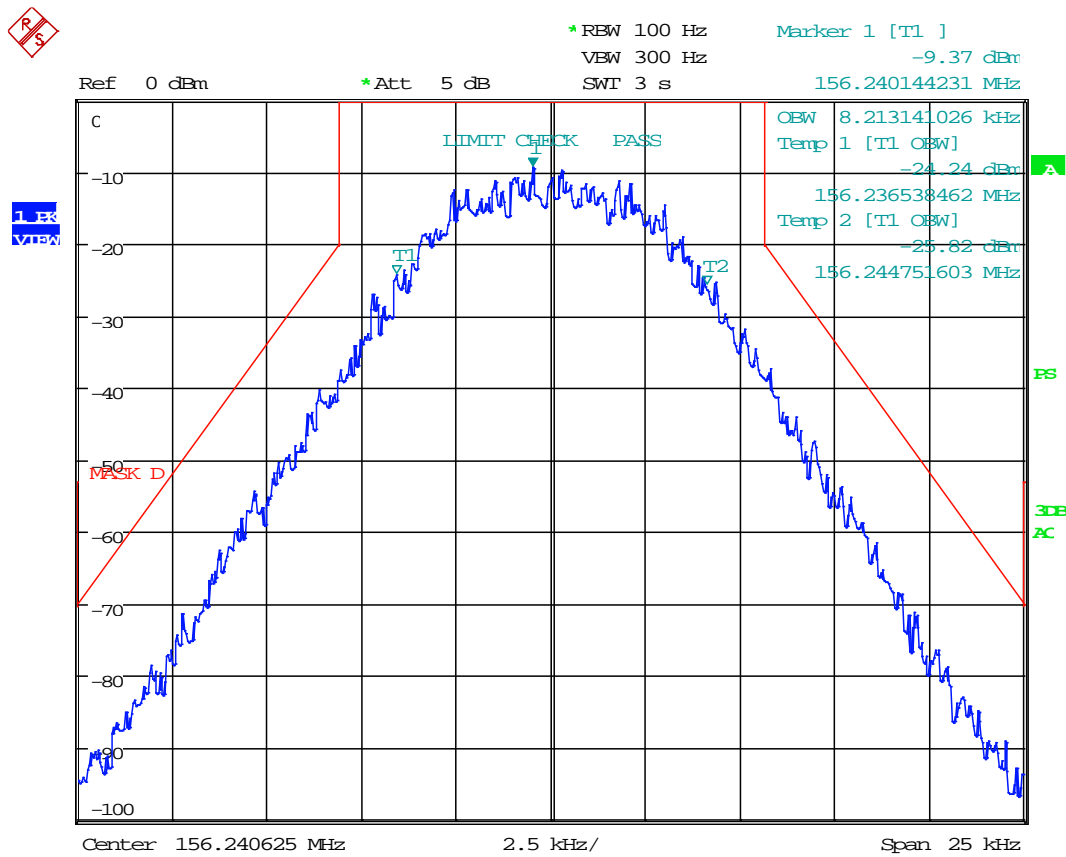


Date: 13.MAY.2019 15:54:10

Occupied Bandwidth: 7.97 kHz

Input Signals

8K10F1W (P25 Phase II H-CPM Voice & Data)

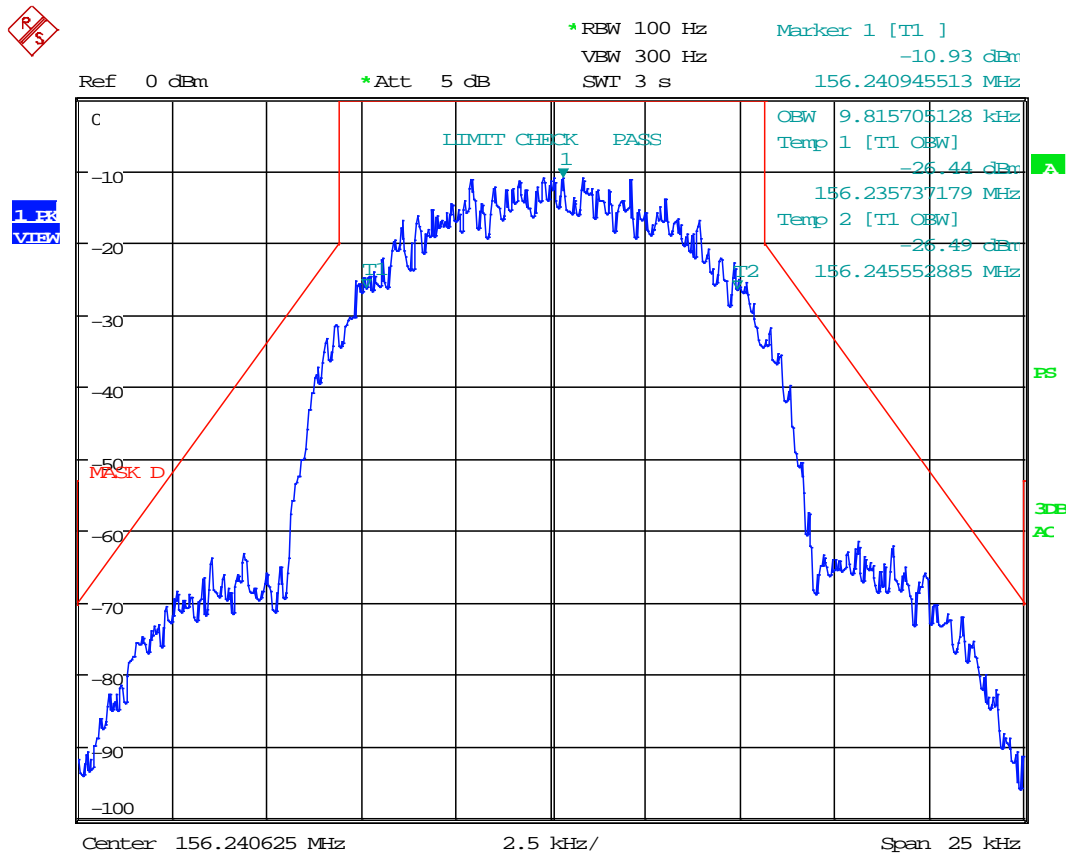


Date: 13.MAY.2019 15:55:14

Occupied Bandwidth: 8.21 kHz

Input Signals

9K80F1E/F1D (P25 Phase II H-DQPSK Voice, Data)



Date: 13.MAY.2019 15:53:07

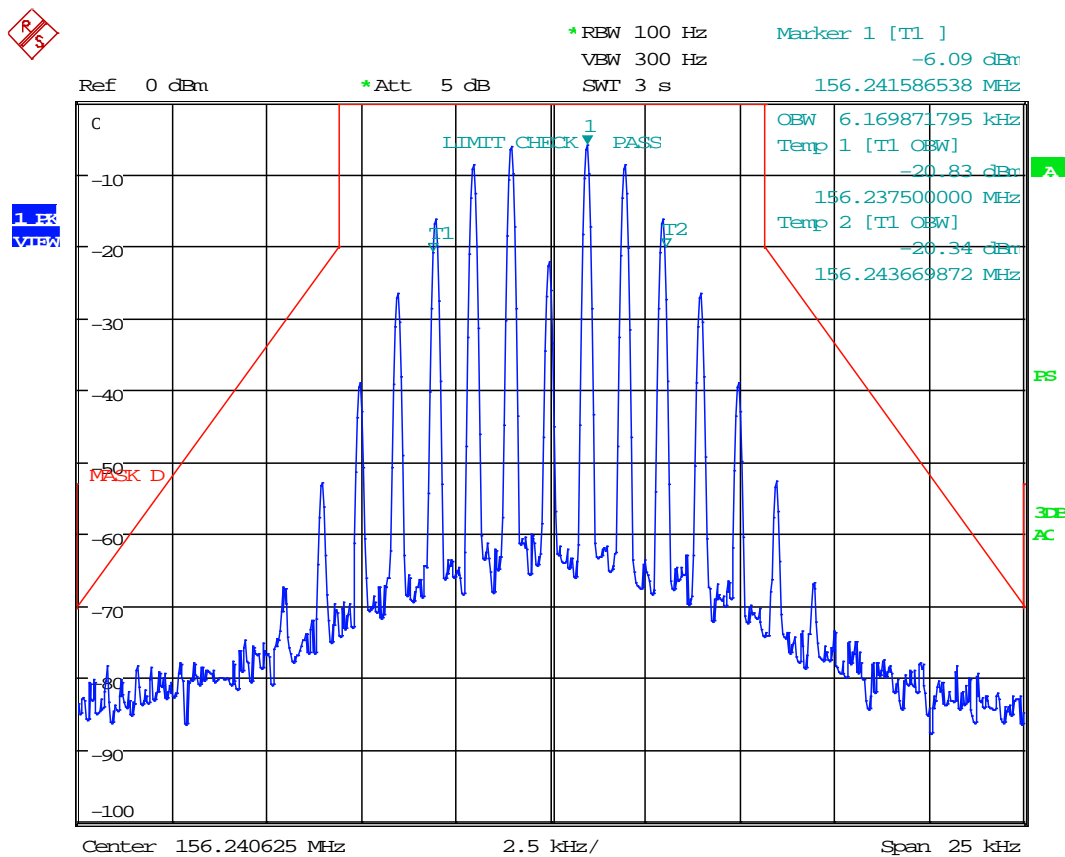
Occupied Bandwidth: 9.82 kHz

Input Signals

11K3F3E (Narrowband Analog FM Voice)

Substituted for signals:

- 7K60FXE (2-Slot DMR TDMA Voice)
- 7K60FXD (2-Slot DMR TDMA Data)
- 8K30F1E (Wide NXDN Voice)
- 8K30F1D (Wide NXDN Data)
- 8K30F1W (Wide NXDN Voice & Data)
- 8K30F2D (Wide NXDN CW ID)



Date: 13.MAY.2019 15:51:53

Occupied Bandwidth: 6.17 kHz

AGC THRESHOLD

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.2

Requirements:

Testing at and above the AGC threshold will be required.⁶ The AGC threshold shall be determined by applying the procedure of 3.2, but with the signal generator configured to produce a test signal defined in Table 1, a CW input signal, or a digitally modulated signal, consistent with the discussion about signal types in 4.1.

