EMI – TEST REPORT

- FCC Part 90.217 -

DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12030-01-01

Test Report No. :	**T35704-00-02KJ**	30 October 2012 Date of issue

Type / Model Name : LOG N-3-M

Product Description : Noise level and frequency logger

Applicant : Seba Dynatronic Mess- und Ortungstechnik GmbH

Address : Dr.-Herbert-Iann-Str. 6

96148 BAUNACH, GERMANY

Manufacturer : Seba Dynatronic Mess- und Ortungstechnik GmbH

Address : Dr.-Herbert-Iann-Str. 6

96148 BAUNACH, GERMANY

Licence holder : Seba Dynatronic Mess- und Ortungstechnik GmbH

Address : Dr.-Herbert-Iann-Str. 6

96148 BAUNACH, GERMANY

Test Result according to the standards listed in clause 1 test standards:	**POSITIVE**

ilac-MRA

Contents

1 TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2: 2011	Frequency allocations and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations
FCC 47 CFR Part 15: 2011	Radio frequency devices
FCC 47 CFR Part 90: 2011	Private land mobile radio services
ANSI/TIA-603-C: 2004	Land Mobile FM or PM-Communications Equipment - Measurement and Performance Standards
ANSI C63.4: 2003	Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
KDB 412172 D01: 2010	Determining ERP and EIRP

1.1 Test result summary

Wireless repeater using digital modulation:

Operating in the frequency band from 902 MHz to 928 MHz:

Description	FCC Rule Part	Test Procedure	Result
AC power line conducted emissions	15.107(a)	ANSI C63.4:2003	not applicable
Maximum output power	90.217	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004	passed
Spurious emissions radiated	90.217(a)	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004	passed
Modulation characteristics	90.217(a)	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004	passed
Occupied bandwith	General	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004	passed
Frequency stability	90.213(a)(b)	ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004	passed
Receiver spurious emissions	15.109	ANSI C63.4:2003	passed

2 General remarks

Items	Description
Power supply	3.6 V DC (lithium battery; ON/OFF tilt switch)
Type of modulation	FSK
Operating frequency	913.02 MHz
Frequency band	902 MHz to 928 MHz
Data rate	9.6 kBd
Channel spacing	-
Number of channels	1
Antenna type	Dipole antenna (lambda ¼) or external dipole antenna (lambda ¼) with cable extansion
Antenna connector	F
Antenna gain	2.1 dBi
Lowest internal frequency	32.768 kHz
Highest internal frequency	26.0 MHz

2.1 Final assessment

The equipment under test **fulfills** the EMI requirements cited in clause 1 test standards.

Date of receipt of test sample : acc. to storage records

Testing commenced on : 30. November 2011

Testing concluded on : 05. June 2012

Checked by:

Klaus Gegenfurtner
I confirm the correctness and Integrity of this documents
2012.10.30 14:22:35 +01'00'

Klaus Gegenfurtner
Dipl. Ing.(FH)
Manager: Radio Group

Tested by:

Josef Knab
I'm the autor of this document
2012.10.30 14:00:11 +01'00'

Josef Knab
Radio Senior Expert

3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

3.1 Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage : 3.6 V DC (lithium battery)

Max. current: TX mode 35 mA
RX mode 20 mA

3.2 Short description of the equipment under test (EUT)

The LOG N-3-M is a noise logger for detecting leaks on a water pipe. It is recording the noise level of a leak noise and the corresponding frequency. The stored noise data can be read out via radio interface. You can also program the device by radio. Therefore you have to use an external device, so called LOG CDR-3-M or LOG RI-M.
It is operating at 913 MHz (bidirectional radio) and has an external antenna socket. This socket is connected with a whip antenna which has an integrated 2,5 meter antenna cable. The logger is supplied by an internal lithium primary battery.

Number of tested samples: 1
Serial number: 0804000096

EUT operation mode:

The equipment under test was operated during the measurement under the following conditions:

- cont. TX at 913.02 MHz (unmodulated)

- cont. TX at 913.02 MHz (modulated)

- cont. RX mode

EUT configuration:

(The CDF filled by the applicant can be viewed at the test laboratory.)

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurements:

- _____ Model : _____

- _____ Model : _____

- _____ Model : _____

4 TEST ENVIRONMENT

4.1 Address of the test laboratory

mikes-testingpartners gmbh
Ohmstrasse 2-4
94342 STRASSKIRCHEN
GERMANY

4.2 Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 °C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	86-106 kPa

4.3 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16-4-2 „Uncertainties, statistics and limit modelling – Uncertainty in EMC measurements“ and is documented in the quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. For all measurements shown in this report, the measurement uncertainty of the test laboratory, mikes-testingpartners gmbh, is below the measurement uncertainty as defined by CISPR. Therefore, no special measures must be taken into consideration with regard to the limits according to CISPR. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

4.4 Measurement protocol for FCC

4.4.1 General information

4.4.1.1 Test methodology

Conducted and radiated disturbance testing is performed according to the procedures set out by ANSI/TIA 603-C as shown under section 1 of this report.

4.4.1.2 Justification

The equipment under test (EUT) is configured in a typical user arrangement in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A cable is connected to each available port and either terminated with a peripheral using the appropriate impedance characteristic or left without termination. Where appropriate, cables are manually manipulated with respect to each other thus obtaining maximum disturbances from the unit.

5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1 Conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **A 4**.

5.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: None

Remarks: Not applicable. The EuT is battery powered.

5.2 Maximum output power radiated

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **CPR 2**.

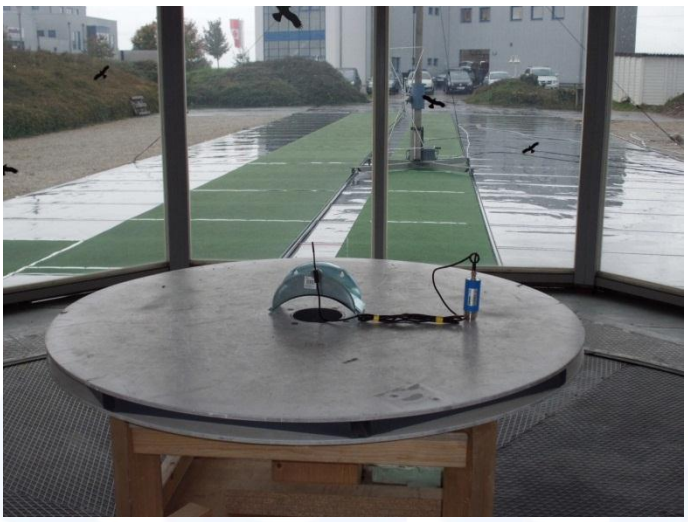
5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1

Test distance: 10 m

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Dipole antenna



Dipole antenna with cable extension

Dipole antenna

Dipole antenna with cable extension

5.2.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 90.217:
Except as noted herein, transmitters used at stations licensed below 800 MHz on any frequency listed in subparts B and C of this part or licensed on a business category channel above 800 MHz which have an output power not exceeding 120 mW are exempt from the technical requirements set out in this subpart, but must instead comply with the following:
(a) For equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth, the sum of the bandwidth occupied by the emitted signal plus the bandwidth required for frequency stability shall be adjusted so that any emission appearing on a frequency 40 kHz or more removed from the assigned frequency is attenuated at least 30 dB below the unmodulated carrier.

5.2.4 Description of Measurement

The maximum output power from the EUT is measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarised antennas. Measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and peak detection. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 m non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the centre in a serpentine fashion so that they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the centre of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. The antenna is positioned 3, 10 or 30 metres horizontally from the EUT and is repeated vertically. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 metres and the EUT is rotated 360 degrees.
The final level in dBm is calculated by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level dBµV) and adding the correction factors (cable loss, antenna gain, free space attenuation). The FCC or CISPR limit is subtracted from this result in order to provide the limit margin listed in the measurement protocol.

The substitution antenna is used to replace the EUT for test the effective radiated. For measurements in the frequency band 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz, the substitution antenna is a ½ wave dipole antenna. The centre of this antenna should coincide with either the phase centre or volume centre. A signal generator is connected to the dipole and its output is adjusted to match the level previously noted for each frequency. The output of the signal generator is recorded, and by factoring in the cable loss to the dipole antenna and its gain.

The radiated power of the fundamental emission from the EUT is measured in a test setup following the procedures set out in ANSI/TIA-603-C Section 2.2.17.

The resolution bandwidth during the measurement is as follows:
30 MHz – 1000 MHz: RBW: 120 kHz

5.2.5 Test result

Dipole antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
913.02	71.6	120	-62.0	9.6	20.8	11.2

Dipole antenna with cable extension

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
913.02	66.1	120	-61.1	5.0	20.8	15.8

Power limit according to FCC Part 90.217:

Frequency	Radiated power limit	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)
>800	20.8	120

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks: _____

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5.3 Spurious emissions radiated (electric field)

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SER 2, SER 3**.

