

Applicant	Kyocera
FCC ID:	OVFC51213CD
IC #:	3572A-C5121
Report #:	CT-C5121-9D-0711-R0

# EXHIBIT 9 APPENDIX D: SAR DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Total pages including cover page = 37

# 467 # 5d016 # 776 # 220 Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kallbrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Kyocera USA

Certificate No: D835V2-467\_Sep10

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** Object D835V2 - SN: 467 QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits September 02, 2010 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 Oct-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) Mar-11 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205\_Apr10) Apr-11 DAE4 SN: 601 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601\_Jun10) Jun-11 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: September 3, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

## Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY5	V52.2
Advanced Extrapolation	
Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
15 mm	with Spacer
dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
	Advanced Extrapolation   Modular Flat Phantom V4.9   15 mm   dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.0 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.2 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.67 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.29 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.0 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.4 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.51 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.95 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.64 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.52 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 Ω - 1.4 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 37.1 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.9 Ω - 3.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 27, 2002

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 02.09.2010 11:06:42

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:467

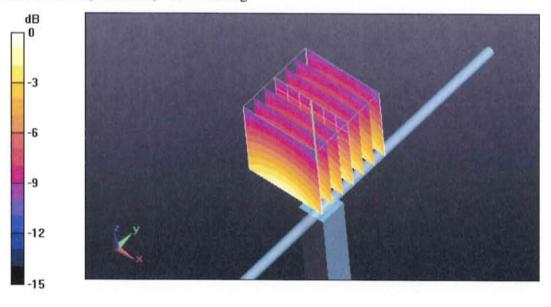
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.89 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 42.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

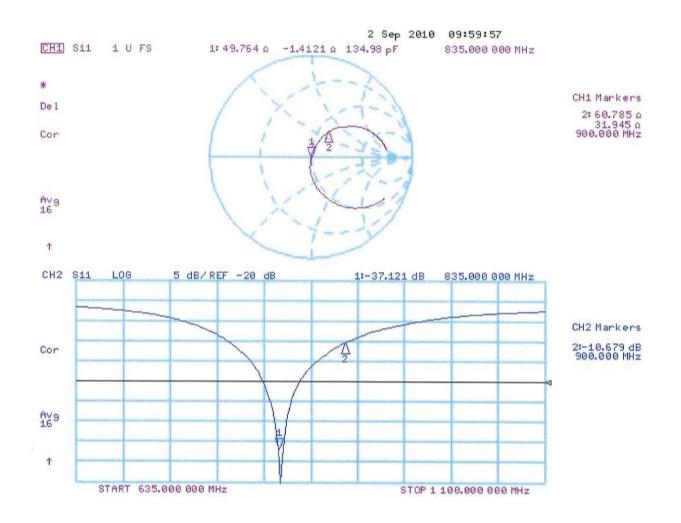
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.6 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 2.79 \, mW/g$ 



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body**

Date/Time: 02.09.2010 14:41:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:467

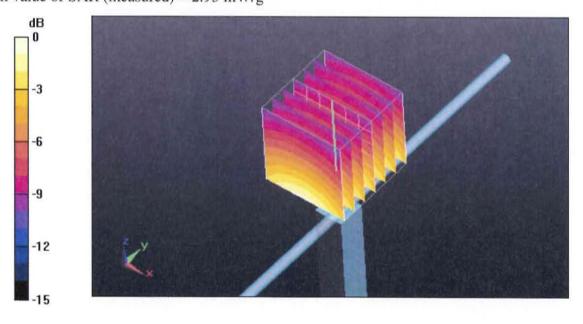
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL900 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.98$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

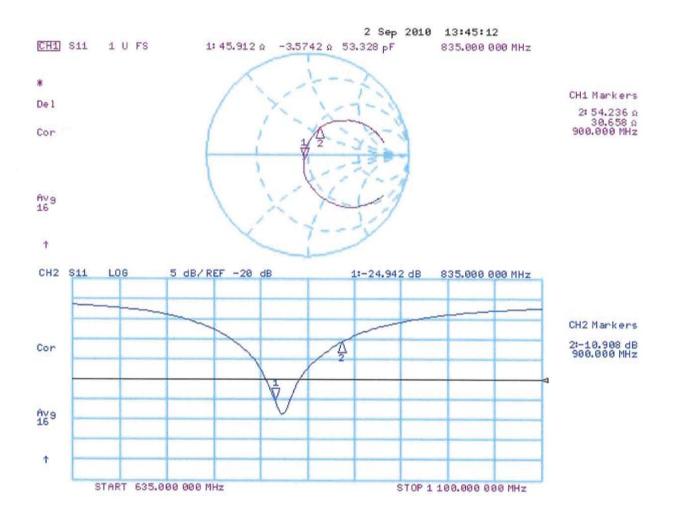
#### Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 2.93 \, mW/g$ 