⁶ See footnote 1 about the terms and concepts AGC, ALC, OLC.

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.3.2

The AGC threshold is to be determined as follows.³

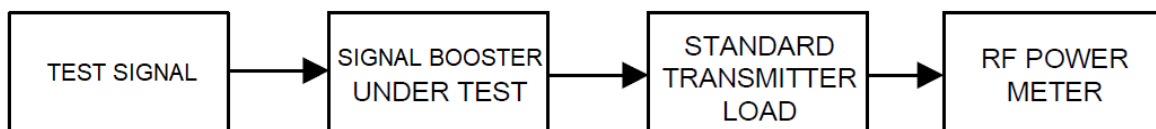
In the case of fiber-optic distribution systems, the RF input port of the equipment under test (EUT) refers to the RF input of the supporting equipment RF to optical convertor; see also descriptions and diagrams for typical DAS booster systems in KDB Publication 935210 D02 [R7].

Devices intended to be directly connected to an RF source (donor port) only need to be evaluated for any over-the-air transmit paths.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Connect a spectrum analyzer or power meter to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- c) The signal generator should initially be configured to produce either of the required test signals (i.e., broadband or narrowband).
- d) Set the signal generator frequency to the center frequency of the EUT operating band.
- e) While monitoring the output power of the EUT, measured using the methods of 3.5.3 or 3.5.4, increase the input level until a 1 dB increase in the input signal power no longer causes a 1 dB increase in the output signal power.
- f) Record this level as the AGC threshold level.
- g) Repeat the procedure with the remaining test signal.

³ Consistent with for example TIA-156 [R10], for compliance testing purposes the terms automatic gain control (AGC), automatic level control (ALC), and output level control (OLC) are generally taken to be synonyms, which refer to a means by which gain or output power is electronically adjusted as a function of voltage or some other specified parameter(s).

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.3.2

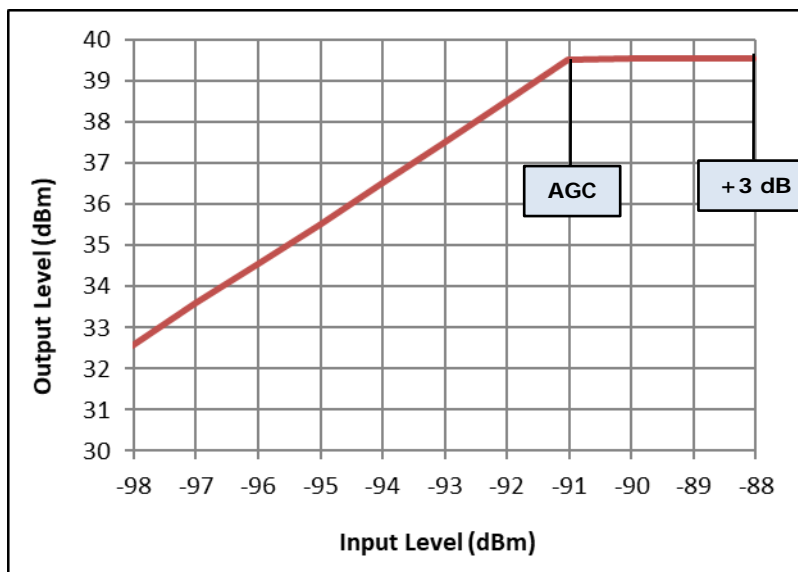


Note: EUT operation was additionally tested at Input Saturation (0 dBm).

AGC THRESHOLD

Test Data: UHF Mid Band Measurement

INPUT (dBm)	CORRECTED INPUT (dBm)	CORRECTED OUTPUT (dBm)	GAIN (dB)
-87	-98.03	32.55	130.6
-86	-97.03	33.58	130.6
-85	-96.03	34.52	130.6
-84	-95.03	35.49	130.5
-83	-94.03	36.5	130.5
-82	-93.03	37.5	130.5
-81	-92.03	38.49	130.5
-80	-91.03	39.53	130.6
-79	-90.03	39.55	129.6
-78	-89.03	39.56	128.6
-77	-88.03	39.56	127.6



Max Power Output at Saturation: 39.56 dBm

Max Gain: 130.6 dB

OUT OF BAND REJECTION

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.3, FCC Pt. 90.219(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(d)(7)

(a) *Definitions.* The definitions in this paragraph apply only to the rules in this section.

Class A signal booster. A signal booster designed to retransmit signals on one or more specific channels. A signal booster is deemed to be a Class A signal booster if none of its passbands exceed 75 kHz.

Class B signal booster. A signal booster designed to retransmit any signals within a wide frequency band. A signal booster is deemed to be a Class B signal booster if it has a passband that exceeds 75 kHz.

Requirements:

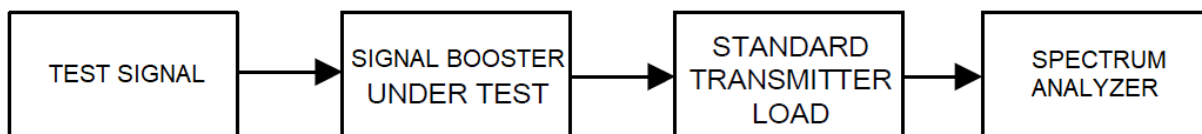
(7) Signal booster passbands are limited to the service band or bands for which the operator is authorized. In general, signal boosters should utilize the minimum passband that is sufficient to accomplish the purpose. Except for distributed antenna systems (DAS) installed in buildings, the passband of a Class B booster should not encompass both commercial services (such as ESMR and Cellular Radiotelephone) and part 90 Land Mobile and Public Safety Services.

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.3

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which equipment certification is sought.

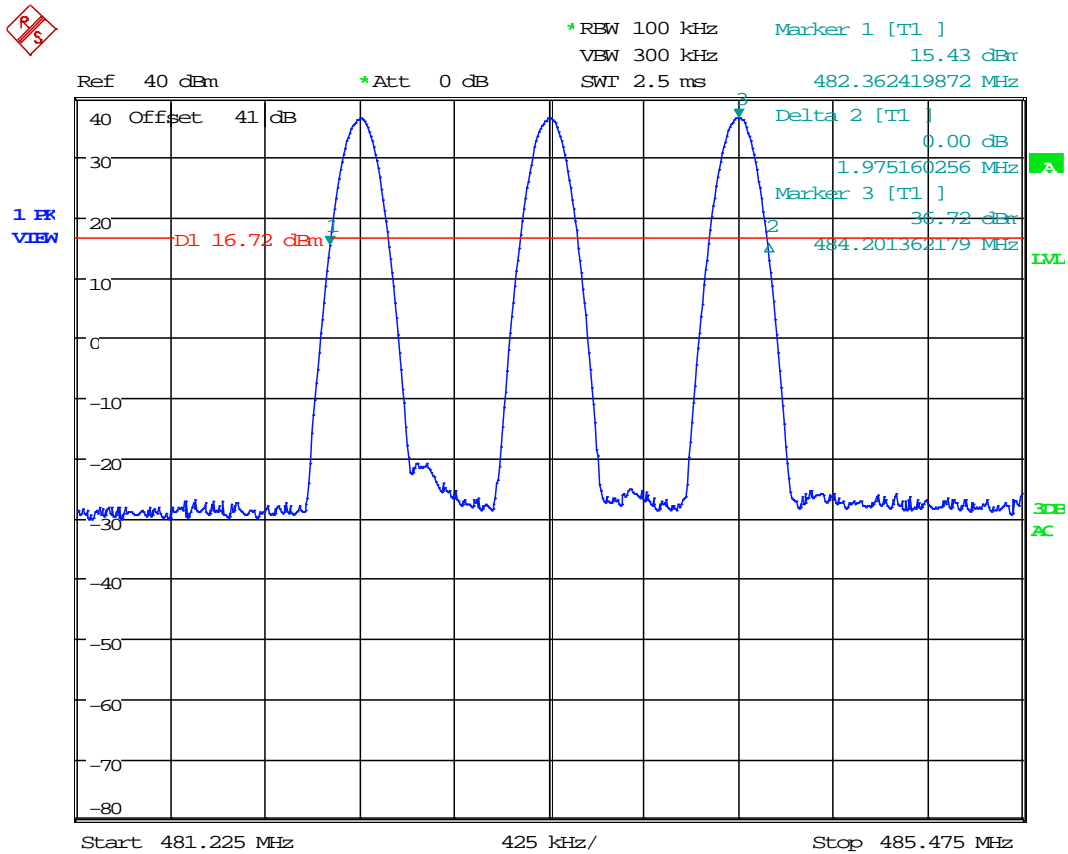
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure a swept CW signal with the following parameters:
 - 1) Frequency range = $\pm 250\%$ of the manufacturer's specified pass band.
 - 2) The CW amplitude shall be 3 dB below the AGC threshold (see 4.2), and shall not activate the AGC threshold throughout the test.
 - 3) Dwell time = approximately 10 ms.
 - 4) Frequency step = 50 kHz.
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation.
- d) Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to between 1 % and 5 % of the manufacturer's rated passband, and $VBW = 3 \times RBW$.
- e) Set the detector to Peak and the trace to Max-Hold.
- f) After the trace is completely filled, place a marker at the peak amplitude, which is designated as f_0 , and with two additional markers (use the marker-delta method) at the 20 dB bandwidth (i.e., at the points where the level has fallen by 20 dB).
- g) Capture the frequency response plot for inclusion in the test report.

