

Exhibit B: Test Report
Xanboo
XPC220 Power Module Transmitter

Project Number: 04045-10

Prepared for:
Xanboo
1626 Vineyard
Grand Praire , TX 75052

By

Professional Testing (EMI), Inc.
1601 FM 1460, Suite B
Round Rock, Texas 78664

December 2003

CERTIFICATION
Electromagnetic Interference Test Report
Xanboo
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220
(Intentional Radiator Portion)

Table of Contents

Title Page	1
Table of Contents	2
Certificate of Compliance	3
1.0 EUT Description	5
1.1 EUT Operation	5
2.0 Electromagnetic Emissions Testing	5
2.1 Test Procedure	7
2.2 Test Criteria	5
2.3 Test Results	8
3.0 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements	8
3.1 Test Procedure	8
3.2 Test Criteria	8
3.3 Test Results	8
4.0 Antenna Requirement	9
4.1 Evaluation Procedure	9
4.2 Evaluation Criteria	9
4.3 Evaluation Results	9
5.0 Modifications to Equipment	10
6.0 List of Test Equipment	10

Figures

FIGURE 1 : Conducted Emissions Mains Terminal Measurements	11
FIGURE 2: Radiated Emissions Test Setup	12

Appendices

Appendix A: Emissions Data Sheet	13
Appendix B: Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets	18

THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF PROFESSIONAL TESTING (EMI), INC.



Certificate of Compliance

Applicant: Xanboo
Applicant's Address: 1626 Vineyard
Grand Praire, TX 75052
Serial Number: N/A
Project Number: 04045-10
Test Dates: July 7, 2003

I, Jeffrey A. Lenk, for Professional Testing (EMI), Inc., being familiar with the FCC rules and test procedures have reviewed the test setup, measured data and this report. I believe them to be true and accurate.

The **Xanboo, Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** was tested to and found to be in compliance with FCC Part 15 Subpart C for an Intentional Radiator.

The highest emissions generated by the above equipment are listed below:

	<u>Frequency (MHz)</u>	<u>Level (dBμV/m)</u>	<u>Limit (dBμV/m)</u>	<u>Margin (dB)</u>
Fundamental	418	83.5	80.3	-10.2
Spurious	1254.1	68.4	69.8	-1.4
	2090.1	51.4	69.8	-18.4
Conducted	All data more than 10 dB below the limit.			0

Occupied Bandwidth 143.5 KHz

Jeffrey A. Lenk
President

This report has been reviewed and accepted by Xanboo. The undersigned is responsible for ensuring that **Xanboo, Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** will continue to comply with the FCC rules.

1.0 EUT Description

The Equipment under Test (EUT) is the **Xanboo, Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220**. The **Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** resembles an extension cord. A 418 MHz transmitter with an internal antenna is located next to the female AC connector. When a load is plugged into the security lighting control and turned on so as to draw current, the transmitter begins to transmit its identifier code. The EUT operates at 418 MHz and is designed for compliance with 47 CFR 15.231 of the FCC rules. Specific test requirements for this device include the following:

47 CFR 15.209 & 15.231	Fundamental Transmit Power
47 CFR 15.231 & 15.205	Spurious Radiated Power
47 CFR 15.231	Occupied Bandwidth
47 CFR 15.203	Antenna Requirement
47 CFR 15.207	Conducted Emissions

The system tested consisted of the following:

<u>Manufacturer & Model</u>	<u>Serial #</u>	<u>FCC ID #</u>	<u>Description</u>
Xanboo, Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220	N/A		Security Lighting Control

System Peripherals:

Lamp with bundled cord and transformer

1.1 EUT Operation

The **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** was put in a mode to transmit continuously to facilitate the testing process. A lamp with bundled cord was plugged onto the EUT. The lamp was not turned on since the transmitter was transmitting continuously.

2.0 Electromagnetic Emissions Testing

Professional Testing (EMI), Inc. (PTI), follows the guidelines of NIST for all uncertainty calculations, estimates and expressions thereof for EMC testing.

