

Test Report on

Single-Band CDMA Cellular Phone with Bluetooth

Certification

FCC Part 15.247 IC RSS-210

FCC ID: OVFK50-03

Model: **K50-03**, **M1400**

STATEMENT OF CERTIFICATION

The data, data evaluation and equipment configuration represented herein are a true and accurate representation of the measurements of the sample's radio frequency interference emissions characteristics as of the dates and at the times of the test under the conditions herein specified.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

This product has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicted in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in ANSI C-63.4-2001.

Date of Test:	June 18 – June 19, 2009
Test performed by:	Kyocera Wireless Corp. 10300 Campus Point Drive San Diego, CA – 92121
Report Prepared by:	Thuy To, Regulatory Engineer
Report Approved by:	C. K. Li, Director of Regulatory Engineering

CCS USA, Inc. performed the tests that required an OATS site.



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1 General Information

Applicant:	Kyocera Wireless Corp.		
Аррисант.			
	10300 Campus Point Drive		
	San Diego CA 92121		
FCC ID:	OVFK50-03		
Product:	Tri-Band CDMA Cellular Phone with Bluetooth		
Model Numbers:	K50-03		
EUT Serial Number:	FFGL0000002902		
Type:	[X]] Prototype, [] Pre-Production, [] Production		
Equipment Category: Portable			
TX Frequency (MHz): 2402 to 2480			
Channel Number: 79			
Channel Spacing (MHz): 1			
Bluetooth version:			
Modulation: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)			
Max. Output Power (dBm) 2.03 dBm			
Antenna: Internal			
Antenna Gain (dBi):	0.5 (Peak)		
FCC Rule Parts:	§15.247		



2 Description of Bluetooth Transmitter

The OVFK50-03 phones offer Bluetooth as a feature. The Bluetooth transmitter uses Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technique and operates in the 2400 – 2483 MHz band. The transmitter is a Class 2 Bluetooth device and designed to communicate with other Bluetooth devices as per the industrial standard. The maximum gain of the internal Bluetooth antenna is measured to be 0.5 dBi.



3 20 dB Bandwidth

FCC:	§ 15.247 a1	IC:	RSS-210 §6.2.2(o) a1	
Measurement Procedure:				

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the low, mid and high channels of Bluetooth transmitter were enabled separately to investigate the 20dB-bandwidth for each channel. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

<u>Frequencies of Interest:</u> Spectrum was investigated from 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz.

List of Figures:

Figure	Channel	Plot Description	
3-1a		20dB Bandwidth Basic rate	
3-1b	0	20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 2Mbps)	
3-1c		20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 3Mbps)	
3-2a		20dB Bandwidth Basic rate	
3-2b	39	20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 2Mbps)	
3-2c		20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 3Mbps)	
3-3a		20dB Bandwidth Basic rate	
3-3b	78	20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 2Mbps)	
3-3c		20dB Bandwidth Enhanced Data Rate (EDR 3Mbps)	



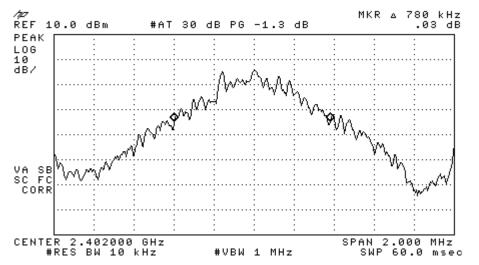


Figure 3-1a: 20dB Bandwidth basic rate, Channel 0.

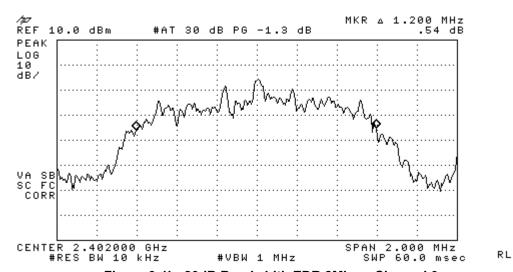


Figure 3-1b: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 2Mbps, Channel 0.

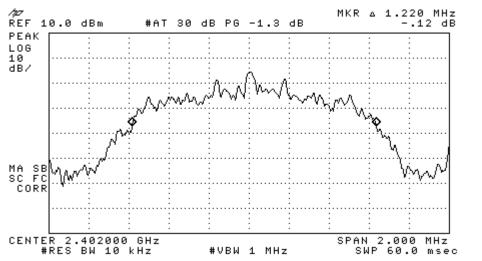


Figure 3-1c: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 3Mbps, Channel 0.