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.4.3



OUT OF BAND REJECTION

Test Data: UHF Mid Downlink Passband



Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:37:01

RESULT:

CLASS A DEVICE, Channelized Equipment with ≤ 70 kHz Passband

UHF MID PASSBAND = 1.98 MHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.4, FCC Pt. 2.1049(h), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(ii),
FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(iii), FCC Pt. 90.210(c)

Compliance with the emission mask of the EUT output shall be measured for the public safety service signal types as specified in 4.1.

Refer to the applicable regulatory requirements (e.g., Section 90.210) for emission mask specifications.

Requirements:

(e) *Device Specifications.* In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in §90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.

(4) A signal booster must be designed such that all signals that it retransmits meet the following requirements:

(ii) There is no change in the occupied bandwidth of the retransmitted signals.

(iii) The retransmitted signals continue to meet the unwanted emissions limits of §90.210 applicable to the corresponding received signals (assuming that these received signals meet the applicable unwanted emissions limits by a reasonable margin).

FCC CFR 47 Part 90 Emission Masks

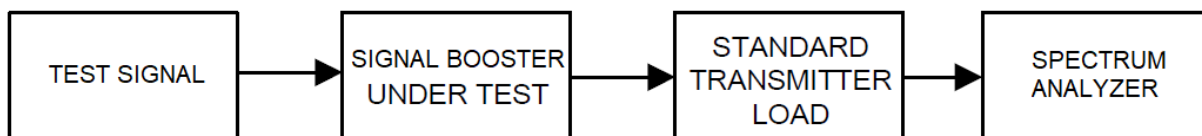
Frequency Band (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low pass filter			Mask for equipment without audio low pass filter		
	6.25 kHz	12.5 kHz	25 kHz	6.25 kHz	12.5 kHz	25 kHz
421 - 512	E, 6 kHz ABW	D, 11.25 kHz ABW	B, 20 kHz ABW	E, 6 kHz ABW	D, 11.25 kHz ABW	C, 20 kHz ABW

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.4

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to transmit the appropriate test signal associated with the public safety emission designation (see Table 1).
- c) Configure the signal level to be just below the AGC threshold (see results from 4.2).
- d) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- e) Set the spectrum analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 2 times to 5 times the EBW (or OBW).
- f) The nominal RBW shall be 300 Hz for 16K0F3E, and 100 Hz for all other emissions types.
- g) Set the reference level of the spectrum analyzer to accommodate the maximum input amplitude level, i.e., the level at f_0 per 4.2.
- h) Set spectrum analyzer detection mode to peak, and trace mode to max hold.
- i) Allow the trace to fully stabilize.
- j) Confirm that the signal is contained within the appropriate emissions mask.
- k) Use the marker function to determine the maximum emission level and record the associated frequency as f_0 .
- l) Capture the emissions mask plot for inclusion in the test report (output signal spectra).
- m) Measure the EUT input signal power (signal generator output signal) directly from the signal generator using power measurement guidance provided in KDB Publication 971168 [R8] (input signal spectra).
- n) Compare the spectral plot of the output signal (determined in step k), to the input signal (determined in step l) to affirm they are similar (in passband and rolloff characteristic features and relative spectral locations).
- o) Repeat steps d) to n) with the input signal amplitude set 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- p) Repeat steps b) to o) for all authorized operational bands and emissions types (see applicable regulatory specifications, e.g., Section 90.210).
- q) Include all accumulated spectral plots depicting EUT input signal and EUT output signal in the test report, and note any observed dissimilarities.

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.4.4



INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Emission Mask Calculations

FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(ii), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(iii),
FCC Pt. 90.210(c)

Calculation	Limit (dBc)	dBc	dBm
#3 (Mask D)	7.27(5.625 - 2.88)	19.96	19.60
	7.27(12.5 - 2.88)	69.94	-30.38
#4 (Mask E)	Min dBc of: 65 or 55 + 10 * Log(P) or 30 + 16.67(3-3)	30.00	9.56
	Min dBc of: 65 or 55 + 10 * Log(P) or 30 + 16.67(4.6-3)	56.67	-17.11
	Min dBc of: 65 or 55 + 10 * Log(P)	64.56	-25.00

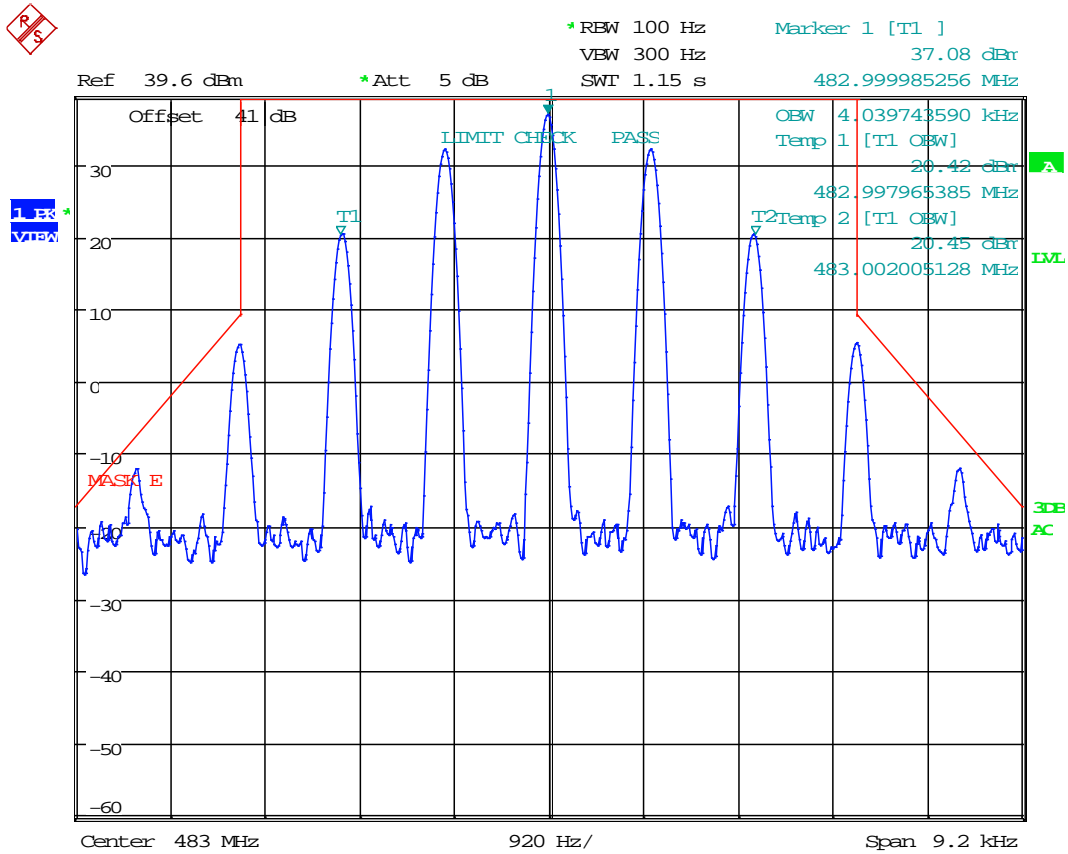
MASK D, 11.25/20 kHz ABW			
Requirement	f _d (kHz)	Level (dBc)	Level (dBm)
≤ -12.5 kHz, see #3	≤ -12.5	52.56	-13.00
- 5.625 kHz to -12.5 kHz, see #3	-12.5	69.94	-30.38
	-5.625	19.96	19.60
-5.625 kHz > fundamental < +5.625 kHz, 0 dBc	-5.625	0.00	39.56
	0		
	+ 5.625		
+ 5.625 kHz to +12.5 kHz, see #3	+ 5.625	19.96	19.60
	+ 12.5	69.94	-30.38
≥ +12.5 kHz, see #3	≥ + 12.5	52.56	-13.00

MASK E, 6 kHz ABW			
Requirement	f _d (kHz)	Level (dBc)	Level (dBm)
≤ -4.6 kHz, see #4	≤ -4.6	64.56	-25.00
- 3 kHz to -4.6 kHz, see #4	-4.6	56.67	-17.11
	-3	30.00	9.56
-3 kHz > fundamental < +3 kHz, 0 dBc	-3	0.00	39.56
	0		
	+ 3		
+ 3 kHz to +4.6 kHz, see #4	+ 3	30.00	9.56
	+ 4.6	56.67	-17.11
≥ +4.6 kHz, see #4	≥ + 4.6	64.56	-25.00

