



# **TEST REPORT**

Applicant Name: Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd

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Incubation Base, Tenglong Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen

China

Report Number: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

FCC ID: OYR-CF-AC1300

Test Standard (s)

FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093

**Sample Description** 

Product Type: Wi-Fi Dongle
Model No.: CF-AC1300
Multiple Model(s) No.: CF-913AC V2

Trade Mark:

COMFAST

Date Received: 2024/02/23

Date of Test: 2024/02/24~2024/02/29

Issue Date: 2024/04/03

Test Result: Pass▲

▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

**Prepared and Checked By:** 

**Approved By:** 

Luke Irang

Sid Luo

Luke Jiang

**SAR Engineer** 

Sid Luo

SAR Engineer

Note: The information marked is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

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### Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

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TR-EM-SA005 Page 1 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

Attestation of Test Results							
	EUT Description	Wi-Fi Dongle					
	Tested Model	CF-AC1300					
	Multiple Model(s) No.:	CF-913AC V2					
EUT Information	Trade Mark	COMFAST					
	FCC ID:	OYR-CF-AC1300					
	Serial Number	2HVZ-1					
	Test Date	2024/02/24~2024/02/29					
Me	ODE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)				
ANT1 2.4G Wi-Fi	1g Body SAR	0.19					
ANT1 5.2G Wi-Fi	1g Body SAR	0.79					
ANT2 2.4G Wi-Fi	1g Body SAR	0.02					
ANT2 5.2G Wi-Fi	1g Body SAR	0.79					
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.58					
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation	exposure evaluation: portable devices					
	RF Exposure Procedures: TCB Workshop						
Applicable Standards	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques						
	KDB procedures  KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06  KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02  KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01.						

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 2 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	4
EUT DESCRIPTION	5
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	5
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES	6
SAR LIMITS	6
FACILITIES	7
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	8
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	
EQUIPMENT'S LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	15
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	16
LIQUID VERIFICATION	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATIONSAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	
SIMPLE DONGLE PROCEDURES	
TEST DISTANCE FOR SAR EVALUATION	
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	21
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	
MAXIMUM TARGET OUTPUT POWER	
TEST PROCEDURE	
STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	
STANDALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS:	
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	28
SAR TEST DATA	
SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	32
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	33
SAR PLOTS	34
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	35
APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	36
Liquid depth ≥ 15cm	
HORIZONTAL-UP SETUP PHOTO (5MM)	
HORIZONTAL-DOWN SETUP PHOTO (5MM)	
VERTICAL-BACK SETUP PHOTO (5MM)	38
TIP SETUP PHOTO (5MM)	
APPENDIX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	39
APPENDIX D DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	40

### **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	SZ4240129-13293E-20A	Original Report	2024/04/03	

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

TR-EM-SA005 Page 4 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Shenzhen Four Seas Global Link Network Technology Co., Ltd** and their product **Wi-Fi Dongle**, Model: **CF-AC1300**, FCC ID: **OYR-CF-AC1300** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### **Technical Specification**

Device Type: Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s): Internal Antenna	
Proximity sensor for SAR reduction:	None
Operation modes:	Wi-Fi
Frequency Band:	2.4G Wi-Fi: 2412 MHz-2462 MHz 5.2G Wi-Fi: 5150 MHz-5250 MHz
Voltage Range:	DC 5V

TR-EM-SA005 Page 5 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

#### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### **SAR Limits**

### FCC Limit(1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) applied to the EUT.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 6 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **FACILITIES**

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 5F(B-West) ,6F,7F,the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D,Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 715558, the FCC Designation No.: CN5045.

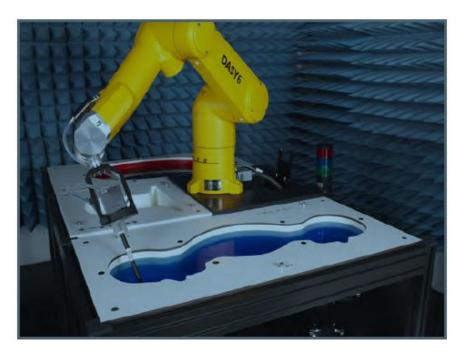
Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 7 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