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Model: K50-03



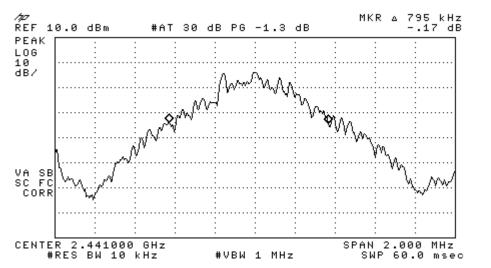


Figure 3-2a: 20dB Bandwidth basic rate, Channel 39.

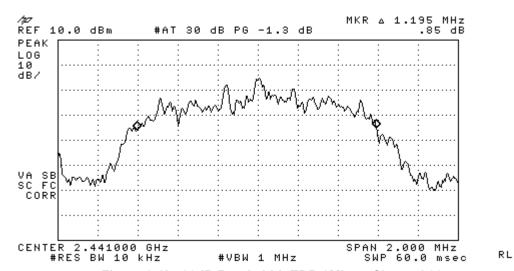


Figure 3-2b: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 2Mbps, Channel 39.

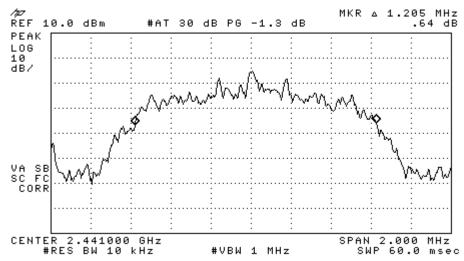


Figure 6-2c: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 3Mbps, Channel 39.

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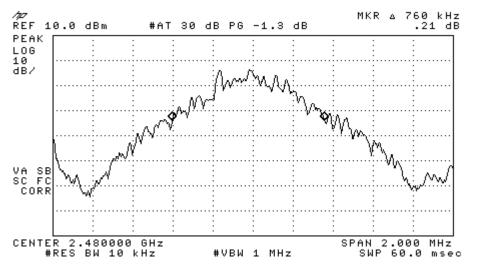


Figure 3-3a: 20dB Bandwidth basic rate, Channel 78.

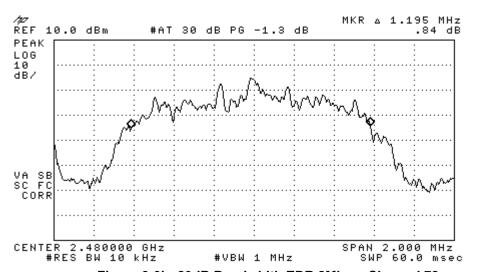


Figure 3-3b: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 2Mbps, Channel 78.

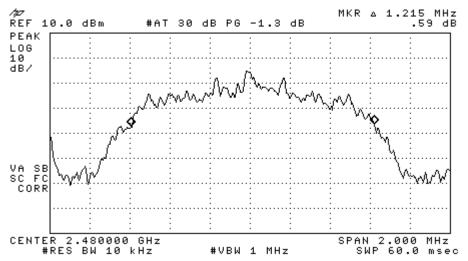


Figure 3-3c: 20dB Bandwidth EDR 3Mbps, Channel 78.



Results:

Channel	Modulation	Results	Comments
	Basic Rate	780 kHz	
0	EDR – 2Mbps	1.200 MHz	
	EDR – 3Mbps	1.220 MHz	
	Basic Rate	795 kHz	Delta marker on the spectrum
39	EDR – 2Mbps	1.195 MHz	analyzer was moved from the center frequency until –20dBc to measure
	EDR – 3Mbps	1.205 MHz	the 20dB-bandwidth.
	Basic Rate	760 kHz	
78	EDR – 2Mbps	1.195 MHz	
	EDR – 3Mbps	1.215 MHz	



4 Carrier Frequency Separation

FCC: § 15.247 a1	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.1(2)
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Measurement Procedure:

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the Bluetooth transmitter was set in hopping mode to investigate the carrier frequency separation between midchannel and its adjacent channels. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

<u>Frequencies of Interest:</u> Spectrum was investigated from 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz.

