

Appendix C: RF Exposure

Please refer to the following SAR evaluation.

DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

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Applicant Information
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| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Rule Part(s): | FCC §2.1093; IC RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) |
| Test Procedure(s): | FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) |
| Device Classification: | Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Face (TNF) |
| Device Type: | Portable VHF PTT Radio Transceiver |
| FCC ID: | OWDTR-0013-E |
| Model Name / No.: | P7100(IP) |
| Modulation: | FM (VHF) |
| Tx Frequency Range: | 136 - 174 MHz |
| Max. Conducted Power Tested: | 5.60 Watts |
| Antenna Part No.(s): | KRE1011219/1 (136-151 MHz) / KRE1011219/2 (150-162 MHz) KRE1011219/3 (162-174 MHz) / KRE1011219/21 (150-174 MHz) |
| Antenna Type(s): | Helical Coil (KRE1011219/1-3) / Spring Whip (KRE1011219/21) |
| Battery Types Tested: | 1. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium – Immersion – Non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/3) 2. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - Immersion – Non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/4) 3. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium - Immersion - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/5) 4. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - Immersion - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/6) |
| Body-Worn Accessories Tested: | 1. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/84R1A, KRY1011617/184R1A) 2. Speaker-Microphone (KRY1011617/83R1A, KRY1011617/183R1A) 3. Metal Belt-Clip (KRY1011647/1) 4. Belt-Loop with Swivel (KRY1011609/1) 5. Leather Case with Belt-Loop (KRY1011638/1) 6. Leather Case with Swivel & Belt-Loop (KRY1011639/1) 7. Nylon Case with Swivel & Belt-Loop (KRY1011648/1) 8. Nylon T-Strap (KRY1011656/1) |
| Class II Change(s): | New Rear Casting with added Shim New Wideband Centurion Antenna (150-174MHz); (KRE1011219/21) New T-Strap Body-worn accessory (KRY1011656/1) |
| Max. SAR Evaluated: | Face-held: 1.17 W/kg (50% Duty Cycle); Body-worn: 3.88 W/kg (50% Duty Cycle) |

Celltech Labs Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this device was found to be in compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada's Safety Code 6. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (Occupational Environment/Controlled Exposure).

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

This test report shall not be reproduced partially, or in full, without the prior written approval of Celltech Labs Inc. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

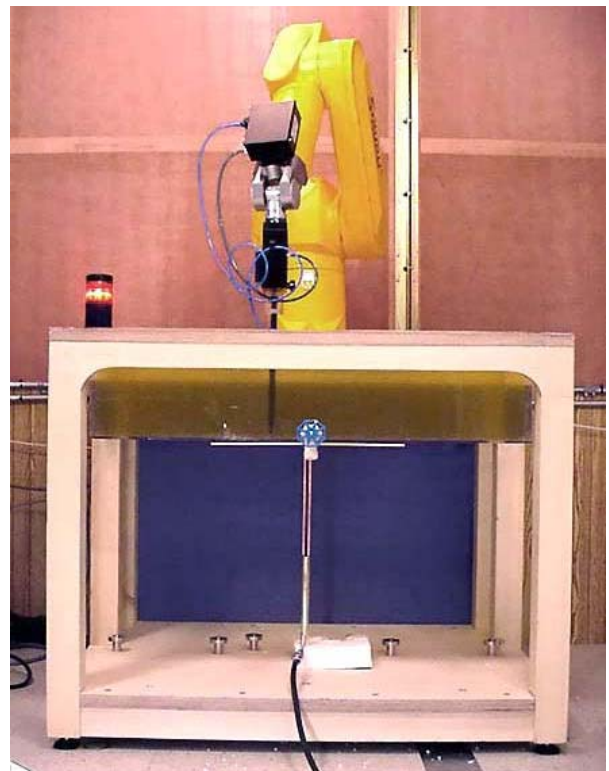
This measurement report demonstrates that the M/A-COM INC. Model: P7100(IP) Portable VHF PTT Radio Transceiver FCC ID: OWDTR-0013-E complies with FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]) and Health Canada Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) (Occupational Environment / Controlled Exposure limits). The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3]) and Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) (see reference [4]), were employed. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

2.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Research SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The SAR measurement system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for face and body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



DASY3 SAR Measurement System with small planar phantom



DASY3 SAR Measurement System with validation phantom

3.0 DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)

| | |
|---|--|
| Rule Part(s) | FCC 47 CFR §2.1093; IC RSS-102 Issue 1 |
| Test Procedure(s) | FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01) |
| Device Classification | Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Face (TNF) |
| Device Type | Portable VHF PTT Radio Transceiver |
| FCC ID | OWDTR-0013-E |
| Model Name / No. | P7100(IP) |
| Serial No. | Pre-production |
| Modulation | FM (VHF) |
| Tx Frequency Range | 136 - 174 MHz |
| Max. RF Conducted Power Tested | 5.60 Watts |
| Antenna Type(s) | Helical Coil, Spring Whip |
| Antenna Part No.(s) | KRE1011219/1 (136-151 MHz) KRE1011219/2 (150-162 MHz) KRE1011219/3 (162-174 MHz) KRE1011219/21 (150-174 MHz) |
| Antenna Length(s) | KRE1011219/1 - 172 mm , KRE1011219/2 - 152 mm, KRE1011219/3 - 142 mm, KRE1011219/21 - 222 mm |
| Battery Type(s) Tested | 1. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium - immersible - non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/3) 2. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - immersible - non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/4) 3. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium - immersible - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/5) 4. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - immersible - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/6) |
| Additional Battery Type(s) Testing Not Required (electrically & mechanically same as batteries listed above) | 1. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium - wind driven rain - non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/23) 2. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - wind driven rain - non-Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/24) 3. 7.5V Nickel Cadmium - wind driven rain - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/25) 4. 7.5V Nickel Metal Hydride - wind driven rain - Intrinsically Safe (BKB191210/26) |
| Body-Worn Accessories Tested | 1. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R1A) 2. Speaker Microphone (KRY1011617/183R1A) 3. Metal Belt-Clip (KRY1011647/1) 4. Leather Case (Belt-Loop type - KRY1011638/1) 5. Belt-Loop (KRY1011609/1) & Swivel (KRY1011608/2) 6. Leather Case (KRY1011639/1) with Belt-Loop (KRY1011609/1) & Swivel (KRY1011608/2) 7. Nylon (black) Case (KRY1011648/1) with Belt-Loop (KRY1011609/1) 8. Nylon "T" Strap Holder (KRY1011656/1) |

(Continued on next page)

DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) (Continued from previous page)

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>Additional Body-Worn Accessories Testing Not Required</p> <p>1. Same as Item 2 listed above 2. Same as Item 1 listed above 3. Same as Item 7 listed above</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Speaker Microphone (KRY1011617/183R2A)¹ 2. Speaker Microphone (KRY1011617/183R3A)¹ 3. Speaker Microphone (KRY1011617/183R4A)¹ 4. Speaker Microphone (KRY1011617/183R5A)¹ 5. Speaker Microphone - Immersible - Intrinsicly Safe (KRY1011617/283/R1A)¹ 6. Speaker Microphone - Ruggedized - Intrinsicly Safe (KRY1011617/383/R1A)¹ 7. Speaker Microphone - Vehicle Charger Compatible - Intrinsicly Safe (KRY1011617/185/R2A)¹ 8. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R2A)² 9. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R3A)² 10. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R4A)² 11. Speaker Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R5A)² 12. Speaker Microphone - Antenna Version - Vehicle Charger Compatible - Intrinsicly Safe (KRY1011617/186/R1A)² 13. Speaker Microphone - Antenna Version - Immersible - Intrinsicly Safe (KRY1011617/284/R1A)² 14. Speaker Microphone - Antenna Version - Immersible - Intrinsicly Safe, Charger Compatible (KRY1011617/287/R1A)² 15. Speaker Microphone - Industrial (OT-V2-10121)¹ 16. Speaker Microphone - Industrial PLUS (OT-V2-10122)¹ 17. Speaker Microphone - Earphone Kit, Black (OT-V1-10520)¹ 18. Speaker Microphone - Earphone Kit, Beige (OT-V1-10521)¹ 19. Speaker Microphone - Earphone Kit, Black (OT-V1-10522)¹ 20. Speaker Microphone - Earphone Kit, Beige (OT-V1-10523)¹ 21. Speaker Microphone - 3-Wire Mini Lapel, Beige (OT-V1-10524)¹ 22. Speaker Microphone - 3-Wire Mini Lapel, Black (OT-V1-10525)¹ 23. Speaker Microphone - Ultra Lite Headset with Inline PTT (OT-V4-10314)¹ 24. Speaker Microphone - Lightweight Headset with Single Speaker (OT-V4-10315)¹ 25. Speaker Microphone - Over-the-head Headset (OT-V4-10316)¹ 26. Speaker Microphone - Behind-the-head Headset (OT-V4-10317)¹ 27. Earpiece Kit for Speaker Microphone - Intrinsicly Safe (RLD54107/11) 28. Nylon (orange) Case (KRY1011649/1) with Belt-Loop (KRY1011609/1)³ |
|---|---|

4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT are reported in Appendix A.

| FACE-HELD SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Freq. (MHz) | Ch. | Test Mode | Conducted Power (Watts) | | Antenna Part No. | Acc. Type | Battery Type | Phantom Section | Sep. Dist. (cm) | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | SAR Drift (dB) | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | |
| | | | Before | After | | | | | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.54 | 4.98 | KRE1011219/21 | None | NiMH-IS | Planar | 2.5 | 0.742 | 0.371 | -0.60 | 0.852 | 0.426 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.55 | 5.07 | KRE1011219/21 | None | NiCd-IS | Planar | 2.5 | 0.782 | 0.391 | -0.60 | 0.898 | 0.449 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.54 | 5.44 | KRE1011219/21 | None | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 2.5 | 0.789 | 0.395 | -0.60 | 0.906 | 0.453 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.55 | 5.48 | KRE1011219/21 | None | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 2.5 | 0.871 | 0.436 | -0.60 | 1.00 | 0.500 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.57 | 4.99 | KRE1011219/2 | None | NiMH-IS | Planar | 2.5 | 1.92 | 0.960 | -0.60 | 2.20 | 1.10 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.57 | 5.16 | KRE1011219/2 | None | NiCd-IS | Planar | 2.5 | 1.78 | 0.890 | -0.60 | 2.04 | 1.02 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.57 | 5.54 | KRE1011219/2 | None | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 2.5 | 2.02 | 1.01 | -0.60 | 2.32 | 1.16 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.55 | 5.57 | KRE1011219/2 | None | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 2.5 | 2.04 | 1.02 | -0.60 | 2.34 | 1.17 |
| 155.00 | Mid | CW | 5.57 | 5.55 | KRE1011219/21 | SM AVP | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 2.5 | 0.823 | 0.412 | -0.60 | 0.945 | 0.473 |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT BRAIN: 8.0 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram) Spatial Peak - Controlled Exposure / Occupational | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Date(s) | | 06/21/03 | | | ρ (Kg/m³) | | | 1000 | | | | | | |
| Measured Mixture Type | | 150 MHz Brain | | | Relative Humidity | | | 57 % | | | | | | |
| Dielectric Constant | | Target | | Measured | | Atmospheric Pressure | | | 100.8 kPa | | | | | |
| | | 52.3 (+/- 5%) | | 53.4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conductivity | | Target | | Measured | | Fluid Temperature | | | 23.3 °C | | | | | |
| | | 0.76 (+/- 5%) | | 0.73 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ambient Temp. | | 22.1 °C | | | Fluid Depth | | | ≥ 15 cm | | | | | | |

Note(s):

- If the SAR measurements performed at the middle channel were ≥ 3 dB below the SAR limit; SAR evaluation for the low and high channels was optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3])).
- The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed were consistent for all measurement periods.
- The dielectric properties of the simulated brain fluid were verified prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).
- Abbreviation(s): IS = Intrinsically Safe
NIS = Non-Intrinsically Safe
SM AVP = Speaker-Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R1A)
- Antenna Type(s): Helical Coil P/N: KRE1011219/2 (150-162 MHz)
Spring Whip P/N: KRE1011219/21 (150-174 MHz)

MEASUREMENT SUMMARY (Cont.)

| BODY-WORN SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|------|
| Freq. (MHz) | Ch. | Conducted Power (Watts) | | Antenna Part No. | Acc. Type | Battery Type | Phantom Section | Sep. Dist. (cm) | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | SAR Drift (dB) | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | | |
| | | Before | After | | | | | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.52 | 4.82 | KRE1011219/21 | MBC & SM | NiMH-IS | Planar | 1.1 | 5.85 | 2.93 | -0.60 | 6.72 | 3.36 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 4.94 | KRE1011219/21 | MBC & SM | NiCd-IS | Planar | 1.1 | 6.04 | 3.02 | -0.60 | 6.93 | 3.47 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.54 | 5.27 | KRE1011219/21 | MBC & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.1 | 6.67 | 3.34 | -0.60 | 7.66 | 3.83 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.53 | 5.43 | KRE1011219/21 | MBC & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 1.1 | P | 6.75 | 3.38 | -0.60 | 7.75 | 3.88 |
| | | | | | | | | | S | 3.75 | 1.88 | -0.60 | 4.31 | 2.16 |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.54 | 4.95 | KRE1011219/2 | MBC & SM | NiMH-IS | Planar | 1.1 | 4.10 | 2.05 | -0.60 | 4.71 | 2.36 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.54 | 4.96 | KRE1011219/2 | MBC & SM | NiCd-IS | Planar | 1.1 | 4.01 | 1.00 | -0.60 | 4.60 | 2.30 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.57 | 5.16 | KRE1011219/2 | MBC & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.1 | 4.24 | 2.12 | -0.60 | 4.87 | 2.44 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.57 | 5.39 | KRE1011219/2 | MBC & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.1 | 4.21 | 2.11 | -0.60 | 4.83 | 2.42 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 4.83 | KRE1011219/21 | NT & SM | NiMH-IS | Planar | 1.6 | 2.88 | 1.44 | -0.60 | 3.31 | 1.66 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.58 | 5.06 | KRE1011219/21 | NT & SM | NiCd-IS | Planar | 1.6 | 3.32 | 1.66 | -0.60 | 3.81 | 1.91 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.58 | 5.27 | KRE1011219/21 | NT & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.6 | 3.61 | 1.81 | -0.60 | 4.14 | 2.07 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.58 | 5.57 | KRE1011219/21 | NT & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 1.6 | 3.55 | 1.78 | -0.60 | 4.08 | 2.04 | |
| ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT BRAIN: 8.0 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram) Spatial Peak - Controlled Exposure / Occupational | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Date(s) | 6/19/03 | | | | ρ (Kg/m³) | | | | 1000 | | | | | |
| Measured Mixture Type | 150 MHz Body | | | | Relative Humidity | | | | 39% | | | | | |
| Dielectric Constant | Target | | Measured | | Atmospheric Pressure | | | | 100.6 kPa | | | | | |
| | 61.9 (+/- 5%) | | 61.1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conductivity | Target | | Measured | | Fluid Temperature | | | | 23.5 °C | | | | | |
| | 0.80 (+/- 5%) | | 0.82 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ambient Temp. | 23.9 °C | | | | Fluid Depth | | | | ≥ 15 cm | | | | | |

Note(s):

- If the SAR measurements performed at the middle channel were ≥ 3 dB below the SAR limit; SAR evaluation for the low and high channels was optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3])).
- The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed were consistent for all measurement periods.
- The dielectric properties of the simulated body fluid were verified prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).
- Abbreviation(s):
 IS = Intrinsicly Safe
 NIS = Not Intrinsicly Safe
 P = Primary Hotspot
 S = Secondary Hotspot
 MBC = Metal Belt-Clip (KRY1011647/1)
 NT = Nylon T-Strap (KRY1011656/1)
 SM = Speaker-Microphone (KRY1011617/183R1A)
- Antenna Type(s):
 Spring Whip Antenna P/N: KRE1011219/21
 Helical Coil Antenna P/N: KRE1011219/2

MEASUREMENT SUMMARY (Cont.)