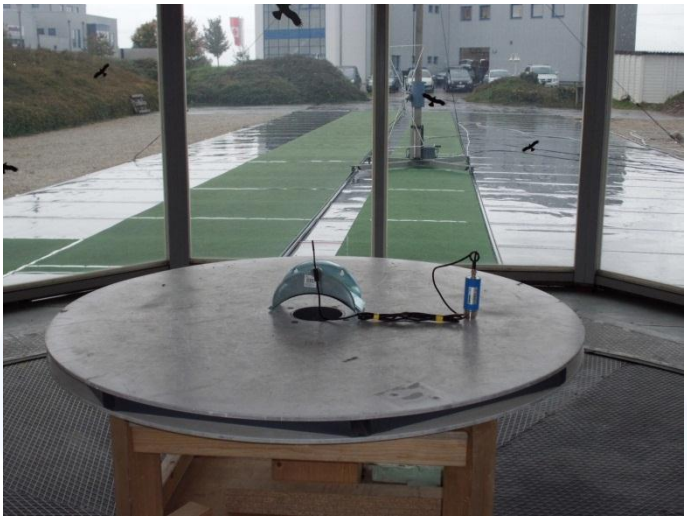
5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1
Test distance: 10 m

Test location: Anechoic chamber 2
Test distance: 3 m

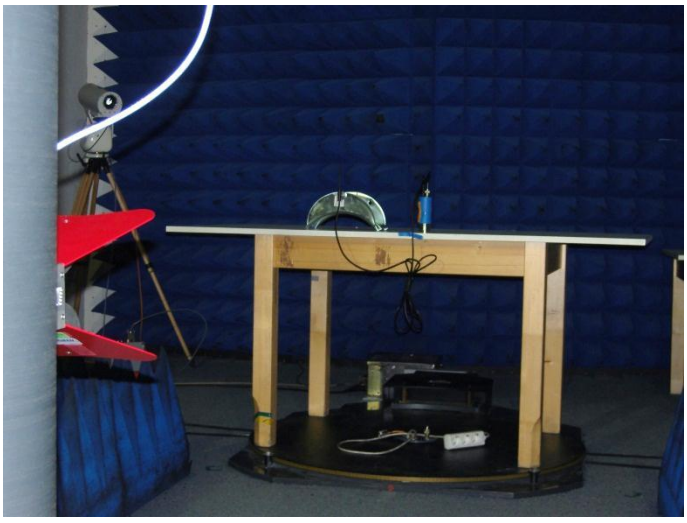
5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up

Dipole antenna



Dipole antenna with cable extension

Dipole antenna



Dipole antenna with cable extension

5.3.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 90.217(a):
(a) For equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth, the sum of the bandwidth occupied by the emitted signal plus the bandwidth required for frequency stability shall be adjusted so that any emission appearing on a frequency 40 kHz or more removed from the assigned frequency is attenuated at least 30 dB below the unmodulated carrier.

5.3.4 Description of Measurement

Spurious emission from the EUT is measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarised antennas. Measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and peak detection. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 m non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the centre in a serpentine fashion so that they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the centre of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. The antenna is positioned 3, 10 or 30 metres horizontally from the EUT and is repeated vertically. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 metres and the EUT is rotated 360 degrees.
The final level in dBm is calculated by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level dBµV) and adding the correction factors (cable loss, antenna gain, free space attenuation). The FCC or CISPR limit is subtracted from this result in order to provide the limit margin listed in the measurement protocol.

Spurious emission from the EUT are measured in the frequency range 1 GHz up to 12.75 GHz, using a spectrum analyser and appropriate linearly polarized antennas. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 metre non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the centre in a serpentine fashion so they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the centre of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical polarization planes in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyser set to max peak detector function and a resolution 1 MHz and video bandwidth 3 MHz for peak and 10 Hz for average measurement. The conditions determined as worst case will then be used for the final measurements. When the EUT is larger than the beam width of the measuring antenna it will be moved over the surface for the four sides of the equipment. Where appropriate, the test distance may be reduced in order to detect emissions under better uncertainty and are calculated at the specified test distance.

The final level in dBm is calculated by taking the reading from the spectrum analyser (Level dBm) and adding the correction factors (cable loss, antenna gain, free space attenuation). The FCC or CISPR limit is subtracted from this result in order to provide the limit margin listed in the measurement protocol.

The substitution antenna is used to replace the EUT for test the effective radiated power and spurious emissions. For measurements in the frequency band 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz, the substitution antenna is a ½ wave dipole antenna. For measurements above 1000 MHz, a waveguide horn is taken. The centre of this antenna should coincide with either the phase centre or volume centre. A signal generator is connected to the dipole (horn antenna for frequencies above 1 GHz), and its output is adjusted to match the level previously noted for each frequency. The output of the signal generator is recorded, and by factoring in the cable loss to the dipole antenna and its gain; the power (dBm) into an ideal ½ wave dipole antenna is determined for each radiated spurious emission.

The radiated power of the spurious emission from the EUT is measured in a test setup following the procedures set out in ANSI/TIA-603-C Section 2.2.12.

Instrument settings:

30 MHz – 1000 MHz:	RBW: 120 kHz
1000 MHz – 10000 MHz	RBW: 1 MHz

5.3.5 Test result

f < 1 GHz:

Dipole antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
30 - 1000	-	-	-	-	-20.4	>10

Dipole antenna with cable extension

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
30 - 1000	-	-	-	-	-25.0	>10

f > 1 GHz:

Dipole antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBm)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
1826.13	-38.5	1000	-10.1	-48.6	-20.4	28.2
2739.25	-47.6	1000	-8.0	-55.6	-20.4	35.2
3652.00	-44.5	1000	-4.6	-49.1	-20.4	28.7
4564.75	-51.2	1000	7.2	-44.0	-20.4	23.6
5478.25	-42.0	1000	7.9	-34.1	-20.4	13.7
6390.63	-44.3	1000	10.0	-34.3	-20.4	13.9
7304.13	-59.7	1000	11.6	-48.1	-20.4	27.7
8217.63	-59.4	1000	15.1	-44.3	-20.4	23.9
9131.13	-59.3	1000	15.6	-43.7	-20.4	23.3
10043.50	-62.0	1000	15.0	-47.0	-20.4	26.6
10957.00	-61.2	1000	15.7	-45.5	-20.4	25.1
11870.50	-64.6	1000	16.2	-48.4	-20.4	28.0
12784.00	-68.8	1000	6.2	-62.6	-20.4	42.2

Dipole antenna with cable extension

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBm)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Corrected power ERP (dBm)	Power limit (dBm)	Delta (dB)
1826.13	-37.4	1000	-10.1	-47.5	-25.0	22.5
2739.25	-48.8	1000	-8.4	-57.2	-25.0	32.2
3652.00	-49.8	1000	-4.7	-54.5	-25.0	29.5
4564.75	-51.4	1000	7.2	-44.2	-25.0	19.2
5478.25	-41.0	1000	7.9	-33.1	-25.0	8.1
6390.63	-38.5	1000	10.0	-28.5	-25.0	3.5
7304.13	-57.1	1000	11.6	-45.5	-25.0	20.5
8217.63	-58.3	1000	15.1	-43.2	-25.0	18.2
9131.13	-57.3	1000	15.6	-41.7	-25.0	16.7
10043.50	-60.3	1000	15.0	-45.3	-25.0	20.3
10957.00	-63.2	1000	15.7	-47.5	-25.0	22.5
11870.50	-62.7	1000	16.2	-46.5	-25.0	21.5
12784.00	-66.8	1000	6.2	-60.6	-25.0	35.6

FCC: OV8-LOGN3

Spurious emission limit according to FCC Part 90.217:

Spurious emission limit (dBm)	
30 dB down	-20.4 Dipole antenna -25.0 Dipole antenna with cable extension

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks: _____

_____

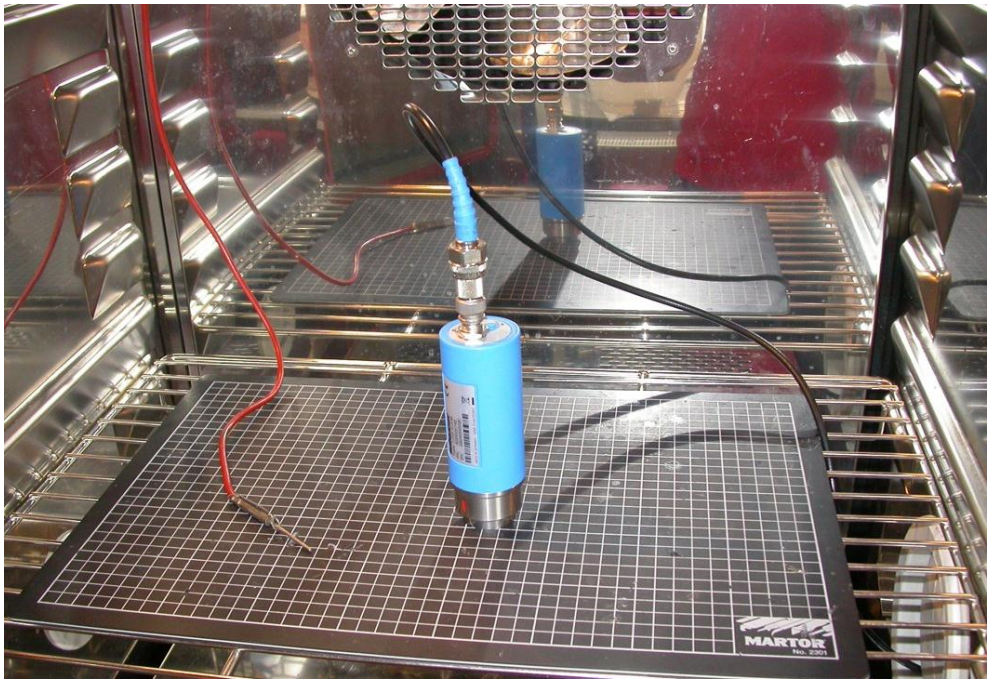
5.4 Modulation characteristics

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: METROLOGY

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 90.217(a):
(a) For equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth, the sum of the bandwidth occupied by the emitted signal plus the bandwidth required for frequency stability shall be adjusted so that any emission appearing on a frequency 40 kHz or more removed from the assigned frequency is attenuated at least 30 dB below the unmodulated carrier.

