Exhibit B: Test Report
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

Project Number: 04445-10

Prepared for:
Xanboo, Inc.
400 Columbus Avenue
Valhaua , New York 10595

By

Professional Testing (EMI), Inc.
1601 FM 1460, Suite B
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May 2004

CERTIFICATION
Electromagnetic Interference Test Report
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

(Intentional Radiator Portion)

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Certificate Of Compliance

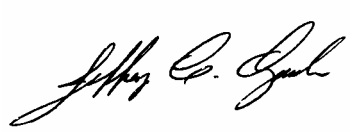
Applicant:	Xanboo, Inc.
Applicant's Address:	400 Columbus Avenue Valhaua, New York 10595
FCC ID:	OU4-XPC240
Project Number:	04445-10
Test Dates:	April 14, 2004 and April 15, 2004

I, Jeffrey A. Lenk, for Professional Testing (EMI), Inc., being familiar with the FCC rules and test procedures have reviewed the test setup, measured data and this report. I believe them to be true and accurate.

The **Xanboo, Inc., XPC240 Power Module** was tested to and found to be in compliance with FCC Part 15 Subpart C for an Intentional Radiator.

The highest emissions generated by the above equipment are listed below:

	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Fundamental	418	66.5	72.3	-5.8
Spurious	4940	44.7	52.3	-7.6
Conducted	0.15	44.1	66.0	-21.9
Occupied Bandwidth	128 (kHz)		1.045 (MHz)	



NVLAP

Lab Code 200062-0

Jeffrey A. Lenk
President

This report has been reviewed and accepted by Xanboo, Inc.. The undersigned is responsible for ensuring that **Xanboo, Inc., XPC240 Power Module** will continue to comply with the FCC rules.

1.0 EUT Description

The **XPC240 Power Module** (EUT) is used to remotely control or determine the status of 120 VAC appliances. In Mode 1, the unit can notify the Xanboo system that an appliance, security light, computer, etc. has been turned on. When the appliance is activated, the unit transmits its unique ID number to the Xanboo unit on 418 MHz. In Mode 2, the XPC240 can be used by the Xanboo system to turn on and turn off appliances, security lights, etc. The 418 MHz signal is a 19mS long transmission uniquely identifying the sending station. The transmission is encoded in FSK. A similar 418 MHz signal is sent periodically to maintain system integrity. The transmitter automatically shuts off following the 19mS encoded message

47 CFR 15.231e & 15.249	Fundamental Transmit Power
47 CFR 15.231e & 15.205 & 15.249	Spurious Radiated Power
47 CFR 15.231e	Occupied Bandwidth
47 CFR 15.203	Antenna Requirement
47 CFR 15.207	Conducted Emissions

The system tested consisted of the following:

Manufacturer & Model	**Serial #**	**FCC ID #**	**Description**
Xanboo, Inc., XPC240 Power Module	N/A	OU4-XPC240	Power Module

1.1 EUT Operation

The **XPC240 Power Module** transmitter operating at 418 MHz under normal configuration can only be triggered once per fifteen seconds and transmits a recognition code for **18** milliseconds.

For the purpose of testing, a special mode was used, for most of the testing, allowing the 418 MHz infrared transmitter to transmit continuously.

2.0 Electromagnetic Emissions Testing

Professional Testing (EMI), Inc. (PTI), follows the guidelines of NIST for all uncertainty calculations, estimates and expressions thereof for EMC testing.

2.1 Conducted Emissions Measurements

Conducted emissions measurements were made on the Class II Power Supply mains terminals of the **XPC240 Power Module** to determine the line-to-ground radio noise emitted from each power-input terminal. Conducted emissions measurements on the mains terminals were performed at Professional Testing, located in Round Rock, Texas.

2.1.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was configured and operated in a manner consistent with typical applications. The EUT power cord in excess of one meter was folded back and forth forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the approximate center of the cable. Power supply cords for the peripheral equipment were powered from an auxiliary LISN. Excess interface cable lengths were separately bundled in a non-inductive arrangement at the approximate center of the cable with the bundle 30 to 40 centimeters in length. The conducted emissions were maximized, by varying the operating states and configuration of the EUT.

