

FCC Part 15 EMI TEST REPORT

Part 1 – Bluetooth BR/EDR

of

E.U.T. : Activate charging station and wireless
audio hub
Model : ACT
FCC ID : ORV-LSACT

for

APPLICANT : Lightspeed Technologies Inc.
ADDRESS : 11509 SW Herman Road, Tualatin, OR 97062
USA

Test Performed by

ELECTRONICS TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN

NO. 34. LIN 5, DINGFU VIL., LINKOU DIST.,
NEW TAIPEI CITY, TAIWAN, 24442, R.O.C.

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Report Number : 17-09-RBF-008-01

TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Lightspeed Technologies Inc.
 11509 SW Herman Road, Tualatin, OR 97062 USA

Manufacture : REOR ELECTRONICS CO., LTD
 5F., No. 122, Ciaoh Rd., Jhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 23558,
 Taiwan.

Description of Device :

a) Type of EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 b) Trade Name : Lightspeed
 c) Model No. : ACT
 d) Power Supply : Adaptor Model: DSA-42D-241 240175
 Input: 100-240V~ 50/60Hz 1.2A
 Output:+24Vdc, 1.75A

Regulation Applied : FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart C

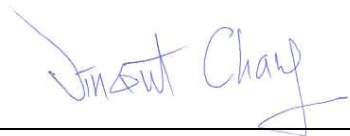
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The data shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10-2013, and the energy emitted by the device was founded to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for accuracy and completeness of these data.

Note: 1. The result of the testing report relate only to the item tested.
 2. The testing report shall not be reproduced expect in full, without the written approval of ETC.

Summary of Tests

Test	Results
Radiated Emission	Pass
Conducted Emission	Pass
Hopping Channel Separation	Pass
Number of Hopping frequencies used	Pass
Hopping Channel Bandwidth	Pass
Dwell Time of each frequency	Pass
Output Power Requirement	Pass
100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement	Pass
Out-of-Band Conducted Emission Requirement	Pass
Duty Cycle	N.A.

Date Test Item Received : *Sep. 08, 2017*
Date Test Campaign Completed : *Oct. 02, 2017*
Date of Issue : *Oct. 18, 2017*

Test Engineer : 
(Vincent Chang , Engineer)


Approve & Authorized : 
S. S. Liou, Section Manager
EMC Dept. II of ELECTRONICS
TESTING CENTER, TAIWAN



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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description

- a) Type of EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 b) Trade Name : Lightspeed
 c) Model No. : ACT
 d) Power Supply : Adaptor Model: DSA-42D-241 240175
 Input: 100-240V~ 50/60Hz 1.2A
 Output:+24Vdc, 1.75A

1.2 Test Methodology

Both conducted and radiated emissions were performed according to the procedures illustrated in ANSI C63.10-2013. Other required measurements were illustrated in separate sections of this test report for details.

Measurement Software

Software	Version	Note
e3	Version 6.100618b	Radiated Emission Test
e3	Version 6.100421	Conducted Emission Test

1.3 Test Facility

Location of the Test site: No.34, Lin 5, Dingfu Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 24442, R.O.C.

Designation Number: TW2628.

2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

2.1 Definition

Unintentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and radio frequency energy for use within the device, or that sends radio frequency signals by conduction to associated equipment via connecting wiring, but which is not intended to emit RF energy by radiation or induction.

Class A Digital Device:

A digital device which is marketed for use in commercial or business environment; exclusive of a device which is market for use by the general public, or which is intended to be used in the home.

Class B Digital Device :

A digital device which is marketed for use in a residential environment notwithstanding use in a commercial, business of industrial environment. Example of such devices that are marketed for the general public.

Note : A manufacturer may also qualify a device intended to be marketed in a commercial, business, or industrial environment as a Class B digital device, and in fact is encouraged to do so, provided the device complies with the technical specifications for a Class B Digital Device. In the event that a particular type of device has been found to repeatedly cause harmful interference to radio communications, the Commission may classify such a digital device as a Class B Digital Device, Regardless of its intended use.

Intentional radiator:

A device that intentionally generates and emits radio frequency energy by radiation or induction.

2.2 Requirement for Compliance

(1) Conducted Emission Requirement

Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency MHz	Quasi Peak dB μ V	Average dB μ V
0.15 - 0.5	66-56*	56-46*
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

For intentional device, according to §15.207(a) Line Conducted Emission Limits is same as above table.

(2) Radiated Emission Requirement

For unintentional device, according to §15.109(a), except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency MHz	Distance Meters	Radiated dB μ V/m	Radiated μ V/m
30 - 88	3	40.0	100
88 - 216	3	43.5	150
216 - 960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

For intentional device, according to §15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emissions from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the above table.

(3) Antenna Requirement

For intentional device, according to §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

(4) Hopping Channel Separation

According to 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

(5) Number of Hopping frequencies used

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

(6) Hopping Channel Bandwidth

For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band, there is no requirement for the maximum 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel. The measurement of the hopping channel bandwidth is for the reference of the hopping channel separation requirement.

(7) Dwell Time of each frequency

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), for frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5 band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

(8) Output Power Requirement

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

(9) 100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edges Requirement

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the

transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

(10) Out-of-Band Conducted Emission Requirement

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

2.3 Restricted Bands of Operation

Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495 - 0.505 **	16.69475 - 16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2655-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3360-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

** : Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz

2.4 Labeling Requirement

The device shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device :

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions : (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

2.5 User Information

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual.

The Federal Communications Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement includes the following paragraph.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference to radio communication. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For both radiated and conducted emissions below 1 GHz, the system was configured for testing in a typical fashion as a customer would normally use it. The peripherals other than EUT were connected in normally standing by situation. Measurement was performed under the condition that a computer program was exercised to simulate data communication of EUT, and the transmission rate was set to maximum allowed by EUT. Three highest emissions were verified with varying placement of the transmitting antenna connected to EUT (if applicable) to maximize the emission from EUT.

For conducted and radiated emissions, whichever RF channel is operated, the digital circuits' function identically. As the reason, measurement of emissions from digital circuits is performed with the highest, middle and the lowest channel by transmitting mode.

The following modes were investigated and the worst cases (mode 1 and 3) were chosen for final test.

1. Basic Rate (BR) 1 Mbps uses GFSK modulation
2. Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) 2Mbps uses pi/4-DQPSK modulation
3. Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) 3Mbps uses 8DPSK modulation

3.2 Devices for Tested System

Device	Manufacture	Model / FCC ID.	Description
Activate charging station and wireless audio hub *	REOR ELECTRONICS CO., LTD	ACT / ORV-LSACT	1.8m Unshielded AC Adaptor
Notebook PC	DELL	PP25L	1.8m Unshielded AC Power Cord

Remark “*” means equipment under test.

4 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

4.1 Applicable Standard

For unintentional radiator, the radiated emission shall comply with §15.109(a).

For intentional radiators, according to §15.247 (a), operation under this provision is limited to frequency hopping and direct sequence spread spectrum, and the out band emission shall be comply with §15.247 (c)

4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Setup the configuration per figure 1 and 2 for frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz respectively.
2. For emission frequencies measured below 1 GHz, a pre-scan is performed in a shielded chamber to determine the accurate frequencies of higher emissions will be checked on a open test site. As the same purpose, for emission frequencies measured above 1 GHz, a pre-scan also be performed with a 1 meter measuring distance before final test.
3. For emission frequencies measured below and above 1 GHz, set the spectrum analyzer on a 100 kHz and 1 MHz resolution bandwidth respectively for each frequency measured in step 2.
4. The search antenna is to be raised and lowered over a range from 1 to 4 meters in horizontally polarized orientation. Position the highness when the highest value is indicated on spectrum analyzer, then change the orientation of EUT on test table over a range from 0 ° to 360 ° with a speed as slow as possible, and keep the azimuth that highest emission is indicated on the spectrum analyzer. Vary the antenna position again and record the highest value as a final reading. A RF test receiver is also used to confirm emissions measured.
5. Repeat step 4 until all frequencies need to be measured were complete.
6. Repeat step 5 with search antenna in vertical polarized orientations.
7. Check the three frequencies of highest emission with varying the placement of cables associated with EUT to obtain the worse case and record the result.

Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

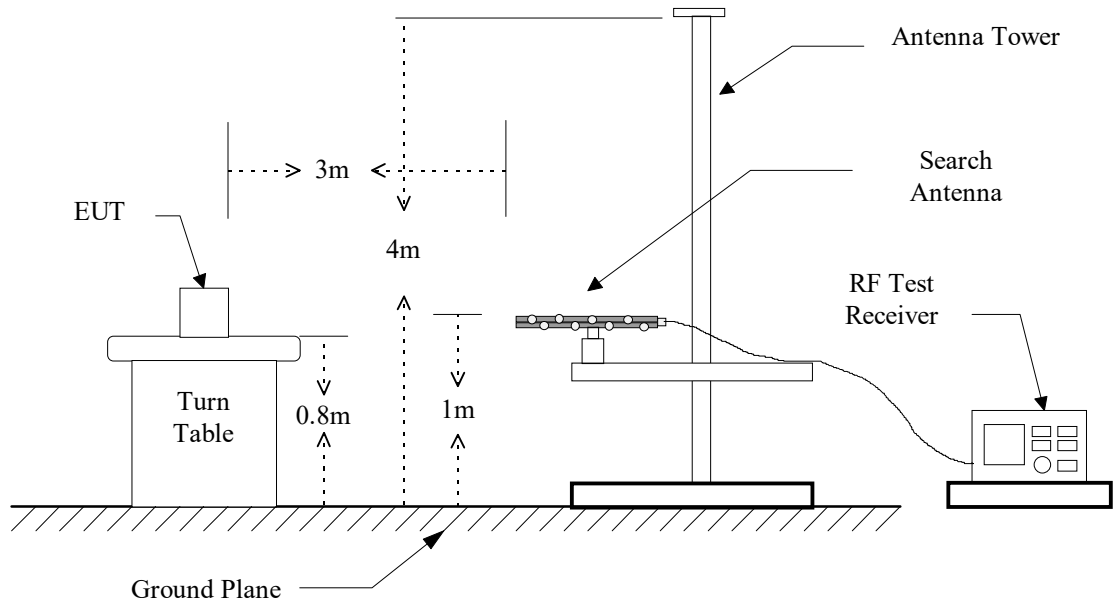
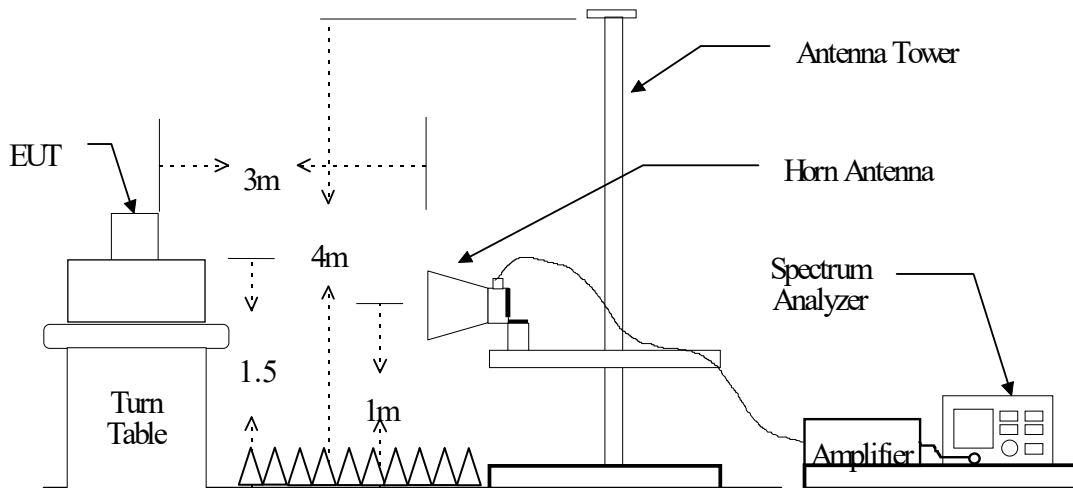


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration



4.3 Measuring Instrument

The following instrument are used for radiated emissions measurement:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	2016/11/10	2017/11/09
Bi-Log Antenna	ETC	MCTD 2786	2017/07/12	2018/07/11
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	2016/10/05	2017/10/04
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	2016/10/05	2017/10/04
Amplifier	HP	8447D	2016/12/05	2017/12/04
Amplifier	HP	83051A	2017/08/25	2018/08/24
LOOP Antenna	EMCO	6512	2016/10/12	2017/10/11

Measuring instrument setup in measured frequency band when specified detector function is used :

Frequency Band (MHz)	Instrument	Function	Resolution bandwidth	Video Bandwidth
30 to 1000	RF Test Receiver	Quasi-Peak	120 kHz	N/A
	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	100 kHz	100 kHz
Above 1000	Spectrum Analyzer	Peak	1 MHz	1 MHz
	Spectrum Analyzer	Average	1 MHz	10 Hz or $\geq 1/T$ (Note 1)

Note 1:

VBW = 10 Hz, when the duty cycle is no less than 98%.

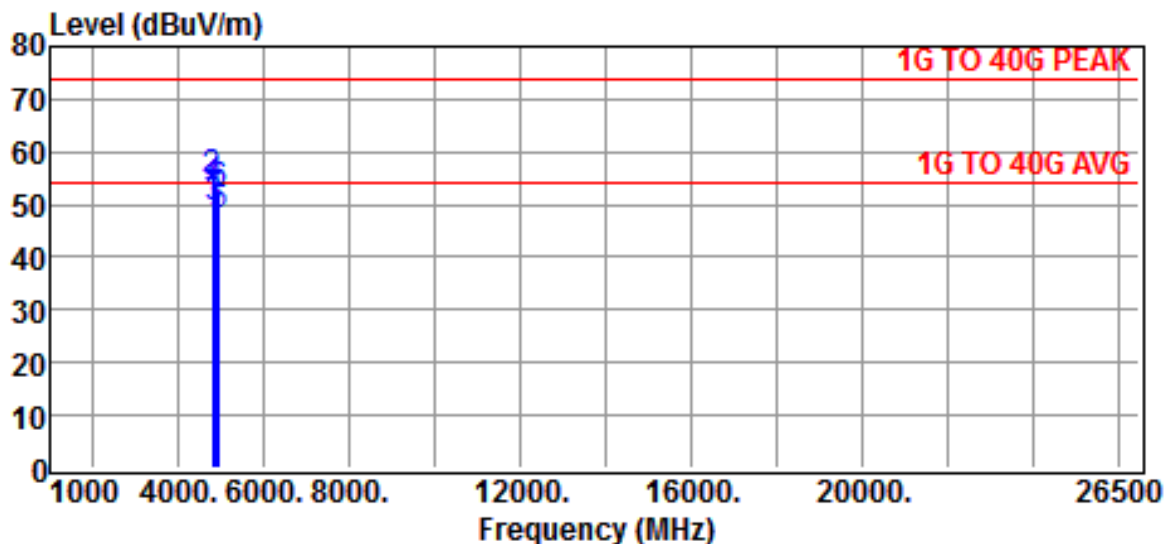
VBW $\geq 1/T$, when duty cycle is less than 98% where T is the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.

4.4 Radiated Emission Data

4.4.1 Tx Portion

A. BT1- Bluetooth BR

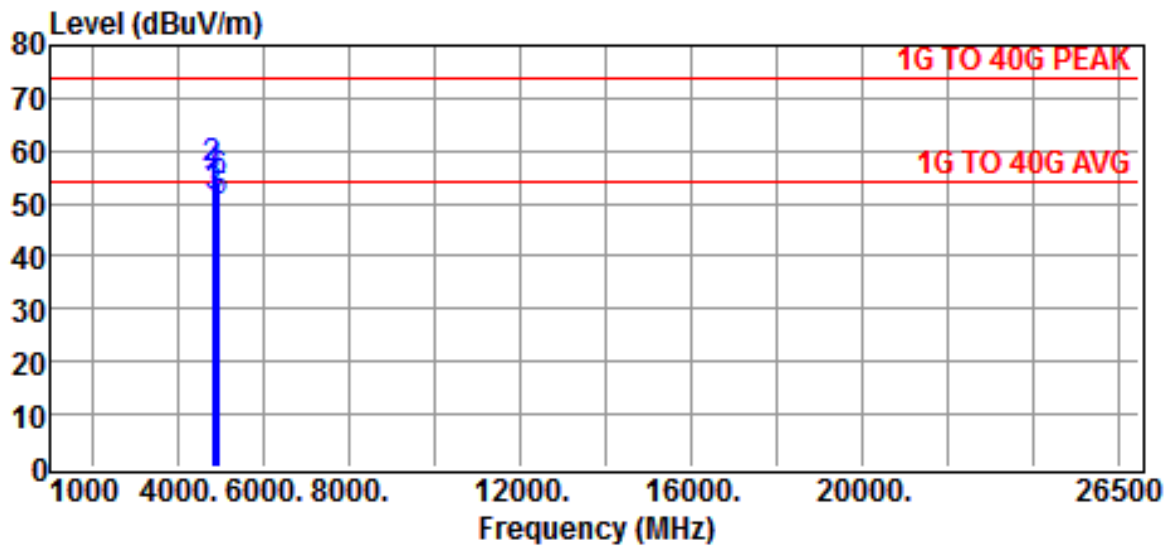
Test Date : Sep. 28, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %



Site	:CHAMBER #2	Date	:2017-09-28
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:TX RX-LO 2402 - MI 2441 - HI 2480MHz		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4804.0000	49.05	1.25	50.30	54.00	-3.70	Average
4804.0000	53.25	1.25	54.50	74.00	-19.50	Peak
4882.0000	47.73	1.47	49.20	54.00	-4.80	Average
4882.0000	51.93	1.47	53.40	74.00	-20.60	Peak
4960.0000	46.26	1.74	48.00	54.00	-6.00	Average
4960.0000	50.36	1.74	52.10	74.00	-21.90	Peak

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

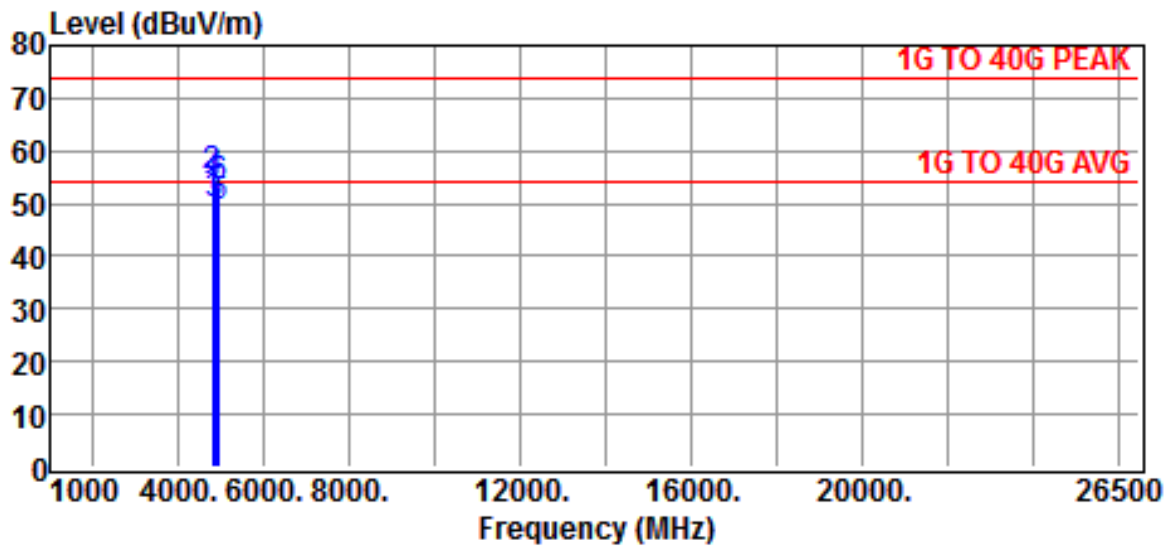


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2017-09-28
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating : 120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. : 25 °C Humi. : 65 %
 Test Mode : BT1-BR MODE
 Test Mode : TX RX-LO 2402 - MI 2441 - HI 2480MHz

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4804.0000	50.95	1.25	52.20	54.00	-1.80	Average
4804.0000	55.05	1.25	56.30	74.00	-17.70	Peak
4882.0000	49.83	1.47	51.30	54.00	-2.70	Average
4882.0000	53.93	1.47	55.40	74.00	-18.60	Peak
4960.0000	48.36	1.74	50.10	54.00	-3.90	Average
4960.0000	52.46	1.74	54.20	74.00	-19.80	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

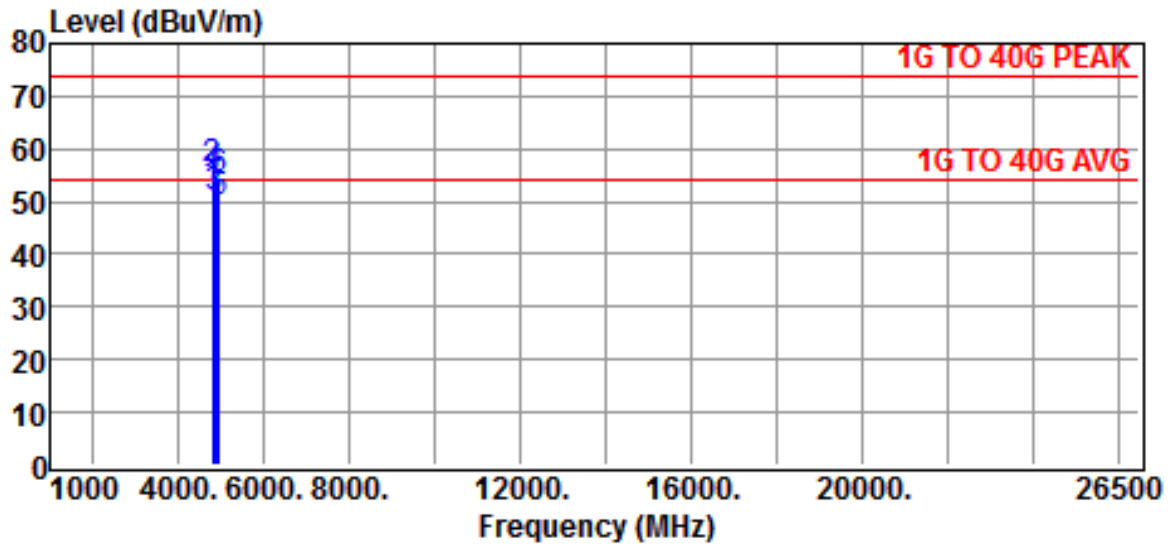


Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2017-09-28
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating : 120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. : 25 °C Humi. : 65 %
 Test Mode : BT1-EDR MODE
 Test Mode : TX RX-LO 2402 - MI 2441 - HI 2480MHz

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4804.0000	50.05	1.25	51.30	54.00	-2.70	Average
4804.0000	54.05	1.25	55.30	74.00	-18.70	Peak
4882.0000	48.53	1.47	50.00	54.00	-4.00	Average
4882.0000	52.63	1.47	54.10	74.00	-19.90	Peak
4960.0000	47.56	1.74	49.30	54.00	-4.70	Average
4960.0000	51.46	1.74	53.20	74.00	-20.80	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

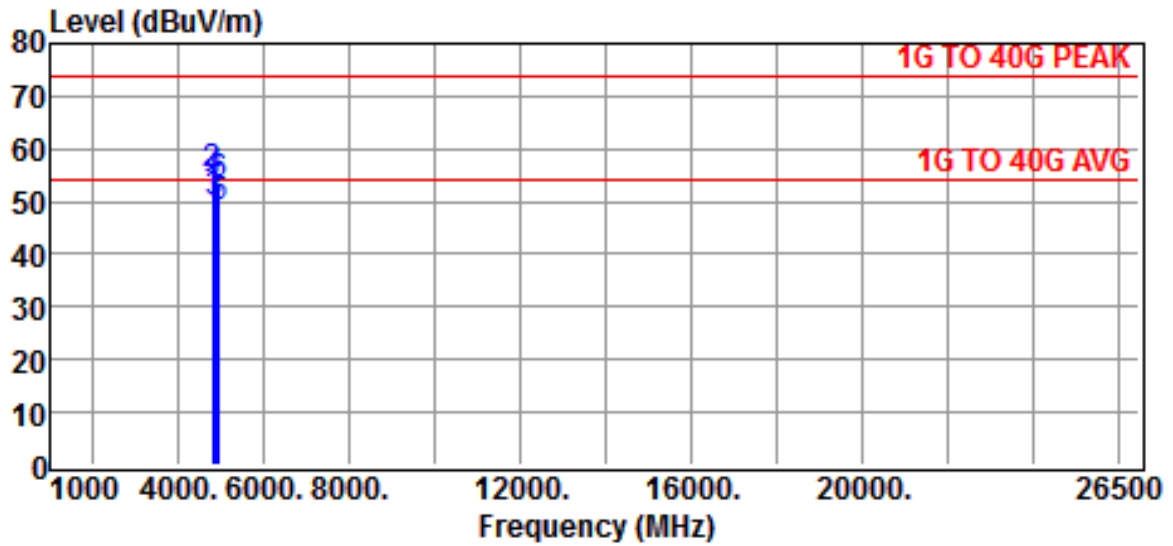


Site :CHAMBER #2 Date :2017-09-28
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :BT2-BR MODE
 Test Mode :TX RX-LO 2402 - MI 2441 - HI 2480MHz

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4804.0000	50.75	1.25	52.00	54.00	-2.00	Average
4804.0000	54.75	1.25	56.00	74.00	-18.00	Peak
4882.0000	49.53	1.47	51.00	54.00	-3.00	Average
4882.0000	53.63	1.47	55.10	74.00	-18.90	Peak
4960.0000	48.06	1.74	49.80	54.00	-4.20	Average
4960.0000	52.26	1.74	54.00	74.00	-20.00	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site : CHAMBER #2 Date : 2017-09-28
 Limit : 1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. : VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating : 120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. : 25 °C Humi. : 65 %
 Test Mode : BT2-EDR MODE
 Test Mode : TX RX-LO 2402 - MI 2441 - HI 2480MHz

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
4804.0000	49.85	1.25	51.10	54.00	-2.90	Average
4804.0000	53.75	1.25	55.00	74.00	-19.00	Peak
4882.0000	48.43	1.47	49.90	54.00	-4.10	Average
4882.0000	52.53	1.47	54.00	74.00	-20.00	Peak
4960.0000	47.26	1.74	49.00	54.00	-5.00	Average
4960.0000	51.36	1.74	53.10	74.00	-20.90	Peak

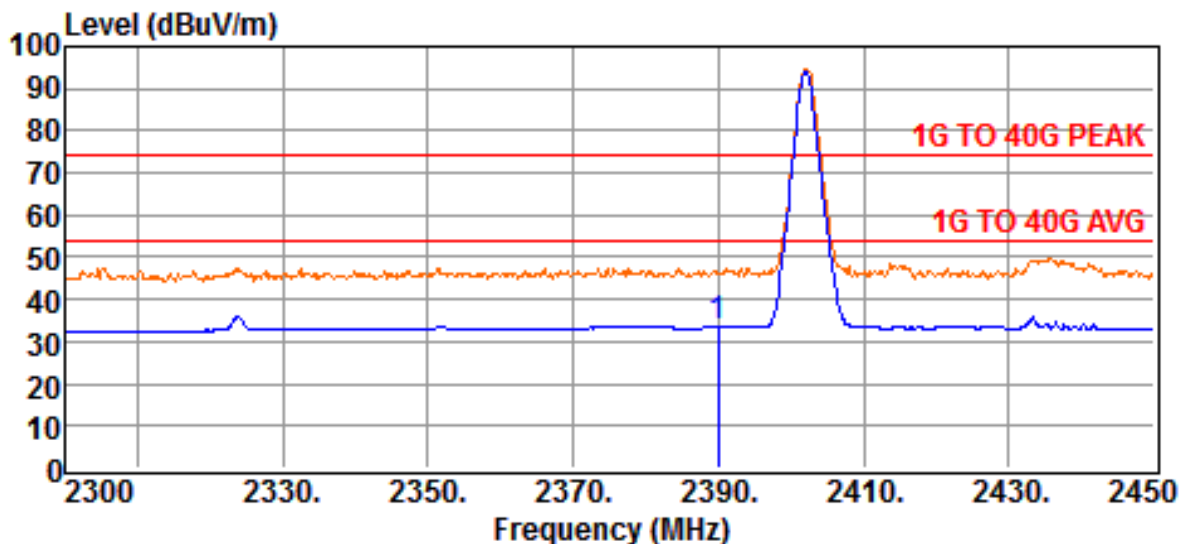
Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

4.4.2 Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands

A. BT1- Bluetooth BR

Test Date : Oct. 02, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

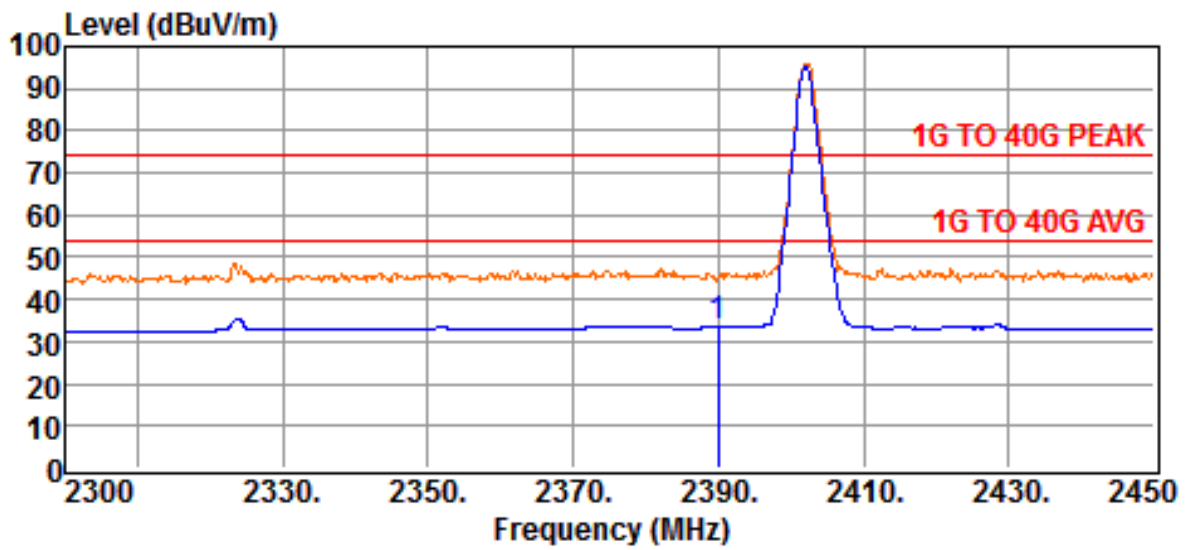


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	38.95	-5.61	33.34	54.00	-20.66	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

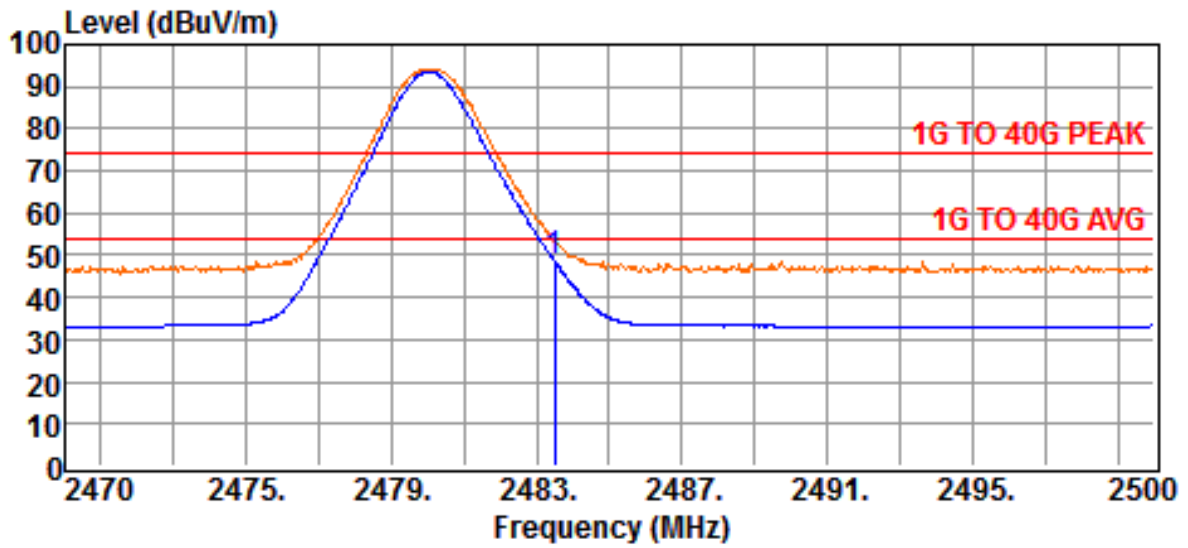


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	38.95	-5.61	33.34	74.00	-40.66	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