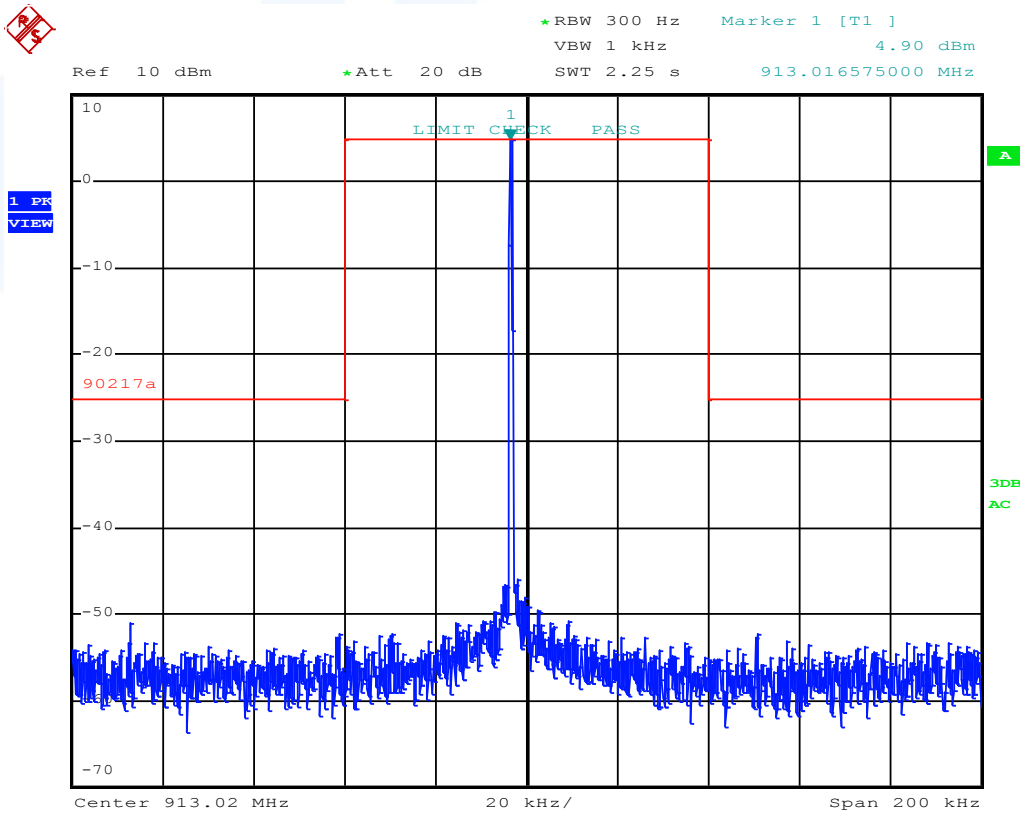
5.4.4 Description of Measurement

The measurement was performed conducted with intentional modulation on and off. The emission mask defined for 25 kHz channel bandwidth devices is shown on each plot. The 0 dB reference for the mask is the measured output power of the unmodulated carrier at that frequency.

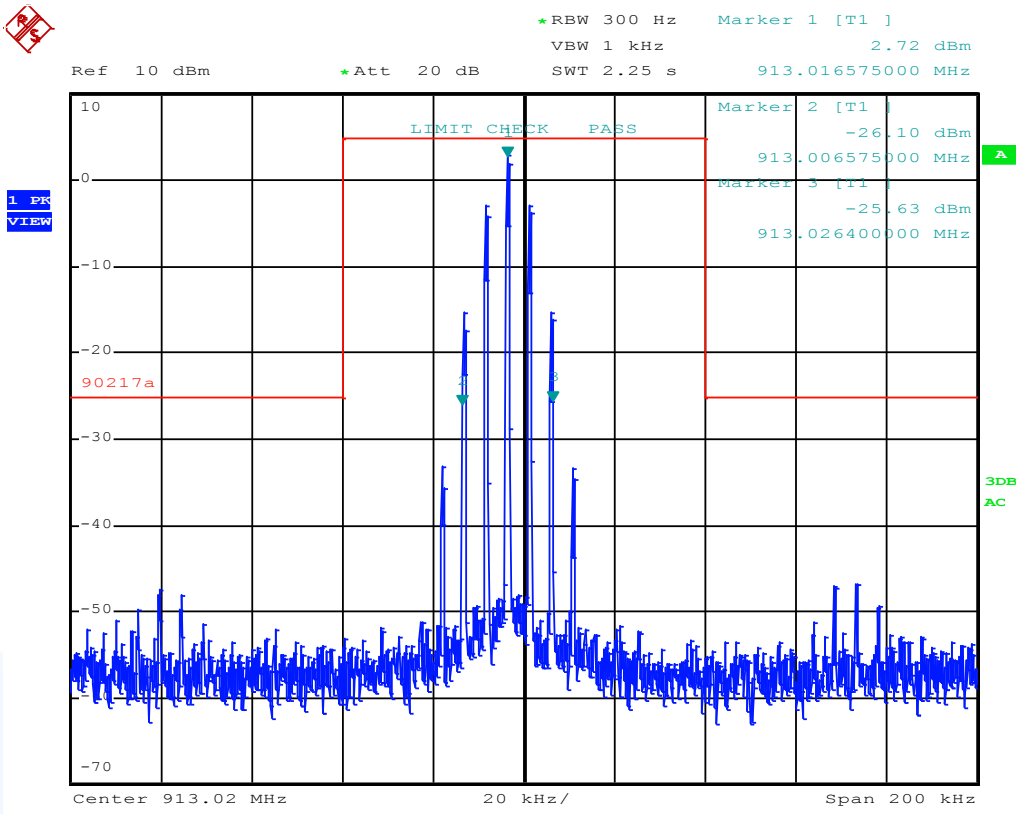
Spectrum analyser settings:
RBW: 300 Hz, VBW: 1 kHz, Detector: PK sampling detector, Sweep time: auto

5.4.5 Test result

Cont. TX without modulation



Cont. TX with modulation



Peak power limit according to FCC Part 90.217(a):

Limit	Lower envelope point minimum frequency	Upper envelope point maximum frequency
30 dB down	912.98 MHz ($f_{e,\ lower}$ - 40 kHz)	913.06 MHz ($f_{e,\ upper}$ + 40 kHz)

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks:

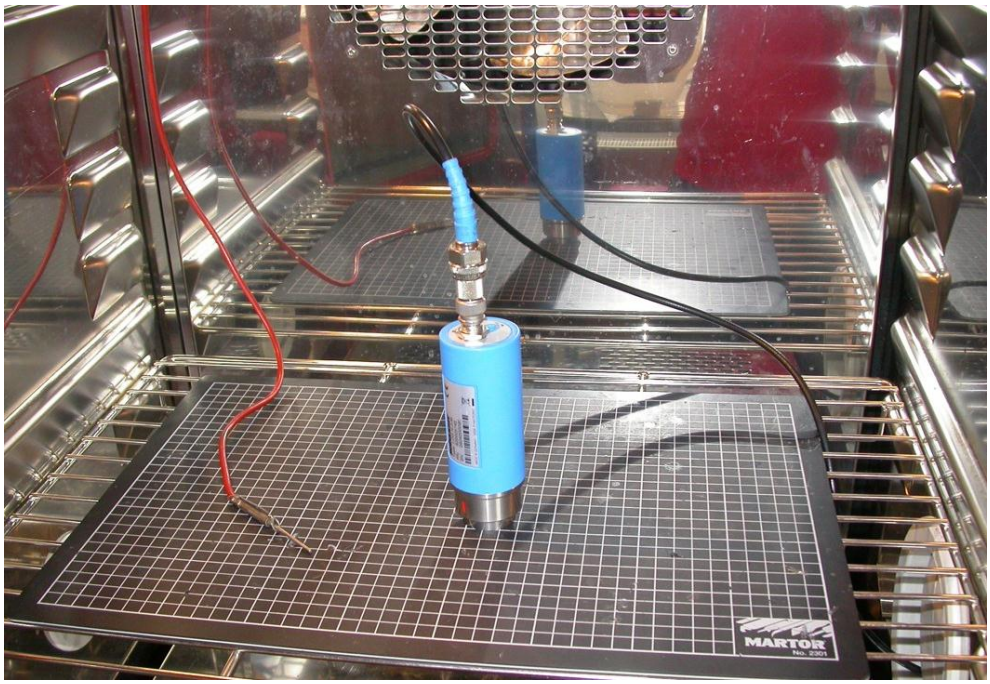
5.5 Occupied bandwidth

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

5.5.1 Description of the test location

Test location: METROLOGY

5.5.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.5.3 Applicable standard

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 per cent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable:
Transmitters in which the modulating baseband comprises not more than three independent channels—when modulated by the full complement of signals for which the transmitter is rated. The level of modulation for each channel should be set to that prescribed in rule parts applicable to the services for which the transmitter is intended. If specific modulation levels are not set forth in the rules, the tests should provide the manufacturer's maximum rated condition.