The tests were performed in a 12' x 16' RayProof modular shielded room. The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table 0.4 meters from a vertical metal reference plane and 0.8 meters from a horizontal metal reference plane.

The measurements were taken using a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). A Spectrum Analyzer with a measurement bandwidth of 10 kHz was used to record the conducted emissions measurements. The configuration of the shielded room showing the location of the EUT and the measurement equipment is given as Figure 1.

2.1.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15.207 B conducted emissions limits are given below.

Frequency (MHz)	Limits (dBµV) Average
0.15 – .50	56 - 46
.50 - 5	46
5 – 30	50

The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.

2.1.3 Test Results

The conducted emissions data is included as Appendix A. The conducted emissions generated by the **XPC240 Power Module** as measured on the Class II Power Supply mains terminals were found to be below FCC 15.207 maximum emissions criteria.

2.2 Radiated Emissions Measurements

Radiated emission measurements were made of the Fundamental and Spurious Emission levels for the **XPC240 Power Module.** Measurements of the occupied bandwidth were also made for the Infrared Transmitter.

Measurements of the maximum emission levels for the fundamental and the spurious/harmonic emissions of the **XPC240 Power Module** were made at the Professional Testing "Open Field" Site 3, located in Round Rock, Texas to determine the radio noise radiated from the EUT. A "Description of Measurement Facilities" has been submitted to the FCC and approved pursuant to Section 2.948 of CFR 47 of the FCC rules.

Tests of the fundamental for the device were performed to determine the worst case polarization of the devices. The fundamental emissions of the device were measured with the antennas of the device in the three orthogonal axes. The on/off switch is activated by raising the antenna to the vertical position.

2.2.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above the ground plane. The table was centered on a motorized turntable which allows 360 degree rotation. For measurements of the fundamental signal, a measurement antenna was positioned at a distance of 3 meters as measured from the closest point of the EUT. For spurious/harmonic measurements above 1 GHz, the measurement antenna was placed 1 meter from the EUT. The radiated emissions were maximized by rotating the EUT.

A Spectrum Analyzer with peak detection was used to find the maximums of the radiated emissions during the variability testing. A drawing showing the test setup is given as Figure 2.

2.2.2 Test Criteria

The table below shows FCC Part 15.231e radiated limits for an intentional radiator operating at 418 MHz band. The spurious measurements of the harmonic were performed to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental. The reference distance for each limit is also shown in this table.

	Test Distance	Field Strength	
Signal Type	(Meters)	(μV/m)	(dBμV/m)
Fundamental 418 MHz	3	10333.35	72.3
Harmonics (2nd through 10th)	3	1033.335	52.3

Note: Radiated emissions above 1000 MHz were measured at 1 meter and the limit was increased by 9.5 dB.

2.2.3 Test Results

The radiated test data for the fundamental is included in Appendix A. Peak detection was used during the test and the corrected signal level was then averaged to account for the duty cycle of the pulsed transmission of the 418 MHz transmitter. The radiated emission test data for the harmonics is included in Appendix A. The emissions were maximized at each frequency and the highest emissions identified were measured using peak detection. The radiated emissions generated by the **XPC240 Power Module** are below the FCC Part 15.231e and FCC Part 15.249 maximum emission criteria.

3.0 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements

Measurements of the occupied bandwidth for the fundamental signals of the FCC Part 15.231e were made at the Professional Testing's Round Rock, Texas site. All measurements were made in a controlled indoor environment in a configuration which did not present measurement distortion or ambient interference.

3.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above the floor. The table was rotated to an angle which presented the highest signal level. The occupied bandwidth was also measured on the device. Peak detection was used for all tests. The occupied bandwidth was based on a 20 dB criteria (20 dB down either side of the emission from the peak emission). A drawing showing the test setup is given as Figure 1.

3.2 Test Criteria

According to FCC Part 15.231e, the bandwidth of the emission shall not be wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for the devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. The limit is 1.045 MHz for the transmitter working at 418 MHz.

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth was performed to verify that the emission bandwidth from the EUT did not exceed 1.045 MHz. The typical occupied bandwidth for the module is 129 kHz.

