

APPENDIX J : ANTENNA SPECIFICATION

ANT #1 PCB pattern antenna

EUT	PCB pattern antenna
Test Date	Mon 17/Jul/2017 18:58:01
Event Status	
Serial Number	
Hardware Version	

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Frequency(MHz)	2400	2405	2410	2415	2420	2425	2430	2435	2440	2445	2450	2455	2460	2465	2470	2475	2480	2485	2490	2497
Efficiency(dB)	-5.77	-5.50	-5.31	-5.03	-4.72	-4.21	-4.00	-3.80	-3.56	-3.19	-3.03	-2.89	-2.74	-2.69	-2.73	-2.72	-2.87	-2.89	-2.97	-3.27
Efficiency(%)	26.49	28.18	29.46	31.38	33.71	37.96	39.84	41.71	44.03	47.94	49.79	51.41	53.21	53.86	53.39	53.43	51.60	51.42	50.49	47.10
TRG(dB)	-5.77	-5.50	-5.31	-5.03	-4.72	-4.21	-4.00	-3.80	-3.56	-3.19	-3.03	-2.89	-2.74	-2.69	-2.73	-2.72	-2.87	-2.89	-2.97	-3.27
TRG _{Theta} (dB)	-8.64	-8.35	-8.10	-7.89	-7.59	-7.11	-6.78	-6.60	-6.37	-6.04	-5.86	-5.74	-5.60	-5.58	-5.58	-5.60	-5.81	-5.81	-5.90	-6.26
TRG _{Phi} (dB)	-8.92	-8.68	-8.55	-8.21	-7.88	-7.33	-7.25	-7.02	-6.78	-6.38	-6.23	-6.07	-5.90	-5.82	-5.90	-5.87	-5.96	-5.99	-6.05	-6.30
UHRG(dB)	-9.30	-9.00	-8.77	-8.52	-8.13	-7.58	-7.42	-7.17	-6.95	-6.56	-6.44	-6.31	-6.18	-6.15	-6.17	-6.19	-6.34	-6.34	-6.42	-6.68
UHRG/TRG(%)	44.35	44.68	45.08	44.75	45.64	45.97	45.51	45.98	45.83	46.05	45.63	45.48	45.29	45.09	45.23	45.01	44.99	45.20	45.18	45.56
H-Plane	-10.60	-10.21	-9.89	-9.75	-9.32	-8.87	-8.53	-8.23	-8.03	-7.83	-7.54	-7.51	-7.42	-7.43	-7.44	-7.57	-7.83	-7.82	-8.12	-8.37
E1-Plane, AVG(dB)	-15.50	-14.92	-15.03	-14.90	-14.45	-13.96	-13.68	-13.57	-13.34	-12.76	-12.57	-12.62	-12.39	-12.29	-12.25	-12.36	-12.35	-12.44	-12.43	-12.66
E2-Plane, AVG(dB)	-5.53	-5.19	-4.96	-4.74	-4.44	-3.96	-3.55	-3.45	-3.08	-2.83	-2.74	-2.54	-2.41	-2.38	-2.36	-2.37	-2.65	-2.62	-2.67	-3.12
Peak Gain(dB)	-2.94	-2.61	-2.54	-2.21	-1.99	-1.50	-1.31	-0.99	-0.64	-0.18	-0.05	0.06	0.22	0.19	0.09	0.14	-0.08	0.03	-0.12	-0.44
Directivity(dB)	2.83	2.89	2.76	2.82	2.73	2.70	2.69	2.81	2.92	3.02	2.98	2.95	2.96	2.88	2.81	2.87	2.79	2.92	2.85	2.83
Minimum Gain(dB)	-14.72	-15.60	-15.25	-13.78	-13.97	-13.44	-13.37	-12.51	-12.23	-11.46	-12.10	-11.06	-10.83	-10.29	-10.39	-10.66	-10.90	-11.01	-10.55	-10.98
Test Condition	FS																			
Antenna Type																				
FS=Free Space	e, BHR=Be	eside Hea	d Right Si	de, BHL=	Beside He	ead Left S	ide, HR=F	land Righ	t, HL=Han	d Left, BH	IHR=Besi	ide Head a	and Hand	Right Side	e, BHHL=	Beside He	ad and Ha	and Left S	ide, NB=N	Votebook
Average Efficiency	ency -3.58 dB, 43.82 %																			