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Swiss Calibration Service

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016\_Sep10

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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client Kyocera USA

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	d016	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	September 07, 20	D10	
This calibration certificate docume	ents the traceability to natio	onal standards, which realize the physical u	nits of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages a	ing are part of the certificate.
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)	°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&1	FE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
		Chack Data (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005		In house check: Oct-10
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	$ \gamma \gamma$
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	1 Alin
			perellez
			Issued: September 7, 2010
This calibration certificate shall no	ot be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laborato	ry.

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## Glossary:

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ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

## Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	··· notr. no
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	0
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	ALANGU AL LUL I MANA

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.4 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.98 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.19 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.1 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	,
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.34 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.7 Ω + 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 04, 2002

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 07.09.2010 13:04:41

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d016

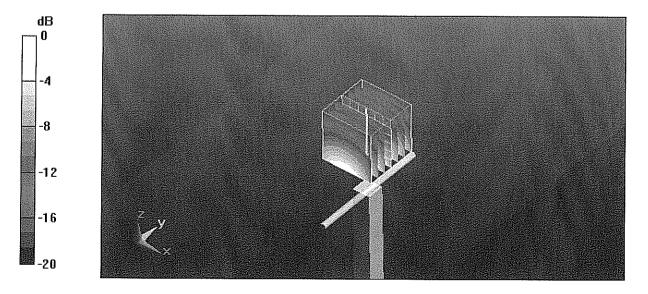
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.41 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

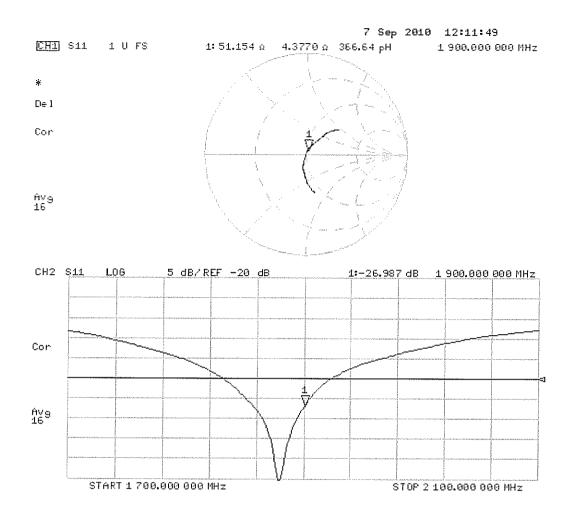
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.98 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g



0 dB = 12.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 07.09.2010 13:46:48

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d016

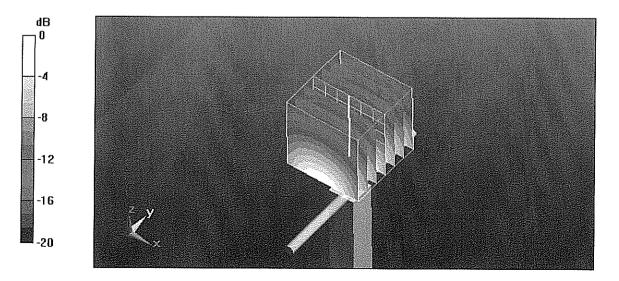
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U11 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.54 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

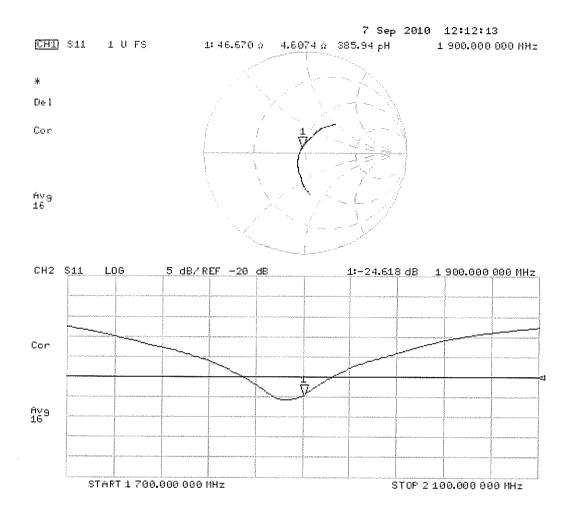
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

## Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 96.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7 mW/g



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client Kyocera USA

Certificate No: D2450V2-776\_Aug10

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	76	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	August 19, 2010		
The measurements and the uncer	tainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical t robability are given on the following pages a y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	and are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T		,	
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
	i.		
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	nie wierzen er der beziehen Gesten in er er der besteren er 🖌 er eine 🖓 er
- and a by:			
	ene a ser men men hydrigen (* 1998)		
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	JEE leg
			Issued: August 23, 2010
This calibration certificate shall not	ne reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laborator	у.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

## Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end 0 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed 8 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole 0 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. 0 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. ۲
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna 0 connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the • nominal SAR result.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$	n na san sa a sa an san san san sa an s
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.77 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.6 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	·····
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.23 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.4 ± 6 %	1.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	26.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	26.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7 Ω - 0.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω + 8.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.2 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.130 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Ν	Manufactured by	SPEAG
۸	Manufactured on	April 04, 2005

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:776

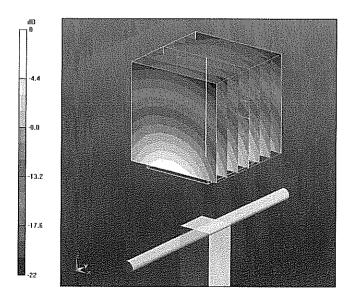
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U12 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.77$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

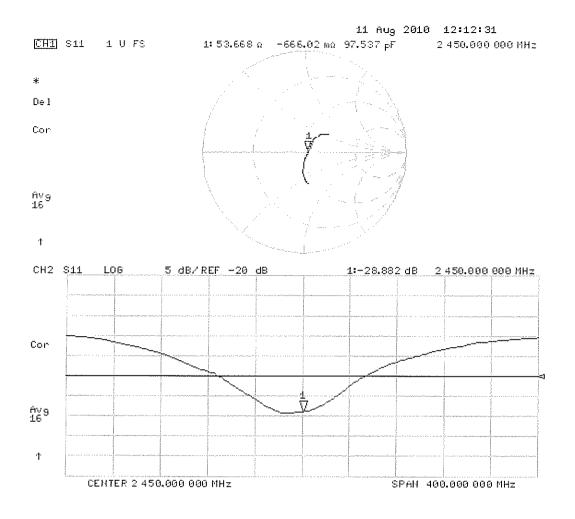
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF (4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

#### Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 101.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.23 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 17.1 \, mW/g$ 



Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:776

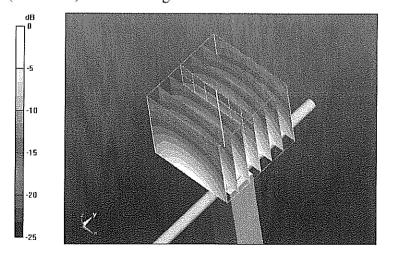
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U11 BB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

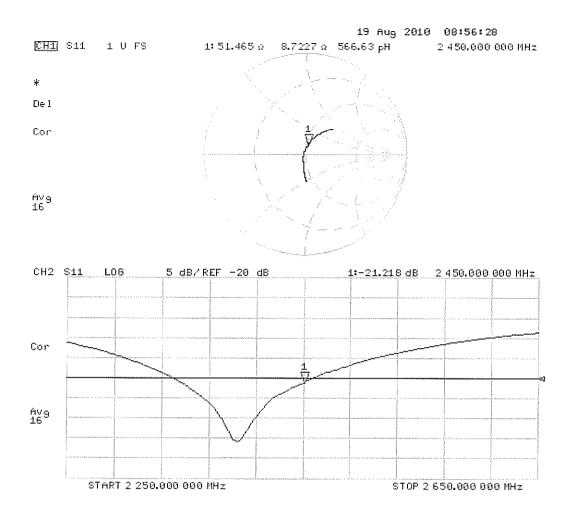
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 17.7 \, mW/g$ 



