

FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

TEST REPORT

For

Wireless-N Broadband Router

Model: IP1006RR, WBR-6010, 8E4404, WNRT-626

Trade Name: SerComm

Issued to

SerComm Corporation 8F, No.3-1, YuanQu St., NanKang, Taipei 115, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Issued by



Compliance Certification Services Inc. No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, (338) Taiwan, R.O.C. http://www.ccsemc.com.tw service@tw.ccsemc.com



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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant:	SerComm Corporation 8F, No.3-1, YuanQu St., NanKang, Taipei 115, Taiwan, R.O.C.
Equipment Under Test:	Wireless-N Broadband Router
Trade Name:	SerComm
Model Number:	IP1006RR, WBR-6010, 8E4404, WNRT-626
Date of Test:	December 7 ~ 27, 2007

APPLICABLE STANDARDS				
STANDARD	TEST RESULT			
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	No non-compliance noted			

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Rex Lai Section Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc. Reviewed by:

Amanda Wu Section Manager Compliance Certification Services Inc.



2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	Wireless-N Broadband Router		
Trade Name	SerComm		
Model Number	IP1006RR, WBR-6010, 8E4404, WNRT-626		
Model Discrepancy	All the specification and layout are identical except they come with different model numbers for marketing purposes.		
1. DVE Model: DSA-15P-12 US 120120 I/P: 100-240V, 50-60Hz, 0.5A O/P: 12V, 1.0A 2. SINO-AMERICAN Mode: SA110C-12S-I I/P: 100-240V, 50-60Hz O/P: 12V, 1A, 12W 3. LEADER Model: MU12-2120100-A1 I/P: 100-240V, 50-60Hz, 0.5A O/P: 12V, 1A			
Frequency Range	2412 ~ 2462 MHz		
Transmit Power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 21.86 dBm IEEE 802.11g mode: 23.49 dBm draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 18.95 dBm draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 15.89 dBm		
Modulation Technique	IEEE 802.11b mode: DSSS (1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mpbs) IEEE 802.11g mode: OFDM (6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mpbs) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: OFDM (6.5, 7.2, 13, 14.4, 14.44, 19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.89, 28.9, 39, 43.3, 43.33 52, 57.78, 57.8, 58.5, 65.0, 72.2, 78, 86.67, 104, 115.56, 117, 130, 144.44 Mbps) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: OFDM (13.5, 15, 27, 30, 40.5, 45, 54, 60, 81, 90, 108, 120, 121.5, 135, 150, 162, 180, 216, 240, 243, 270, 300 Mbps)		
Number of Channels IEEE 802.11b/g mode: 11 Channels draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 11 Channels draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 7 Channels			
Antenna SpecificationDipole Antenna / Gain: 1.8 dBi Antenna Calculation for CDD Mode: 1.8 dBi + 10 log (2) = 4.81 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.03)			

Remark:

1. The sample selected for test was production product and was provided by manufacturer.

2. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: <u>P27IP1006RR</u> filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.



3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4 and FCC CFR 47 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4.

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3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
$^{1}0.495 - 0.505$	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	$(^{2})$
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: IP1006RR) comes with three types of power adapter (DSA-15P-12 US 120120 / SA110C-12S-I / MU12-2120100-A1) for sale. After the preliminary test, the power adapter SA110C-12S-I was found to emit the worst emissions and therefore had been tested under operating condition.

The EUT is a 2x2 configuration spatial MIMO (2Tx & 2Rx) without beam forming function but with cyclic delay diversity function that operate in double TX chains and double RX chains. The 2x2 configuration is implemented with two outside TX & RX chains (Chain 0 and 1).

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz and power line conducted emissions below 30MHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

IEEE 802.11b mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 1Mbps data rate and cyclic delay diversity were chosen for full testing.

IEEE 802.11g mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6Mbps data rate and cyclic delay diversity were chosen for full testing.

draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode:

Channel Low (2412MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2462MHz) with 6.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.

draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode:

Channel Low (2422MHz), Channel Mid (2437MHz) and Channel High (2452MHz) with 13.5Mbps data rate were chosen for full testing.



4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Conducted Emissions Test Site					
Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Du					
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360131	01/30/2008	

3M Semi Anechoic Chamber						
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due		
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	09/11/2008		
Test Receiver	Rohde&Schwarz	ESCI	100064	11/13/2008		
Switch Controller	TRC	Switch Controller	SC94050010	05/04/2008		
4 Port Switch	TRC	4 Port Switch	SC94050020	05/04/2008		
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	9903-5761	01/12/2008		
Bilog- Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030205	03/29/2008		
Turn Table	Max-Full	MFT-120S	T120S940302	N.C.R.		
Antenna Tower	Max-Full	MFA-430	A440940302	N.C.R.		
Controller	Max-Full	MF-CM886	CC-C-1F-13	N.C.R.		
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	FCC: 965860 IC: IC 6106	09/25/2008		
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)					

Remark: The measurement uncertainty is less than +/-2.0065dB (30MHz ~ 1GHz), +/-3.0958dB (Above 1GHz) which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.

Powerline Conducted Emissions Test Site							
Name of Equipment	Name of Equipment Manufacturer Model Serial Number Calibration Du						
EMI TEST RECEIVER 9kHz-30MHz	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS30	828144/003	10/31/2008			
TWO-LINE V-NETWORK 9kHz-30MHz	SCHAFFNER	NNB41	03/10013	06/12/2008			
LISN 10kHz-100MHz	EMCO	3825/2	9106-1809	03/19/2008			
Test S/W	LABVIEW (V 6.1)						

Remark: The measurement uncertainty is less than +/- 2.81dB, which is evaluated as per the NAMAS NIS 81 and CISPR/A/291/CDV.



5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.
 Tel: 886-2-2217-0894 / Fax: 886-2-2217-1029

No.11, Wugong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Hsien 248, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045

No.81-1, Lane 210, Bade 2nd Rd., Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 338, Taiwan Tel: 886-3-324-0332 / Fax: 886-3-324-5235

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	A2LA	EN 55011, EN 55014-1/2, CISPR 11, CISPR 14-1/2, EN 55022, EN 55015, CISPR 22, CISPR 15, AS/NZS 3548, VCCI V3 (2001), CFR 47, FCC Part 15/18, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 13438, CNS 13803, CNS 14115, EN 55024, IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4, IEC/EN 61000-3-2, IEC/EN 61000-3-3, IEC/EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 50081-1/ EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-4, EN 50081-2/EN 61000-6-1: 2001	ACCREDITED TESTING CERT #0824.01
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (93105, 90471) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (965860) to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements	FCC 93105, 90471 965860
Japan	VCCI	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform conducted/radiated measurements	VCCI R-393/1066/725/879 C-402/747/912
Norway	NEMKO	EN 50081-1/2, EN 50082-1/2, IEC 61000-6-1/2, EN 50091-2, EN 50130-4, EN 55011, EN 55013, EN 55014-1/2, EN 55015, EN 55022, EN 55024, EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61326-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, EN 60601-1-2, EN 300 328, EN 300 422-2, EN 301 419-1, EN 301 489-01/03/07/08/09/17, EN 301 419-2/3, EN 300 454-2, EN 301 357-2	ELA 124a ELA 124b ELA 124c
Taiwan	TAF	EN 300 328, EN 300 220-1, EN 300 220-2, EN 300 220-3, 47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, CNS 13439, CNS 13783-1, CNS 14115, CNS 13438, AS/NZS CISPR 22, CNS 13022-1, IEC 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11, CNS 13022-2/3	Testing Laboratory 0363
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438, CNS 13783-1, CNS 13439, CNS 14115	SL2-IS-E-0014 SL2-IN-E-0014 SL2-A1-E-0014 SL2-R1-E-0014 SL2-R2-E-0014 SL2-L1-E-0014
Canada	Industry Canada	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites (IC 2324C-3, IC 2324C-5) / 3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 6106)	Canada IC 2324C-3 IC 2324C-5 IC 6106

* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.



6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No	Equipment	Brand	Model	Series No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook PC (Remote)	IBM	2672 (X31)	99KPZYN	WLAN: ANO20030400LEG Bluetooth: ANO20020100MTN	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
2.	Notebook PC (Remote)	Sony	PCG-6GFP	00045-578-554-578	WLAN: ETC094LPD0155 Bluetooth: ETC094LPD0156	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
3.	Notebook PC (Remote)	Sony	VGN-S44TP	28198080 8100339	WLAN: ETC094LPD0155 Bluetooth: ETC094LPD0156	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
4.	Notebook PC (Remote)	ASUS	M5200AE	5BN0AG019631	PD9WM3B2100	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m
5.	Notebook PC (Remote)	TOSHIBA	Satellite 1110	Y2382109	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Remark:

- *1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.*
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



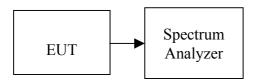
7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

7.1 6DB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

According to \$15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = RBW, Span = 50 MHz, Sweep = auto.
- 4. Mark the peak frequency and –6dB (upper and lower) frequency.
- 5. Repeat until all the rest channels are investigated.



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

<u>Test Data</u>

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	11250		PASS
Mid	2437	12500	>500	PASS
High	2462	12000		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	12250		PASS
Mid	2437	11330	>500	PASS
High	2462	12170		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode/ Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16420		PASS
Mid	2437	16330	>500	PASS
High	2462	16250		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16330		PASS
Mid	2437	16330	>500	PASS
High	2462	16330		PASS



Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2412	16670		PASS
Mid	2437	16670	>500	PASS
High	2462	16920		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)		nannel i i v l			Result	
Low	2412	17080	,	PASS			
Mid	2437	17500	>500	PASS			
High	2462	17830		PASS			

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2422	35170		PASS
Mid	2437	34500	>500	PASS
High	2452	33420		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Low	2422	34250		PASS
Mid	2437	35170	>500	PASS
High	2452	33420		PASS



Test Plot

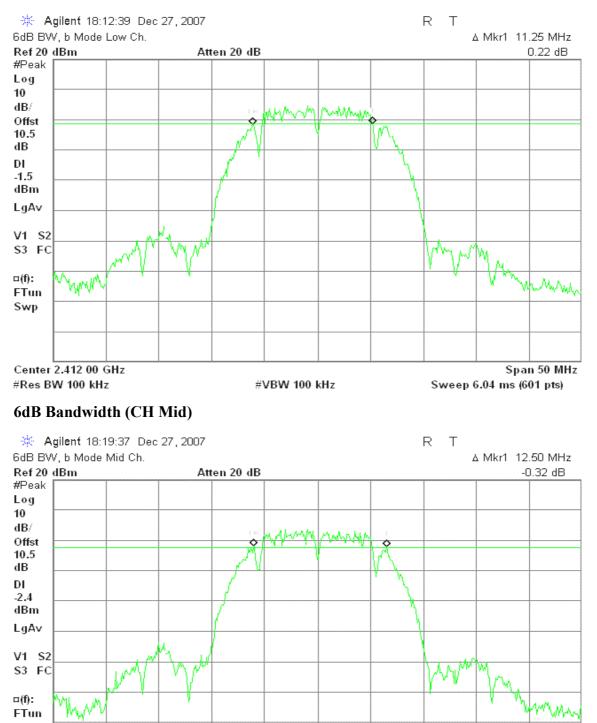
FTun Swp

Center 2.437 00 GHz

#Res BW 100 kHz

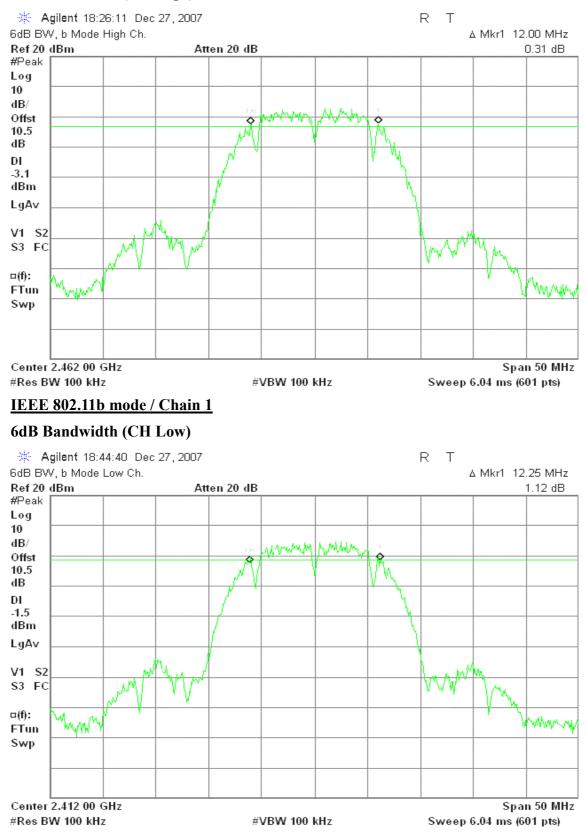
IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



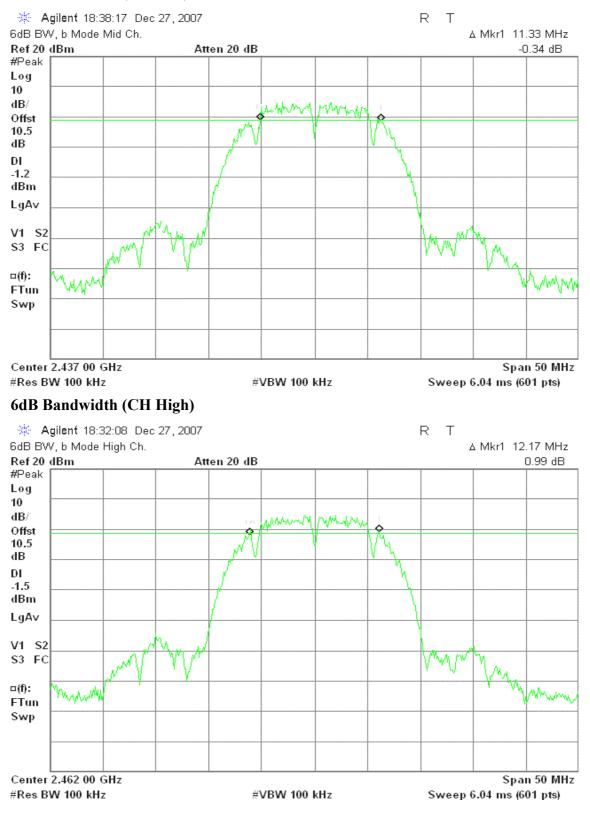


6dB Bandwidth (CH High)





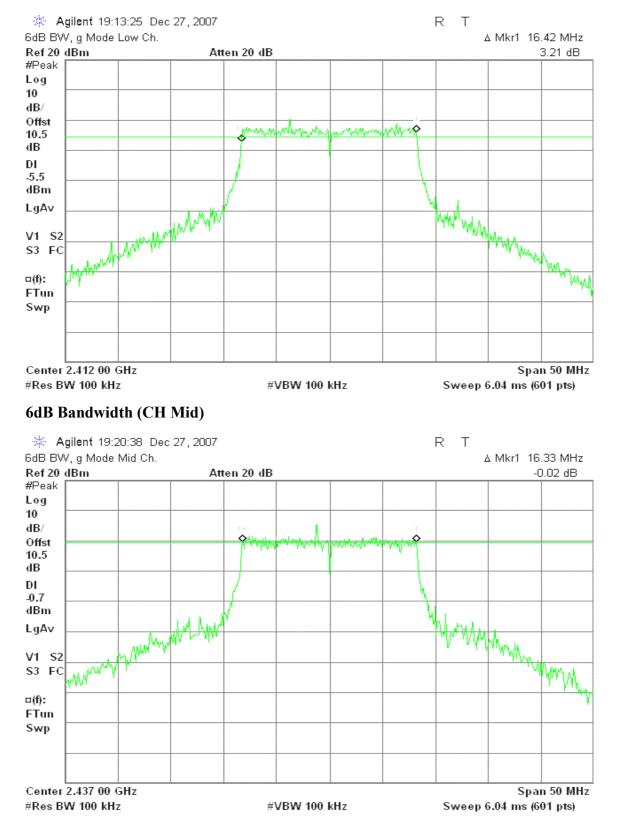
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)





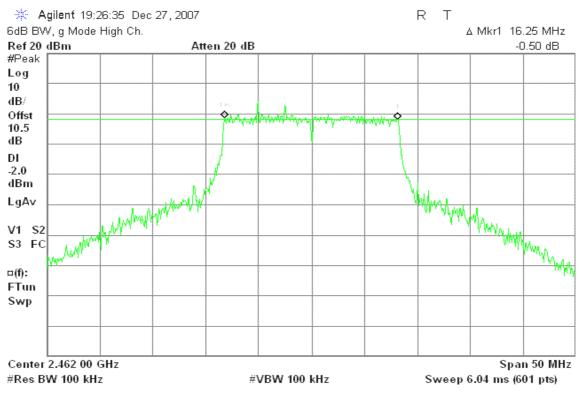
IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 0

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



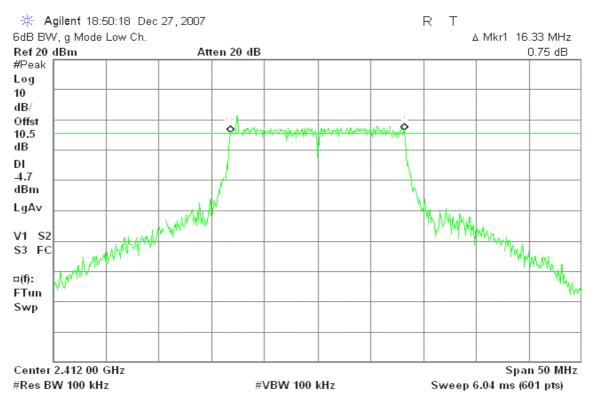


6dB Bandwidth (CH High)



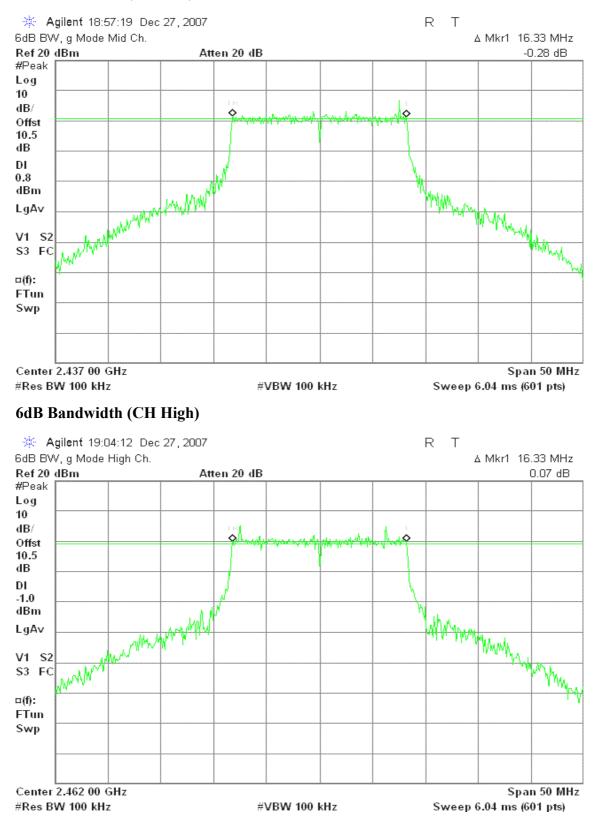
IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 1

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)





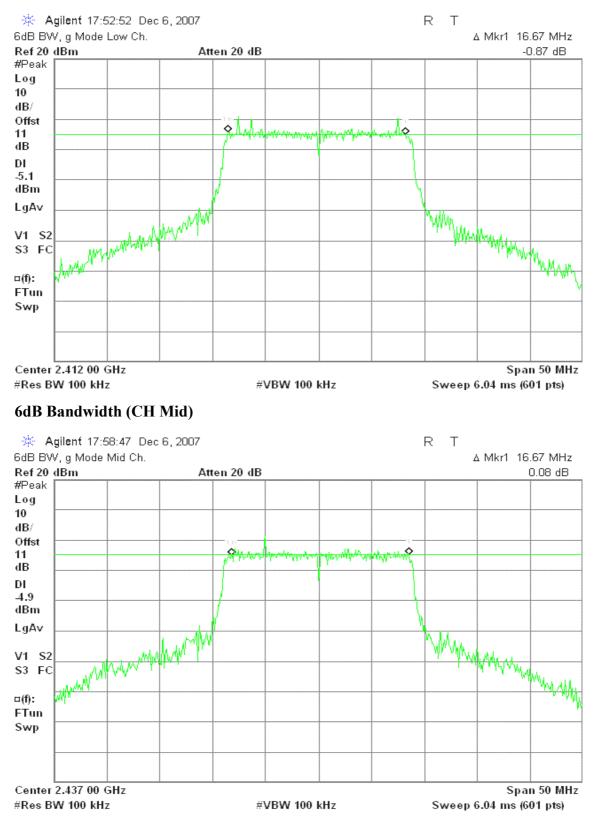
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)