BODY-WORN SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Freq. (MHz) | Ch. | Conducted Power (Watts) | | Antenna Part No. | Acc. Type | Battery Type | Phantom Section | Sep. Dist. (cm) | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | SAR Drift (dB) | Scaled SAR (W/kg) | | |
|-------------|-----|-------------------------|-------|------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------|
| | | Before | After | | | | | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle | | 00% Duty Cycle | 0% Duty Cycle | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.59 | 5.03 | KRE1011219/2 | NT & SM | NiMH-IS | Planar | 1.6 | 2.61 | 1.31 | -0.60 | 3.00 | 1.50 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.60 | 5.18 | KRE1011219/2 | NT & SM | NiCd-IS | Planar | 1.6 | 2.81 | 1.41 | -0.60 | 3.23 | 1.62 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.53 | 5.52 | KRE1011219/2 | NT & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.6 | 2.14 | 1.07 | -0.60 | 2.46 | 1.23 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.57 | 5.58 | KRE1011219/2 | NT & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 1.6 | 2.55 | 1.28 | -0.60 | 2.93 | 1.47 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 5.55 | KRE1011219/21 | LC & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 1.7 | 2.50 | 1.25 | -0.60 | 2.87 | 1.44 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.53 | 5.05 | KRE1011219/2 | LC & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 1.7 | 2.31 | 1.16 | -0.60 | 2.65 | 1.33 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.53 | 5.59 | KRE1011219/21 | LC/SBL & SM | NiCd-N | Planar | 4.5 | 0.688 | 0.344 | -0.60 | 0.790 | 0.395 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 5.09 | KRE1011219/2 | LC/SBL & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 4.5 | P | 1.17 | 0.585 | -0.60 | 1.34 | 0.670 |
| | | | | | | | | | S | 1.18 | 0.590 | -0.60 | 1.35 | 0.675 |
| | | | | | | | | | T | 1.07 | 0.535 | -0.60 | 1.23 | 0.615 |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.54 | 5.58 | KRE1011219/21 | NC/SBL & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 4.0 | 1.02 | 0.510 | -0.60 | 1.17 | 0.585 | |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 5.16 | KRE1011219/2 | NC/SBL & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 4.0 | P | 1.28 | 0.640 | -0.60 | 1.47 | 0.735 |
| | | | | | | | | | S | 0.565 | 0.283 | -0.60 | 0.649 | 0.325 |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.55 | 5.58 | KRE1011219/21 | BL/S & SM | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 3.5 | P | 1.69 | 0.845 | -0.60 | 1.94 | 0.970 |
| | | | | | | | | | S | 0.722 | 0.361 | -0.60 | 0.829 | 0.415 |
| | | | | | | | | | T | 0.800 | 0.400 | -0.60 | 0.919 | 0.460 |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.58 | 5.58 | KRE1011219/2 | BL/S & SM | NiMH-NIS | Planar | 3.5 | P | 2.55 | 1.28 | -0.60 | 2.93 | 1.47 |
| | | | | | | | | | S | 1.88 | 0.940 | -0.60 | 2.16 | 1.08 |
| | | | | | | | | | T | 1.87 | 0.935 | -0.60 | 2.15 | 1.08 |
| 155.00 | Mid | 5.58 | 5.54 | KRE1011219/21 | SM AVP | NiCd-NIS | Planar | 1.3 | 3.27 | 1.64 | -0.60 | 3.75 | 1.88 | |

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT
BRAIN: 8.0 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram)
Spatial Peak - Controlled Exposure / Occupational

| | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|-----------|
| Test Date(s) | 06/20/03 | | ρ (Kg/m³) | 1000 |
| Measured Mixture Type | 150 MHz Body | | Relative Humidity | 70 % |
| Dielectric Constant | Target | Measured | Atmospheric Pressure | 100.4 kPa |
| | 61.9 (+/- 5%) | 61.2 | | |
| Conductivity | Target | Measured | Fluid Temperature | 23.4 °C |
| | 0.80 (+/- 5%) | 0.78 | | |
| Ambient Temp. | 22.8 °C | | Fluid Depth | ≥ 15 cm |

Note(s):

- If the SAR measurements performed at the middle channel were ≥ 3dB below the SAR limit; SAR evaluation for the low and high channels was optional (per FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see reference [3])).
- The ambient and fluid temperatures were measured prior to, and during, the fluid dielectric parameter check and the SAR evaluation. The temperatures listed were consistent for all measurement periods.
- The dielectric properties of the simulated body fluid were verified prior to the evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters).
- Abbreviation(s):
 IS = Intrinsically Safe
 NIS = Not Intrinsically Safe
 P = Primary Hotspot
 S = Secondary Hotspot
 NT = Nylon T-Strap (KRY1011656/1)
 LC = Leather Case (KRY1011638/1)
 SBL = Swivel Belt-Loop (KRY1011609/1)
 S = Swivel
 BL = Belt-Loop
 SM = Speaker-Microphone (KRY1011617/183R1A)
 SM AVP = Speaker-Microphone Antenna Version Plus (KRY1011617/184R1A)
- Antenna Type(s):
 Spring Whip Antenna P/N: KRE1011219/21
 Helical Coil Antenna P/N: KRE1011219/2

5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The M/A-COM INC. Model: P7100(IP) Portable VHF PTT Radio Transceiver FCC ID: OWDTR-0013-E was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (Controlled Exposure) based on the test provisions and conditions described below. Detailed photographs of the measurement setup are shown in Appendix F.

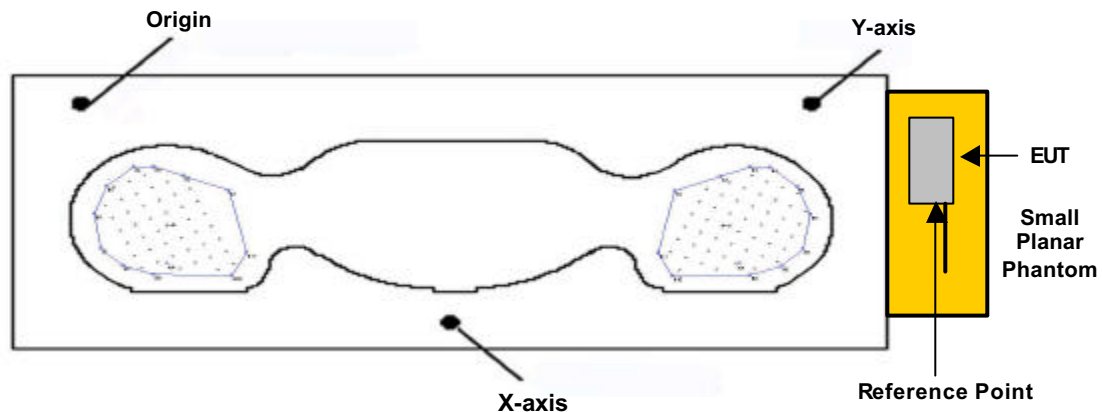
1. The body-worn SAR evaluation of the EUT was first tested with the metal belt-clip and nylon t-strap accessories based on the metal belt-clip and nylon t-strap having close peak SAR levels as worst-case configurations. The battery that yielded the highest SAR level for each antenna with the metal belt-clip accessory was then determined as worst-case for the remainder of the body-worn accessory tests. Additionally, low and high channels were tested if the SAR levels were = 3dB from the SAR limit.
2. The EUT (radio transceiver P/N: RU101219V22) was tested in a face-held configuration with the front of the device placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom and a 2.5 cm separation distance was maintained.
3. The EUT (speaker-microphone with antenna P/N: KRY1011617/84R1A, KRY1011617/184R1A) was tested in a face-held configuration with the front of the device placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom and a 2.5 cm separation distance was maintained.
4. The EUT (speaker-microphone with antenna P/N: KRY1011617/84R1A, KRY1011617/184R1A) was tested in a body-worn configuration with the back of the device placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The attached metal lapel-clip was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 1.3 cm separation distance between the back of the speaker-microphone and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
5. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the back of the radio transceiver placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The attached metal belt-clip (P/N: KRY1011647/1) was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 1.1 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
6. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the radio transceiver placed inside the nylon "T-Strap" accessory (P/N: KRY1011656/1) and the back of the EUT facing parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The back of the nylon "T-Strap" accessory was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 1.6 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
7. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the radio transceiver placed inside the leather case (P/N: KRY1011638/1) and the back of the EUT facing parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The back of the leather case (belt-loop portion) was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 1.7 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
8. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the radio transceiver placed inside the leather case (P/N: KRY1011639/1) with rear swivel clip (P/N: KRY1011608/2) attached to the belt-loop (P/N: KRY1011609/1), and the back of the EUT facing parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The back of the belt-loop was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 4.5 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
9. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the radio transceiver placed inside the nylon case (P/N: KRY1011648/1) with rear swivel clip (P/N: KRY1011608/2) attached to the belt-loop (P/N: KRY1011609/1), and the back of the EUT facing parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The back of the belt-loop was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 4.0 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
10. The EUT was tested in a body-worn configuration with the back of the radio transceiver placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. The attached belt-loop with swivel (P/N: KRY1011609/1) was touching the outer surface of the planar phantom and provided a 3.5 cm separation distance between the back of the radio transceiver and the outer surface of the planar phantom.
11. A speaker-microphone accessory (P/N: KRY1011617/83R1A, KRY1011617/183R1A) was attached to the EUT for tests #4-#9.

5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION (Cont)

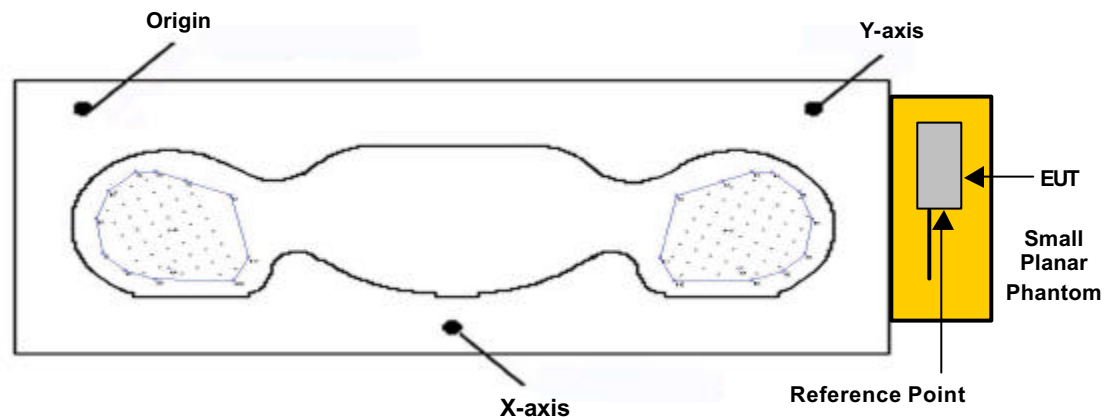
12. The EUT was evaluated for body SAR at maximum power and no turn-on delay. The conducted power levels were checked before and after each test according to the procedures described in FCC Part 2.1046. The power drift measured after each test was > 5% of the initial power measured before each test. A SAR versus time evaluation was subsequently performed over a thirty-minute period for the test configuration in which the highest power drift was measured, with the radio in a "cold" state and no turn-on delay. The SAR versus time evaluation measured a lower drift (dB) than the highest measured conducted power drift, therefore the highest measured conducted power drift (dB) was added to the measured SAR values to show worst-case results (see measured and scaled SAR values in the test data tables on pages 68). The SAR versus time evaluation plot is shown in Appendix A (SAR Test Plots).
13. The EUT was tested with the transmit button depressed and the transmitter placed in unmodulated continuous transmit mode (Continuous Wave at 100% duty cycle) throughout the SAR evaluation. This is a push-to-talk device; therefore the 50% duty cycle compensation reported assumes a transmit/receive cycle of equal time base.
14. The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (Hot Spot) was determined relative to the EUT and its antenna.
15. The EUT was tested with fully charged with intrinsically and non-intrinsically safe NiCd and NiMH batteries.

6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) using the SAM phantom.
- (ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.
- b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.
- c. Based on the area scan data, the area of maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 40 x 40 x 35 mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points.
- d. The 1g and 10g spatial peak SAR was determined as follows:
 1. The first step was an extrapolation to find the points between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom. This data cannot be measured, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm (see probe calibration document in Appendix D). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180] (see reference [6]). Through the points in the first 3 cm in all z-axis, polynomials of the fourth order were calculated. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 2. The next step used 3D-spline interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff] (see reference [6]).
 3. The maximal interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-spline interpolation algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) were interpolated to calculate the average.