2.1 Conducted Emissions Measurements

Conducted emissions measurements were made on the mains terminals of the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** to determine the line-to-ground radio noise emitted from each power-input terminal. Conducted emissions measurements on the mains terminals were performed at Professional Testing, located in Round Rock, Texas.

2.1.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was configured and operated in a manner consistent with typical applications. The EUT power cord in excess of one meter was folded back and forth forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the approximate center of the cable. Power supply cords for the peripheral equipment were powered from an auxiliary LISN. Excess interface cable lengths were separately bundled in a non-inductive arrangement at the approximate center of the cable with the bundle 30 to 40 centimeters in length. The conducted emissions were maximized, by varying the operating states and configuration of the EUT.

The tests were performed in a 12' x 16' RayProof modular shielded room. The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table 0.4 meters from a vertical metal reference plane and 0.8 meters from a horizontal metal reference plane.

The measurements were taken using a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). A Spectrum Analyzer with a measurement bandwidth of 10 kHz was used to record the conducted emissions measurements. The configuration of the shielded room showing the location of the EUT and the measurement equipment is given as Figure 1.

2.1.2 Test Criteria

The FCC Part 15.207 B conducted emissions limits are given below.

<u>Frequency</u> <u>(MHz)</u>	<u>Limits</u> <u>(dBμV)</u>	<u>Limits</u> <u>(dBμV)</u>
	<u>Average</u>	<u>Quasi-Peak</u>
0.15 – .50	56 - 46	66 to 56
.50 - 5	46	56
5 – 30	50	60

The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.

2.1.3 Test Results

The conducted emissions data is included as Appendix A. The conducted emissions generated by the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** as measured on the mains terminals were found to be below FCC 15.207 maximum emissions criteria.

2.2 Radiated Emissions Measurements

Radiated emission measurements were made of the Fundamental and Spurious Emission levels for the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220**. Measurements of the occupied bandwidth were also made for the XPC220 Transmitter.

Measurements of the maximum emission levels for the fundamental and the spurious/harmonic emissions of the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** were made at the Professional Testing "Open Field" Site 3, located in Round Rock, Texas to determine the radio noise radiated from the EUT. A "Description of Measurement Facilities" has been submitted to the FCC and approved pursuant to Section 2.948 of CFR 47 of the FCC rules.

Tests of the fundamental for the device were performed to determine the worst case polarization of the devices.

2.2.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above the ground plane. The table was centered on a motorized turntable which allows 360 degree rotation. For measurements of the fundamental signal, a measurement antenna was positioned at a distance of 3 meters as measured from the closest point of the EUT. For spurious/harmonic measurements above 1 GHz, the measurement antenna was placed 1 meter from the EUT. The radiated emissions were maximized by rotating the EUT.

A Spectrum Analyzer with peak detection was used to find the maximums of the radiated emissions during the variability testing. A drawing showing the test setup is given as Figure 2.

2.2.2 Test Criteria

The table below shows FCC Part 15.231 radiated limits for an intentional radiator operating at 418 MHz band. FCC Part 15.231 allows the use of its spurious limit which is higher than the 15.209 limit normally associated with the restricted bands outlined in 15.205. The spurious measurements of the harmonic were performed to the 3rd harmonic of the fundamental. The reference distance for each limit is also shown in this table.

<u>Signal Type</u>	<u>Test Distance (Meters)</u>	<u>Field Strength</u>	
		<u>(μV/m)</u>	<u>(dBμV/m)</u>
Fundamental 418 MHz	3		80.3
Harmonics (through 3rd)	3		63.5

Note: Radiated emissions above 1000 MHz were measured at 1 meter and the limit was increased by 9.5 dB.

2.2.3 Test Results

The radiated test data for the fundamental is included in Appendix A. Peak detection was used during the test and the corrected signal level was then averaged to account for the duty cycle of the pulsed transmission of the 418 MHz transmitter. The radiated emission test data for the harmonics is included in Appendix A. The emissions were maximized at each frequency and the highest emissions identified were measured using peak detection. The radiated emissions generated by the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** are below the FCC Part 15.231 maximum emission criteria.