Comments:

The carrier frequency separation is independent of modulation and packet length (DH1, DH3, etc.).

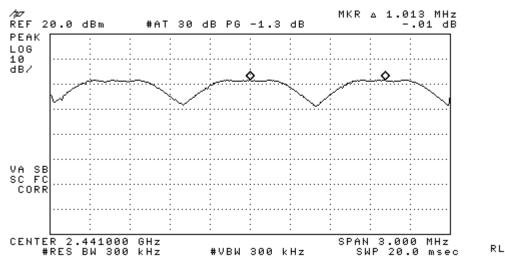


Figure 4: Carrier Frequency Separation between channels 38, 39 (mid-channel) & 40.

Limits	Frequency Separation	2/3 of 20 dB Bandwidth	Result
a) ≥ 25 kHz or 20 dB Bandwidth, whichever is greater b) For FH systems operating in 2400- 2483.5MHz and with output power less than 125mW the carrier frequency separation should be greater than 25kHz or 2/3 of 20dB Bandwidth.	1.013MHz	813.3kHz ¹	Pass

^{2/3 * 1220} kHz = 813.3kHz.



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5 Number of Hopping Frequencies

FCC:	§ 15.247 a1 iii	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.1 (4)
Moscur	oment Precedure:		

Measurement Procedure:

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the Bluetooth transmitter was set in hopping mode to investigate the number of hopping frequencies. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

Frequencies of Interest: Spectrum was investigated from 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz.

Comments:

The number of frequency hopping is independent of modulation and packet length (DH1,

DH3, etc.).

List of Figures:

Figure	Channel	Plot Description		
5a	Honning	Number of Hopping Frequencies (Channels 0-39)		
5b	Hopping	Number of Hopping Frequencies (Channels 39-78)		

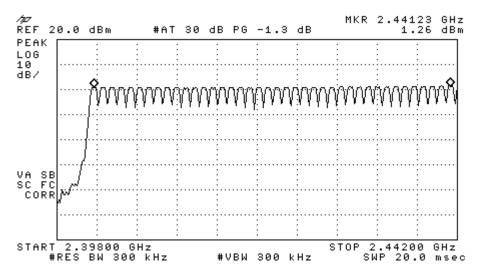


Figure 5a: Number of Hopping Frequencies (Channels 0-39)

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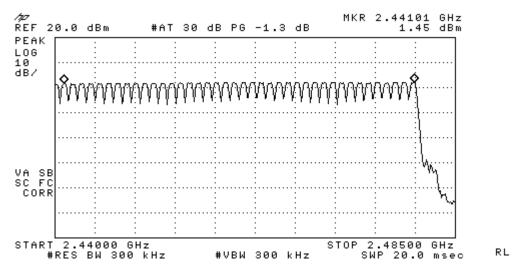


Figure 5b: Number of Hopping Frequencies (Channels 39-78)

Limits	Channel	Results	Comments
At least 15 non- overlapping channels	Hopping	79 (Channels 0-78)	Pass



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6 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

FCC: § 15.247 a1 ii, § 15.247 f	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.1 (4)
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Measurement Procedure:

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the Bluetooth transmitter was set in hopping mode to capture one of the transmissions of mid-channel. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

Comments:

The dwell time is independent of modulation and packet length (DH1, DH3, etc.).

According to the Bluetooth Core Specification v1.1, we have 1600 hops in a second for a one slot packet type. One frequency hop lasts 625 μ s; this increment is called a time slot. In a period of 31.6 seconds, the time of occupancy for any given channel is calculated as follows:

Duration of one transmission*(1600 hops/sec)/(No. of time-slots)/(79 channels)*31.6 sec

For a DH1 (1 time-slot) packet type, ideally the duration of one transmission is 625 μ s. Therefore, the dwell time is given by:

625 μ s*1600/s/(1 time-slot)/79*31.6 s= 0.4 s.

Spectrum Analyzer Parameters:

The measurement is conducted with zero span centered at mid-channel (2441 MHz) with sweep time sufficient enough to capture one transmission (in this case, \geq 625 μ s).