**Figure 1. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning
 Radio Transceiver - Body-Worn Configuration**



**Figure 2. Phantom Reference Point & EUT Positioning
 Speaker-Microphone with Antenna - Face-Held Configuration**

7.0 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Prior to the evaluation a system performance check was performed using a planar phantom and a 300MHz dipole (see Appendix C for system validation procedure). The simulated tissue fluids were verified prior to the performance check using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer (see Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 250mW was applied to the dipole and system was verified to a tolerance of $\pm 10\%$ (see Appendix B for performance check data).

| SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| Test Date | Equiv. Tissue | Target SAR 1g (w/kg) | Measured SAR 1g (w/kg) | Dielectric Constant ϵ_r | | Conductivity σ (mho/m) | | ρ (Kg/m ³) | Ambient Temp. | Fluid Temp. | Fluid Depth |
| | | | | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | | | | |
| 06/19/02 | 300MHz (Brain) | 0.750 | 0.794 | 45.3 $\pm 5\%$ | 45.5 | 0.87 $\pm 5\%$ | 0.89 | 1000 | 23.3 °C | 22.9 °C | ≥ 15 cm |
| 06/20/02 | | | 0.799 | | 45.2 | | 0.90 | | 22.5 °C | 23.7 °C | |
| 06/21/02 | | | 0.795 | | 44.9 | | 0.90 | | 21.9 °C | 22.8 °C | |

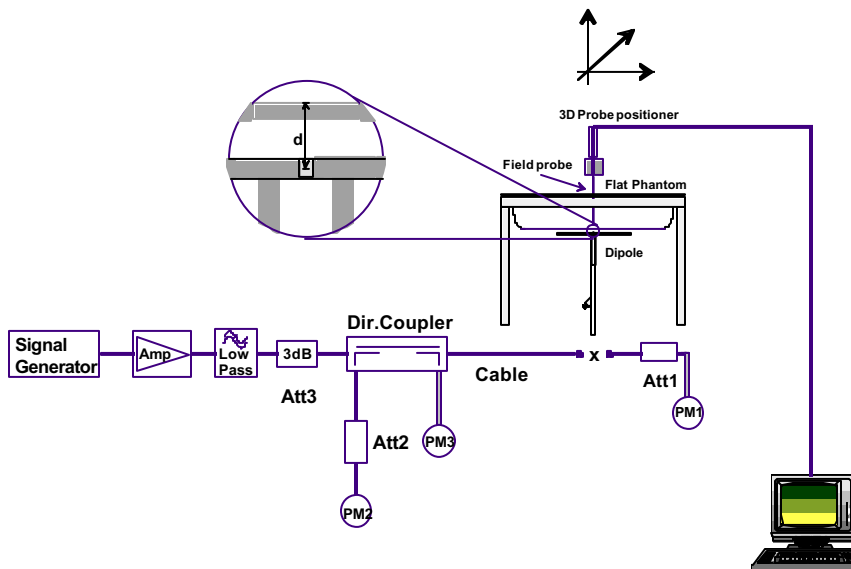


Figure 3. System Check Measurement Setup Diagram



300MHz System Check Setup Photograph

8.0 EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The brain and body tissue mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution. Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

| TISSUE MIXTURES | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| INGREDIENT | 300MHz Brain (%) (System Check) | 150MHz Brain (%) (EUT Evaluation) | 150MHz Body (%) (EUT Evaluation) |
| Water | 37.56 | 38.35 | 46.6 |
| Sugar | 55.32 | 55.5 | 49.7 |
| Salt | 5.95 | 5.15 | 2.6 |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.1 | 0.1 |

9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

| EXPOSURE LIMITS | SAR (W/kg) | |
|--|--|--|
| | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue) | 1.60 | 8.0 |
| Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications

POSITIONER: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L
Repeatability: 0.02 mm
No. of axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium III
Clock Speed: 450 MHz
Operating System: Windows NT
Data Card: DASY3 PC-Board

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY3 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing
Link to DAE3
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
serial link to robot
direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probe

Model: ET3DV6
Serial No.: 1387
Construction: Triangular core fiber optic detection system
Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Evaluation Phantom

Type: Planar Phantom (Small)
Shell Material: Plexiglas
Bottom Thickness: 2.0 mm \pm 0.1mm
Dimensions: Box: 36.5cm (L) x 22.5cm (W) x 20.3cm (H); Back Plane: 25.3cm (H)

Validation Phantom (≤ 450 MHz)

Type: Planar Phantom (Large)
Shell Material: Plexiglas
Bottom Thickness: 6.2 mm \pm 0.1mm
Dimensions: 86.0cm (L) x 39.5cm (W) x 21.8cm (H)

11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

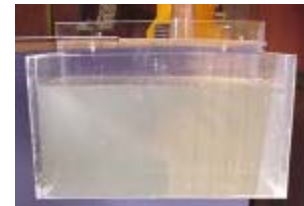
| | |
|----------------|--|
| Construction: | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol) |
| Calibration: | In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$) |
| Frequency: | 10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) |
| Directivity: | ± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynam. Rnge: | 5 μ W/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB |
| Srfce. Detect. | ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces |
| Dimensions: | Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm |
| Application: | General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone |



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

12.0 SMALL PLANAR PHANTOM

The small planar phantom is constructed of Plexiglas material with a 2.0mm shell thickness for face-held and body-worn SAR evaluations. The small planar phantom is mounted onto the outside left head section of the DASY3 system.



Small Planar Phantom

13.0 LARGE PLANAR PHANTOM

The large planar phantom is constructed of Plexiglas material with a 6.0 mm shell thickness for SAR validations at 450MHz and below. The large planar phantom is mounted in the DASY3 compact system in place of the SAM phantom.



Large Planar Phantom

14.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY3 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65° . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



Device Holder

15.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

| SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM | | |
|--|------------|------------------|
| TEST EQUIPMENT | SERIAL NO. | CALIBRATION DATE |
| Schmid & Partner DASY3 System | - | - |
| -Robot | 599396-01 | N/A |
| -ET3DV6 E-Field Probe | 1387 | Feb 2003 |
| -300MHz Validation Dipole | 135 | Oct 2002 |
| -450MHz Validation Dipole | 136 | Oct 2002 |
| -900MHz Validation Dipole | 054 | June 2003 |
| -1800MHz Validation Dipole | 247 | June 2003 |
| -2450MHz Validation Dipole | 150 | Oct 2002 |
| -SAM Phantom V4.0C | N/A | N/A |
| -Planar Phantom | N/A | N/A |
| HP 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit | N/A | N/A |
| Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter | 8650137 | April 2003 |
| Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter | 1835267 | April 2003 |
| Power Sensor 80701A | 1833542 | Feb 2003 |
| Power Sensor 80701A | 1833699 | April 2003 |
| HP E4408B Spectrum Analyzer | US39240170 | Dec 2002 |
| HP 8594E Spectrum Analyzer | 3543A02721 | April 2003 |
| HP 8753E Network Analyzer | US38433013 | May 2003 |
| HP 8648D Signal Generator | 3847A00611 | May 2003 |
| Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amplifier | 26235 | N/A |

16.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value ±% | Probability Distribution | Divisor | C _i 1g | Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g) | V _i or V _{eff} |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 4.8 | Normal | 1 | 1 | ± 4.8 | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy of the probe | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | (1-c _p) | ± 1.9 | ∞ |
| Spherical isotropy of the probe | ± 9.6 | Rectangular | √3 | (c _p) | ± 3.9 | ∞ |
| Spatial resolution | ± 0.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 0.0 | ∞ |
| Boundary effects | ± 5.5 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 3.2 | ∞ |
| Probe linearity | ± 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 2.7 | ∞ |
| Detection limit | ± 1.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout electronics | ± 1.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 | ∞ |
| Response time | ± 0.8 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 0.5 | ∞ |
| Integration time | ± 1.4 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 0.8 | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions | ± 3.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Mech. constraints of robot | ± 0.4 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | ± 2.9 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Extrapolation & integration | ± 3.9 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 2.3 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device positioning | ± 6.0 | Normal | √3 | 1 | ± 6.7 | 12 |
| Device holder uncertainty | ± 5.0 | Normal | √3 | 1 | ± 5.9 | 8 |
| Power drift | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | | ± 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | ± 4.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | ± 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (measured) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (target) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (measured) | ± 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | ± 1.7 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | ± 13.3 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | ± 26.6 | |

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528 (Draft - see reference [5])

17.0 REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices", Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.
- [2] Health Canada, "Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz", Safety Code 6.
- [3] Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- [4] Industry Canada, "Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields", Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional): September 1999.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, "DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".
- [6] W. Gander, *Computermathematick*, Birkhaeuser, Basel: 1992.

APPENDIX B - SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK DATA

Dipole 300 MHz

Large Planar Phantom; Planar Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(7.90,7.90,7.90); Crest factor: 1.0; 300 MHz Brain: $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 45.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

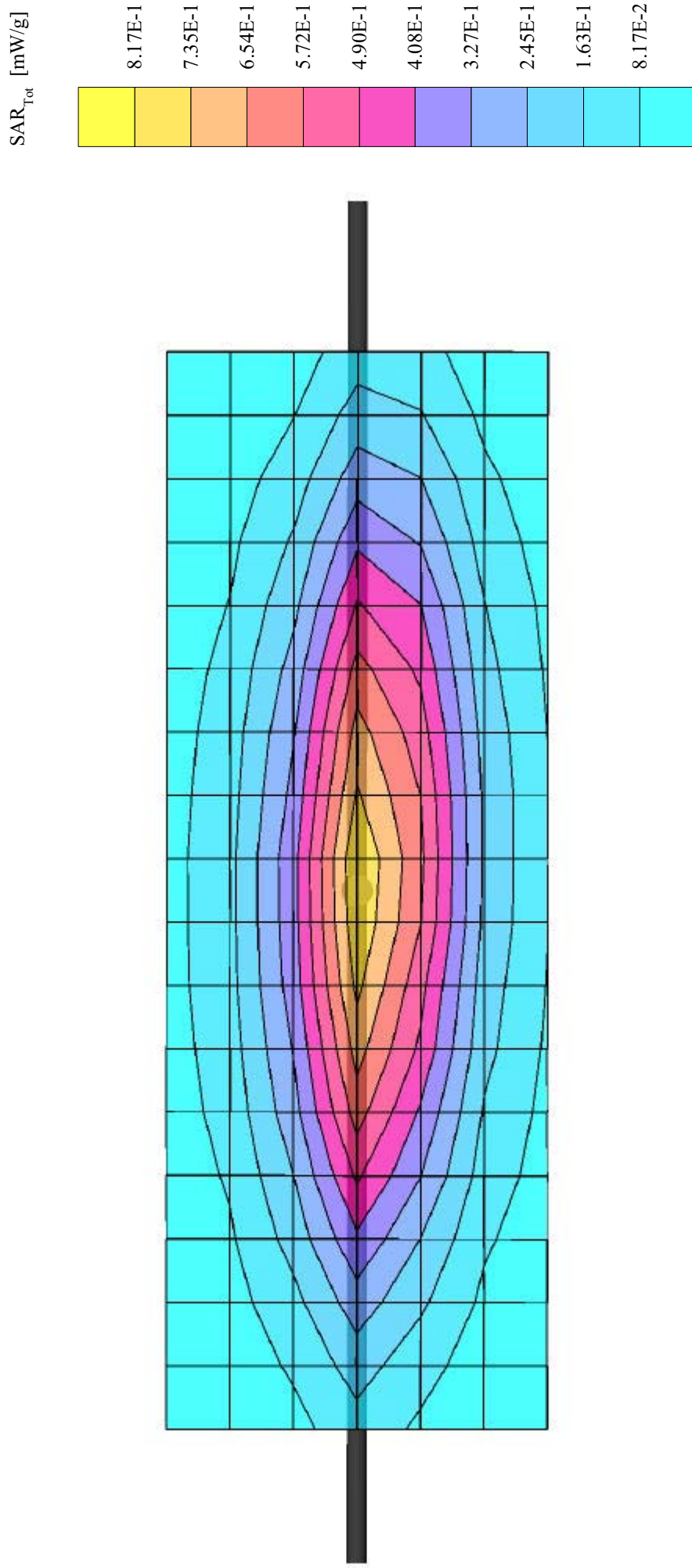
Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 1.29 mW/g, SAR (1g): 0.794 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.520 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.2 (10.2, 14.8) [mm]; Ambient Temp. 23.3°C; Fluid Temp. 22.9°C

Powerdrift: 0.02 dB

Date Tested: June 19, 2003

Conducted Power: 250 mW



Dipole 300 MHz

Large Planar Phantom; Planar Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(7.90,7.90,7.90); Crest factor: 1.0; 300 MHz Brain: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 45.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

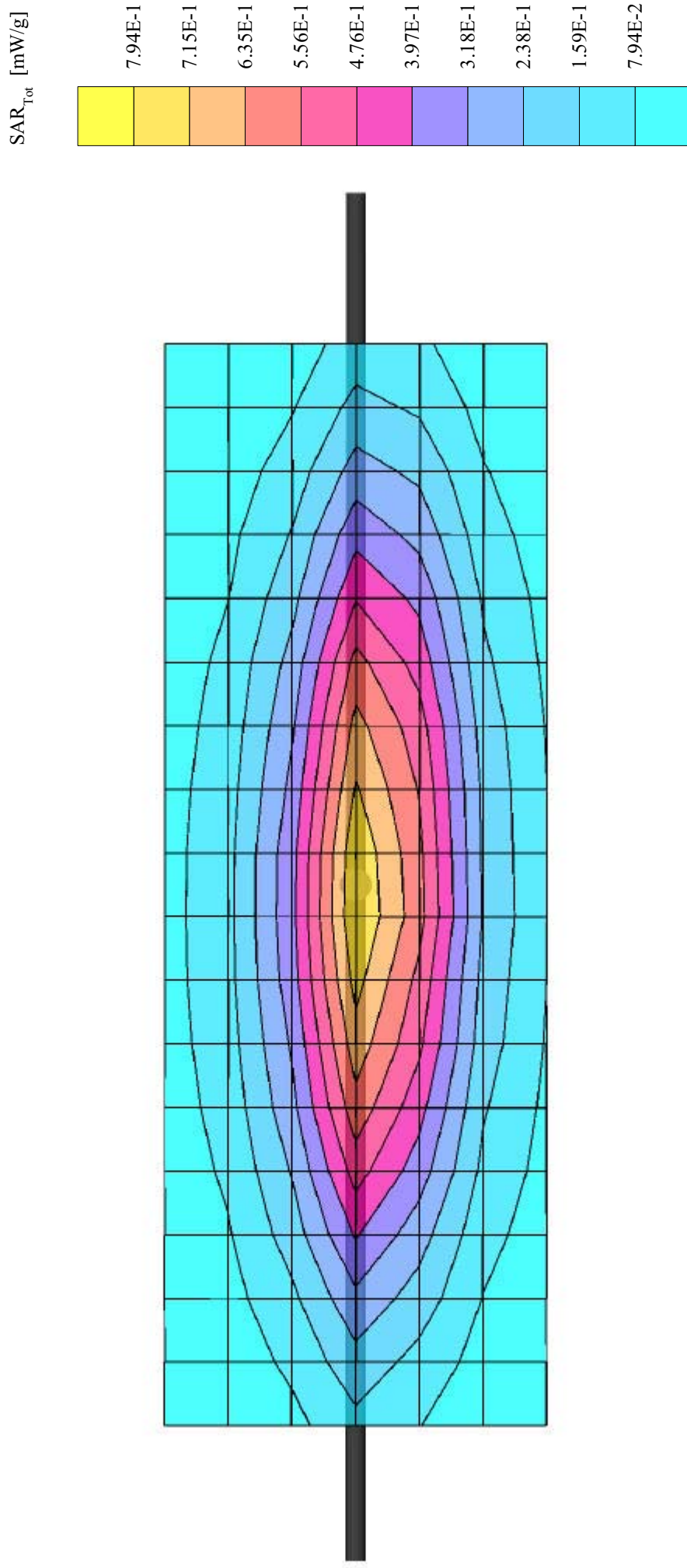
Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 1.27 mW/g, SAR (1g): 0.799 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.524 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.3 (10.6, 14.5) [mm]; Ambient Temp. 22.5°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB

Date Tested: June 20, 2003

Forward Conducted Power: 250 mW



Dipole 300 MHz

Large Phantom Phantom; Planar Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(7.90,7.90,7.90); Crest factor: 1.0; Brain 300 MHz: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 44.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

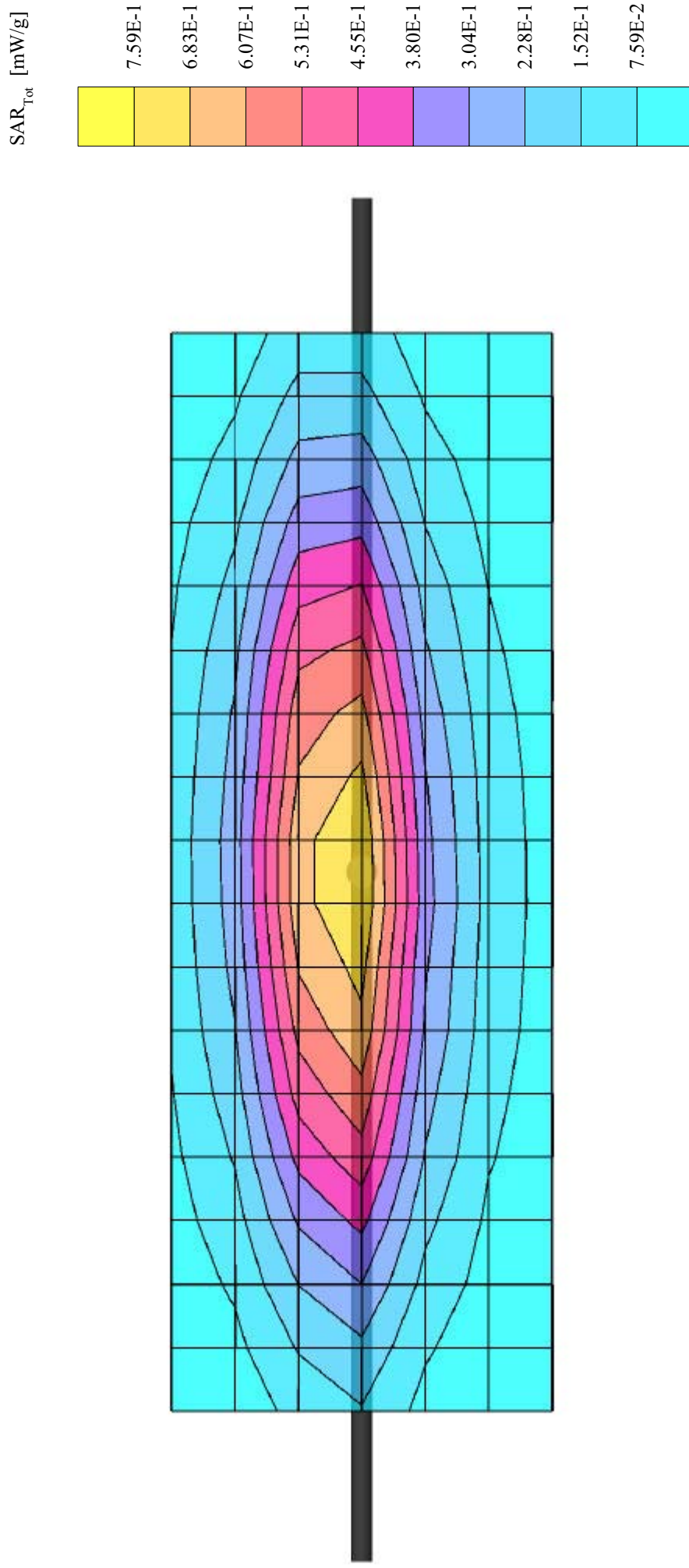
Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 1.31 mW/g, SAR (1g): 0.795 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.516 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.0 (9.9, 14.9) [mm]; Ambient Temp. 21.9°C; Fluid Temp. 22.8°C

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB

Date Tested: June 21, 2003

Conducted Power: 250 mW



APPENDIX C - SYSTEM VALIDATION

300MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Type:

300MHz Validation Dipole

Serial Number:

135

Place of Calibration:

Celltech Research Inc.

Date of Calibration:

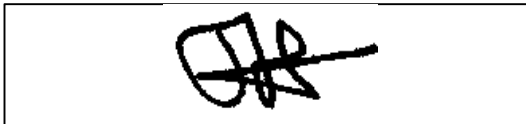
October 15, 2002

Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.

Calibrated by:



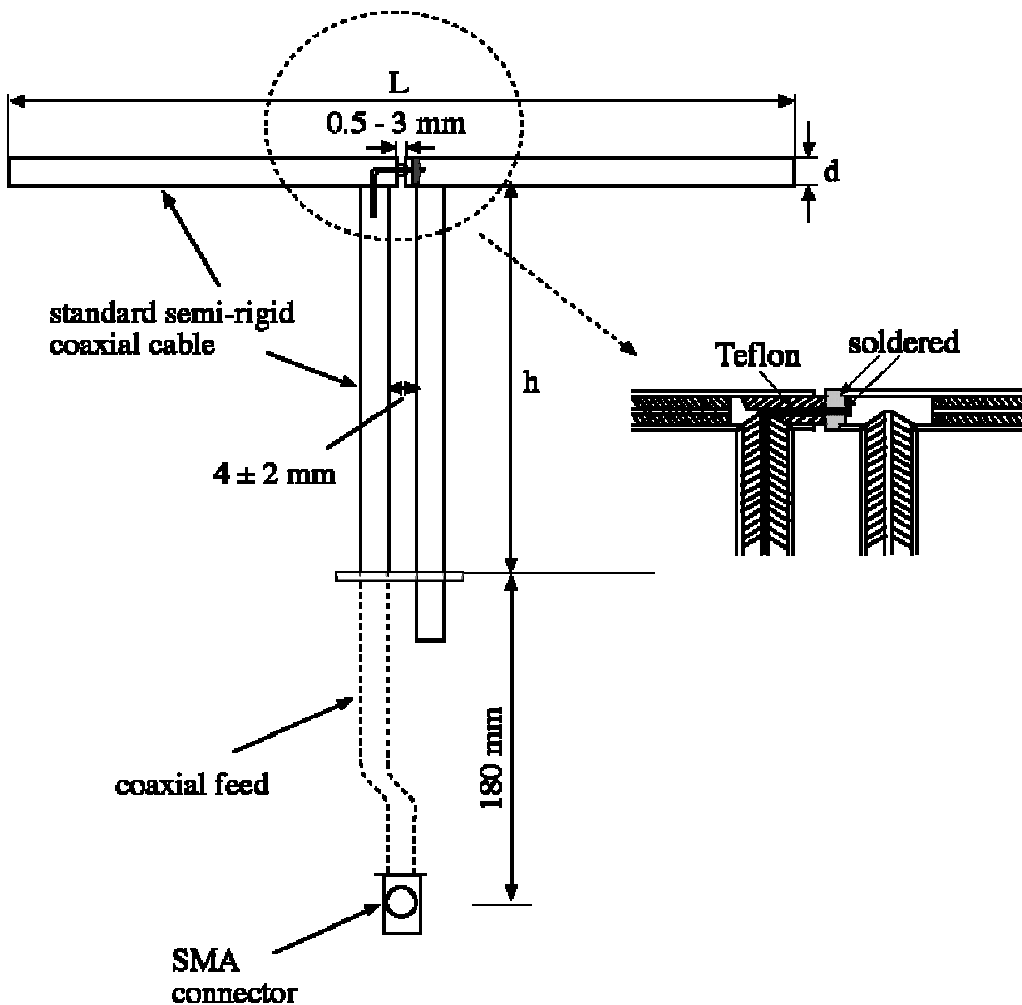
Approved by:



1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics

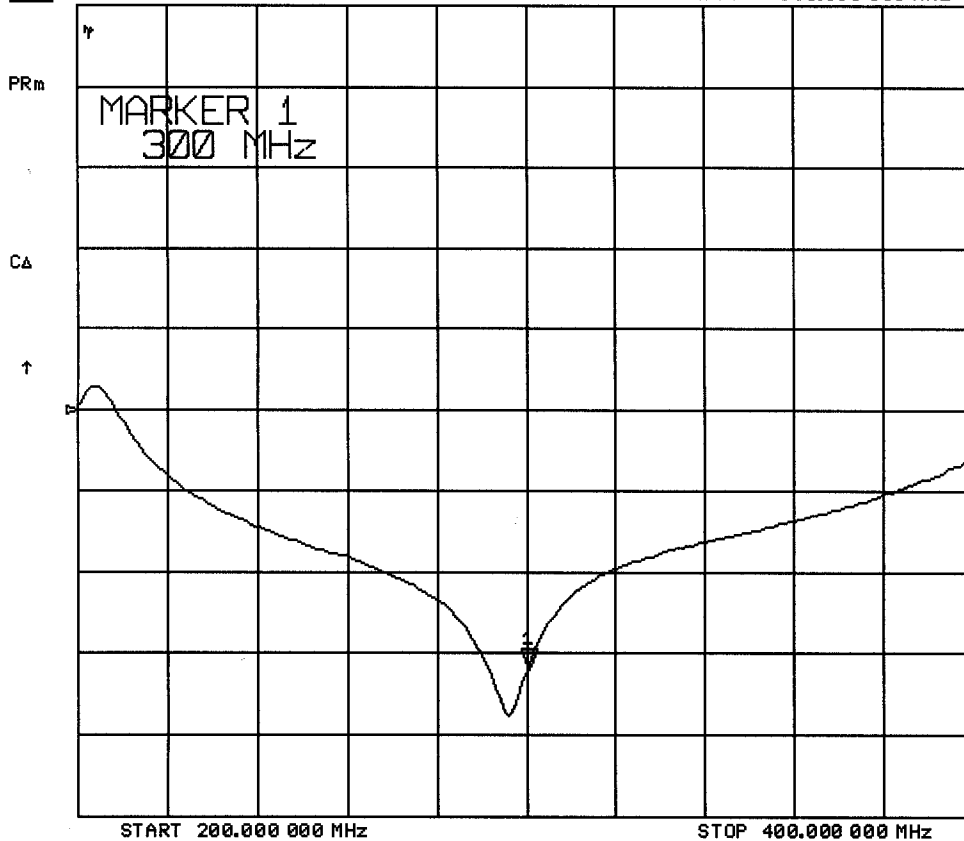
The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques". The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 15.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Feed point impedance at 300MHz | $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 47.639\Omega$ $\text{Im}\{Z\} = 0.5781\Omega$ |
| Return Loss at 300MHz | -32.091dB |



15 Oct 2002 15:39:01

[CH1] S11 LOG 10 dB/REF 0 dB 1:-32.091 dB 300.000 000 MHz



15 Oct 2002 15:38:28

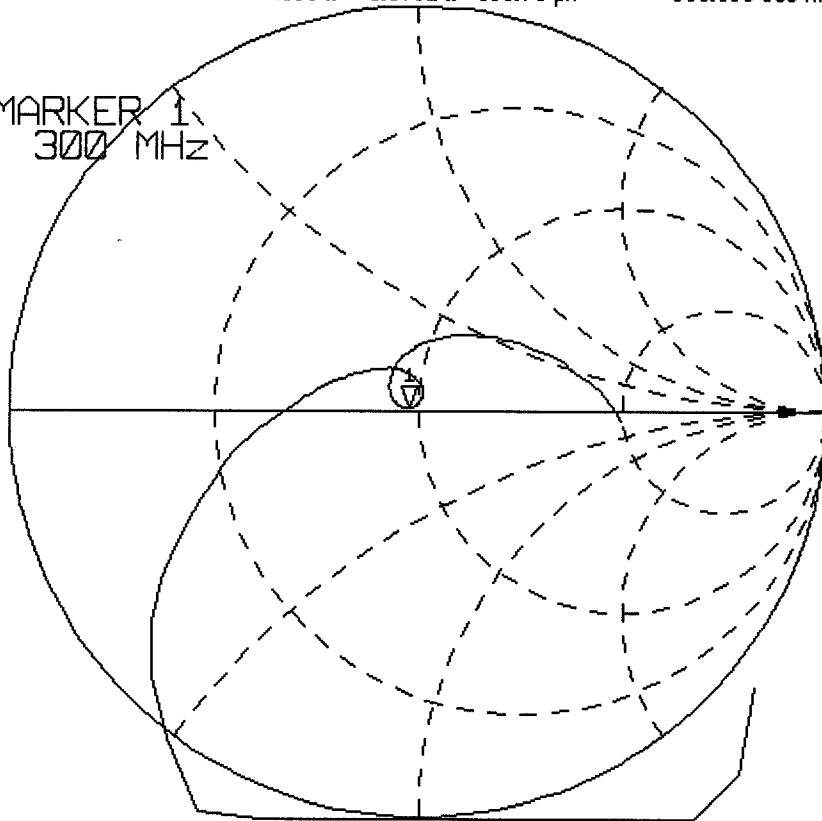
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 47.639 Ω 0.5781 Ω 306.70 μ H 300.000 000 MHz

PRM

MARKER 1
300 MHz

CA

↑



START 200.000 000 MHz

STOP 400.000 000 MHz

Validation Dipole Dimensions

| Frequency (MHz) | L (mm) | h (mm) | d (mm) |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 300 | 420.0 | 250.0 | 6.2 |
| 450 | 288.0 | 167.0 | 6.2 |
| 835 | 161.0 | 89.8 | 3.6 |
| 900 | 149.0 | 83.3 | 3.6 |
| 1450 | 89.1 | 51.7 | 3.6 |
| 1800 | 72.0 | 41.7 | 3.6 |
| 1900 | 68.0 | 39.5 | 3.6 |
| 2000 | 64.5 | 37.5 | 3.6 |
| 2450 | 51.8 | 30.6 | 3.6 |
| 3000 | 41.5 | 25.0 | 3.6 |

2. Validation Phantom

The validation phantom was constructed using relatively low-loss tangent Plexiglas material. The dimensions of the phantom are as follows:

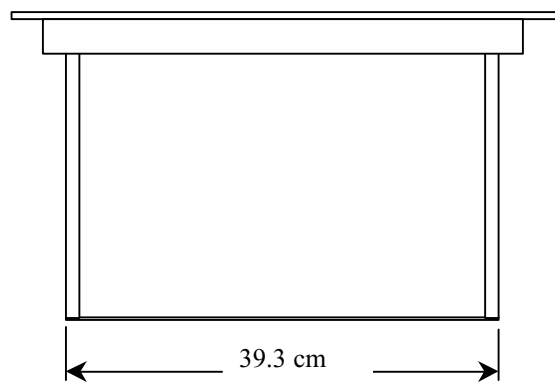
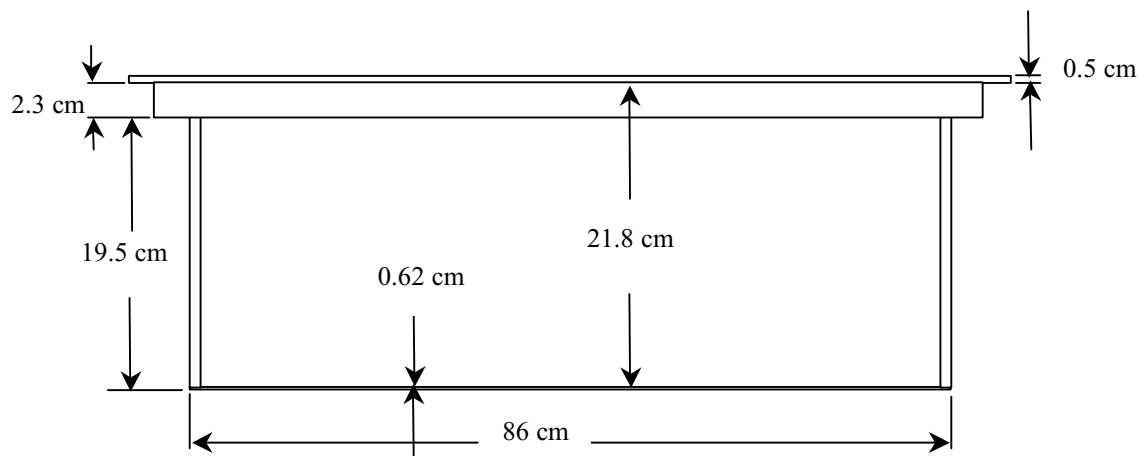
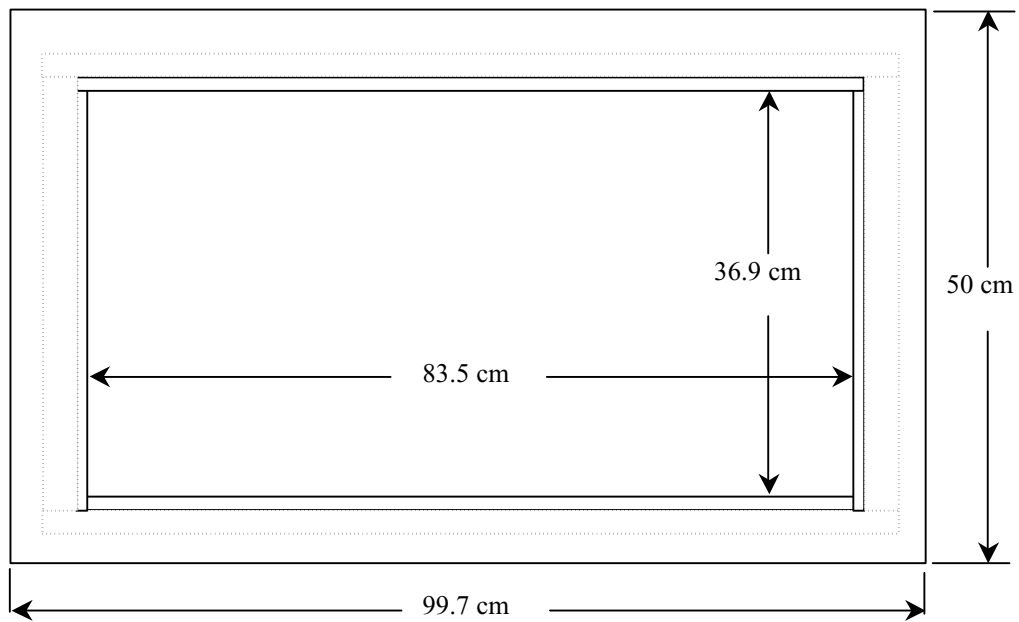
Length: 83.5 cm

Width: 36.9 cm

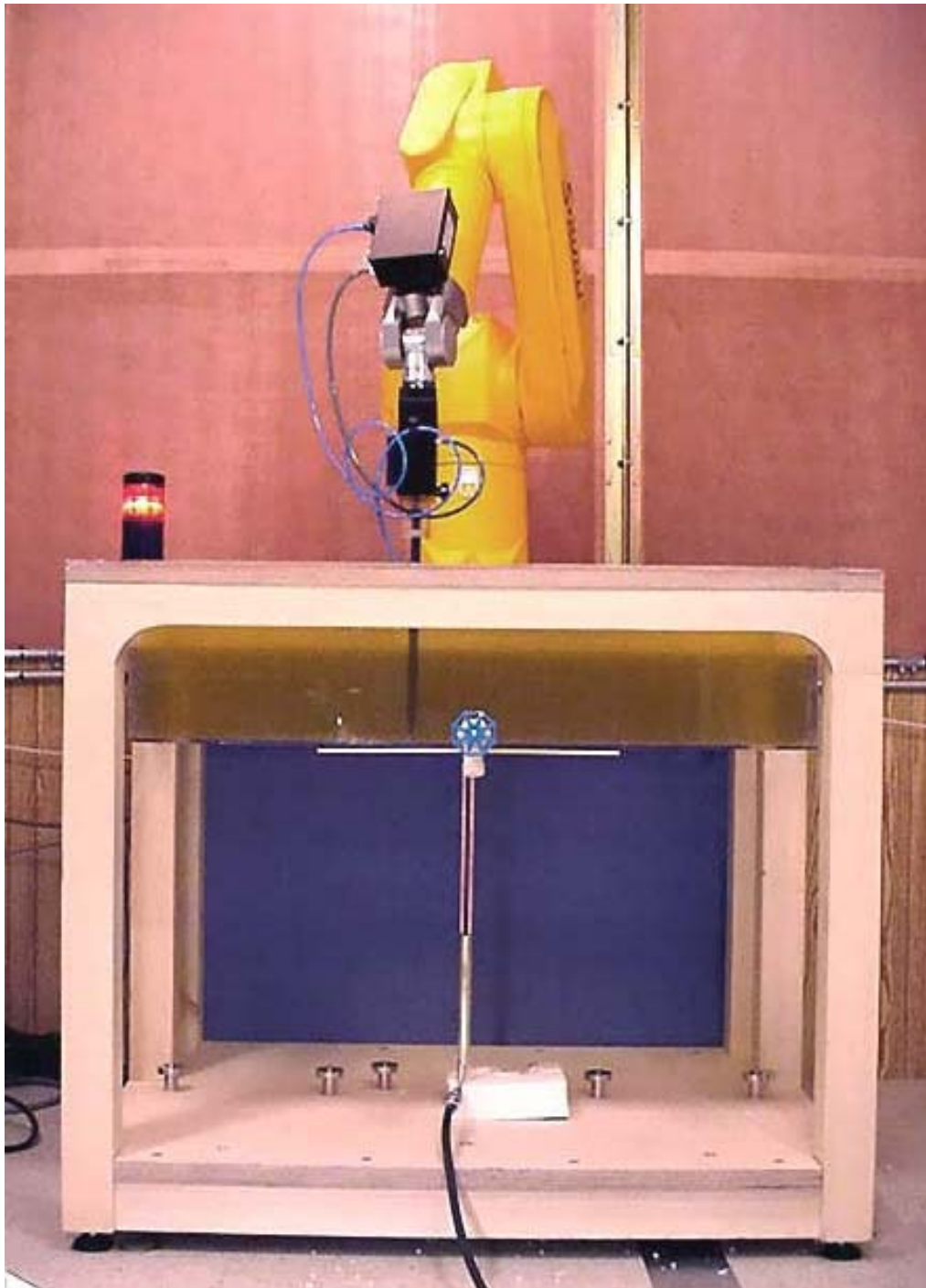
Height: 21.8 cm

The bottom of the phantom is constructed of 6.2 ± 0.1 mm Plexiglas.

Dimensions of Plexiglas Planar Phantom



300MHz System Validation Setup



300MHz System Validation Setup



3. Measurement Conditions

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 300MHz:

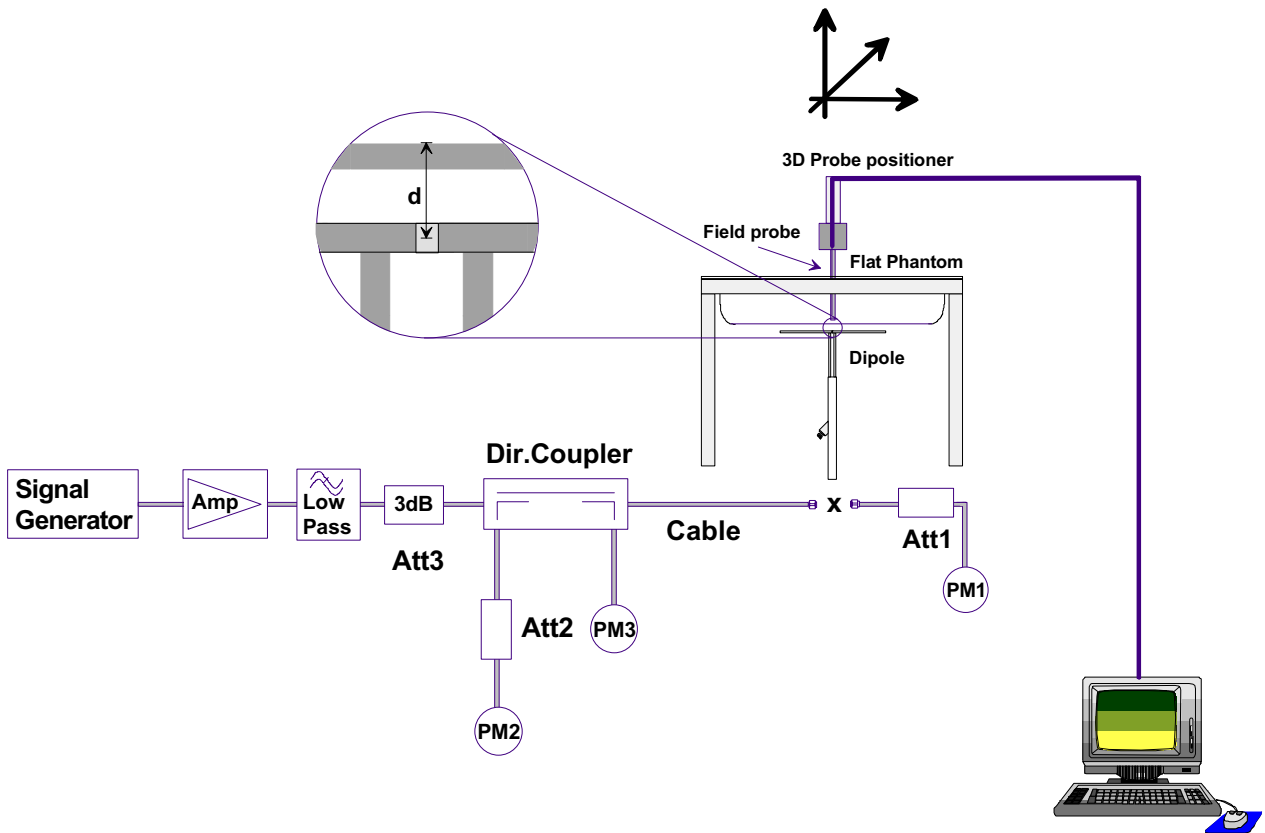
| | |
|------------------------|------------|
| Relative Permittivity: | 45.3 |
| Conductivity: | 0.90 mho/m |
| Ambient Temperature: | 23.3°C |
| Fluid Temperature: | 23.0°C |
| Fluid Depth: | ≥ 15cm |

The 300MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

| Ingredient | Percentage by weight |
|---|--|
| Water | 37.56% |
| Sugar | 55.32% |
| Salt | 5.95% |
| HEC | 0.98% |
| Dowicil 75 | 0.19% |
| 300MHz Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C | $\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ S/m}$ |

4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First the power meter **PM1** (including attenuator **Att1**) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (**X**). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of **Att1**) as read by power meter **PM2**. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter **PM2**. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at **PM2** must be taken into consideration. **PM3** records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

Validation Dipole SAR Test Results

| Validation Measurement | SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g | SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g | SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g | SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g | Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Test 1 | 0.755 | 3.02 | 0.496 | 1.98 | 1.21 |
| Test 2 | 0.757 | 3.03 | 0.497 | 1.99 | 1.22 |
| Test 3 | 0.750 | 3.00 | 0.493 | 1.97 | 1.21 |
| Test 4 | 0.763 | 3.05 | 0.500 | 2.00 | 1.23 |
| Test 5 | 0.769 | 3.08 | 0.505 | 2.02 | 1.24 |
| Test 6 | 0.755 | 3.02 | 0.496 | 1.98 | 1.21 |
| Test 7 | 0.718 | 2.87 | 0.472 | 1.89 | 1.16 |
| Test 8 | 0.730 | 2.92 | 0.479 | 1.92 | 1.18 |
| Test 9 | 0.717 | 2.87 | 0.471 | 1.88 | 1.15 |
| Test10 | 0.726 | 2.90 | 0.477 | 1.91 | 1.17 |
| Average Value | 0.744 | 2.98 | 0.488 | 1.95 | 1.20 |

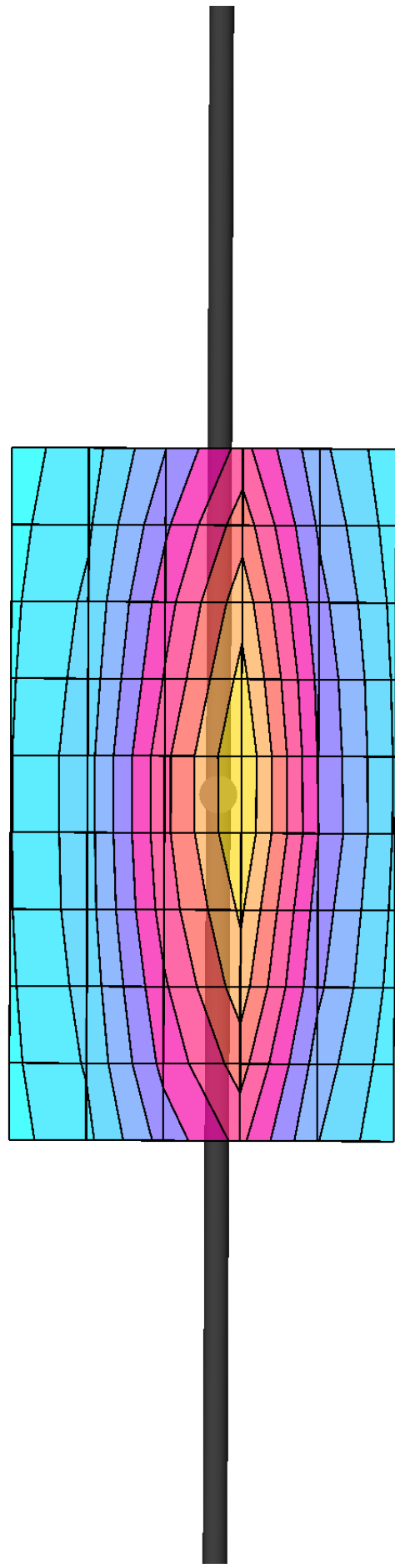
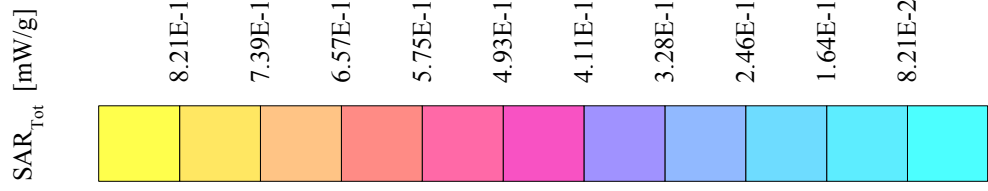
The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 2.98 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue: 1.95 mW/g