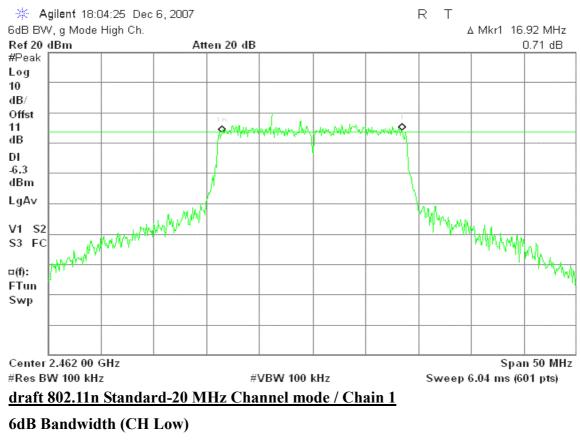
draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

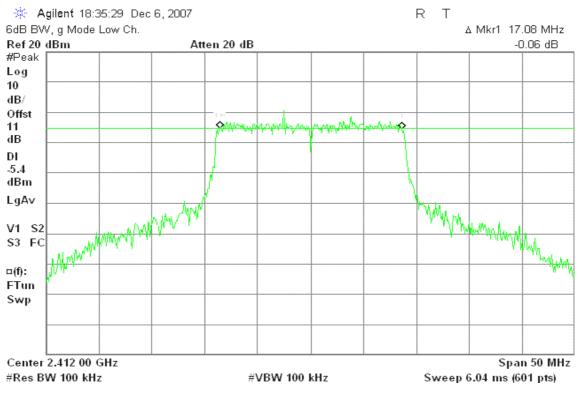
6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)





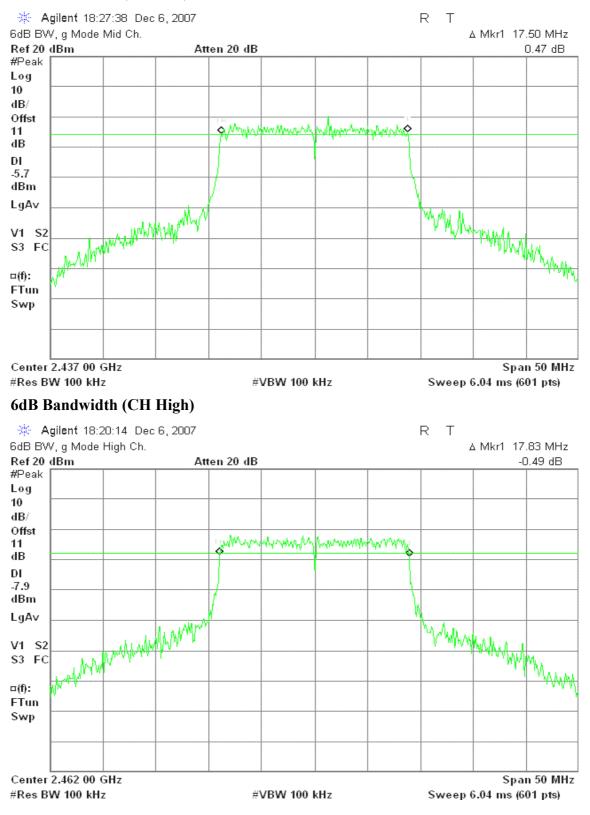
6dB Bandwidth (CH High)







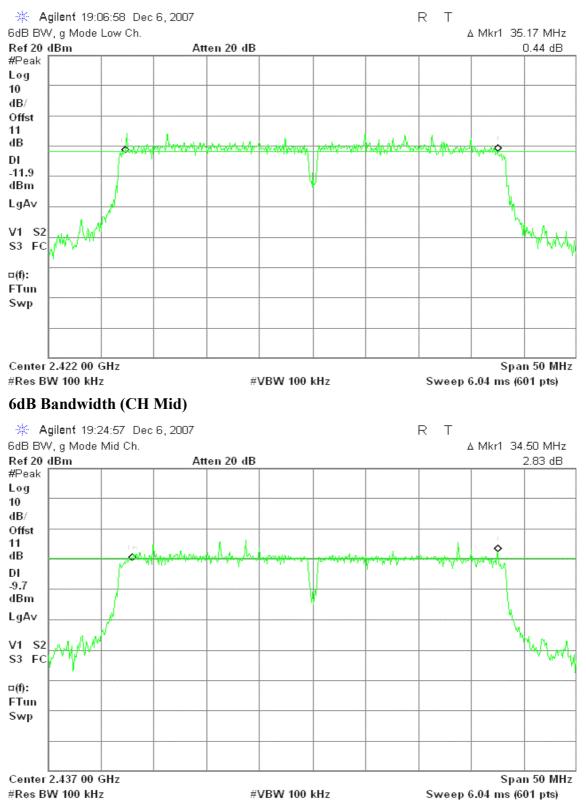
6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)





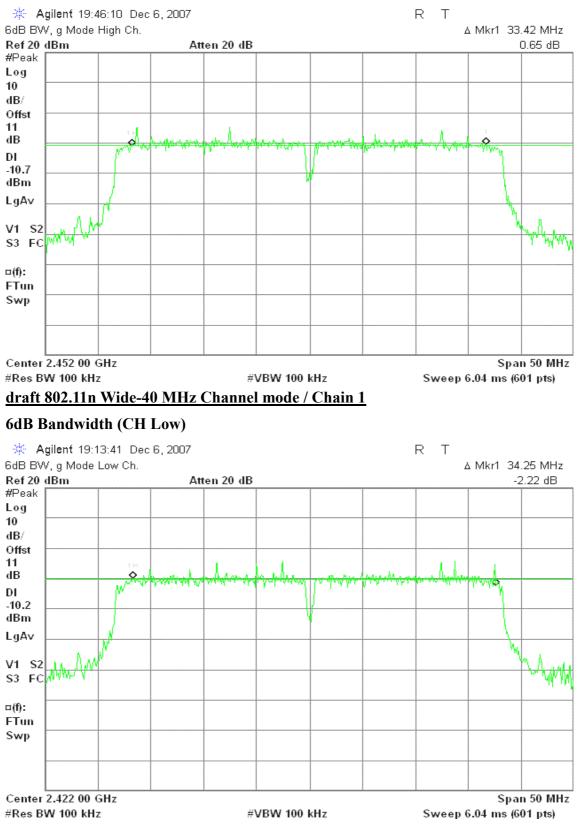
draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

6dB Bandwidth (CH Low)



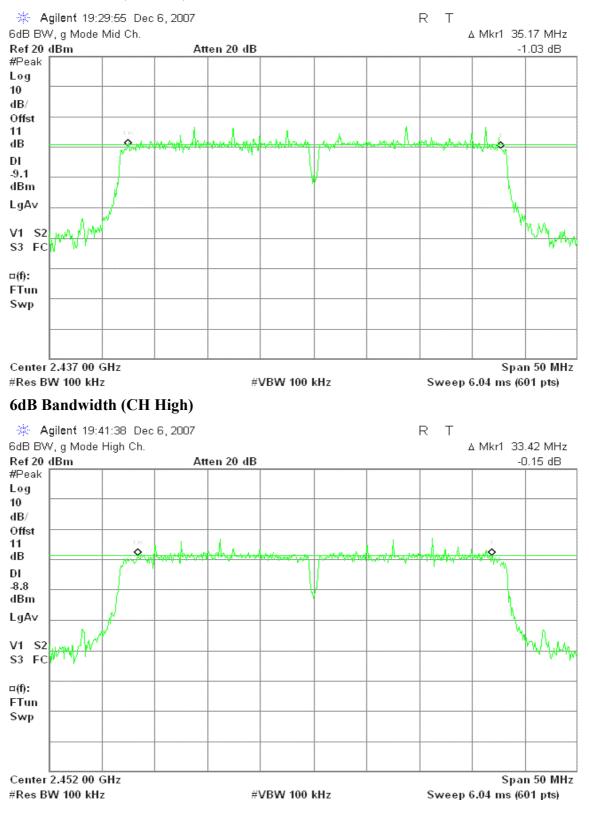


6dB Bandwidth (CH High)





6dB Bandwidth (CH Mid)





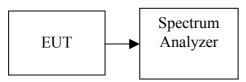
7.2 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. According to \$15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
- 2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 1 MHz, VBW >= 3 MHz. in "Channel Power" measurement.
- 4. Record the max reading.
- 5. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

<u>Test Data</u>

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	18.79	18.90	21.86	0.1533		PASS
Mid	2437	18.16	19.32	21.79	0.1510	1.00	PASS
High	2462	17.38	18.92	21.23	0.1327		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	16.15	16.42	19.30	0.0851		PASS
Mid	2437	20.05	20.87	23.49	0.2233	1.00	PASS
High	2462	18.30	19.94	22.21	0.1662		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	15.47	15.81	18.65	0.0733		PASS
Mid	2437	15.49	16.35	18.95	0.0785	1.00	PASS
High	2462	14.74	16.32	18.61	0.0726		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Total Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2422	11.35	12.07	14.74	0.0298		PASS
Mid	2437	12.20	13.47	15.89	0.0388	1.00	PASS
High	2452	11.58	12.84	15.27	0.0337	-	PASS

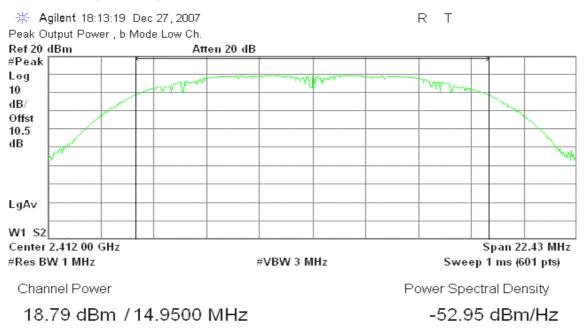
Remark: Total Output Power (w) = Chain 0 (10⁽Output Power /10)/1000) + Chain 0 (10⁽Output Power /10)/1000)



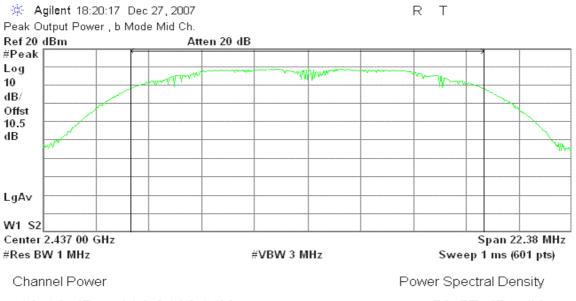
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

Peak Power (CH Low)



Peak Power (CH Mid)

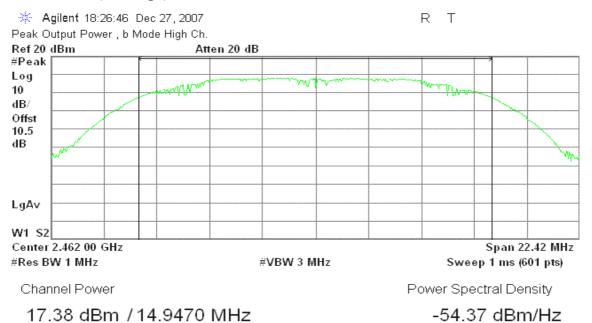


18.16 dBm /14.9180 MHz

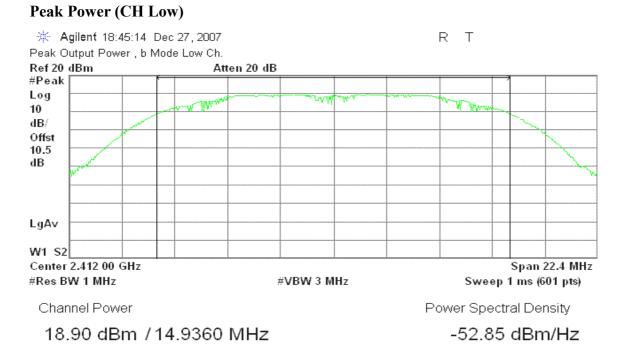
-53.57 dBm/Hz



Peak Power (CH High)

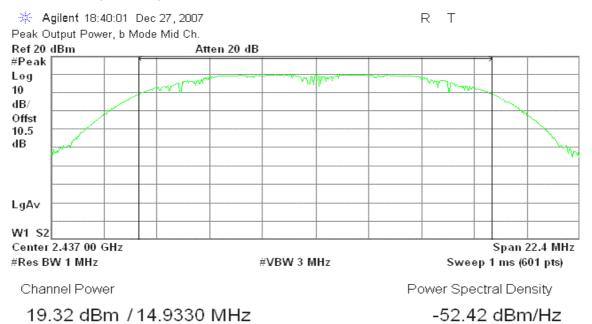


IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 1

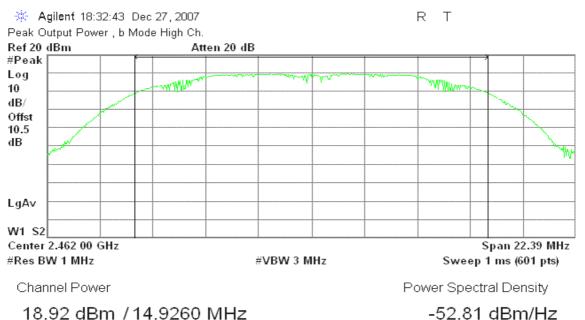




Peak Power (CH Mid)



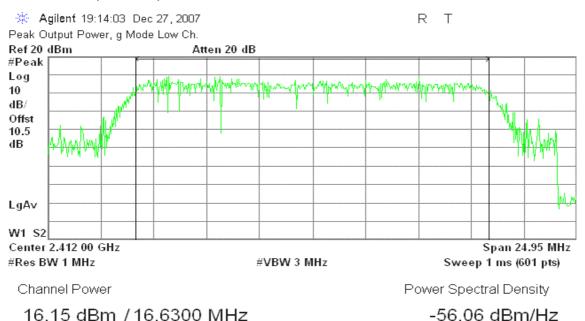
Peak Power (CH High)



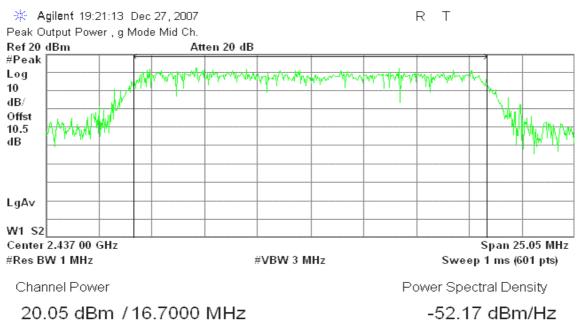


IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 0

Peak Power (CH Low)

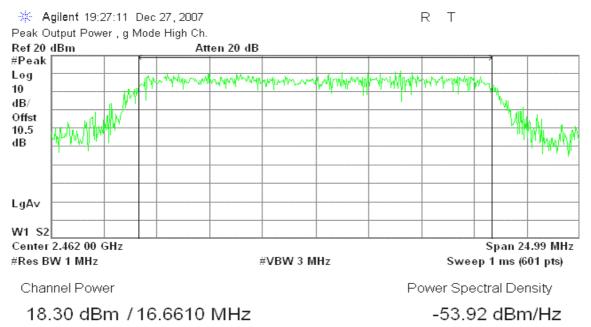


Peak Power (CH Mid)

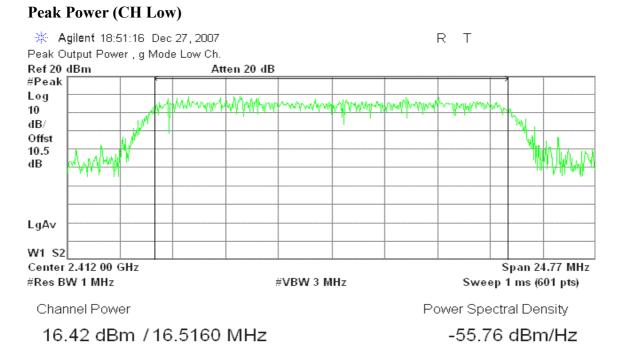




Peak Power (CH High)

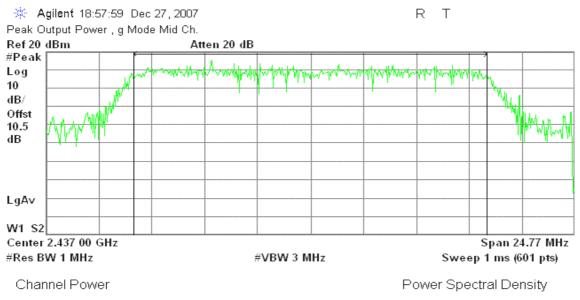


IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 1



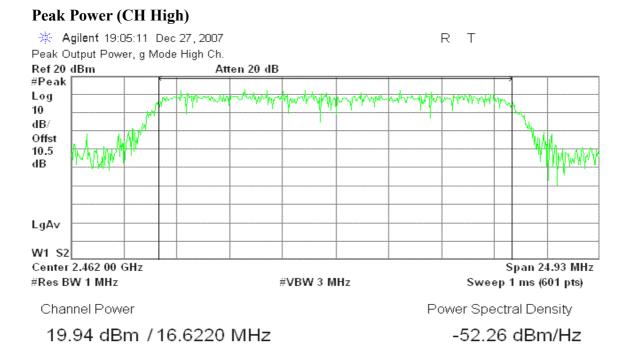


Peak Power (CH Mid)



20.87 dBm / 16.5120 MHz

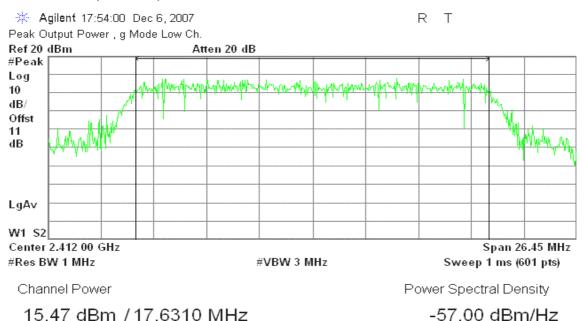
-51.31 dBm/Hz



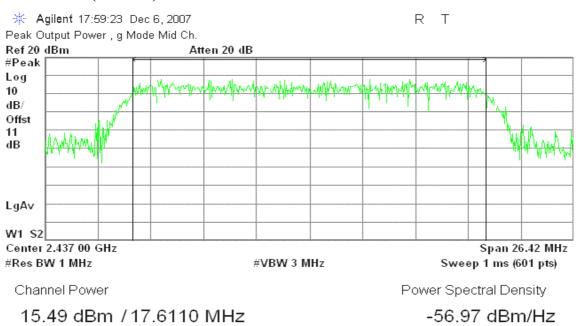


draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Peak Power (CH Low)

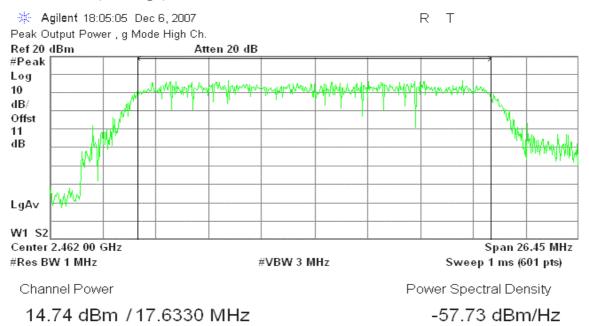


Peak Power (CH Mid)



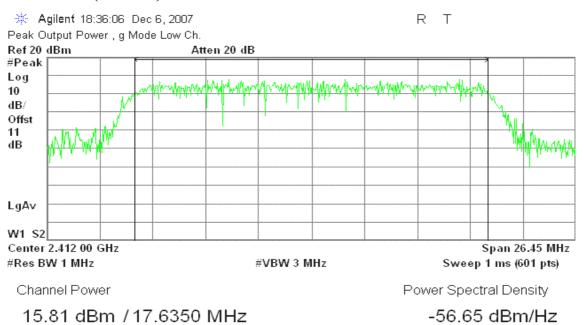


Peak Power (CH High)



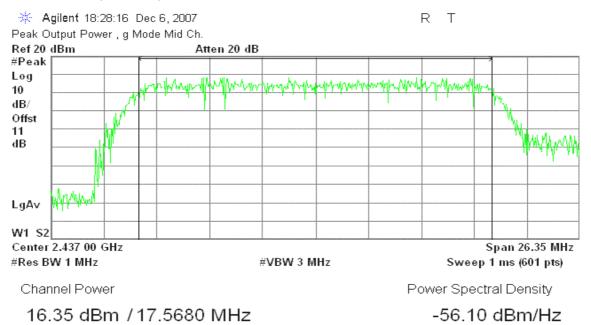
draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1

Peak Power (CH Low)

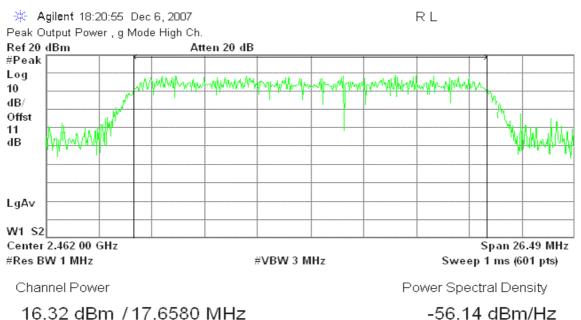




Peak Power (CH Mid)