5.5.4 Description of Measurement

The bandwidth was measured conducted with the function “bandwidth measurement” of the spectrum analyser.

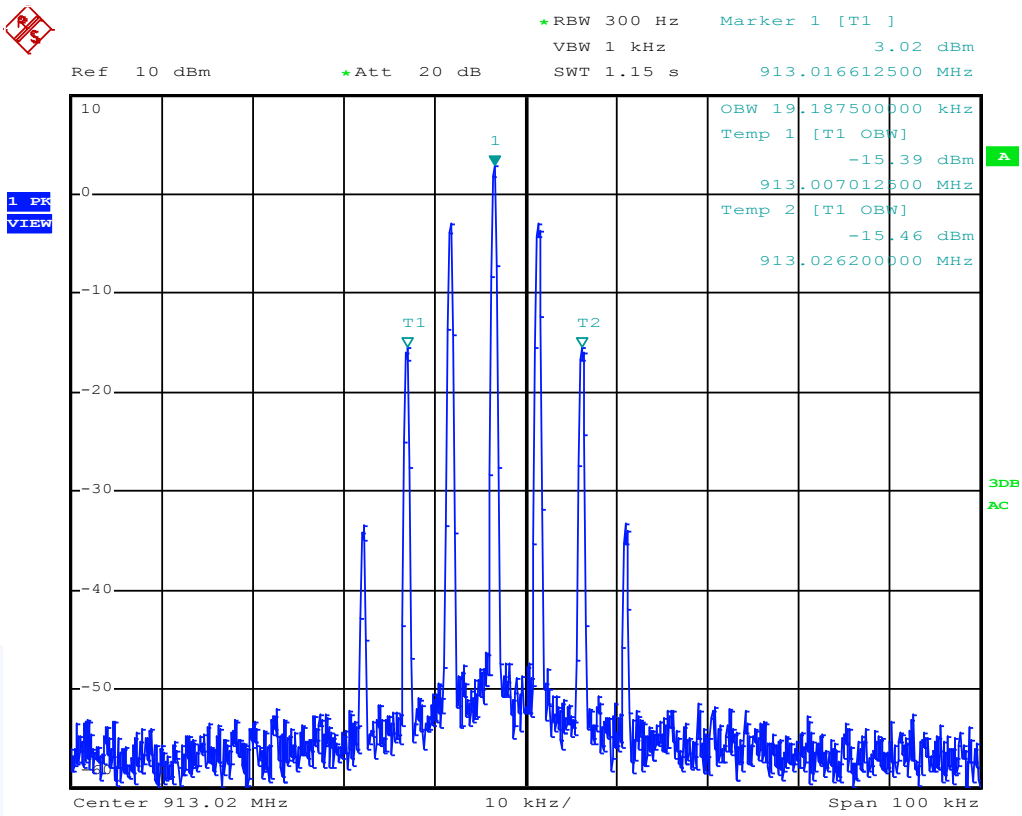
Spectrum analyser settings:
RBW: 300 Hz, VBW: 1 kHz, Detector: PK sampling detector, Sweep time: auto

5.5.5 Test result

Channel number	Fundamental frequency (MHz)	99 % Bandwidth (kHz)
1	913.02	19.19

5.5.6 Test protocol

99% Bandwidth measurement plots



The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks: _____

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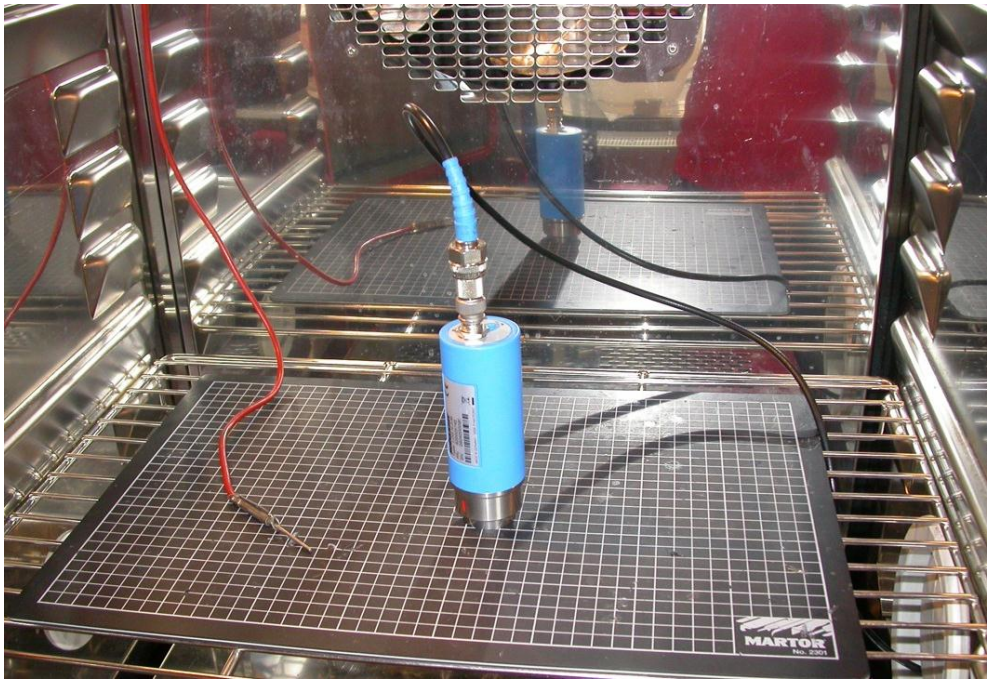
5.6 Frequency stability

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **MB**.

5.6.1 Description of the test location

Test location: METROLOGY

5.6.2 Photo documentation of the test setup



5.6.3 Applicable standard

According to FCC Part 90.217(a):
(a) For equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth, the sum of the bandwidth occupied by the emitted signal plus the bandwidth required for frequency stability shall be adjusted so that any emission appearing on a frequency 40 kHz or more removed from the assigned frequency is attenuated at least 30 dB below the unmodulated carrier.

5.6.4 Description of Measurement

This test has been performed over variations in temperature. The temperature stability was measured with the EUT in a climatic chamber. The frequency stability of the transmitter was examined for the temperature range of -30°C to +50°C. The carrier frequency was measured conducted with a spectrum analyser.

5.6.5 Test result

Test conditions		Test result	
		Frequency reading (MHz)	Frequency error (kHz)
T (50°C)	V_{nom}	913.015414	-4.59
T (40°C)	V_{nom}	913.015374	-4.63
T (30°C)	V_{nom}	913.016521	-3.48
T (20°C)	V_{nom}	913.019280	-0.72
T (10°C)	V_{nom}	913.020671	0.67
T (0°C)	V_{nom}	913.021443	1.44
T (-10°C)	V_{nom}	913.021583	1.58
T (-20°C)	V_{nom}	913.020196	0.20
T (-30°C)	V_{nom}	913.016483	-3.52
Measurement uncertainty		± 3 dB	

Measured frequency 30 dB down nearest at the lower frequency (see page 17):

f_L + FE $_{min}$ = 913.0066 MHz + -4.6 kHz = **913.0020 MHz**

Measured frequency 30 dB down nearest at the higher frequency (see page 17):

f_H + FE $_{max}$ = 913.0264 MHz + 1.6 kHz = **913.0280 MHz**

Bandwidth limit according to FCC Part 90.217(a):

Limit	Lower envelope point minimum frequency	Upper envelope point maximum frequency
30 dB down	912.98 MHz ($f_{e, lower}$ - 40 kHz)	913.06 MHz ($f_{e, upper}$ + 40 kHz)

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks: This measurement was performed with a new (full battery), because normaly the battery is not accessable.