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

UHF Mid Band Downlink

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 4K00F3E Output Signal, @ AGC

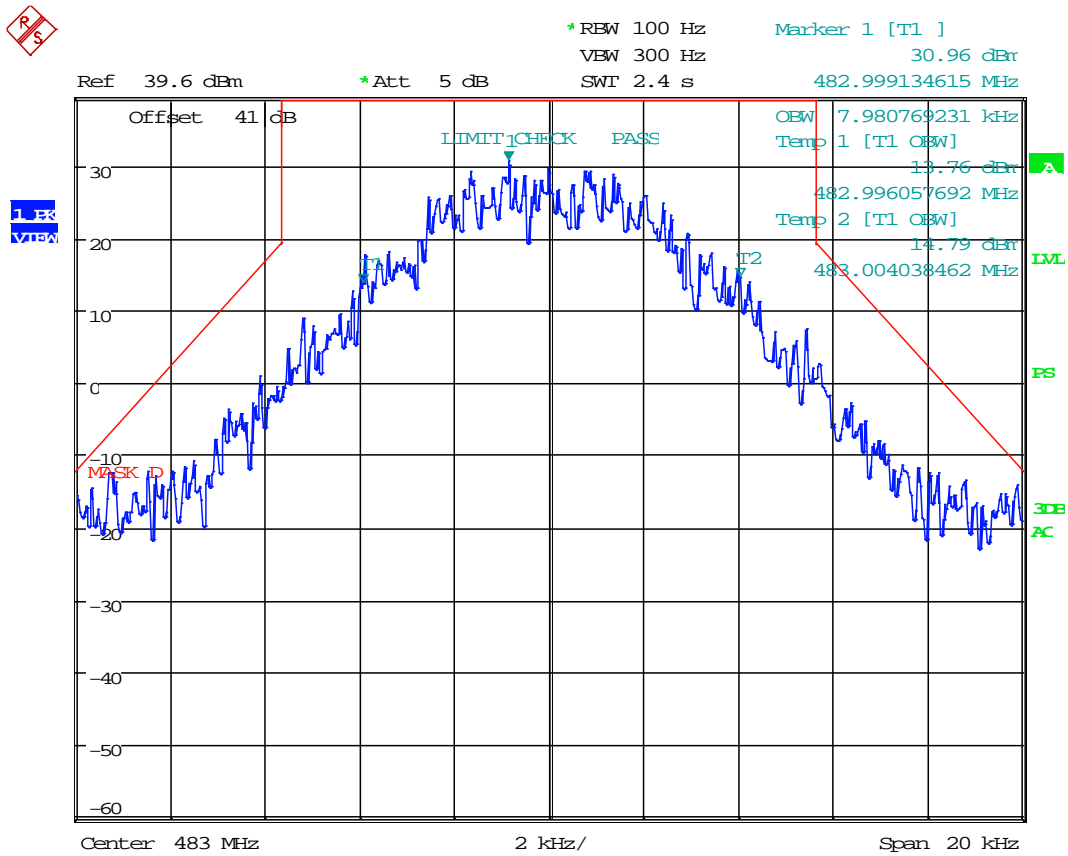


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:04:14

RESULT: AGC Output Signal 99% OBW = 4.04 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 8K10F1E/F1D Output Signal, @ AGC

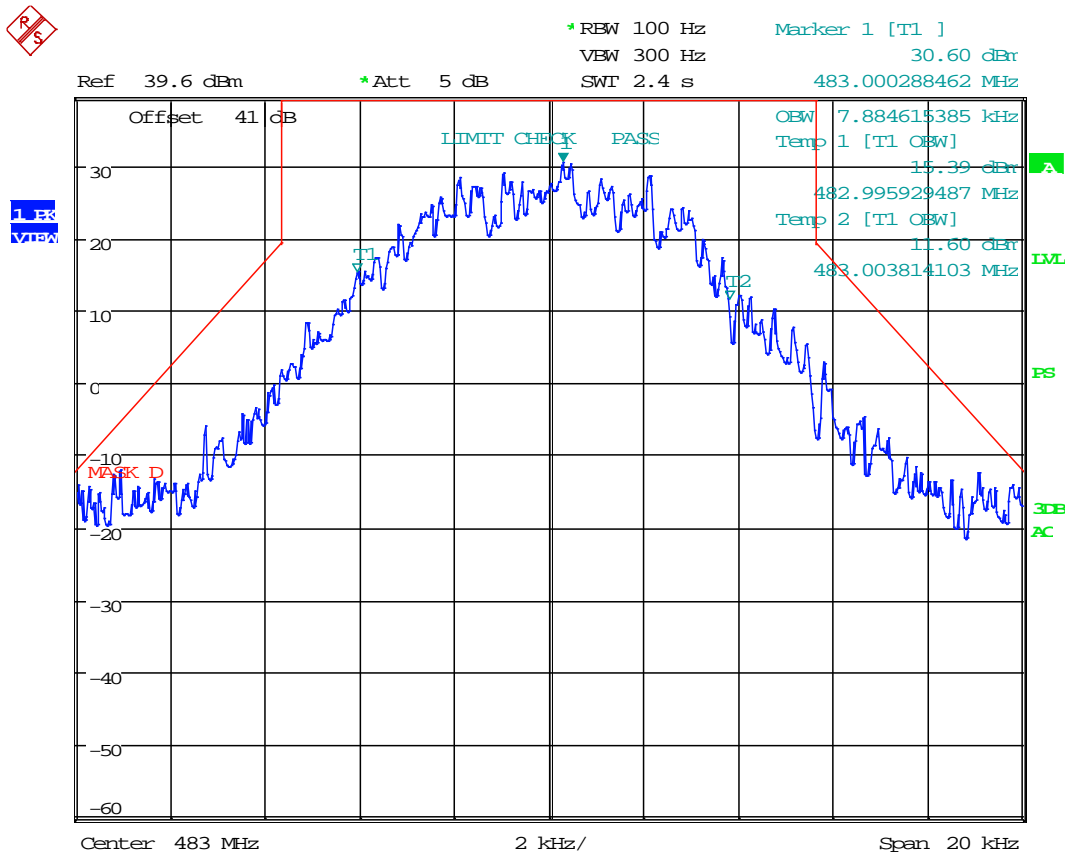


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:18:15

RESULT: AGC Output Signal 99% OBW = 7.98 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 8K10F1W Output Signal, @ AGC

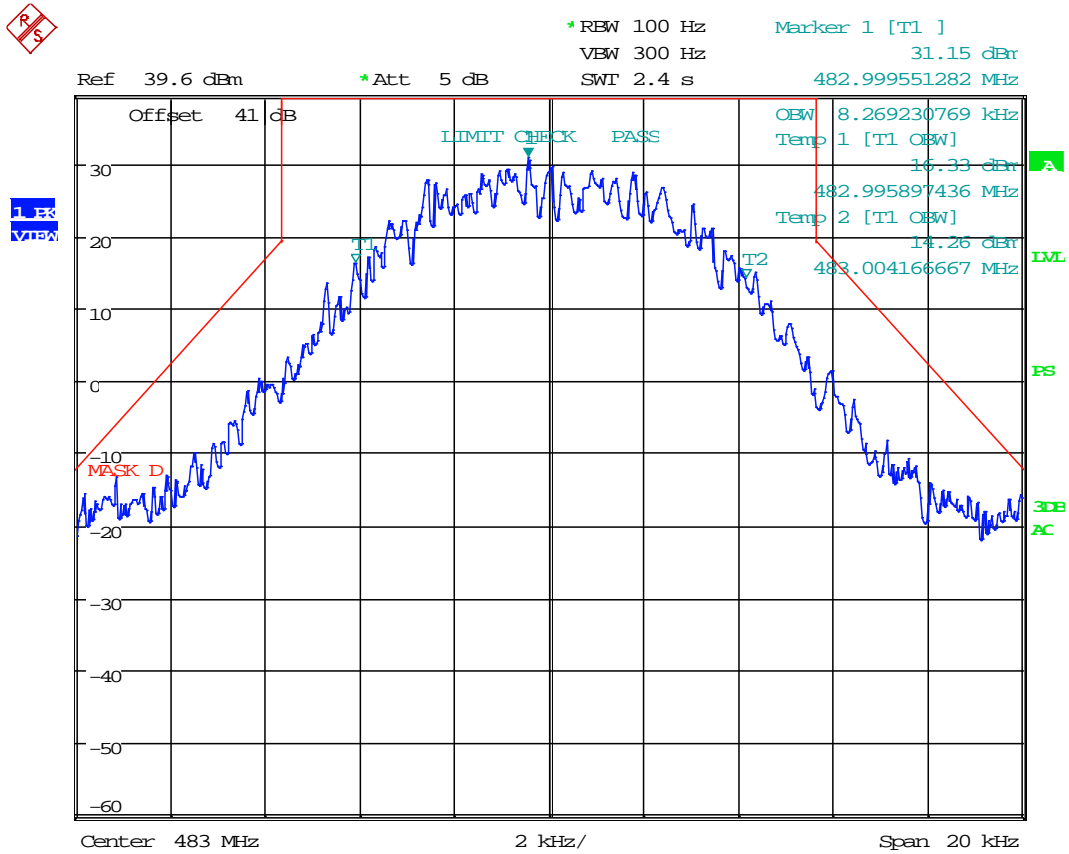


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:20:11

RESULT: AGC Output Signal 99% OBW = 7.89 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 8K10F1W Output Signal, @ AGC +3 dBm