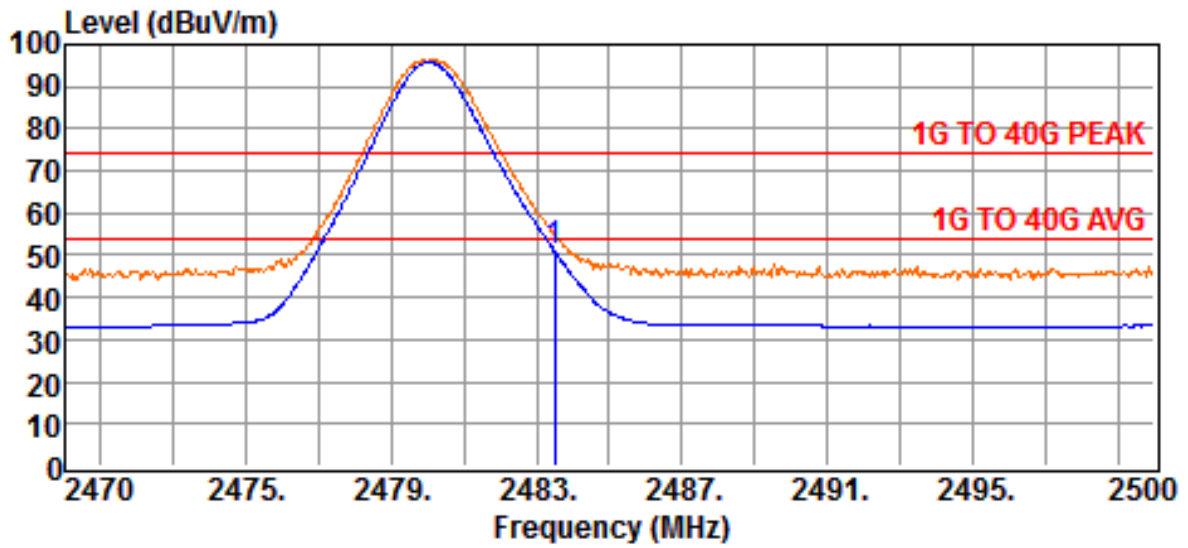


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	53.89	-5.40	48.49	54.00	-5.51	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

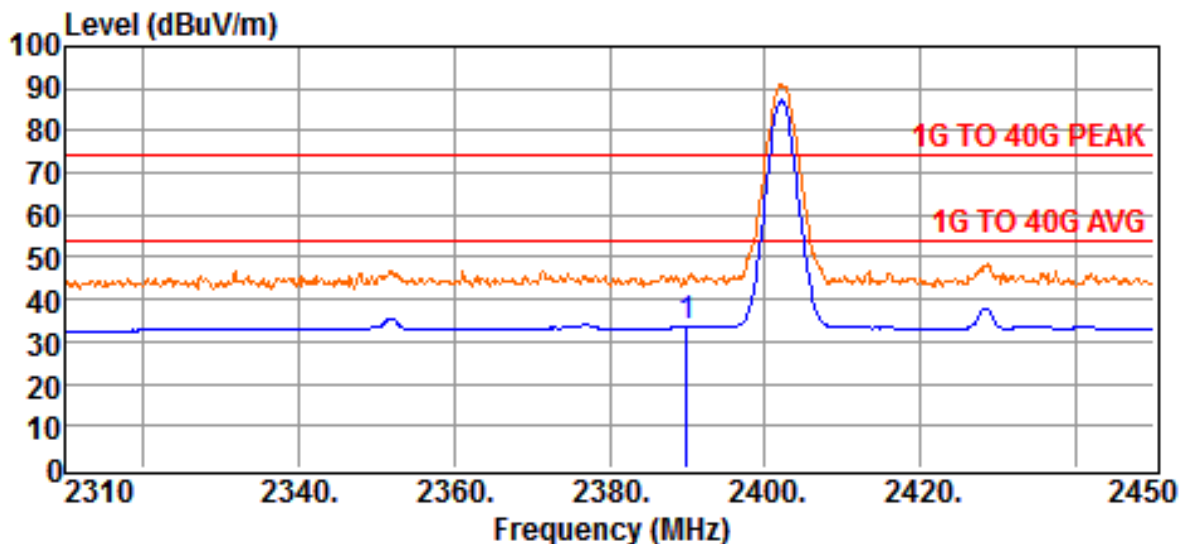
Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	56.21	-5.40	50.81	74.00	-23.19	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

B. BT1- Bluetooth EDR

Test Date : Oct. 02, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

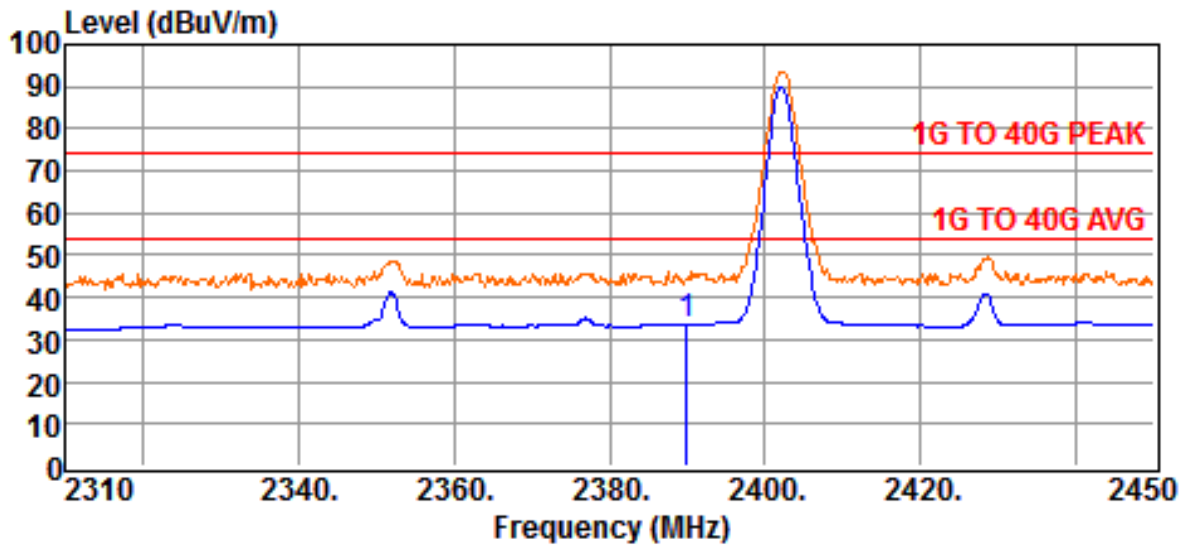


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	38.97	-5.61	33.36	54.00	-20.64	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

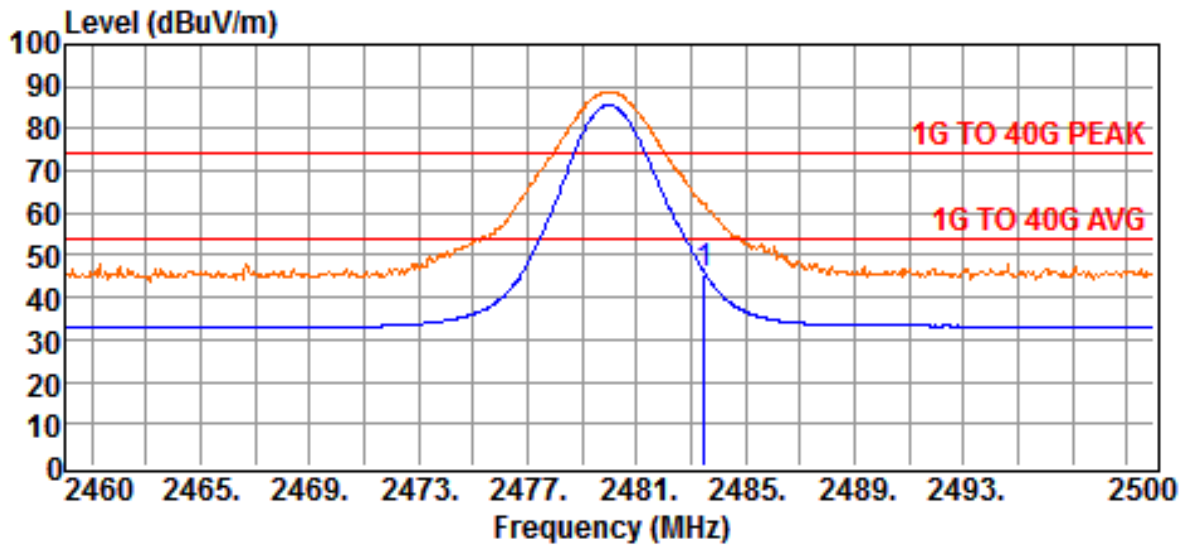


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	39.17	-5.61	33.56	54.00	-20.44	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

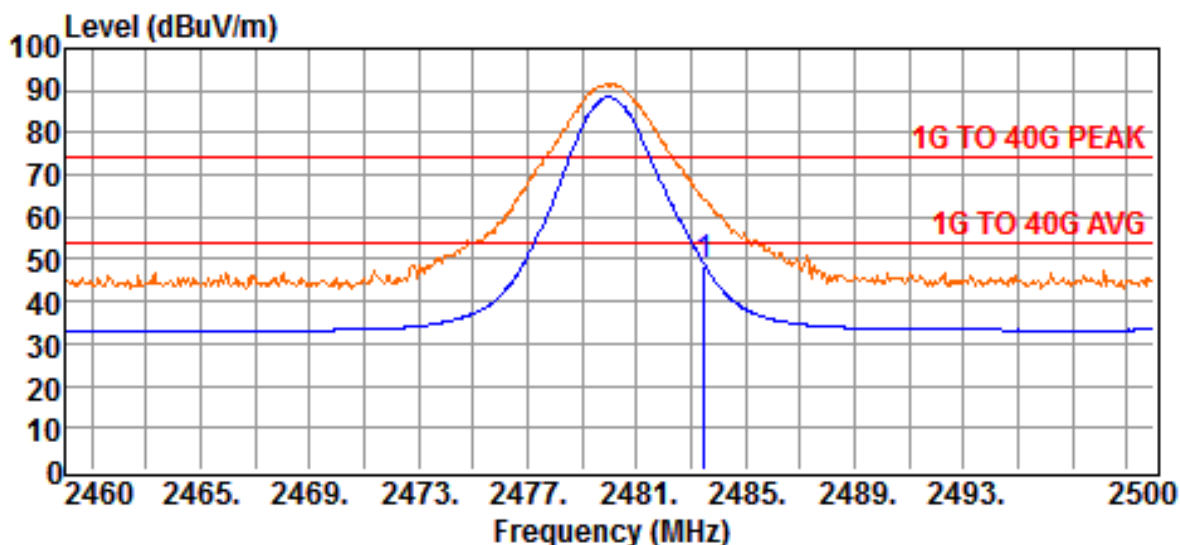


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	51.09	-5.40	45.69	54.00	-8.31	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

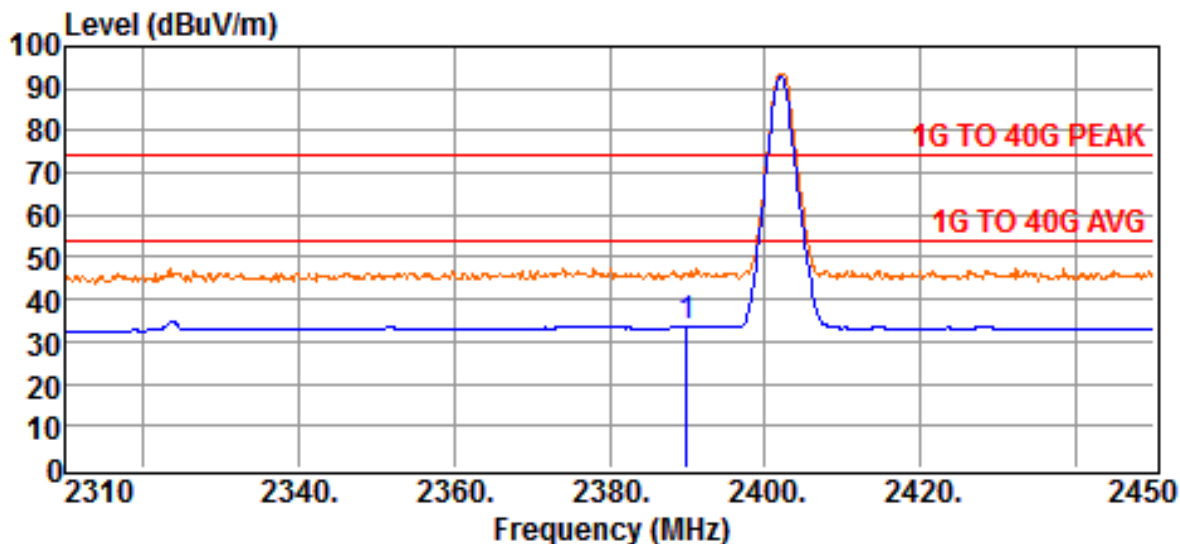
Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	53.84	-5.40	48.44	54.00	-5.56	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

C. BT2- Bluetooth BR

Test Date : Oct. 02, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

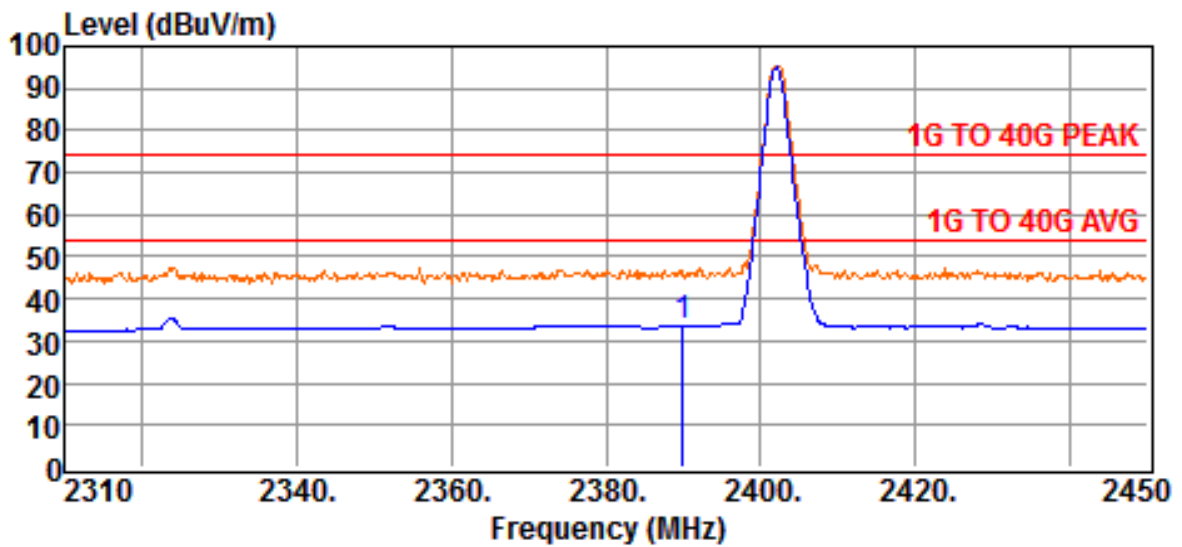


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	38.98	-5.61	33.37	54.00	-20.63	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

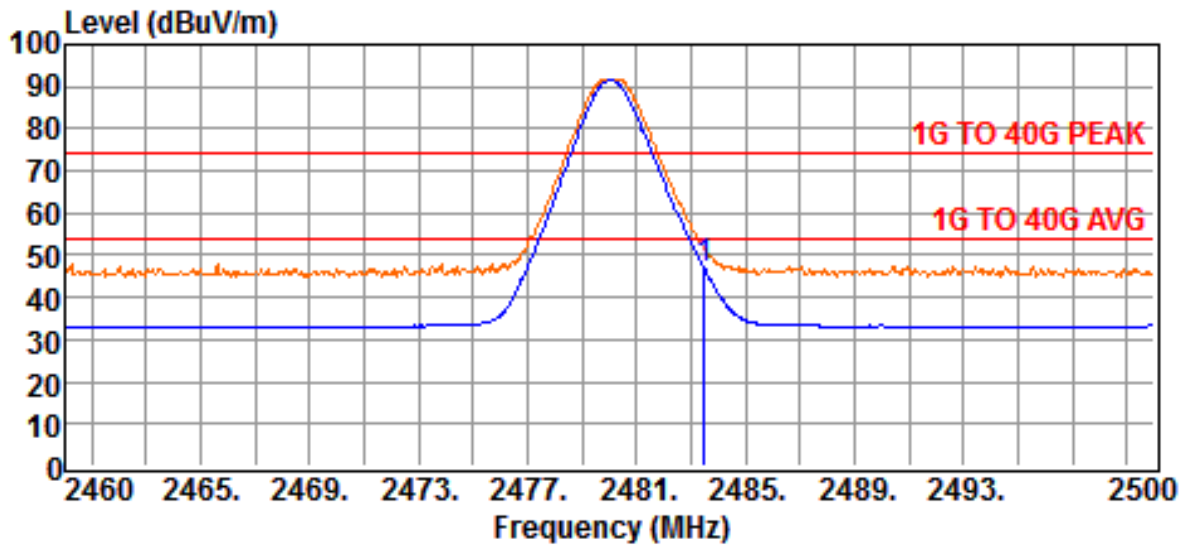


Site :CHAMBER # 2 Date :2017-10-02
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :BT2-BR MODE
 Test Mode :OPERATION MODE

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	39.09	-5.61	33.48	54.00	-20.52	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

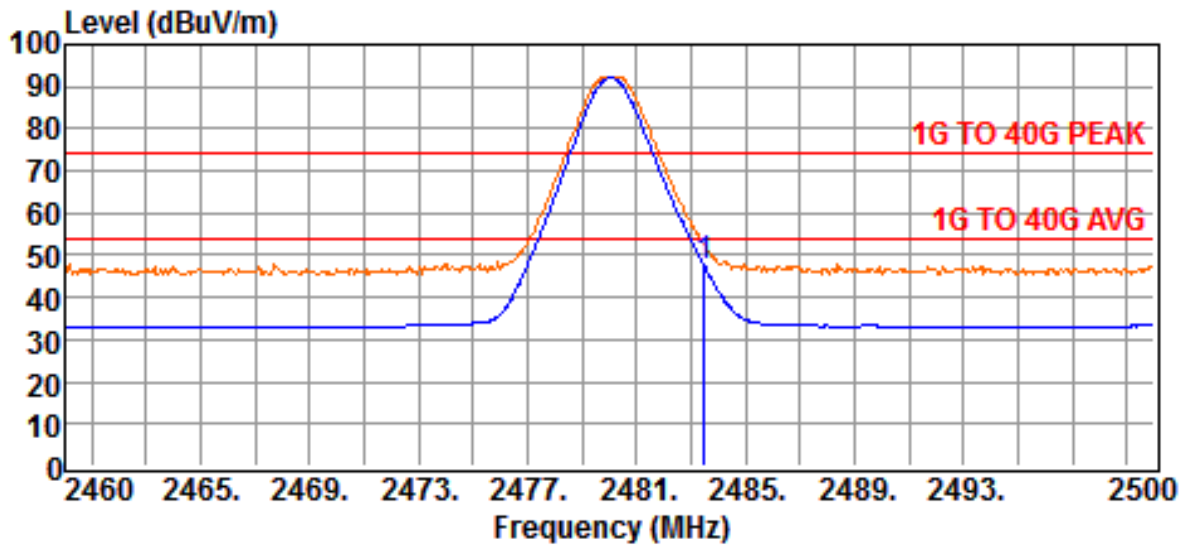


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	51.83	-5.40	46.43	54.00	-7.57	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-BR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

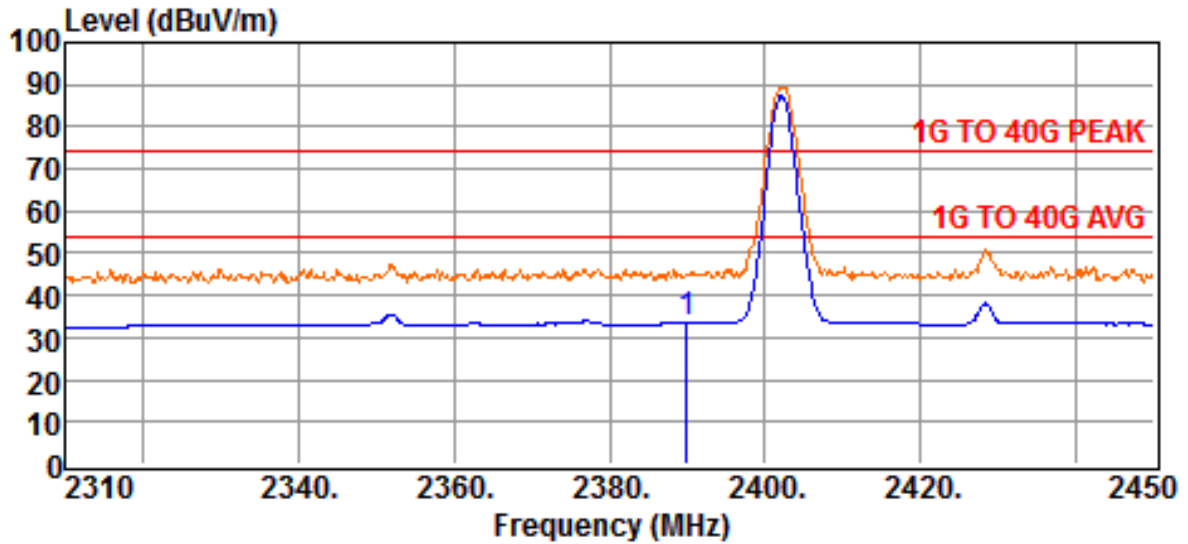
Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	52.47	-5.40	47.07	54.00	-6.93	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

D. BT2- Bluetooth EDR

Test Date : Oct. 02, 2017 Temperature : 25 °C Humidity : 65 %

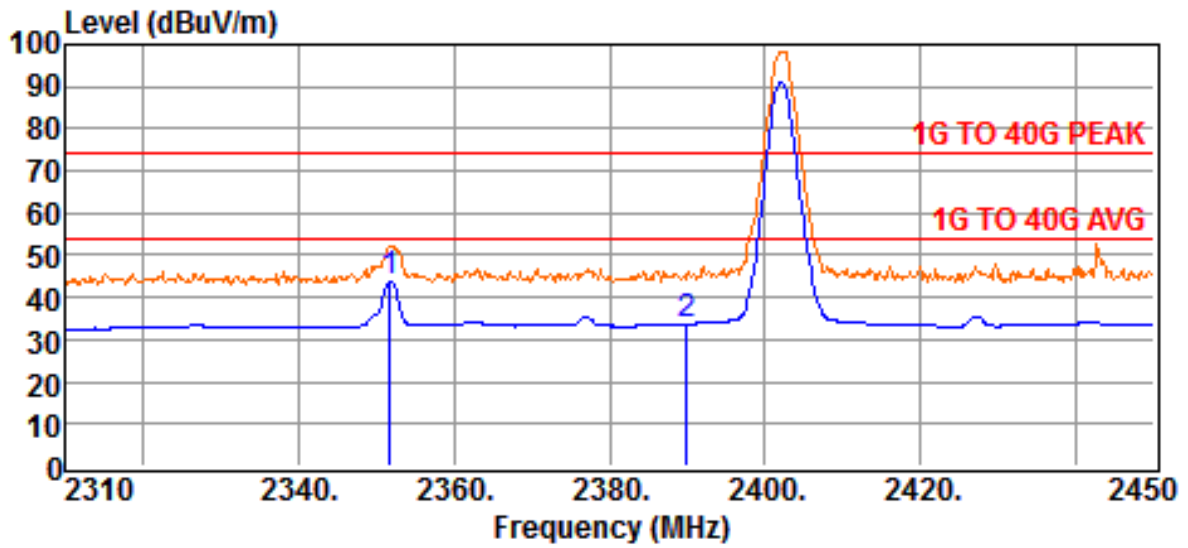


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2390.0000	39.05	-5.61	33.44	54.00	-20.56	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

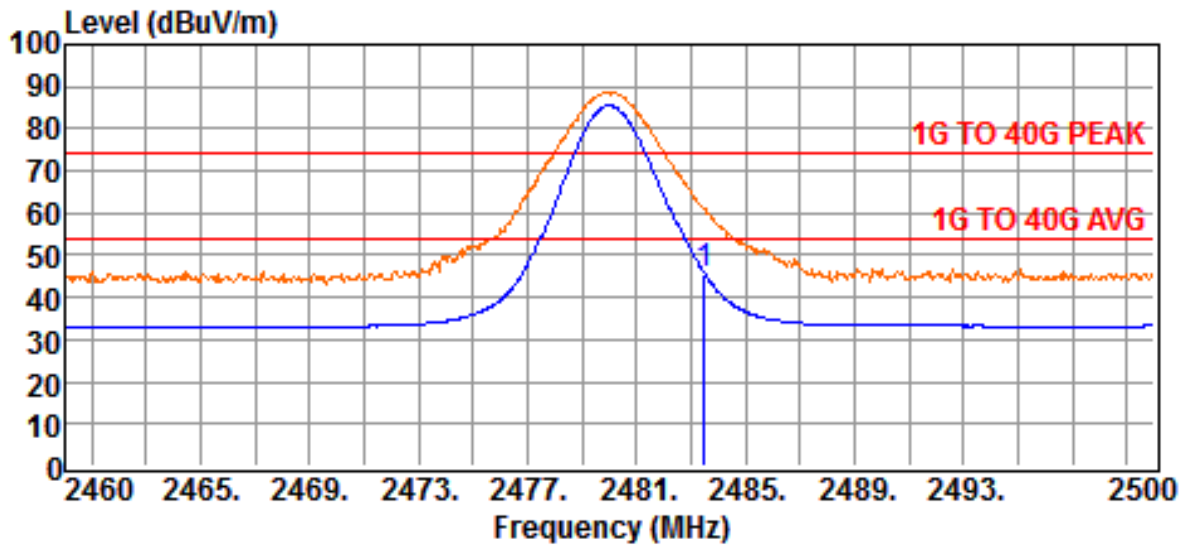


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2351.8600	49.34	-5.67	43.67	54.00	-10.33	Average
2390.0000	39.38	-5.61	33.77	54.00	-20.23	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

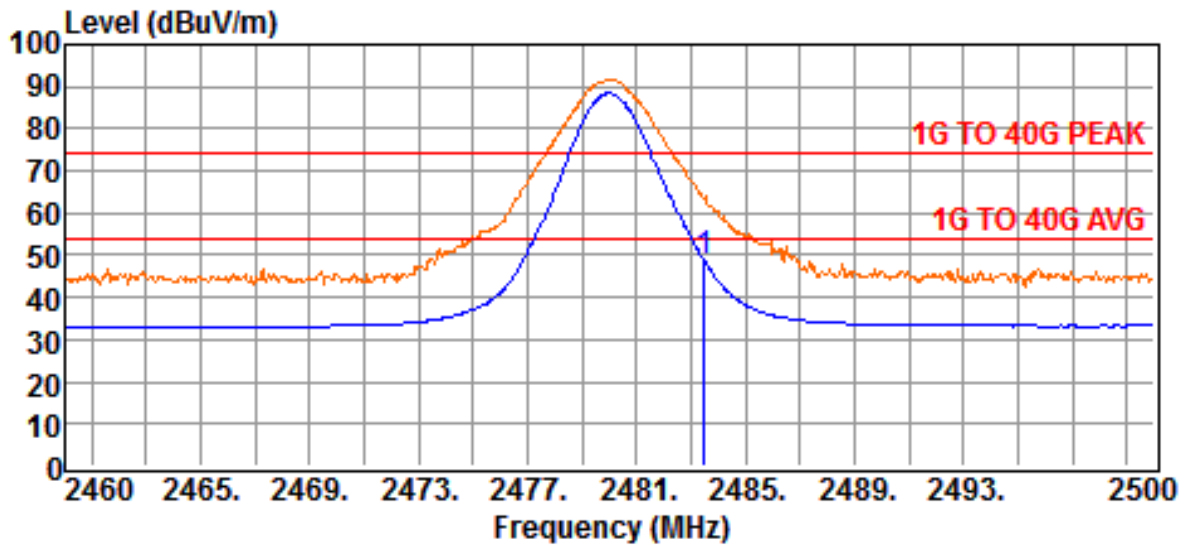


Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	50.97	-5.40	45.57	54.00	-8.43	Average

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site	:CHAMBER # 2	Date	:2017-10-02
Limit	:1G TO 40G PEAK	Ant. Pol.	:VERTICAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT2-EDR MODE		
Test Mode	:OPERATION MODE		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
2483.5000	53.86	-5.40	48.46	54.00	-5.54	Average

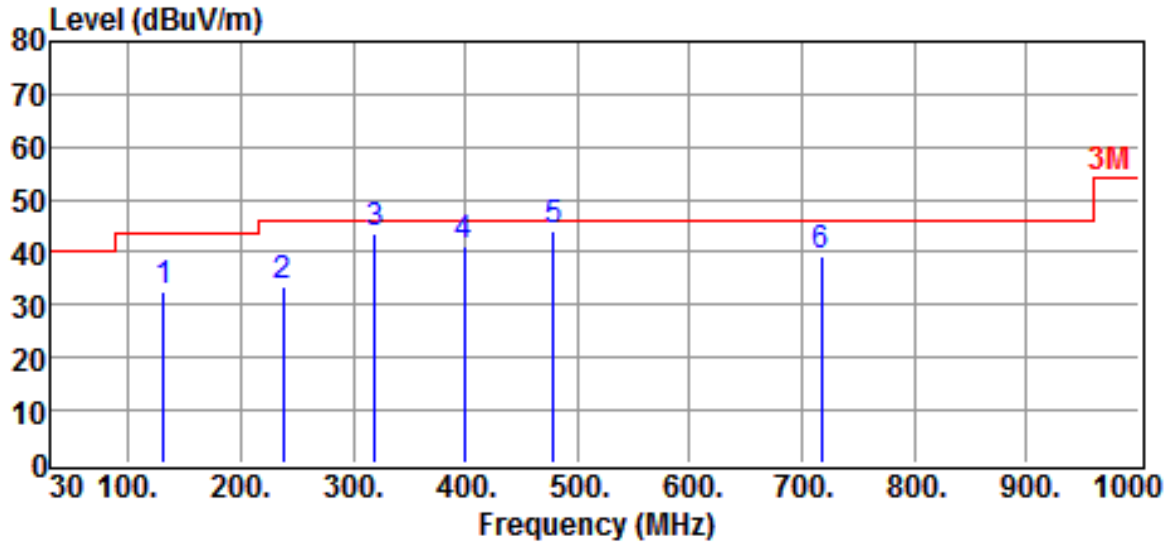
Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain (if any)
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

