

APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

<u>LIMIT</u>

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Smart Home Gateway					
Model	NA301-ZWxxxxxxx / G150xxxxxxx / Edgexxxxxxx (The "x" in model name can be 0 to 9, A to Z, blank or "-", for marking purpose)					
Frequency band (Operating)	 802.11b/g/n HT20: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz 802.11n HT40: 2.422GHz ~ 2.452GHz Others 					
Device category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others 					
Exposure classification	 Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²) 					
Antenna Specification	2.4GHz: Antenna Gain : 4.99 dBi (Numeric gain 3.16)					
Maximum Average output power	IEEE 802.11b Mode:17.99 dBm(62.951 mW)IEEE 802.11g Mode:16.64 dBm(46.132 mW)IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode 13.89 dBm(24.491 mW)IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode 14.36 dBm(27.290 mW)					
Maximum Tune up Power	IEEE 802.11b Mode: 18.00 dBm (63.096 mW) IEEE 802.11g Mode: 18.00 dBm (63.096 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 20 Mode 18.00 dBm (63.096 mW) IEEE 802.11n HT 40 Mode 18.00 dBm (63.096 mW)					
Evaluation applied	 MPE Evaluation* SAR Evaluation N/A 					



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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	2014/08/22	Initial Issue	ALL	Angel Cheng



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

CalculationGiven
$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
& $S = \frac{E^2}{377}$ Where $E = Field$ strength in Volts / meter $P = Power$ in Watts $G = Numeric$ antenna gain $d = Distance$ in meters $S = Power$ density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 andd(cm) = d(m) / 100

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{377 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$



Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	63.096	3.16	20	0.0397	1

IEEE 802.11g mode:

Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
1	2412	63.096	3.16	20	0.0397	1

IEEE 802.11n HT20 mode:

ſ	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
	1	2412	63.096	3.16	20	0.0397	1

IEEE 802.11n HT40 mode:

	Ch.	Frq.(MHz)	P (mW)	Gain (num.)	D (cm)	Power density in mW / cm ²	Limit (mW/cm2)
ſ	3	2422	63.096	3.16	20	0.0397	1