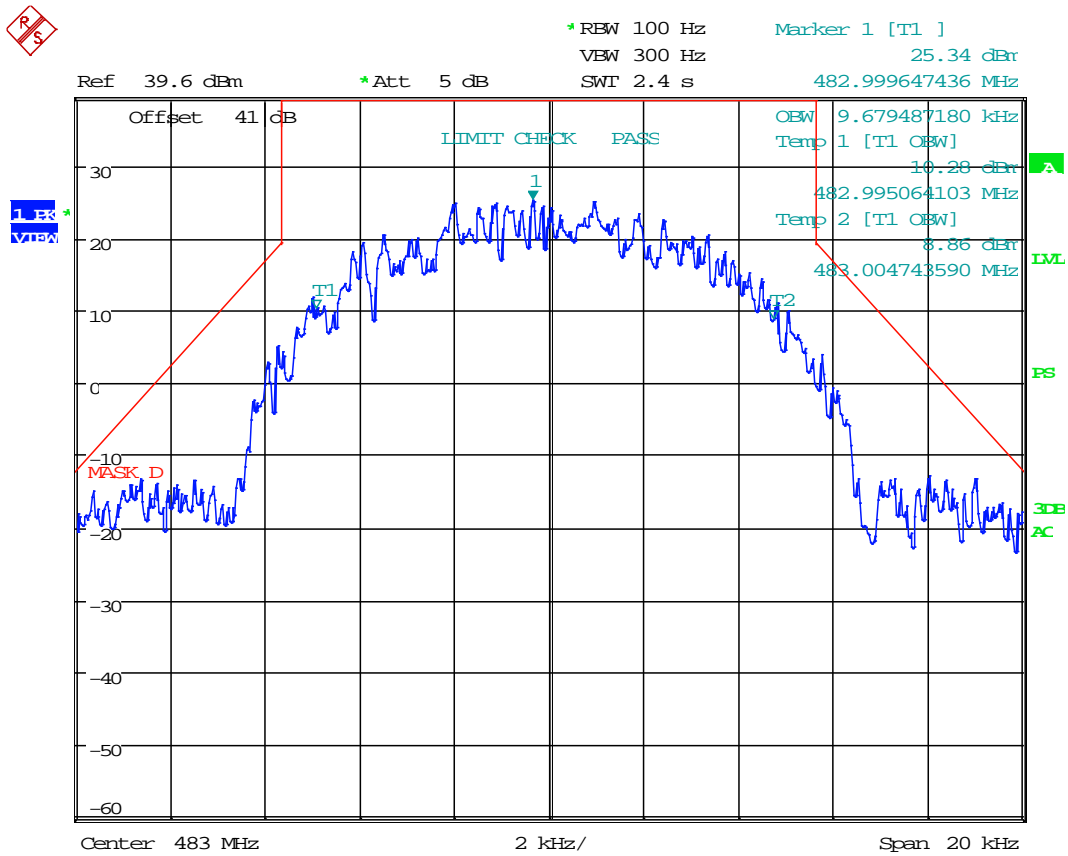


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:20:51

RESULT: AGC+3 Output Signal 99% OBW = 8.27 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 9K80F1E/F1D Output Signal, @ AGC

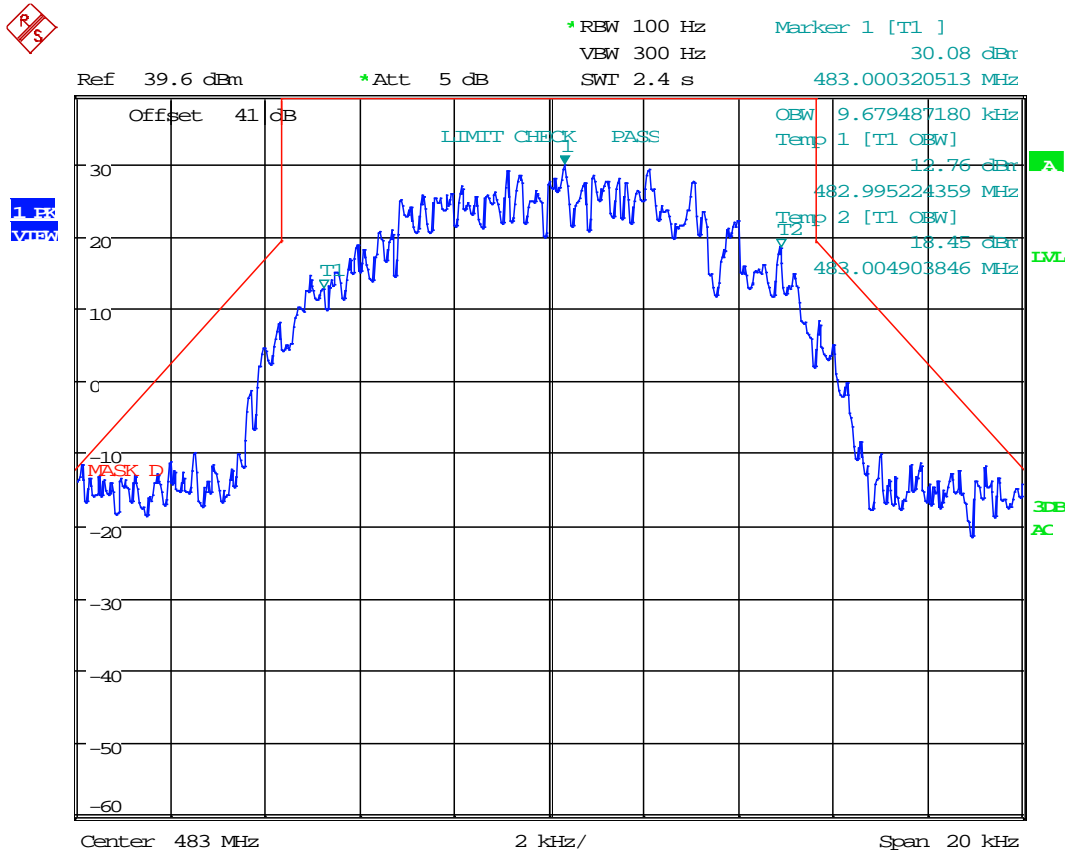


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:21:47

RESULT: AGC Output Signal 99% OBW = 9.68 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 9K80F1E/F1D Output Signal, @ AGC +3 dBm

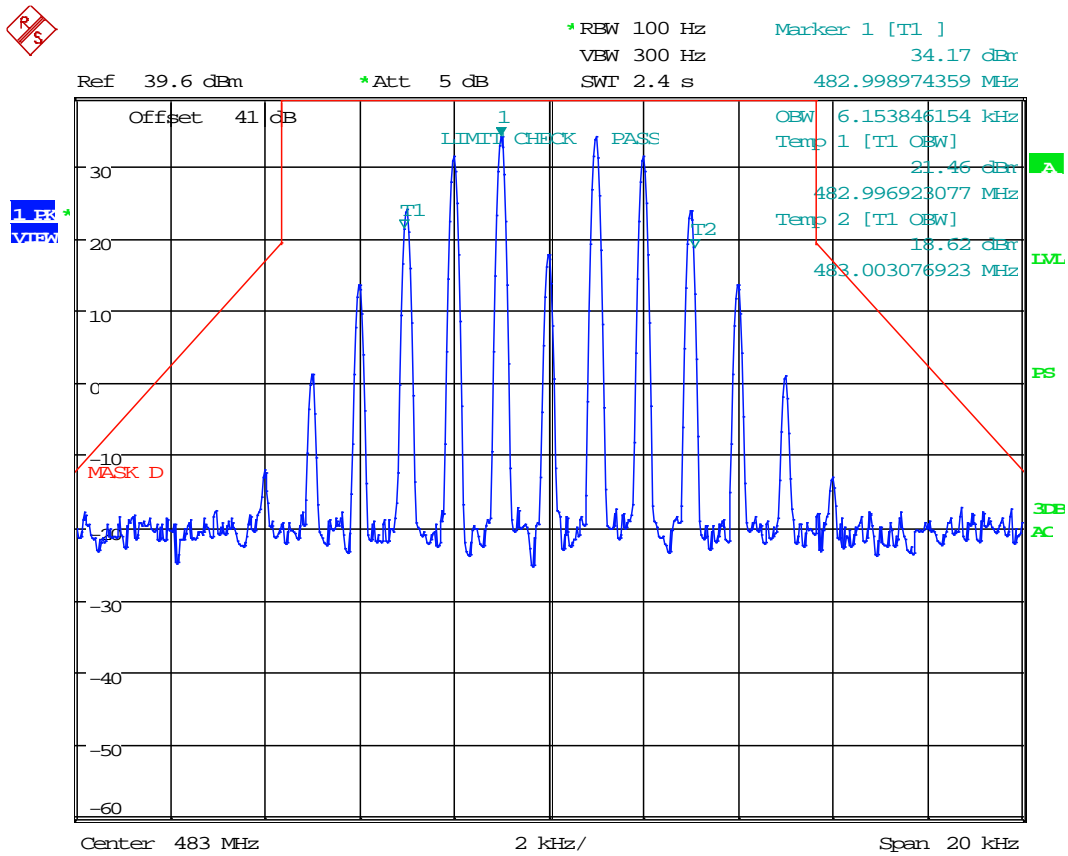


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:23:33

RESULT: AGC+3 Output Signal 99% OBW = 9.68 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 11K3F3E Output Signal, @ AGC