4.4.3 Other Emissions

a) Emission frequencies below 1 GHz

A. BT1- Bluetooth mode

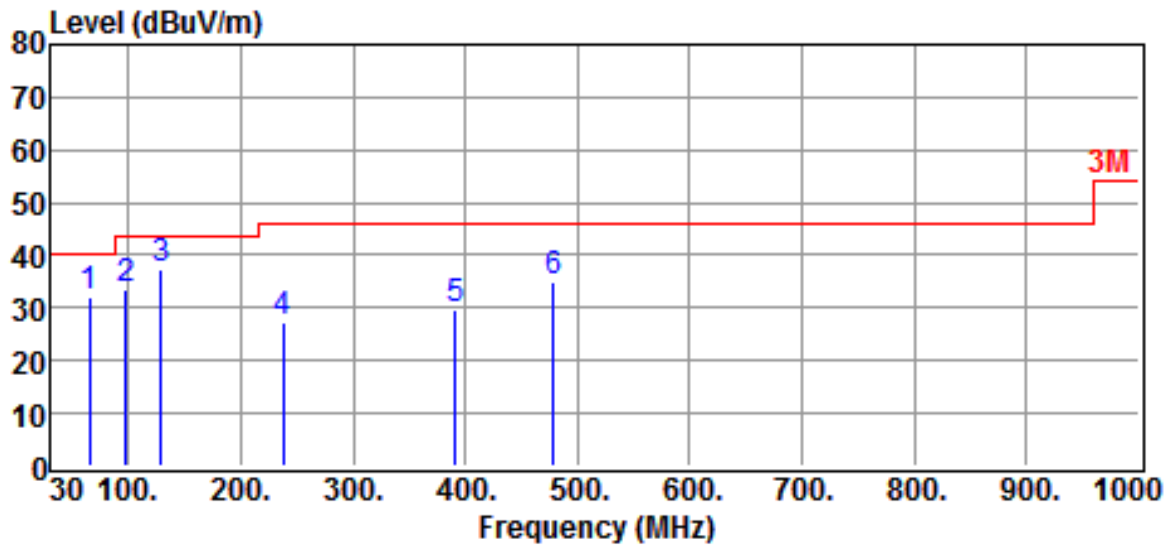


Site	:Chamber #2	Date	:2017-09-14
Limit	:3M	Ant. Pol.	:HORIZONTAL
EUT	: Activate charging station and wireless audio hub		
Model	: ACT	Power Rating	:120Vac / 60Hz
Temp.	:25 °C	Humi.	:65 %
Test Mode	:BT1		

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
130.8800	40.14	-7.44	32.70	43.50	-10.80	QP
237.5800	40.33	-6.70	33.63	46.00	-12.37	QP
319.0600	46.23	-2.66	43.57	46.00	-2.43	QP
398.6000	42.09	-0.79	41.30	46.00	-4.70	QP
478.1400	44.02	0.02	44.04	46.00	-1.96	QP
716.7600	35.52	3.69	39.21	46.00	-6.79	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



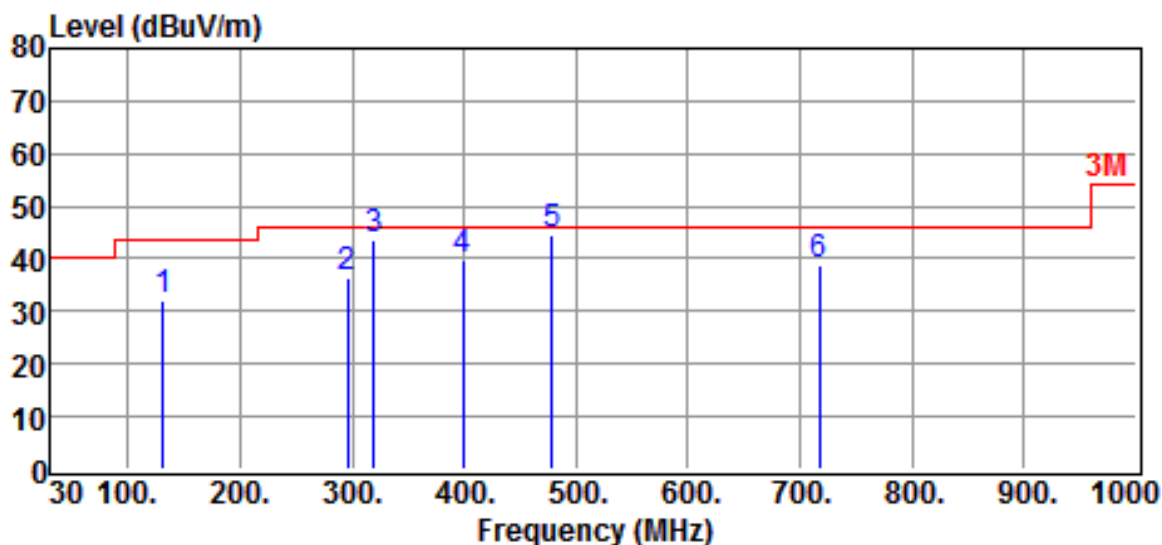
Site :Chamber #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :BT1

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
64.9200	46.92	-14.59	32.33	40.00	-7.67	QP
97.9000	43.47	-9.97	33.50	43.50	-10.00	QP
128.9400	44.70	-7.52	37.18	43.50	-6.32	QP
237.5800	34.15	-6.70	27.45	46.00	-18.55	QP
390.8400	30.62	-1.02	29.60	46.00	-16.40	QP
478.1400	34.88	0.02	34.90	46.00	-11.10	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

B. BT2- Bluetooth mode

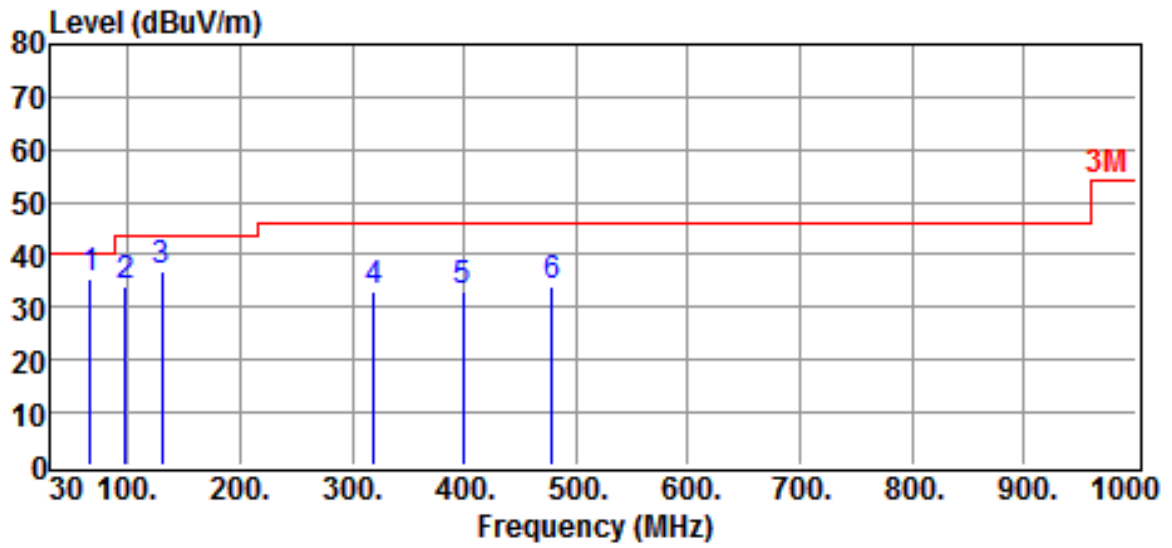


Site :Chamber #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
130.8800	39.64	-7.44	32.20	43.50	-11.30	QP
295.7800	39.73	-3.14	36.59	46.00	-9.41	QP
319.0600	46.21	-2.66	43.55	46.00	-2.45	QP
398.6000	40.50	-0.79	39.71	46.00	-6.29	QP
478.1400	44.73	0.02	44.75	46.00	-1.25	QP
716.7600	35.04	3.69	38.73	46.00	-7.27	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



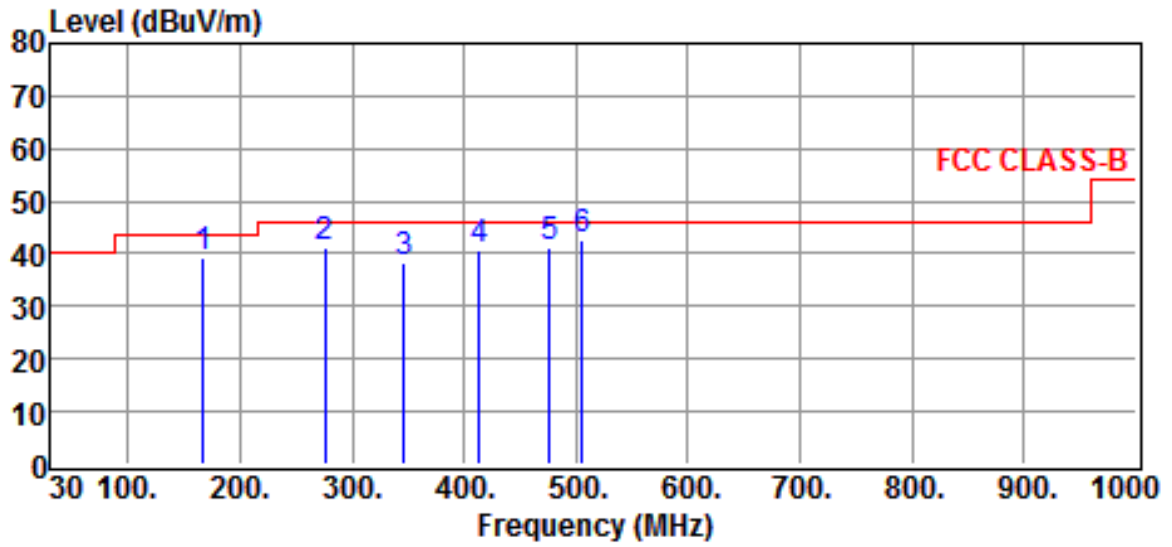
Site :Chamber #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
66.8600	49.88	-14.47	35.41	40.00	-4.59	QP
97.9000	43.85	-9.97	33.88	43.50	-9.62	QP
129.9100	44.27	-7.46	36.81	43.50	-6.69	QP
319.0600	35.66	-2.66	33.00	46.00	-13.00	QP
398.6000	34.00	-0.79	33.21	46.00	-12.79	QP
478.1400	34.09	0.02	34.11	46.00	-11.89	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

C. Colocation- DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

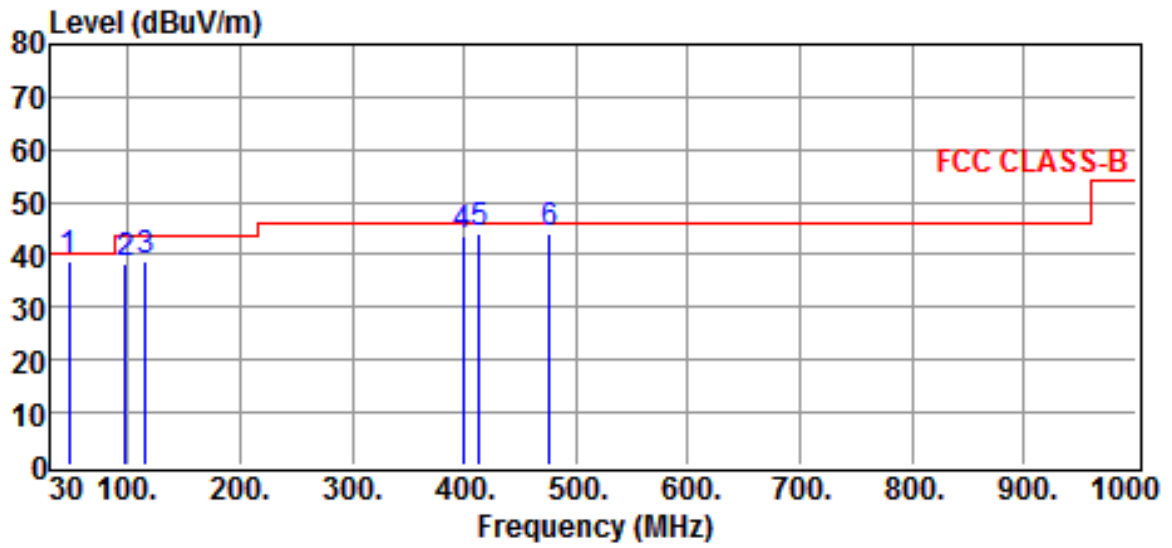


Site :Chamber #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
167.7400	47.43	-8.27	39.16	43.50	-4.34	QP
276.3800	45.86	-4.57	41.29	46.00	-4.71	QP
346.2200	40.94	-2.61	38.33	46.00	-7.67	QP
414.1200	42.25	-1.33	40.92	46.00	-5.08	QP
476.2000	41.69	-0.57	41.12	46.00	-4.88	QP
505.3000	42.64	-0.07	42.57	46.00	-3.43	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result



Site :Chamber #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :3M Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
47.4600	47.86	-9.07	38.79	40.00	-1.21	QP
97.9000	48.44	-10.23	38.21	43.50	-5.29	QP
115.3600	46.93	-8.27	38.66	43.50	-4.84	QP
398.6000	45.13	-1.45	43.68	46.00	-2.32	QP
414.1200	45.49	-1.33	44.16	46.00	-1.84	QP
476.2000	44.77	-0.57	44.20	46.00	-1.80	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit - Result

b) Emission frequencies above 1 GHz

Note: The spurious emission did not include harmonics and bandedge emissions.

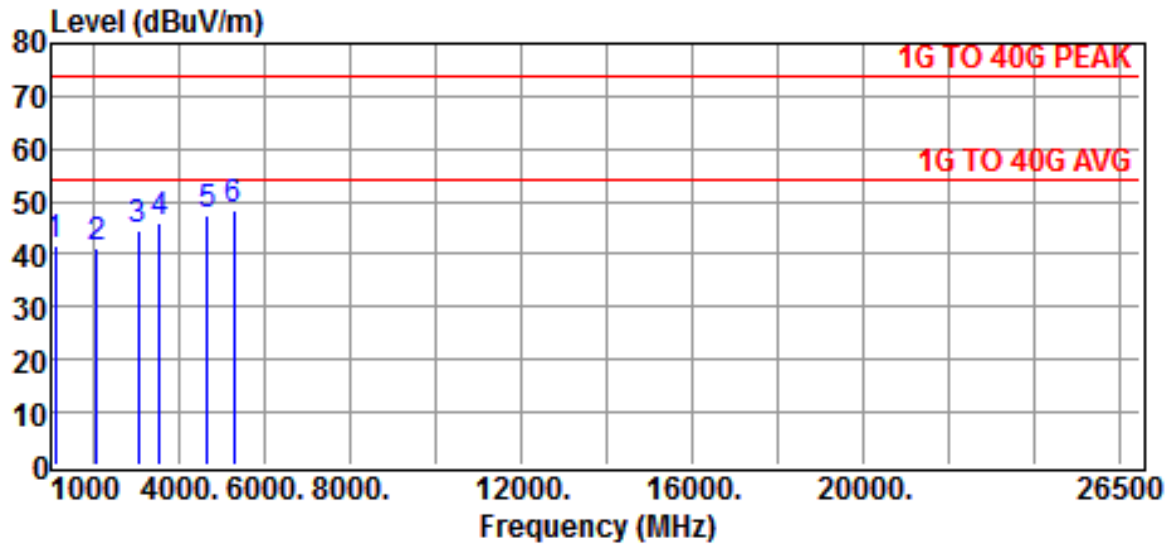
A. BT1- Bluetooth mode

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 25 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

B. BT2- Bluetooth mode

Radiated emission frequencies above 1 GHz to 25 GHz were too low to be measured with a pre-amplifier of 35 dB.

C. Colocation- DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

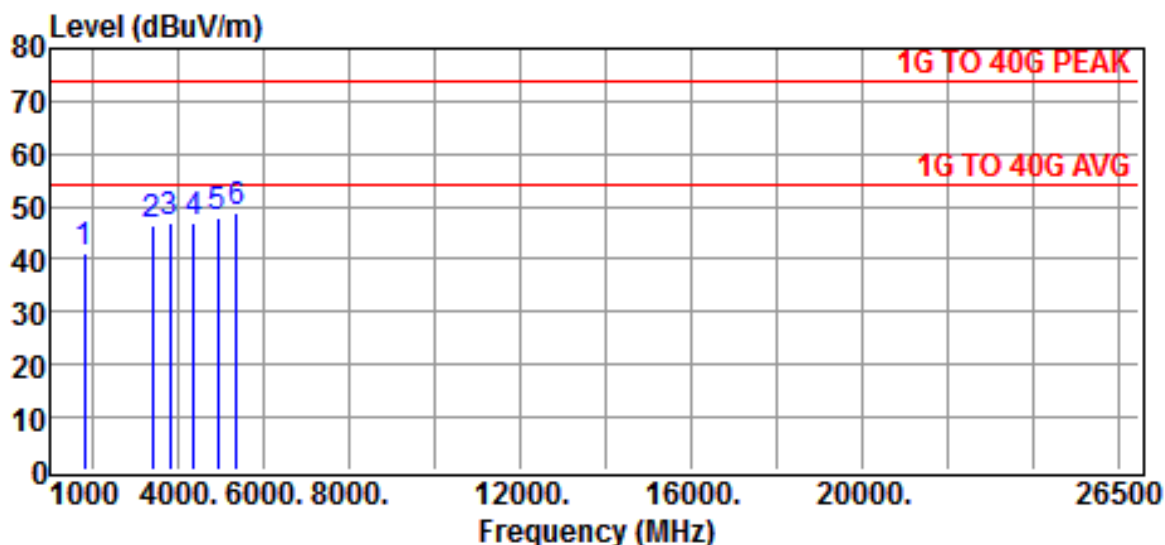


Site :RF CHAMBER #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :HORIZONTAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits (AVG) dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
1102.0000	52.47	-10.94	41.53	54.00	-12.47	Peak
2071.0000	47.51	-6.35	41.16	54.00	-12.84	Peak
3040.0000	47.95	-3.38	44.57	54.00	-9.43	Peak
3550.0000	47.46	-1.65	45.81	54.00	-8.19	Peak
4672.0000	46.53	0.81	47.34	54.00	-6.66	Peak
5284.0000	46.02	2.45	48.47	54.00	-5.53	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit – Result
4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit - as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.



Site :RF CHAMBER #2 Date :2017-09-14
 Limit :1G TO 40G PEAK Ant. Pol. :VERTICAL
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Model : ACT Power Rating :120Vac / 60Hz
 Temp. :25 °C Humi. :65 %
 Test Mode :DECT + ZIGBEE + BT1 + BT2

Freq MHz	Reading dBuV	Correction Factor dB	Result dBuV/m	Limits (AVG) dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Detector
1816.0000	48.92	-7.72	41.20	54.00	-12.80	Peak
3397.0000	48.71	-2.17	46.54	54.00	-7.46	Peak
3805.0000	47.51	-0.77	46.74	54.00	-7.26	Peak
4366.0000	46.55	0.16	46.71	54.00	-7.29	Peak
4927.0000	46.07	1.65	47.72	54.00	-6.28	Peak
5386.0000	46.12	2.65	48.77	54.00	-5.23	Peak

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Corrected Factor
2. Corrected Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss
3. The margin value=Limit – Result
4. Peak measurements are compared to the average limit - as peak measurements are below the average limit, they also comply with the peak limit.

c) Emission frequencies below 30MHz (9kHz - 30MHz)

According to exploratory test no any obvious emissions were detected from 9 kHz to 30MHz. All emissions were greater than 20 dB below the limit. Although these tests were performed other than open area test site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open are test site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

4.5 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor, High Pass Filter Loss (if used) and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation calculation is as follows:

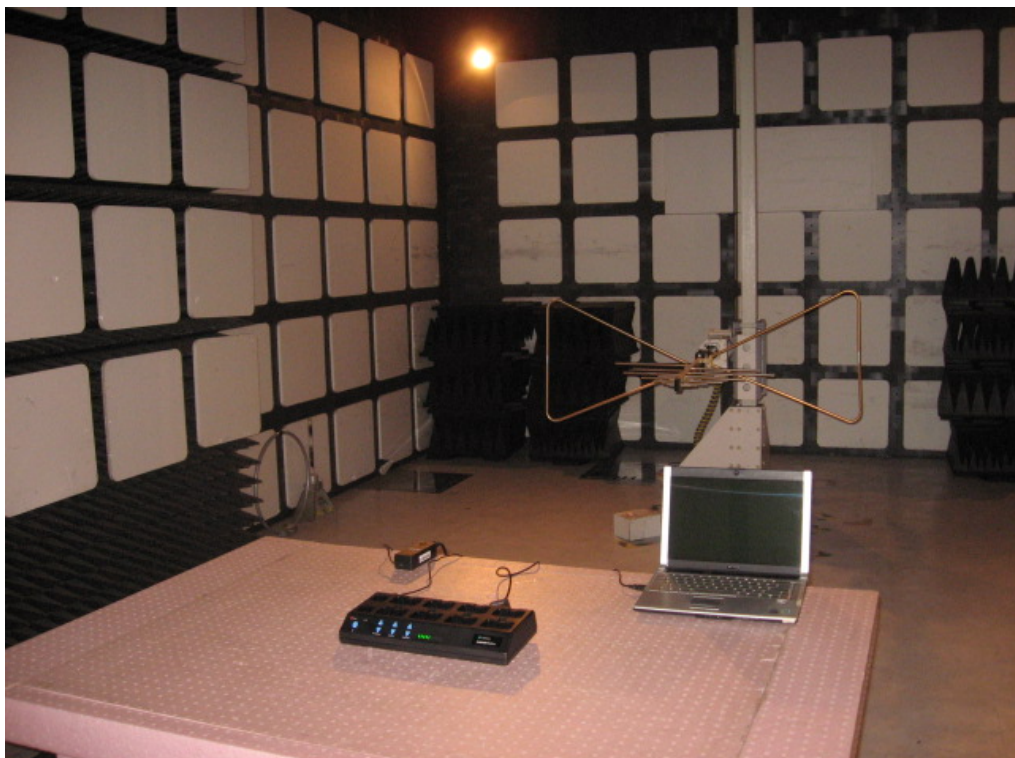
$$\mathbf{Result = Reading + Corrected Factor}$$

where Corrected Factor

$$= \text{Antenna FACTOR} + \text{Cable Loss} + \text{High Pass Filter Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

4.6 Photos of Radiation Measuring Setup

(Below 1GHz)



(Above 1GHz)



5 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT

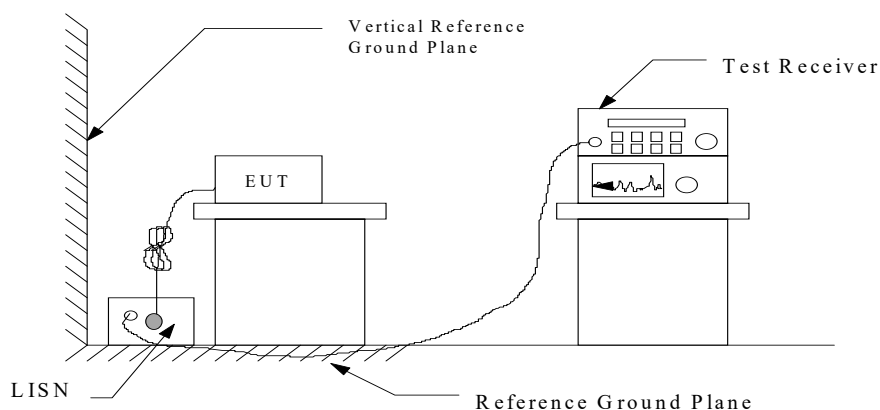
5.1 Standard Applicable

For unintentional and intentional device, Line Conducted Emission Limits are in accordance to § 15.107(a) and § 15.207(a) respectively. Both Limits are identical specification.

5.2 Measurement Procedure

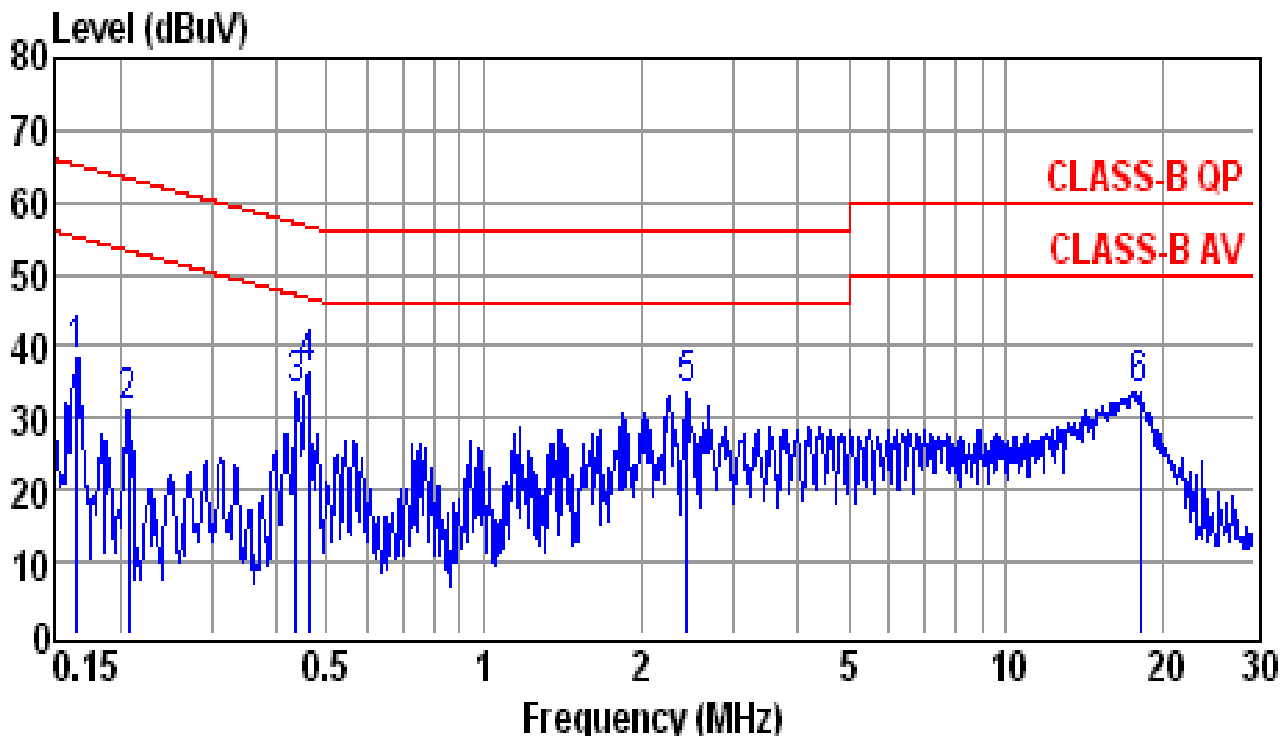
1. Setup the configuration per figure 3.
2. A preliminary scan with a spectrum monitor is performed to identify the frequency of emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in selected modes of operation, typical cable positions, and with a typical system configuration.
3. Record the 6 or 8 highest emissions relative to the limit.
4. Measure each frequency obtained from step 3 by a test receiver set on quasi peak detector function, and then record the accuracy frequency and emission level. If all emissions measured in the specified band are attenuated more than 20 dB from the limit, this step would be ignored, and the peak detector function would be used.
5. Confirm the highest three emissions with variation of the EUT cable configuration and record the final data.
6. Repeat all above procedures on measuring each operation mode of EUT.