Dipole 300 MHz

Frequency: 300 MHz; Conducted Input Power: 250 [mW]
Large Planar Phantom; Planar Section
Probe: ET3DV6 - SNI387; ConvF(8.00,8.00,8.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 300 MHz Brain: $\sigma = 0.90$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cubes (10): Peak: 1.20 mW/g ± 0.16 dB, SAR (1g): 0.744 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, SAR (10g): 0.488 mW/g ± 0.15 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Penetration depth: 12.3 (10.4, 14.7) [mm]; Powerdrift: 0.01 dB; Ambient Temp.: 23.3°C; Fluid Temp.: 23.0°C
Calibration Date: October 15, 2002



300MHz System Validation

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

October 15, 2002

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 200.000000 MHz | 49.2984 | 73.0807 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 48.7479 | 70.3637 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 48.4051 | 67.9145 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 47.9112 | 65.6173 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 47.3854 | 63.6189 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 47.0619 | 61.6629 |
| 260.000000 MHz | 46.6549 | 60.0248 |
| 270.000000 MHz | 46.2913 | 58.4424 |
| 280.000000 MHz | 45.9411 | 56.9567 |
| 290.000000 MHz | 45.6495 | 55.4516 |
| 300.000000 MHz | 45.3231 | 54.0358 |
| 310.000000 MHz | 44.9246 | 52.8278 |
| 320.000000 MHz | 44.6796 | 51.6396 |
| 330.000000 MHz | 44.3563 | 50.4677 |
| 340.000000 MHz | 44.0723 | 49.4102 |
| 350.000000 MHz | 43.7189 | 48.3852 |
| 360.000000 MHz | 43.4393 | 47.4561 |
| 370.000000 MHz | 43.2292 | 46.5343 |
| 380.000000 MHz | 43.0035 | 45.6962 |
| 390.000000 MHz | 42.7120 | 44.8767 |
| 400.000000 MHz | 42.5081 | 44.1512 |

APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION

Client **Celltech Labs**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **ET3DV6 - SN: 1387**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 26, 2003**


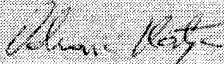
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Model Type | ID # | Cal Date | Scheduled Calibration |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| RF generator HP 8684C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) | In house check: Aug-05 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 8-Mar-02 | Mar-03 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092180 | 18-Sep-02 | Sep-03 |
| Power meter EPM E4419B | GB41293874 | 13-Sep-02 | Sep-03 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US38432426 | 3-May-00 | In house check: May 03 |
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803 | 3-Sep-01 | Sep-03 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Calibrated by: | Nico Vetterli | Technician |  |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Laboratory Director |  |

Date issued: February 26, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Manufactured: | September 21, 1999 |
| Last calibration: | February 22, 2002 |
| Recalibrated: | February 26, 2003 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

Sensitivity in Free Space

| | |
|-------|---|
| NormX | 1.55 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormY | 1.65 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormZ | 1.64 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |

Diode Compression

| | | |
|-------|-----------|----|
| DCP X | 92 | mV |
| DCP Y | 92 | mV |
| DCP Z | 92 | mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

| | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Head | 900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Head | 835 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| ConvF X | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: | |
| ConvF Y | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha | 0.37 |
| ConvF Z | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth | 2.61 |
| Head | 1800 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Head | 1900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| ConvF X | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: | |
| ConvF Y | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha | 0.50 |
| ConvF Z | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth | 2.73 |

Boundary Effect

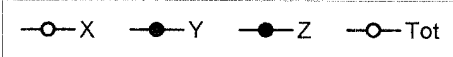
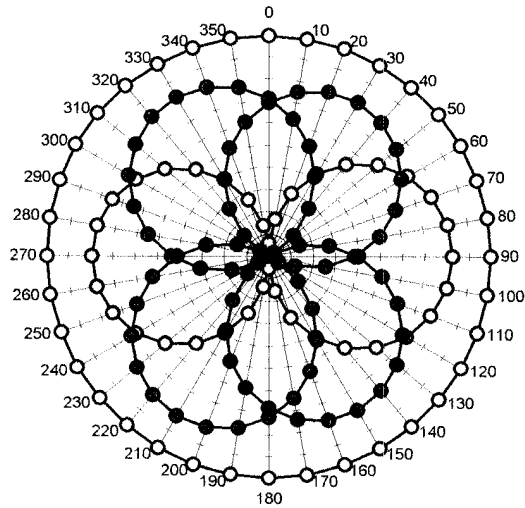
| | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Head | 900 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm | |
| Probe Tip to Boundary | | 1 mm | 2 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 10.2 | 5.9 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| Head | 1800 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm | |
| Probe Tip to Boundary | | 1 mm | 2 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 14.6 | 9.8 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.0 |

Sensor Offset

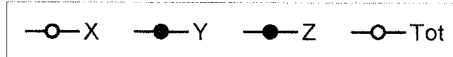
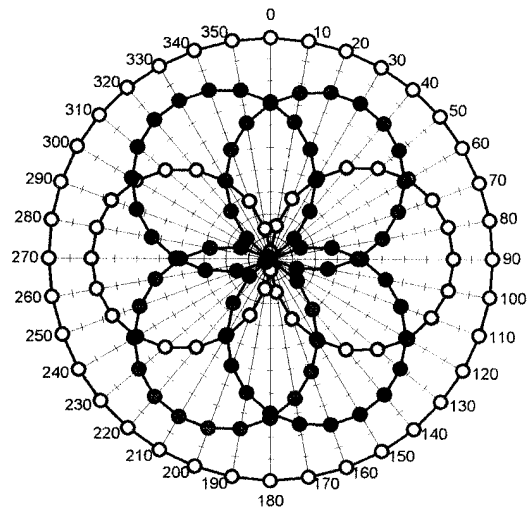
| | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----|
| Probe Tip to Sensor Center | 2.7 | mm |
| Optical Surface Detection | 1.4 \pm 0.2 | mm |

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

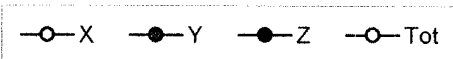
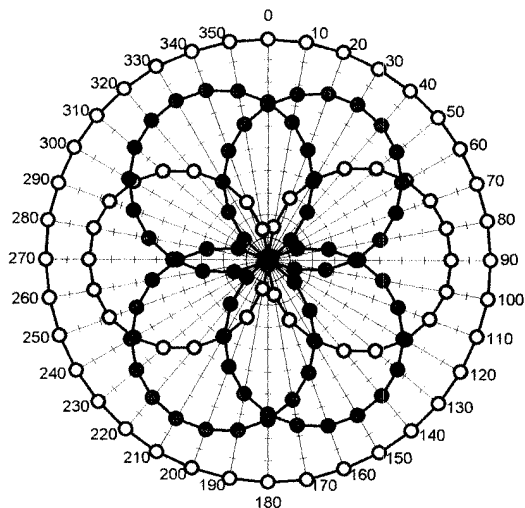
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



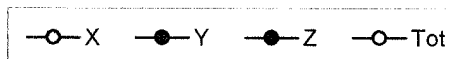
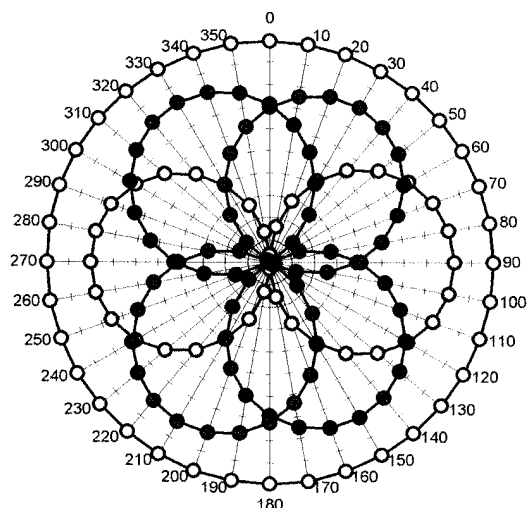
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110