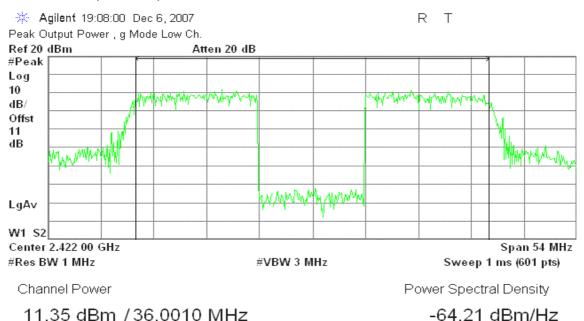
Peak Power (CH High)



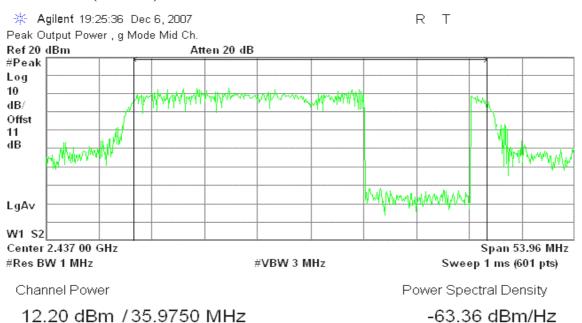


draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Peak Power (CH Low)

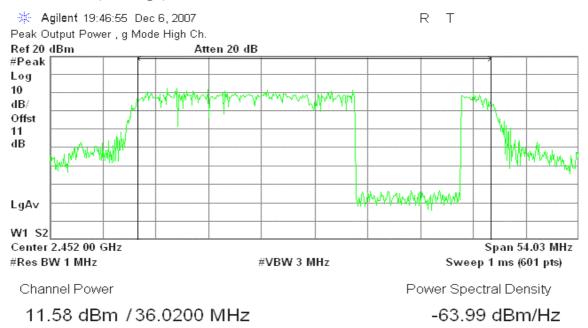


Peak Power (CH Mid)

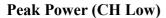


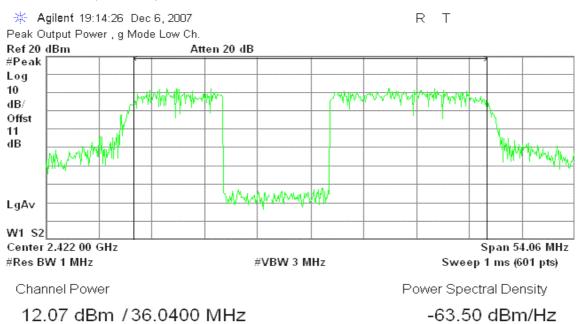


Peak Power (CH High)



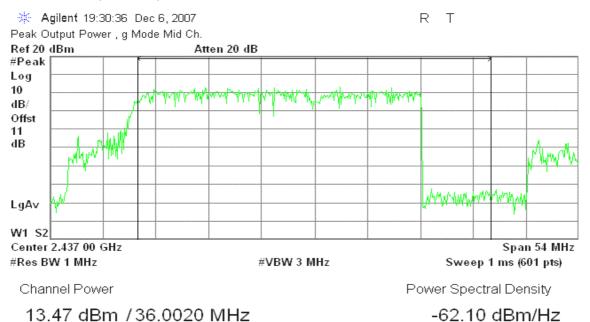
draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1



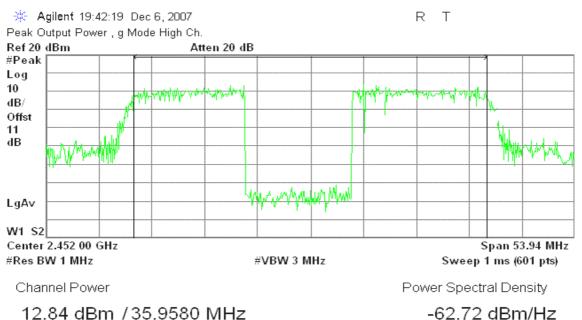




Peak Power (CH Mid)



Peak Power (CH High)



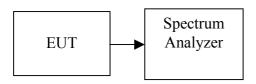


7.3 AVERAGE POWER

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum analyzer is set to the average power detection.



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

<u>Test Data</u>

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	16.15	16.25	19.21	0.0834		PASS
Mid	2437	15.56	16.64	19.14	0.0821	1.00	PASS
High	2462	14.87	16.21	18.60	0.0725		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	13.04	13.06	16.06	0.0404		PASS
Mid	2437	16.54	15.56	19.09	0.0811	1.00	PASS
High	2462	14.81	15.20	18.02	0.0634		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	12.44	12.20	15.33	0.0341		PASS
Mid	2437	12.05	12.40	15.24	0.0334	1.00	PASS
High	2462	11.46	12.95	15.28	0.0337		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

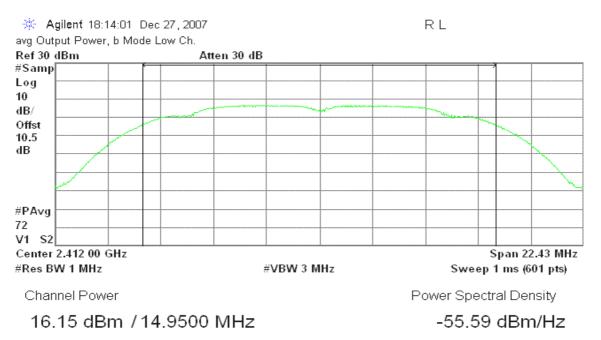
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 Output Power (dBm)	Chain 1 Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2422	8.92	9.93	12.46	0.0176		PASS
Mid	2437	10.10	10.73	13.44	0.0221	1.00	PASS
High	2452	9.76	10.40	13.10	0.0204		PASS



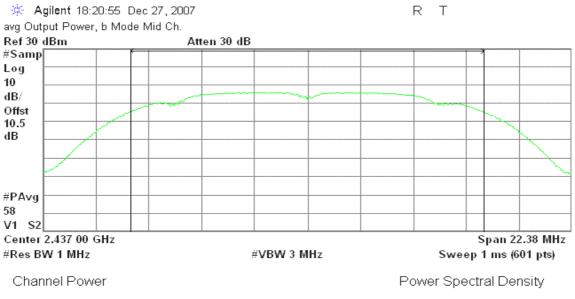
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

Average Power (CH Low)



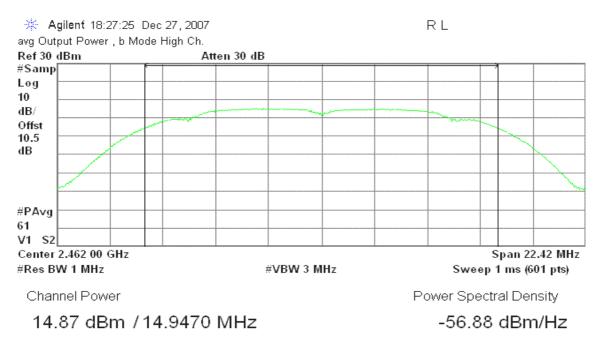
Average Power (CH Mid)



-56.18 dBm/Hz

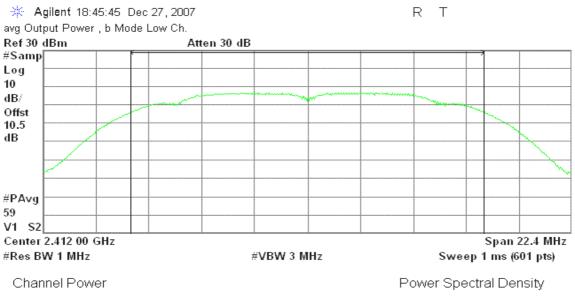


Average Power (CH High)



IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 1

Average Power (CH Low)

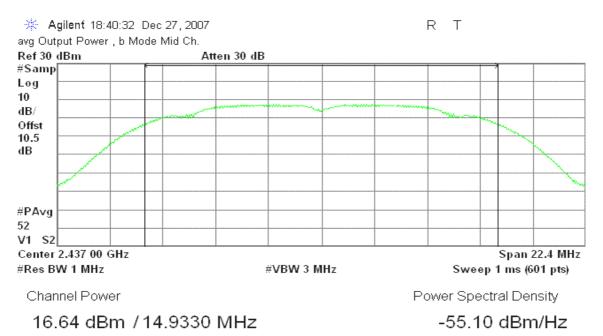




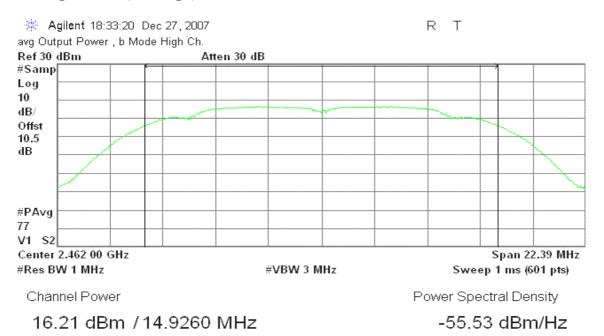
-55.49 dBm/Hz



Average Power (CH Mid)



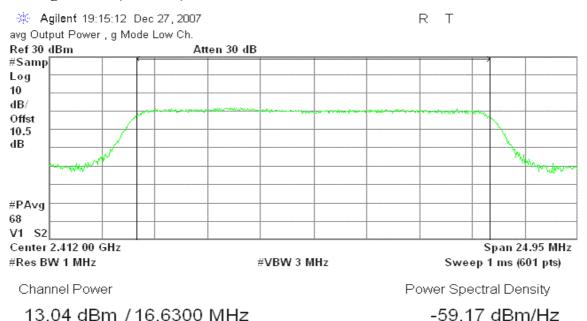
Average Power (CH High)



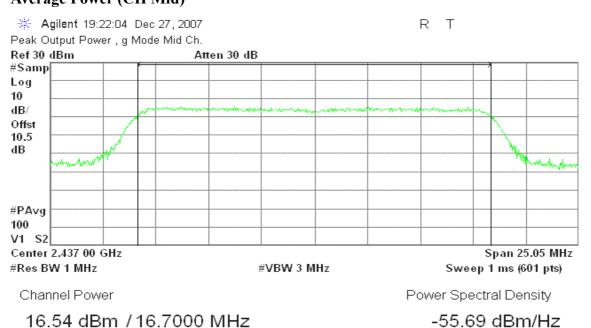


IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 0

Average Power (CH Low)

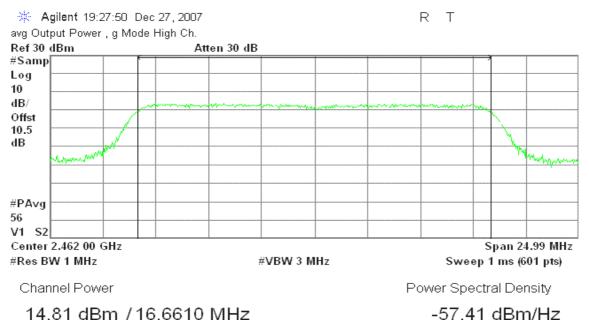


Average Power (CH Mid)

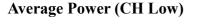


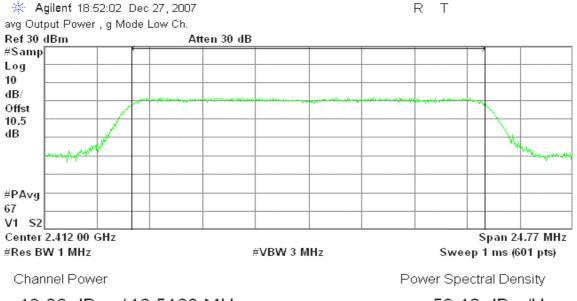


Average Power (CH High)



IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 1



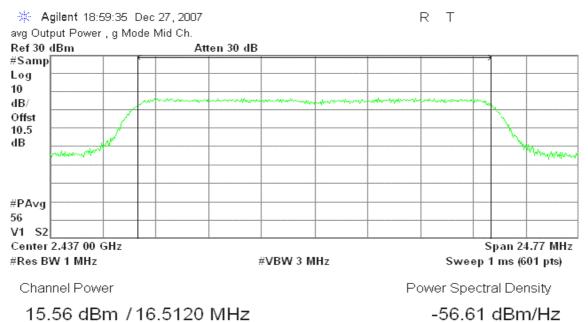


13.06 dBm / 16.5160 MHz

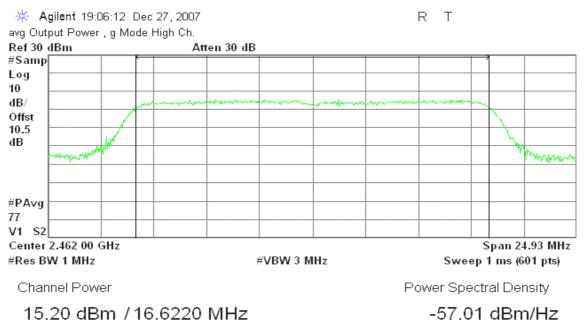
-59.12 dBm/Hz



Average Power (CH Mid)



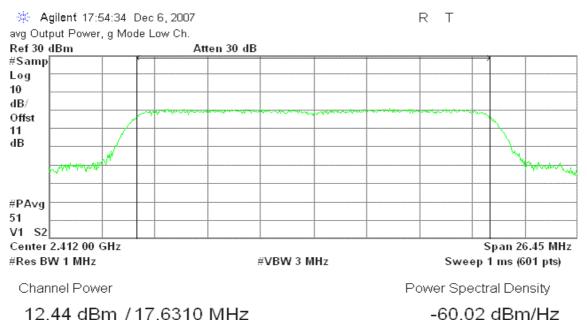
Average Power (CH High)



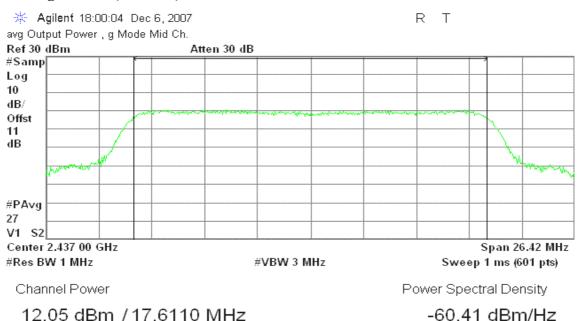


draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Average Power (CH Low)

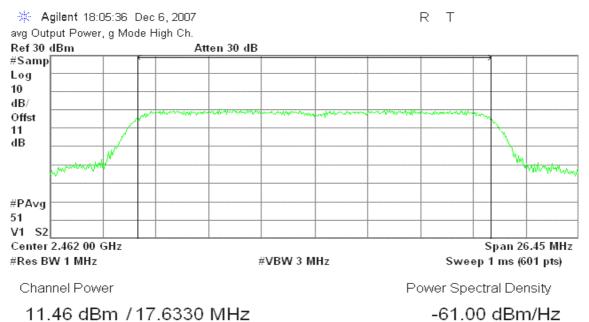


Average Power (CH Mid)

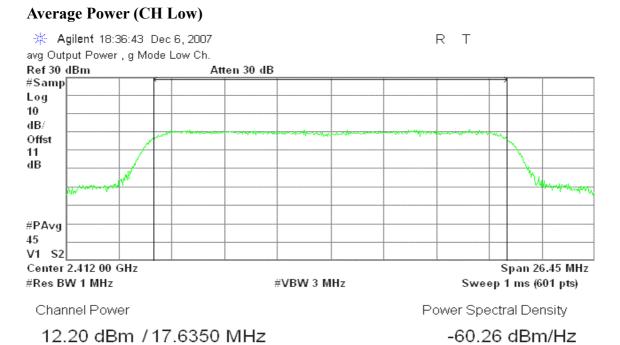




Average Power (CH High)

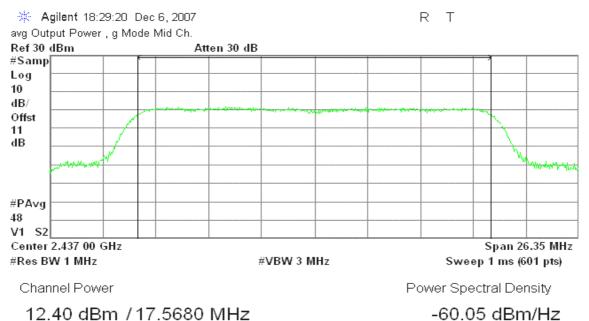


draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1

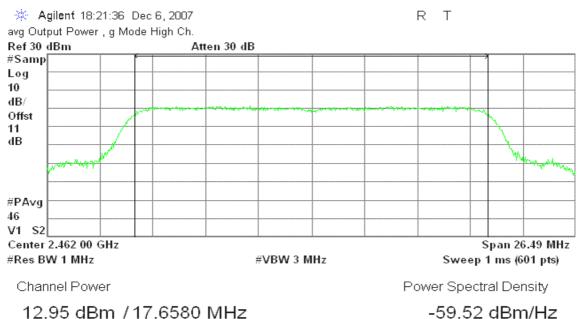




Average Power (CH Mid)



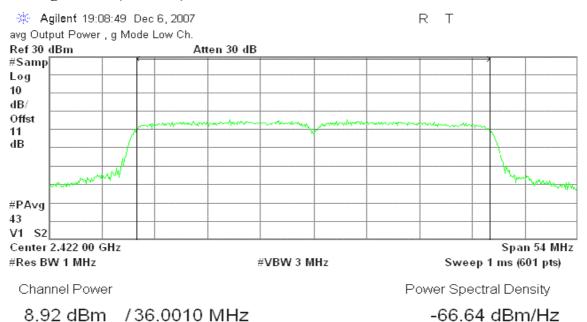
Average Power (CH High)



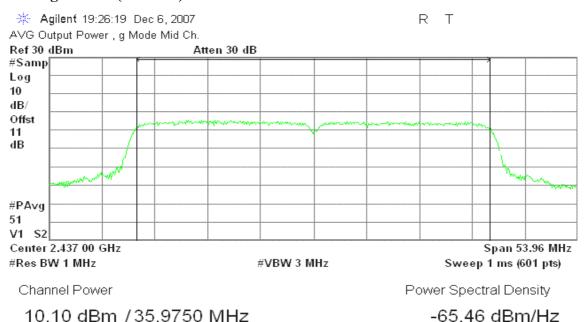


draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

Average Power (CH Low)

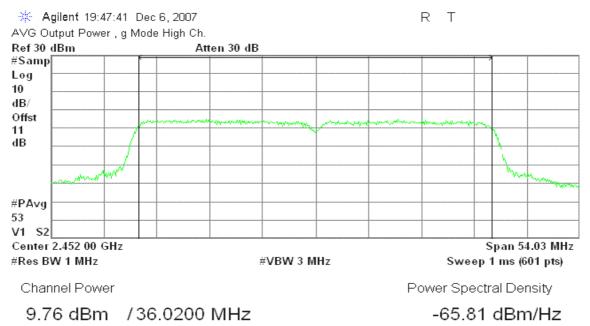


Average Power (CH Mid)

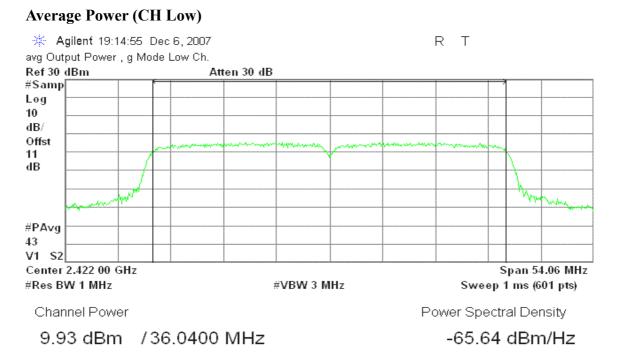




Average Power (CH High)

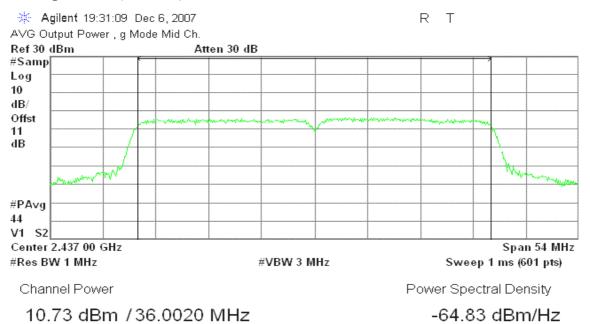


draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 1

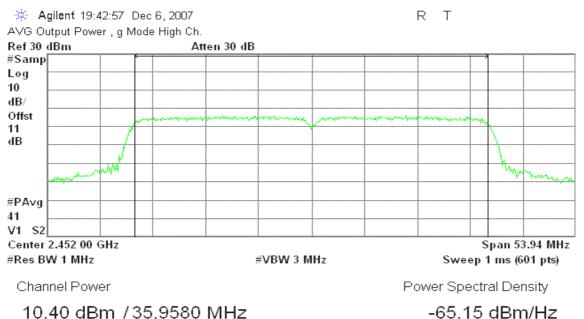




Average Power (CH Mid)