3.0 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements

Measurements of the occupied bandwidth for the fundamental signals of the FCC Part 15.231 were made at the Professional Testing's Round Rock, Texas site. All measurements were made in a controlled indoor environment in a configuration which did not present measurement distortion or ambient interference.

3.1 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 meters above the floor. The table was rotated to an angle which presented the highest signal level. The occupied bandwidth was measured on the device. The occupied bandwidth was based on a 20 dB criteria (20 dB down either side of the emission from the peak emission).

3.2 Test Criteria

According to FCC Part 15.231, the bandwidth of the emission shall not be wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for the devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. The limit is 1.045 MHz for the transmitter working at 418 MHz.

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth was performed to verify that the emission bandwidth from the EUT did not exceed 1.045 MHz. The typical occupied bandwidth for the module is 170 kHz.

FCC Part 15.249 deals with frequency bands. No occupied bandwidth criteria is set forth.

3.3 Test Results

The occupied bandwidth test data is included in Appendix B. The occupied bandwidth for the fundamental frequency 418MHz is 143.5 KHz. The figure is typical for the **Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220**. This occupied bandwidth complies with the FCC Part 15.231 requirement.

4.0 Antenna Requirement

An analysis of the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** was performed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. This section requires specific handling and control of antennas used for devices subject to regulations under the Intentional Radiator portions of Part 15.

4.1 Evaluation Procedure

The structure and application of the **Xanboo Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** were analyzed with respect to the rules.

The EUT has an internal antenna permanently soldered to the PCB inside the enclosure. The antenna is not accessible to the user. No auxiliary antenna port is present.

4.2 Evaluation Criteria

Section 15.203 of the rules states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- (a) Antenna be permanently attached to the unit.
- (b) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- (c) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

4.3 Evaluation Results

The **Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having an internal antenna not accessible to the user. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

5.0 Modifications to Equipment

There were no modifications made on the **Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220** during the performance of the test program in order to meet the FCC criteria.

6.0 List of Test Equipment

A list of the test equipment utilized to perform the testing is given below. The date of calibration is given for each.

<u>Device</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Calibration Due</u>
<u>Electromagnetic Emissions</u> <u>Test Equipment</u>		
EMCO 3146	Log Periodic Antenna	December 2004
EMCO 3115	Ridge Guide Antenna	June 2004
HP 85650	Quasi-Peak Adapter	November 2004
HP 8447D	Preamplifier	November 2004
HP 8566B	Spectrum Analyzer	November 2004
Tektronix 2706	RF Preselector	January 2005
MITEQ	18GHz 20dB Preamplifier	December 2003
Compliance Design B-100	Biconical Antenna	December 2004
Site Cables 30 – 1000 MHz		December 2003
Armored 10 meter		June 2004
Microwave Cable		

