APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Report No.: T110525204-RP1

EUT Specification

EUT	Home Monitoring Gateway
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☐ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 21.03 dBm(126.7652mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 25.68 dBm(369.8282mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode: 26.71 dBm(468.8134mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode: 26.94 dBm(494.3107mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	3.8 dBi (Numeric gain: 2.39) MIMO Mode: 3.8 dBi + 10 log (2) = 6.81 dBi (Numeric gain: 4.79)
Evaluation applied	
Remark: The maximum output power is <u>26.94dBm (494.3107mW) at 2437MHz (with 4.79 numeric antenna</u> <u>gain</u> .)	

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

MPE EVALUATION

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Report No.: T110525204-RP1

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$

IEEE 802.11b mode:

EUT output power = 126.7652 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 2.39

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.060291 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11g mode:

EUT output power = 369.8282 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 2.39

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.175894 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:

EUT output power = 468.8134 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 4.79

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.446878 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode:

EUT output power = 494.3107 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 4.79

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.471182 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

Report No.: T110525204-RP1