Average Power (CH High)



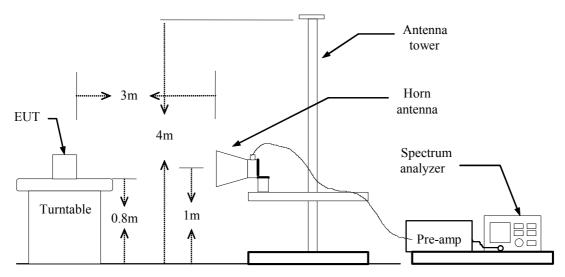


7.4 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

<u>LIMIT</u>

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

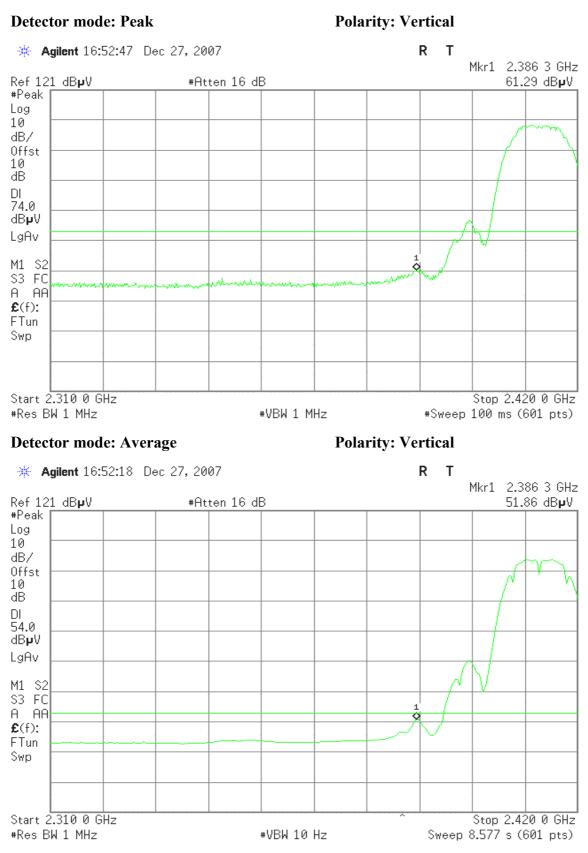
- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
- 5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

TEST RESULTS

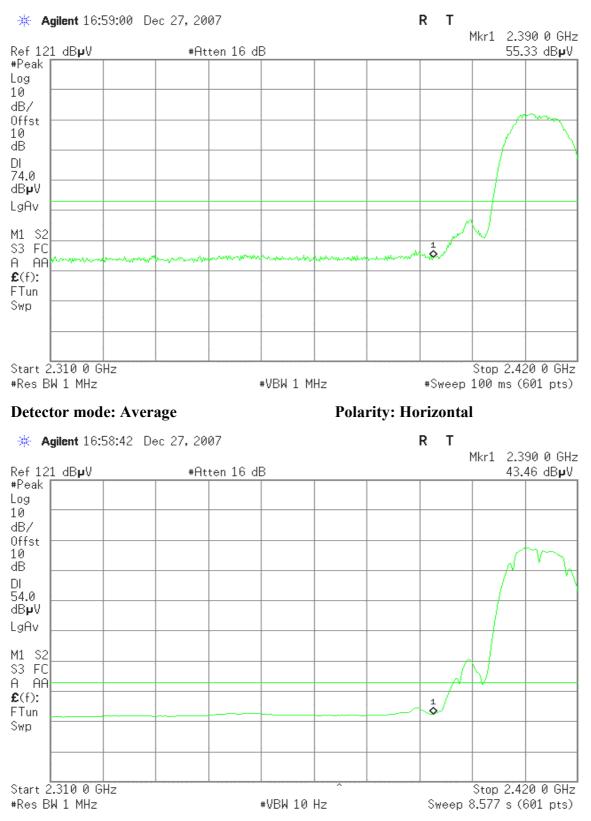
Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.



Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH Low)

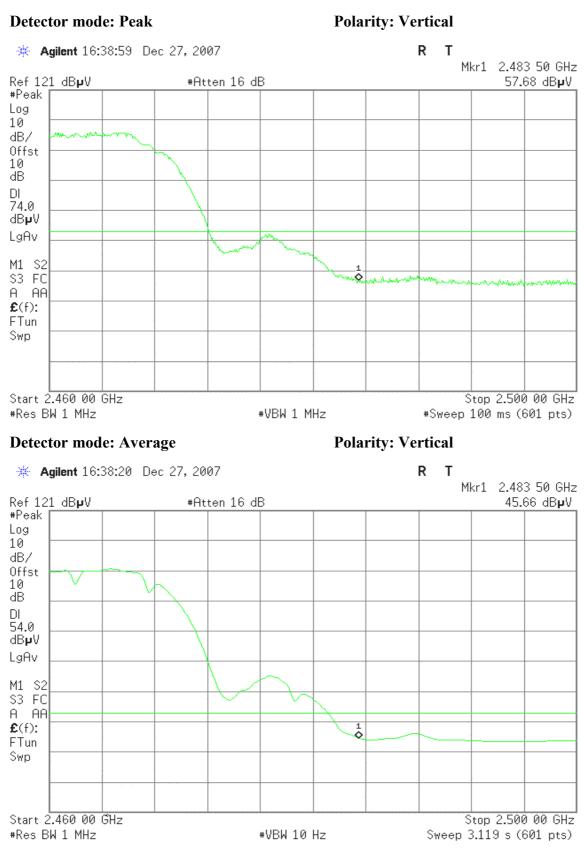




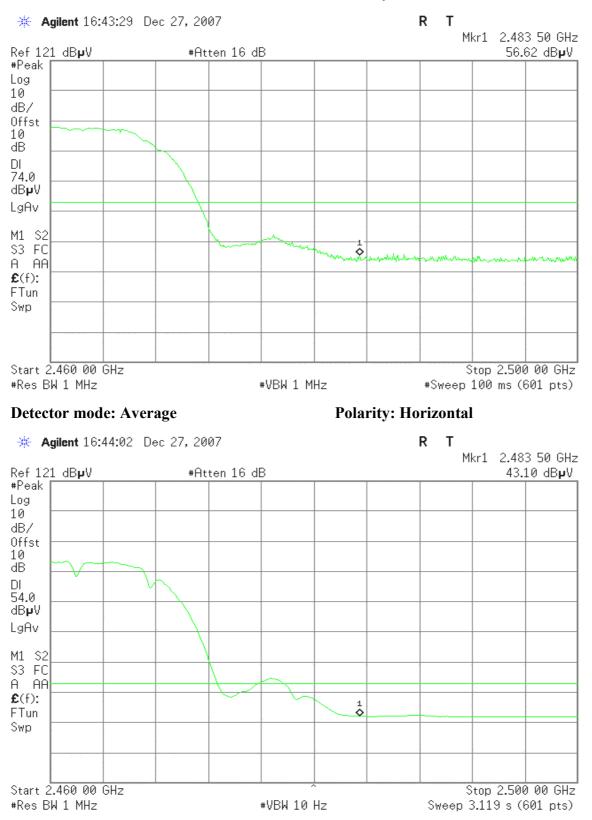




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11b mode / CH High)

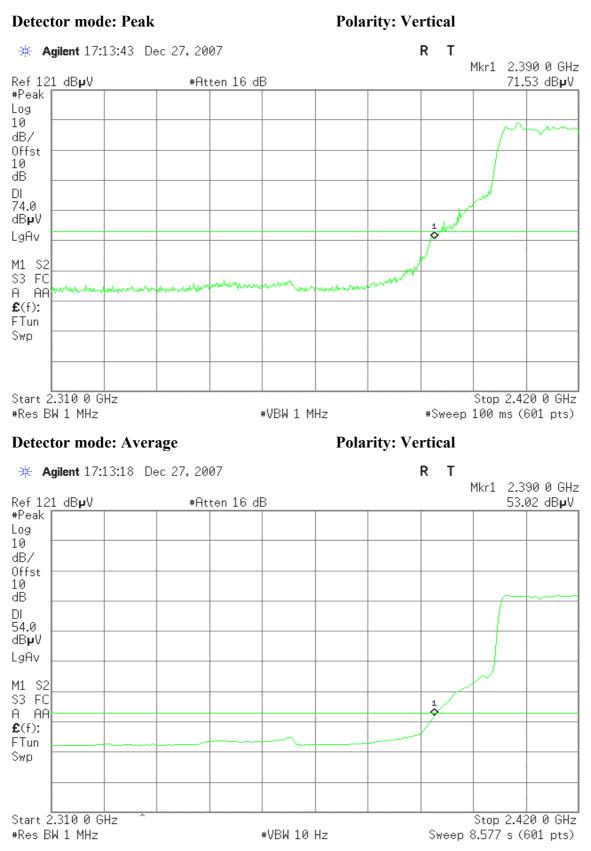




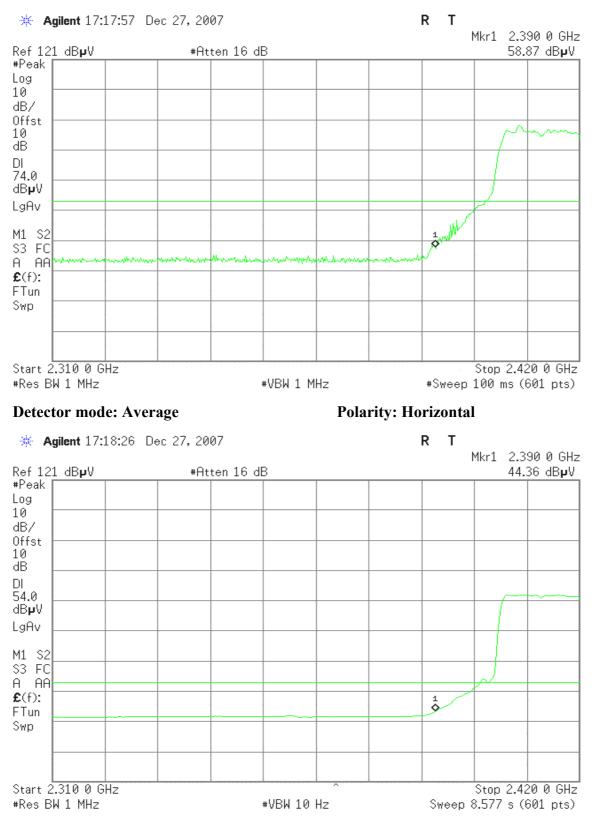




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH Low)

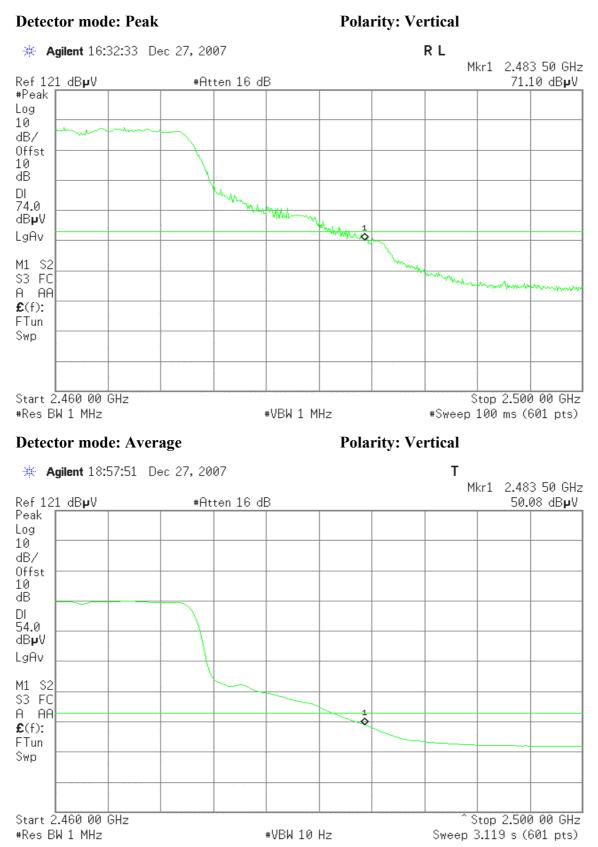




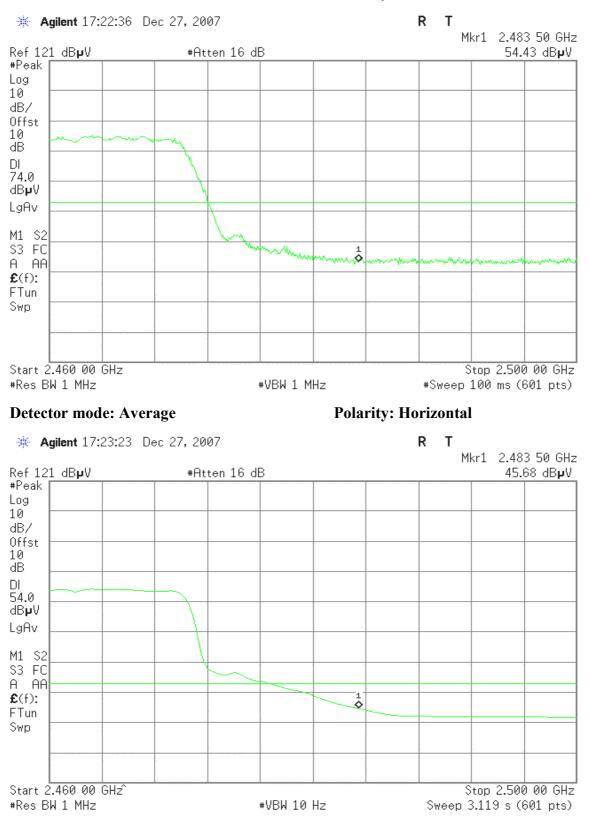




Band Edges (IEEE 802.11g mode / CH High)

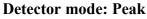




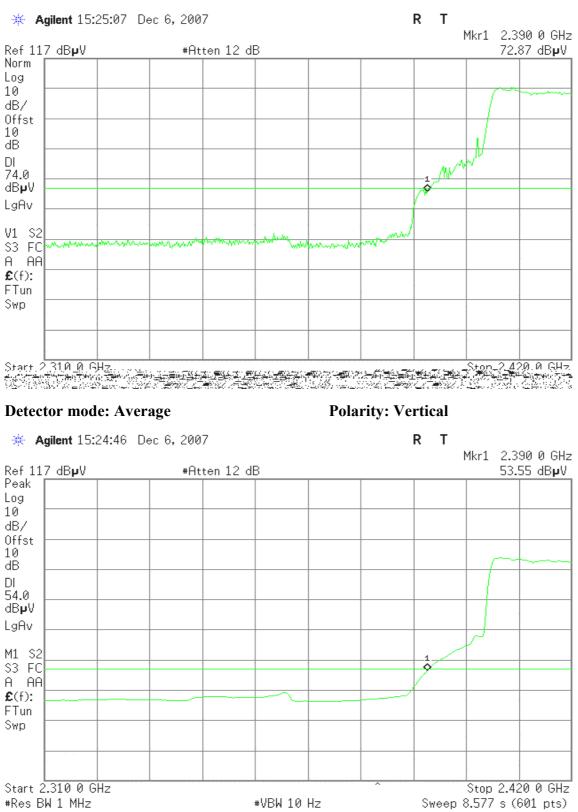




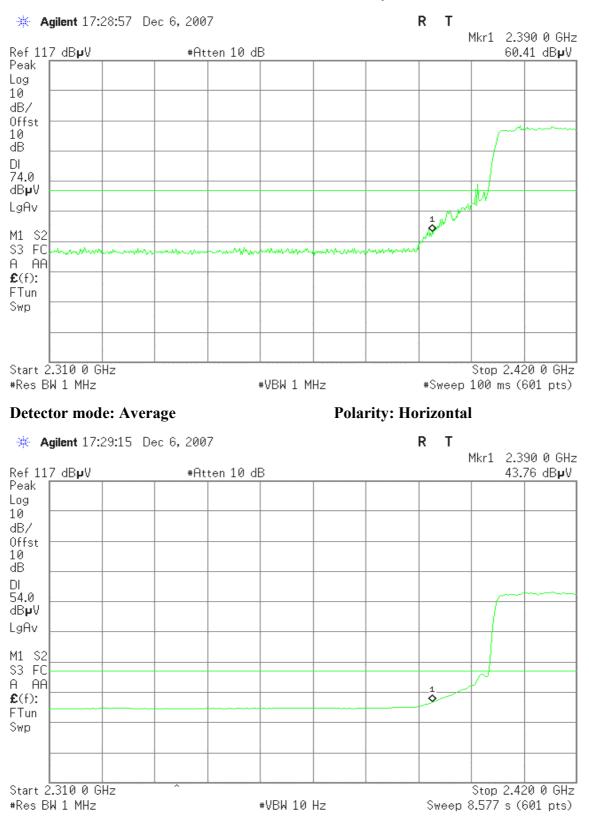
Band Edges (draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low)



Polarity: Vertical





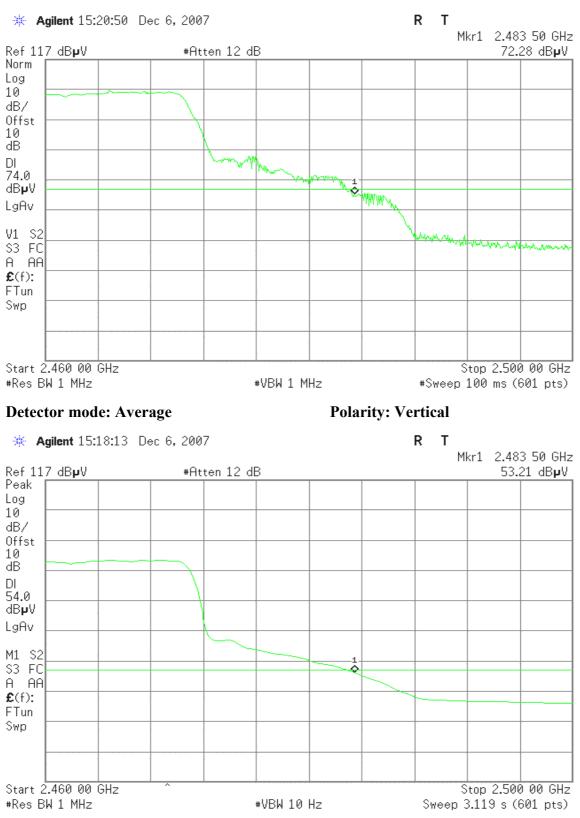




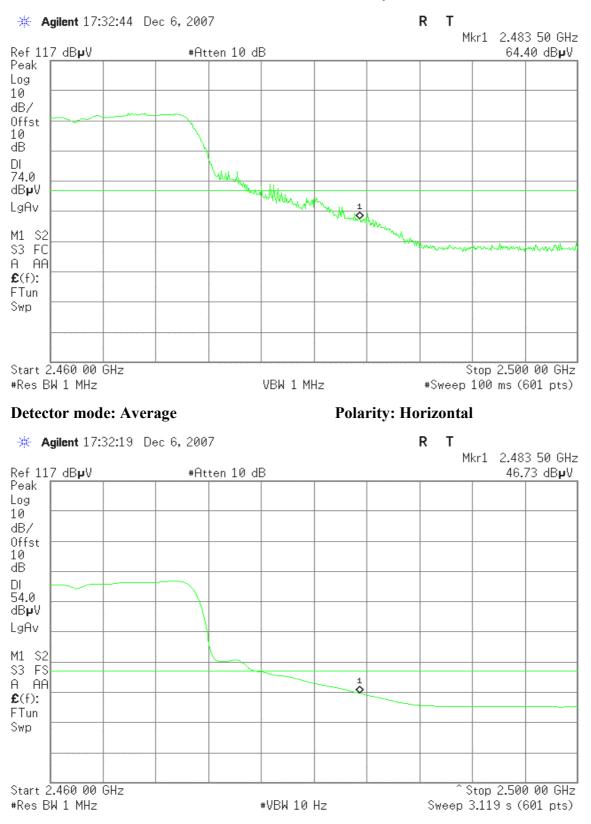
Band Edges (draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical

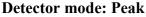




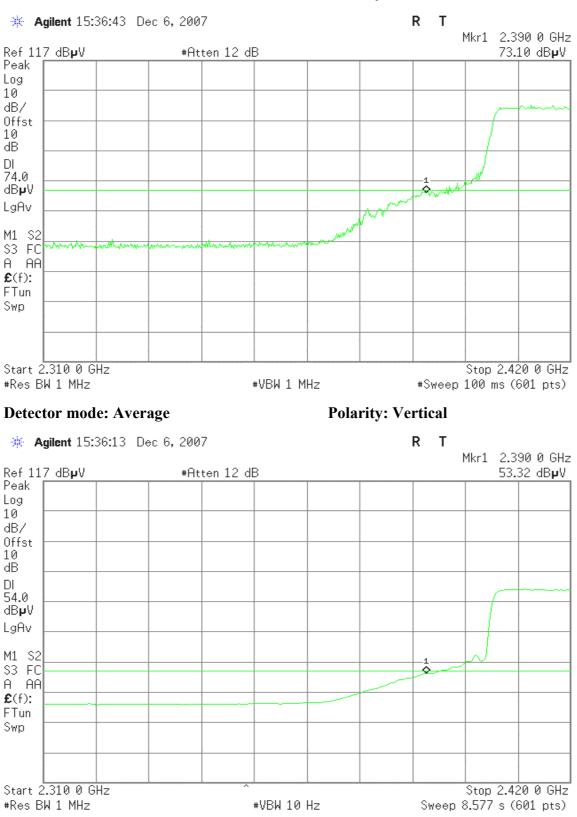




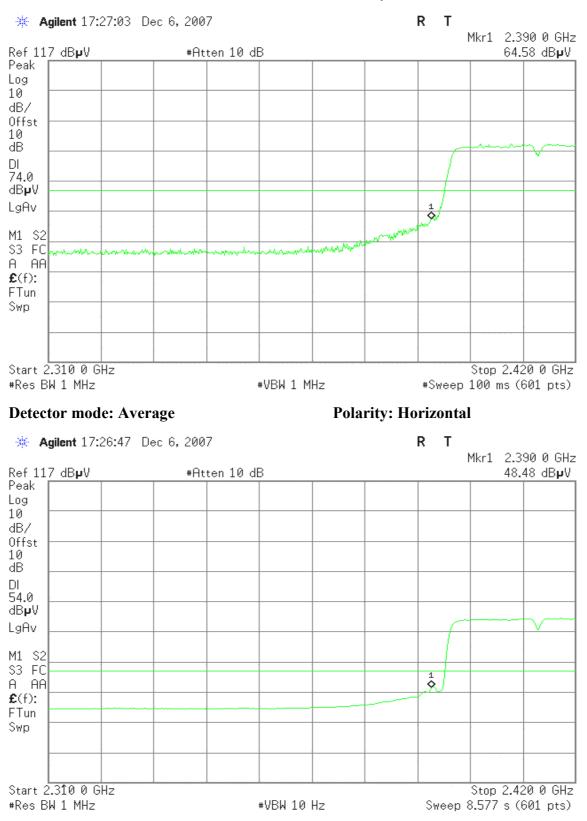
Band Edges (draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH Low)



Polarity: Vertical





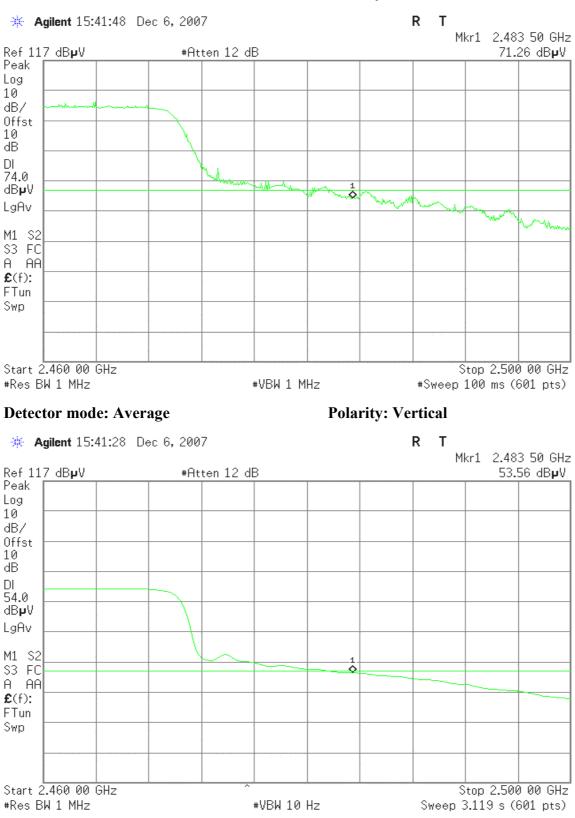




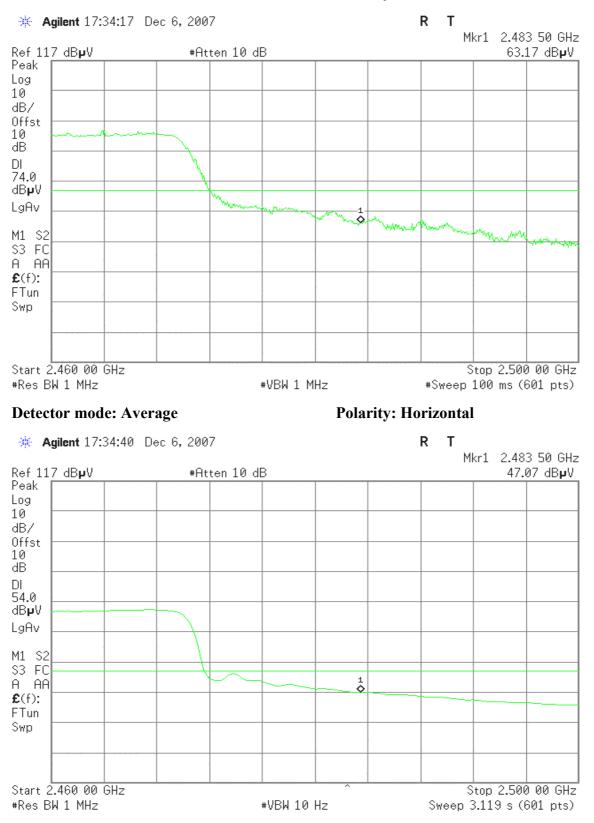
Band Edges (draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / CH High)

Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical







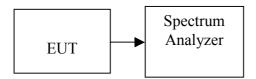


7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

- 1. According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
- 2. According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in transmitting mode. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW = 3 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, Sweep time = 100 s
- 3. Record the max reading.
- 4. Repeat the above procedure until the measurements for all frequencies are completed.



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted <u>Test Data</u>

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PPSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	1.36	2.35	4.89		PASS
Mid	2437	2.20	3.71	6.03	8.00	PASS
High	2462	2.68	2.88	5.79		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PPSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-14.11	-12.64	-10.30		PASS
Mid	2437	-10.34	-9.05	-6.64	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-12.95	-10.36	-8.45		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PPSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-14.49	-15.29	-11.86		PASS
Mid	2437	-15.56	-14.28	-11.86	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-16.63	-15.07	-12.77		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Chain 0 PPSD (dBm)	Chain 1 PPSD (dBm)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2422	-21.15	-20.14	-17.61		PASS
Mid	2437	-20.49	-17.29	-15.59	8.00	PASS
High	2452	-18.73	-18.83	-15.77		PASS

Remark: Total PPSD (dBm) = 10*LOG(10^(Chain 0 PPSD / 10)+10^(Chain 1 PPSD /10))



Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	2.78		PASS
Mid	2437	3.36	8.00	PASS
High	2462	3.90		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b mode with combiner

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g mode with combiner

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD Limit (dBm) (dBm)		Result
Low	2412	-7.27		PASS
Mid	2437	-8.36	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-8.56		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode with combiner

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-13.46		PASS
Mid	2437	-16.54	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-17.85		PASS

Test mode: draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode with combiner

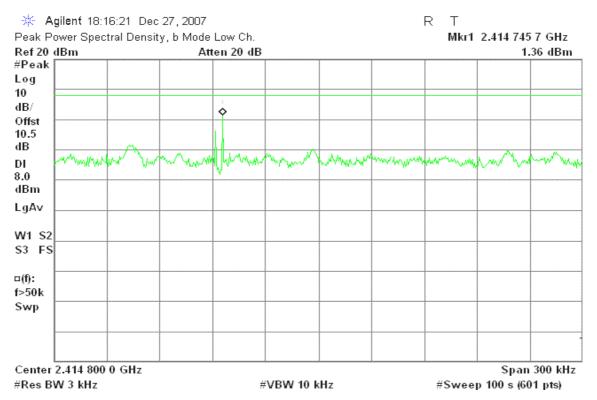
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Low	2412	-18.28		PASS
Mid	2437	-19.41	8.00	PASS
High	2462	-19.92		PASS



Test Plot

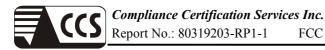
IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

PPSD (CH Low)

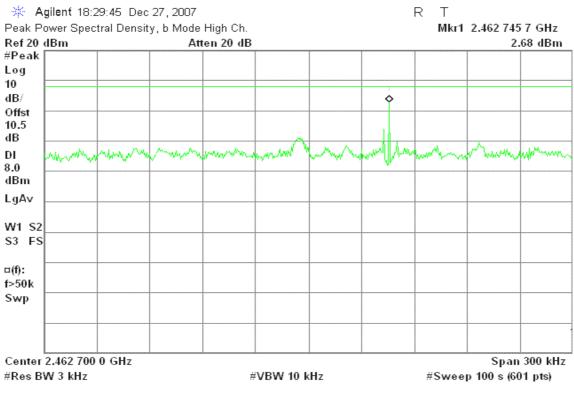


PPSD (CH Mid)

Peak Pe	ower Spec	24:10 Dec tral Densit	y, b Mode					R T Mkr1	2.438 744	
Ref 20	dBm		Att	en 20 dB					2.	20 dBm
#Peak										
Log										
10										
dB/				↓						
Offst				¥						
10.5										
dB		~								
DI	mayoning	W N.	W. C.Lan	Marso	Maria	Mary and and	month of some	Mr. Hanna	in Aug	montant
8.0	dia tanà am			Maria i La	1.10.1	Contraction of the	- Y V-Y		W W 11	V **
dBm										
LgA∨										
W1 S2										
\$3 FS										
□(f):										
f>50k										
Swp										
Conter	2.438 800	0.6Hz				<u> </u>	1		Snan	300 kHz
		0 0112						#C	-	
#Res B	W3 kHz			Ŧ	VBW 10 k	(nz		#2Mee	p 100 s (60	n pts)

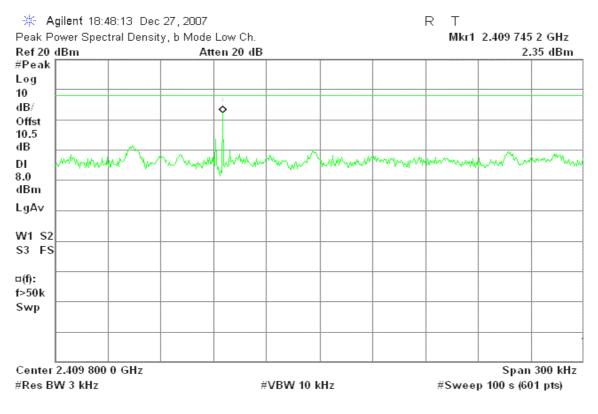


PPSD (CH High)



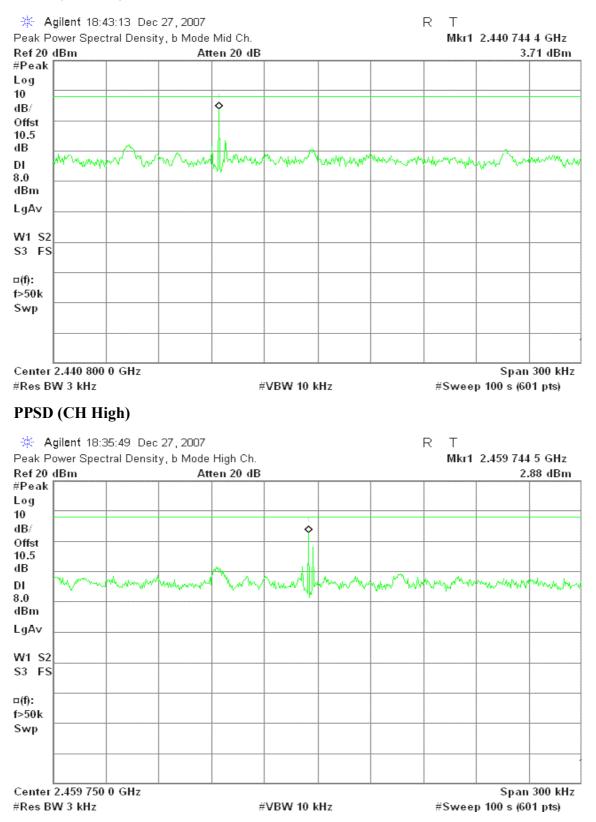
FCC ID: P27IP1006RR

IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 1



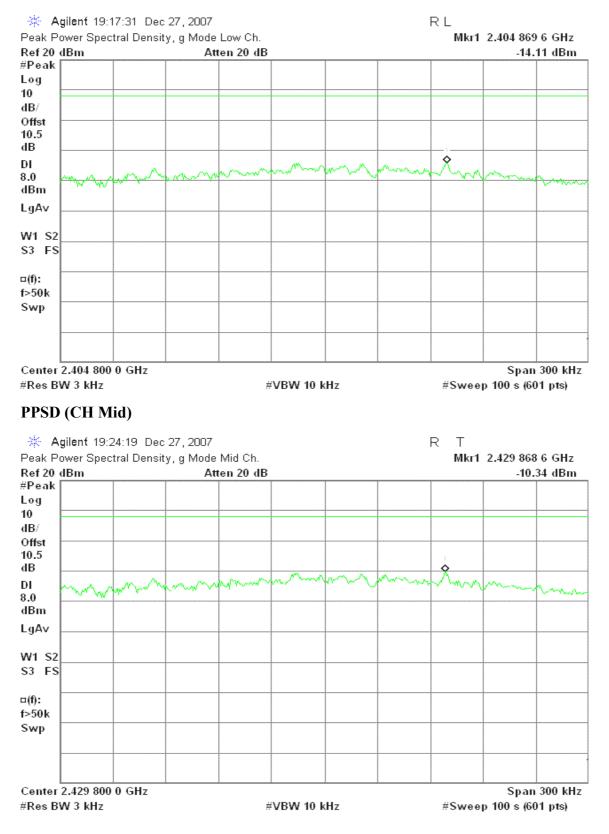


PPSD (CH Mid)



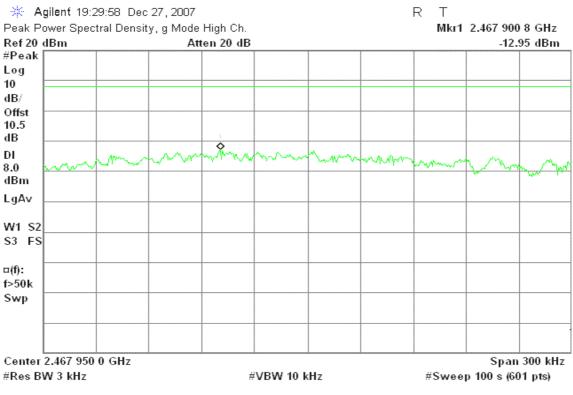


IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 0

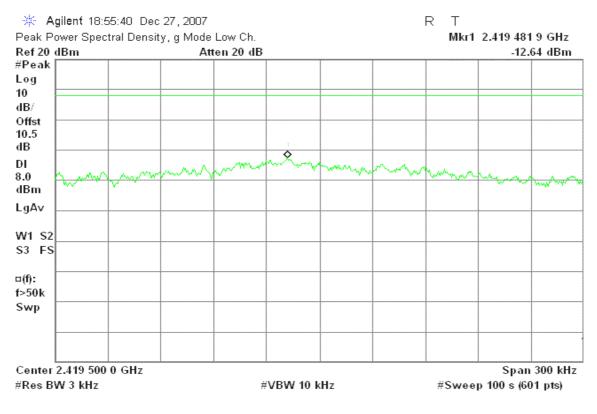


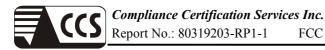


PPSD (CH High)

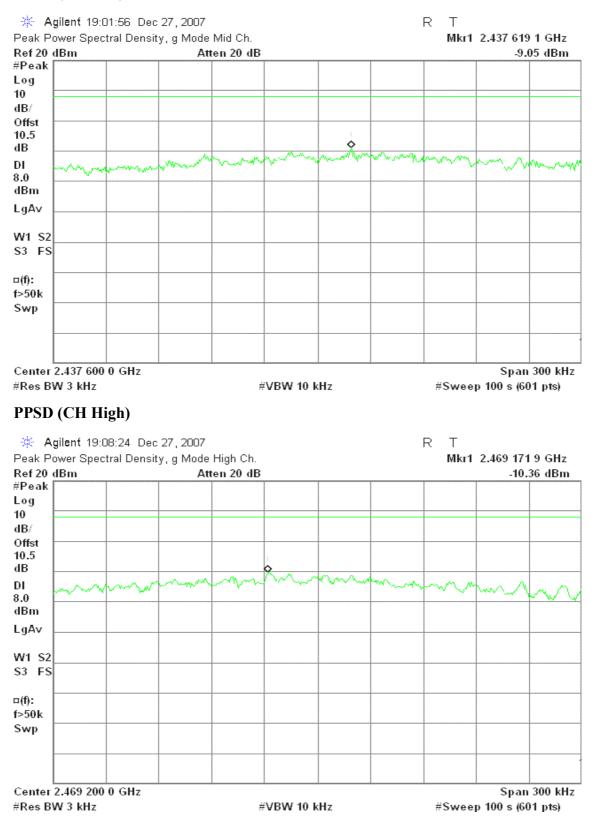


IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 1





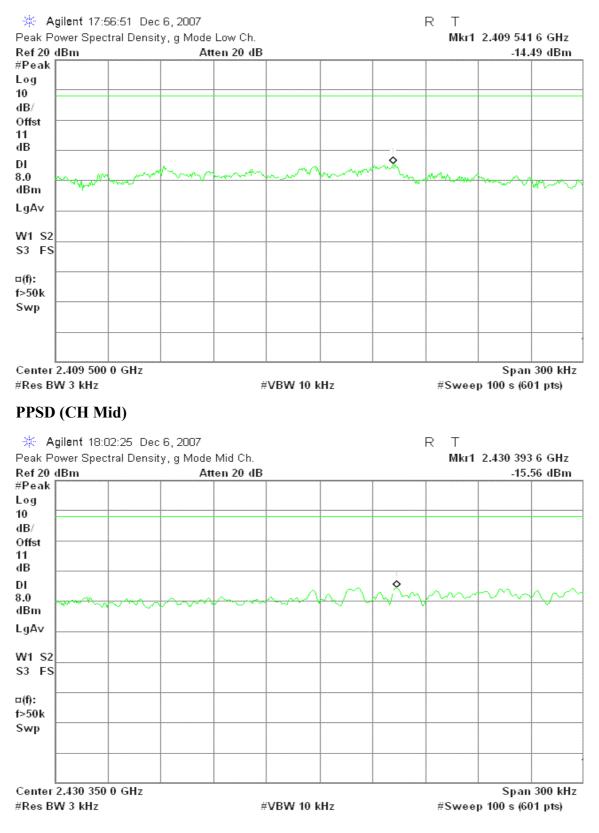
PPSD (CH Mid)



FCC ID: P27IP1006RR

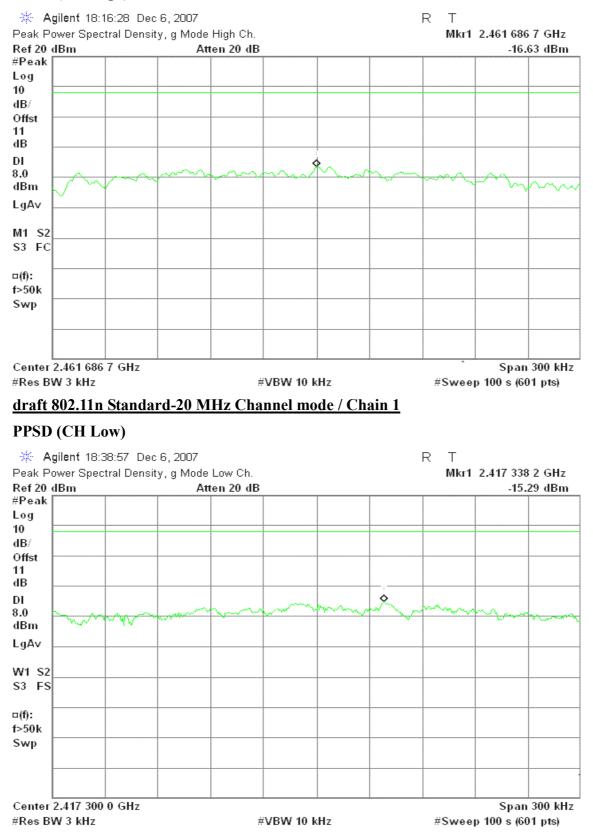


draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0



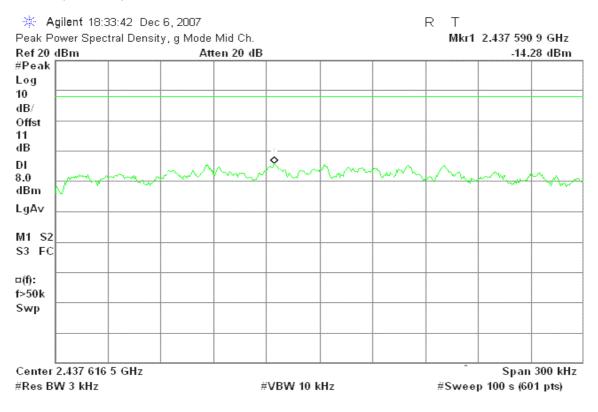


PPSD (CH High)