Comment

Aplustech

ANT #2 Dipole antenna



Model FS-WFDB-SI

Part NO. - Maker Code 0 DATE 2015. 08. 13 Page 7 / 16 Model Type Rev. 포에스텍 IR S-WFDB-SI Dipole Rev. 포에스텍 A 2.2.2 Passive Gain & 3D Pattern Average Gain Max Gain Max Position Image Ver Hor Total Ver Hor Total						-						
Maker Code 0 DATE 2015.08.13 Page 7 16 Model Type 포에스텍 IR S-WFDB-SI Dipole Rev. 오성전자 A 2.2.2 Passive Gain & 3D Pattern 2G_5G Antenna Passive Gain Data Max Gain Max Position Image Average Gain Max Gain Max Position							Part	NO.			_	
DATE 2015.08.13 Page 7 / 16 Model Type 포에스텍 IR S-WFDB-SI Dipole Rev. 오성전자 A 2.2.2 Passive Gain & 3D Pattern 2G_5G Antenna Passive Gain Data Max Gain Max Position Image Average Gain Max Gain Max Position							Maker	Code		0		
Page 7 / 16 Model Type Rev. 포에스텍 IR S-WFDB-SI Dipole Rev. 오성전자 A 2.2.2 Passive Gain & 3D Pattern 2G_5G Antenna Passive Gain Data Incy Efficiency Average Gain Max Gain Max Gain Max Position		Tech					DA	TE		201	5.08.	13
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TS-WFDB-SI Dipole Hev. 오성전자 A 2.2.2 Passive Gain & 3D Pattern 2G_5G Antenna Passive Gain Data Incy Efficiency Average Gain Max Gain Max Position Ver Hor Total Ver Hor Total	Мос	lel		T	Гуре			王(포에스텍 IR			IR
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Average Gain Max Gain Incy Efficiency Ver Hor Total Ver Hor Total	2.2.2	Passive G	ain & 3	3D Patt	ern		nin Doto				I	
ency Efficiency Average Gain Max Gain Max Position			2G_5	G Anter	nna Pas	sive Ga	ain Data					
Ver Hor Total Ver Hor Total	encv	Efficiency	A	verage Ga	ain		Max Gain			Max Po	sition	
	, noy		Ver	Hor	Total	Ver	Hor	Total				

Frequency	Efficiency	A۱	/erage Ga	in		Max Gain		Max Position	
,		Ver	Hor	Total	Ver	Hor	Total		
2,400,000,000 Hz	93.2 %	-8.3 dBi	-1.0 dBi	-0.3 dBi	-0.1 dBi	2.9 dBi	3.7 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
2,420,000,000 Hz	91.9 %	-9.1 dBi	-1.0 dBi	-0.4 dBi	-0.6 dBi	2.8 dBi	3.6 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
2,440,000,000 Hz	88.3 %	-9.9 dBi	-1.1 dBi	-0.5 dBi	-1.2 dBi	2.6 dBi	3.4 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
2,460,000,000 Hz	91.8 %	-10.6 dBi	-0.8 dBi	-0.4 dBi	-1.7 dBi	2.6 dBi	3.5 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
2,480,000,000 Hz	88.1 %	-11.6 dBi	-0.9 dBi	-0.5 dBi	-2.8 dBi	2.4 dBi	3.1 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
2,500,000,000 Hz	85.9 %	-12.5 dBi	-1.0 dBi	-0.7 dBi	-4.0 dBi	2.5 dBi	2.6 dBi	Theta105/Pie225	
5,200,000,000 Hz	143.8 %	-9.8 dBi	1.3 dBi	1.6 dBi	-2.4 dBi	5.4 dBi	5.5 dBi	Theta105/Pie210	
5,320,000,000 Hz	152.1 %	-9.1 dBi	1.5 dBi	1.8 dBi	-1.3 dBi	5.8 dBi	5.8 dBi	Theta90/Pie285	
5,440,000,000 Hz	145.4 %	-9.2 dBi	1.2 dBi	1.6 dBi	-0.9 dBi	5.5 dBi	5.6 dBi	Theta90/Pie285	
5,560,000,000 Hz	119.1 %	-10.2 dBi	0.4 dBi	0.8 dBi	-1.8 dBi	4.3 dBi	4.4 dBi	Theta90/Pie285	
5,680,000,000 Hz	107.8 %	-10.4 dBi	-0.1 dBi	0.3 dBi	-2.9 dBi	4.0 dBi	4.1 dBi	Theta90/Pie270	
5,800,000,000 Hz	125.3 %	-9.3 dBi	0.6 dBi	1.0 dBi	-1.7 dBi	4.5 dBi	4.6 dBi	Theta90/Pie270	