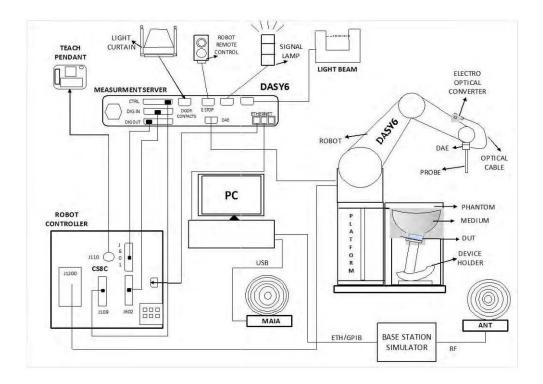
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A



### **DASY6 System Description**

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



TR-EM-SA005 Page 8 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendANT 1nd software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendANT 1s well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY6 Measurement Server**

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

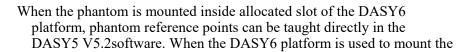
TR-EM-SA005 Page 9 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

#### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	4 MHz to >10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB (noise: typically< 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

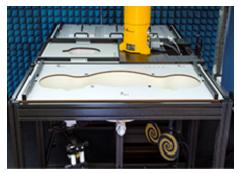
#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).



Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.

In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:



Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A



Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.

DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom. Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 10 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

#### **ELI Phantom**

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

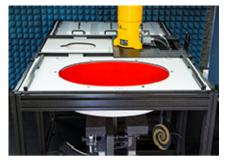
Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the ELI phantom.



The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided



Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A



### Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7382 Calibrated: 2023/09/27

Calibration Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		<b>Conversion Factor</b>			
Point(MHz)	From	To	X	Y	Z	
750 Head	650	850	10.65	10.65	10.65	
900 Head	850	1000	10.19	10.19	10.19	
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.60	8.60	8.60	
1900 Head	1850	2000	8.30	8.30	8.30	
2300 Head	2200	2400	8.16	8.16	8.16	
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.89	7.89	7.89	
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.65	7.65	7.65	
3300 Head	3200	3400	7.39	7.39	7.39	
3500 Head	3400	3600	7.24	7.24	7.24	
3700 Head	3600	3800	7.10	7.10	7.10	
3900 Head	3800	4000	6.98	6.98	6.98	
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.62	5.62	5.62	
5500 Head	5390	5610	5.10	5.10	5.10	
5750 Head	5640	5860	5.08	5.08	5.08	

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

#### **SAR Scan Procedures**

### **Step 1: Power Reference Measurement**

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

TR-EM-SA005 Page 12 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 5mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

·					
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	n spatial olution, normal to ontom surface  graded grid  \[ \text{\Delta z_{zoom}(1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface} \]  \[ \text{\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface} \]  \[ \text{\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1): between subsequent points} \]		≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
			≤ 1.5 · ∆z <sub>Zoo</sub>	om(n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume			≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

### **Step 4: Power Drift Measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 13 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the KDB 865664 D01

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (a)
MHz	$arepsilon_{ m r}$	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

TR-EM-SA005 Page 14 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

## **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

### **Equipment's List & Calibration Information**

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.2	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY6 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1325	2023/9/27	2024/9/26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7382	2023/9/27	2024/9/26
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
SAM Twin Phantom	SAM-Twin V8.0	1962	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	1103	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Dipole,5GHz	D5GHzV2	1374	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	HBBL600-10000V6	180622-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	E5071C	SER MY46519680	2023/06/08	2024/06/07
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1248	NCR	NCR
MXG Analog Signal Generator	N5181A	MY48180408	2023/06/08	2024/06/07
USB wideband power sensor	U2021XA	MY52350001	2023/06/08	2024/06/07
Directional Coupler	855673	3307	NCR	NCR
20dB Attenuator	2	BH9879	NCR	NCR
RF Power Amplifier	5205FE	1014	NCR	NCR
Temperature & Humidity Meter	DTM3000	N/A	2024/01/16	2025/01/15
Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101943	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

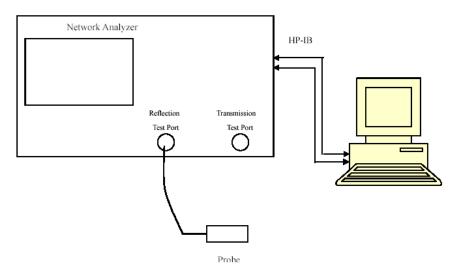
Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