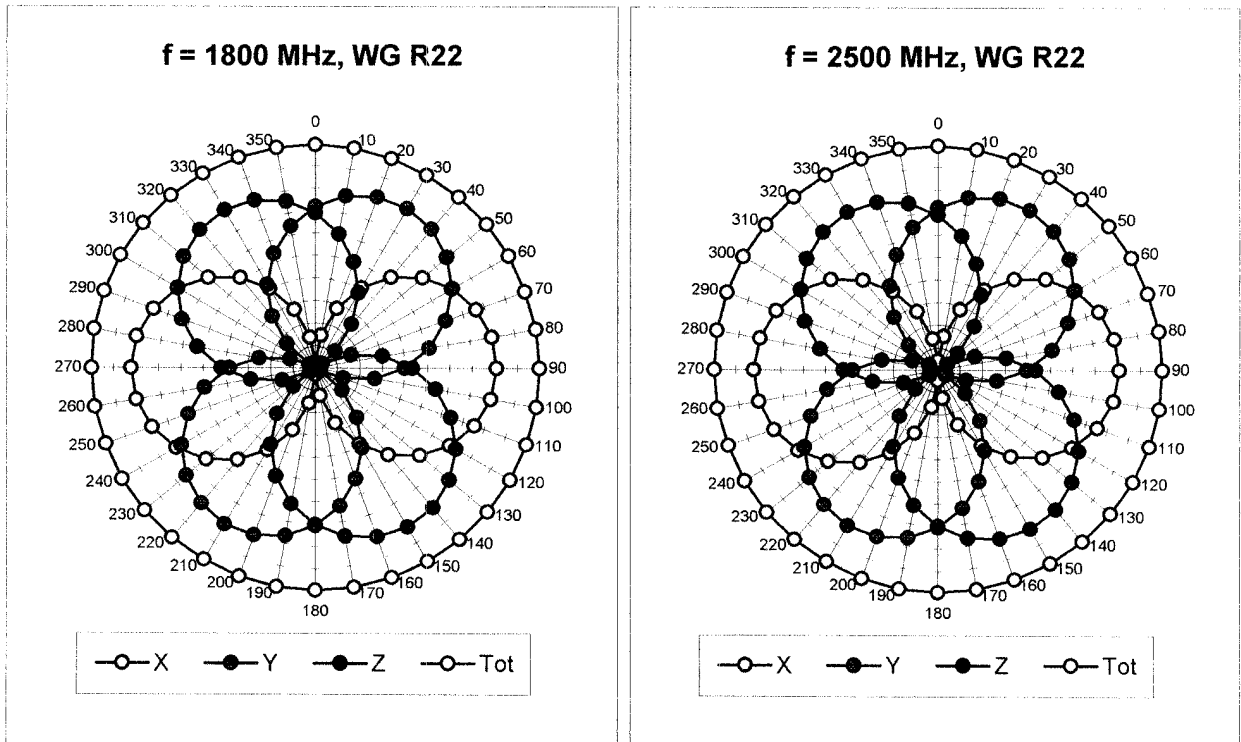


f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110

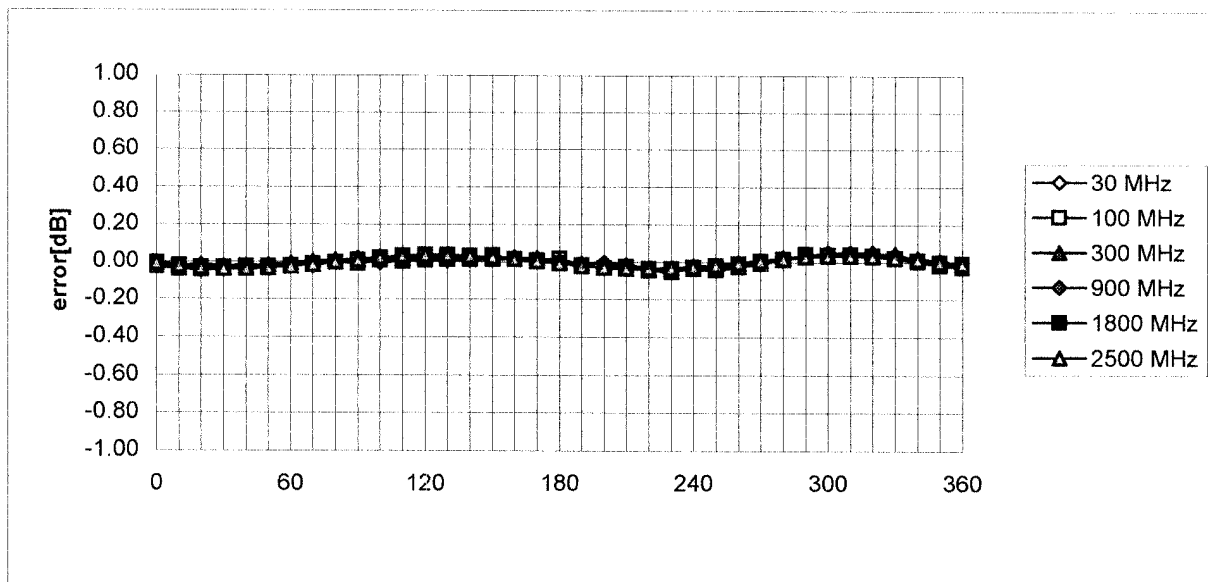


f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110



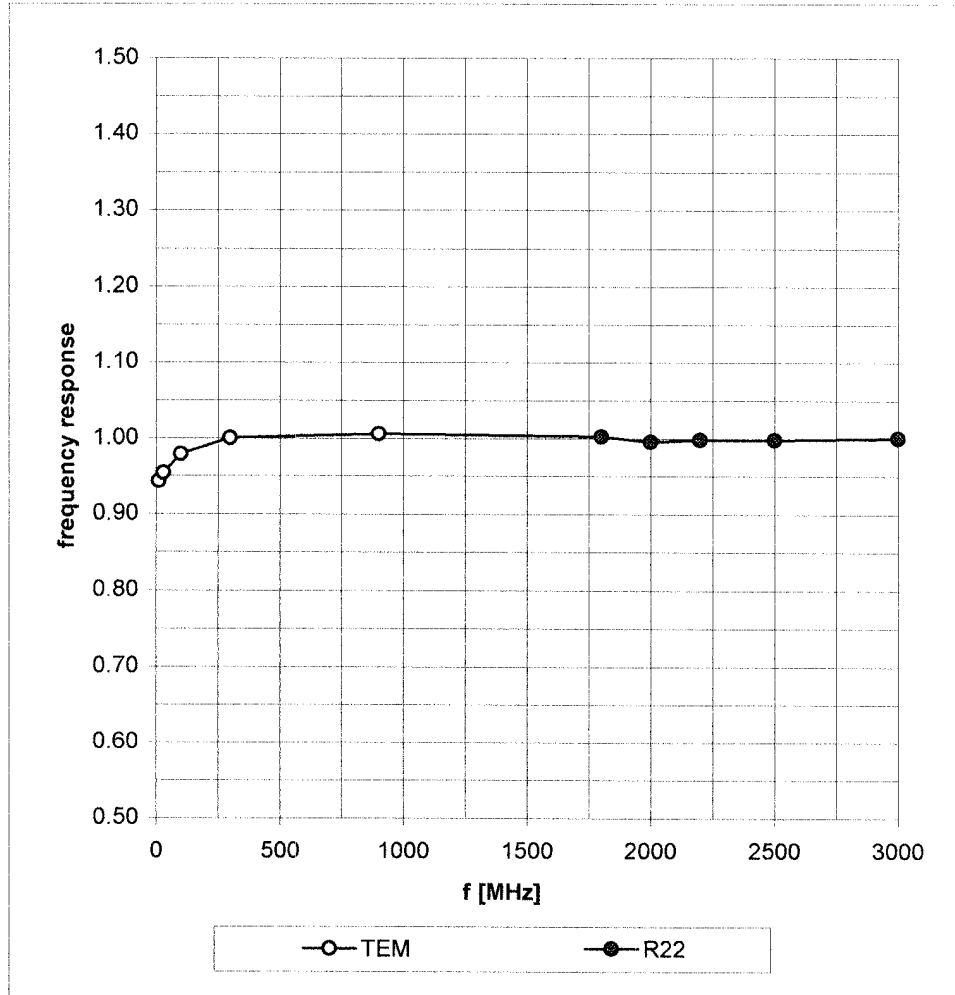


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

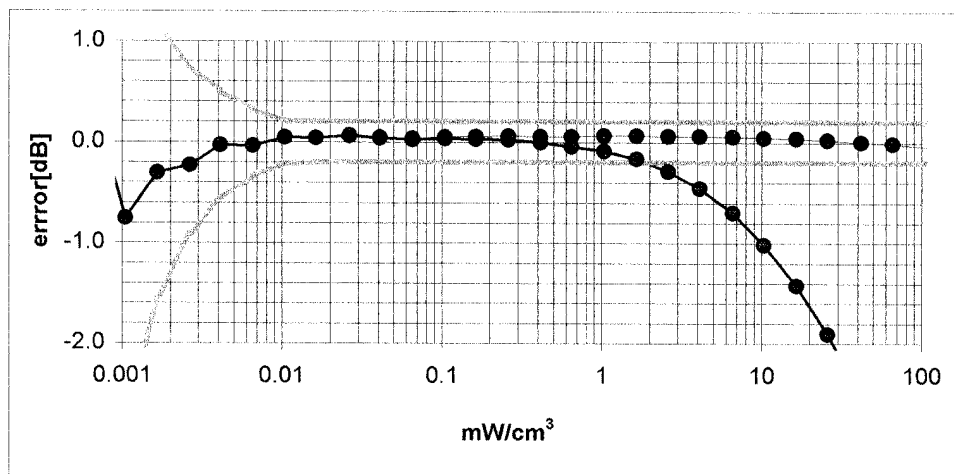
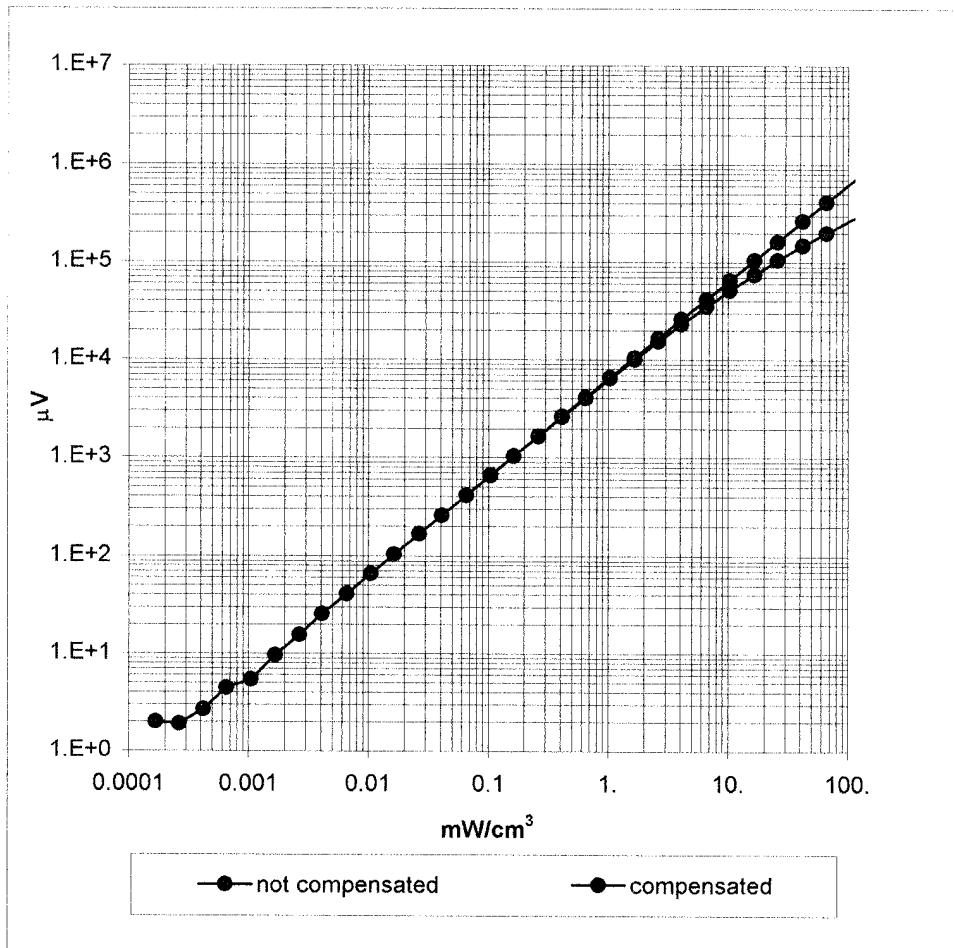


Frequency Response of E-Field

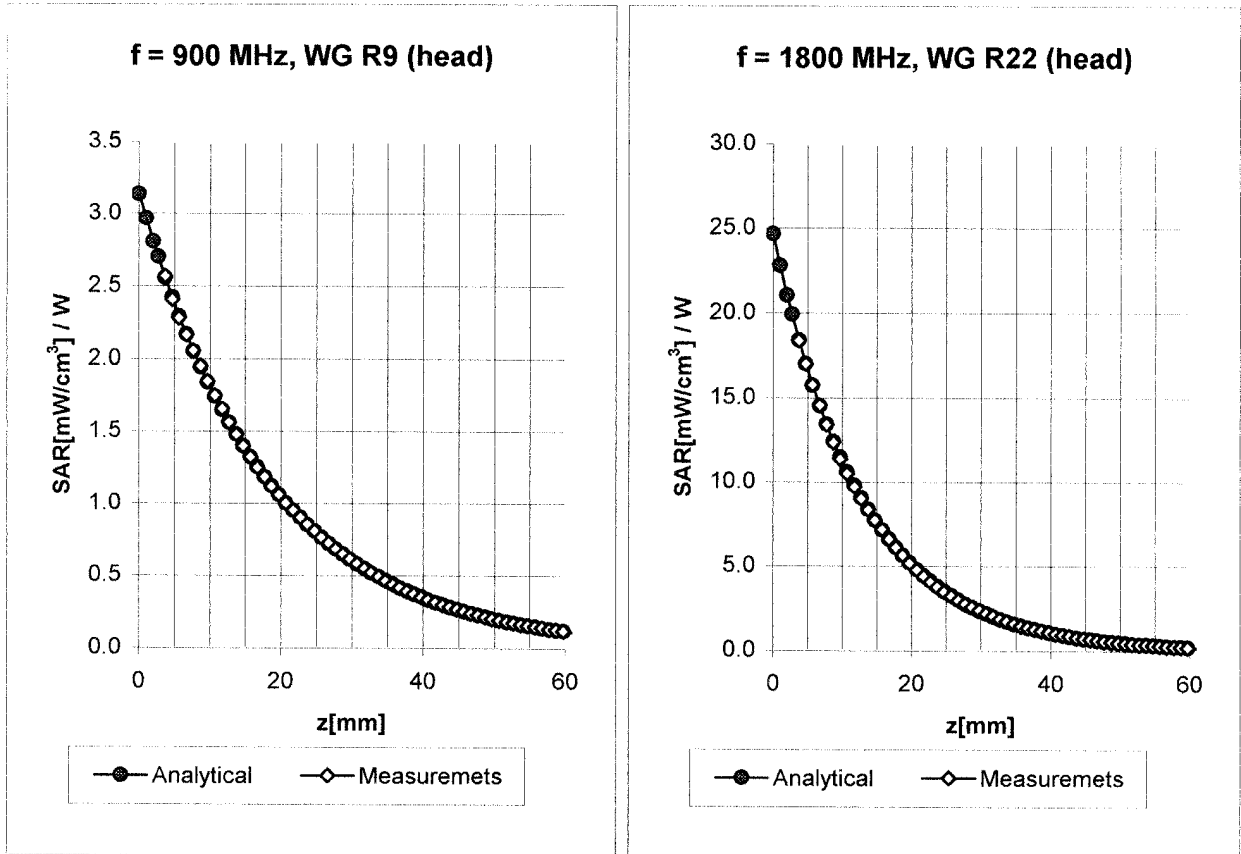
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain}) (Waveguide R22)