Antenna Cable 150mm 기준



ANT #3 PCB antenna

Approval Sheet

Product : 2.4GHz WiFi PCB Antenna

Date: March 16, 2017

Customer Applied Model		TDC-7100	
Customer	Se	eoRin Electronics Co., Lt	d.
Customer Part No.			
Supplier		Four S tech Co., Ltd.	
Supplier Part No.		FPW201-7100-138	
	By designed	By checked	By approved
Customer			
	By Designed	By checked	By approved
Supplier	250	A Contraction of the second se	- en
	Kim S.H	Cho B.H	Kim Y.W

Four S tech Co., Ltd.

Address : #202-402~403, Bucheon Techno Park Ssangyong Ⅲ, 36-1 Samjeong-Dong , Ohjeong-Gu, Bucheon-City, Gyeonggi-Do, Korea Phone No. : TEL 82-32-624-0317~8, FAX 82-32-624-0319



Revision History

Revision No	Originator	Description of changes	Date of changes
1	Kim S.H	Initial release	2017.03.16
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			



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1. General

1.1 The Product

Customer Model	TDC-7100
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna
Applications	2.4GHz WiFi

1.2 Electrical Properties

•	
Frequency Range	2.401 ~ 2.4835 GHz
VSWR	Less than 1.5 : 1
Peak Gain	4.9 dBi
Radiation Pattern	Omni-directional
Polarization	Linear

1.3 Mechanical Properties

Dimension	See page 14
Operational Temperature	-20°C ~ +70°C
Storage Temperature	-30°C ~ +80°C
Connector Type	UFL



2. Electrical Properties

2.1 Frequency Ban	d
Band Freq	2.4GHz WiFi
TX/RX	2.401 ~ 2.4835 GHz

2.2 Impedance

- 2.2.1 Normal Value
 - $50\Omega \pm Normal$
- 2.2.1 Measuring Method

The impedance over the frequency bands shall be as close as possible to 50Ω after matching. Both free space and talk position are considered.

2.3 VSWR

The impedance matching should be optimized in the more critical talk position.

2.3.1 Maximum values in free space

	2.4GHz WiFi
SERVICE	TX/RX
VSWR	1.5:1

2.3.2 Measuring Method

A 50 Ω coaxial cable is connected(soldered) to the 50 Ω point, at the duplexfilter on the main PCB. The connection of the coaxial cable shall be done to introduce a minimum of mismatch. As much as possible the coaxial cable arrangement shall prevent influences from induced currents on the cable. In the other end, the coaxial cable is connected to a network analyzer. The measurement is performed at room temperature. The handset, including the PCB, must not in any significant way differ from the mass production, i.e. the antenna feeding network has to be equivalent to the feeding network in mass production. The specification shall be met in the entire frequency band.