Figure 3 : Conducted emissions measurement configuration



5.3 Conducted Emission Data

A. BT1- Bluetooth mode

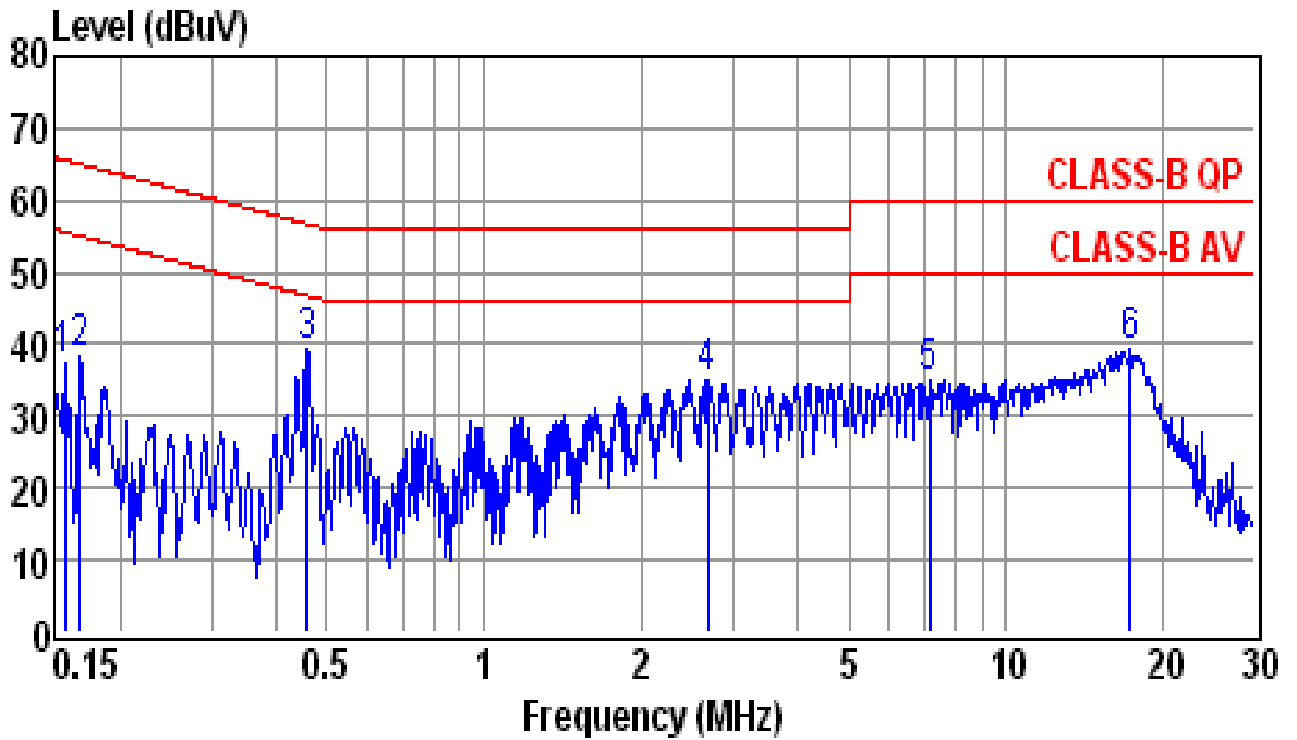


Site : conducted #1 Date : 09-11-2017
 Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : NEUTRAL
 Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65% Test Mode : BT1
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Power Rating : 120Vac 60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBUV)	Limit Line (dBUV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1659	28.04	10.17	38.21	65.16	-26.95	QP
0.2083	20.98	10.18	31.16	63.27	-32.11	QP
0.4374	23.22	10.21	33.43	57.11	-23.68	QP
0.4612	26.21	10.21	36.42	56.67	-20.25	QP
2.4480	23.05	10.34	33.39	56.00	-22.61	QP
18.1350	22.64	11.08	33.72	60.00	-26.28	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



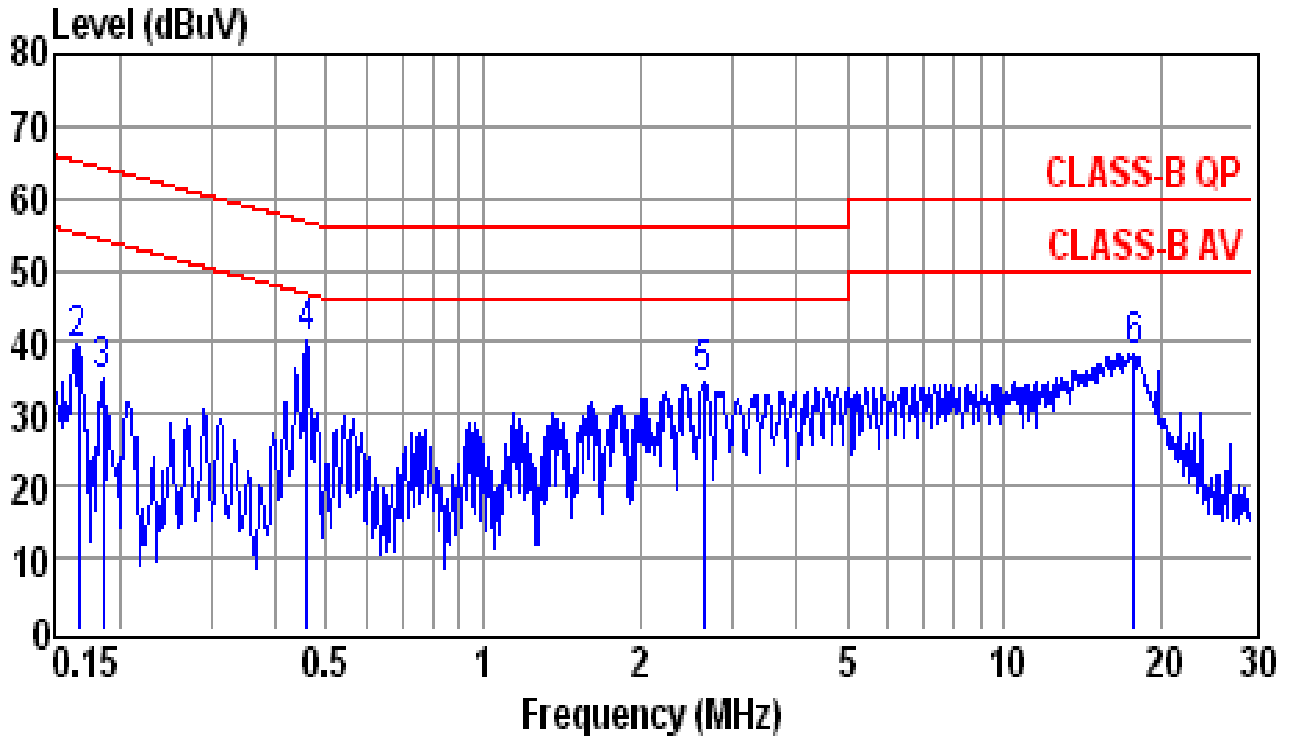
Site : conducted #1 Date : 09-11-2017
 Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : LINE
 Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65% Test Mode : BT1
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Power Rating : 120Vac 60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBUV)	Limit Line (dBUV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1573	27.24	10.18	37.42	65.60	-28.18	QP
0.1677	28.14	10.18	38.32	65.08	-26.76	QP
0.4588	29.29	10.20	39.49	56.71	-17.22	QP
2.6780	24.86	10.34	35.20	56.00	-20.80	QP
7.1370	24.37	10.58	34.95	60.00	-25.05	QP
17.3830	28.15	11.16	39.31	60.00	-20.69	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

B. BT2- Bluetooth mode

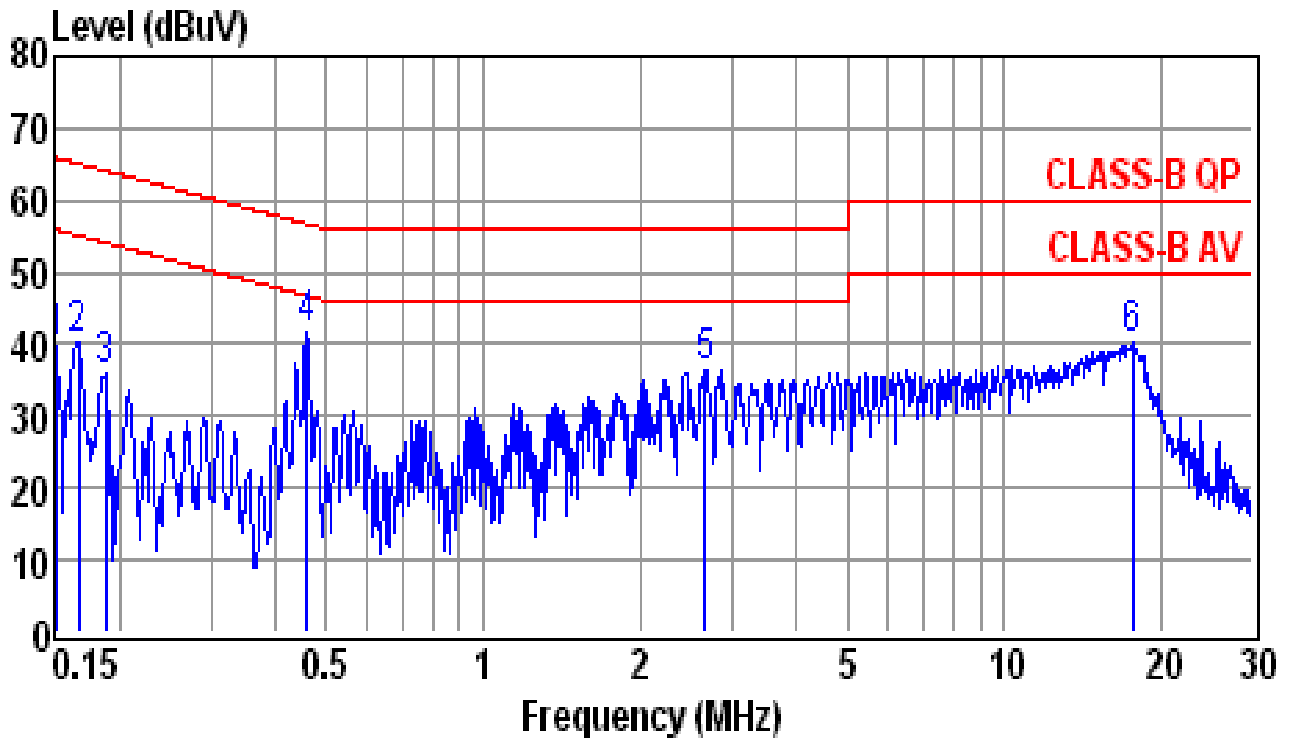


Site : conducted #1 Date : 09-11-2017
 Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : NEUTRAL
 Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65% Test Mode : BT2
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Power Rating : 120Vac 60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1500	26.39	10.17	36.56	66.00	-29.44	QP
0.1668	29.18	10.17	39.35	65.12	-25.77	QP
0.1864	24.94	10.18	35.12	64.20	-29.08	QP
0.4588	29.99	10.21	40.20	56.71	-16.51	QP
2.6500	24.25	10.34	34.59	56.00	-21.41	QP
17.7550	27.27	11.07	38.34	60.00	-21.66	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss



Site : conducted #1 Date : 09-11-2017
 Condition : CLASS-B QP LISN : LINE
 Tem / Hum : 25 °C / 65% Test Mode : BT2
 EUT : Activate charging station and wireless audio hub
 Power Rating : 120Vac 60Hz

Freq (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBuV)	Limit Line (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Remark
0.1524	29.50	10.18	39.68	65.87	-26.19	QP
0.1668	30.12	10.18	40.30	65.12	-24.82	QP
0.1884	25.57	10.19	35.76	64.11	-28.35	QP
0.4588	31.55	10.20	41.75	56.71	-14.96	QP
2.6640	26.09	10.34	36.43	56.00	-19.57	QP
17.6610	28.86	11.17	40.03	60.00	-19.97	QP

Note :

1. Result = Reading + Factor
2. Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss

5.4 Result Data Calculation

The result data is calculated by adding the LISN Factor to the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$\mathbf{RESULT = READING + LISN FACTOR}$$

Assume a receiver reading of 22.5 dB μ V is obtained, and LISN Factor is 0.1 dB, then the total of disturbance voltage is 22.6 dB μ V.

$$\text{RESULT} = 22.5 + 0.1 = 22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Level in } \mu \text{ V} &= \text{Common Antilogarithm}[(22.6 \text{ dB } \mu \text{ V})/20] \\ &= 13.48 \mu \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

5.5 Conducted Measurement Equipment

The following test equipment are used during the conducted test .

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	2016/12/05	2017/12/05
LISN	Shibasoku	563	2017/08/07	2018/08/06
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	2017/04/01	2018/03/31

5.6 Photos of Conduction Measuring Setup



6 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

6.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

6.2 Antenna Construction

The antenna is permanently mounted on main PCB, no consideration of replacement. Please see internal photos and the antenna specifications.

7 HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

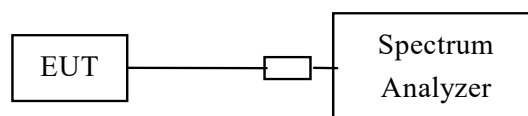
7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
 - Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq 1\%$ of the span
 - Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Figure 4 : Measurement configuration.



7.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

7.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Channel Low : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.000 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.040 MHz
- c) Channel High : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.000 MHz

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Channel Low : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.002 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.002 MHz
- c) Channel High : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.002 MHz

B. BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Channel Low : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.000 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.000 MHz
- c) Channel High : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.004 MHz

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Channel Low : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.008 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.008 MHz
- c) Channel High : Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation is 1.008 MHz

Note : The expanded uncertainty: frequency $\times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ ($1 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 18 \text{ GHz}$).

BT1
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Channel Low

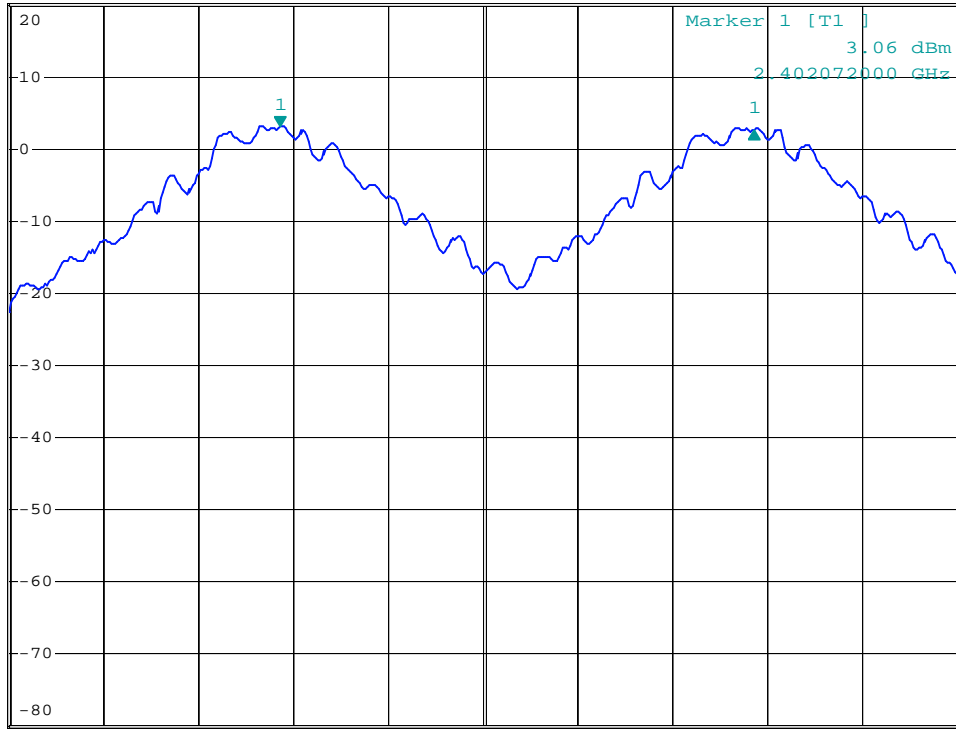


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -0.39 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.000000000 MHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.4025 GHz 200 kHz/ Span 2 MHz

Channel Middle

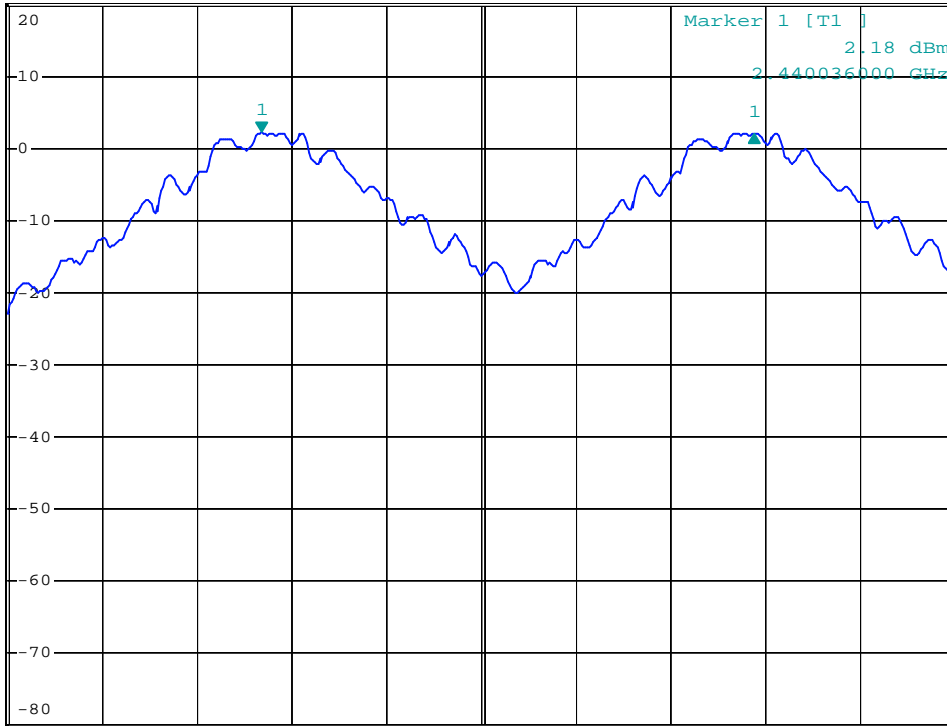


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -0.08 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.040000000 MHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Center 2.4405 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel High

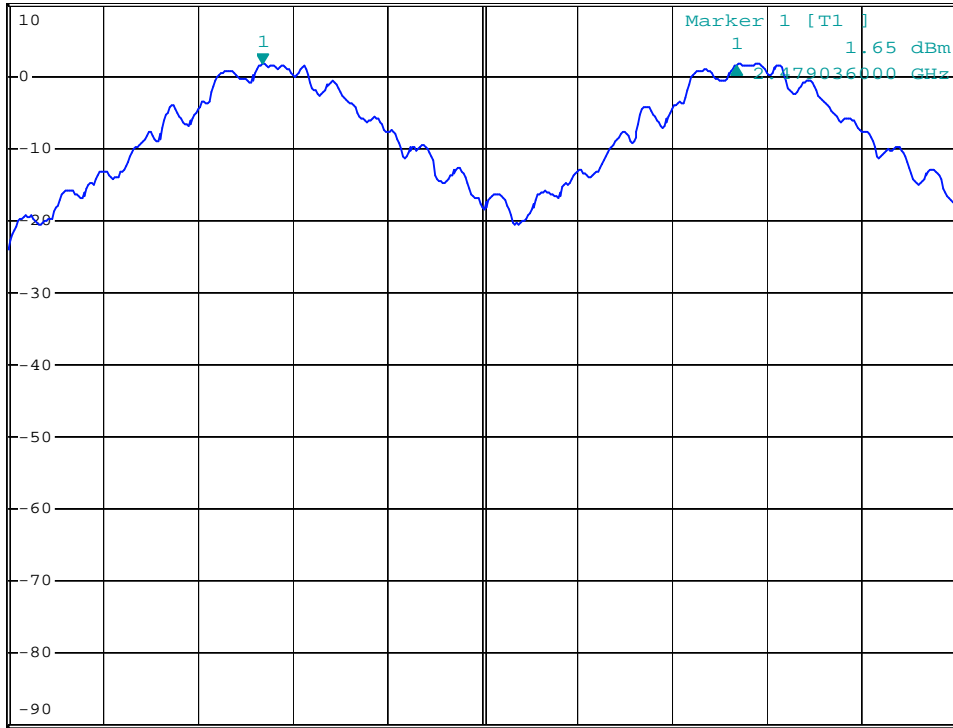


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -0.07 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.000000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH

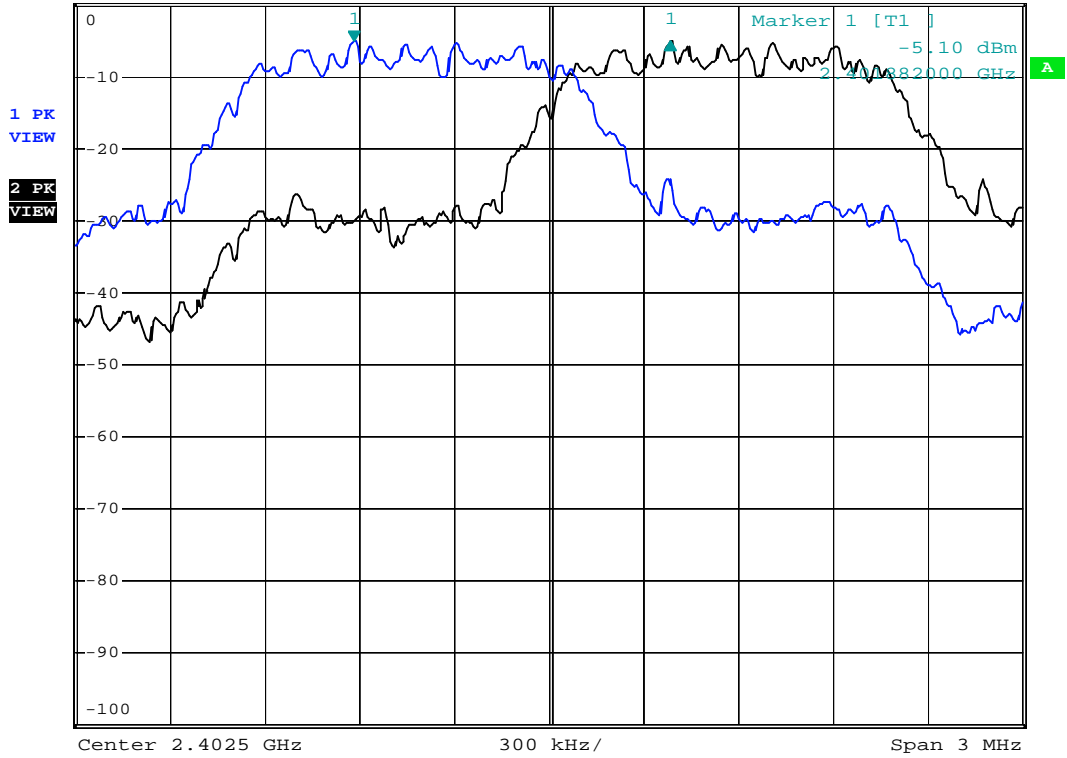


BT1
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Channel Low



Ref 0 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T2] *VBW 1 MHz 0.03 dB SWT 5 ms 1.002000000 MHz



Channel Middle



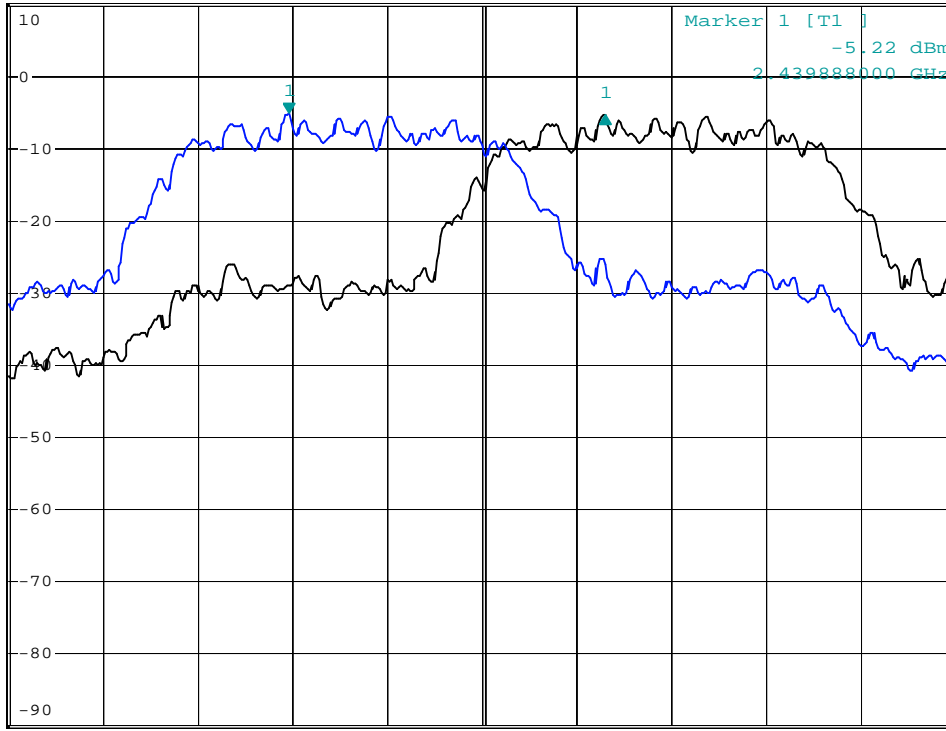
*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T2]
VEW 100 kHz -0.16 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.002000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

*Att 20 dB

1 PK
VIEW

2 PK
VIEW



Channel High



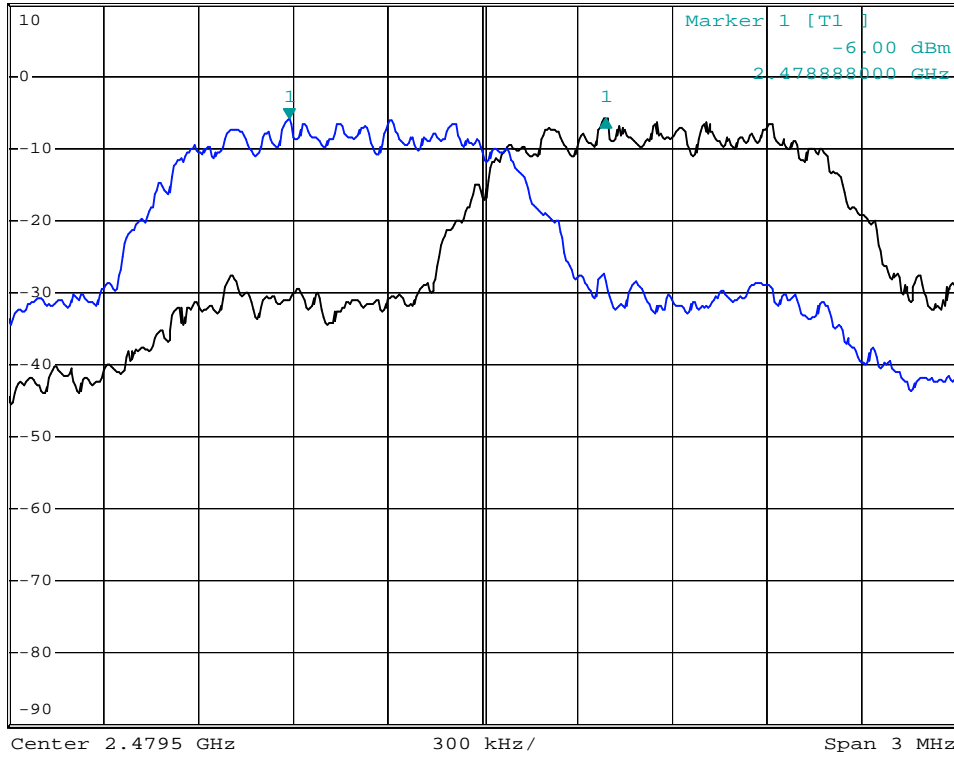
*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T2]
VBW 100 kHz 0.15 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.002000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

*Att 20 dB

1 PK
VIEW

2 PK
VIEW



BT2
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Channel Low

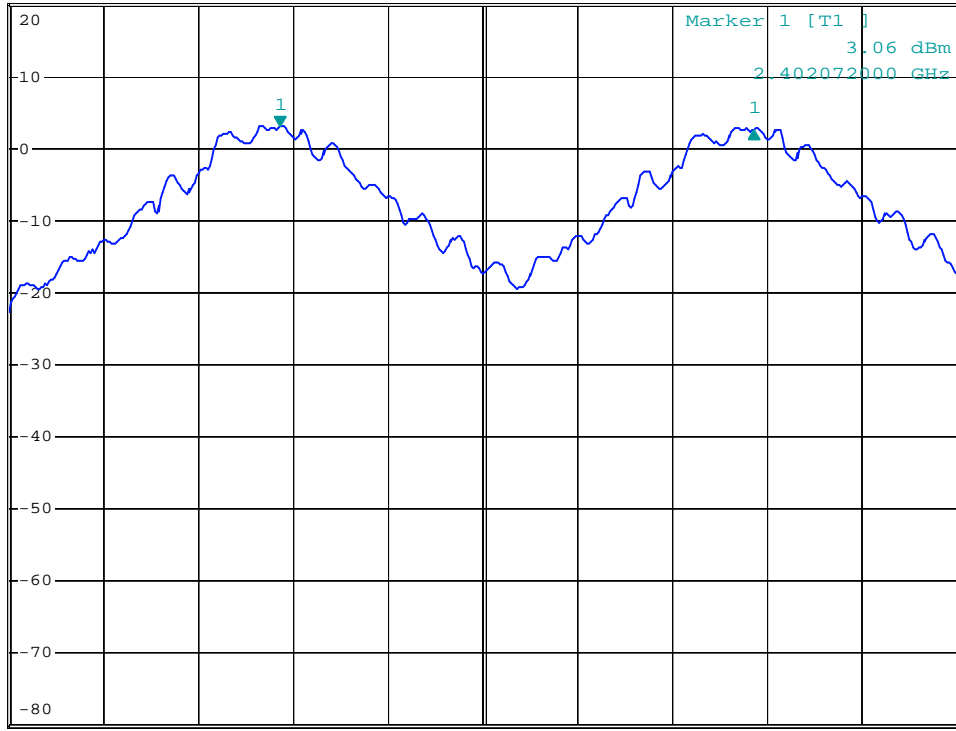


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -0.39 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.000000000 MHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.4025 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel Middle

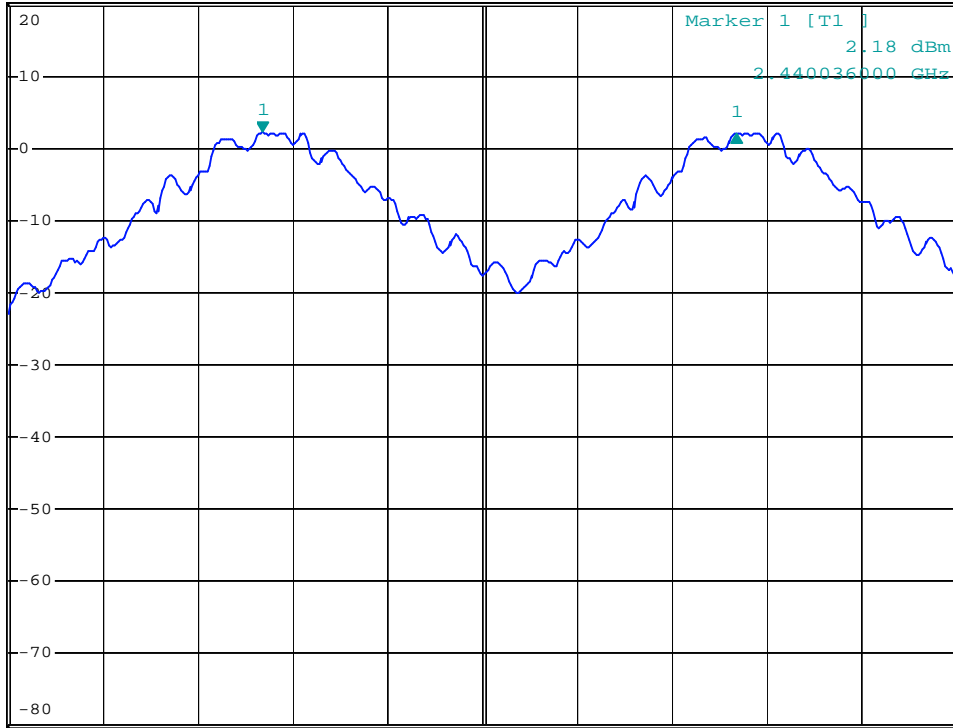


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -0.08 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.000000000 MHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Channel High

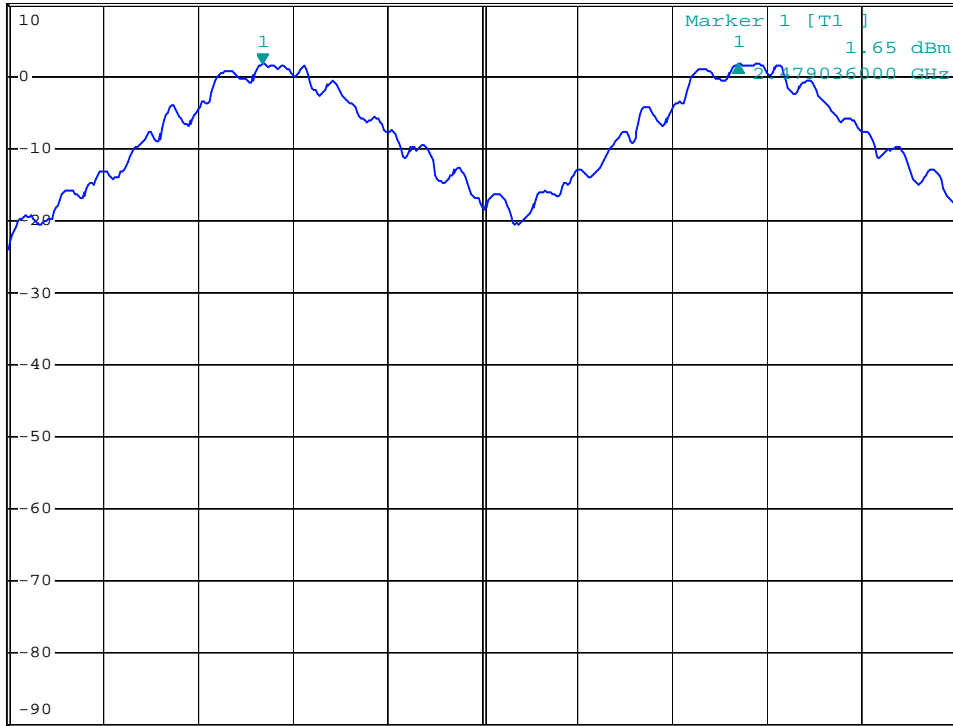


*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz 0.03 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 1.004000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