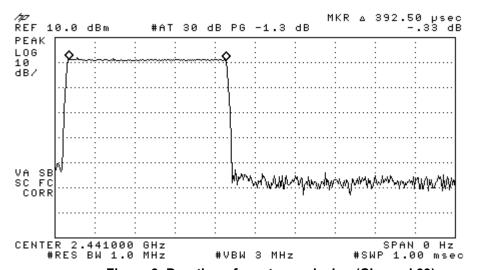


Figure 6: Duration of one transmission (Channel 39)

Results and Limits:

Limits	Channel	Results	Comments
≤ 0.4 s	Hopping	0.2512 s	Mid-channel (CH 39) was measured here.
(in a period of 31.6 s)	(DH1 packet)	{[(392.5μ*1600)/1] /79}*31.6	

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7 Peak Output Power

FCC:	§ 15.247 b1	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.4 (2)

Measurement Procedure:

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the low, mid and high channels of Bluetooth transmitter were enabled separately to investigate the peak output power for each channel. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

<u>Frequencies of Interest:</u> Spectrum was investigated from 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz.

List of Figures:

Figure	Channel	Plot Description
7-1a		Peak Output Power – Basic Rate
7-1b	0	Peak Output Power – EDR 2Mbps
7-1c		Peak Output Power – EDR 3Mbps
7-2a		Peak Output Power – Basic Rate
7-2b	39	Peak Output Power – EDR 2Mbps
7-2c		Peak Output Power – EDR 3Mbps
7-3a		Peak Output Power – Basic Rate
7-3b	78	Peak Output Power – EDR 2Mbps
7-3c		Peak Output Power – EDR 3Mbps



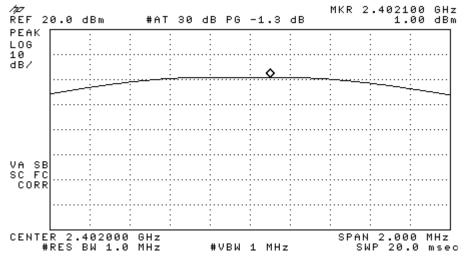


Figure 7-1a: Peak Output Power, Channel 0.

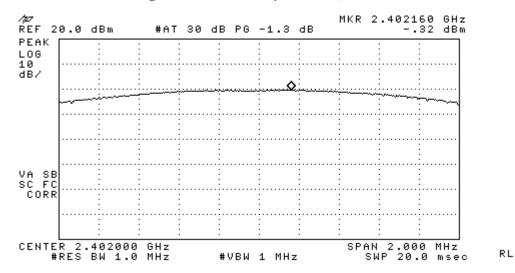


Figure 7-1b: EDR 2 Peak Output Power, Channel 0.

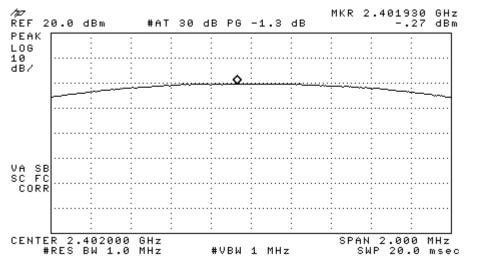


Figure 7-1c: EDR 3 Peak Output Power, Channel 0.

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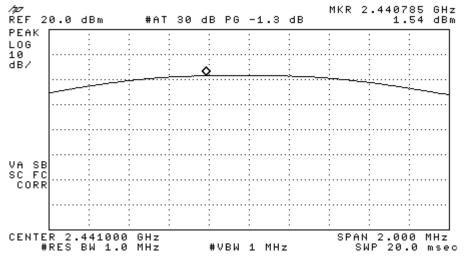


Figure 7-2a: Peak Output Power, Channel 39.

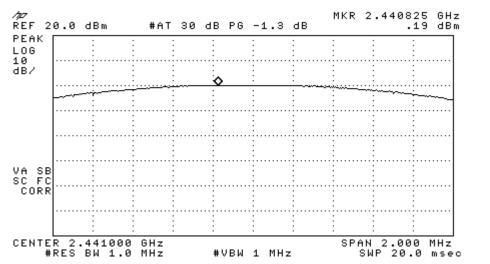


Figure 7-2b: EDR 2Peak Output Power, Channel 39.