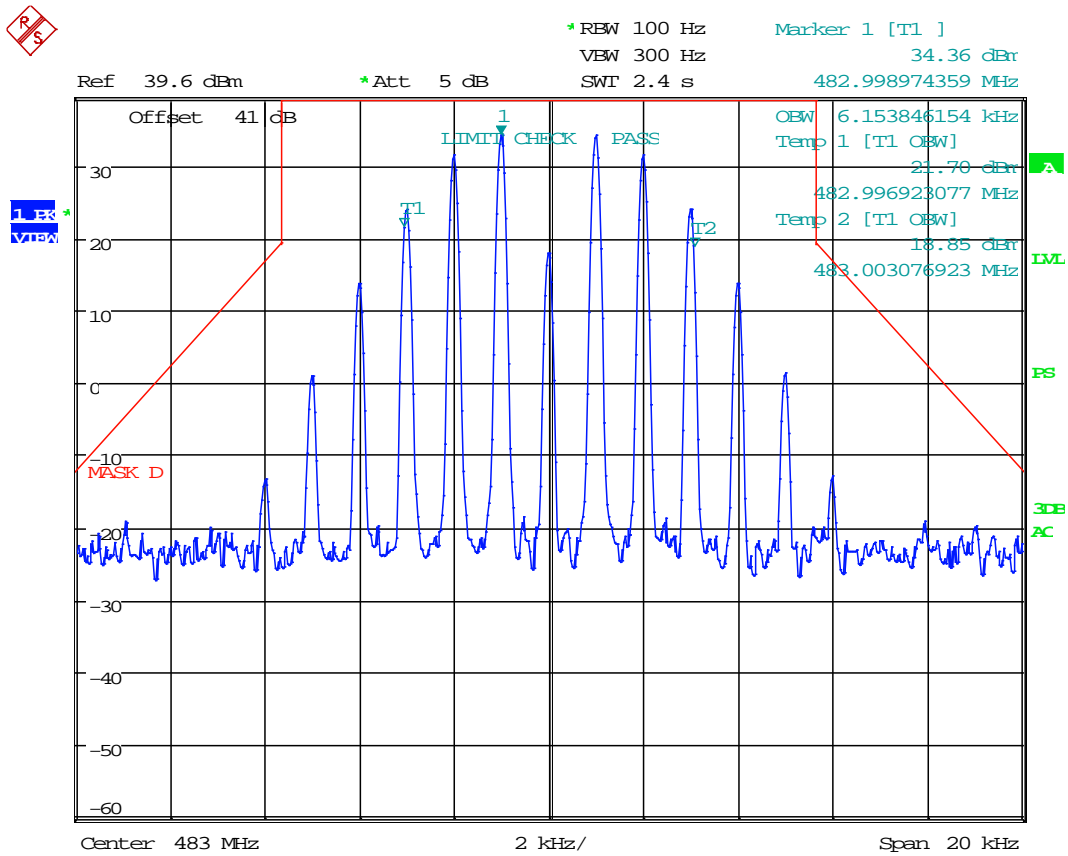


Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:10:33

RESULT: AGC Output Signal 99% OBW = 6.15 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

Test Data: 483.0 MHz, 11K3F3E Output Signal, @ AGC +3 dBm



Date: 22.MAY.2019 12:11:46

RESULT: AGC+3 Output Signal 99% OBW = 6.15 kHz

INPUT VS OUTPUT COMPARISON

RF POWER OUTPUT

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.5, 4.5.5, FCC Pt. 2.1046(a), FCC Pt. 2.1033(c)(8), FCC Pt. 90.219(d)(3), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(1), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(iii)

Requirements:

(d) *Deployment rules.* Deployment of signal boosters must be carried out in accordance with the rules in this paragraph.

(3) Signal boosters must be deployed such that the radiated power of the each retransmitted channel, on the forward link and on the reverse link, does not exceed 5 Watts effective radiated power (ERP).

(e) *Device Specifications.* In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in §90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.

(1) The output power capability of a signal booster must be designed for deployments providing a radiated power not exceeding 5 Watts ERP for each retransmitted channel.

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.5, & 4.5.3, TIA 603-E

Adjust the internal gain control of the EUT to the maximum gain for which the equipment certification is being sought. Any EUT attenuation settings shall be set to their minimum value.

Input power levels (uplink and downlink) should be set to maximum input ratings, while confirming that the device is not capable of operating in saturation (non-linear mode) at the rated input levels, including during the performance of the input/output power measurements.

4.5.3 Power measurement Method 1: using a spectrum or signal analyzer

- a) Set the frequency span to at least 1 MHz.
- b) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- d) Set the detector to PEAK, and trace mode to MAX HOLD.
- e) Place a marker on the peak of the signal, and record the value as the maximum power.
- f) Repeat step e) but with the EUT in place.
- g) EUT gain may be calculated as described in 4.5.5.

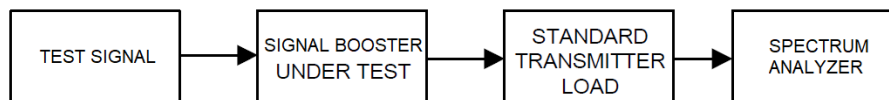
NOTE—Sections 90.219 and 2.1033(c) do not require gain test data; inclusion of industrial booster gain test data in test reports submitted for FCC equipment authorization is optional.

After the input and output power levels have been measured as described in the preceding subclauses, the gain of the EUT can be determined from:

$$\text{Gain (dB)} = \text{output power (dBm)} - \text{input power (dBm)}.$$

Report the gain for each authorized operating frequency band, and each test signal stimulus.

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.4.5



Applicant: FIPLEX COMMUNICATIONS INC.
 FCC ID: P3TDH440-HG-SCH-2
 Report: 1137AUT19TestReport_Rev1

RF POWER OUTPUT

Test Data: Power Output Measurement Table

Frequency	AGC Level	Input (dBm)	Output (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dB)	Output ERP (W)	Limit ERP (W)	Margin (W)
483.00	AGC	-92.03	38.49	0.00	1.50	130.5	5.00	5.00	0.00
483.00	AGC+3	-89.03	39.53	0.00	2.54	128.6	5.00	5.00	0.00
483.00	Saturation	0.00	39.53	0.00	2.54	39.5	5.00	5.00	0.00

Note: Losses have been added to the measurement to indicate the transmission system losses.

Maximum Power Output: 39.53 dBm (8.97 W)

POWER TO FINAL AMPLIFIER

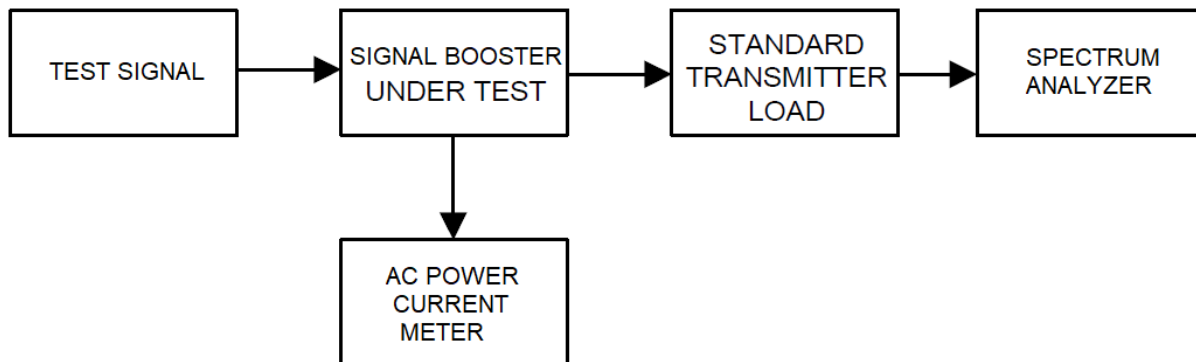
Rule Part No.: FCC Pt. 2.1033(c)(8)

Requirements:

(c) Applications for equipment other than that operating under parts 15, 11 and 18 of this chapter shall be accompanied by a technical report containing the following information:

(8) The dc voltages applied to and dc currents into the several elements of the final radio frequency amplifying device for normal operation over the power range.

Test Setup Block Diagram:



Test Data: Power to Final Amplifier Calculation

INPUT POWER: (110 VAC) (2.18 A) = **240 Watts Maximum**

NOISE FIGURE

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.6, FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(2)

Section 90.219(e)(2) limits the noise figure of a signal booster to ≤ 9 dB in either direction. The following discussion provides guidance for demonstrating compliance with this requirement.

Several widely recognized methods for performing noise figure measurements are available. Some require the use of specialized equipment, such as a noise figure analyzer and/or an excess noise ratio (ENR) calibrated noise source, while others involve the use of conventional measurement instrumentation such as a spectrum analyzer. Methods that require use of a noise figure analyzer are generally accepted as producing the most accurate results, and are considered to be the reference method within this document, while others are considered to be acceptable alternative methods. Consult the relevant instrumentation application notes for detailed guidance regarding the selection and application of an appropriate methodology for performing noise figure measurements. Note also that noise figure measurements require that any AGC circuitry be disabled over the duration of the measurement.

Requirements:

(e) *Device Specifications.* In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in §90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.