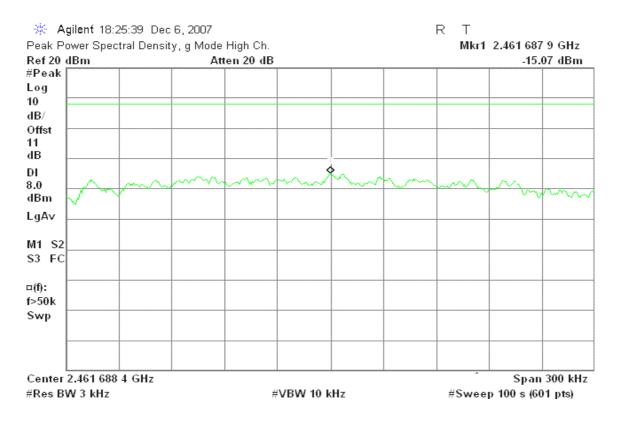




PPSD (CH Mid)

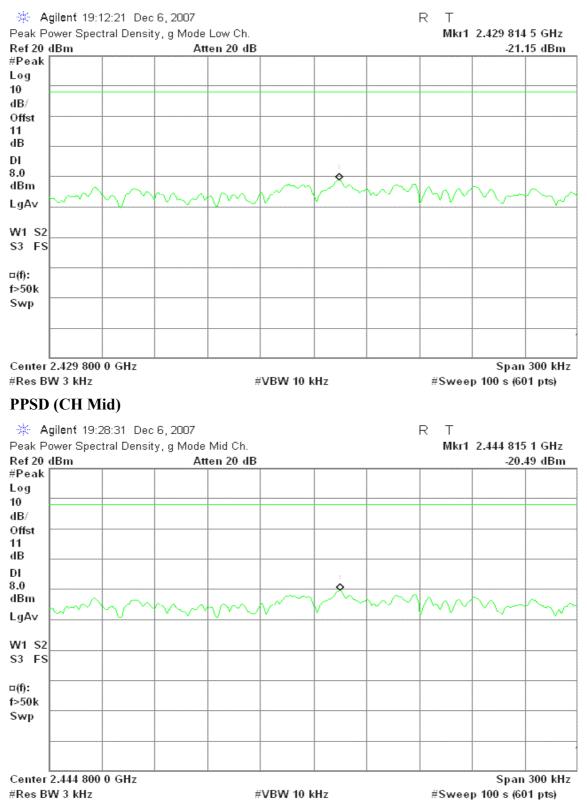


PPSD (CH High)



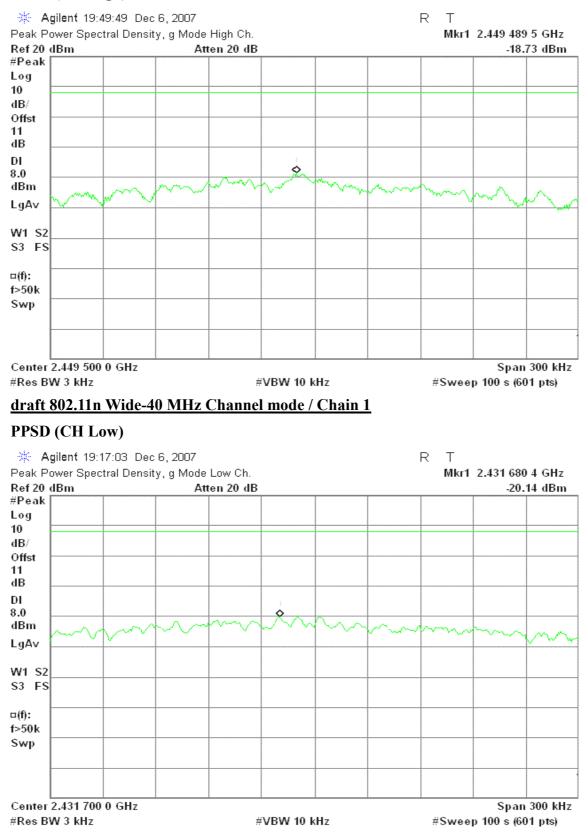


draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0





PPSD (CH High)

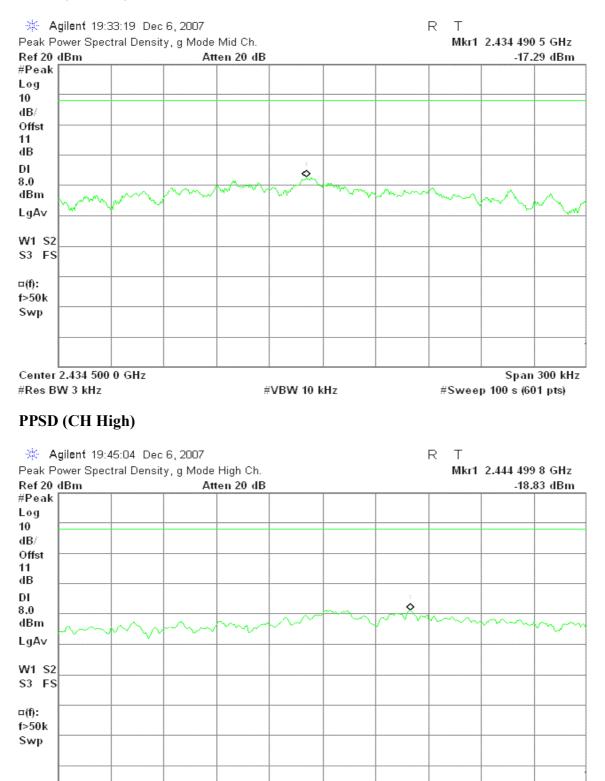




PPSD (CH Mid)

Center 2.444 450 0 GHz

#Res BW 3 kHz

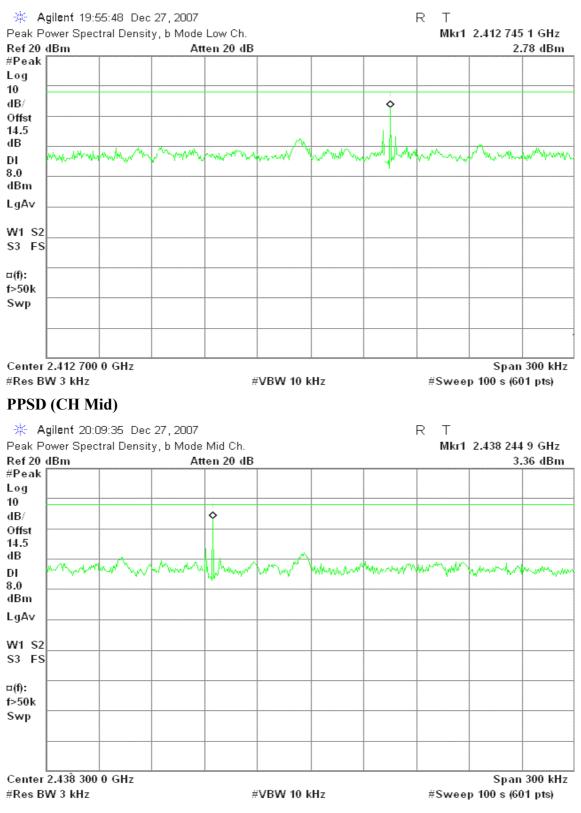


Span 300 kHz

#VBW 10 kHz

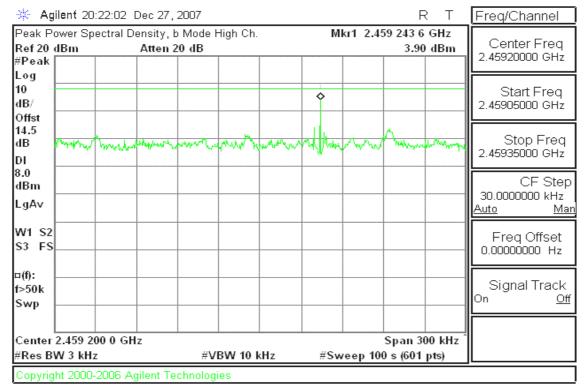


IEEE 802.11b mode with combiner





PPSD (CH High)



IEEE 802.11g mode with combiner

🔆 Agil	lent 20:37:02	Dec 27, 2007			RT	Freq/Channel
Ref20d #Peak [ensity, g Mode Atten 20 dB	Low Ch.	Mkr1 2.4	16 368 8 GHz -7.27 dBm	Center Freq 2.41640000 GHz
Log 10 dB/ Offst						Start Freq 2.41625000 GHz
14.5 dB DI	man manager	marine and the	A.M. Jones March	Mar Marine	man marine	Stop Freq 2.41655000 GHz
8.0 dBm LgA∨						CF Step 30.0000000 kHz <u>Auto Mar</u>
W1 S2 S3 FS						Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz
⊏(f): - f>50k Swp -						Signal Track On <u>Off</u>
Center 2 #Res BV	2.416 400 0 GH V 3 kHz	_	/BW 10 kHz	#Sweep 10	Span 300 kHz ^ 00 s (601 pts)	
Copyrigh	nt 2000-2006 Ag	gilent Technolog	jies			_



PPSD (CH Mid)

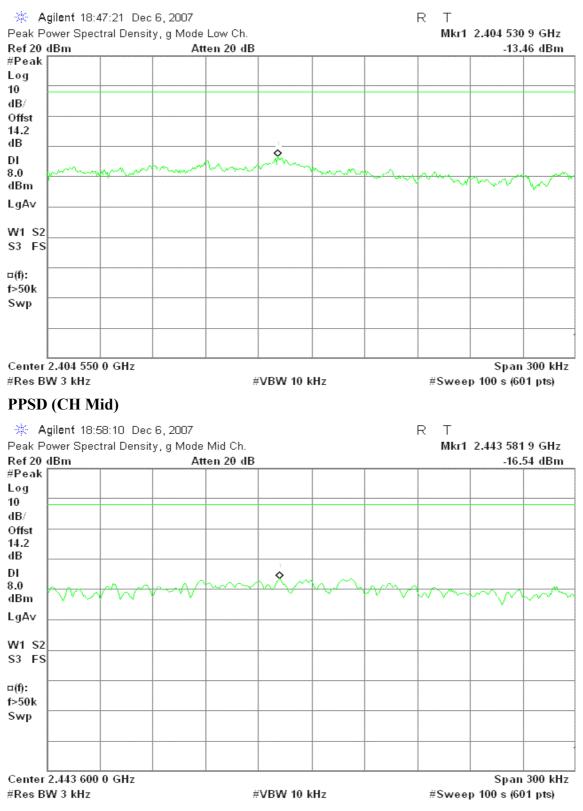
🔆 Agil	lent 20:32:19	Dec 27, 2007			RT	Freq/Channel
Ref20d #Peak [Density, g Mode Atten 20 dB	Mid Ch.	Mkr1 2.4	29 869 1 GHz -8.36 dBm	Center Freq 2.42985000 GHz
Log 10 dB/ Offst						Start Freq 2.42970000 GHz
DI	mm	mann	A. march	www.	anna	Stop Freq 2.4300000 GHz
8.0 dBm LgA∨						CF Step 30.0000000 kHz <u>Auto Man</u>
W1 S2 S3 FS						Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz
¤(f): f>50k Swp -						Signal Track ^{On <u>Off</u>}
Center 2 #Res BV	2.429 850 0 GF V 3 kHz		/BW 10 kHz	#Sweep 10	Span 300 kHz 00 s (601 pts)	
Copyrigh	nt 2000-2006 A	gilent Technolo	gies			

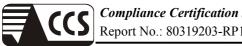
PPSD (CH High)

🔆 Ag	ilent 20:27:29	Dec 27, 2007				R	Т	Freq/Channel
Ref 20 #Peak		Density, g Mode Atten 20 dB	High Ch.		kr1 2.460	0 738 0 -8.56		Center Freq 2.46075000 GHz
Log 10 dB/ Offst								Start Freq 2.46060000 GHz
14.5 dB DI	man	mm	m	mannen	mon	m	\sim	Stop Freq 2.46090000 GHz
8.0 dBm LgA∨								CF Step 30.0000000 kHz <u>Auto Man</u>
W1 S2 S3 FS								Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz
¤(f): f>50k Swp								Signal Track On <u>Off</u>
	2.460 750 0 GH W 3 kHz		BW 10 kH	z #Sv	s veep 100	Span 30 s (601 p		
Copyrig	ht 2000-2006 A	gilent Technolog	ies					

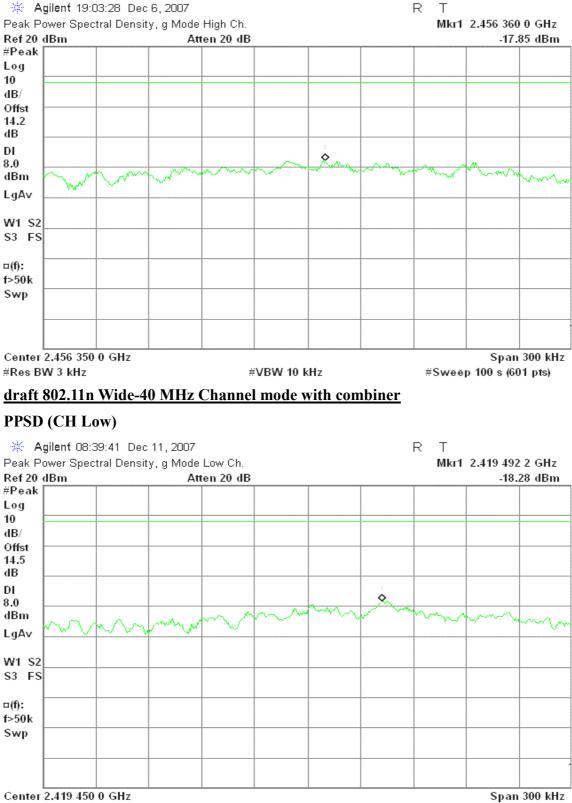


draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode with combiner





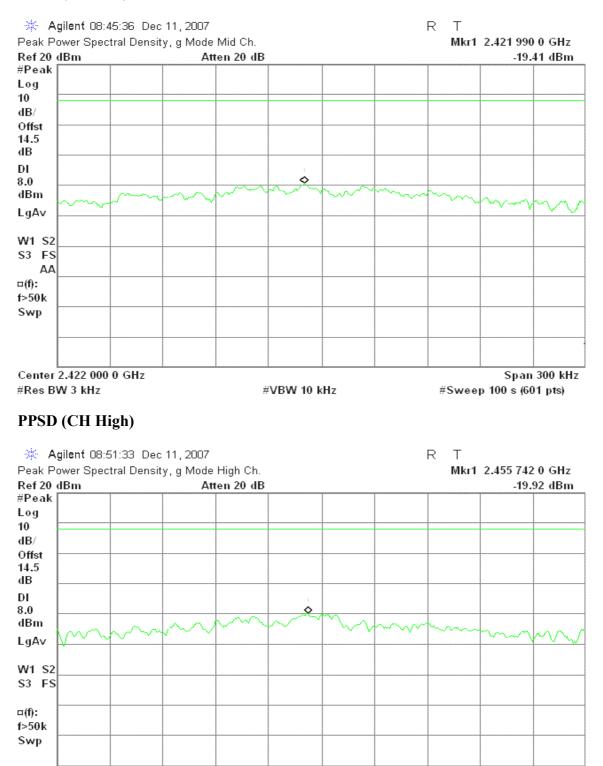
PPSD (CH High)



#Sweep 100 s (601 pts)



PPSD (CH Mid)



 Center 2.455 750 0 GHz
 Span 300 kHz

 #Res BW 3 kHz
 #VBW 10 kHz
 #Sweep 100 s (601 pts)



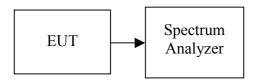
7.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.6.1 Conducted Measurement

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator in operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

Measurements are made over the 30MHz to 26GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

TEST RESULTS

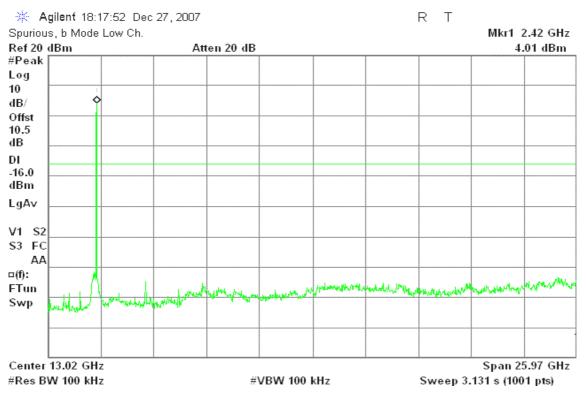
No non-compliance noted



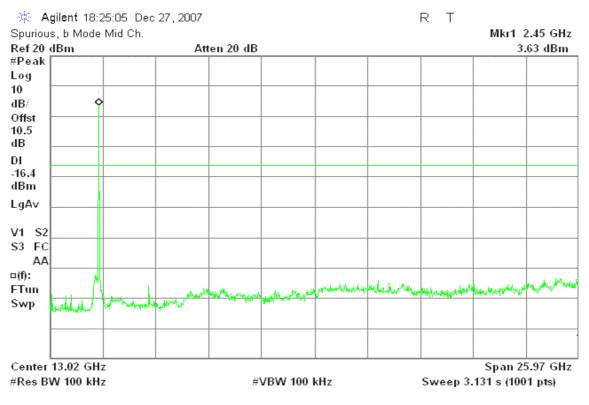
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode / Chain 0