FIGURE 1 : Conducted Emissions Mains Terminal Measurements

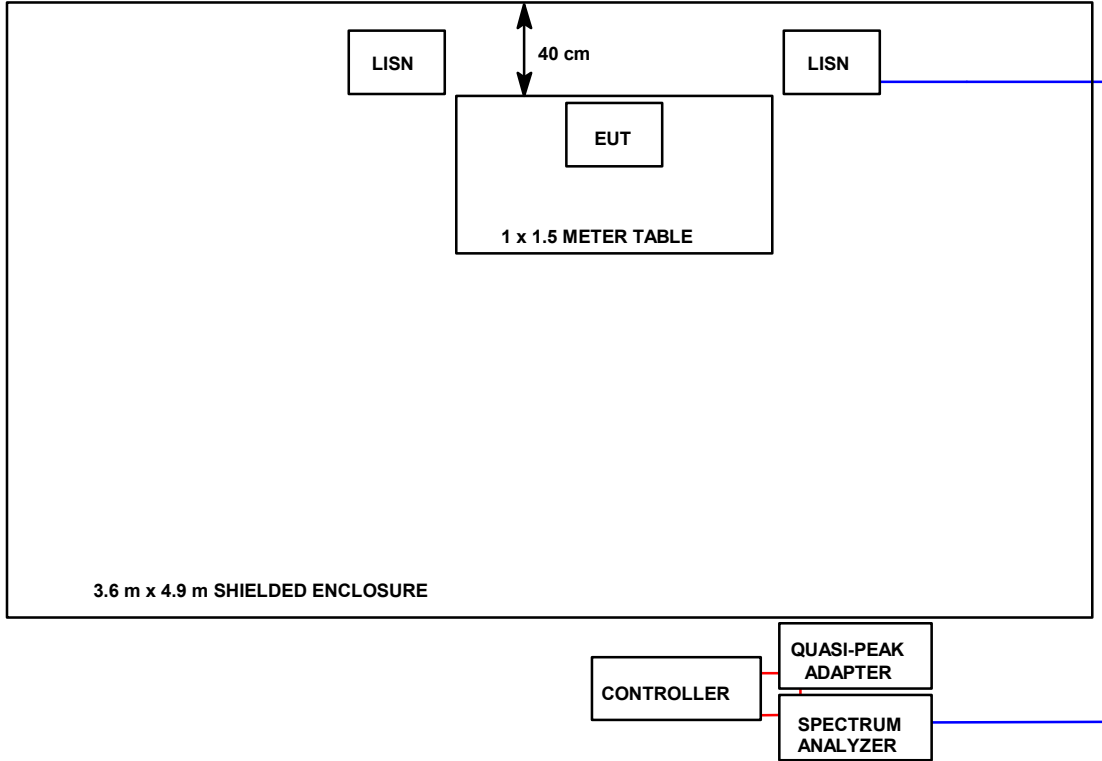