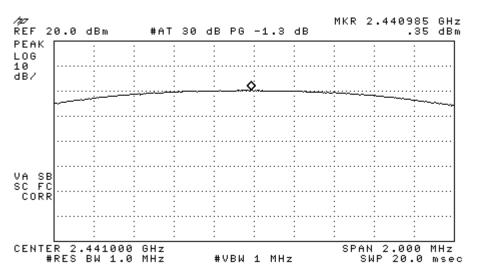


Figure 7-2c: EDR 3Peak Output Power, Channel 39.

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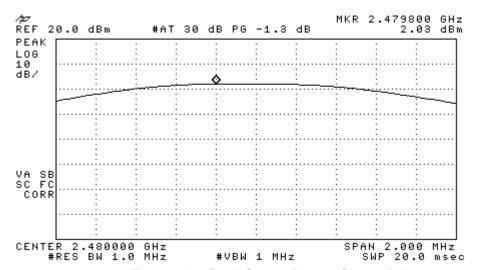


Figure 7-3a: Peak Output Power, Channel 78.

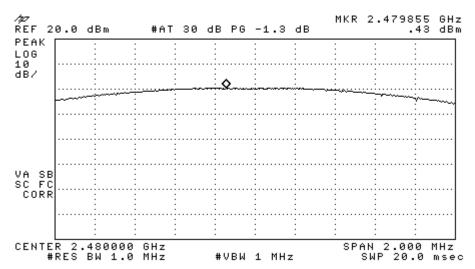


Figure 7-3b: EDR 2Peak Output Power, Channel 78.

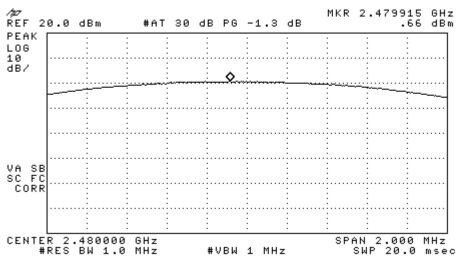


Figure 7-3c: EDR 3Peak Output Power, Channel 78.



Limits	Rate	Channel	Results	Comments
	Basic Rate		1.00 dBm	
	EDR – 2Mbps	0	-0.32 dBm	
	EDR – 3Mbps		-0.27 dBm	
< 1 watt	Basic Rate		1.54 dBm	Signal loss from the cable connecting
(for systems with at least 75	EDR – 2Mbps	39	0.19 dBm	the Bluetooth output port and spectrum
hopping channels)	EDR – 3Mbps		0.35 dBm	analyzer is calibrated out.
]	Basic Rate		2.03 dBm	
	EDR – 2Mbps	78	0.43 dBm	
	EDR – 3Mbps		0.66 dBm	



8 Band-edge Compliance of Conducted Emissions

FCC:	§ 15.247 c	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.5
Measure	ement Procedure:		

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the low and high channels of Bluetooth transmitter were enabled separately to investigate the band-edge compliance of conducted emissions. To ensure the band-edge compliance when the channels are hopping, measurements were also conducted at low and high channels in this mode. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

<u>Frequencies of Interest:</u> Spectrum was investigated from 2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz.

List of Figures:

Figure	Channel/Edge	Modulation	Plot Description
8-1a		Basic Rate	Hopping disabled
8-1b	0	Dasic Nate	Hopping enabled
8-2a	0 – Low Band	EDR – 2Mbps	Hopping disabled
8-2b	Edge	LDIX – ZIVIDPS	Hopping enabled
8-3a	Lugo	EDR – 3Mbps	Hopping disabled
8-3b		LDIX – Sivibps	Hopping enabled
8-4a		Basic Rate	Hopping disabled
8-4b	70	Dasic Nate	Hopping enabled
8-5a	78 – High Band	EDR – 2Mbps	Hopping disabled
8-5b	Edge	EDN – Zivibps	Hopping enabled
8-6a	Lago	EDR – 3Mbps	Hopping disabled
8-6b		EDK – SINIDAS	Hopping enabled



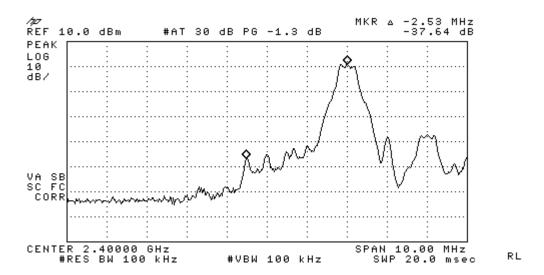


Figure 8-1a: Basic Rate Low band edge with hopping disabled.