5.7 Receiver spurious emissions, radiated

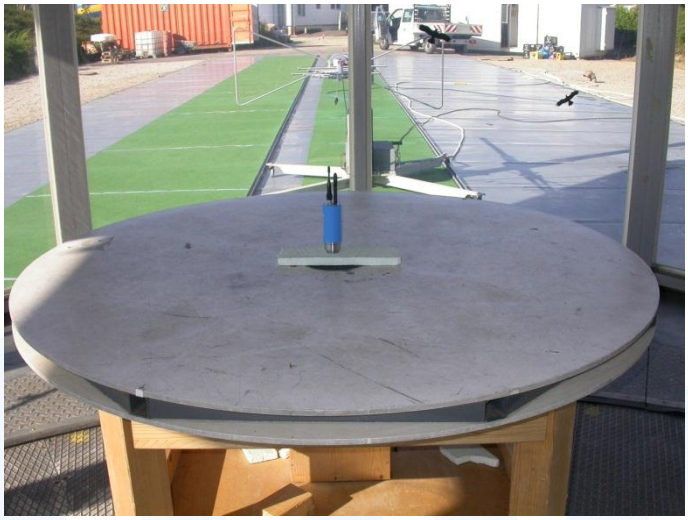
For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part **SER 2 and SER 3**.

5.7.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS 1
Test location: Anechoic chamber 2

Test distance: 3 m

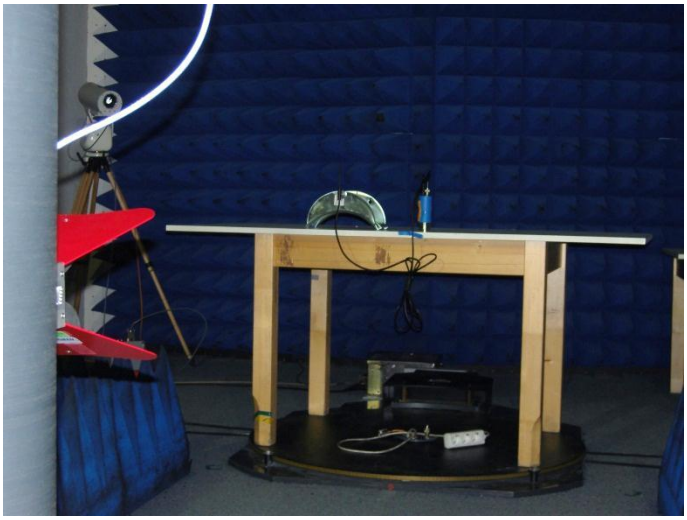
5.7.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



Dipole antenna

Dipole antenna with cable extension

Dipole antenna



Dipole antenna with cable extension

5.7.3 Applicable standard

According to ANSI/TIA-603-C Section 3.1.1 and FCC Part 15B, Section 15.109 (a) and:
Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emission from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 m shall not exceed the given limit.

5.7.4 Description of Measurement

Spurious emission from the EUT are measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarised antennas. Measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 m non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the centre in a serpentine fashion so that they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the centre of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. The antenna is positioned 3, 10 or 30 metres horizontally from the EUT and is repeated vertically. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 metres and the EUT is rotated 360 degrees.
The final level in dBµV/m is calculated by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level dBµV) and adding the correction factors and cable loss factor (dB). The FCC or CISPR limit is subtracted from this result in order to provide the limit margin listed in the measurement protocol.

Spurious emission from the EUT are measured in the frequency range 1 GHz up to 12.75 GHz, using a spectrum analyser and appropriate linearly polarized antennas. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 metre non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. The interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the centre in a serpentine fashion so they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the centre of the table and to a screened room located outside the test area. Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical polarization planes in a fully anechoic room using a spectrum analyser set to max peak detector function and a resolution 1 MHz and video bandwidth 3 MHz for peak and 10 Hz for average measurement. The conditions determined as worst case will then be used for the final measurements. When the EUT is larger than the beam width of the measuring antenna it will be moved over the surface for the four sides of the equipment. Where appropriate, the test distance may be reduced in order to detect emissions under better uncertainty and are calculated at the specified test distance.

The radiated power of the spurious emission from the EUT is measured in a test setup following the procedures set out in ANSI C63.4. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode complies with the average limit is 20 dB lower, then testing will be stopped and peak values of the EUT will be reported, otherwise the emission will be measured in average mode again and reported.

Instrument settings:

30 MHz – 1000 MHz:	RBW: 120 kHz
1000 MHz – 5000 MHz	RBW: 1 MHz

5.7.5 Test result

f < 1 GHz:

Dipole antenna with and without cable extension

Frequency (MHz)	Level QP (dBµV)	Level AV (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Level QP (dBµV/m)	Level AV (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
30 - 1000	-		-	-	-	-	40.0	>10

f > 1 GHz:

Dipole antenna with and without cable extension

Frequency (MHz)	Level PK (dBµV)	Level AV (dBµV)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Correct. factor (dB)	Level PK (dBµV/m)	Level AV (dBµV/m)	Limit AV (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
1000 - 5000	-		-	-	-	-	54.0	>10

Limit according to FCC Part 15B, Section 15.109(a):

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (µV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

The requirements are **FULFILLED.**

Remarks: The measurement was performed according to FCC Part 15A, Section 15.33(b), up to the 5 MHz.

6 USED TEST EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES

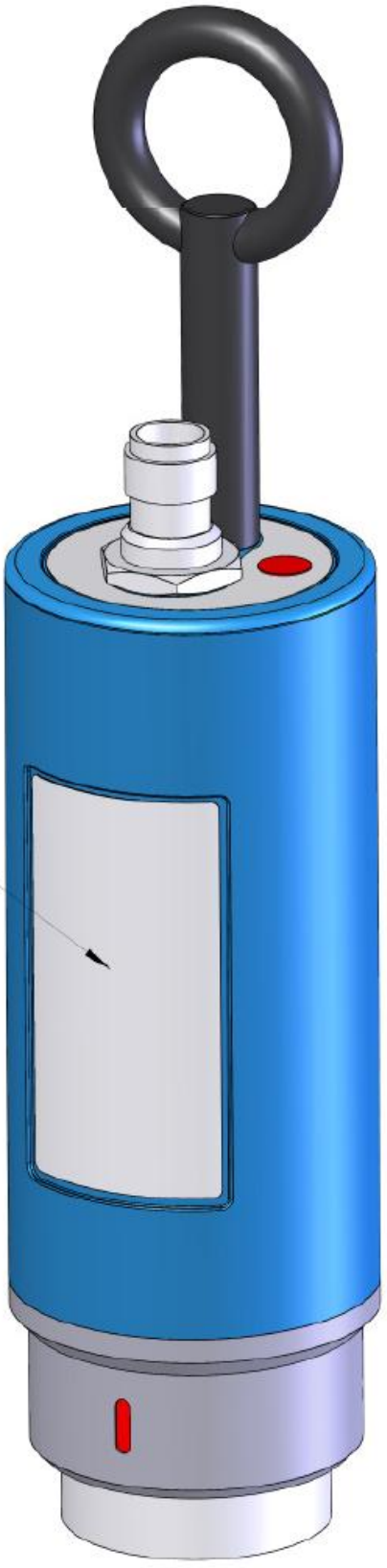
All test instruments used are calibrated and verified regularly. The calibration history is available on request.

Test ID	Model Type	Equipment No.	Next Calib.	Last Calib.	Next Verif.	Last Verif.
CPR 2	ESVS 30	02-02/03-05-006	26/06/2013	26/06/2012		
	VULB 9168	02-02/24-05-005	16/03/2013	16/03/2012	08/04/2013	08/10/2012
	S10162-B	02-02/50-05-031				
	NW-2000-NB	02-02/50-05-113				
	KK-EF393/U-16N-21N_20m	02-02/50-12-018				
MB	ESCI	02-02/03-05-005	21/11/2012	21/11/2011		
	RF Antenna	02-02/24-05-032				
	MetraHIT World	02-02/32-10-001	25/08/2012	25/08/2011		
	WK-180/40	02-02/45-08-001	31/07/2012	31/07/2011		
SER 2	ESVS 30	02-02/03-05-006	26/06/2013	26/06/2012		
	VULB 9168	02-02/24-05-005	16/03/2013	16/03/2012	08/04/2013	08/10/2012
	S10162-B	02-02/50-05-031				
	NW-2000-NB	02-02/50-05-113				
	KK-EF393/U-16N-21N_20m	02-02/50-12-018				
SER 3	FSP 30	02-02/11-05-001	05/10/2012	05/10/2011		
	AFS4-01000400-10-10P-4	02-02/17-05-003				
	AMF-4F-04001200-15-10P	02-02/17-05-004				
	AFS5-12001800-18-10P-6	02-02/17-06-002				
	3117	02-02/24-05-009	16/02/2013	16/02/2012		
	WHJS 1000-10EE	02-02/50-05-070				
	Sucoflex N-1600-SMA	02-02/50-05-073				
	Sucoflex N-2000-SMA	02-02/50-05-075				