3.3 Test Results

The occupied bandwidth test data is included in Appendix B. The occupied bandwidth for the fundamental frequency 418MHz is 121 kHz. The figure is typical for the **XPC240 Power Module.** This occupied bandwidth complies with the FCC Part 15.231e requirement.

The intended center frequency for the EUT was centered at 2470 MHz. The center frequency is within the allowed band. The fundamental signal generated by the **XPC240 Power Module** is within the band allowed under FCC Part 15.249 emission band criteria.

4.0 Antenna Requirement

An analysis of the **XPC240 Power Module** was performed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. This section requires specific handling and control of antennas used for devices subject to regulations under the Intentional Radiator portions of Part 15.

4.1 Evaluation Procedure

The structure and application of the **XPC240 Power Module** were analyzed with respect to the rules. The antenna for the transmitter is a wire that is soldered to the PCB and is inside of the EUT housing and is not accessible to the user. An auxiliary antenna port is not present.

4.2 Evaluation Criteria

Section 15.203 of the rules states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Antenna be permanently attached to the unit.

(b) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

(c) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

4.3 Evaluation Results

The **XPC240 Power Module** meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having an external antenna permanently attached to the unit. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

5.0 Modifications to Equipment

No modifications were made to the **XPC240 Power Module** during the performance of the test program.

6.0 List of Test Equipment

A list of the test equipment utilized to perform the testing is given below. The date of calibration is given for each.

Electromagnetic Emissions Test Equipment

Device	Description	Calibration Due
EMCO 3146	Log Periodic Antenna	December 2004
HP 85650A	Quasi Peak Adapter	November 2004
HP 8566B	Spectrum Analyzer	November 2004
HP 8447D	Preamplifier	November 2004
Compliance Design B-100	Biconical Antenna	December 2004
Cond. EMI Cable	RG-223	November 2004
Tektronix 2706	RF Preselctor	January 2005
MITEQ	18GHz 20dB Preamplifier	June 2004
SOLAR 8012-50-R-24-	LISN	October 2004
EMCO 3115	Ridge Guide Antenna	June 2004