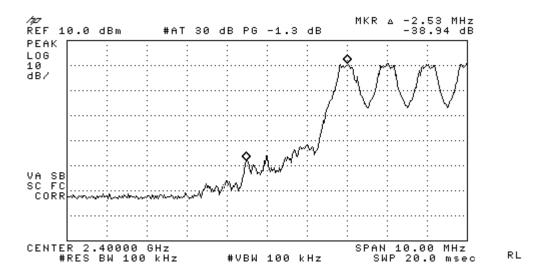


Figure 8-1b: Basic Rate Low band edge with hopping enabled.



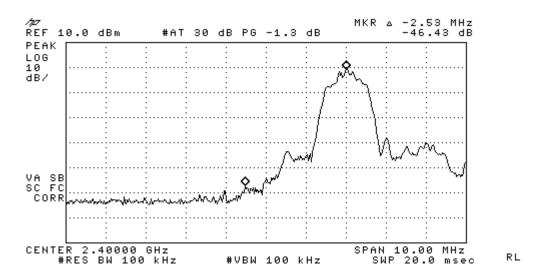


Figure 8-2a: EDR – 2Mbps Low band edge with hopping disabled.

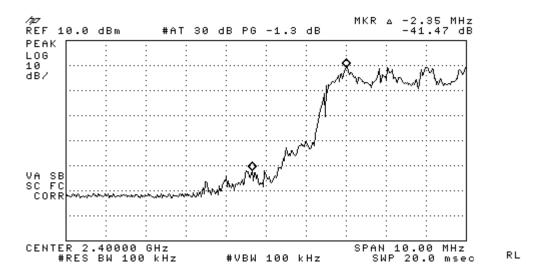


Figure 8-2b: EDR - 2Mbps Low band edge with hopping enabled.



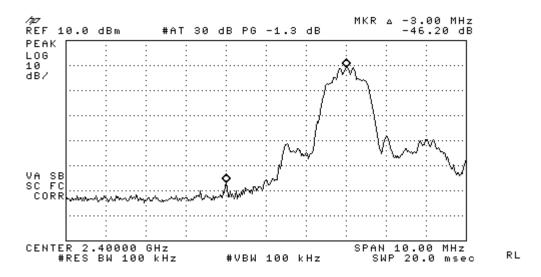


Figure 8-3a: EDR – 3Mbps Low band edge with hopping disabled.

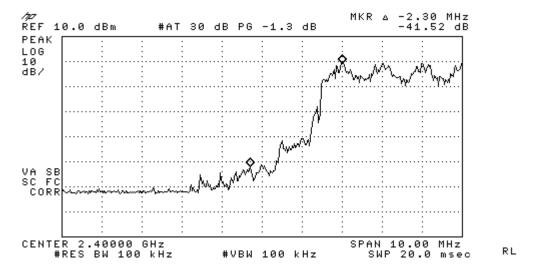


Figure 8-3b: EDR - 3Mbps Low band edge with hopping enabled.



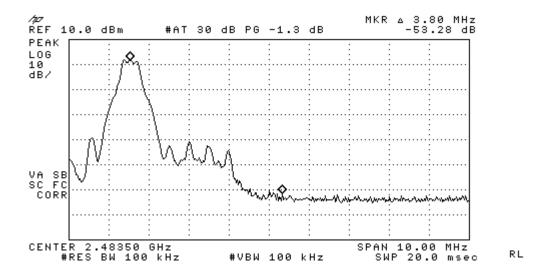


Figure 8-4a: Basic Rate High band edge with hopping disabled.

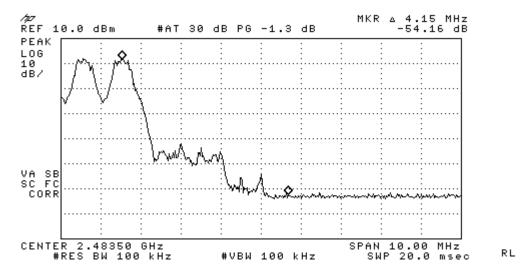


Figure 8-4b: Basic Rate High band edge with hopping enabled.