NCR: No Calibration Required.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 15 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### **Liquid Verification**



Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### **Liquid Verification Results**

T.			Liquid Parameter		Target Value		lta ⁄6)	
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	E <sub>r</sub>	o (S/	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	o (S/	$\Delta arepsilon_{ m r}$	ΔO	Tolerance (%)
			m)		m)			
2412	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.816	1.815	39.27	1.77	-1.16	2.54	±5
2437	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.765	1.844	39.21	1.79	-1.13	3.02	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.564	1.844	39.20	1.80	-1.62	2.44	±5
2462	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.255	1.87	39.16	1.82	-2.31	2.75	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/02/24.

Frequency	Liquid Tymo	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ	(%)	
5180	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.112	4.831	36.0	4.63	3.09	4.34	±5	
5200	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.048	4.851	36.0	4.66	2.91	4.1	±5	
5240	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	37.066	4.896	35.9	4.70	3.25	4.17	±5	
5250	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	36.603	4.804	35.9	4.71	1.96	2	±5	

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/02/29

TR-EM-SA005 Page 16 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **System Accuracy Verification**

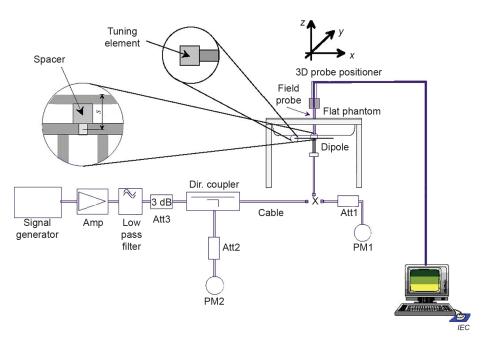
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm for } 300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz};$
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1~000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6~000 \text{ MHz}$ ;

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2024/02/24	2450 MHz	Head	100	1g	5.09	50.9	51.7	-1.547	±10
2024/02/29	5250 MHz	Head	100	1g	7.82	78.2	80.1	-2.372	±10

<sup>\*</sup>The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 17 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

### **System Performance 2450MHz**

### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1103**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.844$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.564$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89) @ 2450 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1325; Calibrated: 2023/09/27

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Configuration/Head 2450MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (9x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.43 W/kg

Configuration/Head 2450MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

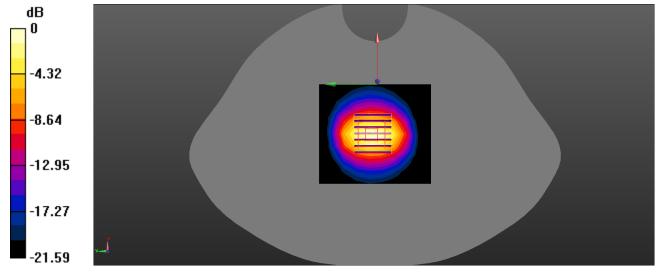
Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

Reference Value = 61.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.98 W/kg



0 dB = 8.98 W/kg = 9.53 dBW/kg

TR-EM-SA005 Page 18 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### DUT: Dipole D5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1374

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma = 4.804$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 36.603$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7382; ConvF(5.62, 5.62, 5.62) @ 5250 MHz;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1325; Calibrated: 2023/09/27

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Configuration/Head 5250MHz Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.14 W/kg

Configuration/Head 5250MHz Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

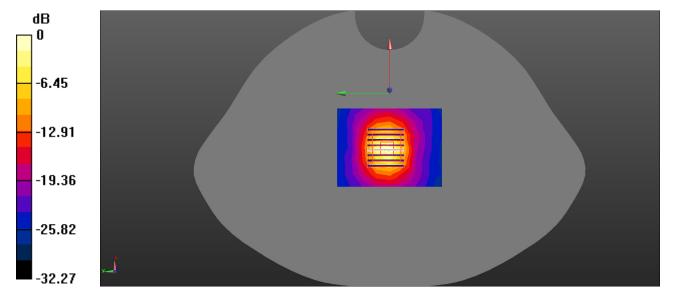
Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

Reference Value = 40.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.2 W/kg