FIGURE 1: Conducted Emissions Mains Terminal Measurements

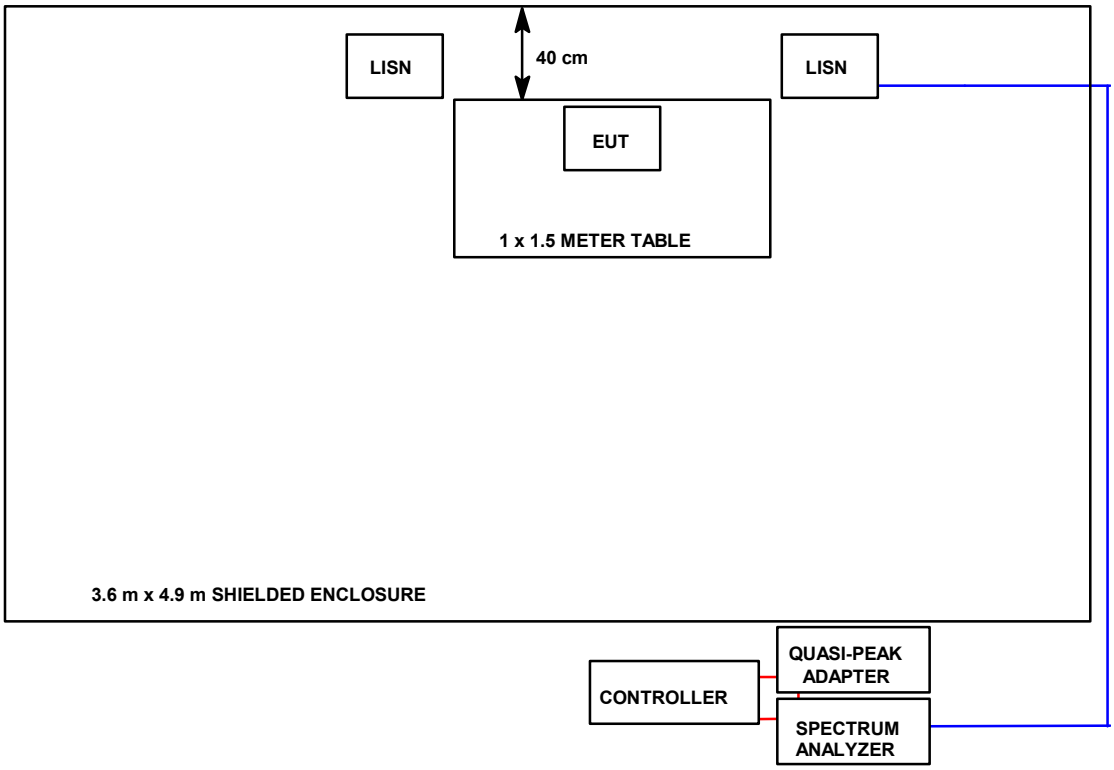
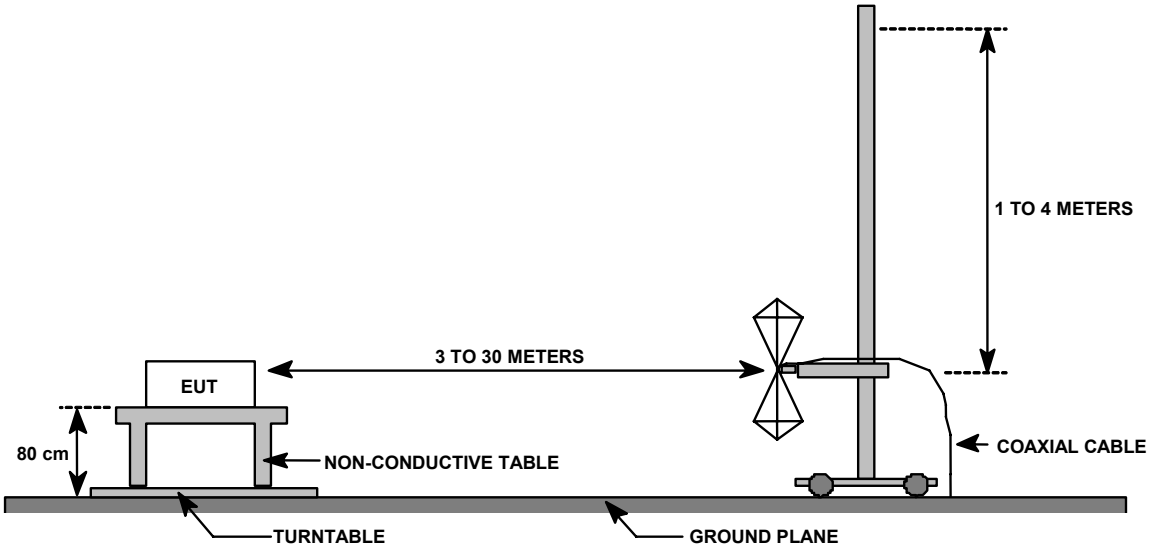