7 Photo documentation

7.1 External photos of the EUT

Label view / lable placement

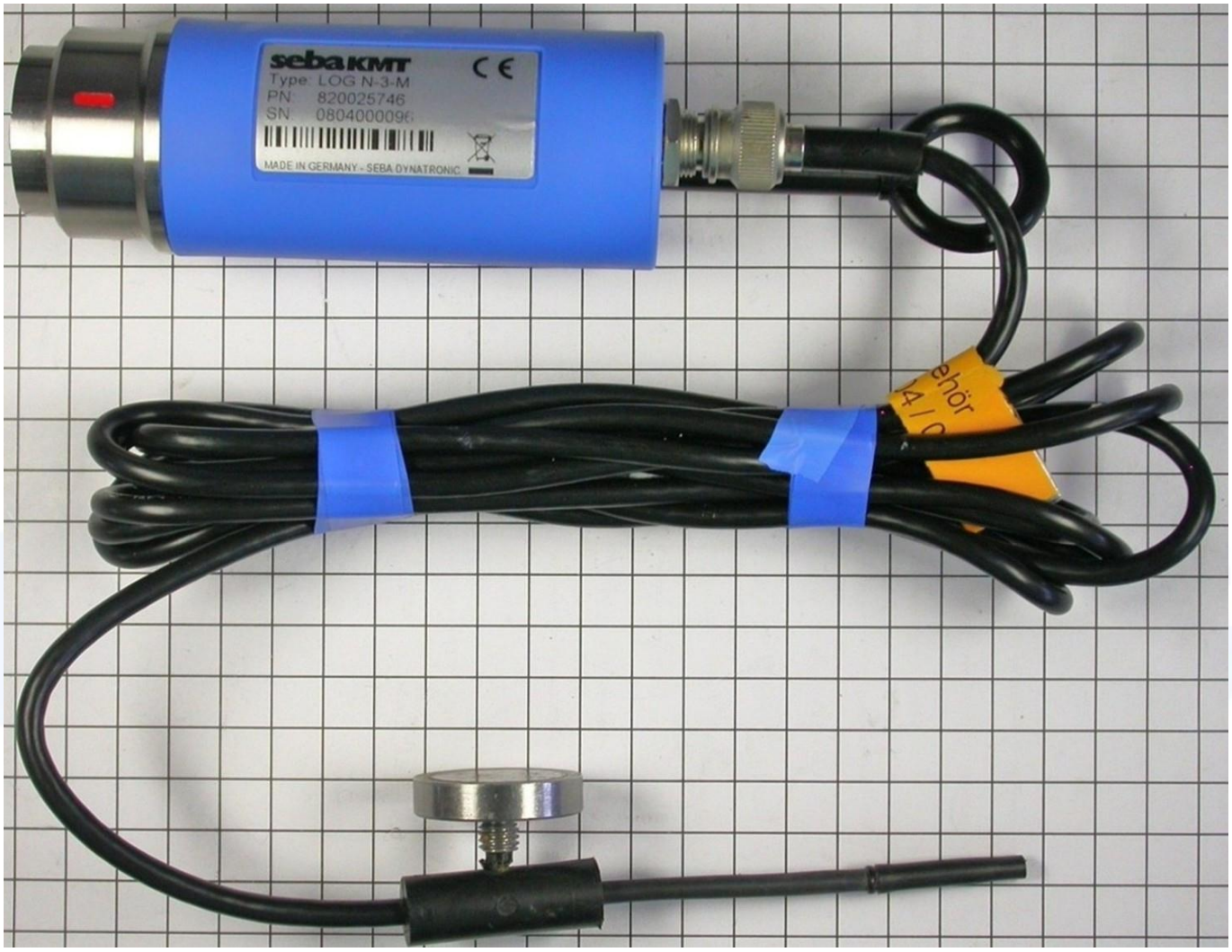


FCC IDENT LABEL OV8-LOGN3
Druckdatei: LOG N-3-M Set FCC.lbl

FCC: OV8-LOGN3

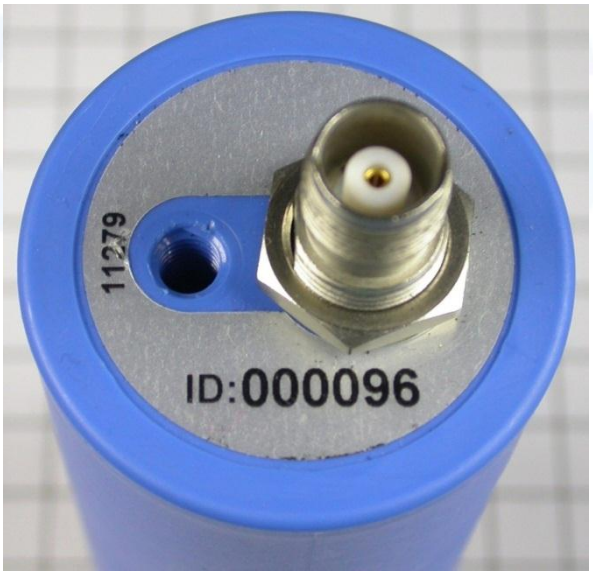
Side view / label placement
(Label for European market)