0 dB = 15.2 W/kg = 11.82 dBW/kg

TR-EM-SA005 Page 19 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

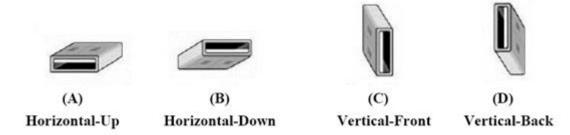
### **EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY**

### SIMPLE DONGLE PROCEDURES

Test all USB orientations [see figure below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less, according to KDB Publication 447498 D02 requirements. These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation. The typinal Horizontal-Up USB connection (A), found in the majority of host computers, must be tested using an appropriate host computer. A host computer with either Vertical-Front (C) or Vertical-Back (D) USB connection should be used to test one of the vertical USB orientations. If a suitable host computer is not available for testing the Horizontal-Down (B) or the remaining Vertical USB orientation, a high quality USB cable, 12 inches or less, may be used for testing these other orientations. It must be documented that the USB cable does not influence the radiating characteristics and output power of the transmitter.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

When the antenna is located near the tip of a dongle, it may operate at closer proximity to users in certain connector orientations where dongle tip testing may be required.



### **Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

For this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 5mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 5mm.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 20 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.
  - All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 21 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### **Maximum Target Output Power**

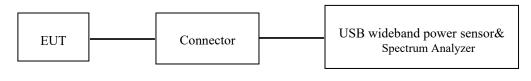
Max Target Power(dBm)						
Mada/Dand	Channel					
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High			
ANT1 WLAN 2.4G	16	16	16			
ANT1 WLAN 5.2G	12	12	12			
ANT2 WLAN 2.4G	16	16	16			
ANT2 WLAN 5.2G	12.5	12.5	12.5			

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

TR-EM-SA005 Page 22 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Wireless Communication through Connector.



Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

**WLAN** 

### **Test Results:**

### ANT1 Wi-Fi 2.4G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output(dBm)
	2412		15.82
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	15.97
	2462		15.85
802.11g	2412		12.90
	2437	6Mbps	13.13
	2462		12.86
	2412		10.29
802.11n HT20	2437	MCS0	10.46
	2462		10.35
	2422		10.86
802.11n HT40	2437	MCS0	11.27
	2452		10.96

### ANT1 Wi-Fi 5.2G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output(dBm)
	5180		11.91
802.11a	5200	6Mbps	11.92
	5240		11.95
	5180		9.66
802.11AC20	5200	MCS0	9.73
	5240		9.80
902 11 4 640	5190	MCCO	9.90
802.11AC40	5230	MCS0	10.03
802.11AC80	5210	MCS0	9.81

TR-EM-SA005 Page 23 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output(dBm)		
	2412		15.09		
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	15.98		
	2462		15.67		
802.11g	2412		12.39		
	2437	6Mbps	12.75		
	2462		12.32		
	2412		10.03		
802.11n HT20	2437	MCS0	10.10		
	2462		10.04		
	2422		10.64		
802.11n HT40	2437	MCS0	10.86		
	2452		10.22		

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### ANT2 Wi-Fi 5.2G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Average Output(dBm)
	5180		12.03
802.11a	5200	6Mbps	12.08
	5240		12.05
	5180		9.94
802.11AC20	5200	MCS0	9.63
	5240		9.78
002 11 4 040	5190	MCCO	9.86
802.11AC40	5230	MCS0	10.03
802.11AC80	5210	MCS0	9.78

TR-EM-SA005 Page 24 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **Duty Cycle:**

### ANT1

Test Mode	Duty Cycle [%]
802.11b	100
802.11g	100
802.11n-HT20	100
802.11n-HT40	100
802.11A	96.45
802.11AC-VHT20	95.49
802.11AC-VHT40	91.30
802.11AC-VHT80	83.78