FIGURE 2: Radiated Emissions Test Setup



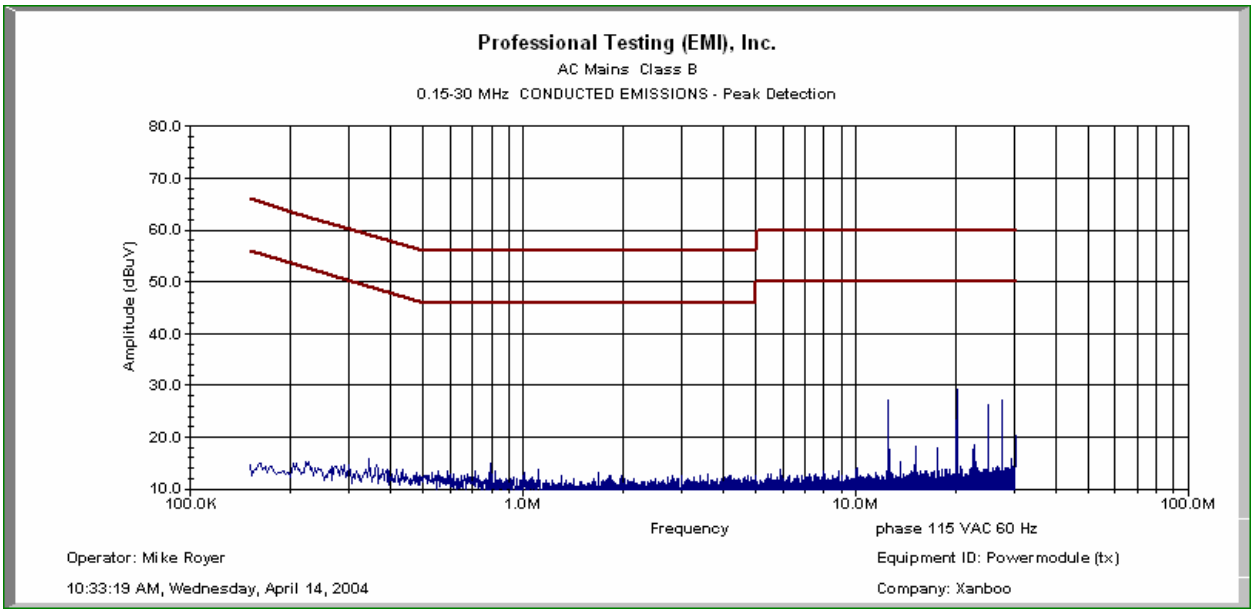
Appendix A Emissions Data Sheets

Conducted Data Sheet
AC Mains Class B
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

Test Date: April 14, 2004
Voltage & Frequency: 115 VAC/60 Hz
Test Type: Transmit

Line Selection: Phase

FREQ INPUT MHz	READING INPUT dBuV	CORR FACTOR dB	CORR READING dBuV	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector Function
12	21	3.9	24.9	73.0	-48.1	Quasi-peak
12	17	3.9	20.9	60.0	-39.1	Average
28	26	4.5	30.5	73.0	-42.5	Quasi-peak
28	17	4.5	21.5	60.0	-38.5	Average



The data presented here in graphical form is for overview only. Detailed and precise data is in the table above.

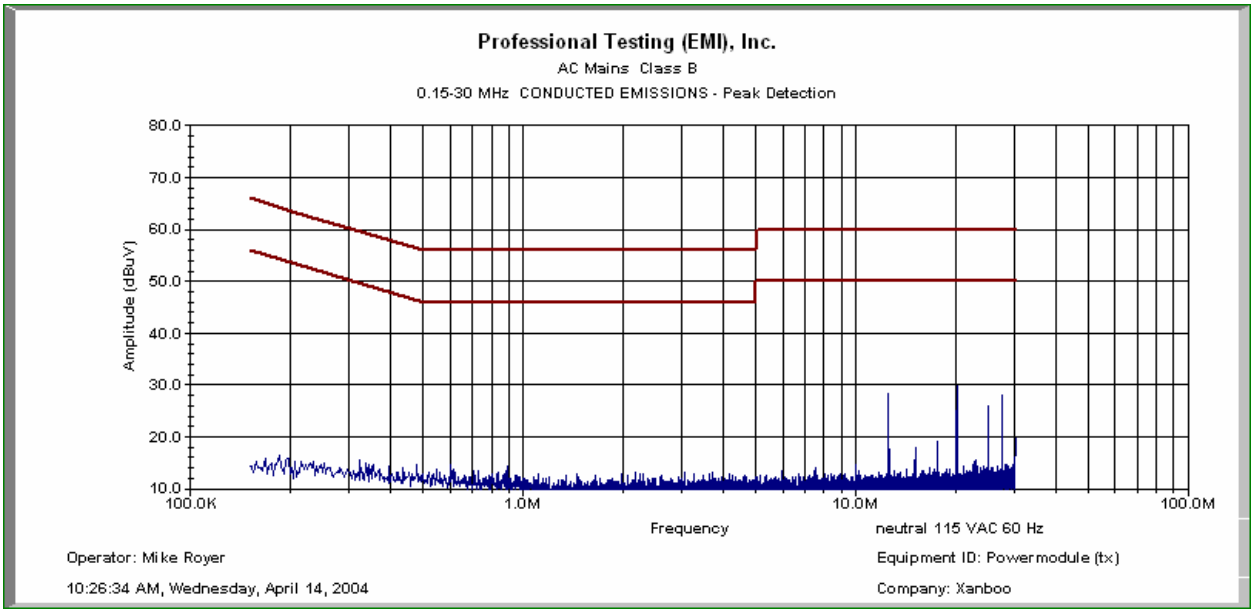
TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