EuT configuration with external antenna plus cable extension

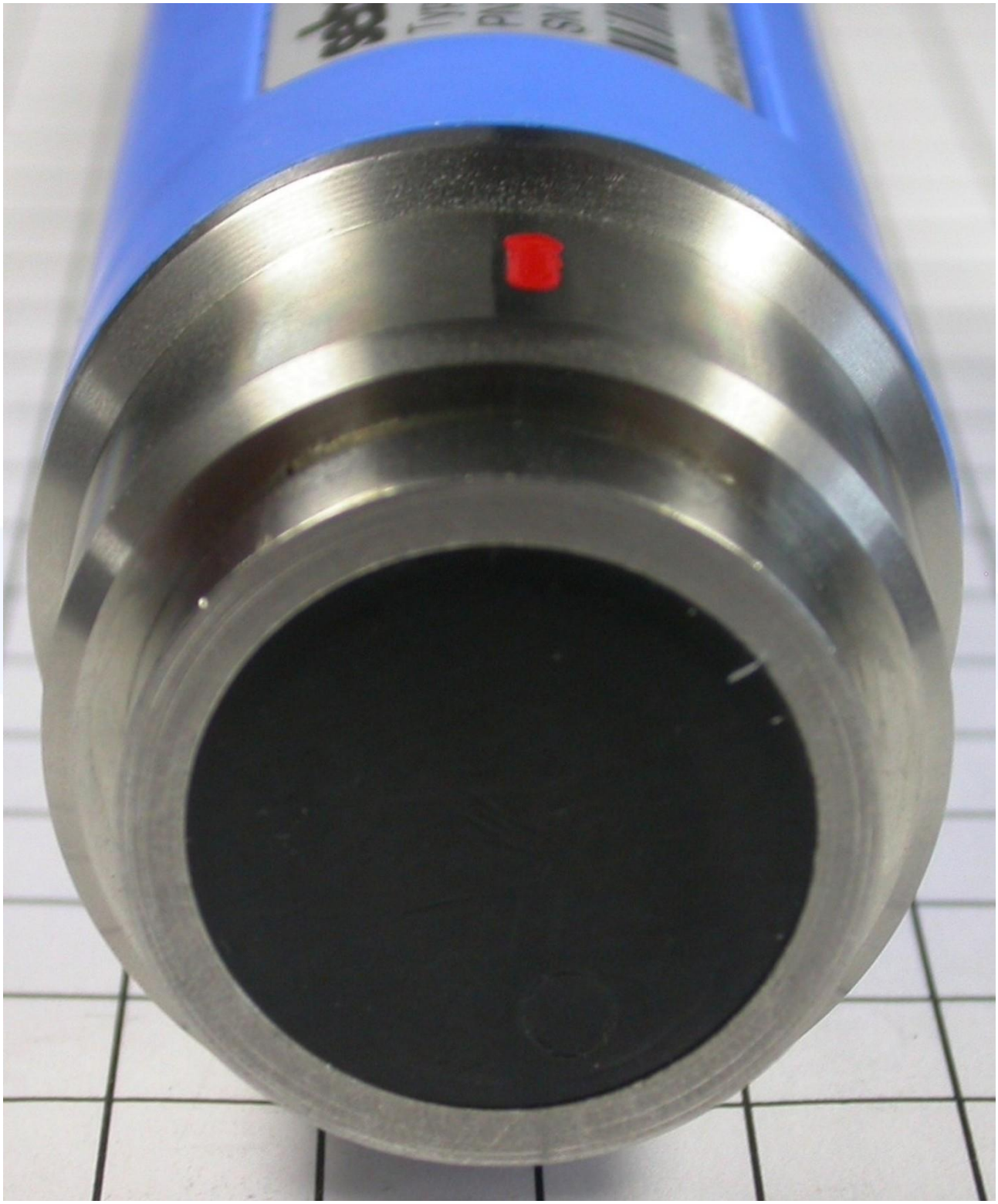


EuT configuration with external antenna

Top view

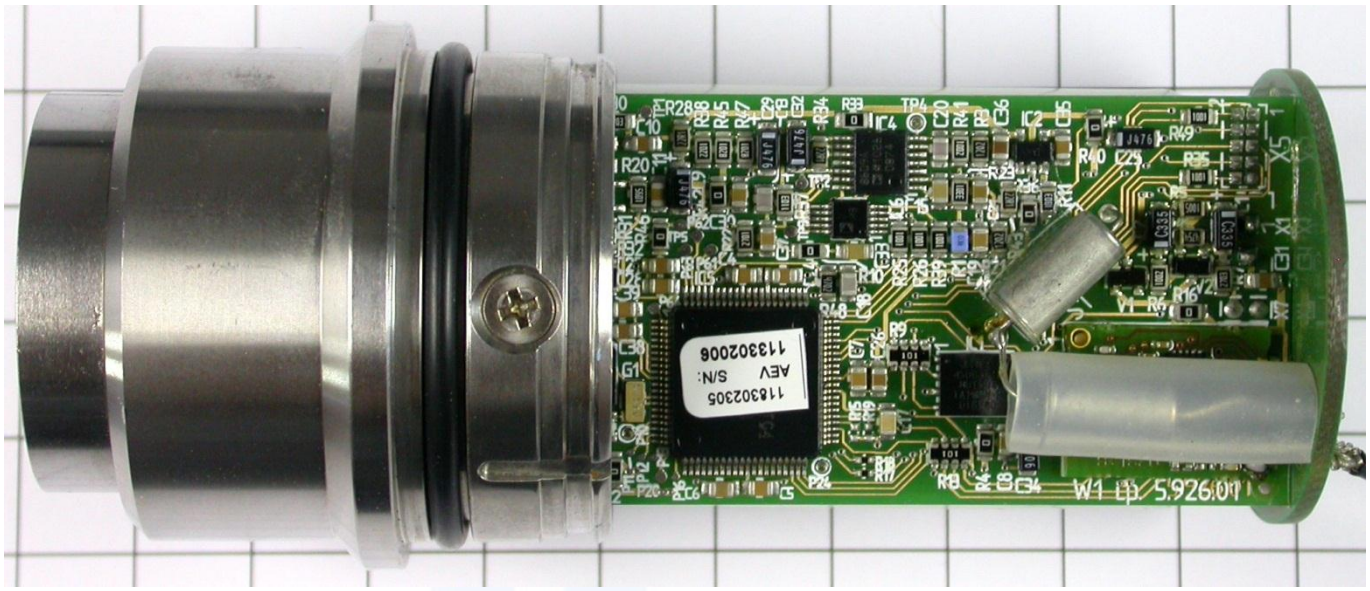


Bottom view

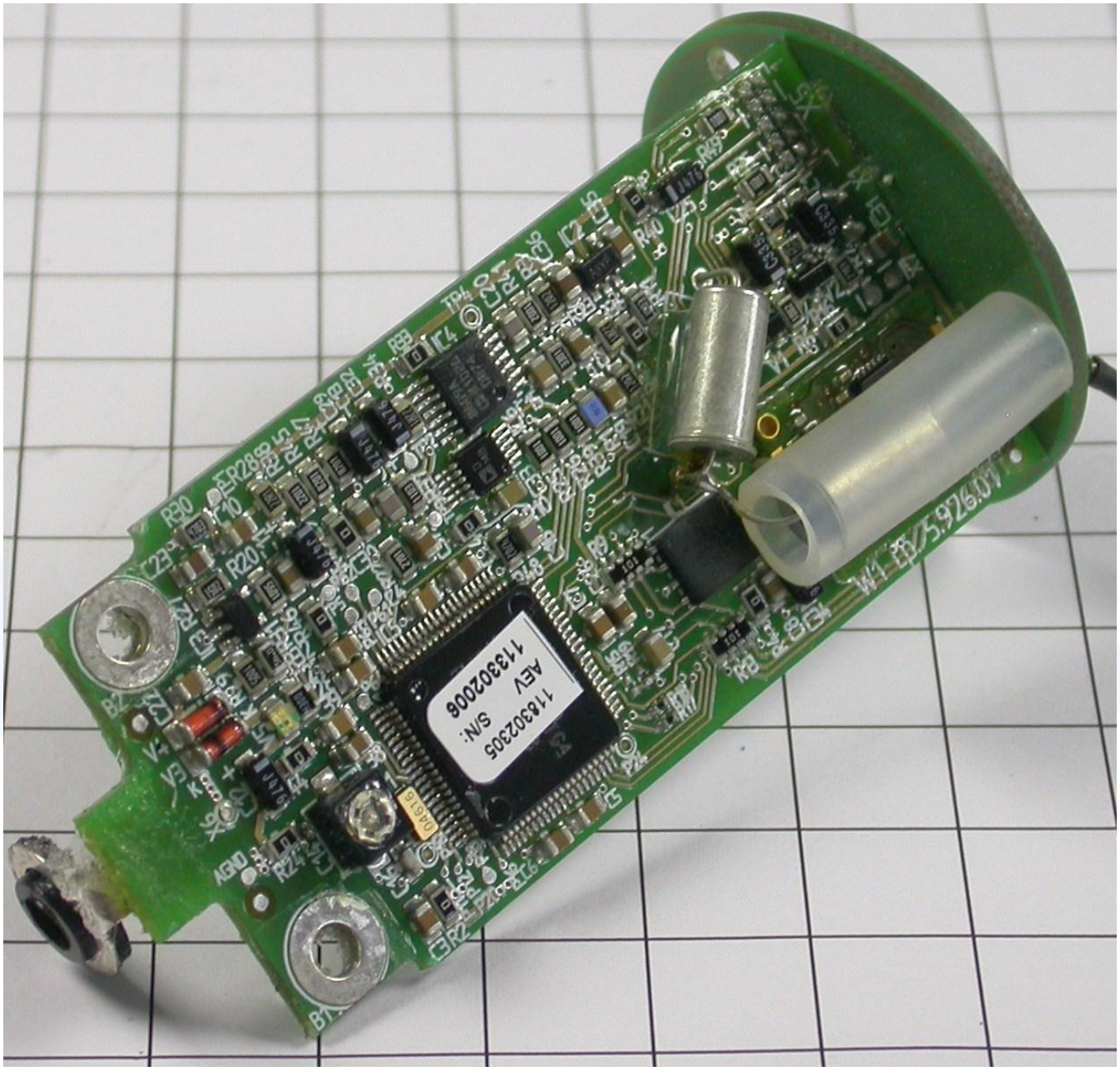


7.2 Internal photos of the EUT

Open casing