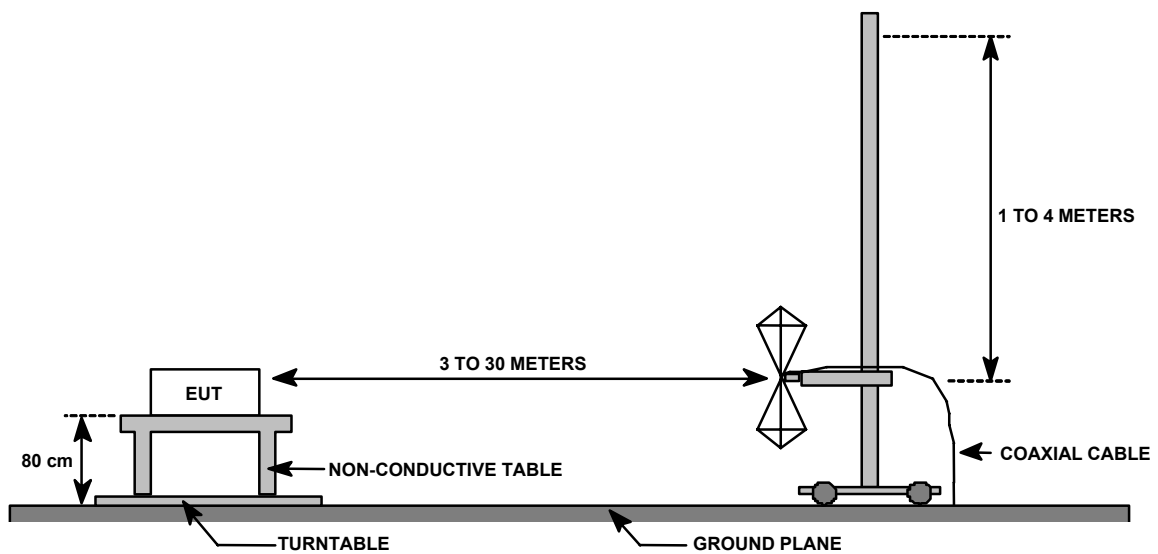
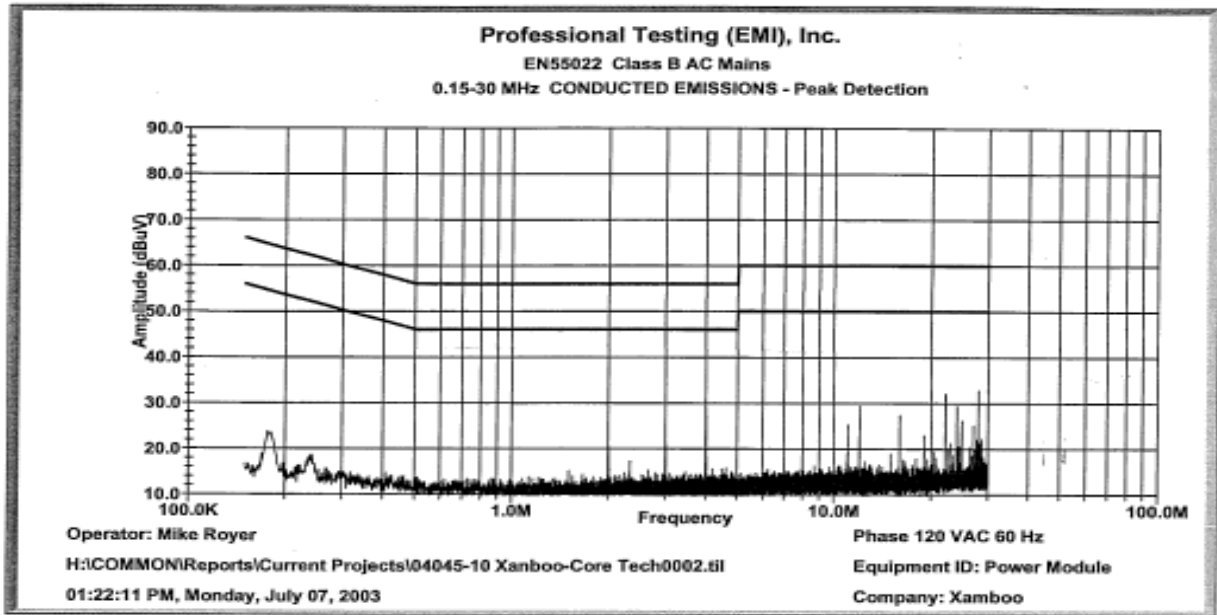
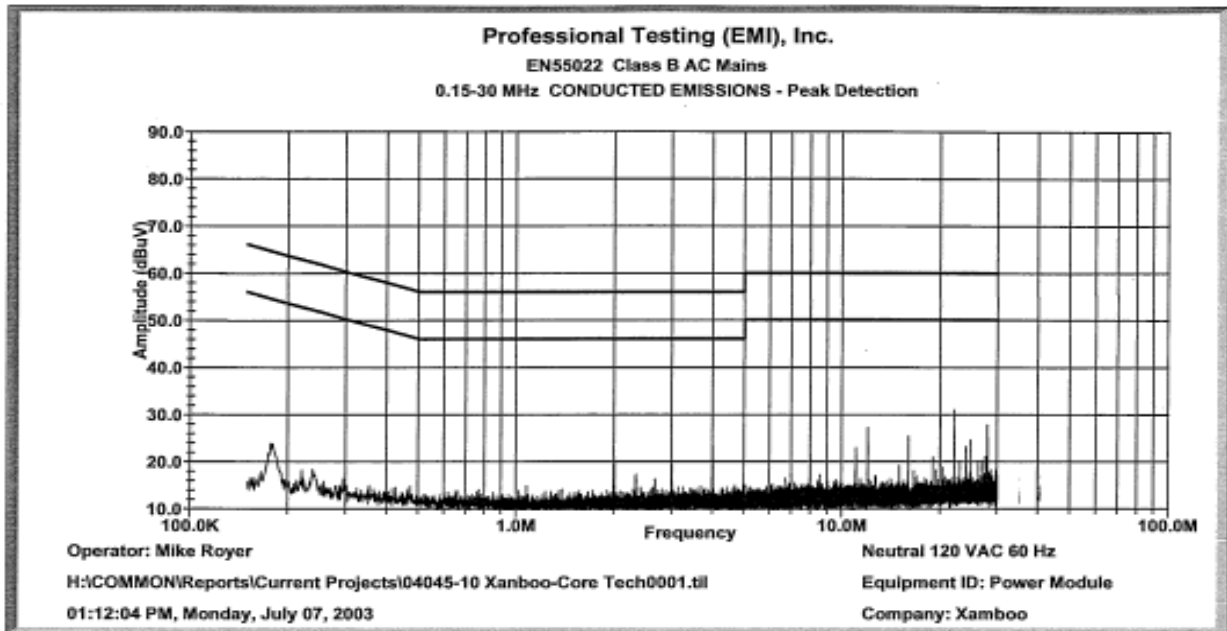