Conducted Data Sheet
AC Mains Class B
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

Test Date: April 14, 2004
Voltage & Frequency: 115 VAC/60 Hz
Test Type: Transmit

Line Selection: Neutral

FREQ INPUT	READING INPUT	CORR FACTOR	CORR READING	Limit	Margin	Detector
MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Function
12	23	3.8	26.8	60.0	-33.2	Quasi-peak
12	18	3.8	21.8	50.0	-28.2	Average
28	27	4.5	31.5	60.0	-28.5	Quasi-peak
28	25	4.5	29.5	50.0	-20.5	Average



The data presented here in graphical form is for overview only. Detailed and precise data is in the table above.

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

Radiated Data Sheet
Fundamental and Spurious
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module
Peak Detection

Test Date: April 14, 2004
Measurement Distance (Meters): 3

Vertical

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Dir (Deg.)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
418	300	1	76	27.1	18.7	7.8	75.3	92.3	-17.0
418	300	1	76	27.1	18.7	7.8	75.3	92.3	-17.0
Average calculation uses 24mS/100mS = 12.4dB									
418	300	1			Average		62.9	72.3	-9.4
418	300	1			Average		62.9	72.3	-9.4
418	300	1			Average		59.9	72.3	-12.4

Horizontal

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Dir (Deg.)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
418	300	1	77.6	27.1	18.7	7.8	76.9	92.3	-15.4
418	300	1	79.6	27.1	18.7	7.8	78.9	92.3	-13.4
418	300	1	74.6	27.1	18.7	7.8	73.9	92.3	-18.4
Average calculation uses 24mS/100mS = 12.4dB									
418	300	1			Average		64.5	72.3	-7.8
418	300	1			Average		66.5	72.3	-5.8
418	300	1			Average		61.5	72.3	-10.8

No spurious emissions were found 30 MHz to 1 GHz

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

Radiated Data Sheet
Fundamental and Harmonics
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module
Peak Detection

Test Date: April 15, 2004
Measurement Distance (Meters): 1

Vertical

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Dir (Deg.)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/M)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/M)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)
1254	0	1	36.4	23.3	24.4	2.0	39.5	52.3	-12.8
1672	0	1	39.4	23.0	26.0	2.3	44.7	52.3	-7.6
2090	noise	floor	31.6	22.7	27.7	2.6	39.2	52.3	-13.1
2508	noise	floor	32.6	22.5	28.3	2.9	41.3	52.3	-11.0
2926	noise	floor	33.6	22.8	30.3	3.2	44.3	52.3	-8.0
3344	noise	floor	34.6	22.9	31.3	3.4	46.4	52.3	-5.9
3762	noise	floor	35.6	22.9	32.5	3.7	48.9	52.3	-3.4
4180	noise	floor	36.6	23.0	33.4	4.0	50.9	52.3	-1.4

Horizontal

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Dir (Deg.)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/M)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/M)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)
1254	0	1	35.5	23.3	24.4	2.0	38.6	52.3	-13.7
1672	0	1	35.2	23.0	26.0	2.3	40.5	52.3	-11.8
2090	noise	floor	30.6	22.7	27.7	2.6	38.2	52.3	-14.1
2508	noise	floor	31.6	22.5	28.3	2.9	40.3	52.3	-12.0
2926	noise	floor	32.6	22.8	30.3	3.2	43.3	52.3	-9.0
3344	noise	floor	33.6	22.9	31.3	3.4	45.4	52.3	-6.9
3762	noise	floor	34.6	22.9	32.5	3.7	47.9	52.3	-4.4
4180	noise	floor	35.6	23.0	33.4	4.0	49.9	52.3	-2.4

Average Corrected Level = Peak Corrected Level + Averaging Factor (when T on < 100 ms)