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### ANT2

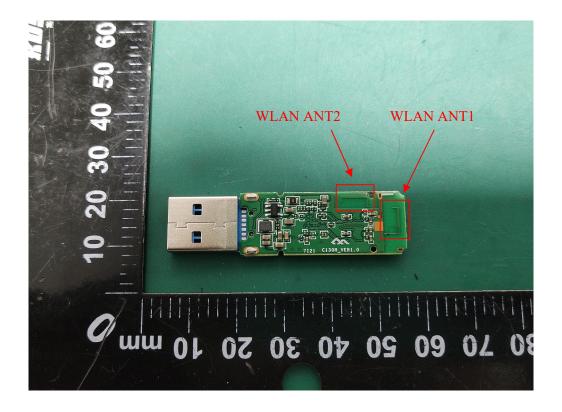
Test Mode	Duty Cycle [%]
802.11b	100
802.11g	100
802.11n-HT20	100
802.11n-HT40	100
802.11A	95.74
802.11AC-VHT20	95.45
802.11AC-VHT40	91.30
802.11AC-VHT80	83.78

Note: Duty cycle data from RF reports.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 25 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

# Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

### **Antennas Location:**



TR-EM-SA005 Page 26 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

#### **Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
ANT1 WLAN 2.4G	2462	16.0	39.81	0	12.5	3	No
ANT1 WLAN 5.2G	5250	12.0	15.85	0	7.3	3	No
ANT2 WLAN 2.4G	2462	16.0	39.81	0	12.5	3	No
ANT2 WLAN 5.2G	5250	12.5	17.78	0	8.1	3	No

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### **NOTE:**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $\lceil \sqrt{f(GHz)} \rceil \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 27 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### **SAR Test Data**

### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.2-23.3 ℃	22.1-23.1 ℃		
Relative Humidity:	51-57%	50-55%		
ATM Pressure:	101.1 kPa	101.3 kPa		
Test Date:	2024/02/24	2024/02/29		

<sup>\*</sup> Testing was performed by Sid Luo.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 28 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### ANT1 WLAN 2.4G:

			Max.	Max.	1g S	AR (W/	Kg), Lim	ited=1.6 V	V/kg
Test Mode	EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas.	79 0.19 16 0.12 09 0.11 / 96 0.10 / /	Plot
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Horizontal-UP (5mm)	2437	15.97	16.0	1.007	100	0.104	0.10	1
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	15.82	16.0	1.042	100	0.179	0.19	2
	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2437	15.97	16.0	1.007	100	0.116	0.12	3
		2462	15.85	16.0	1.035	100	0.109	0.11	4
	Vertical-Front (5mm)	2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
802.11b		2437	15.97	16.0	1.007	100	0.096	0.10	5
		2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Vertical-Back (5mm)	2437	15.97	16.0	1.007	100	0.051	0.05	6
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Tip (5mm)	2437	15.97	16.0	1.007	100	0.015	0.02	7
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/		/	/	/

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### ANT1 WLAN 5.2G:

			Max.	Max.	1g S	AR (W/	Kg), Lim	ited=1.6 V	V/kg
Test Mode	EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Rated Power Power (dBm) (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas.	Scaled SAR	Plot	
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Horizontal-UP (5mm)	5200	11.92	12.0	1.019	96.45	0.719	0.76	8
	(311111)	5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		5180	11.91	12.0	1.021	96.45	0.667	0.71	9
	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	5200	11.92	12.0	1.019	96.45	0.727	0.77	10
	(311111)	5240	11.95	12.0	1.012		0.751	0.79	11
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
802.11a	Vertical-Front (5mm)	5200	11.92	12.0	1.019	96.45	0.678	0.72	12
	(311111)	5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Vertical-Back (5mm)	5200	11.92	12.0	1.019	96.45	0.42	0.44	13
	(311111)	5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Tip	_	5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Tip (5mm)	5200	11.92	12.0	1.019	96.45	0.705	0.74	14
	(Smin)	5240	/	/	/		/	/	/

TR-EM-SA005 Page 29 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### ANT2 WLAN 2.4G:

			Max.	Max.	1g S	SAR (W/F	(g), Limit	ed=1.6 W	// <b>kg</b>
Test Mode	EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Power	Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas.	Scaled SAR	Plot
		2412	/	/	/		/	/	/
	Horizontal-UP (5mm)	2437	14.84	15.0	1.038	100	0.00164	0.01	15
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	14.72	15.0	1.067	100	0.015	0.02	16
	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2437	14.84	15.0	1.038	100	0.00822	0.01	17
	(311111)	2462	14.76	15.0	1.057	100	0.016	0.02	18
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
802.11b	Vertical-Front (5mm)	2437	14.84	15.0	1.038	100	0.00569	0.01	19
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Vertical-Back (5mm)	k 2437 14.84 15.0	1.038	100	0.00347	0.01	20		
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		2412	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Tip (5mm)	2437	14.84	15.0	1.038	100	0.00279	0.01	21
	(311111)	2462	/	/	/		/	/	/