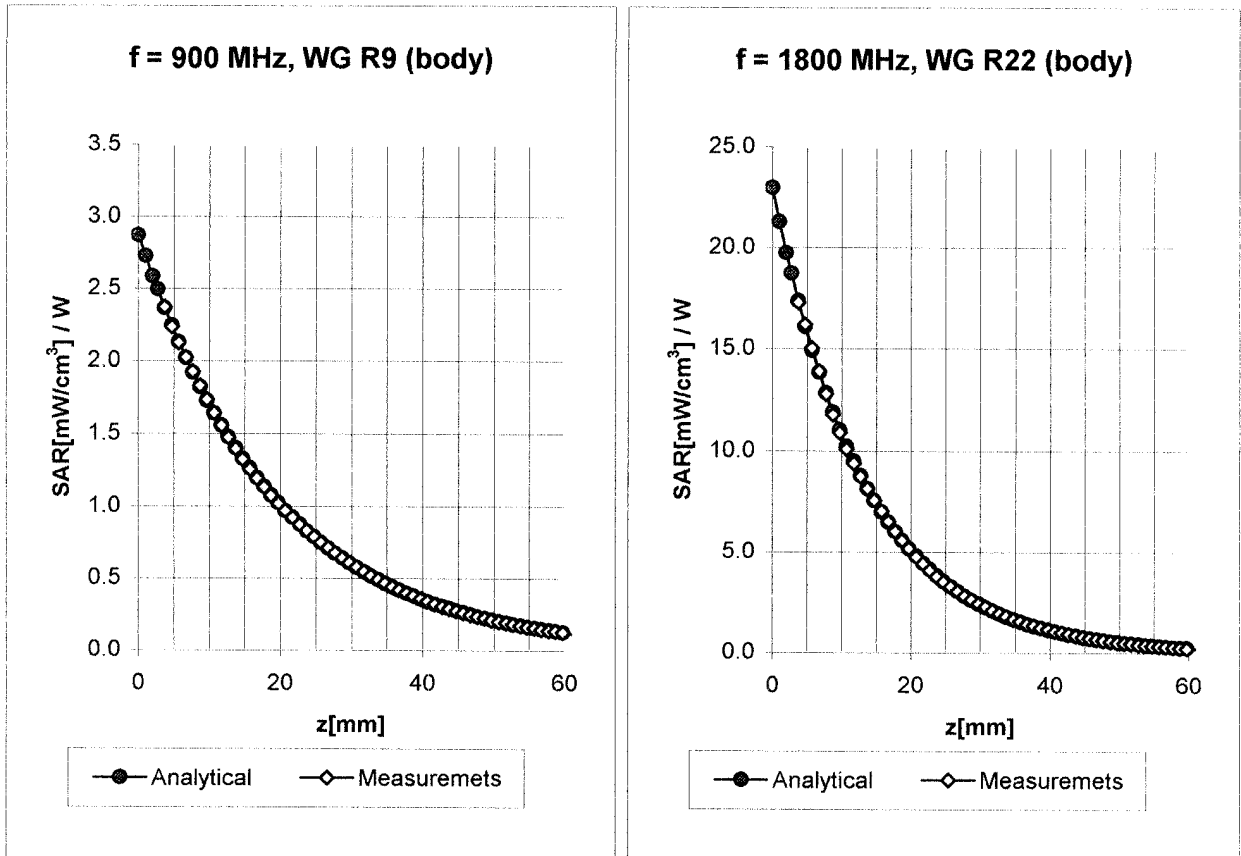


Conversion Factor Assessment



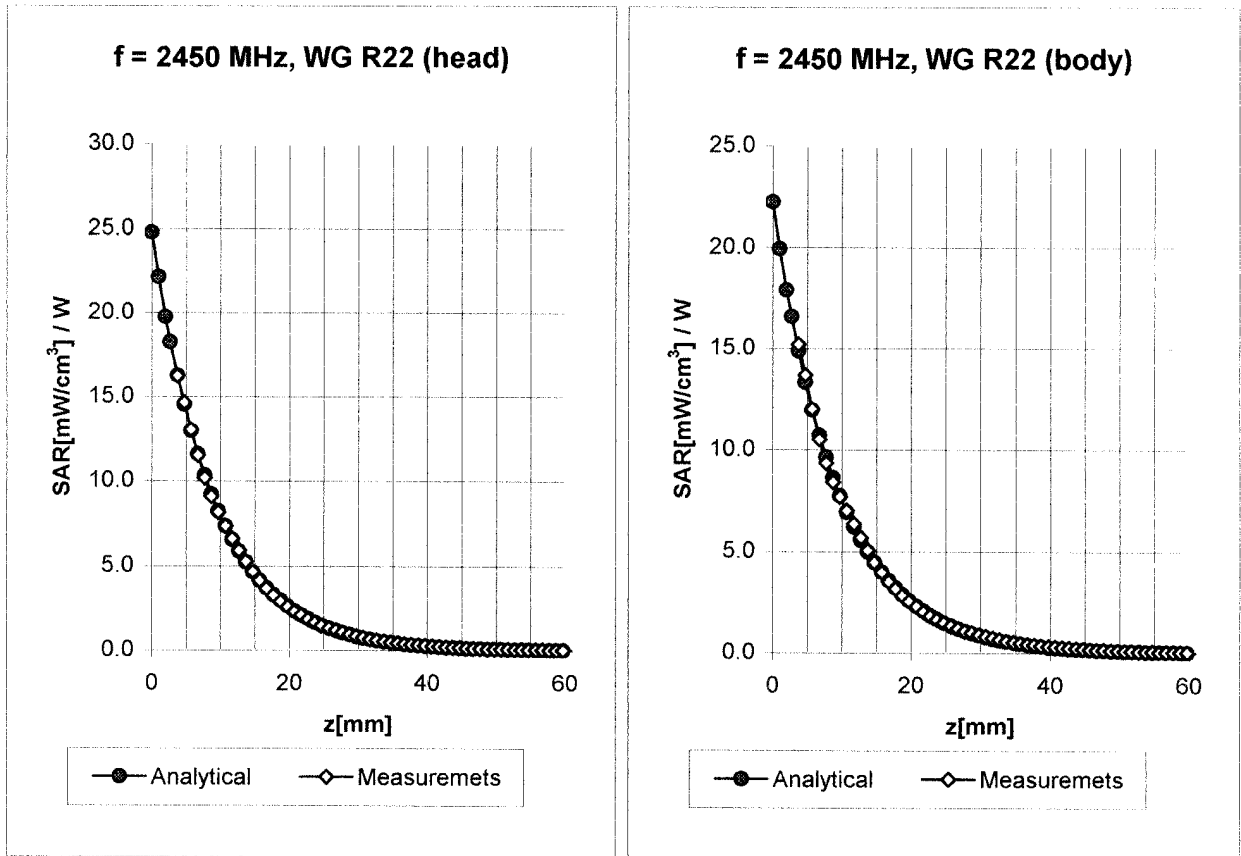
| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Head | 900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Head | 835 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| | ConvF X | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha 0.37 |
| | ConvF Z | 6.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth 2.61 |
| | | | |
| Head | 1800 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Head | 1900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| | ConvF X | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha 0.50 |
| | ConvF Z | 5.2 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth 2.73 |

Conversion Factor Assessment



| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Body | 900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Body | 835 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| | ConvF X | 6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha 0.45 |
| | ConvF Z | 6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth 2.35 |
| | | | |
| Body | 1800 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Body | 1900 MHz | $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| | ConvF X | 4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Alpha 0.60 |
| | ConvF Z | 4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2) | Depth 2.59 |

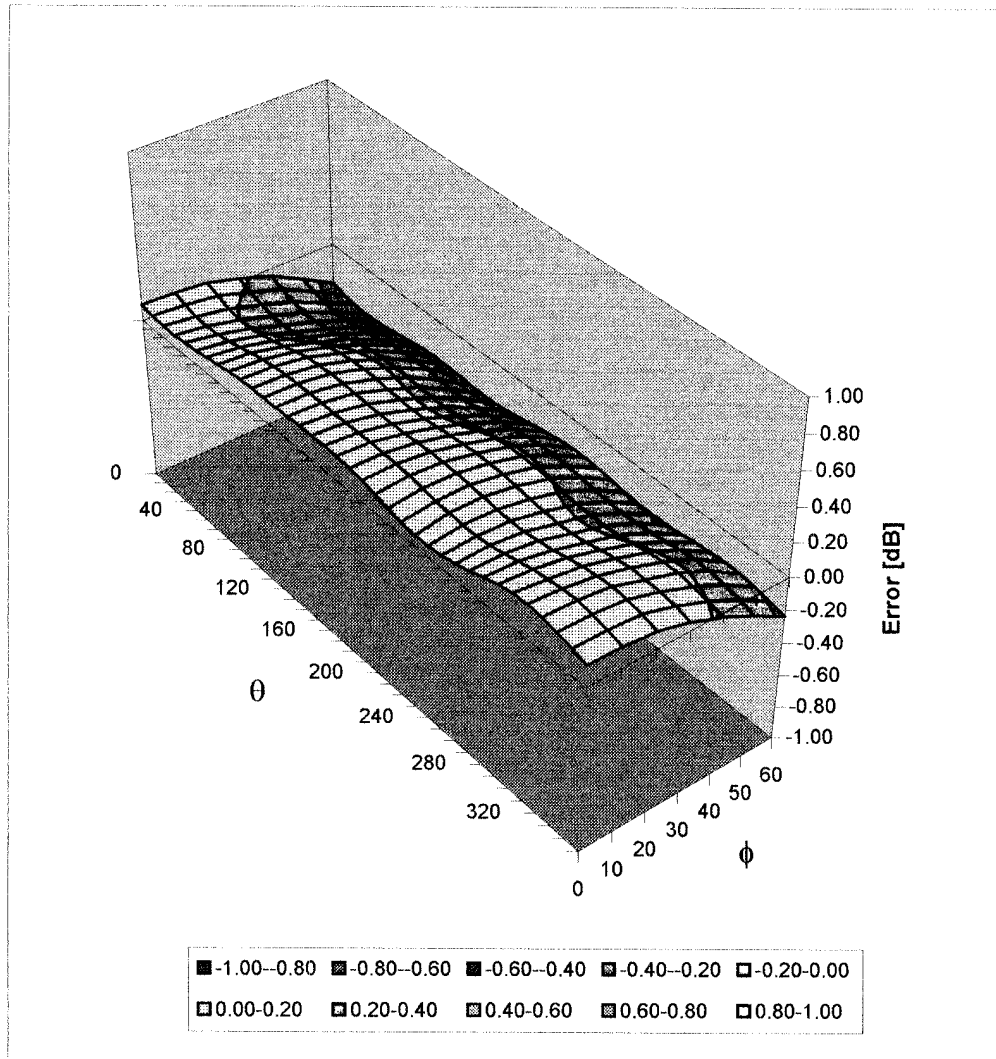
Conversion Factor Assessment



| | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Head | 2450 | MHz | $\epsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\%$ mho/m |
| | ConvF X | 5.0 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 5.0 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Alpha 1.04 |
| | ConvF Z | 5.0 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Depth 1.85 |
| | | | | |
| Body | 2450 | MHz | $\epsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m |
| | ConvF X | 4.6 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 4.6 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Alpha 1.20 |
| | ConvF Z | 4.6 $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2) | | Depth 1.60 |

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz

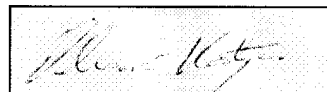


Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Type: | ET3DV6 |
| Serial Number: | 1387 |
| Place of Assessment: | Zurich |
| Date of Assessment: | February 28, 2003 |
| Probe Calibration Date: | February 26, 2003 |

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion factor (\pm standard deviation)

| | | | |
|---------|-------|---------------|---|
| 150 MHz | ConvF | $9.1 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue) |
| 300 MHz | ConvF | $7.9 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue) |
| 450 MHz | ConvF | $7.5 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue) |
| 150 MHz | ConvF | $8.8 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |
| 300 MHz | ConvF | $8.0 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 58.2$ $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |
| 450 MHz | ConvF | $7.7 \pm 8\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |

APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

300 MHz System Validation

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

June 19, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 200.000000 MHz | 49.6937 | 72.0571 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 49.1416 | 69.3848 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 48.8159 | 66.9744 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 48.2404 | 64.6310 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 47.7816 | 62.4387 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 47.2850 | 60.6583 |
| 260.000000 MHz | 46.8403 | 58.9470 |
| 270.000000 MHz | 46.4749 | 57.4791 |
| 280.000000 MHz | 46.1336 | 56.0541 |
| 290.000000 MHz | 45.8051 | 54.7262 |
| 300.000000 MHz | 45.5196 | 53.2582 |
| 310.000000 MHz | 45.1429 | 52.0975 |
| 320.000000 MHz | 44.8142 | 50.9655 |
| 330.000000 MHz | 44.5305 | 49.8717 |
| 340.000000 MHz | 44.2161 | 48.7339 |
| 350.000000 MHz | 43.9492 | 47.7885 |
| 360.000000 MHz | 43.6490 | 46.8645 |
| 370.000000 MHz | 43.4629 | 45.9306 |
| 380.000000 MHz | 43.2159 | 45.0864 |
| 390.000000 MHz | 42.9679 | 44.1656 |
| 400.000000 MHz | 42.7381 | 43.4800 |

150 MHz EUT Evaluation (Body)

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle)

June 19, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 50.000000 MHz | 66.0460 | 276.1477 |
| 60.000000 MHz | 63.7130 | 232.3399 |
| 70.000000 MHz | 64.1638 | 199.0660 |
| 80.000000 MHz | 63.9727 | 176.1924 |
| 90.000000 MHz | 63.7010 | 157.2796 |
| 100.000000 MHz | 62.8205 | 142.7294 |
| 110.000000 MHz | 62.4086 | 130.7878 |
| 120.000000 MHz | 61.7942 | 120.7284 |
| 130.000000 MHz | 61.5522 | 111.9591 |
| 140.000000 MHz | 61.6142 | 104.4055 |
| 150.000000 MHz | 61.0809 | 98.4338 |
| 160.000000 MHz | 60.9297 | 92.8090 |
| 170.000000 MHz | 60.6368 | 88.2102 |
| 180.000000 MHz | 60.4920 | 83.7537 |
| 190.000000 MHz | 60.1611 | 79.9028 |
| 200.000000 MHz | 59.8818 | 76.5706 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 59.4931 | 73.5195 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 59.3237 | 70.8135 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 59.0530 | 68.2185 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 58.7343 | 66.1016 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 58.4610 | 63.9770 |

300 MHz System Validation

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

June 20, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 200.000000 MHz | 49.4887 | 73.3970 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 48.9006 | 70.7858 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 48.4586 | 68.3254 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 48.0893 | 65.9997 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 47.4917 | 63.8351 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 46.9949 | 62.0197 |
| 260.000000 MHz | 46.5214 | 60.3110 |
| 270.000000 MHz | 46.1388 | 58.7832 |
| 280.000000 MHz | 45.8838 | 57.2772 |
| 290.000000 MHz | 45.4590 | 55.8483 |
| 300.000000 MHz | 45.1775 | 54.2478 |
| 310.000000 MHz | 44.7916 | 52.9783 |
| 320.000000 MHz | 44.5567 | 51.7193 |
| 330.000000 MHz | 44.2683 | 50.5931 |
| 340.000000 MHz | 43.9625 | 49.5352 |
| 350.000000 MHz | 43.7481 | 48.5270 |
| 360.000000 MHz | 43.4187 | 47.5766 |
| 370.000000 MHz | 43.2039 | 46.6984 |
| 380.000000 MHz | 42.9515 | 45.8150 |
| 390.000000 MHz | 42.6213 | 45.0199 |
| 400.000000 MHz | 42.3570 | 44.2996 |

150 MHz EUT Evaluation (Body)

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle)

June 20, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 50.000000 MHz | 67.2449 | 259.6978 |
| 60.000000 MHz | 65.2124 | 219.0025 |
| 70.000000 MHz | 64.5143 | 187.6007 |
| 80.000000 MHz | 64.0545 | 165.5913 |
| 90.000000 MHz | 63.8928 | 148.4790 |
| 100.000000 MHz | 63.2102 | 134.9104 |
| 110.000000 MHz | 62.7845 | 123.2957 |
| 120.000000 MHz | 62.2897 | 114.0132 |
| 130.000000 MHz | 61.7492 | 105.5799 |
| 140.000000 MHz | 61.5312 | 98.8752 |
| 150.000000 MHz | 61.2254 | 93.2208 |
| 160.000000 MHz | 60.6961 | 88.0987 |
| 170.000000 MHz | 60.4958 | 83.7884 |
| 180.000000 MHz | 60.1515 | 79.5223 |
| 190.000000 MHz | 60.0058 | 76.0056 |
| 200.000000 MHz | 59.7184 | 72.8645 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 59.3485 | 70.0433 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 59.0885 | 67.4246 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 58.7543 | 65.0896 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 58.4548 | 62.9584 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 58.0596 | 61.0713 |

300 MHz System Validation

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

June 21, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 200.000000 MHz | 49.0230 | 72.9987 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 48.5359 | 70.1835 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 48.0895 | 67.7523 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 47.5367 | 65.4691 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 47.1071 | 63.4183 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 46.7007 | 61.5462 |
| 260.000000 MHz | 46.1967 | 59.9399 |
| 270.000000 MHz | 45.8953 | 58.3572 |
| 280.000000 MHz | 45.5673 | 56.8148 |
| 290.000000 MHz | 45.1850 | 55.4420 |
| 300.000000 MHz | 44.9202 | 53.9387 |
| 310.000000 MHz | 44.6293 | 52.7378 |
| 320.000000 MHz | 44.4087 | 51.4591 |
| 330.000000 MHz | 44.0381 | 50.2611 |
| 340.000000 MHz | 43.7538 | 49.1366 |
| 350.000000 MHz | 43.5293 | 48.1175 |
| 360.000000 MHz | 43.2279 | 47.1756 |
| 370.000000 MHz | 42.9887 | 46.2659 |
| 380.000000 MHz | 42.6830 | 45.4684 |
| 390.000000 MHz | 42.3773 | 44.6581 |
| 400.000000 MHz | 42.0759 | 43.9526 |

150 MHz EUT Evaluation (Face)

Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

June 21, 2003

| Frequency | ϵ' | ϵ'' |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 50.000000 MHz | 63.4889 | 233.6333 |
| 60.000000 MHz | 61.7764 | 197.0720 |
| 70.000000 MHz | 61.1217 | 170.1558 |
| 80.000000 MHz | 59.4802 | 151.2953 |
| 90.000000 MHz | 58.2666 | 135.5723 |
| 100.000000 MHz | 56.8713 | 124.1712 |
| 110.000000 MHz | 56.0851 | 114.2616 |
| 120.000000 MHz | 55.4417 | 106.0235 |
| 130.000000 MHz | 54.6130 | 98.8373 |
| 140.000000 MHz | 54.0782 | 92.5697 |
| 150.000000 MHz | 53.3718 | 87.4965 |
| 160.000000 MHz | 52.8016 | 82.8933 |
| 170.000000 MHz | 52.3487 | 79.1096 |
| 180.000000 MHz | 51.9358 | 75.1930 |
| 190.000000 MHz | 51.4577 | 71.9055 |
| 200.000000 MHz | 50.9037 | 69.1357 |
| 210.000000 MHz | 50.3312 | 66.6507 |
| 220.000000 MHz | 49.9833 | 64.3726 |
| 230.000000 MHz | 49.5410 | 62.2452 |
| 240.000000 MHz | 48.9487 | 60.4639 |
| 250.000000 MHz | 48.5930 | 58.6718 |