2.4 Gain (dBi)

2.4.1 Measuring Method

The connection is done according to 2.3.2. Radiation patterns are measured at 3 different Plane The antenna is measured according to the Figure 1 below.



Figure 1

2.4.2 Typical values in maximum direction

2.4.2.1 Passive Gain

×		PwrSum					H(0=90)				E1(q=0)				E2(φ=90)			
No.	Freq.	Eff.[%]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	φ[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	φ[deg]	BW[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	BW[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	BW[deg]
1	2401.0000	81.62	-0.88	4.42	90.00	150.00	-0.38	4.42	150.00	104.17	-0.48	3.29	-150.00	120.59	-0.94	2.27	75.00	117.82
2	2412.0000	87.65	-0.57	4.78	90.00	150.00	-0.06	4.78	150.00	103.62	-0.23	3.59	-150.00	121.62	-0.60	2.58	75.00	118.70
3	2462.0000	90.43	-0.44	4.94	90.00	150.00	0.15	4.94	150.00	107.69	-0.42	3.42	-150.00	122.33	-0.44	2.84	90.00	115.06
4	2472.0000	73.83	-1.32	4.02	90.00	135.00	-0.75	4.02	135.00	108.45	-1.38	2.47	-150.00	121.99	-1.26	2.11	-180.00	999.00
5	2483.5000	64.40	-1.91	3.52	90.00	135.00	-1.33	3.52	135.00	107.24	-2.04	1.83	-150.00	121.08	-1.80	1.59	-180.00	999.00



- 3. Mechanical Properties
 - 3.1 Appearance

The appearance shall be according to the specification drawing on page 15. The antenna shall have no cuts, abrasion or other mechanical damages.

3.2 Drop

3.2.1 Drops

1 drop in retracted mode (3cycles)

- 3.2.2 Drop Height 1.5m
- 3.2.3 Drop Angle 180°
- 3.2.4 Actual handset applied
- 3.2.5 Demands

The original shape shall be possible to restore. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, after the test.

3.2.6 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in the handset or an equivalent test fixture. The handset is dropped with the antenna downwards onto a metal plate.





Figure 3. Drop Test

- 4. Environment Resistance Properties
 - **Operational Temperature** 4.1
 - 4.1.1. Low Operational Temperature

 $TLO = -20^{\circ}C$

- 4.1.2 High Operational Temperature THO = +70°C
- Demands 4.1.3

No visual deterioration shall occur, and the antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, during the test.

4.1.4 Measuring Method

> The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber at temperature TLO. The antenna is taken out after 1 hour, and VSWR is immediately measured. The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber at temperature THO. The antenna is taken out after 1 hour, and VSWR is immediately measured.

4.2 Temperature Cycling

- 4.2.1 Low Cycling Temperature $TLC = -20^{\circ}C$
- 4.2.2 High Cycling Temperature $THC = +70^{\circ}C$
- 4.2.3 Demands

No visual deterioration shall occur during the test. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1.

4.2.4 Measuring Method

> The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber. The temperature is cycled as follows: The temperature is kept constantly at TLC for 1 hour, increased to THC during 1 hour, kept constantly at THC for 1 hour, and then decreased to TLC during 1 hour.

This procedure is repeated 10 times, ending at room temperature according to Figure 4 below.





Figure 4. Temperature Cycling

4.3 humidity

- 4.3.1 Relative Humidity 95%
- 4.3.2 Temperature +55°C

4.3.3 Demands

No visual deterioration shall occur during the test. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, after the test.

4.3.4 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber for 24 hours. The antenna is taken out from the chamber and measured after another 24 hours in room temperature.

4.4 Sinusoidal Vibration

- 4.4.1 Vibration Frequencies 10-55-10Hz (1cycle)
- 4.4.2 Sweep Rate 1 octave/min (logarithmic)
- 4.4.3 Maximum Amplitude A = 1.52mm
- 4.4.4 Maxim Acceleration 2g
- 4.4.5 Crossover Frequency 18.2Hz
- 4.4.7 Measuring Method

The fixed antenna is assembled in the test equipment. The vibration is done both in x-and z-directions, according to Figure 5(a), with a duration of 1 hour in each direction.