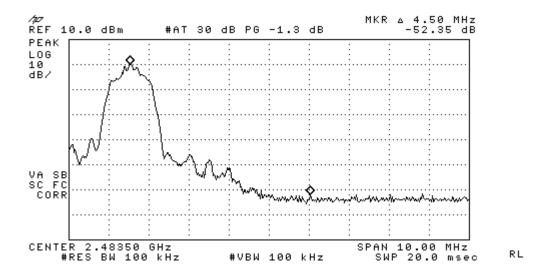


Figure 8-5a: EDR – 2Mbps High band edge with hopping disabled.

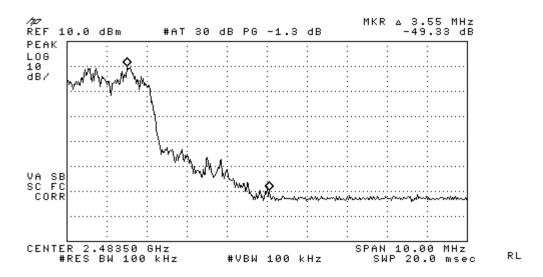


Figure 8-5b: EDR – 2Mbps High band edge with hopping enabled.



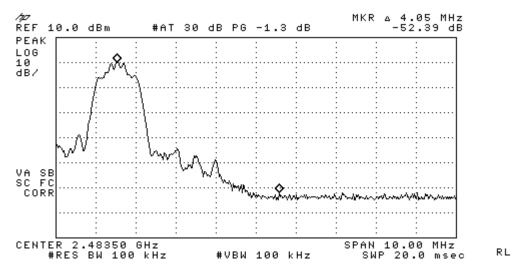


Figure 8-6a: EDR – 3Mbps High band edge with hopping disabled.

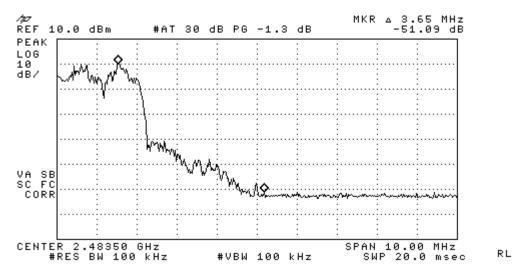


Figure 8-6b: EDR – 3Mbps High band edge with hopping enabled.



Limits	Edge	Modulation	Channel	Results	Comments		
		Basic Rate	0	-37.64dBc			
	_	Dasic Nate	Hopping	-38.94dBc (Ch 0)			
	Low Band	EDR –	0	-46.43dBc			
	Edge	2Mbps	Hopping	-41.47dBc (Ch 0)	In any 100kHz band, the		
	≤ -20 dBc High Band Edge	Lago	EDR –	0	-46.20dBc	highest radio frequency power outside the band	
≤ -20		3Mbps	Hopping	-41.52dBc (Ch 0)	(2400-2483.5 MHz) is		
dBc		Basic Rate	78	-53.28dBc	measured to be at least		
		High EDR –	Dasic Nate	Hopping	-54.16dBc (Ch 78)	20 dB below the desired power of intentional	
			_	~ I FDR = I	78	-52.35dBc	radiator within the band.
			Hopping	-49.33dBc (Ch 78)			
		EDR –	78	-52.39dBc			
	3Mbps		Hopping	-51.09dBc (Ch 78)			



9 **Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

FCC:	§ 15.247 c	IC:	RSS-210 §A8.5

Measurement Procedure:

The Bluetooth RF output port of the EUT was directly connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer with sufficient attenuation. Subsequently, the low, mid and high channels of Bluetooth transmitter were enabled separately and the frequency spectrum was investigated for any spurious emissions. A fully charged battery was used as supply voltage.

<u>Frequencies of Interest:</u> Spectrum was investigated from 9kHz – 25 GHz.

Comments:

Spurious RF Conducted Emission testing was performed only with Basic Rate since the conducted power was highest in comparison with the other modulation.

