Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: OTAC55005)

Transmitter, Model : C55005

We have by certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for International Radiator, mention 47 CFR [10-1-99 edition]

FCC ID : OTAC55005

INTERTEK TESTING SERVICES

WO# 0013421
WN/at
December 8, 2000

LIST OF EXHIBITS

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited - MODEL: C55005
FCC ID: OTAC55005

December 8, 2000

This report concerns (check one:) Original Grant X Class II Change_____

Equipment Type: Low Power Transmitter (example: computer, printer, modem, etc.)

Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? Yes___
No X

If yes, defer until: _____
date

Company Name agrees to notify the Commission by: _____
date

of the intended date of announcement of the product so that the grant can be issued on that date.

Transition Rules Request per 15.37? Yes_____
No X

If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C for intentional radiator - the new 47 CFR [10-1-96 Edition] provision.

Report prepared by:

Wilbur Ng
Intertek Testing Services
2/F., Garment Center,
576, Castle Peak Road,
HONG KONG
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Fax: 852-2742-9149

Table of Contents

List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	letter.pdf
Test Report	Test Report	report.doc
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated1.jpg to radiated2.jpg
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 General Description

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter for Inductive Toy operating at 875 kHz to 1875 kHz from a 125kHz square wave oscillator which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by 3 AA size batteries.

(a) To start activation, first slide the switch from TRY ME to NORMAL.
(b) (SHOW) This turns off the in-package mode and turns on the normal play mode.
(c) Push the big green fish button to start the fishbowl fun (SHOW).
(d) Each sea creature activates certain phrases when placed through the rim of the bowl, teaching colors, patterns and other interesting "creative trivia".
(e) This fishbowl even asks questions when there is a pause in play, prompting your child to find the animal the bowl asks for.
(f) Featuring an automatic turn off, activation begins again each time the green fish button is pushed.

The brief circuit description is listed as follows:
-I.C. 74HCT4046 and associated circuit act as Rectangular Waveform Generator
-Transistor 8050D & 8550D and associated circuit act as Amplifier
-I.C. LM324 and associated circuit act as Amplifier
-I.C. EMC58400 and associated circuit act as CPU

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter.

1.3 Test Methodology

All radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section"** of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (1992.)

The EUT was powered by 3 AA size batteries.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the loop antenna height was 1 meter above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the button is depressed, the unit transmits the typical signal. For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

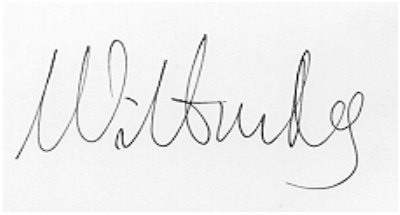
2.5 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Wilbur Ng
Assistant Manager
Intertek Testing Services
Agent for Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited



Signature

Dec 08, 2000 Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in dBμV/m
RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBμV
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
AF = Antenna Factor in dB
AG = Amplifier Gain in dB
PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB
AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

For emission from 9kHz to 490kHz, a distance factor of -40dB are added to simulate the 300m measuring distance.
For emission from 490kHz to 30MHz, a distance factor of -20dB are added to simulate the 30m measuring distance.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dBμV is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dBμV/m. This value in dBμV/m was converted to its corresponding level in μV/m.

RA = 62.0 dBμV
AF = 7.4 dB
CF = 1.6 dB
AG = 29.0 dB
PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dBμV/m

Level in mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dBμV/m)/20] = 39.8 μV/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

125.765 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated1.jpg to radiated2.jpg

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 4.6 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Ivan Y. M. Wong, Compliance Engineer
Typed/Printed Name

Dec 08, 2000

Date

Company: Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited Date of Test: December 6, 2000
Model: C55005

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Net at 300m (dBµV/m)	Limit at 300m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
V	**0.125	0.3	-1.8	16	-40	-17.5	25.6	-43.1
V	**0.375	-2.1	-1.8	16	-40	-19.9	16.1	-36.0

Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Net at 30m (dBµV/m)	Limit at 30m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
V	**0.875	17.4	-1.8	16	-20	-0.4	28.7	-29.1
V	**1.250	17.3	-1.8	16	-20	-0.5	25.6	-26.1
V	**1.875	17.1	-1.8	16	-20	-0.7	29.5	-30.2
V	***2.504	16.5	-1.8	16	-20	-1.3	29.5	-30.8
V	***5.001	16.1	-1.8	16	-20	-1.7	29.5	-31.2
V	***16.006	15.7	-1.8	16	-20	-2.1	29.5	-31.6
V	***28.013	15.3	-1.8	16	-20	-2.5	29.5	-32.0

* Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

** Emission coming from transmitter portion.

*** Emission coming from digital circuit portion.

Company: Jakks Pacific (HK) Limited Date of Test: December 6, 2000
Model: C55005

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

Polarity	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Distance Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
H	***36.013	28.7	10.0	16	0	22.7	40.0	-17.3
H	***44.020	30.1	10.0	16	0	24.1	40.0	-15.9
H	***125.765	41.9	13.0	16	0	38.9	43.5	-4.6
H	***251.489	26.7	20.0	16	0	30.7	46.0	-15.3
H	***377.055	24.0	24.0	16	0	32.0	46.0	-14.0

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.

3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

* Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

** Emission coming from transmitter portion.

*** Emission coming from digital circuit portion.

Test Engineer: Ivan Y. M. Wong

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg and iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

The plot on saved in bw.pdf shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band.

Figure 8.1 Bandwidth

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the forbidden bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.