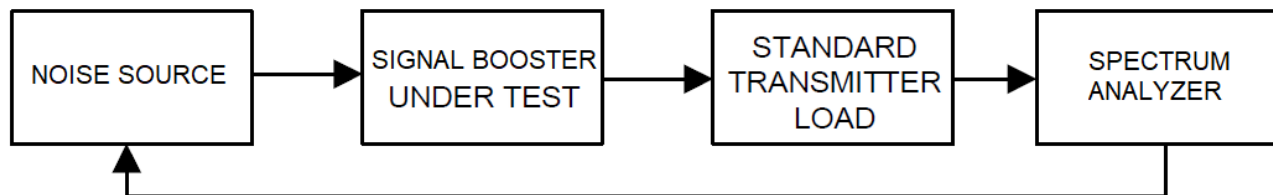
(2) The noise figure of a signal booster must not exceed 9 dB in either direction.

Test Procedure: "Noise Figure Measurement Accuracy: The Y-Factor Method", Keysight Technologies)

Setup using an RBW of 10 kHz, VBW $\geq 3x$ RBW, Span $> 2x$ Passband, Max Hold, Peak Detector. "Noise Source off" and "Noise Source on" traces were taken at the Analyzer, and again at the EUT.

Note: EUT's AGC method(s) and/or squelch function should be disabled for this test.

Test Setup Block Diagram:



NOISE FIGURE

Test Data: UHF Mid Band Downlink Noise Measurement

DOWNLINK OUT, UHF MID BAND	
FCC KDB 935210 S. 4.6, ISED RSS-131 S. 6.4 - NOISE FIGURE	
Measurement Freq. (MHz)	483
Noise Source ENR (dB)	15.1032
Noise Source T_s^{OFF} , T_o (K)	290
Noise Source T_s^{ON} (K)	9681.1091
Noise Source Cal N_2^{off} (dB)	-110.73
Noise Source Cal N_2^{off} (pW)	0.00845
Noise Source Cal N_2^{on} (dB)	-106.89
Noise Source Cal N_2^{on} (pW)	0.02046
Calibration Ratio Y_2	2.4210
Calibration T_2	6318.6680
Noise + EUT N_{12}^{off} (dB)	10.61
Noise + EUT N_{12}^{off} (pW)	11508003889.44
Noise + EUT N_{12}^{on} (dB)	22.93
Noise + EUT N_{12}^{on} (pW)	196336027683.61
Noise + EUT Ratio Y_{12}	17.0608
Noise + EUT T_{12}	294.7215
Gain (Ratio)	15387386578287.7000
Gain (dB)	131.8716
2nd Stage Correction T_1	294.721505117203
Noise Factor F	2.01628
Noise Figure (dB)	3.05
Limit (dB)	9.00
Margin (dB)	5.95

INTERMODULATION SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

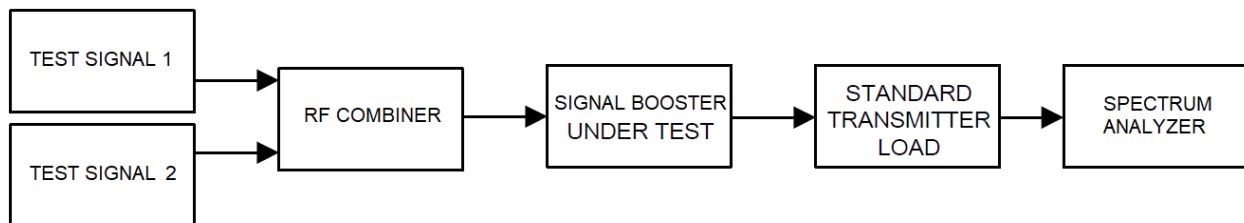
Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.7.2, TIA 603-E

Intermodulation products shall be measured using two CW signals with all available channel spacings (e.g., 12.5 kHz and 6.25 kHz) with the center between these channels being equal to the center frequency f_0 as determined from 4.4.

NOTE—Intermodulation-product spurious emission measurements are not required for single-channel boosters that cannot accommodate two simultaneous signals within the passband.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
If the signal generator is not capable of producing two independent modulated carriers simultaneously, then two discrete signal generators can be connected, with an appropriate combining network to support the two-signal test.
- b) Configure the two signal generators to produce CW on frequencies spaced consistent with 4.7.1, with amplitude levels set to just below the AGC threshold (see 4.2).
- c) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the EUT output.
- d) Set the span to 100 kHz.
- e) Set RBW = 300 Hz with VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- f) Set the detector to power averaging (rms).
- g) Place a marker on highest intermodulation product amplitude.
- h) Capture the plot for inclusion in the test report.
- i) Repeat steps c) to h) with the composite input power level set to 3 dB above the AGC threshold.
- j) Repeat steps b) to i) for all operational bands.

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.4.7.2



RESULT: Not Applicable to EUT (single channel amplifier)

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.7.3, FCC Part 2.1051(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(3)

Refer to the applicable rule part(s) for specified limits on unwanted (out-of-band/out-of-block and spurious) emissions (e.g., Section 90.210).

Requirements:

(e) *Device Specifications.* In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in §90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.

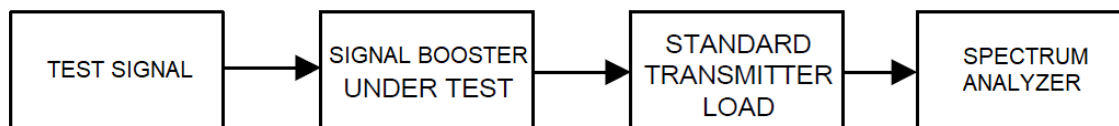
(3) Spurious emissions from a signal booster must not exceed -13 dBm within any 100 kHz measurement bandwidth.

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.7.3, TIA 603-E

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle, and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to produce a CW signal.
- c) Set the frequency of the CW signal to the center channel of the EUT passband.
- d) Set the output power level so that the resultant signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 4.2).
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT, using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = 100 kHz. (i.e., for 30 MHz to 1 GHz PLMRS and/or PSRS booster devices)
- g) Set the VBW = $3 \times$ RBW.
- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- i) Set the detector to PEAK.
- j) Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to 30 MHz (or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the EUT, without going below 9 kHz if the EUT has additional internal clock frequencies), and the stop frequency to 10 times the highest allowable frequency of the EUT passband.
- k) Select MAX HOLD, and use the marker peak function to find the highest emission(s) outside the passband. (This could be either at a frequency lesser or greater than the passband frequencies.)
- l) Capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Repeat steps c) to l) for each authorized frequency band/block of operation.

Test Setup Block Diagram: KDB 935210 s.4.7.3



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

UHF Mid Band Conducted Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Measurement (dBm)	Loss (dB)	Output ERP (dBm)	Limit ERP (W)	Margin (W)
967.36	-56.64	41.12	-15.52	-13.00	2.52
1448.72	-32.14	11.83	-20.31	-13.00	7.31
1929.49	-50.31	12.94	-37.37	-13.00	24.37
3865.39	-52.00	14.35	-37.65	-13.00	24.65
3384.62	-61.51	30.21	-31.30	-13.00	18.30
4352.56	-62.31	18.33	-43.98	-13.00	30.98

FREQUENCY STABILITY

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.8, FCC Part 2.1055(a)(1), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(4)(i)

Section 90.219(e)(4)(i) requires that a signal being retransmitted by an amplifier, repeater, or industrial booster meets the frequency stability requirements of Section 90.213. However, this requirement presumes that the EUT processes an input signal in ways that can influence the output signal frequency/frequencies; however, most signal boosters do not incorporate an oscillator). If the amplifier, booster, or repeater does not alter the input signal in any way, then a frequency stability test may not be required.

Requirements: FCC Part 2.1055(a)(1)

(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

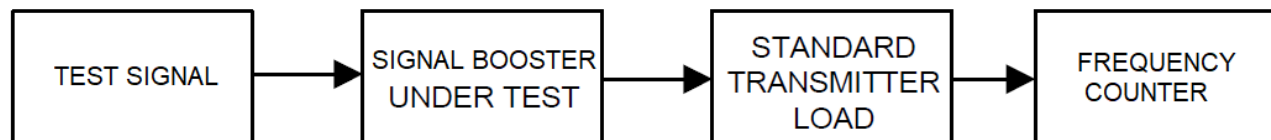
(1) From -30° to $+50^{\circ}$ centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.8, FCC Part 2.1055(b), TIA 603-E

When performing frequency stability measurements on these types of devices, the instability associated with the EUT must be isolated from any frequency instability associated with the measurement instrumentation. One method for realizing such isolation is to connect the reference clock input of the signal generator to the reference output of the frequency counter, to confirm that any frequency instability is associated with the EUT, and is not due to differences between the reference oscillators internal to the measurement instrumentation.

(b) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stabilizing circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.

Test Setup Block Diagram:



RESULT: Not Applicable to EUT.

FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Rule Part No.: KDB 935210 s.4.9, FCC Part 2.1053(a), FCC Pt. 90.219(e)(3)

Refer to the applicable rule part(s) for specified limits on unwanted (out-of-band/out-of-block and spurious) emissions (e.g., Section 90.210).

Requirements:

(e) *Device Specifications.* In addition to the general rules for equipment certification in §90.203(a)(2) and part 2, subpart J of this chapter, a signal booster must also meet the rules in this paragraph.

(3) Spurious emissions from a signal booster must not exceed -13 dBm within any 100 kHz measurement bandwidth.