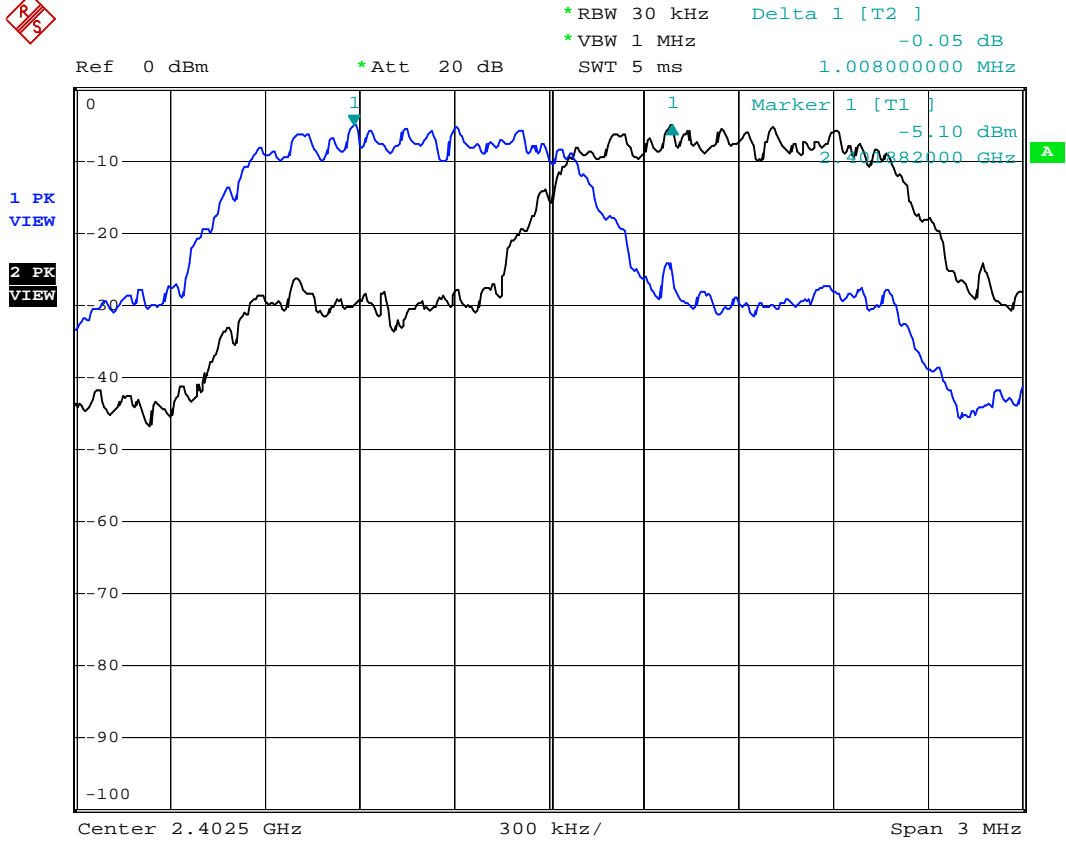
Center 2.4795 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

BT2
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Channel Low



Channel Middle



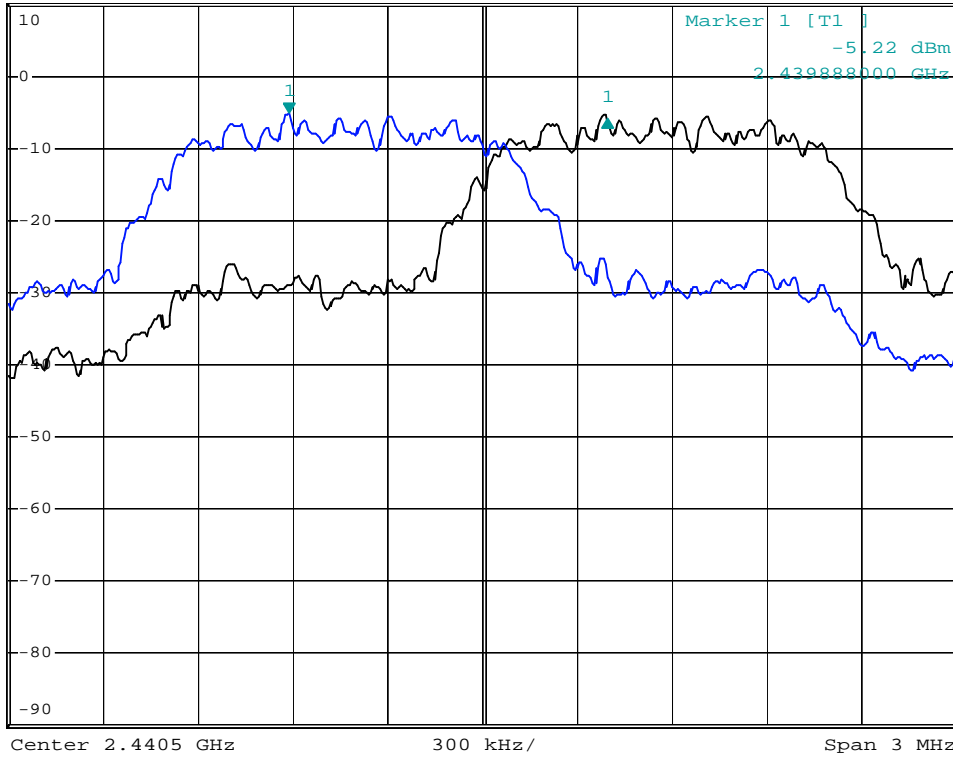
*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T2]
VBW 100 kHz -0.57 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.008000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

*Att 20 dB

1 PK
VIEW

2 PK
VIEW



Channel High



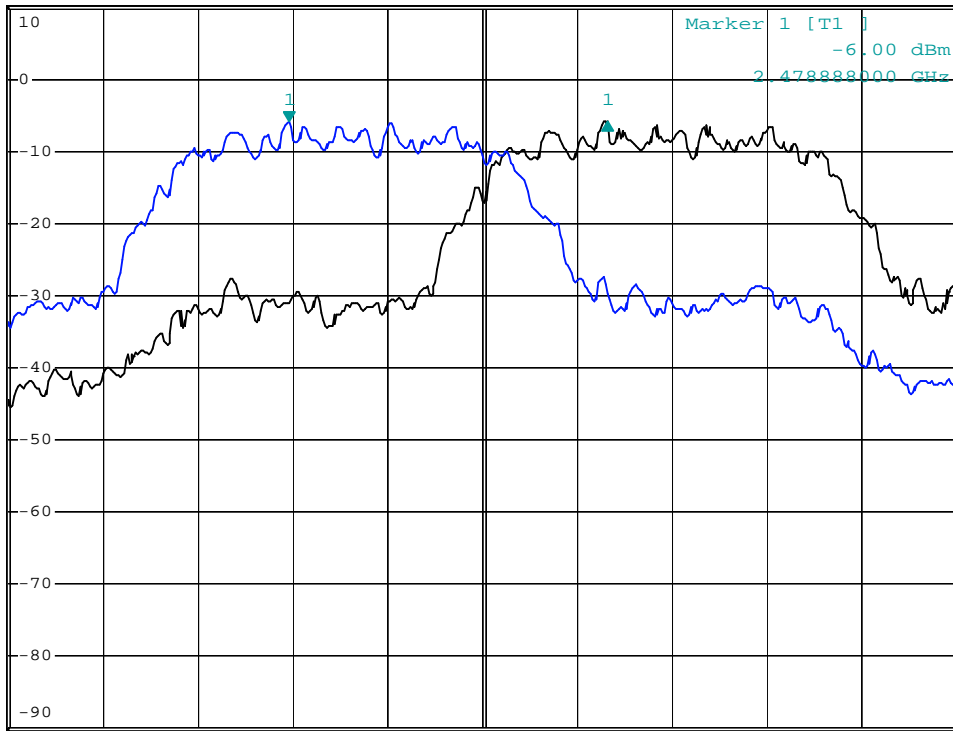
*RBW 30 kHz Delta 1 [T2]
VBW 100 kHz 0.01 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.008000000 MHz

Ref 10 dBm

*Att 20 dB

1 PK
VIEW

2 PK
VIEW



8 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

8.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. The EUT must have its hopping function enabled.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = the frequency band of operation
 - RBW \geq 1% of the span
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

8.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

8.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

(1) Bluetooth BR

There are 79 hopping frequencies used.

(2) Bluetooth EDR

There are 79 hopping frequencies used.

B. BT2

(1) Bluetooth BR

There are 79 hopping frequencies used.

(2) Bluetooth EDR

There are 79 hopping frequencies used.

Justification on AFH mode:

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) means that a device can hop over a reduced set of frequencies. The frequencies hopped may be reduced in AFH mode but at least 15 channels will be used, normally AFH mode has 20 channels.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: frequency $\times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ ($1 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 18 \text{ GHz}$).

BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

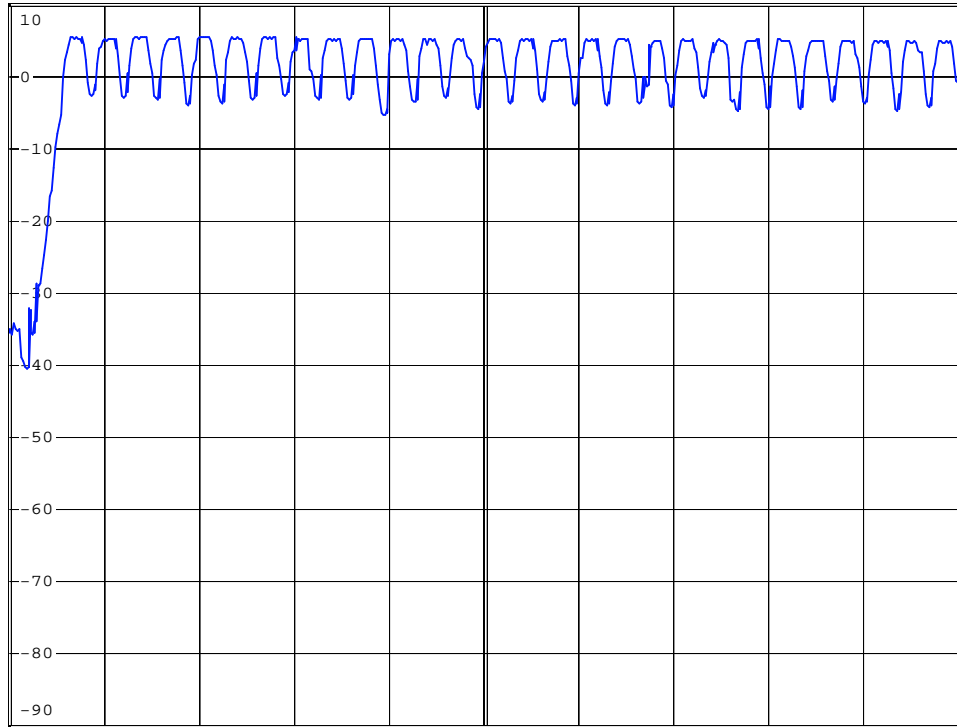


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



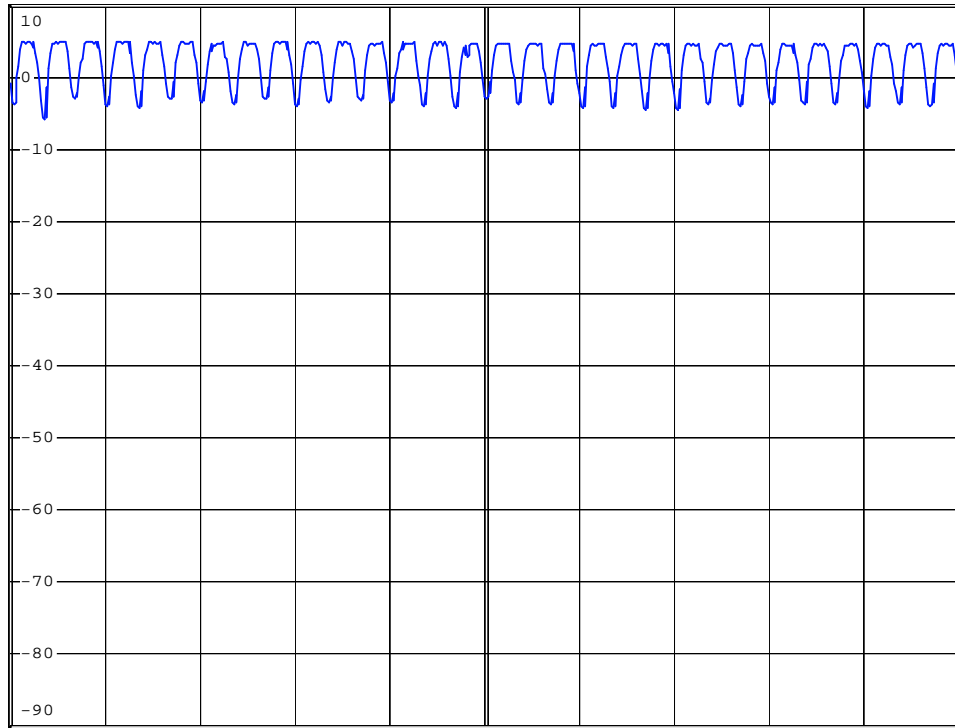


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4295 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4595 GHz

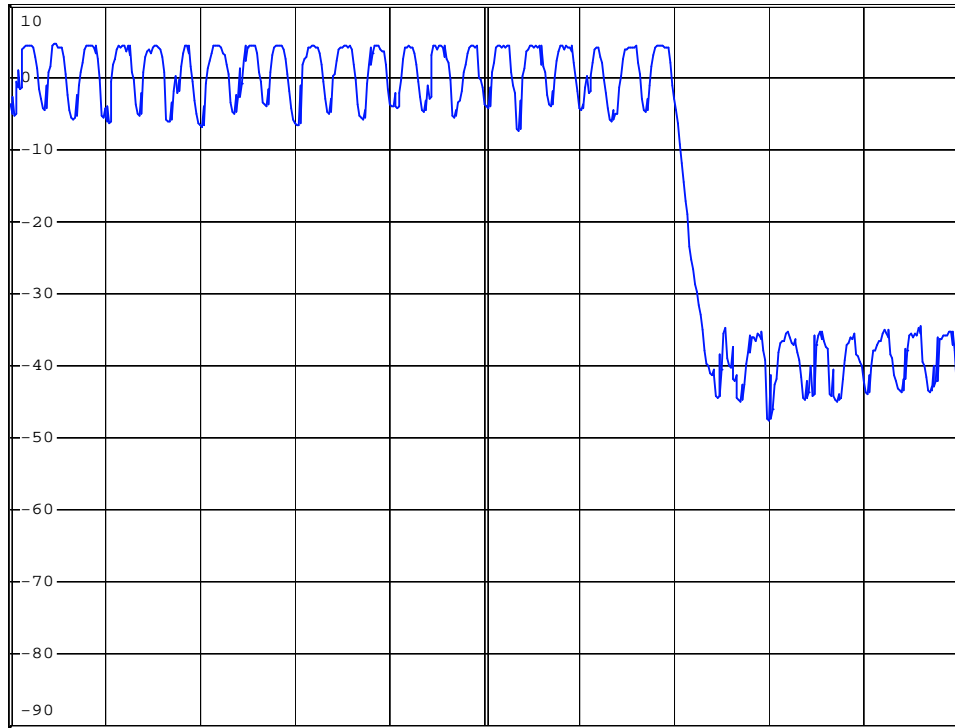


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4595 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4895 GHz

BT1

Mode: Bluetooth EDR



*RBW 300 kHz

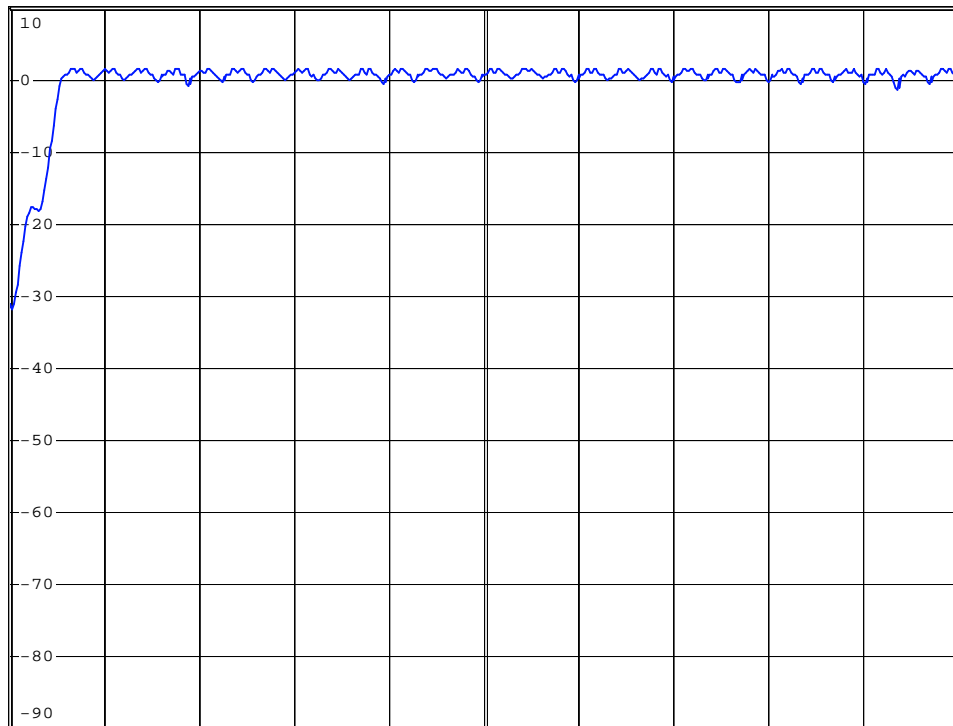
*VBW 1 MHz

SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4 GHz

2.95 MHz/

Stop 2.4295 GHz



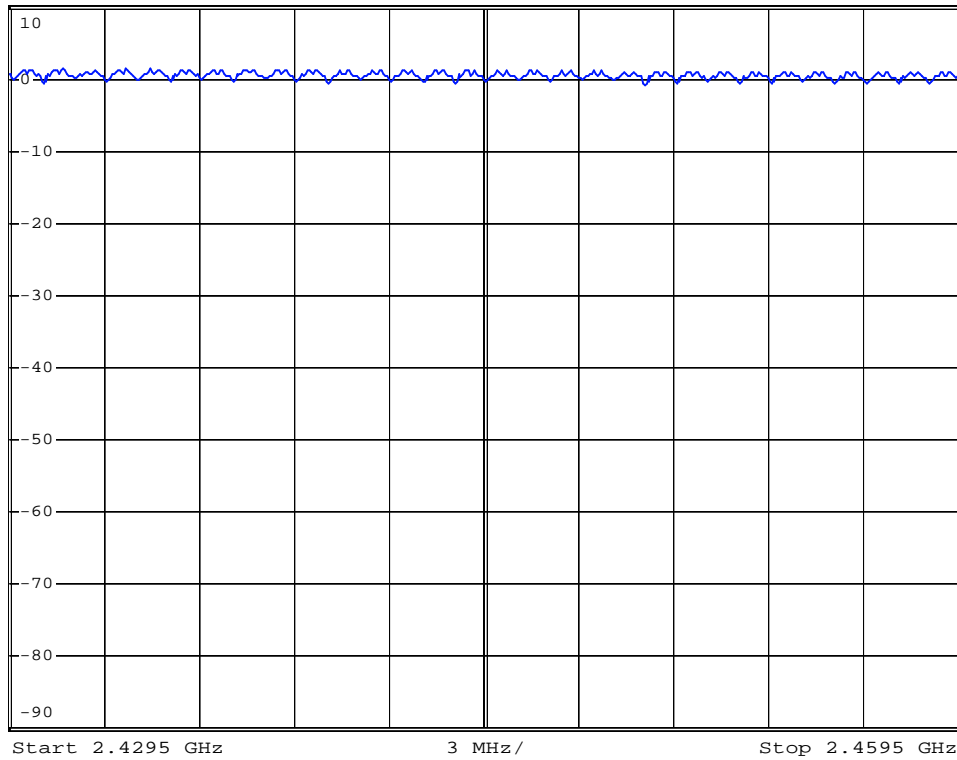
*RBW 300 kHz
*VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

SWT 2.5 ms

1 PK
MAXH





*RBW 300 kHz

*VBW 1 MHz

SWT 2.5 ms

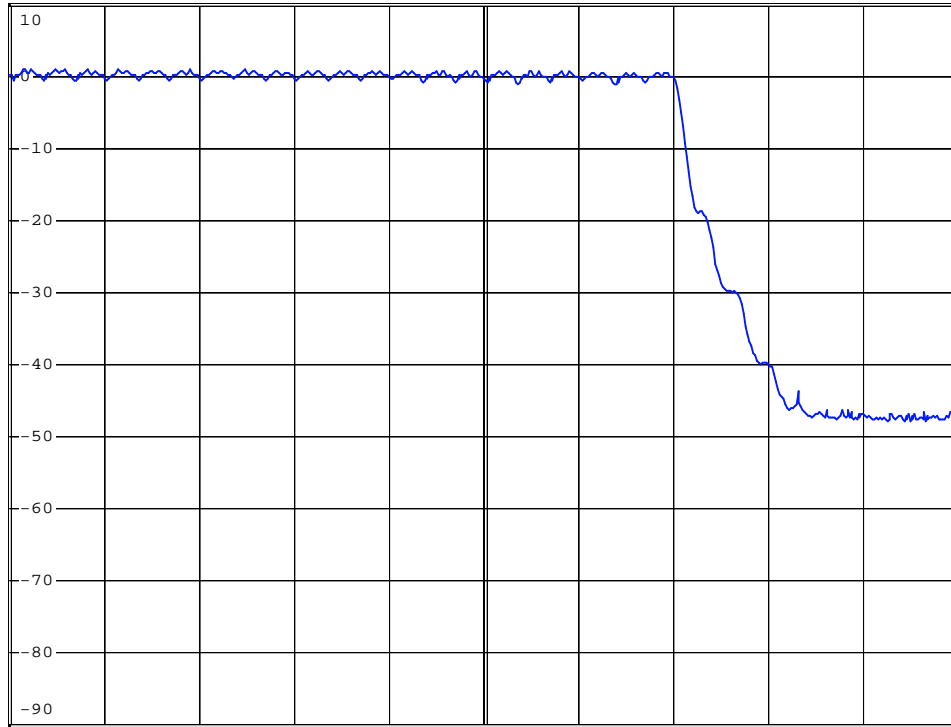
Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

SWT 2.5 ms

1 PK
MAXH

A



Start 2.4595 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4895 GHz

BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

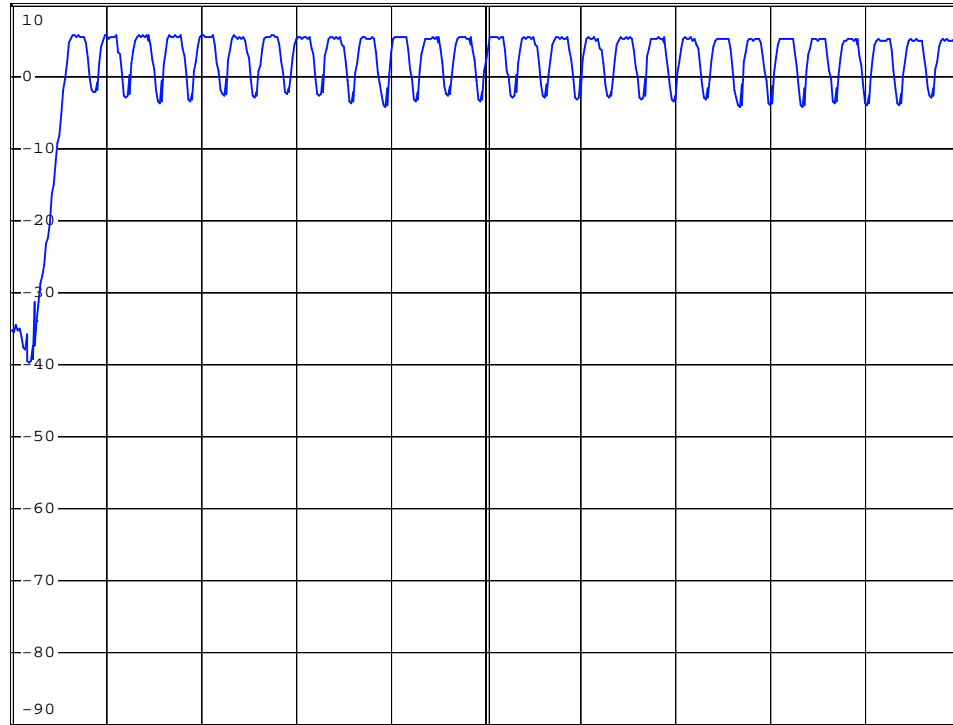


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Start 2.4 GHz

2.95 MHz/

Stop 2.4295 GHz

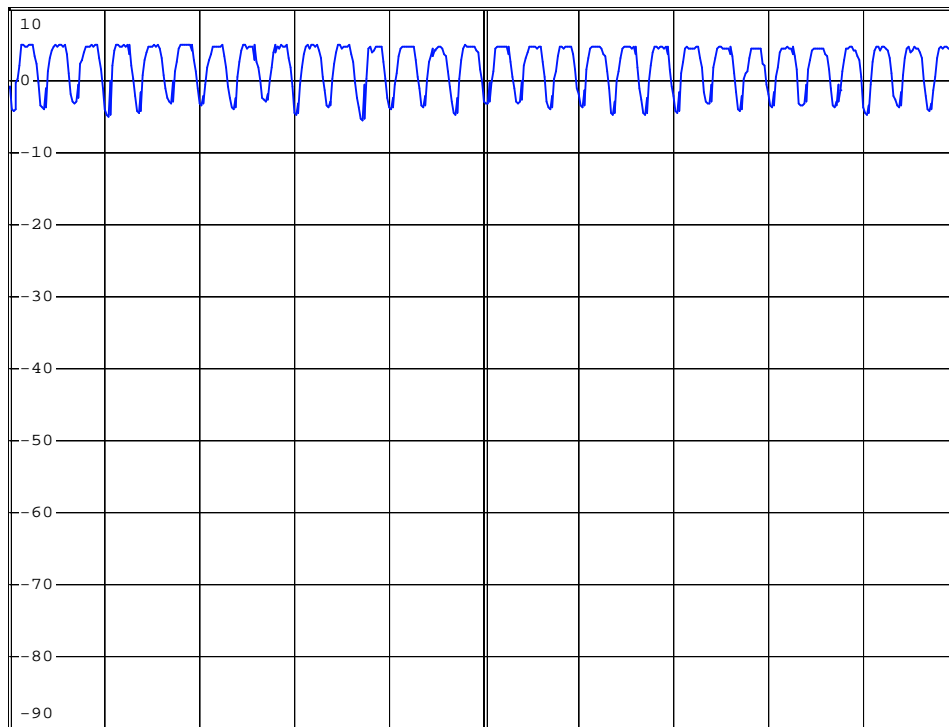


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4295 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4595 GHz

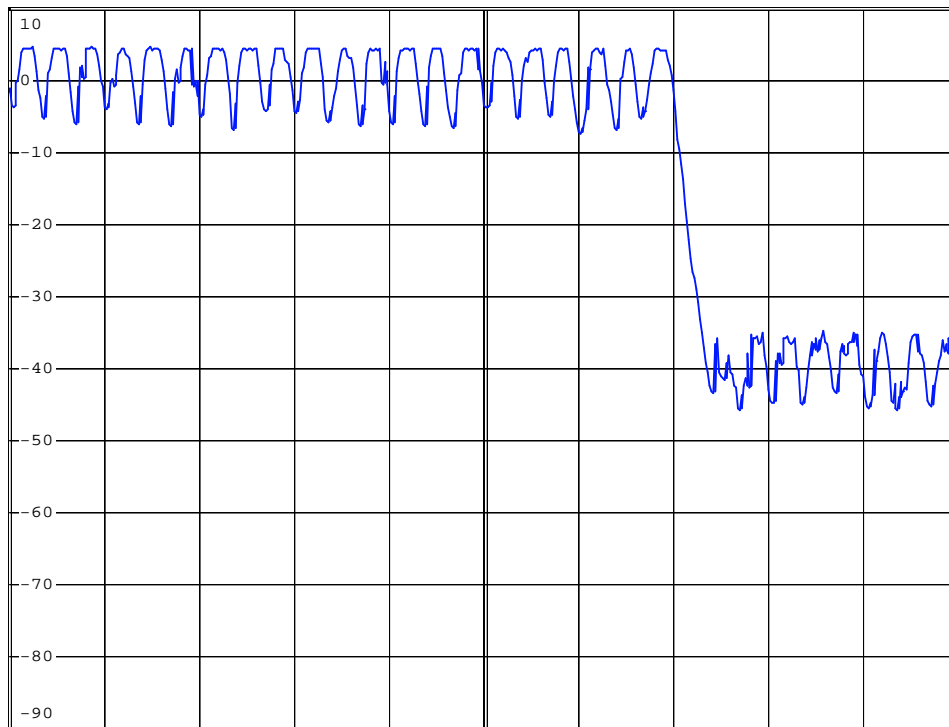


*RBW 300 kHz
VBW 1 MHz
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4595 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4895 GHz

BT2

Mode: Bluetooth EDR



*RBW 300 kHz

*VBW 1 MHz

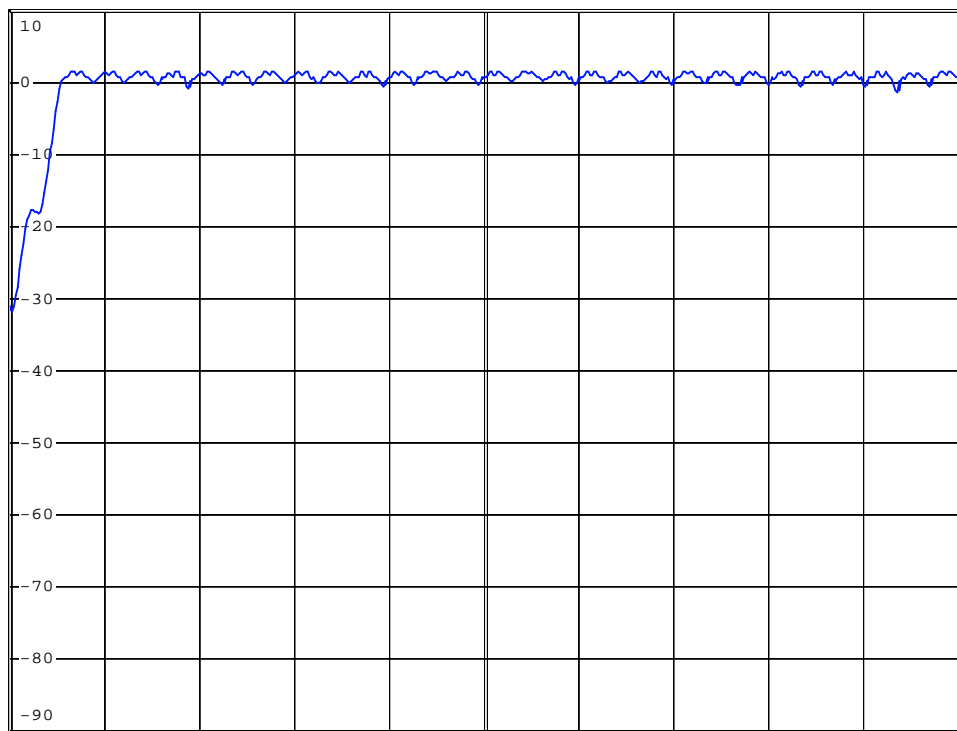
SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