(a) Vibration directions (b) Vibration form

Figure 5. Sinusoidal Vibrator

5. Test Data

5.1 Network Data





5.2 Radiation Pattern 5.2.1 XY – Plane





5.2.2 YZ - Plane





5.2.3 XZ – Plane





6. Mechanical Drawing



ANT #4 PCB antenna

Approval Sheet

Product : 2.4GHz WiFi PCB Antenna

Date :June 03, 2020

Customer Applied Model									
Customer	SeoRin Electronics Co., Ltd.								
Customer Part No.									
Supplier	Four S Tech Co., Ltd.								
Supplier Part No.	FPW201-1200								
	By designed	By checked	By approved						
Customer									
	By Designed	By checked	By approved						
Supplier	A.	J. Contraction of the second s	- en						
	Lee J.H	Cho B.H	Kim Y.W						

Four S tech Co., Ltd.

Address : #202-402~403, Bucheon Techno Park Ssangyong Ⅲ, 397 Seokcheon-ro , Ohjeong-Gu, Bucheon-City, Gyeonggi-Do, Korea

Phone No. : TEL 82-32-624-0317~8, FAX 82-32-624-0319



Revision History

Revision No	Originator	Description of changes	Date of changes
1	Lee J.H	Initial release	2020.06.03
2			
3			
4			
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1. General

1.1 The Product

Customer Model	FPW201-1200
Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna
Applications	2.4GHz WiFi

1.2 Electrical Properties

Frequency Range	2.401 ~ 2.4835 GHz
VSWR	Less than 2.5 : 1
Peak Gain	5.21dBi
Radiation Pattern	Omni-directional
Polarization	Linear

1.3 Mechanical Properties

Dimension	See page 14
Operational Temperature	-30°C ~ +80°C
Connector Type	I-PEX / U_FL Conn'



2. Electrical Properties

2.1 Frequency Band

	-
Band Freq'	WiFi
TX/RX	2.401 ~ 2.4835 GHz

2.2 Impedance

2.2.1 Normal Value $50\Omega \pm Normal$

2.2.1 Measuring Method

The impedance over the frequency bands shall be as close as possible to 50Ω after matching. Both free space and talk position are considered.

2.3 VSWR

The impedance matching should be optimized in the more critical talk position.

2.3.1 Maximum values in free space

SERVICE	2.401 ~ 2.4835 GHz
VSWR	Less than 2.5:1

2.3.2 Measuring Method

A 50 Ω coaxial cable is connected(soldered) to the 50 Ω point, at the duplexfilter on the main PCB. The connection of the coaxial cable shall be done to introduce a minimum of mismatch. As much as possible the coaxial cable arrangement shall prevent influences from induced currents on the cable. In the other end, the coaxial cable is connected to a network analyzer. The measurement is performed at room temperature. The handset, including the PCB, must not in any significant way differ from the mass production, i.e. the antenna feeding network has to be equivalent to the feeding network in mass production. The specification shall be met in the entire frequency band.



- 2.4 Gain (dBi)
 - 2.4.1 Measuring Method

The connection is done according to 2.3.2. Radiation patterns are measured at 3 different Plane The antenna is measured according to the Figure 1 below.