CH Low

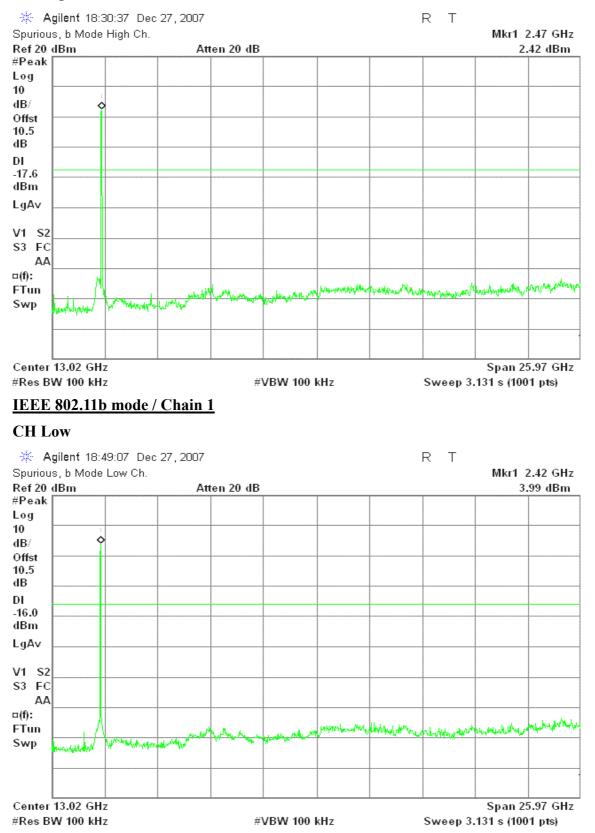


CH Mid



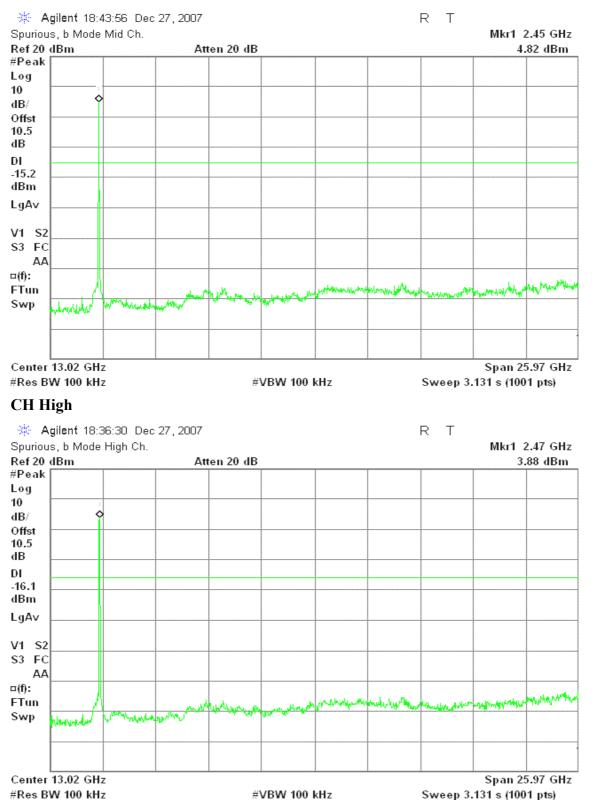


CH High





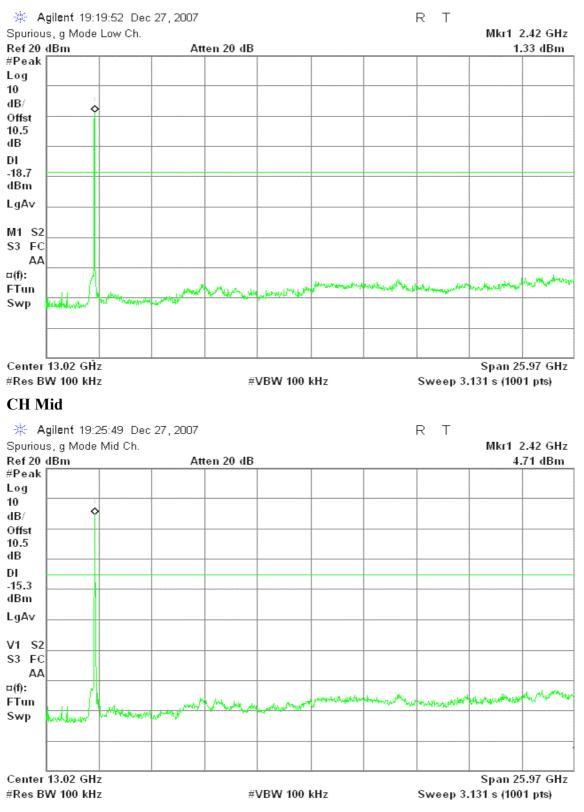
CH Mid





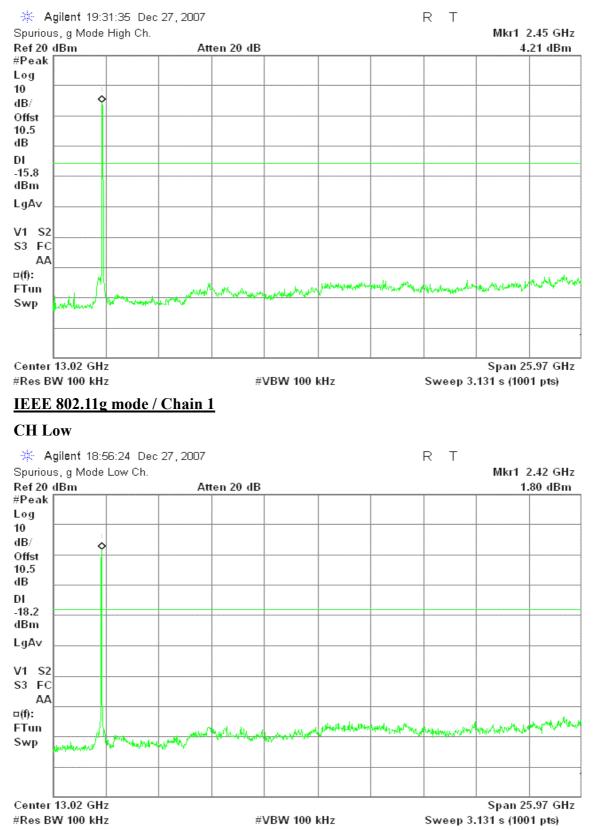
IEEE 802.11g mode / Chain 0

CH Low



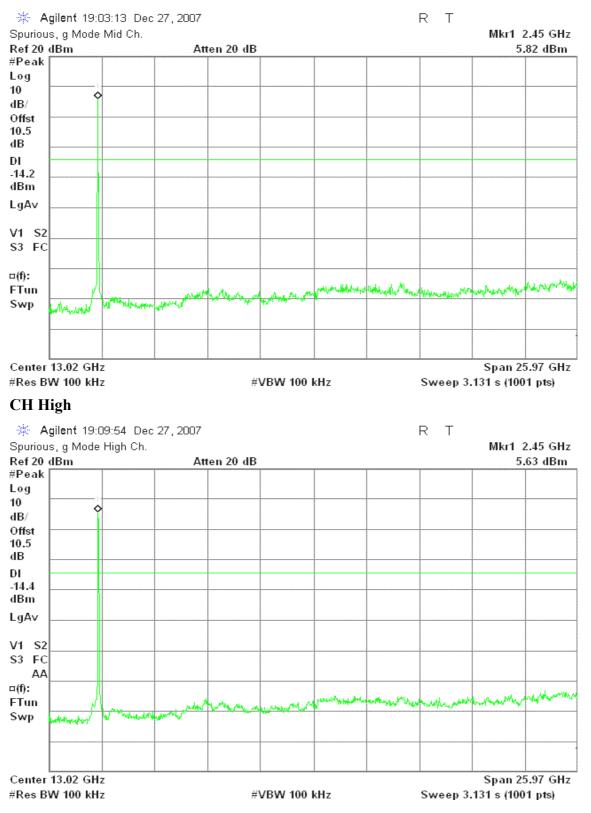


CH High





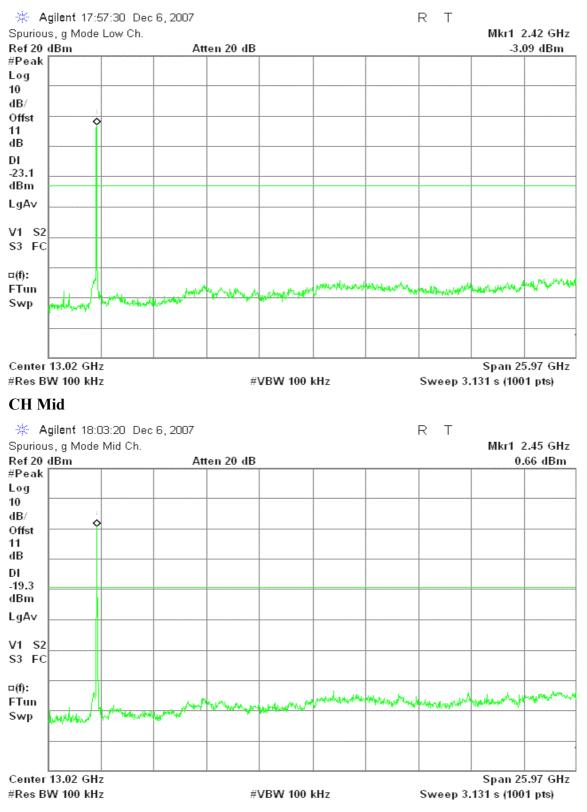
CH Mid





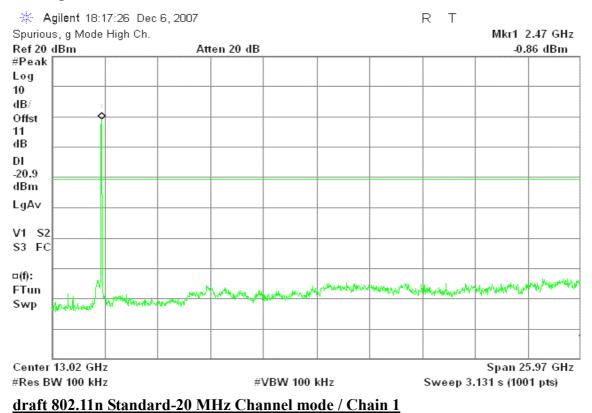
draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

CH Low

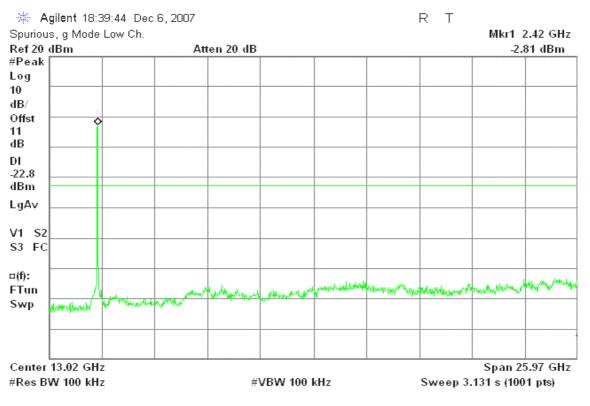




CH High

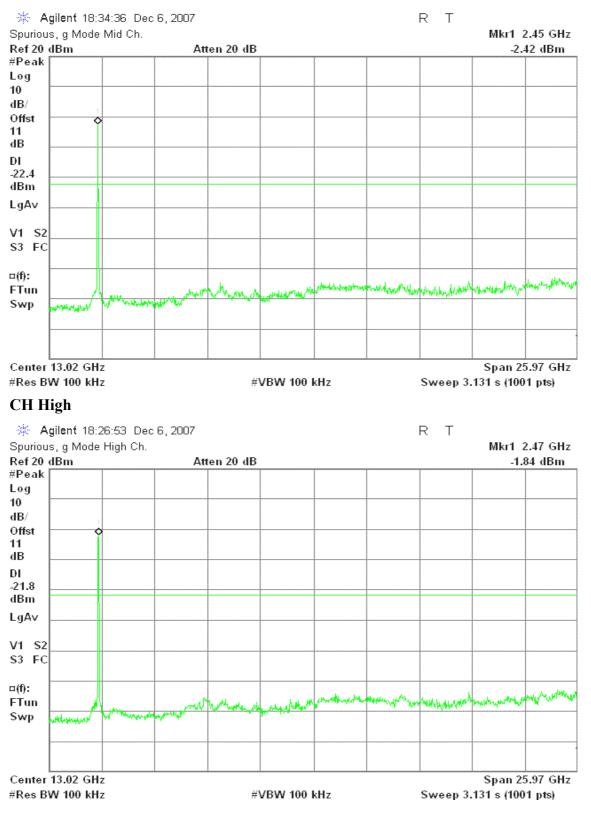


CH Low





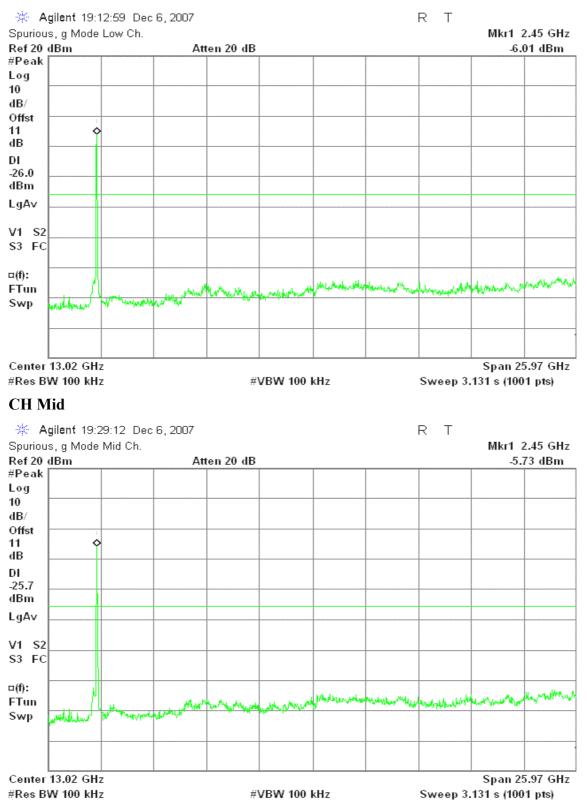
CH Mid





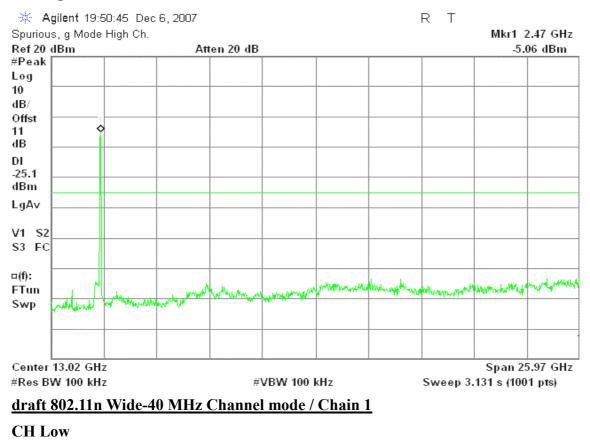
draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode / Chain 0

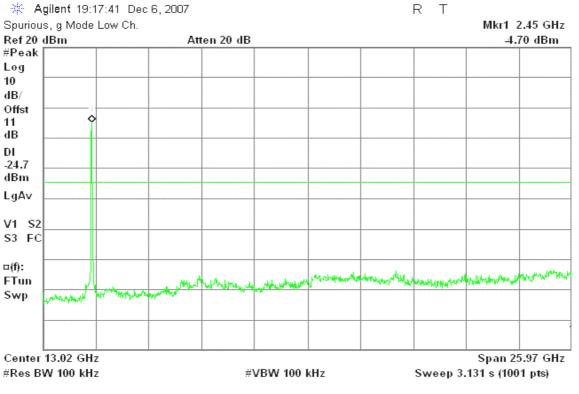
CH Low





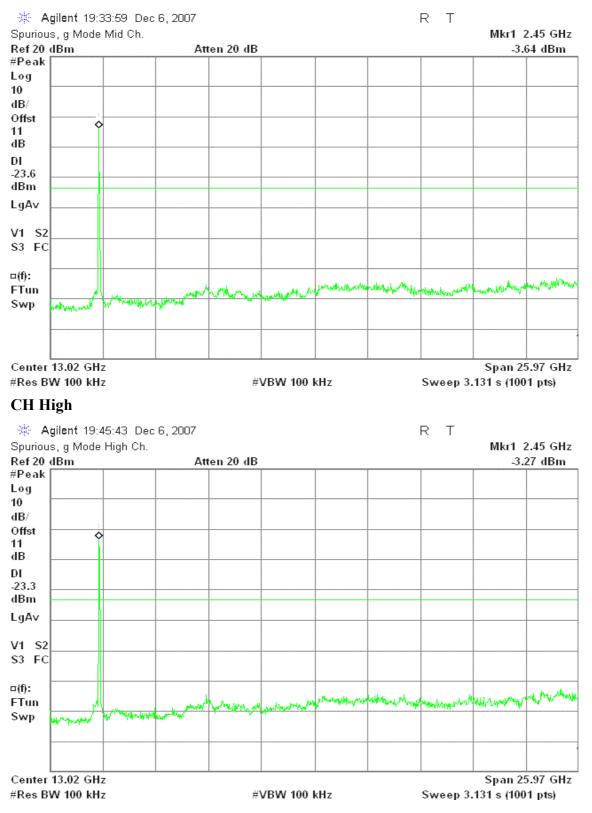
CH High







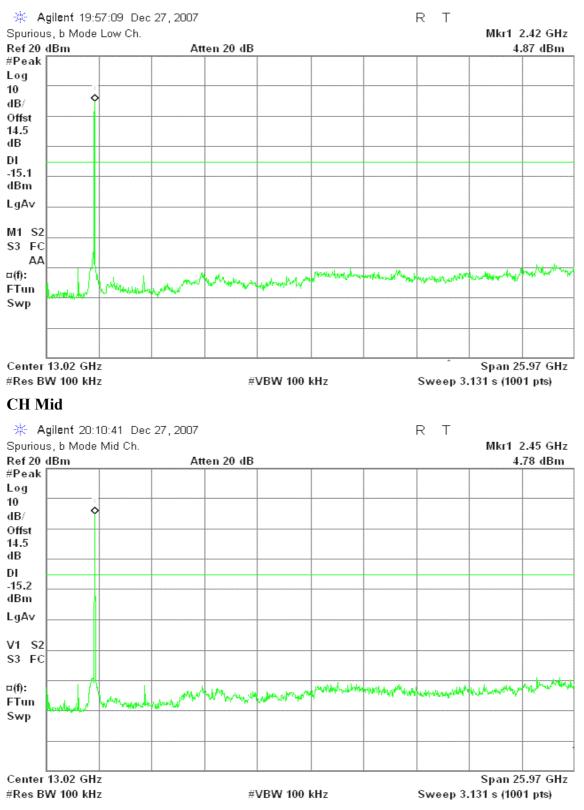
CH Mid





IEEE 802.11b mode with combiner

CH Low





CH High

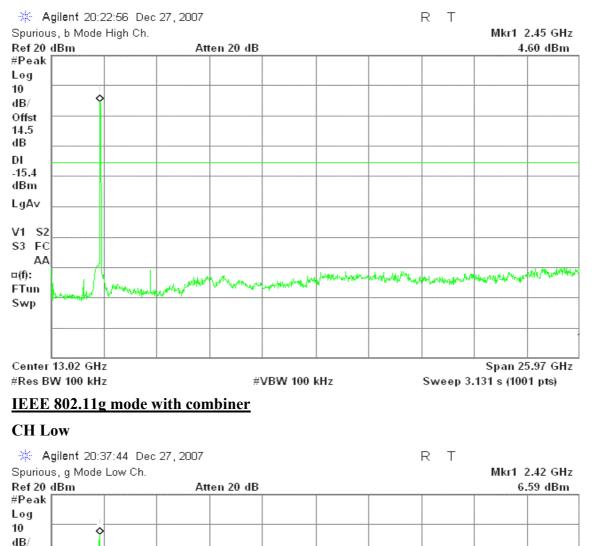
Offst 14.5 dB DI -13.4 dBm LgAv

V1 S2 S3 FC AA ¤(f):

FTun Swp

Center 13.02 GHz

#Res BW 100 kHz



#VBW 100 kHz

the Alt March and

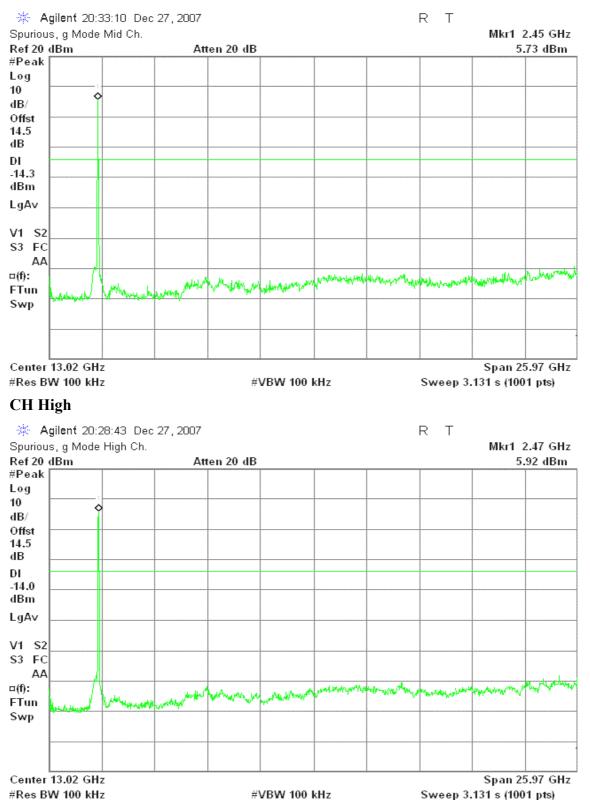
Suchar Marine

Sweep 3.131 s (1001 pts)

Span 25.97 GHz



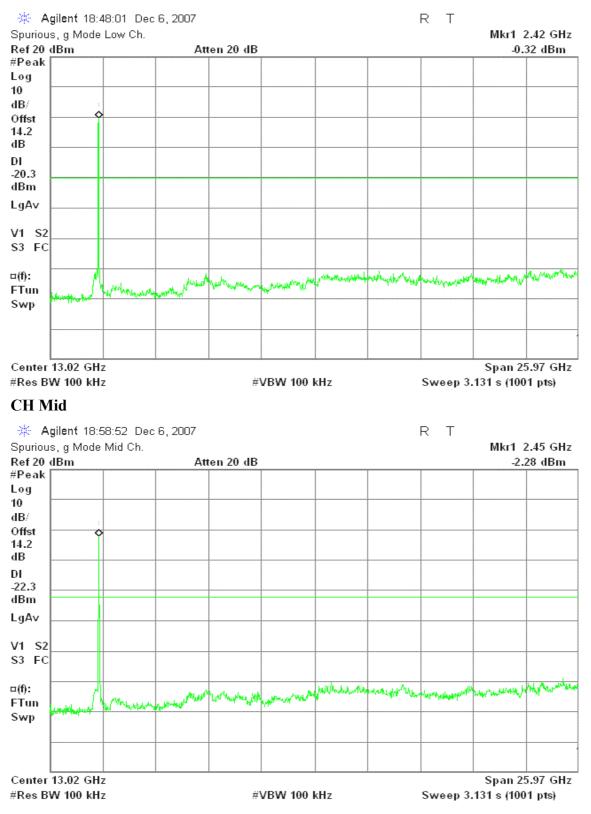
CH Mid





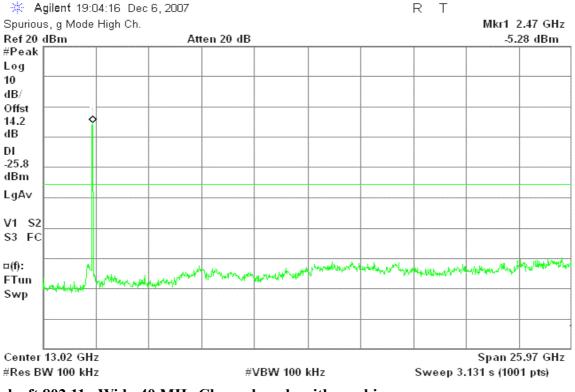
draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode with combiner

