

## 5.7. RF EXPOSURE REQUIREMENTS [§§ 15.247 (i), 1.1310]

### 5.7.1. Limits

**§ 15.247 (i):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307 (b) (1).

**§ 1.1310:** The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
<b>(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures</b>				
0.3–3.0 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30 .....	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30–300 .....	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/300	6
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	5	6
<b>(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure</b>				
0.3–1.34 .....	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30 .....	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300 .....	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500 .....	.....	.....	f/1500	30
1500–100,000 .....	.....	.....	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

### 5.7.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to FCC @ 1.1310, 2.1091 and Public Notice DA 00-705 (March 30, 2000).

Spread spectrum transmitters operating under Section 15.247 are categorically excluded from routine environmental evaluation for demonstrating RF exposure compliance with respect to MPE and/or SAR limits. These devices are not exempted from compliance. As indicated in Section 15.247 (b) (4), these transmitters are required to operate in a manner that ensures that exposure to the public (users and nearby persons) does not exceed the Commission's RF exposure guidelines (see Sections 1.1307, 2.1091 and 2.1093). Unless a device operates at substantially low output power levels, with a low gain antenna (s), supporting information is generally needed to establish the various potential operating configurations and exposure conditions of a transmitter and its antenna(s), in order to determine compliance with the RF exposure guidelines.

- In order to demonstrate compliance with MPE requirements (see Section 2.1091), the following information is typically needed:
  - (1) Calculation that estimates the minimum separation distance (20 cm or more) between an antenna and persons required to satisfy power density limits defined for free space.
  - (2) Antenna installation and device operating instructions for installers (professional/unskilled users), and the parties responsible for ensuring compliance with the RF exposure requirement
  - (3) Any caution statements and/or warning labels that are necessary in order to comply with the exposure limits
  - (4) Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance

**Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:**

$$S = PG/4\pi r^2 = EIRP/4\pi r^2$$

Where:  
P: power input to the antenna in mW  
EIRP: Equivalent (effective) isotropic radiated power  
S: power density mW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator  
r: distance to centre of radiation in cm

$$r = \sqrt{PG/4\pi S}$$

- For portable transmitters (see Section 2.1093), or devices designed to operate next to a person's body, compliance is determined with respect to the SAR limit (define in the body tissues) for near-field exposure conditions. If the maximum average output power, operating condition configurations and exposure conditions are comparable to those of existing cellular and PCS phones., an SAR evaluation may be required in order to determine if such a device complies with SAR limit. When SAR evaluation data is not available, and the additional supporting information cannot assure compliance, the Commission may request that an SAR evaluation be performed, as provided for in Section 1.1307(d).

### 5.7.3. Evaluation

This device is categorically excluded from routine environmental evaluation for RF Exposure requirement as per section 2.1093.

This module may be used as stand-alone portable exposure conditions with no restrictions on host platforms when the source-based time-averaged output power is  $\leq 60/f_{(\text{GHz})}$  mW as specified in sec 2(a)(1) of FCC KDB 447498 v04.

Measured Maximum Peak Conducted Power = 1.0 mW

SAR is not required as Peak Conducted Power (1 mW) is below the threshold value of 24 mW for 2.45 GHz band.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Threshold Value} &= [60/f(\text{GHz})] \text{ mW} \\ &= (60/2.5) \text{ mW} \\ &= 24 \text{ mW}\end{aligned}$$