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### ANT2 WLAN 5.2G:

			Max.	Max.	1g S	AR (W/	Kg), Lim	ited=1.6 V	V/kg
Test Mode	EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Meas.	Scaled SAR	Plot
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Horizontal-UP (5mm)	5200	12.08	12.5	1.102	95.74	0.661	0.76	22
	(Simil)	5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Horizontal-Down (5mm)	5200	12.08	12.5	1.102	95.74	0.677	0.78	23
	(Simil)	5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Vertical-Front (5mm)	5180	12.03	12.5	1.114	95.74	0.649	0.76	24
802.11a		5200	12.08	12.5	1.102	95.74	0.688	0.79	25
	(Simil)	5240	12.05	12.5	1.109	95.74	0.666	0.77	26
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Vertical-Back (5mm)	5200	12.08	12.5	1.102	95.74	0.27	0.31	27
		5240	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		5180	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	Tip (5mm)	5200	12.08	12.5	1.102	95.74	0.528	0.61	28
	(311111)	5240	/	/	/		/	/	/

TR-EM-SA005 Page 30 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

#### Note:

1. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure. When OFDM tune up power is greater than DSSS, the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, OFDM SAR is not required.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

- 2. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 80211b/g/n mode is use for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.
- 3. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of 2.4G WIFI 802.11b signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/( duty cycle)".
- 4. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/n20/n40/ac20/ac40/ac80 mode is use for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band, 802.11a is the initial position for the SAR test.
- 5. According 2016 Oct. TCB, for SAR testing of 5G WIFI 802.11a signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/( duty cycle)".
- 6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 7. The USB cable used for test does not affect the radiation characteristics and transmitting power of the transmitter.
- 8. The USB cable used for the test was less than 12 inches.

TR-EM-SA005 Page 31 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### **SAR Measurement Variability**

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

### Body

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Desition	Meas. SA	AR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest	
calibration point	Band	rieq.(Miriz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	

### Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements..

TR-EM-SA005 Page 32 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities						
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?				
2.4G WLAN ANT1 + 2.4G WLAN ANT2	√	×				
5.2G WLAN ANT1+ 5.2G WLAN ANT2	√	×				
2.4G WLAN + 5.2G WLAN	×	×				

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

- 802.11g, 802.11g and 802.11a can't support simultaneously transmission.
   Since 2.4G WIFI 802.11b power is greater than 802.11g and 802.11n power, and 5.2G WIFI 802.11a power is greater than 802.11a can represent simultaneous transmission.

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
2.4G WLAN ANT1 + 2.4G WLAN ANT2	Body	0.19	0.02	0.21
5.2G WLAN ANT1+ 5.2G WLAN ANT2	Body	0.79	0.79	1.58

### **Conclusion:**

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR  $\leq$  1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with SPLSR is **not required**.

Version 1.0 (2023/10/07) TR-EM-SA005 Page 33 of 40

ay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Shenzhen)	Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A
SAR Plots	
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

TR-EM-SA005 Page 34 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertaint y ± %	Probability distributio n	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (10 g)
		Measurement	system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions—reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom and	l set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

TR-EM-SA005 Page 35 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

### Liquid depth ≥ 15cm

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A

Phantom: SAM-Twin V8.0 P1aP2a; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1962





### **Horizontal-UP Setup Photo (5mm)**



TR-EM-SA005 Page 36 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

# Horizontal-Down Setup Photo (5mm)



**Vertical-Front Setup Photo (5mm)** 



TR-EM-SA005 Page 37 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

### Vertical-Back Setup Photo (5mm)

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A



Tip Setup Photo (5mm)



TR-EM-SA005 Page 38 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Shenzhen)	Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A
APPENDIX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTI	FICATES
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

TR-EM-SA005 Page 39 of 40 Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

Page 40 of 40

TR-EM-SA005

Version 1.0 (2023/10/07)

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Shenzhen)

Report No.: SZ4240129-13293E-20A