SWT 2.5 ms

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4 GHz

2.95 MHz/

Stop 2.4295 GHz



*RBW 300 kHz

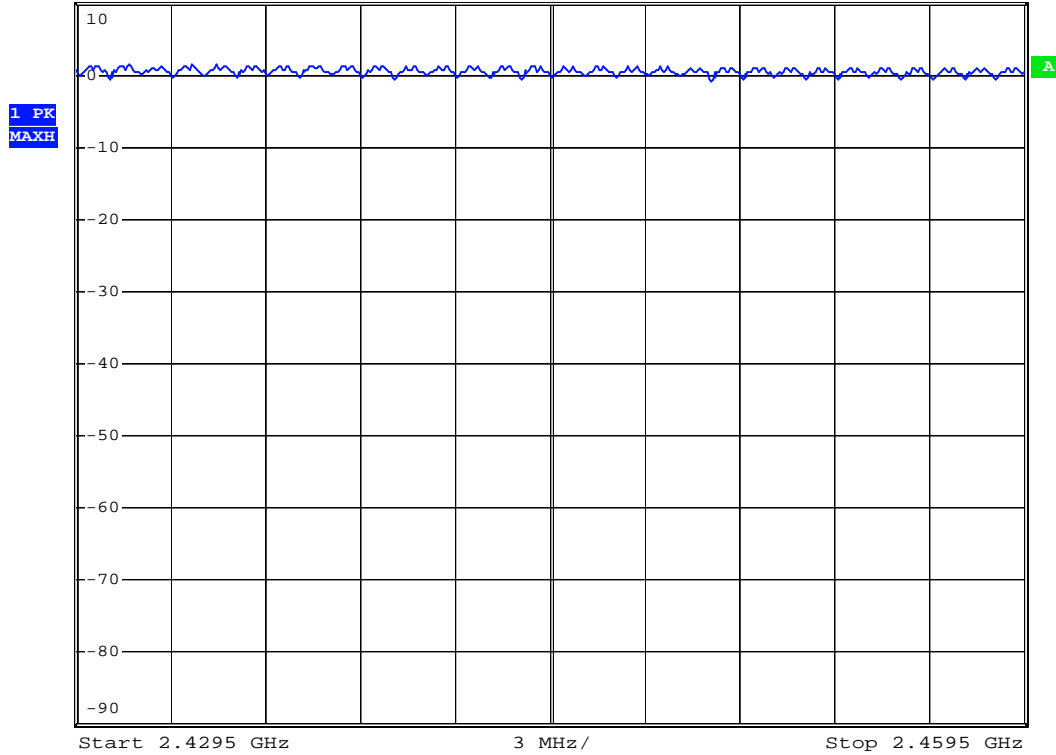
*VBW 1 MHz

SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

SWT 2.5 ms





* RBW 300 kHz

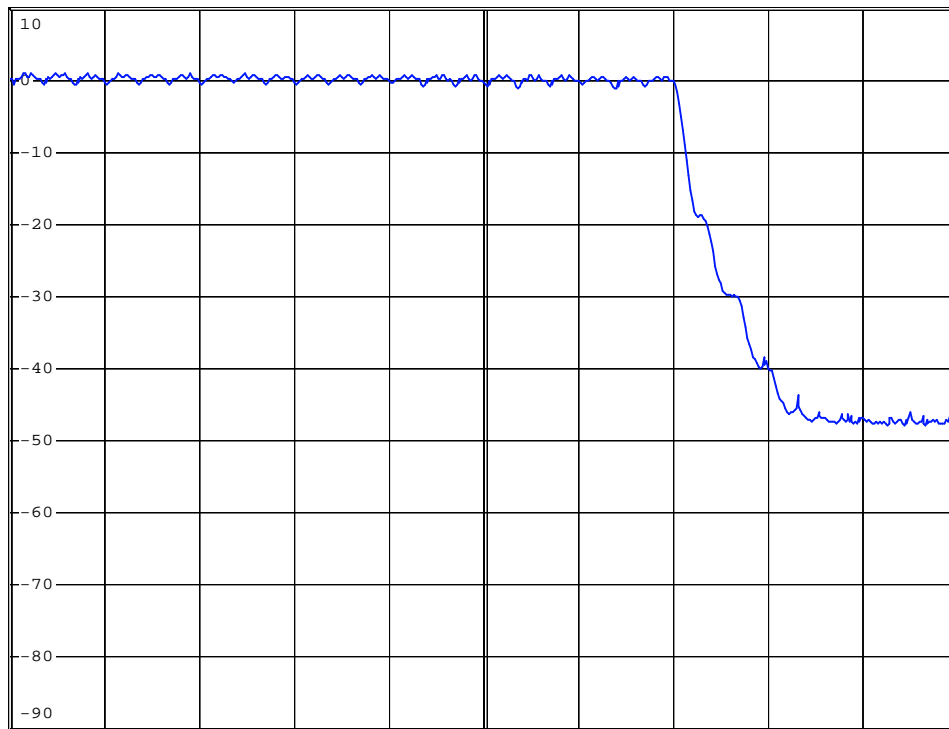
* VBW 1 MHz

SWT 2.5 ms

Ref 10 dBm

Att 40 dB

1 PK
MAXH



Start 2.4595 GHz

3 MHz/

Stop 2.4895 GHz

9 CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

9.1 Standard Applicable

For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band, there is no requirement for the maximum 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel. The measurement of the hopping channel bandwidth is for the reference of the hopping channel separation requirement.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
 - RBW \geq 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the marker-delta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

9.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

9.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 11, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Channel Low : Channel Bandwidth is 0.852 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Channel Bandwidth is 0.860 MHz
- c) Channel High : Channel Bandwidth is 0.860 MHz

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Channel Low : Channel Bandwidth is 1.296 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Channel Bandwidth is 1.304 MHz
- c) Channel High : Channel Bandwidth is 1.284 MHz

B. BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Channel Low : Channel Bandwidth is 0.844 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Channel Bandwidth is 0.860 MHz
- c) Channel High : Channel Bandwidth is 0.880 MHz

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Channel Low : Channel Bandwidth is 1.296 MHz
- b) Channel Middle : Channel Bandwidth is 1.304 MHz
- c) Channel High : Channel Bandwidth is 1.284 MHz

Note : The expanded uncertainty: $frequency \times 1.65 \times 10^{-6}$ ($1 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 18 \text{ GHz}$).

BT1

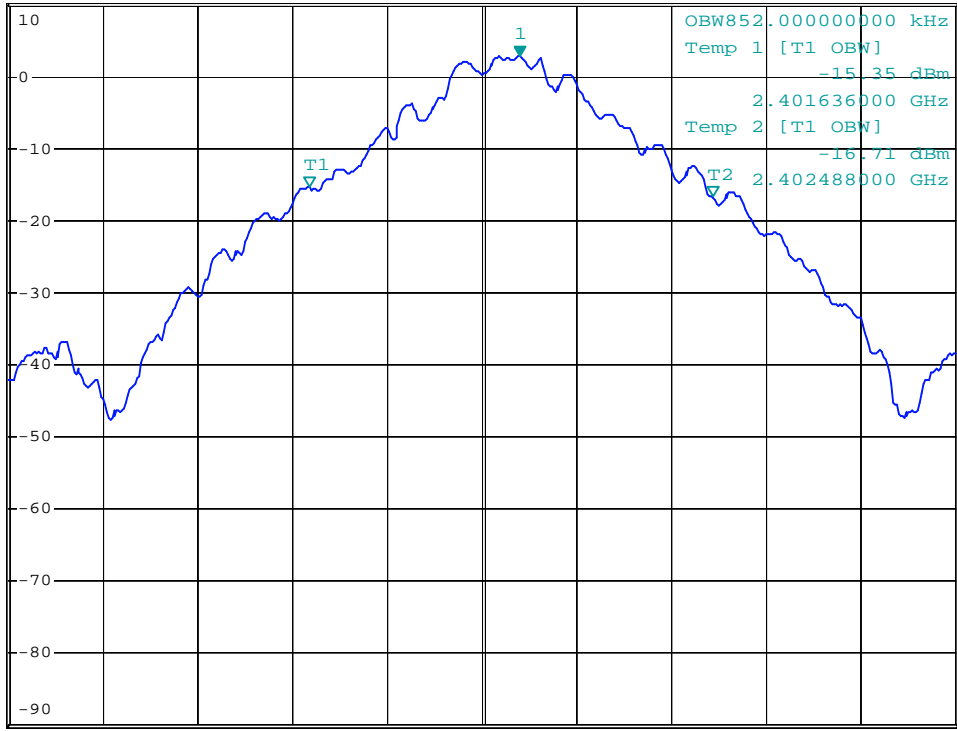
Mode:Bluetooth BR

Channel Low



Ref 10 dBm Att 30 dB *RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1] VBW 100 kHz 2.71 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.40208000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.402 GHz 200 kHz/ Span 2 MHz

Channel High

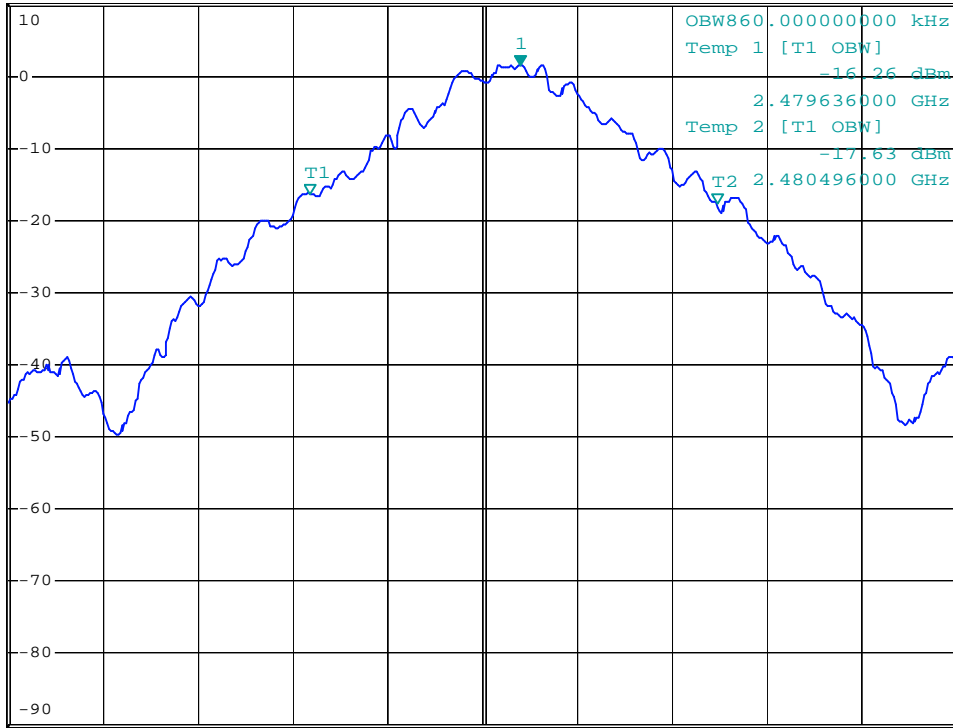


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz 1.52 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.480080000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.48 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel Middle

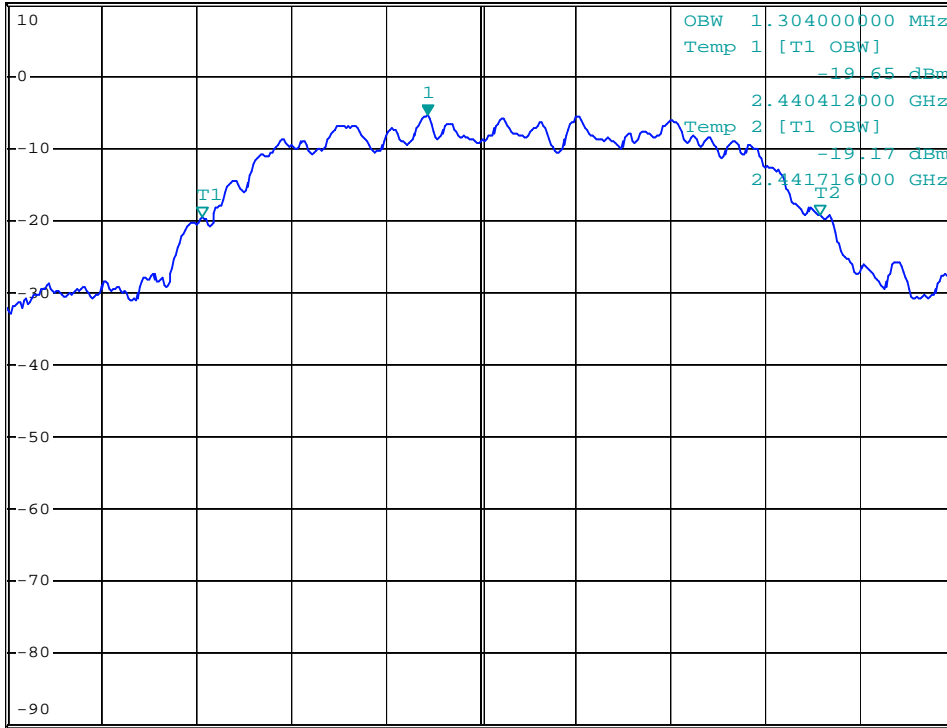


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -5.47 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.440888000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Channel High

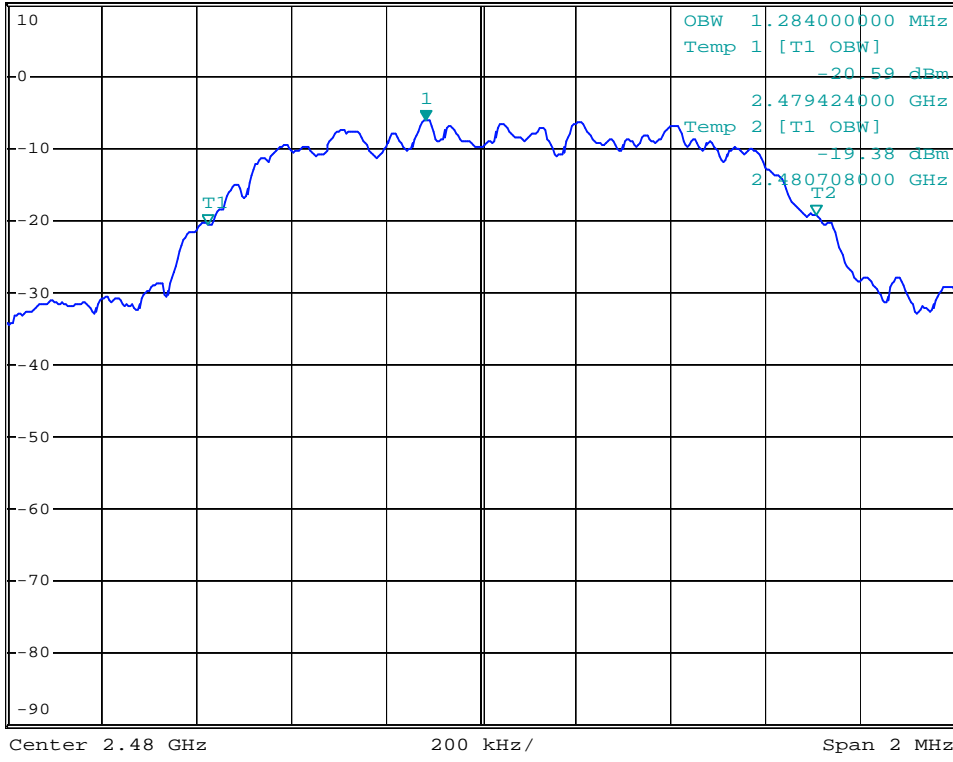


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -6.05 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.479884000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



BT2
Mode:Bluetooth BR

Channel Low

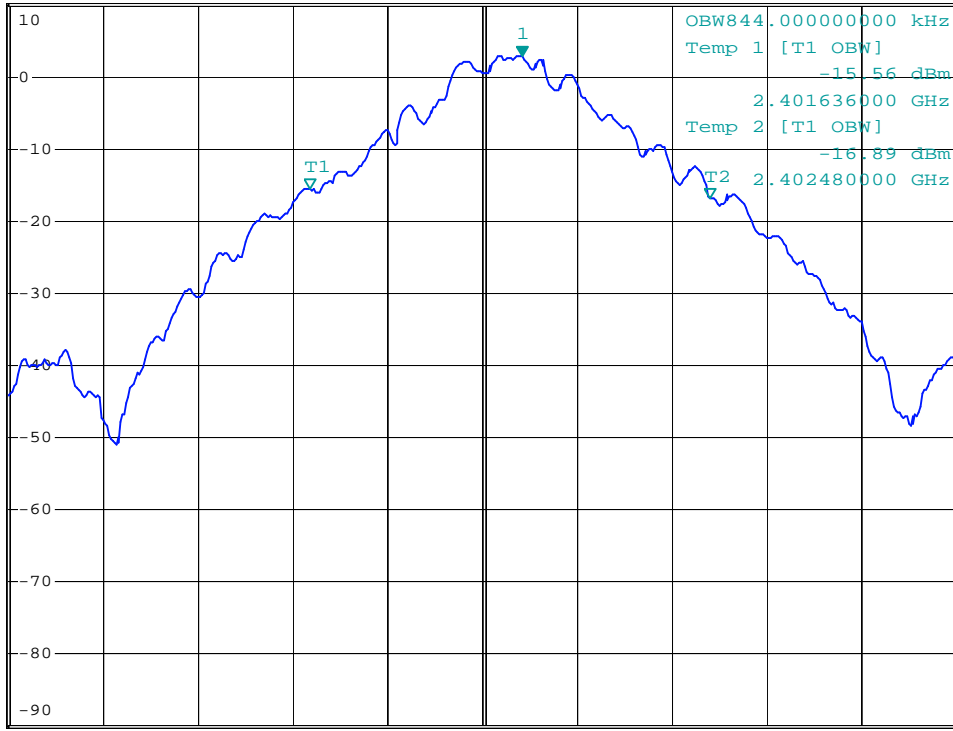


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz 2.75 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.402084000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.402 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel Middle

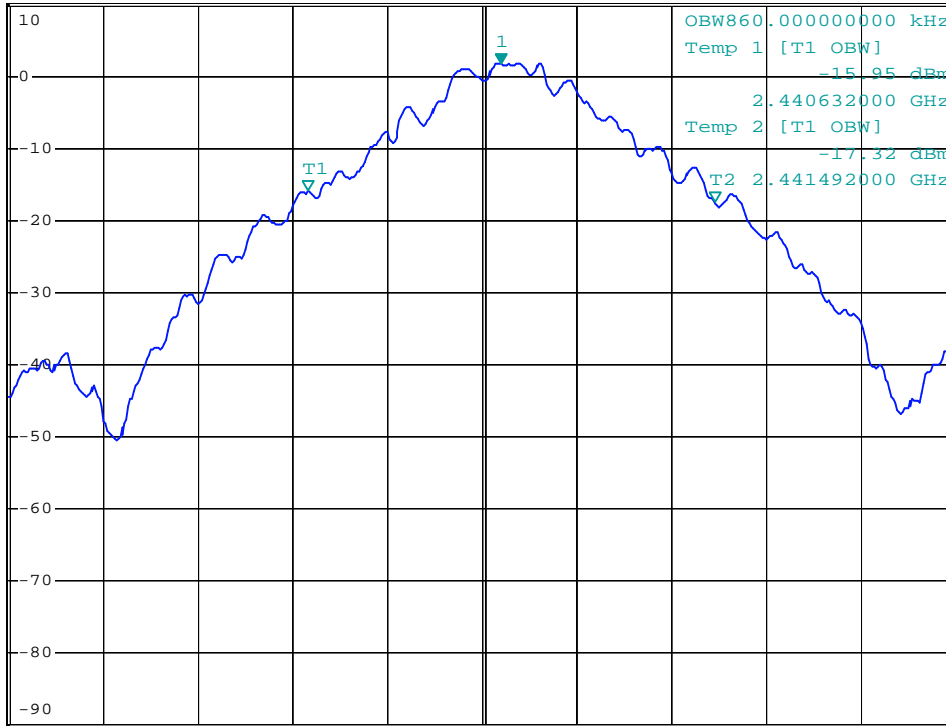


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz 1.78 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.441040000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.441 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel High

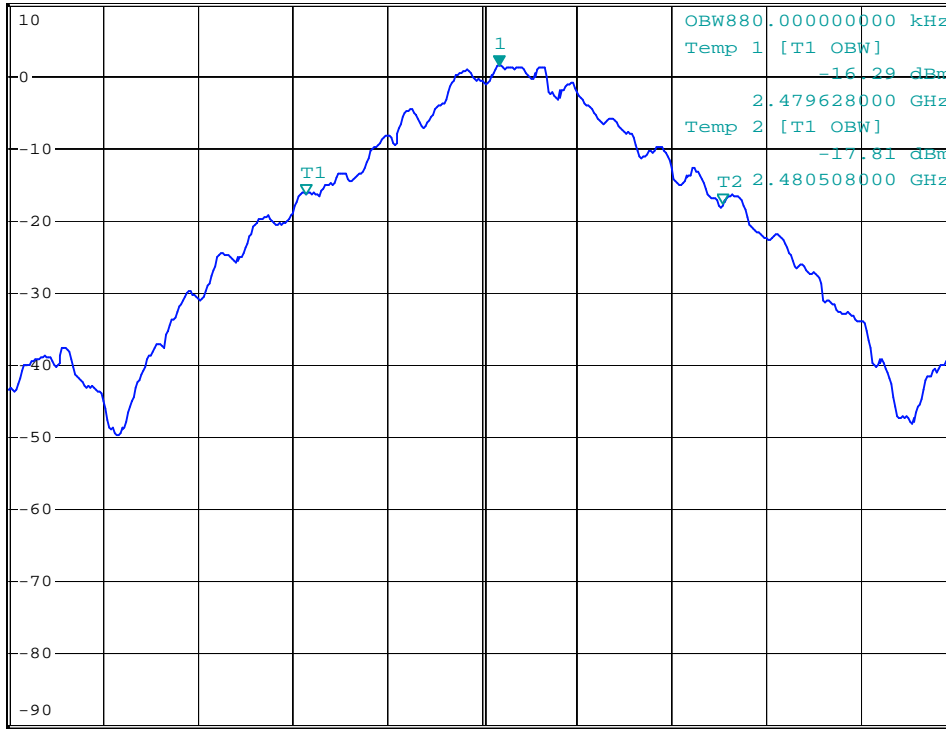


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz 1.50 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.480036000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Channel Middle

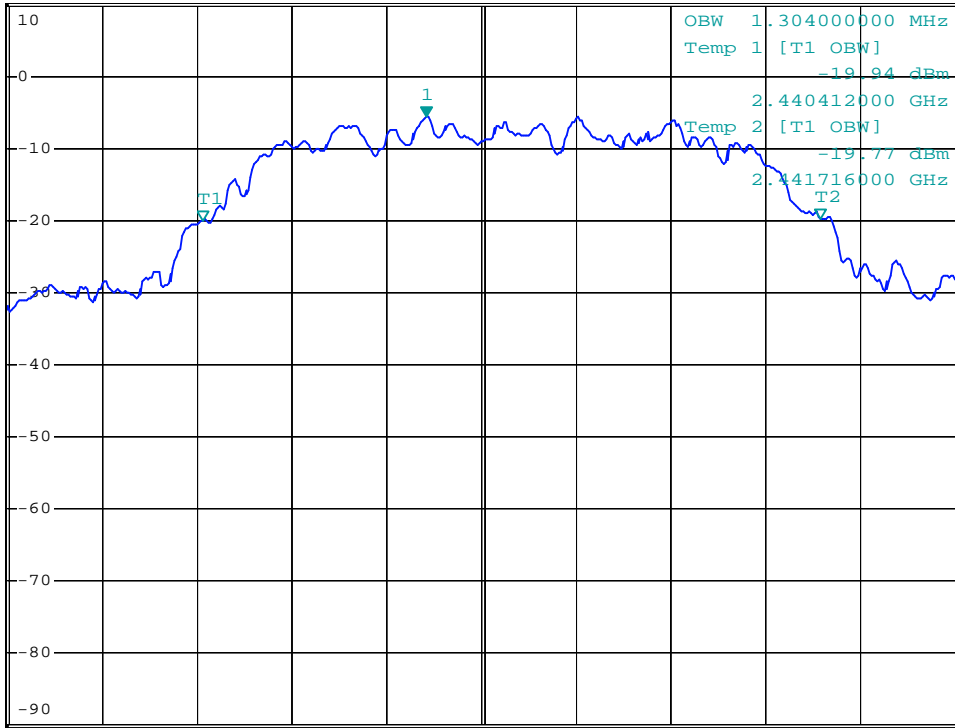


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -5.57 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.440884000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.441 GHz

200 kHz/

Span 2 MHz

Channel High

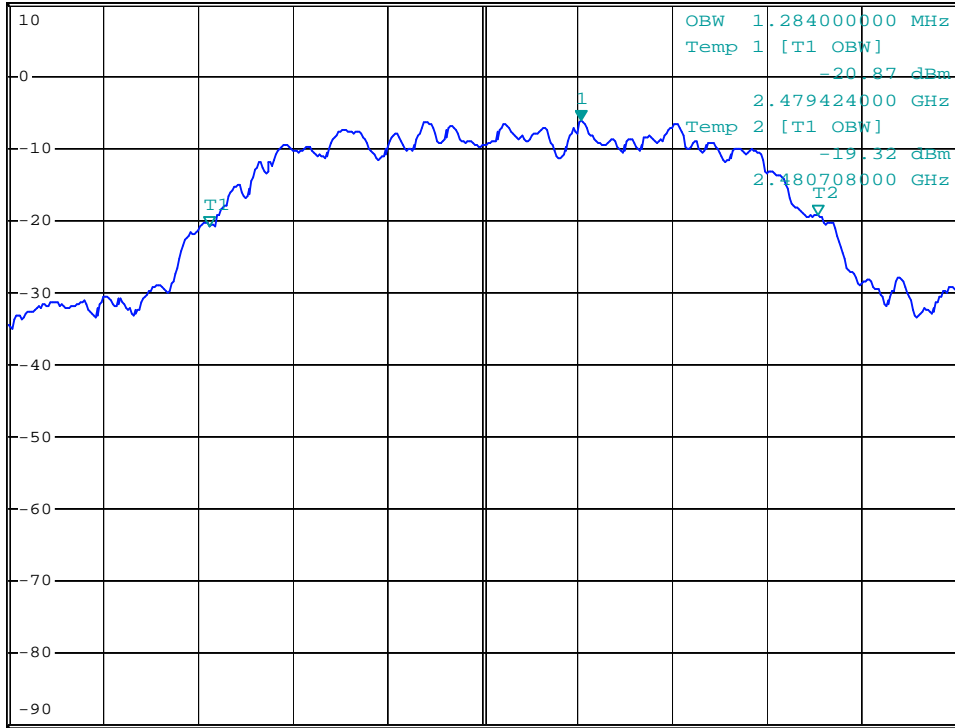


*RBW 30 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 100 kHz -6.22 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.480208000 GHz

Ref 10 dBm

Att 30 dB

1 PK
VIEW



10 DWELL TIME ON EACH CHANNEL

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), for frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5 band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. The EUT must have its hopping function enabled.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
 - RBW = 1 MHz
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Justification on AFH mode:

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) means that a device can hop over a reduced set of frequencies. The frequencies hopped may be reduced in AFH mode but at least 15 channels will be used, normally AFH mode has 20 channels.

10.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

10.4 Measurement Data

(1) BT1

Test Mode: Bluetooth BR

Test Date : Sep .05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

$$\text{Period} = 0.4(\text{seconds}) \times 79(\text{channels}) = 31.6 \text{ seconds}$$

A. DH1 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH1 data rate operates on a one-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(1+1) = 800$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.1$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 140.844ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

B. DH3 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH3 data rate operates on a three-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(3+1) = 400$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $5.06 \times 31.6 = 159.9$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 271.830ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

C. DH5 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH5 data rate operates on a five-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(5+1) = 266.7$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $3.38 \times 31.6 = 106.81$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 320.430ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

Note : The expanded uncertainty of dwell time on each channel tests is 2dB.

Test Mode:Bluetooth EDR

Test Date : Sep .05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

$$\text{Period} = 0.4(\text{seconds}) \times 79(\text{channels}) = 31.6 \text{ seconds}$$

A. DH1 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH1 data rate operates on a one-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(1+1) = 800$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.1$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 140.844ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

B. DH3 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH3 data rate operates on a three-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(3+1) = 400$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $5.06 \times 31.6 = 159.9$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 271.830ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

C. DH5 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH5 data rate operates on a five-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(5+1) = 266.7$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $3.38 \times 31.6 = 106.81$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 320.430ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

Note : The expanded uncertainty of dwell time on each channel tests is 2dB.

(2) BT2**Test Mode: Bluetooth BR**

Test Date : Sep .05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

$$\text{Period} = 0.4(\text{seconds}) \times 79(\text{channels}) = 31.6 \text{ seconds}$$

A. DH1 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH1 data rate operates on a one-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(1+1) = 800$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.1$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is $0.44 \text{ ms} \times 320.1 = 140.844 \text{ ms}$
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is $0.44 \text{ ms} \times 320.1 = 140.844 \text{ ms}$
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is $0.44 \text{ ms} \times 320.1 = 140.844 \text{ ms}$

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 140.844ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

B. DH3 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH3 data rate operates on a three-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(3+1) = 400$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $5.06 \times 31.6 = 159.9$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is $1.70 \text{ ms} \times 159.9 = 271.83 \text{ ms}$
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is $1.70 \text{ ms} \times 159.9 = 271.83 \text{ ms}$
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is $1.70 \text{ ms} \times 159.9 = 271.83 \text{ ms}$

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 271.830ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

C. DH5 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH5 data rate operates on a five-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(5+1) = 266.7$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $3.38 \times 31.6 = 106.81$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is $3.00 \text{ ms} \times 106.81 = 320.430 \text{ ms}$
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is $3.00 \text{ ms} \times 106.81 = 320.430 \text{ ms}$
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is $3.00 \text{ ms} \times 106.81 = 320.430 \text{ ms}$

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 320.430ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

Note : The expanded uncertainty of dwell time on each channel tests is 2dB.

Test Mode:Bluetooth EDR

Test Date : Sep .05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

$$\text{Period} = 0.4(\text{seconds}) \times 79(\text{channels}) = 31.6 \text{ seconds}$$

A. DH1 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH1 data rate operates on a one-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(1+1) = 800$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.1$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 0.44 ms x 320.1 = 140.844 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 140.844ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

B. DH3 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH3 data rate operates on a three-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(3+1) = 400$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $5.06 \times 31.6 = 159.9$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 1.70 ms x 159.9 = 271.83 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 271.830ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

C. DH5 Mode

The Bluetooth system hops at a rate of 1600 times per second. This means there are 1600 timeslots in one second. The DH5 data rate operates on a five-slot transmission and one-slot receiving basis. Thus there are $1600/(5+1) = 266.7$ transmissions per second. In one period for each particular channel there are $3.38 \times 31.6 = 106.81$ times of transmissions.

- a) Channel Low : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- b) Channel Middle : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms
- c) Channel High : the dwell time is 3.00 ms x 106.81 = 320.430 ms

The maximum time of occupancy for a particular channel is 320.430ms in any 31.6 second period, which is less than the 400 ms allowed by the rules; therefore, it meets the requirements of this section.

Note : The expanded uncertainty of dwell time on each channel tests is 2dB.