Figure 1

- 2.4.2 Typical values in maximum direction
 - 2.4.2.1 Passive Gain

×		PwrSum					H(0=90)				E1(φ=0)				E2(φ=90)			
No.	Freq.	Eff.[%]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	φ[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	φ[deg]	BW[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	BW[deg]	Avg.[dBi]	Peak[dBi]	θ[deg]	BW[deg]
1	2401.0000	97.48	-0.11	4.61	105.00	255.00	-0.04	3.26	240.00	79.33	-1.79	3.05	150.00	13.23	1.42	4.06	-120.00	64.61
2	2412.0000	95.09	-0.22	4.70	105.00	255.00	-0.08	3.25	240.00	79.54	-1.87	2.96	150.00	13.22	1.34	4.14	-120.00	62.23
3	2462.0000	93.59	-0.29	5.15	105.00	255.00	0.02	3.31	270.00	75.56	-1.76	3.86	180.00	999.00	1.32	4.37	-120.00	53.26
4	2472.0000	90.14	-0.45	5.08	105.00	255.00	-0.14	3.20	270.00	74.34	-2.00	3.80	180.00	999.00	1.18	4.39	-120.00	51.01
5	2483.5000	90.81	-0.42	5.21	105.00	255.00	-0.13	3.29	270.00	71.88	-2.09	3.93	180.00	999.00	1.21	4.53	-120.00	48.49



- 3. Mechanical Properties
 - 3.1 Appearance

The appearance shall be according to the specification drawing on page 15. The antenna shall have no cuts, abrasion or other mechanical damages.

- 3.2 Drop
 - 3.2.1 Drops

1 drop in retracted mode (3cycles)

3.2.2 Drop Height

1.5m

- 3.2.3 Drop Angle 180°
- 3.2.4 Actual handset applied
- 3.2.5 Demands

The original shape shall be possible to restore. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, after the test.

3.2.6 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in the handset or an equivalent test fixture. The handset is dropped with the antenna downwards onto a metal plate.



Figure3. Drop Test



- 4. Environment Resistance Properties
 - 4.1 Operational Temperature
 - 4.1.1. Low Operational Temperature $TLO = -30^{\circ}C$
 - 4.1.2 High Operational Temperature THO = +80°C
 - 4.1.3 Demands

No visual deterioration shall occur, and the antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, during the test.

4.1.4 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber at temperature TLO. The antenna is taken out after 1 hour, and VSWR is immediately measured. The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber at temperature THO. The antenna is taken out after 1 hour, and VSWR is immediately measured.

- 4.2 Temperature Cycling
 - 4.2.1 Low Cycling Temperature TLC = -30°C
 - 4.2.2 High Cycling Temperature THC = $+80^{\circ}$ C
 - 4.2.3 Demands

No visual deterioration shall occur during the test. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1.

4.2.4 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber. The temperature is cycled as follows: The temperature is kept constantly at TLC for 1 hour, increased to THC during 1 hour, kept constantly at THC for 1 hour, and then decreased to TLC during 1 hour.

This procedure is repeated 10 times, ending at room temperature according to Figure 4 below.





- 4.3 humidity
 - 4.3.1 Relative Humidity 95%
 - 4.3.2 Temperature +55°C
 - 4.3.3 Demands

No visual deterioration shall occur during the test. The antenna shall satisfy the electrical demands, according to 2.4.1, after the test.

4.3.4 Measuring Method

The antenna is placed in a climatic chamber for 24 hours. The antenna is taken out from the chamber and measured after another 24 hours in room temperature.

- 4.4 Sinusoidal Vibration
 - 4.4.1 Vibration Frequencies 10-55-10Hz (1cycle)
 - 4.4.2 Sweep Rate 1 octave/min (logarithmic)
 - 4.4.3 Maximum Amplitude A = 1.52mm
 - 4.4.4 Maxim Acceleration 2g
 - 4.4.5 Crossover Frequency 18.2Hz
 - 4.4.7 Measuring Method

The fixed antenna is assembled in the test equipment. The vibration is done both in x-and z-directions, according to Figure 5(a), with a duration of 1 hour in each direction.





- 5. Test Data
 - Network Data 5.1
 - Smith Chart



1:26.722 ດ -21.287 ຊ 2.40100 GHz 2:24.810 ດ -11.716 ຊ 2.45000 GHz

- VSWR





5.2 Radiation Pattern

5.2.1 XY – Plane





5.2.2 YZ – Plane





5.2.3 XZ – Plane





6. Mechanical Drawing



Confidential Proprietary