List of Figures:

Figure	Channel	Plot Description		
9-1a	0	Conducted spurious emissions, 9kHz to 2.7GHz		
9-1b	U	Conducted spurious emissions, 2.7GHz to 25GHz		
9-2a	39	Conducted spurious emissions, 9kHz to 2.7GHz		
9-2b	39	Conducted spurious emissions, 2.7GHz to 25GHz		
9-3a	78	Conducted spurious emissions, 9kHz to 2.7GHz		
9-3b	10	Conducted spurious emissions, 2.7GHz to 25GHz		



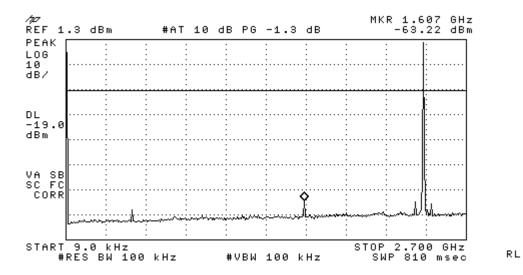


Figure 9-1a: Basic Rate Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 0)

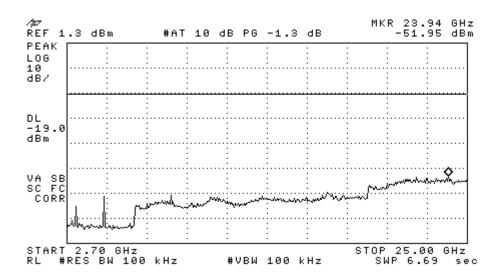


Figure 9-1b: Basic Rate Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 0)



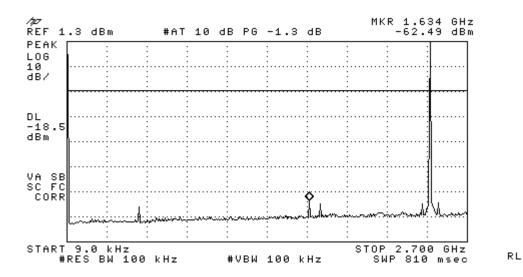


Figure 9-2a. Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 39)

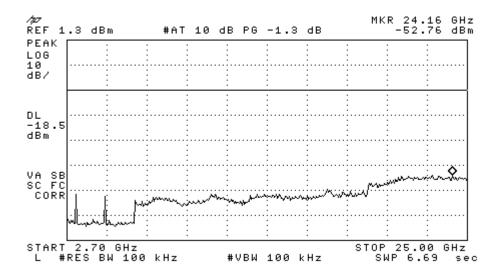


Figure 9-2b. Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 39)



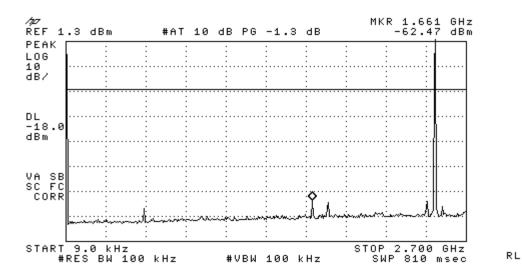


Figure 9-3a. Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 78)

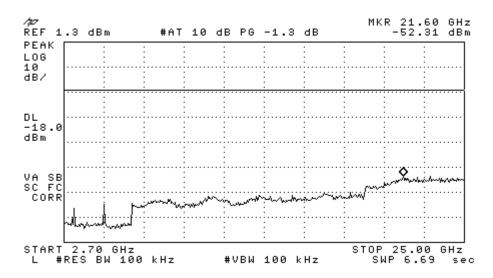


Figure 9-3b. Conducted Spurious Emissions (CH 78)

Limits	Channel	Result	Comments
	0	-51.95dBm	Maximum of emissions is reported here, in the
-20 dBc	39	-52.76dBm	frequency spectrum 9kHz to 25GHz.
	78 -52.31dBm		irequerity spectrum ski iz to 2001 iz.



10 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

FCC:	§ 15.247 c, § 15.207	IC:	RSS-210 §6.6

Measurement Procedures:

The AC power line conducted emissions emission test was performed at Compliance Certification Service, California. The test report is attached as a separate document.

11 Spurious Radiated Emissions

FCC:	§ 15.247 c, § 15.209 a	IC:	RSS-210 §A2.9 (2)		
Measurement Procedures:					

Measurement Procedures:

The radiated spurious emission test was performed at Compliance Certification Service, California. The test report is attached as a separate document.

12 Test Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
		Number		
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett	8593EM	3710A00203	03/04/10
	Packard			
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett	8594E	3810A04238	04/03/10
	Packard			