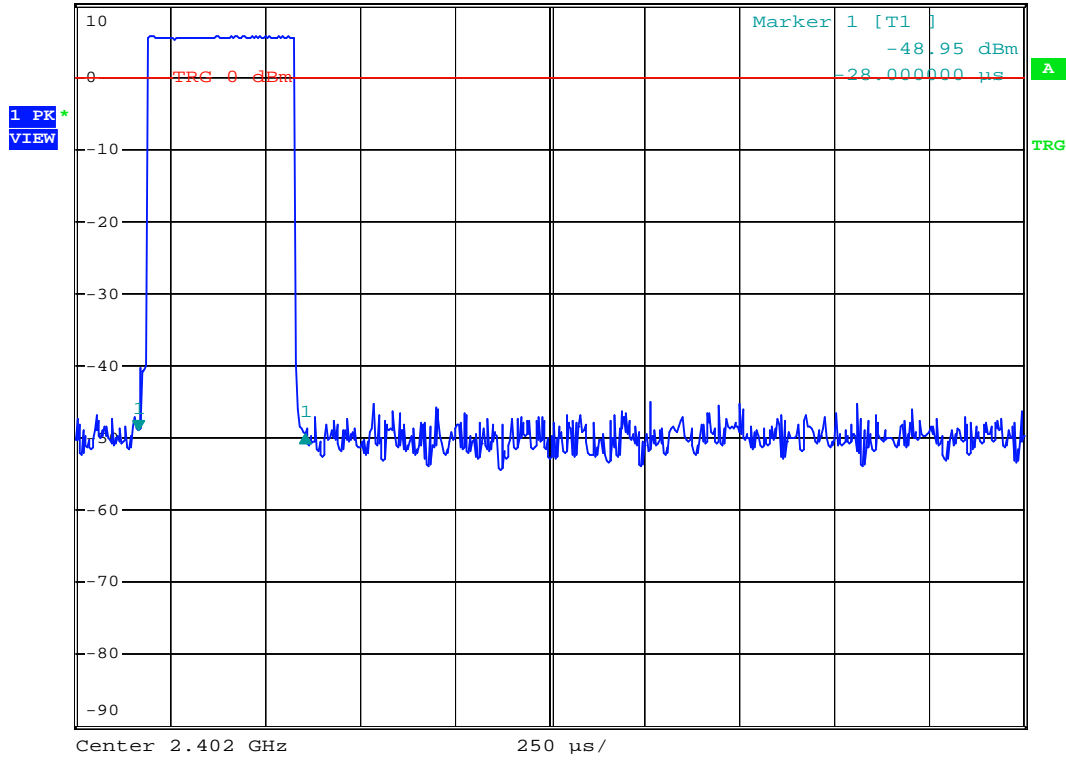
BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

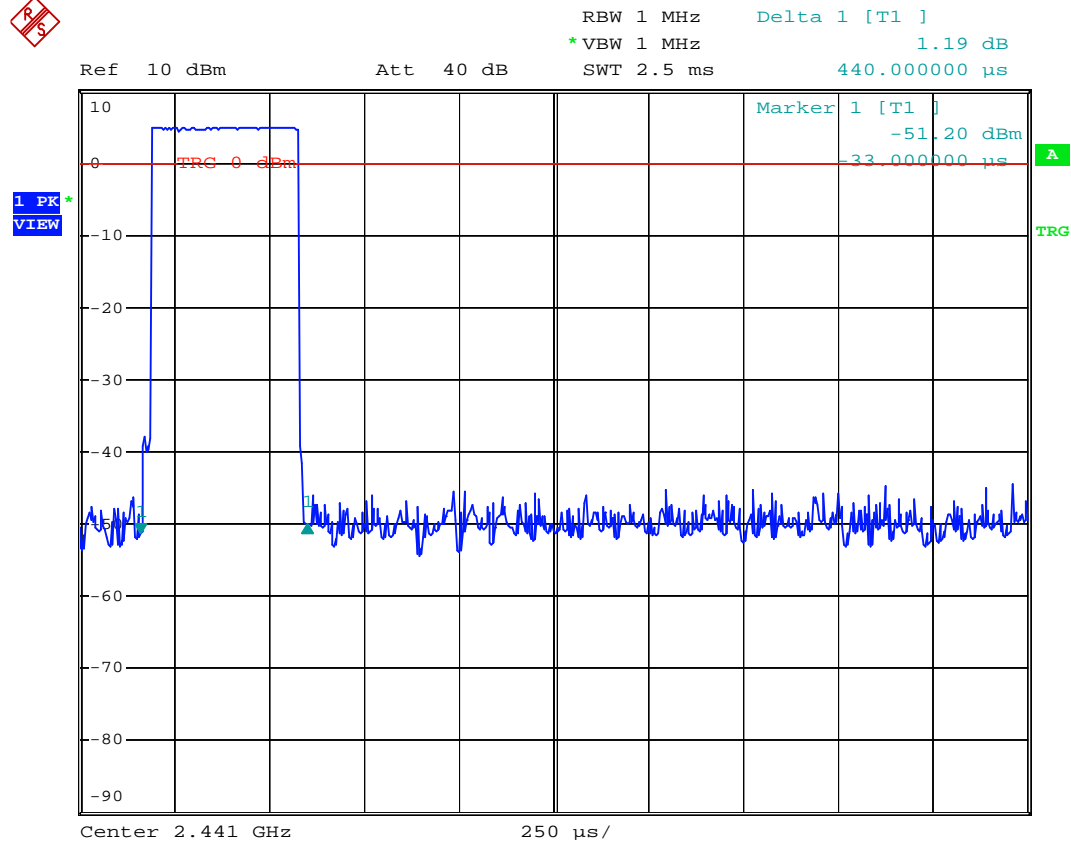
Channel Low; DHI



RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -0.57 dB
Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB SWT 2.5 ms 440.000000 μ s



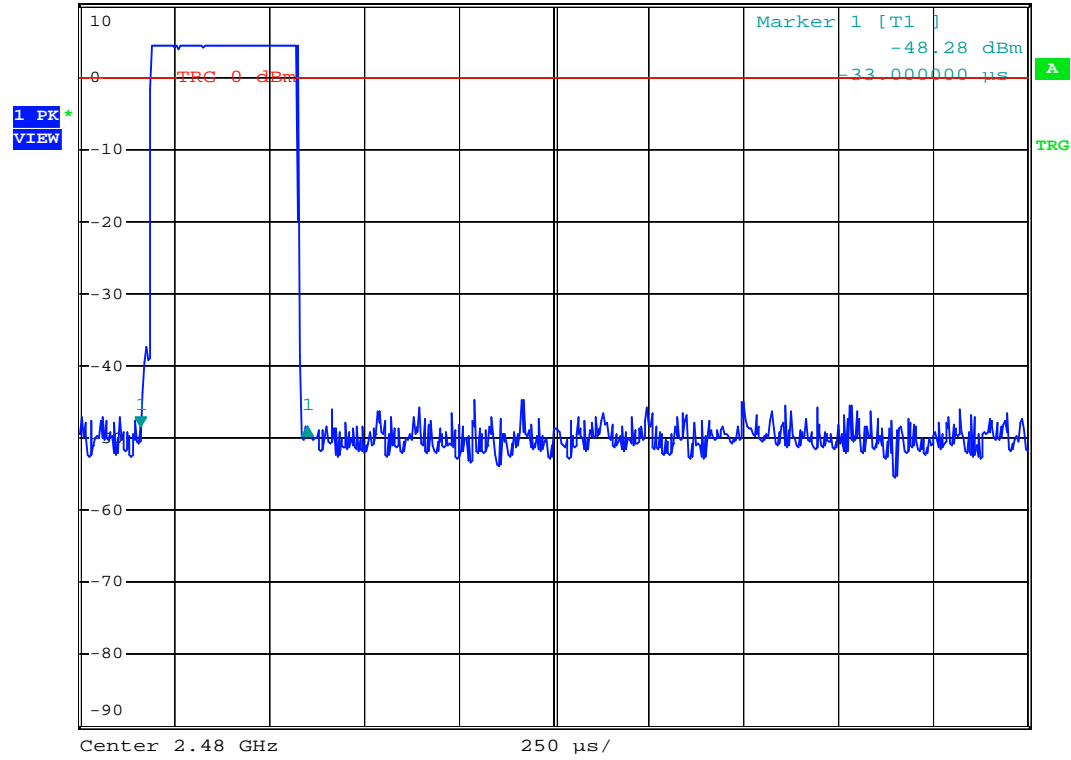
Channel Middle; DH1



Channel High; DH1



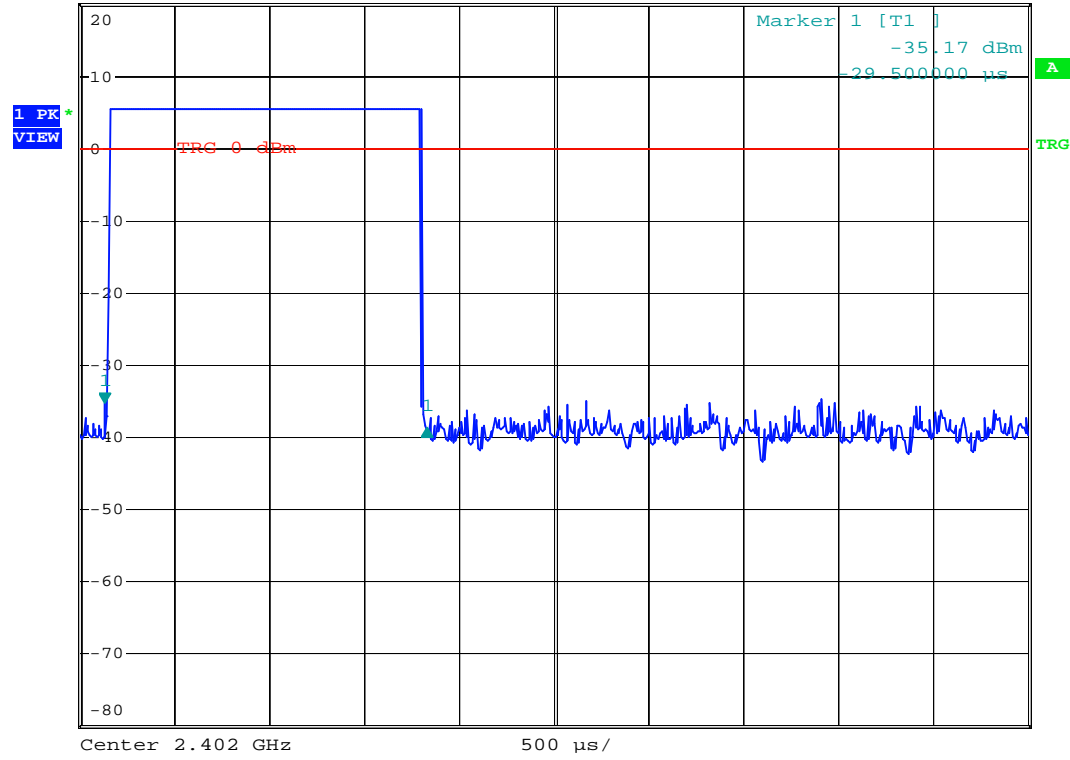
Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -0.24 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 440.000000 μs



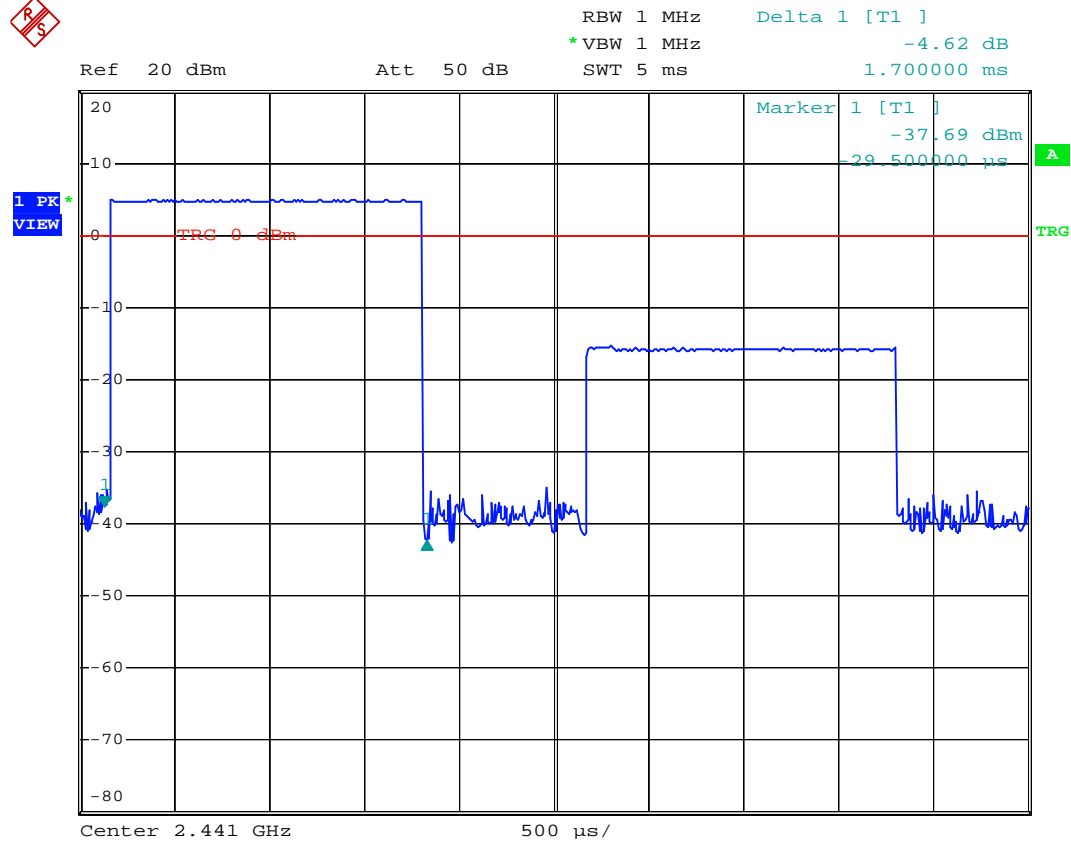
Channel Low; DH3



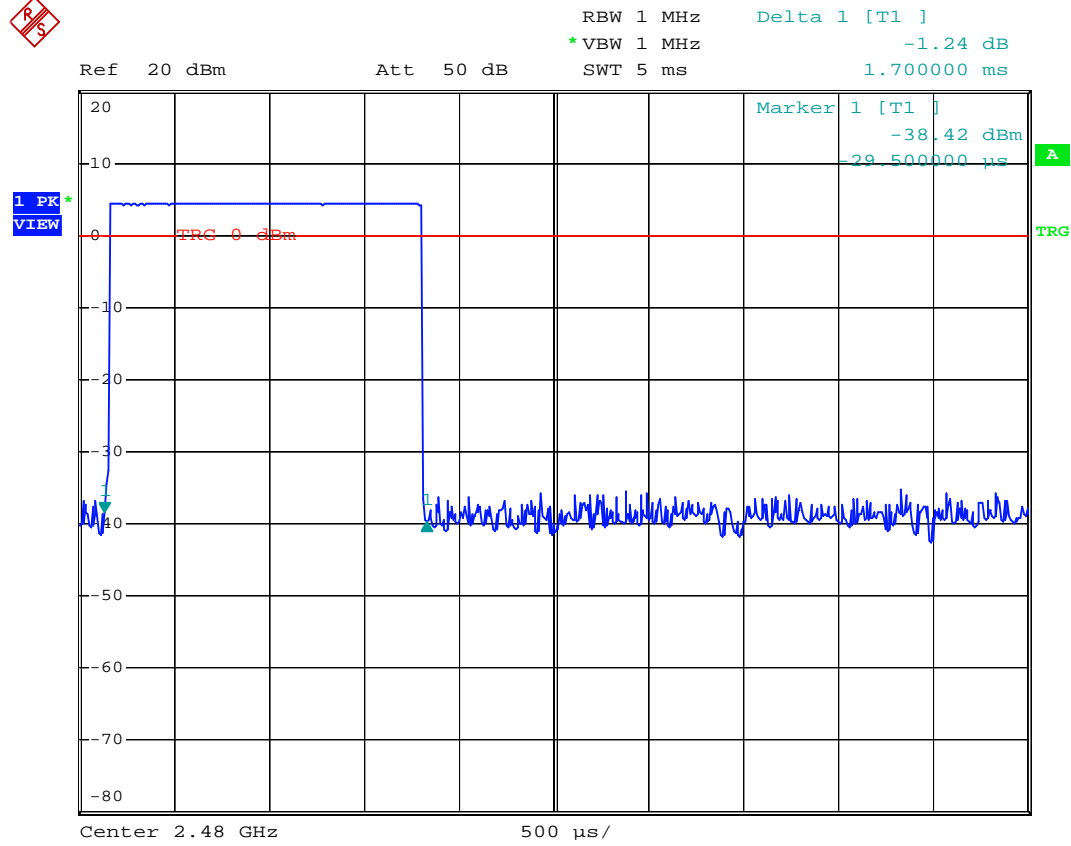
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -3.53 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.700000 ms



Channel Middle; DH3



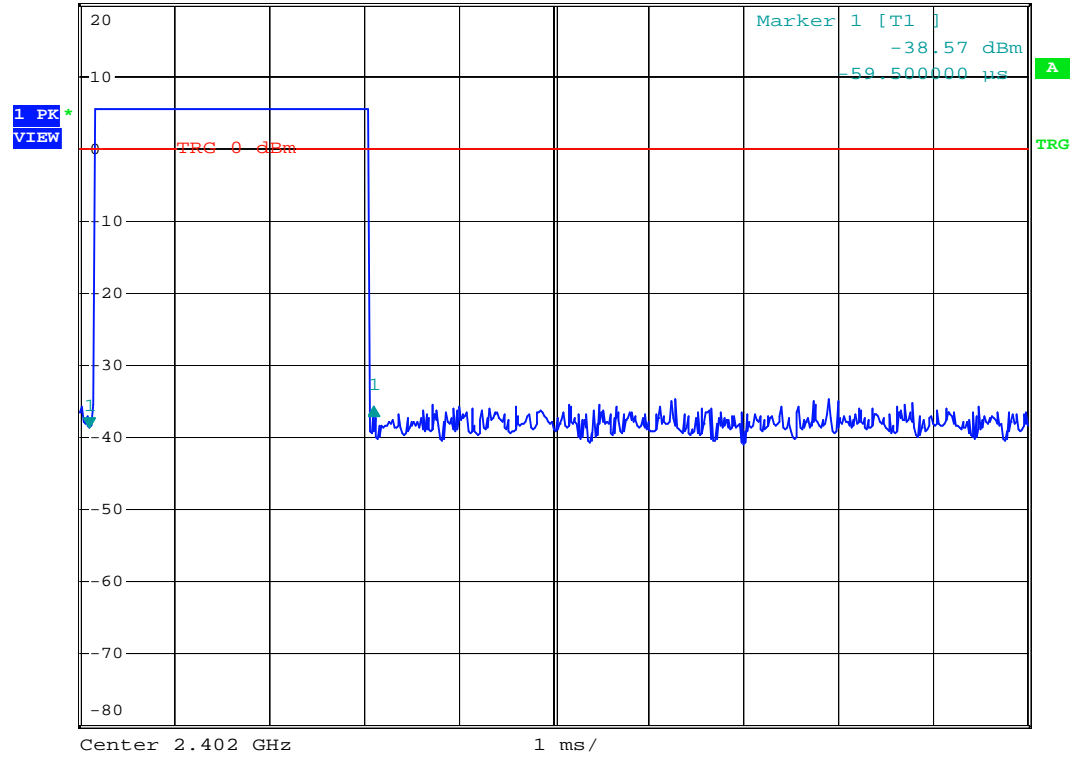
Channel High; DH3



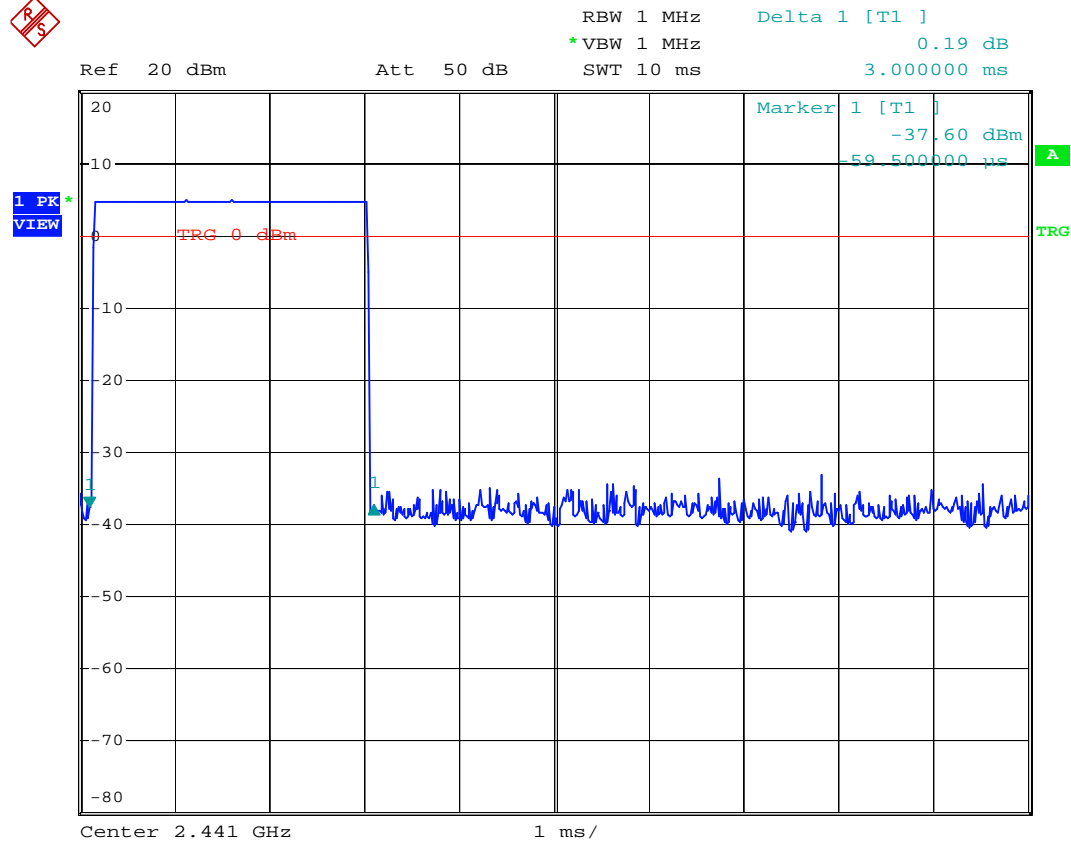
Channel Low; DH5



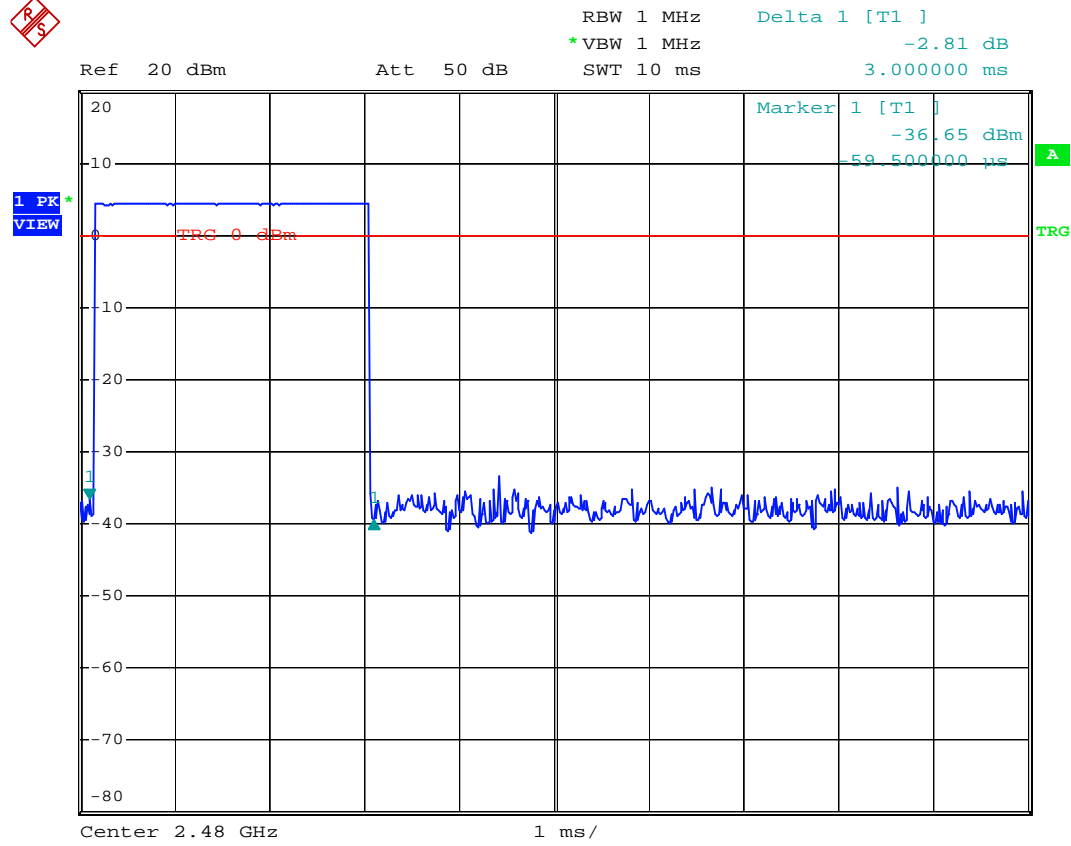
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz 2.80 dB
SWT 10 ms 3.000000 ms



Channel Middle; DH5



Channel High; DH5



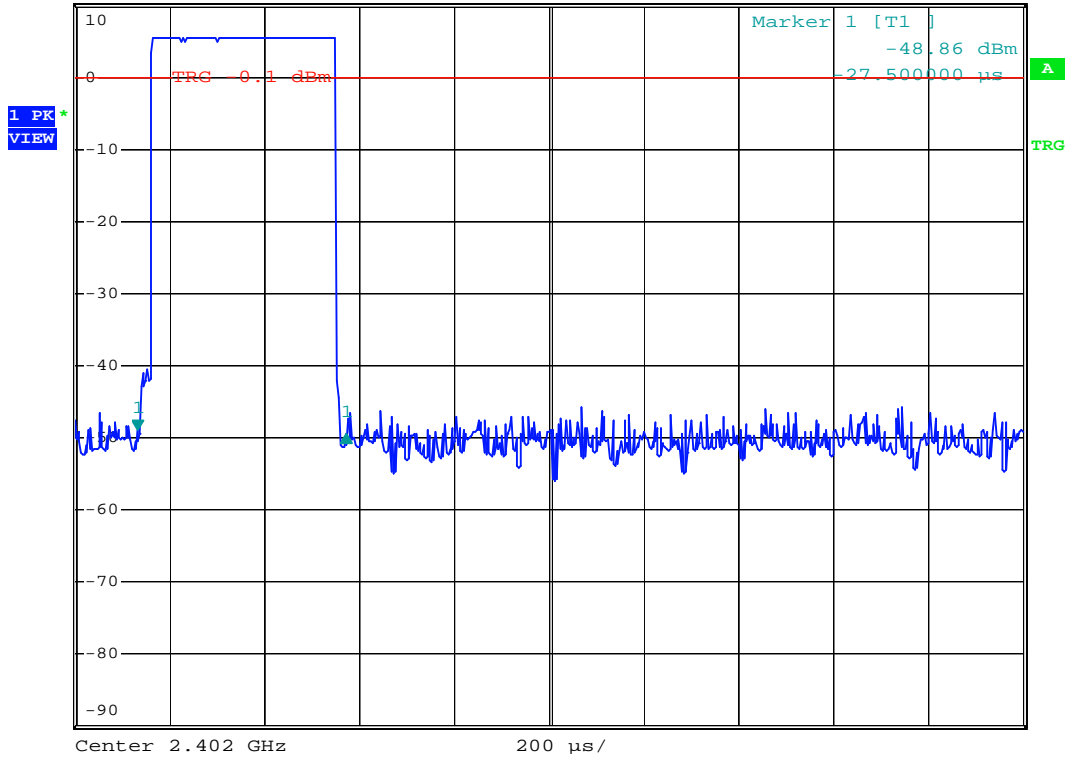
BT1

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

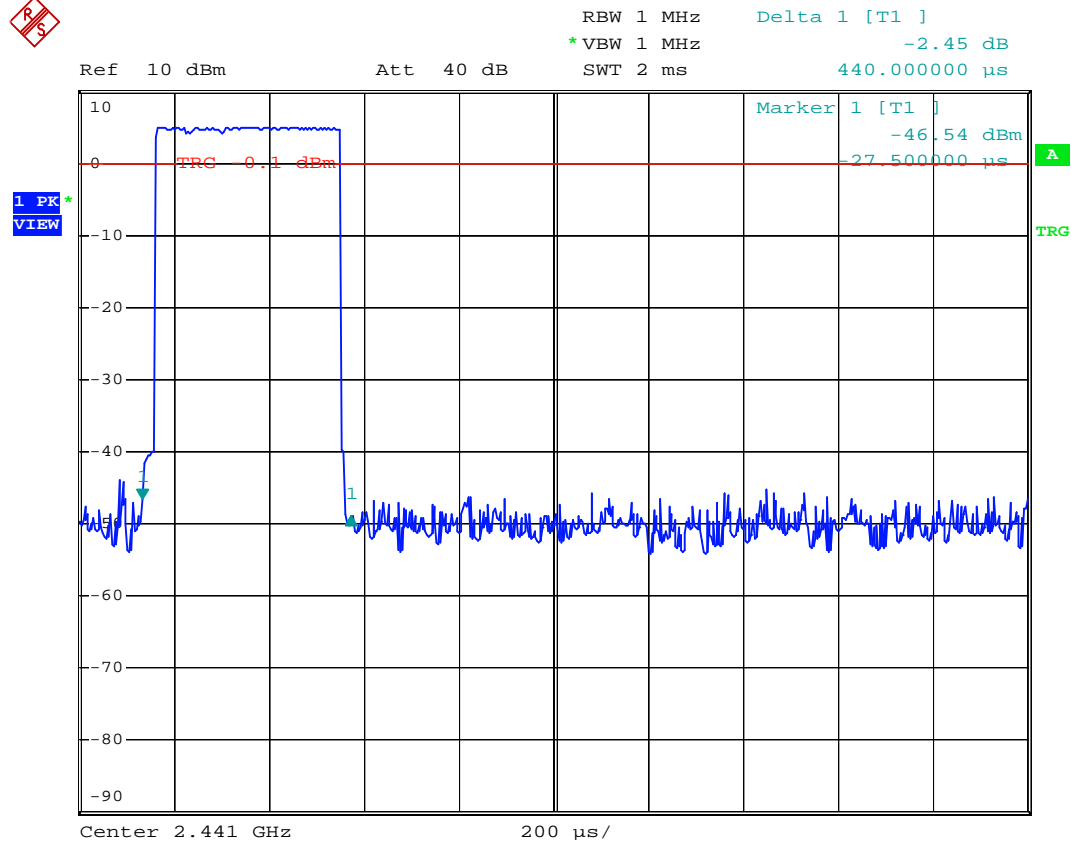
Channel Low; DHI



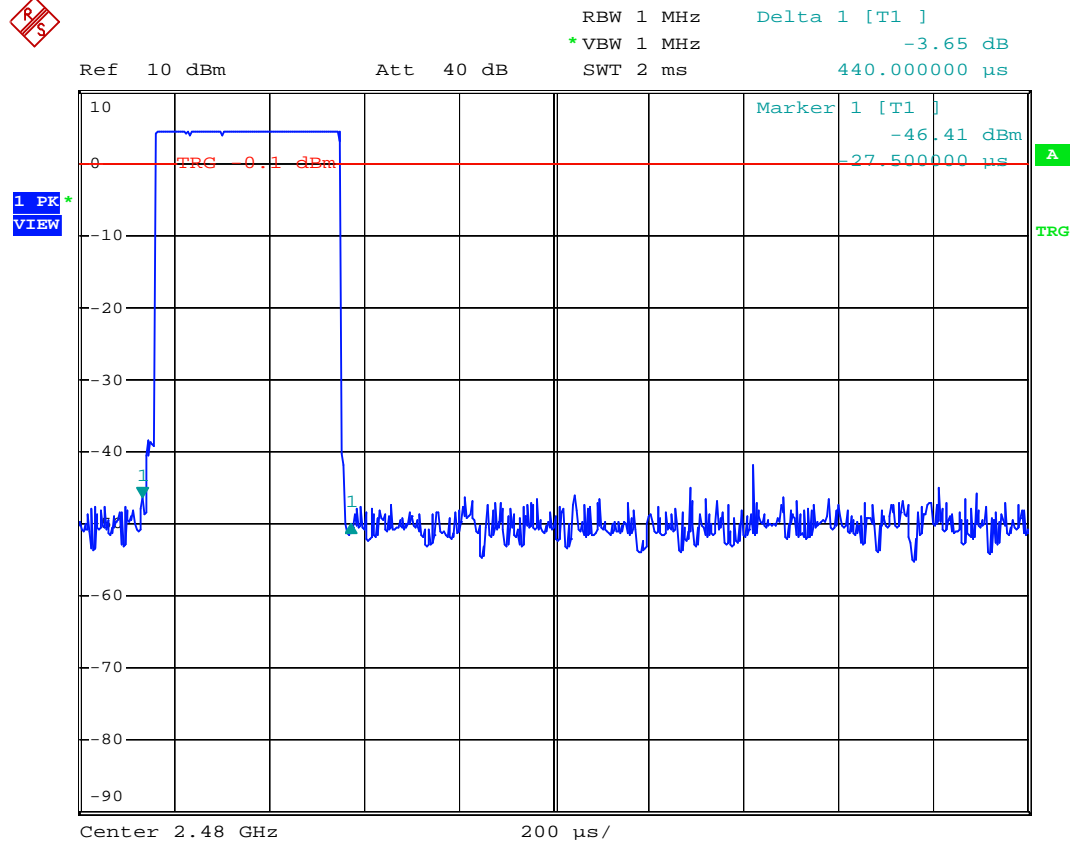
Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -0.50 dB
SWT 2 ms 440.000000 μ s