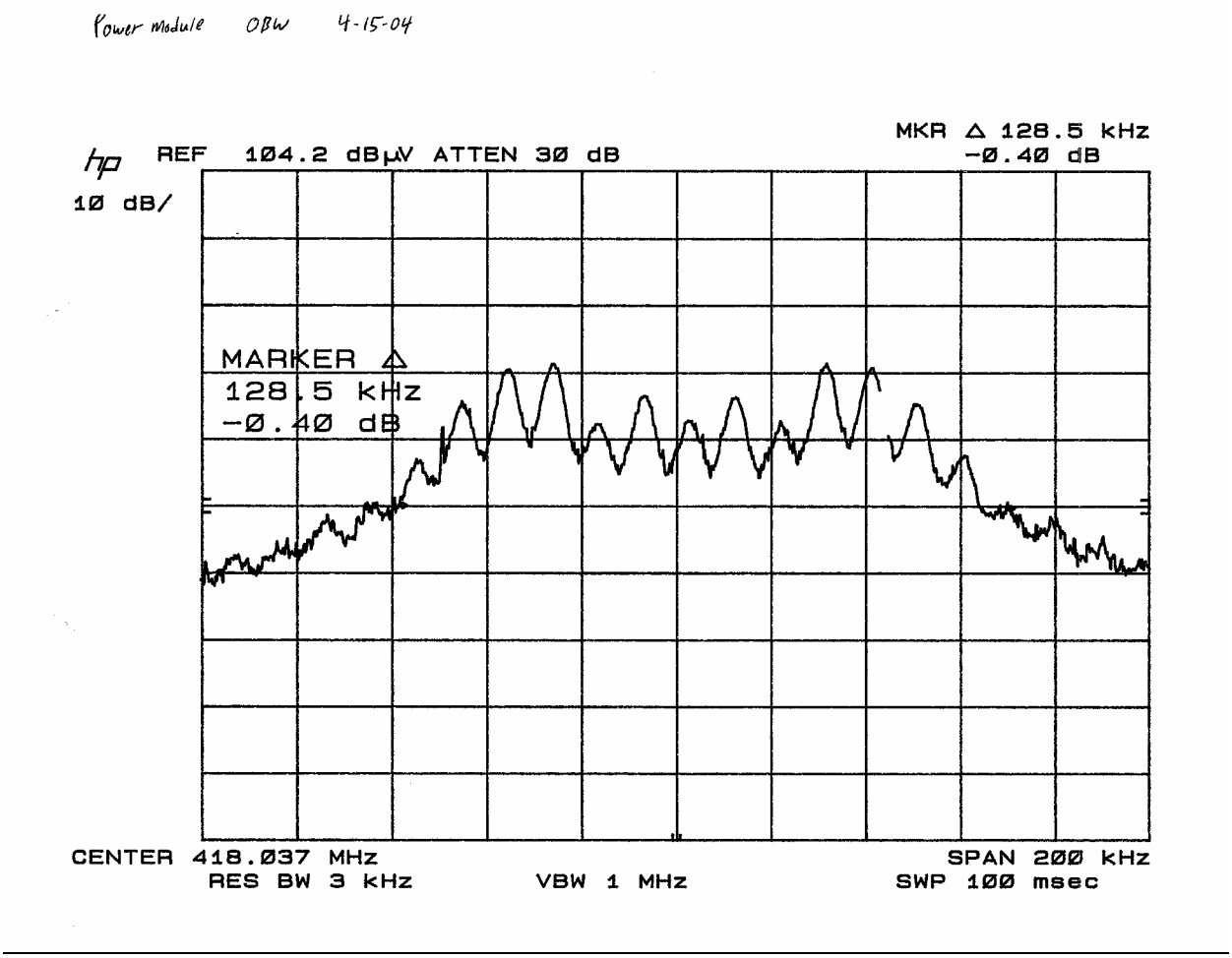
*Averaging Factor = 20 * Log (T on / 100 ms) which in this case = -11.7 dB*

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

Appendix B Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets

Occupied Bandwidth Datasheet
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

418 MHz Transmitter



Occupied Bandwidth Datasheet
Xanboo, Inc.
XPC240 Power Module

418 MHz Transmitter