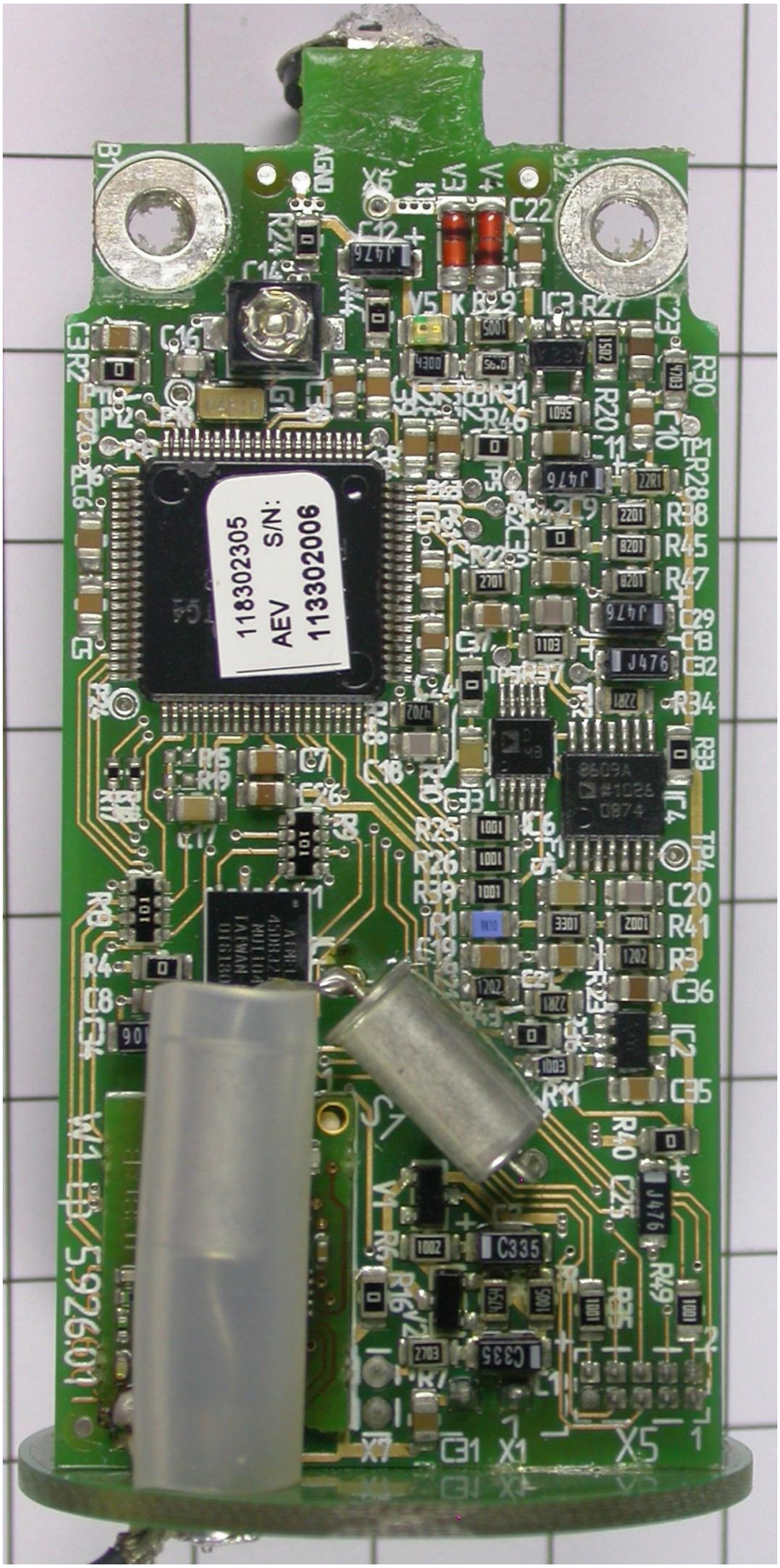


PCB main board with auxiliary board - over view

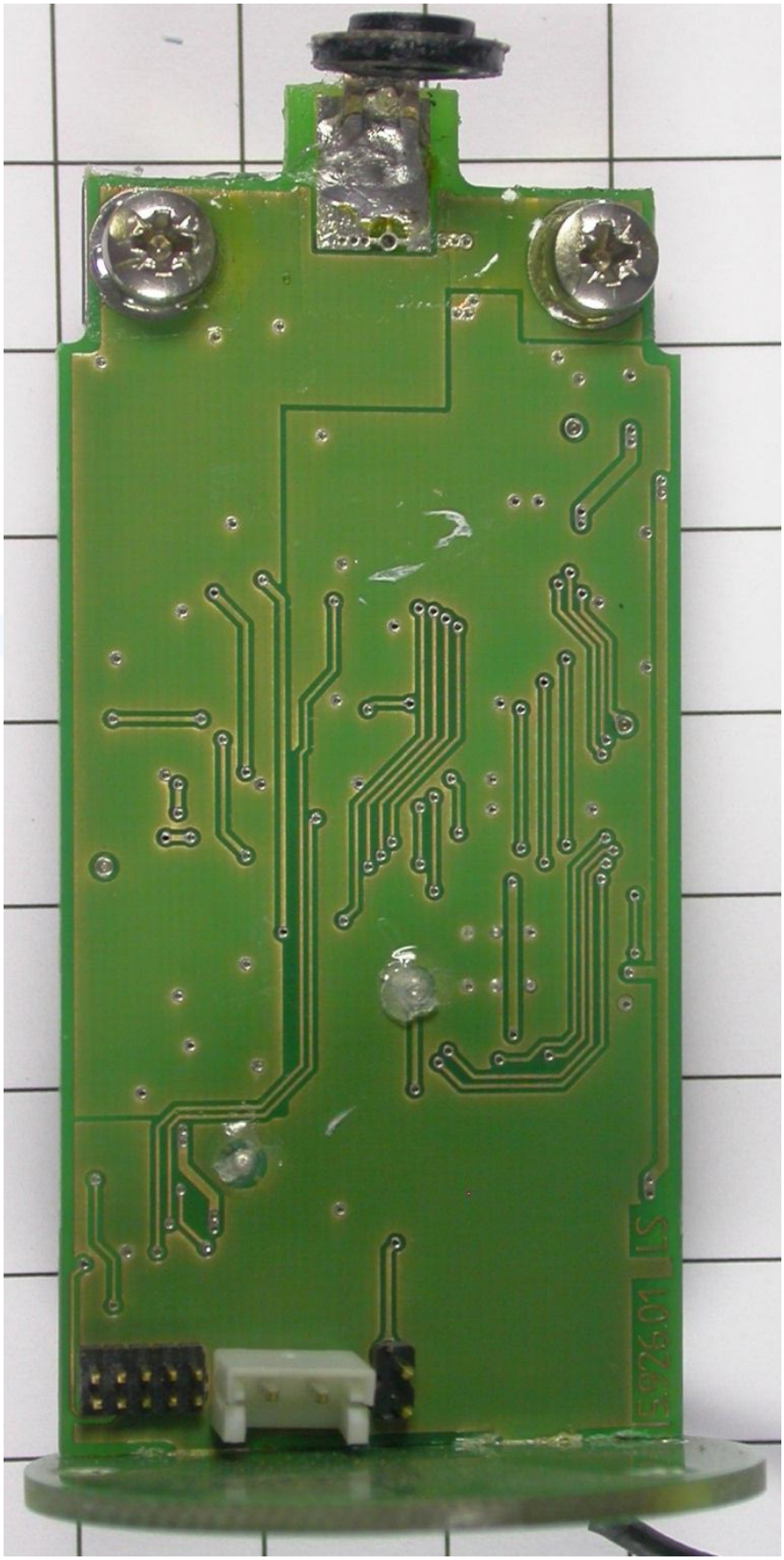


FCC: OV8-LOGN3

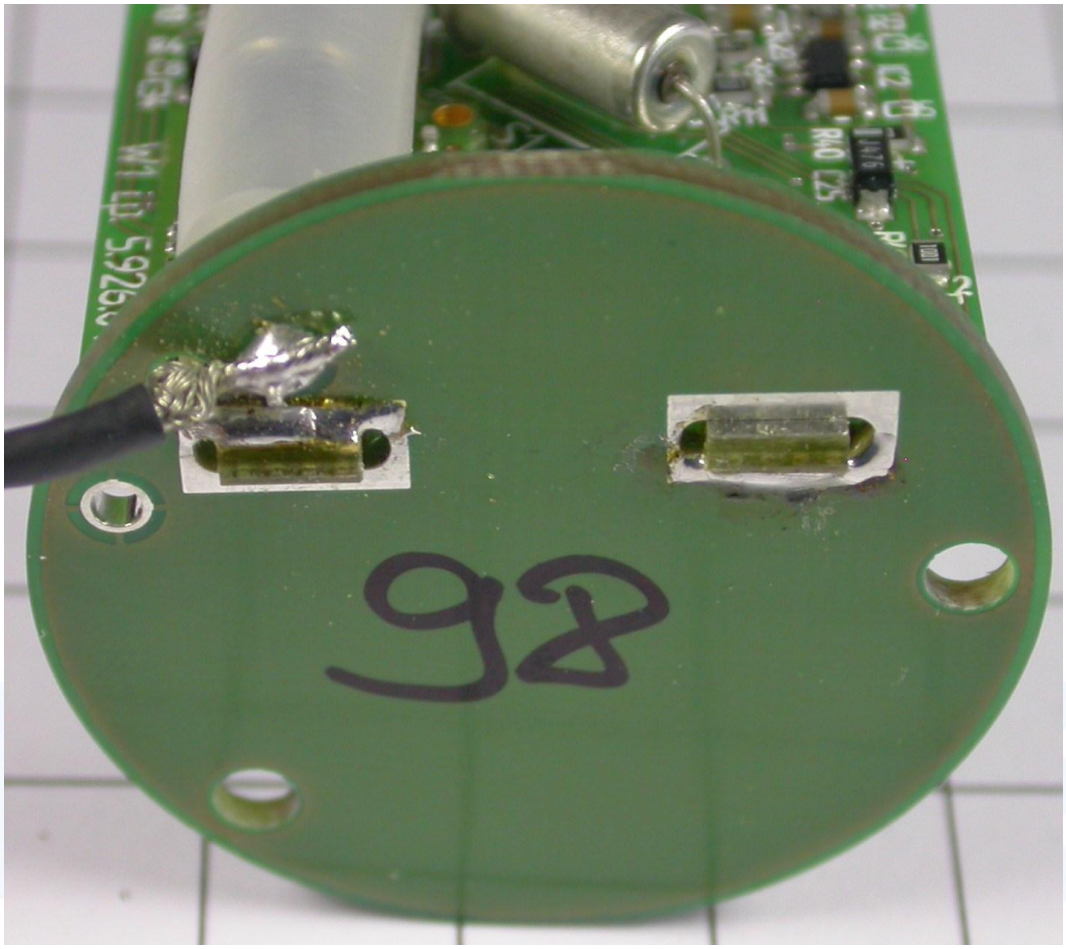
PCB main board - top view



PCB main board - bottom view



Auxiliary PCB board - top view



Auxiliary PCB board - bottom view