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**Kvocera USA** 

Client





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: D1800V2-220 Sep09

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D1800V2 - SN: 220 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits September 15, 2009 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Primary Standards ID # Oct-09 GB37480704 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Power meter EPM-442A Oct-09 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 Mar-10 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025) SN: 5086 (20g) Reference 20 dB Attenuator Mar-10 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029) Jun-10 26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205\_Jun09) Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 Mar-10 07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601\_Mar09) SN: 601 DAE4 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) ID # Secondary Standards In house check: Oct-09 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) MY41092317 Power sensor HP 8481A In house check: Oct-09 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 100005 RF generator R&S SMT-06 In house check: Oct-09 US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) Network Analyzer HP 8753E Signature Name Function Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati **Technical Manager** Katja Pokovic Approved by: Issued: September 15, 2009 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

## **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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C Service suisse d etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

## Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	weet
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.0 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.46 mW /g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	37.8 mW /g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	38.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.01 mW /g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.0 mW /g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	20.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.0 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.65 mW /g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.6 mW /g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	39.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 $\text{cm}^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	rannadadi. nnnadarlaitik assai
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.14 mW /g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.6 mW /g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 4.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.6 Ω - 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.185 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the

# feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 01, 1997

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

#### Date/Time: 08.09.2009 10:06:31

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN:220

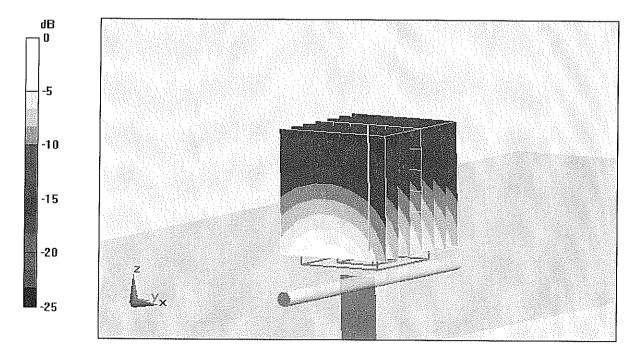
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL U11 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.39 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.25, 5.25, 5.25); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY 5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

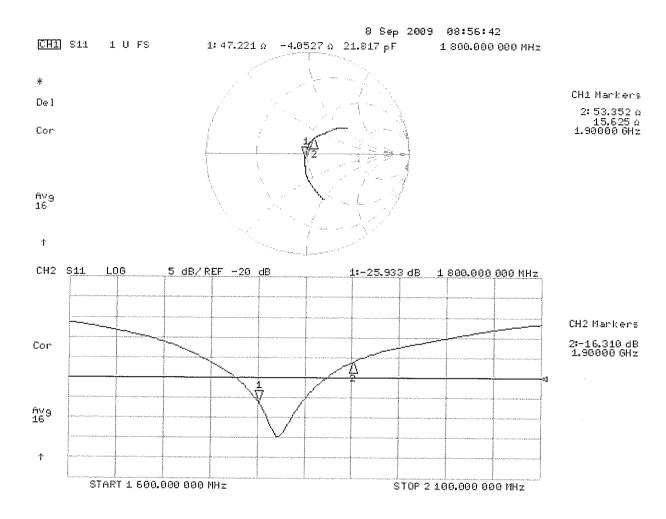
## Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 11.7 \, mW/g$ 

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 15.09.2009 11:38:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN:220

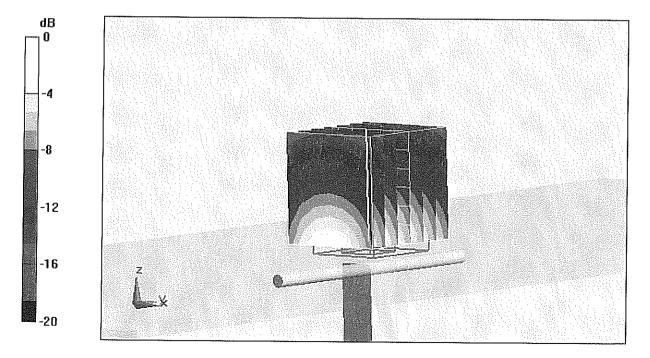
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL U10 BB Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.5 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 54;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

# Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 93.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 12.2 \, mW/g$ 

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