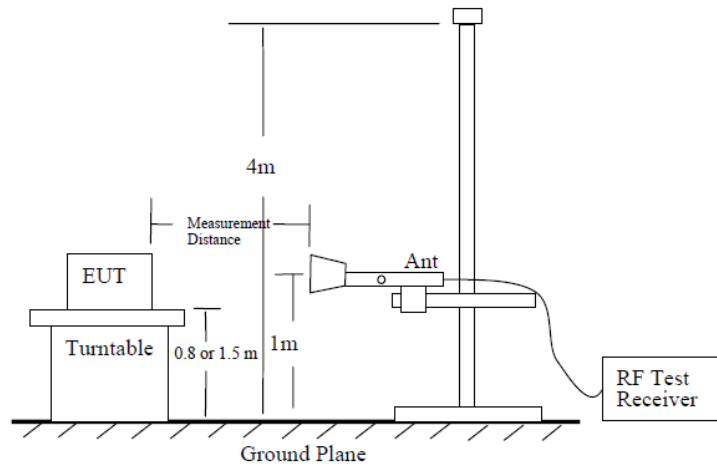
Test Procedure: KDB 935210 s.4.7.3, TIA 603-E

Spurious emissions shall be measured using a single test signal sequentially tuned to the low, middle, and high channels or frequencies within each authorized frequency band of operation.

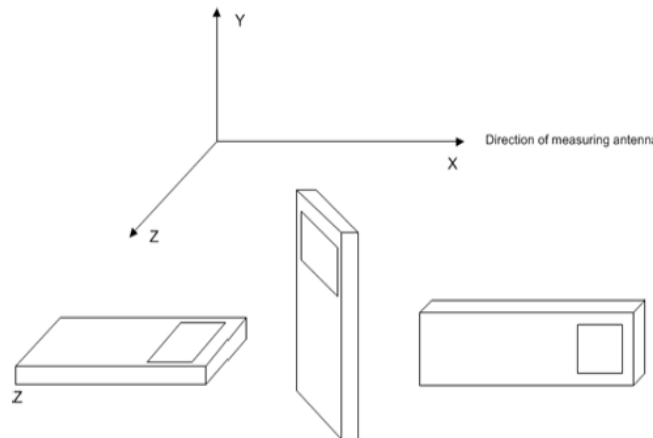
- a) Connect a signal generator to the input of the EUT.
- b) Configure the signal generator to produce a CW signal.
- c) Set the frequency of the CW signal to the center channel of the EUT passband.
- d) Set the output power level so that the resultant signal is just below the AGC threshold (see 4.2).
- e) Connect a spectrum analyzer to the output of the EUT, using appropriate attenuation as necessary.
- f) Set the RBW = 100 kHz. (i.e., for 30 MHz to 1 GHz PLMRS and/or PSRS booster devices)
- g) Set the VBW = $3 \times$ RBW.
- h) Set the Sweep time = auto-couple.
- i) Set the detector to PEAK.
- j) Set the spectrum analyzer start frequency to 30 MHz (or the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the EUT, without going below 9 kHz if the EUT has additional internal clock frequencies), and the stop frequency to 10 times the highest allowable frequency of the EUT passband.
- k) Select MAX HOLD, and use the marker peak function to find the highest emission(s) outside the passband. (This could be either at a frequency lesser or greater than the passband frequencies.)
- l) Capture a plot for inclusion in the test report.
- m) Repeat steps c) to l) for each authorized frequency band/block of operation.

FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Site Setup:



EUT Orientation(s):



Note: The tabulated data shows the results of the radiated field strength emissions test. The spectrum was scanned from the lowest frequency generated internally to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental. This test was conducted in accordance with the standard listed above using the substitution method. Measurements were made at the test site of TIMCO ENGINEERING, INC. located at 849 NW State Road 45, Newberry, FL 32669. The measurements below represent the worst case of all the frequencies tested.

Note: Six (6) or more of the highest emissions of each worst-case operational mode of the EUT are represented below. Emissions 20 dB below the limit were not required to be reported.

FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

UHF Mid Band Radiated Spurious Emissions

Tuned Frequency (MHz)	Emission Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Antenna Polarity	Coax Loss (dB)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Distance (m)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dBm)
483.00	966.00	-1.31	H	3.65	24.10	3.00	26.44	-70.94	-25.00	45.94
483.00	966.00	5.65	V	3.65	24.10	3.00	33.40	-63.98	-25.00	38.98
483.00	1449.00	11.31	H	4.41	28.09	3.00	43.81	-53.56	-25.00	28.56
483.00	1449.00	11.86	V	4.41	28.09	3.00	44.36	-53.01	-25.00	28.01
483.00	1932.00	11.18	H	5.09	31.19	3.00	47.46	-49.92	-25.00	24.92
483.00	1932.00	9.38	V	5.09	31.19	3.00	45.66	-51.72	-25.00	26.72
483.00	2415.00	11.93	H	5.62	31.87	3.00	49.42	-47.96	-25.00	22.96
483.00	2415.00	10.16	V	5.62	31.87	3.00	47.65	-49.73	-25.00	24.73
483.00	2898.00	11.78	H	6.22	32.21	3.00	50.21	-47.17	-25.00	22.17
483.00	2898.00	12.14	V	6.22	32.21	3.00	50.57	-46.81	-25.00	21.81
483.00	3381.00	10.79	H	6.74	32.65	3.00	50.18	-47.20	-25.00	22.20
483.00	3381.00	12.66	V	6.74	32.65	3.00	52.05	-45.33	-25.00	20.33
483.00	3864.00	9.66	H	6.93	33.21	3.00	49.80	-47.58	-25.00	22.58
483.00	3864.00	10.62	V	6.93	33.21	3.00	50.76	-46.62	-25.00	21.62
483.00	4347.00	9.86	H	7.28	33.57	3.00	50.71	-46.67	-25.00	21.67
483.00	4347.00	9.60	V	7.28	33.57	3.00	50.45	-46.93	-25.00	21.93
483.00	4830.00	12.45	H	7.15	33.94	3.00	53.54	-43.83	-25.00	18.83
483.00	4830.00	10.08	V	7.15	33.94	3.00	51.17	-46.20	-25.00	21.20

STATEMENT OF MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report according To CISPR 16-4 or ENTR 100-028 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: “Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the Timco Engineering, Inc. quality system according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Timco Engineering, Inc. is reported:

Test Items	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
RF Frequency Accuracy	± 49.5 Hz	(1)
RF Conducted Power	±0.93dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission of transmitter valid up to 40GHz	±1.86dB	
Occupied Bandwidth	±2.65%	
Radiated RF Power	±1.4dB	
Rad Emissions Sub Meth up to 26.5GHz	±2.14dB	
Adjacent channel power	±0.93dB	(1)

Notes: (1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=1.96.

EMC EQUIPMENT LIST

Device	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal/Char Date	Due Date
Antenna: Biconical 1096	Eaton	94455-1	1096	08/01/17	08/01/19
Antenna: Log-Periodic 1122	Electro-Metrics	LPA-25	1122	07/26/17	07/26/19
Coaxial Cable - Chamber 3 cable set (backup)	Micro-Coax	Chamber 3 cable set (backup)	KMKM-0244-02 KMKM-0670-01 KFKF-0197-00	N/A	N/A
CHAMBER	Panashield	3M	N/A	03/05/19	03/05/21
Ant: Double-Ridged Horn/ETS Horn 1	ETS-Lindgren	3117	00035923	01/30/17	01/30/20
Software: Field Strength Program	Timco	N/A	Version 4.10.7.0	N/A	N/A
EMI Test Receiver R & S ESU 40	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	100320	08/06/18	08/06/20
Bore-sight Antenna Positioning Tower	Sunol Sciences	TLT2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator N 30dB 100W DC-6G	Pasternack	PE7214-30	#109	05/06/19	05/06/21
Attenuator N 3dB 20W DC-4G	Narda	766-3	#5	05/06/19	05/06/21
Splitter 1 – 1000 MHz	MiniCircuits	ZFSC-4-1-BNC+	U115700825	05/06/19	05/06/21
Coaxial Cable – NMNM-0180-00 Aqua	Micro-Coax	UFB311A-0-0720-50U50U	225362-001 (#100)	05/06/19	05/06/21
Coaxial Cable – NMNM-0180-01 Aqua	Micro-Coax	UFB311A-0-0720-50U50U	225362-002 (#101)	05/06/19	05/06/21
Coaxial Cable - BMBM-0122-01 RG400	Pasternack	PE3582LF-48	BMBM-0122-01	05/06/19	05/06/21
Coaxial Cable - BMBM-0122-02 RG400	Pasternack	PE3582LF-48	BMBM-0122-02	05/06/19	05/06/21
Coaxial Cable - BMBM-0183-01 RG400	Pasternack	PE3582LF-72	BMBM-0183-01	05/06/19	05/06/21
Terminator N 20W DC-18G	Narda	8205	#14	05/06/19	05/06/21
Terminator N 50OHM DC-18GHz	Narda	370BNM	#63	05/06/19	05/06/21
Terminator N 20W DC-18G	Narda	5W	#48	05/06/19	05/06/21
Noise Source 10MHz - 18GHz	Agilent	346B	MY44421884	N/A	N/A

*EMI RECEIVER SOFTWARE VERSION

The receiver firmware used was version 4.43 Service Pack 3

END OF TEST REPORT