CH Low



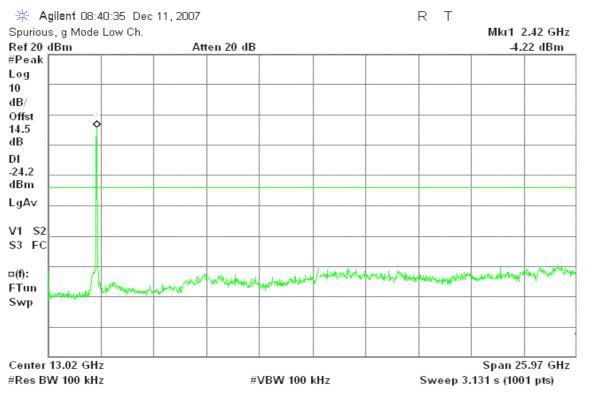


CH High



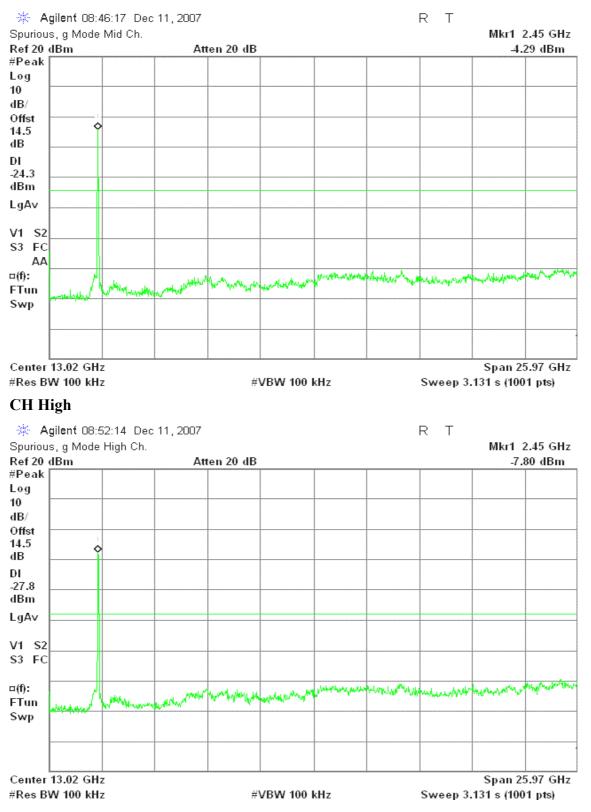
draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode with combiner

CH Low





CH Mid





7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

1. According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

Remark: Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

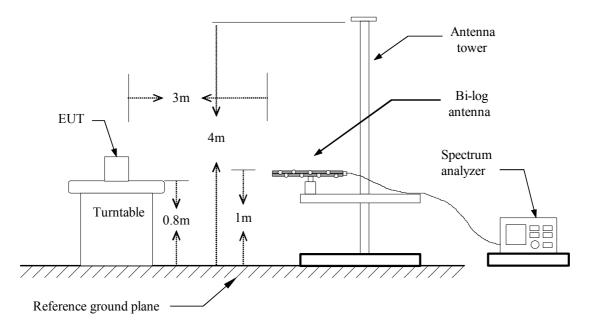
2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

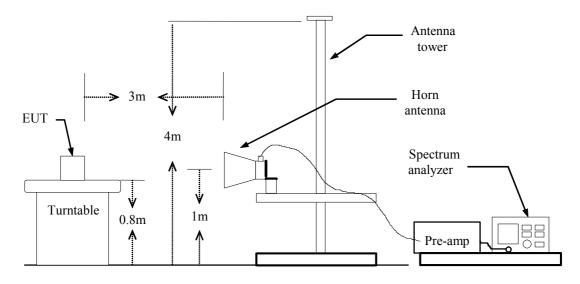


Test Configuration

Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz





TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
- 3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- 4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- 6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.



TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Below 1GHz

Operation Mode:	Normal	Link
------------------------	--------	------

Temperature: 25°C

Humidity: 55% RH

Test Date:	December 7, 2007
Tested by:	Steven Young
Polarity:	Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
101.13	V	53.29	-16.48	36.81	43.50	-6.69	Peak
109.22	V	51.24	-14.22	37.02	43.50	-6.48	QP
125.38	V	49.33	-13.09	36.24	43.50	-7.26	Peak
235.32	V	51.83	-14.65	37.18	46.00	-8.82	Peak
266.03	V	48.63	-13.27	35.36	46.00	-10.64	Peak
400.22	V	43.32	-10.00	33.32	46.00	-12.68	Peak
133.47	Н	43.46	-13.41	30.05	43.50	-13.45	Peak
240.17	Н	51.30	-14.62	36.68	46.00	-9.32	Peak
266.03	Н	47.02	-13.27	33.75	46.00	-12.25	Peak
500.45	Н	41.76	-7.86	33.90	46.00	-12.10	Peak
532.78	Н	42.18	-7.03	35.14	46.00	-10.86	Peak
799.53	Н	36.47	-3.16	33.31	46.00	-12.69	Peak

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
- 3. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 4. Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) Limit (dBuV/m).



Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Low

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH

Test Date: December 27, 2007 Tested by: Wolf Huang Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	
2412.00	V	106.43	103.84	-3.98	102.45	99.86		Fundamental			
1066.67	V	55.79		-10.68	45.11		74.00	54.00	-8.89	Peak	
4825.00	V	49.69		0.55	50.24		74.00	54.00	-3.76	Peak	
6433.33	V	56.28	55.17	2.87	59.15	58.04	82.45	79.86	-21.82	20dBC AVG Fundamental	
N/A											
1466.67	Н	56.21		-10.03	46.18		74.00	54.00	-7.82	Peak	
4825.00	Н	49.36		0.55	49.91		74.00	54.00	-4.09	Peak	
6433.33	Н	49.20		2.87	52.07		74.00	54.00	-1.93	Peak	
N/A											

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH Mid

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH

Test Date: December 27, 2007 Tested by: Wolf Huang

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2437.00	V	105.62	103.18	-3.90	101.72	99.28		Fundan	nental	
1066.67	V	55.43		-10.68	44.75		74.00	54.00	-9.25	Peak
6500.00	V	54.72	53.37	2.99	57.70	56.36	81.72	79.28	-22.92	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
1466.67	Н	56.15		-10.03	46.12		74.00	54.00	-7.88	Peak
3250.00	Н	49.09		-2.13	46.96		74.00	54.00	-7.04	Peak
4875.00	Н	49.23		0.60	49.84		74.00	54.00	-4.16	Peak
6500.00	Н	50.19		2.99	53.18		74.00	54.00	-0.82	Peak
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11b / CH High

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH

Test Date: December 27, 2007 Tested by: Wolf Huang

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2462.00	V	104.94	102.03	-3.85	101.09	98.18		Fundar	nental	
4925.00	V	46.99		0.65	47.64		74.00	54.00	-6.36	Peak
6566.67	V	52.00	50.72	3.12	55.12	53.84	81.09	78.18	-24.34	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
1466.67	Н	55.96		-10.03	45.93		74.00	54.00	-8.07	Peak
3283.33	Н	49.75		-2.09	47.67		74.00	54.00	-6.33	Peak
4925.00	Н	51.48		0.65	52.13		74.00	54.00	-1.87	Peak
6566.67	Н	47.27		3.12	50.39		74.00	54.00	-3.61	Peak
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Low

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH Test Date: December 27, 2007 Tested by: Wolf Huang Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

62.09

-6.84

73.18

Reading Reading Correction Result Result Limit Limit Frequency Ant. Pol. Margin Remark (Peak) (Average) Factor (Peak) (Average) (Peak) (Average) (dB) (MHz) (H/V) (dBuV) (dBuV) (dB/m)(dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) (dBuV/m) V 2412.00 105.98 94.07 -4.00101.98 90.07 Fundamental V 1066.67 55.92 ----10.68 45.23 ____ 74.00 54.00 -8.77 Peak 20dBC AVG V 6433.33 58.61 55.66 2.87 61.48 58.53 81.98 70.07 -11.54 Fundamenta 2412.00 Η 97.16 86.08 -3.99 93.18 Fundamental 82.09 1466.67 Η 56.30 -10.0346.27 ___ 74.00 54.00 -7.73 Peak 1713.33 Η 60.83 -7.85 52.98 74.00 54.00 -1.02 Peak ------

55.25

Remark:

6433.33

N/A

Η

54.01

52.38

2.87

N/A

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.

56.88

- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) - Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

0dBC AVG

Fundamental



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH Mid

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH

Test Date: December 27, 2007

Tested by: Wolf Huang

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2437.00	V	108.11	95.81	-3.90	104.21	91.91		Fundar	nental	
1066.67	V	55.61		-10.68	44.93		74.00	54.00	-9.07	Peak
1200.00	V	52.02		-10.46	41.55		74.00	54.00	-12.45	Peak
1466.67	V	51.10		-10.03	41.07		74.00	54.00	-12.93	Peak
4875.00	V	45.12		0.60	45.73		74.00	54.00	-8.27	Peak
6500.00	V	57.42	53.53	2.99	60.40	56.52	84.21	71.91	-15.39	20dBC AVG Fundamental
1066.67	Н	53.74		-10.68	43.06		74.00	54.00	-10.94	Peak
1466.67	Н	55.50		-10.03	45.47		74.00	54.00	-8.53	Peak
3250.00	Н	49.16		-2.13	47.03		74.00	54.00	-6.97	Peak
4883.33	Н	45.50		0.61	46.11		74.00	54.00	-7.89	Peak
6500.00	Н	52.26	48.22	2.99	55.25	51.21	74.00	54.00	-2.79	AVG
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode: TX / IEEE 802.11g / CH High

Temperature: 23°C

Humidity: 56 % RH

Test Date: December 27, 2007 Tested by: Wolf Huang

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2462.00	V	109.07	93.88	-3.83	105.24	90.05		Fundar	nental	
6566.67	V	54.52	51.20	3.12	57.65	54.32	85.24	70.05	-17 / 17	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
1066.67	Н	53.51		-10.68	42.83		74.00	54.00	-11.17	Peak
1466.67	Н	56.11		-10.03	46.08		74.00	54.00	-7.92	Peak
3283.33	Н	50.50		-2.09	48.41		74.00	54.00	-5.59	Peak
4925.00	Н	46.43		0.65	47.08		74.00	54.00	-6.92	Peak
6566.67	Н	49.23		3.12	52.35		74.00	54.00	-1.65	Peak
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low
Temperature:	25°C

Test Date: December 6, 2007

Tested by: Steven Young

Humidity: 55 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2412.00	V	112.10	95.59	-4.00	108.10	91.59		Fundar	nental	
1650.00	V	60.37		-8.48	51.89		74.00	54.00	-2.11	Peak
3216.67	V	45.49		-2.17	43.32		74.00	54.00	-10.68	Peak
6433.33	V	60.87	57.18	2.87	63.74	60.05	88.10	71.59	-11.54	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2412.00	Н	103.80	88.25	-3.99	99.81	84.26		Fundar	nental	
1466.67	Н	59.63		-10.03	49.61		74.00	54.00	-4.39	Peak
3216.67	Н	46.20		-2.17	44.03		74.00	54.00	-9.97	Peak
6433.33	Н	56.88	52.92	2.87	59.75	55.79	79.81	64.26	-8.47	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid
Temperature:	25°C

55 % RH

Humidity:

Test Date: December 6, 2007

Tested by: Steven Young

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2437.00	V	111.53	94.90	-3.91	107.62	90.99		Fundar	nental	
1066.67	V	62.27		-10.68	51.59		74.00	54.00	-2.41	Peak
3250.00	V	44.42		-2.13	42.29		74.00	54.00	-11.71	Peak
6500.00	V	60.38	56.47	2.99	63.37	59.46	87.62	70.99	-11.53	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2437.00	Н	99.86	85.09	-3.90	95.96	81.19		Fundar	nental	
1466.67	Н	60.38		-10.03	50.35		74.00	54.00	-3.65	Peak
3250.00	Н	47.07		-2.13	44.94		74.00	54.00	-9.06	Peak
6500.00	Н	56.74	51.94	2.99	59.73	54.93	75.96	61.19	-6.26	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode / CH High
Temnerature	25°C

Test Date: December 6, 2007

Tested by: Steven Young

Humidity: 55 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2462.00	V	110.47	94.04	-3.86	106.61	90.18	Fundamental			
2303.33	V	60.69	49.28	-4.25	56.44	45.03	74.00	54.00	-8.97	AVG
3283.33	V	46.28		-2.09	44.19		74.00	54.00	-9.81	Peak
6566.67	V	57.90	53.58	3.12	61.02	56.70	86.61	70.18	-13.48	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2462.00	Н	102.69	87.45	-3.86	98.83	83.59		Fundar	nental	
1846.67	Н	60.85	47.58	-6.53	54.32	41.05	74.00	54.00	-12.95	AVG
3283.33	Н	48.16		-2.09	46.07		74.00	54.00	-7.93	Peak
6566.67	Н	53.69	48.98	3.12	56.81	52.10	78.83	63.59	-11.49	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode	т
Operation Mode:	/ CH Low	10

Test Date: December 6, 2007

Temperature: 25°C

Humidity:

Tested by: Steven Young

55 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2422.00	V	106.40	85.36	-3.95	102.45	81.41		Fundar	nental	
1666.67	V	59.86		-8.32	51.54		74.00	54.00	-2.46	Peak
3233.33	V	45.21		-2.15	43.05		74.00	54.00	-10.95	Peak
6458.33	V	60.31	54.96	2.91	63.22	57.87	82.45	61.41	-3.54	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2422.00	Н	97.94	79.20	-3.95	93.99	75.25		Fundar	nental	
1723.33	Н	58.88		-7.75	51.13		74.00	54.00	-2.87	Peak
3233.33	Н	46.67		-2.15	44.52		74.00	54.00	-9.48	Peak
6458.33	Н	55.79	49.67	2.91	58.70	52.58	73.99	55.25	-2.67	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above 4. means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) - Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



	Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode	Те
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est Date: December 6, 2007

Temperature: 25°C

Humidity: 55 % RH

Tested by: Steven Young

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
2437.00	V	107.49	86.58	-3.93	103.56	82.65	Fundamental			
1513.33	V	60.01		-9.84	50.17		74.00	54.00	-3.83	Peak
3250.00	V	45.68		-2.13	43.55		74.00	54.00	-10.45	Peak
6500.00	V	58.72	53.32	2.99	61.71	56.31	83.56	62.65	-6.34	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2437.00	Н	98.78	79.67	-3.90	94.88	75.77		Fundar	nental	
1636.67	Н	59.39		-8.62	50.77		74.00	54.00	-3.23	Peak
3250.00	Н	47.13		-2.13	44.99		74.00	54.00	-9.01	Peak
6500.00	Н	55.08	49.74	2.99	58.07	52.73	74.88	55.77	-3.04	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



Operation Mode:	TX / draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode	Te
Operation Mode:	/ CH High	Te

est Date: December 6, 2007

Temperature: 25°C

Humidity: 55 % RH

Tested by: Steven Young

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)		Remark
2452.00	V	107.63	86.40	-3.89	103.74	82.51	Fundamental			
1693.33	V	59.64		-8.05	51.59		74.00	54.00	-2.41	Peak
6433.33	V	60.42	54.62	2.87	63.29	57.49	83.74	62.51	-5.02	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										
2452.00	Н	98.88	80.08	-3.85	95.03	76.18		Fundar	nental	
1466.67	Н	61.02		-10.03	50.99		74.00	54.00	-3.01	Peak
3216.67	Н	46.27		-2.17	44.10		74.00	54.00	-9.90	Peak
6433.33	Н	56.94	50.87	2.87	59.81	53.74	75.03	56.18	-2.44	20dBC AVG Fundamental
N/A										

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
- 4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "----" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "*N/A*" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Average limit (dBuV/m).
- 7. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



7.8 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

According to \$15.207(a), except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Lim (dBj	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
- 2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.



TEST RESULTS

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

<u>Test Data</u>

Operation Mode:	Normal Link	Test Date:	December 17, 2007
Temperature:	26°C	Tested by:	Ivan Tsai
Humidity:	45% RH		

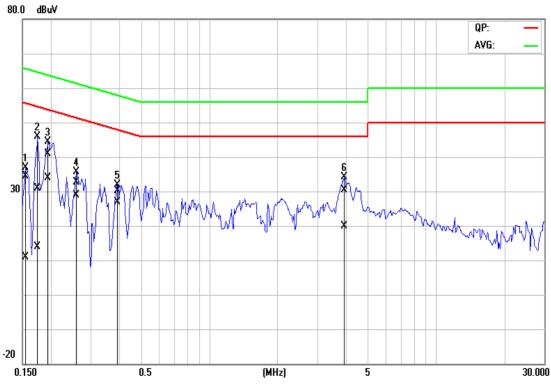
Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB/m)	QP Result (dBuV/m)	AV Result (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.1550	34.25	10.65	0.15	34.40	10.80	55.73	65.73	-21.33	-54.93	L1
0.1750	30.87	13.67	0.13	31.00	13.80	54.72	64.72	-23.72	-50.92	L1
0.1950	40.89	33.79	0.11	41.00	33.90	53.82	63.82	-12.82	-29.92	L1
0.2600	32.61	28.71	0.09	32.70	28.80	51.43	61.43	-18.73	-32.63	L1
0.3950	30.06	26.96	0.04	30.10	27.00	47.96	57.96	-17.86	-30.96	L1
3.9400	30.33	19.83	0.07	30.40	19.90	46.00	56.00	-15.60	-36.10	L1
0.1750	31.57	9.67	0.13	31.70	9.80	54.72	64.72	-23.02	-54.92	L2
0.1950	39.19	33.89	0.11	39.30	34.00	53.82	63.82	-14.52	-29.82	L2
0.2600	32.62	28.52	0.08	32.70	28.60	51.43	61.43	-18.73	-32.83	L2
0.3450	34.45	30.95	0.05	34.50	31.00	49.08	59.08	-14.58	-28.08	L2
0.5250	35.10	31.80	0.00	35.10	31.80	46.00	56.00	-10.90	-24.20	L2
4.0600	25.13	17.23	0.07	25.20	17.30	46.00	56.00	-20.80	-38.70	L2

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
- 2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
- 3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10 kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9 kHz;
- *4. L1* = *Line One (Live Line)* / *L2* = *Line Two (Neutral Line)*

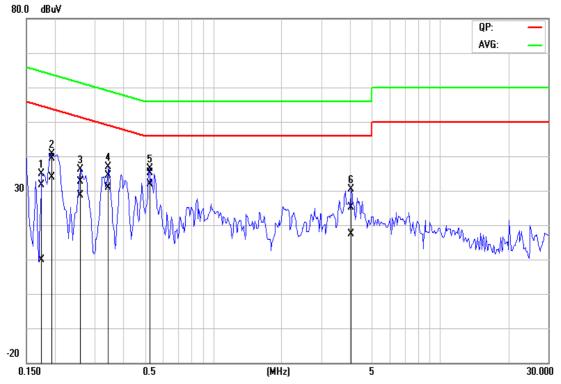


Test Plots

Conducted emissions (Line 1)









APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to \$15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See \$1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Wireless-N Broadband Router				
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz Others 				
Device category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others 				
Exposure classification	 Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²) 				
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas Tx diversity Rx diversity Xr/Rx diversity 				
Max. output power	IEEE 802.11b mode: 21.86 dBm (153.46 mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 23.49 dBm (223.36 mW) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 18.95 dBm (78.52 mW) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 15.89 dBm (38.82 mW)				
Antenna gain (Max)	 1.8 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.51) Antenna Calculation for CDD Mode: 1.8 dBi + 10 log (2) = 4.81 dBi (Numeric gain: 3.03) 				
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation* SAR Evaluation N/A				

Remark:

1. The maximum output power is <u>23.49dBm (223.36mW) at 2437MHz (with 3.03 numeric antenna</u> gain.)

- 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
- *3.* For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.



Calculation

Given

 $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter P = Power in Watts G = Numeric antenna gain d = Distance in meters S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and
 $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1
Where $d = Distance$ in cm
 $P = Power$ in mW
 $G = Numeric$ antenna gain
 $S = Power$ density in mW/cm^2

Maximum Permissible Exposure

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$



IEEE 802.11b mode:

EUT output power = 153.46 mW Numeric Antenna gain = 3.03

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.0925 mW/cm²

IEEE 802.11g mode:

EUT output power = 223.36 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 3.03

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.1347 mW/cm²

draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power = 78.52 mW Numeric Antenna gain = 1.51

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.0236 mW/cm²

draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode:

EUT output power = 38.82mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.51

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.0117 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)