FIGURE 2: Radiated Emissions Test Setup



Conducted Data Sheet
Xanboo
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220
Transmitter

DATE: July 7, 2003
PROJECT: 04045-10



Average Radiated Data Sheet
Xanboo
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220

DATE: July 7, 2003
 PROJECT: 04045-10

MEASUREMENT DISTANCE (m): 3
 DETECTOR FUNCTION: Average

Transmitter On 27 ms Transmitter Off 100 ms

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Orient.	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Test Distance (Meters)	Peak Correction Level (dBuV/m)	Averaging Factor (dB)	Average Correction Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
418	Vertical	2.2	3.0	79.3	-13.4	65.9	80.3	-14.4

Freq. (MHz)	EUT Orient.	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Test Distance (Meters)	Peak Correction Level (dBuV/m)	Averaging Factor (dB)	Average Correction Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
418	Horizontal	1	3.0	83.5	-13.4	70.1	80.3	-10.2

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

*Averaging Factor = 20 * Log (T on / (T on + T off)) which in this case = -13.4 dB*

Comment: This data represents the worst case resulting from testing the product in the three orthogonal axes.

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

**Radiated Data Sheet
Spurious
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220**

DATE: July 7, 2003
PROJECT: 04045-10

MEASUREMENT DISTANCE (m): 3
DETECTOR FUNCTION: Quasi-Peak

Antenna Horizontal

Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
836	2	39.62	26.1	24.4	10.9	48.9	60.3	-11.4
836	2	38.5	26.1	24.4	10.9	47.8	60.3	-12.5

Antenna Vertical

Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
298.6	1.5	27.8	27.0	15.9	6.9	23.6	46	-22.4
836	2	38.5	26.1	24.4	10.9	47.8	60.3	-12.5

Corrected Level = Recorded Level - Amplifier Gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

**Microwave Radiated Data Sheet
Harmonics
Xanboo
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220**

DATE: July 7, 2003
PROJECT: 04045-10

MEASUREMENT DISTANCE (m): 1
DETECTOR FUNCTION: Average

Antenna Horizontal

Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/M)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/M)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)
1254.1	1	65.3	23.3	24.4	2.0	68.4	69.8	-1.4
1254.1	1	61.9	23.3	24.4	2.0	65.0	69.8	-4.8
1672.1	1	39.8	23.0	26.0	2.3	45.1	69.8	-24.7
2090.2	1	38	22.7	27.7	2.6	45.6	69.8	-24.2
2926.3	1	37.2	22.8	30.3	3.2	47.9	69.8	-21.9
3344	1	33.7	22.9	31.3	3.4	45.5	69.8	-24.3

Antenna Vertical

Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Elevation (Meters)	Recorded Level (dBuV)	Amplifier Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/M)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/M)	Limit (dBuV/M)	Margin (dB)
1254.22	1	63.5	23.3	24.4	2.0	66.6	69.8	-3.2
1672	1	37.7	23.0	26.0	2.3	43.0	69.8	-26.8
2090.1	1	43.8	22.7	27.7	2.6	51.4	69.8	-18.4
2508.2	1	34.1	22.5	28.3	2.9	42.8	69.8	-27.0
2926.3	1	34.9	22.8	30.3	3.2	45.6	69.8	-24.2

$$\text{Corrected Level} = \text{Recorded Level} - \text{Amplifier Gain} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

TEST ENGINEER: Mike Royer

Appendix B Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets

Occupied Bandwidth Datasheet
Xanboo
Power Module Transmitter, Model XPC220

418 MHz Trasmmitter