Channel Middle; DH1



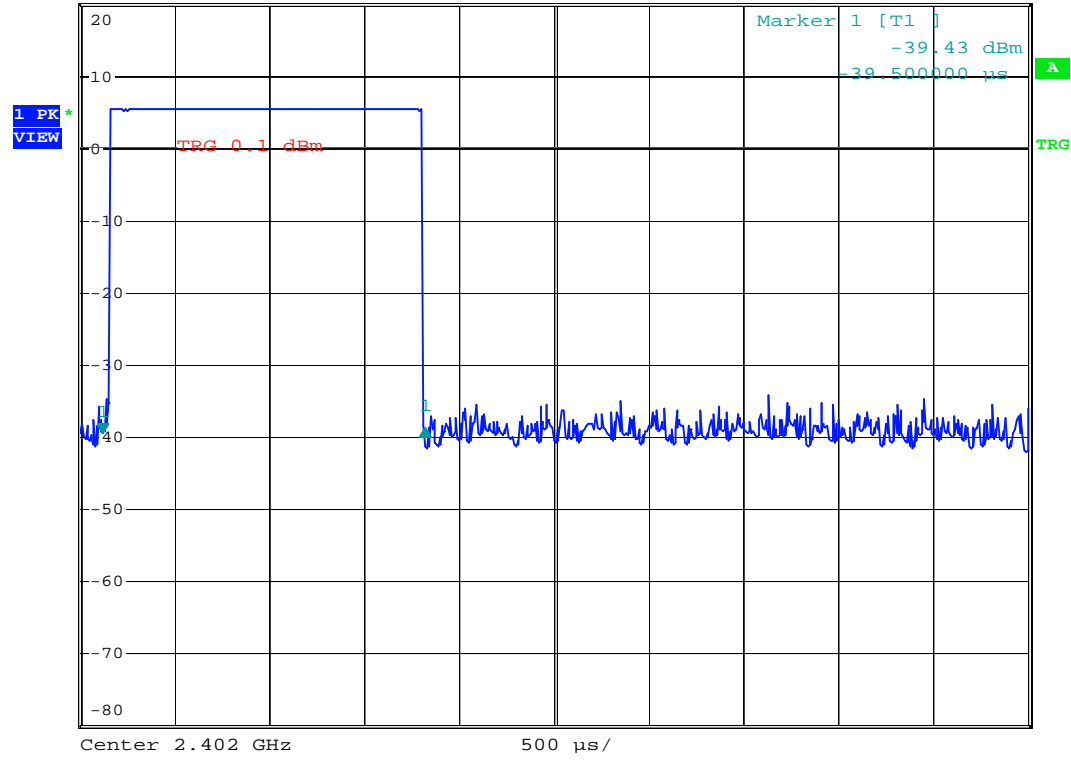
Channel High; DH1



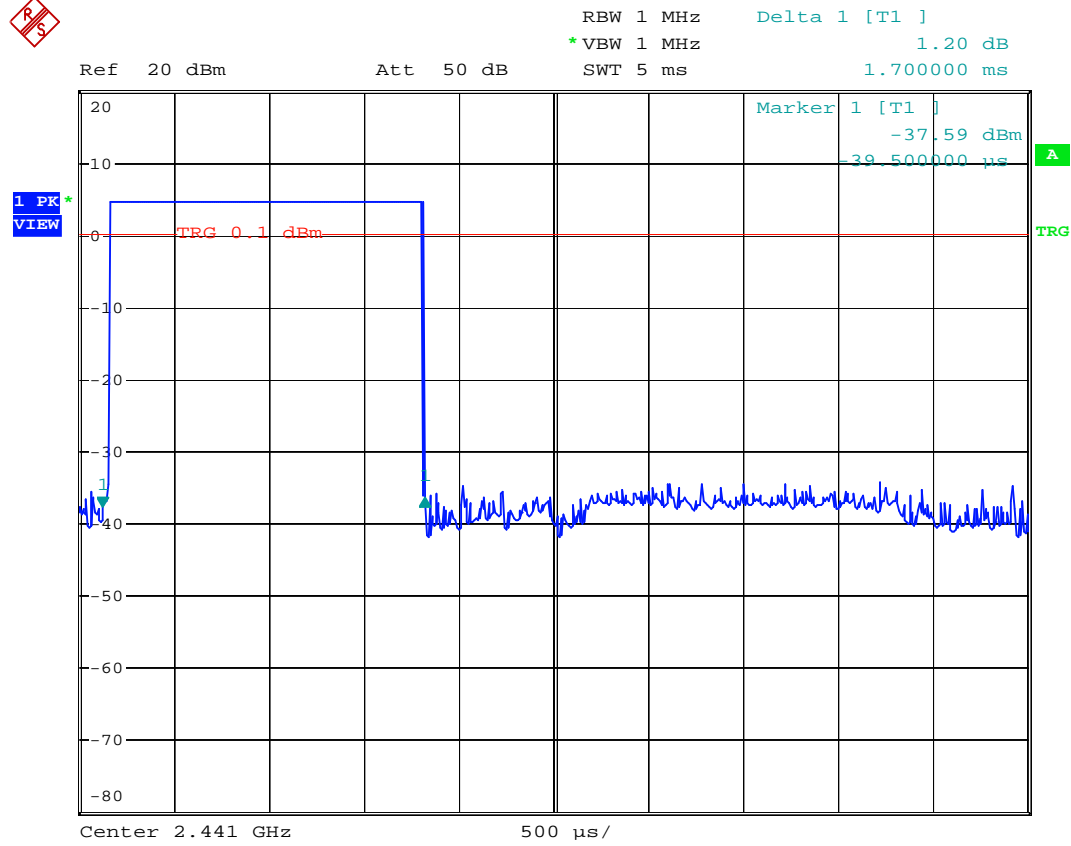
Channel Low; DH3



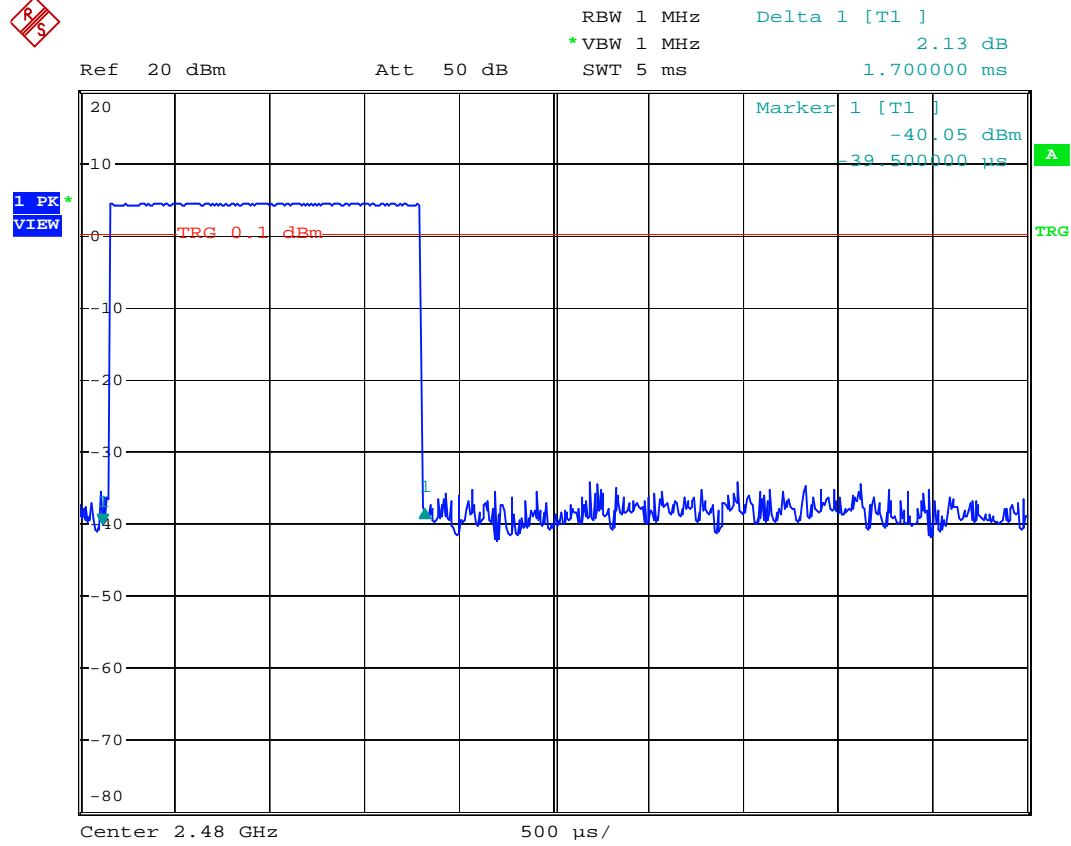
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz 0.82 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.700000 ms



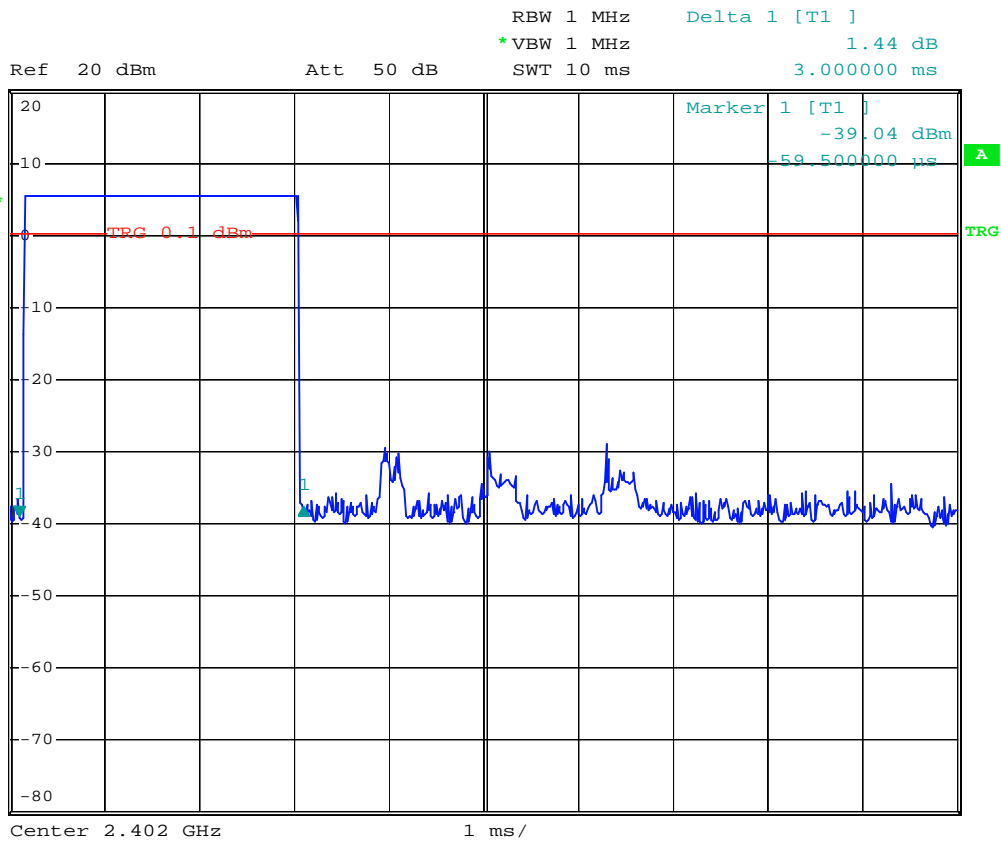
Channel Middle; DH3



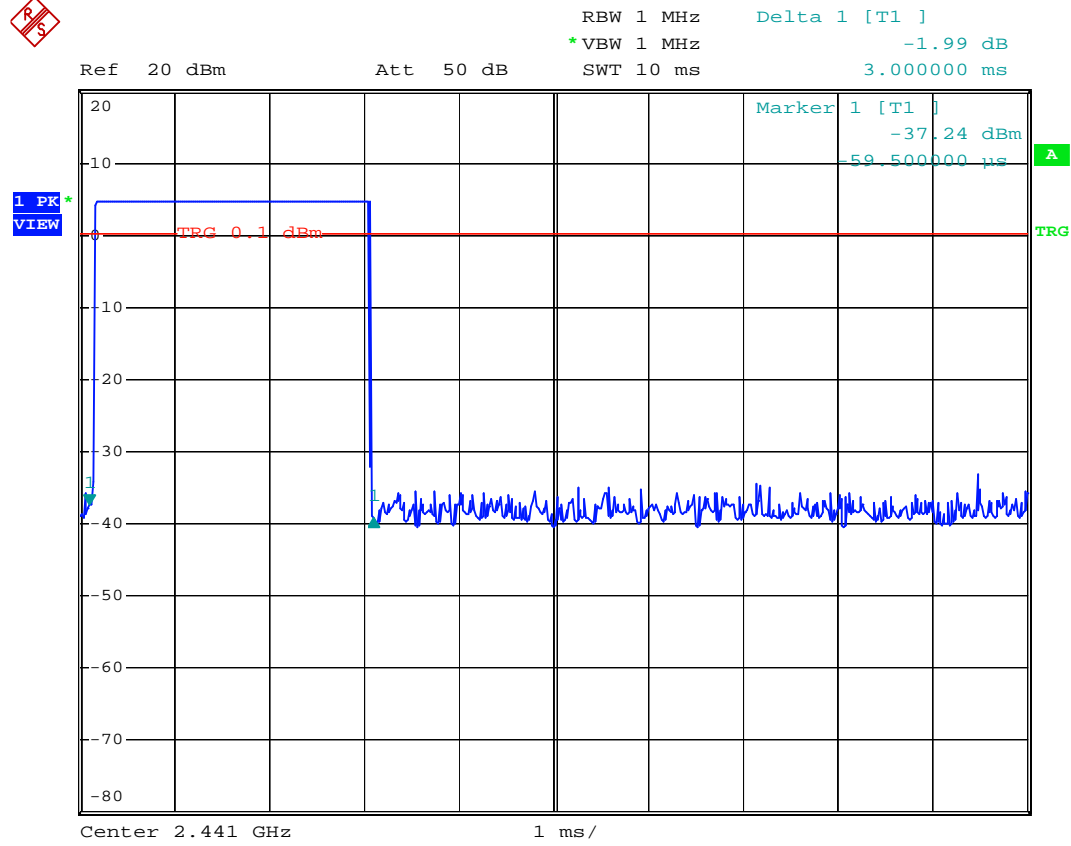
Channel High; DH3



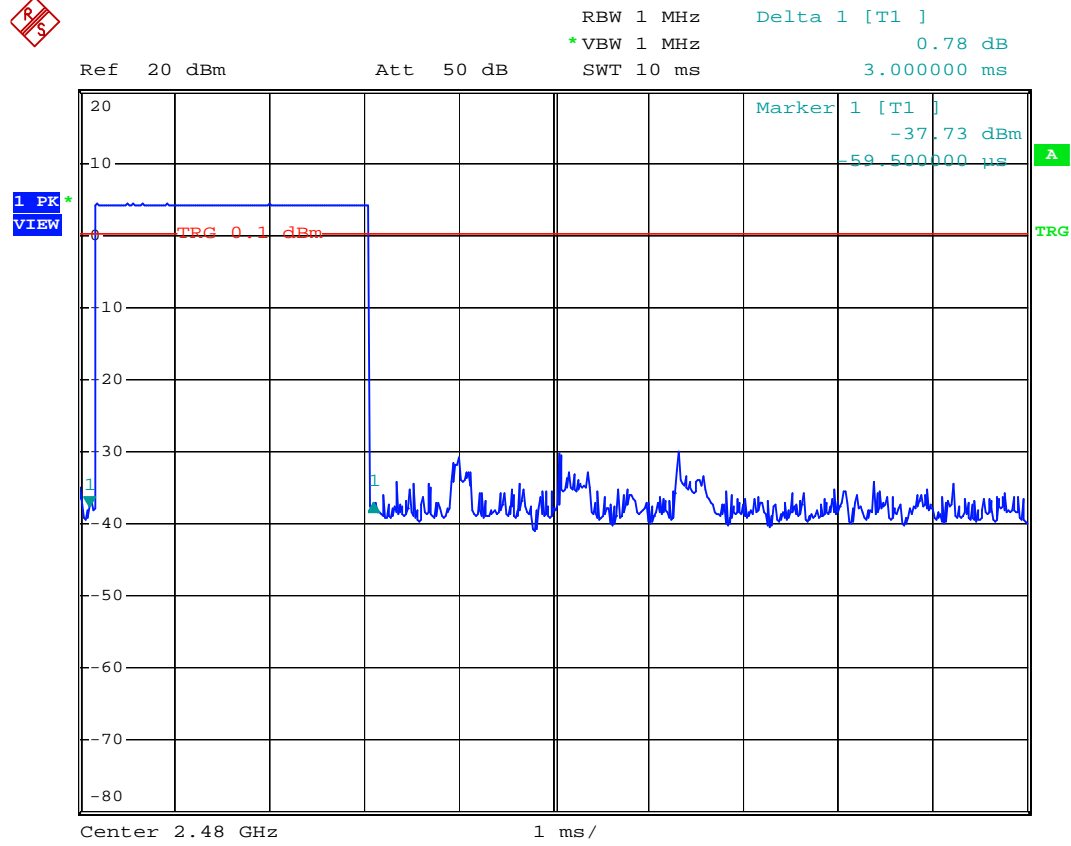
Channel Low; DH5



Channel Middle; DH5



Channel High; DH5



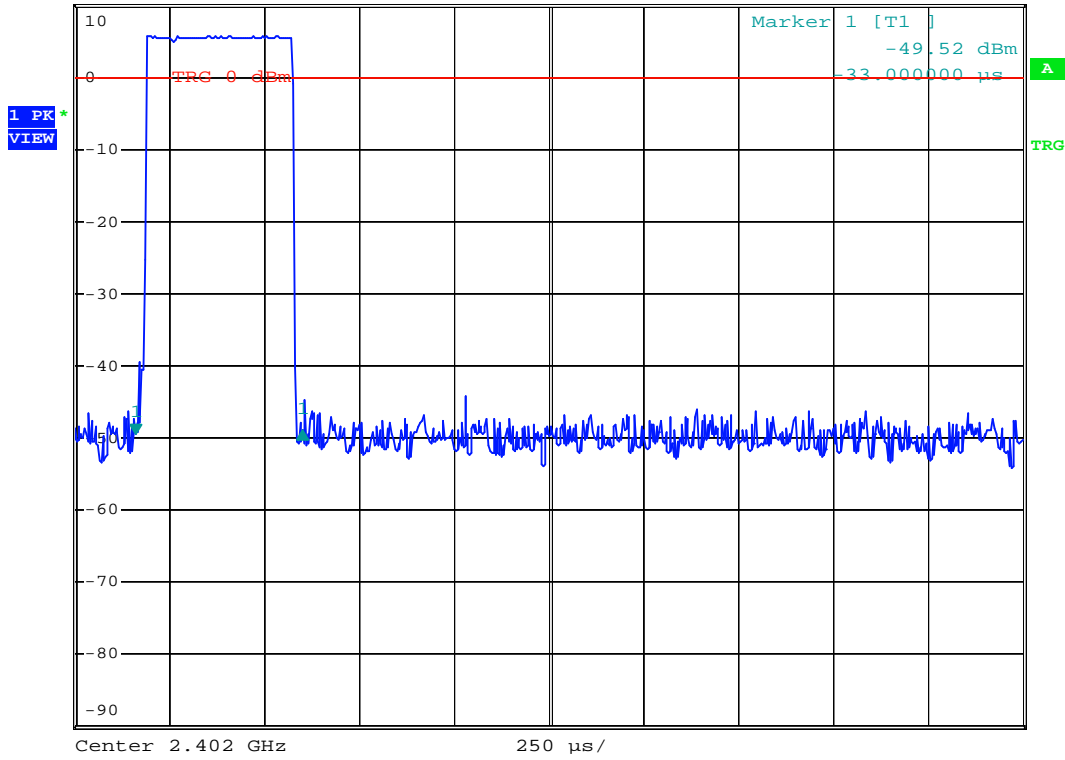
BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

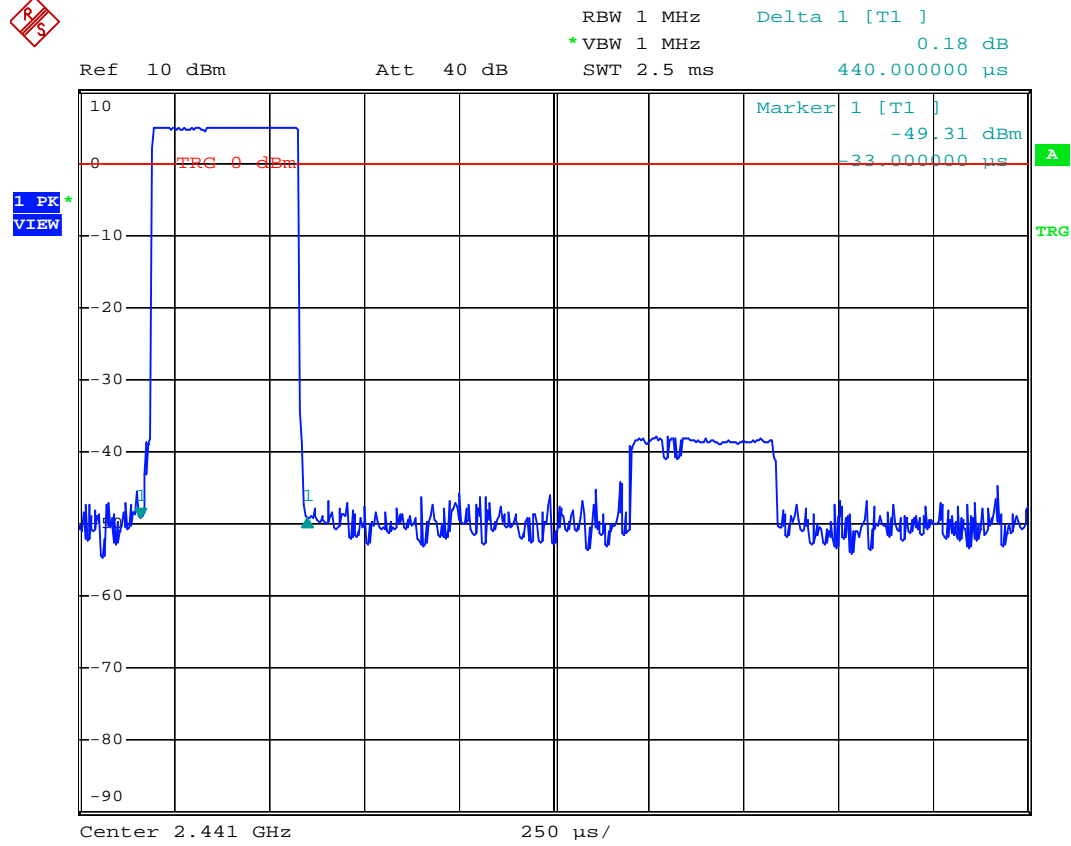
Channel Low; DHI



RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz 0.63 dB
Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB SWT 2.5 ms 440.000000 μ s



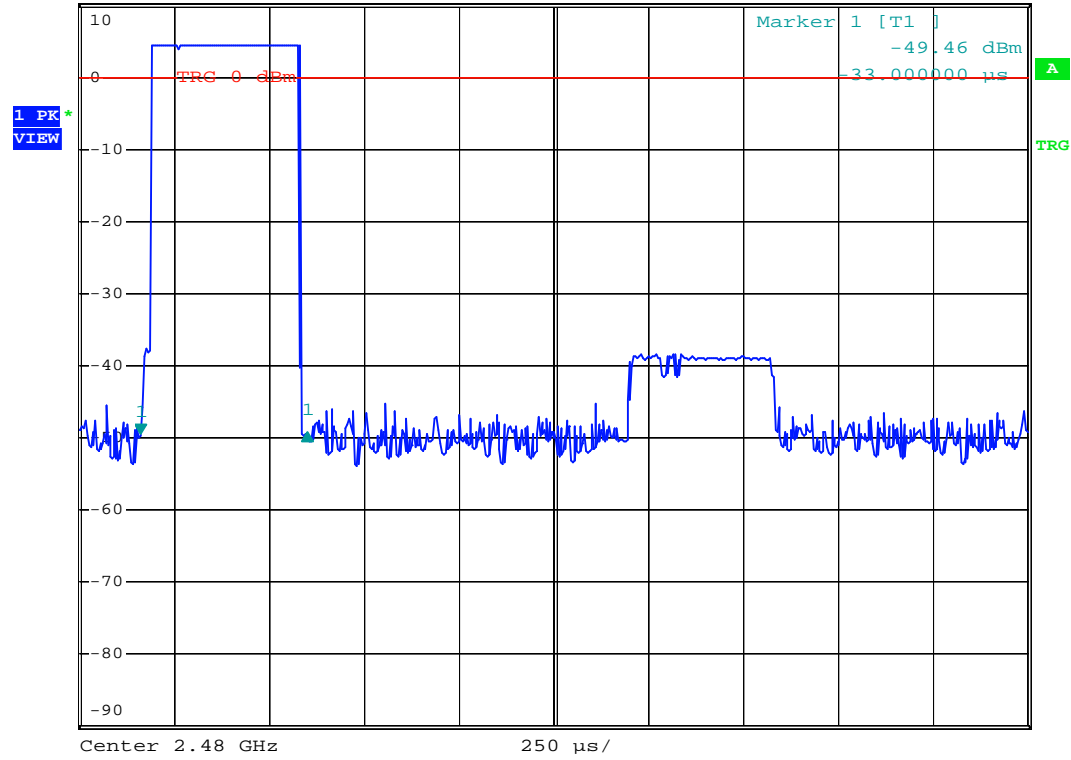
Channel Middle; DH1



Channel High; DH1



Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz 0.17 dB
SWT 2.5 ms 440.000000 μs

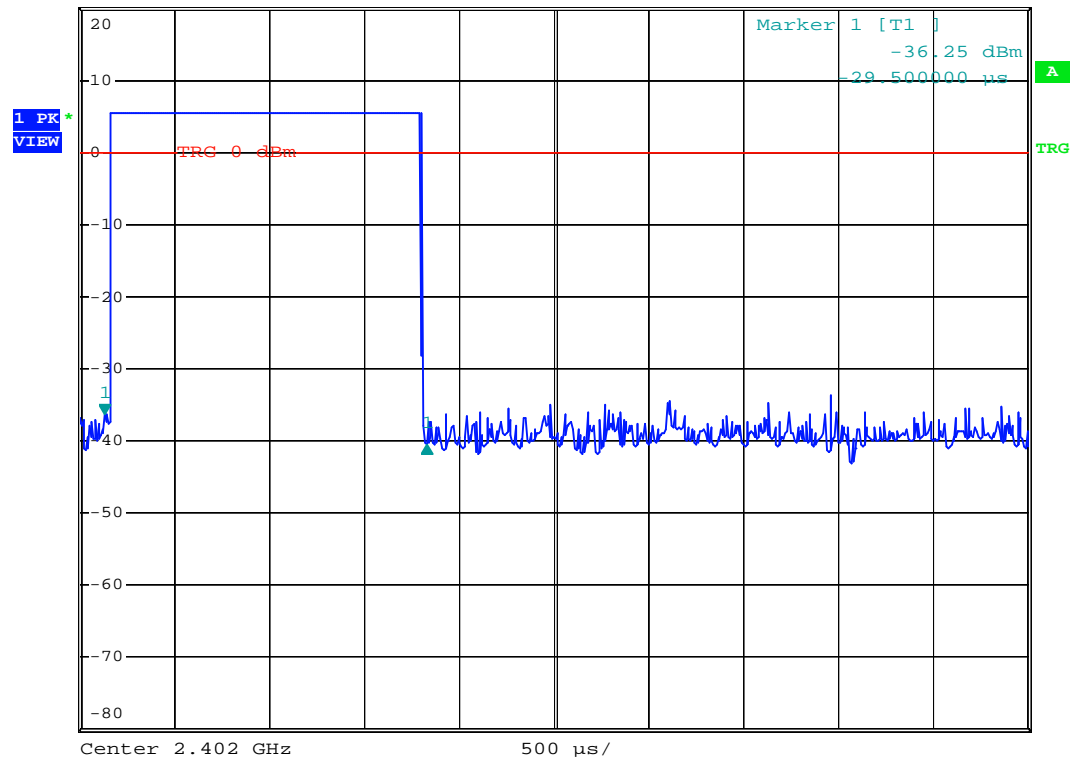


Channel Low; DH3

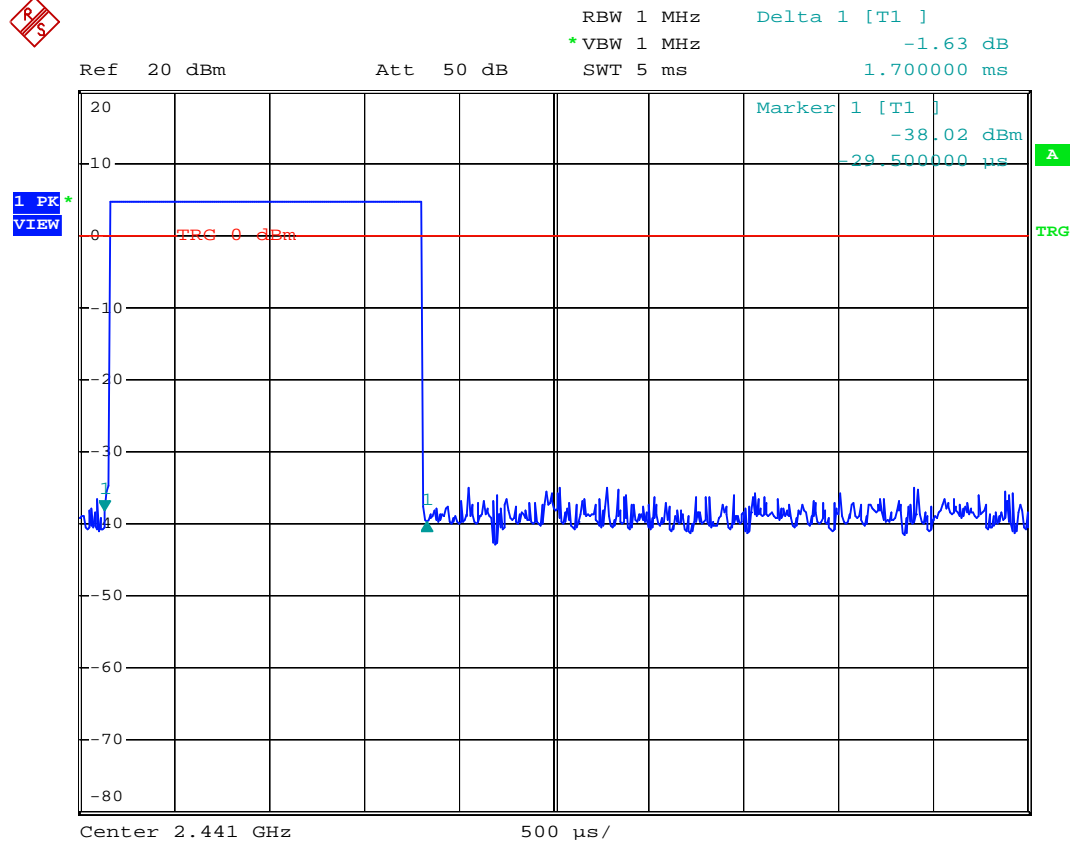


RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -4.25 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.700000 ms

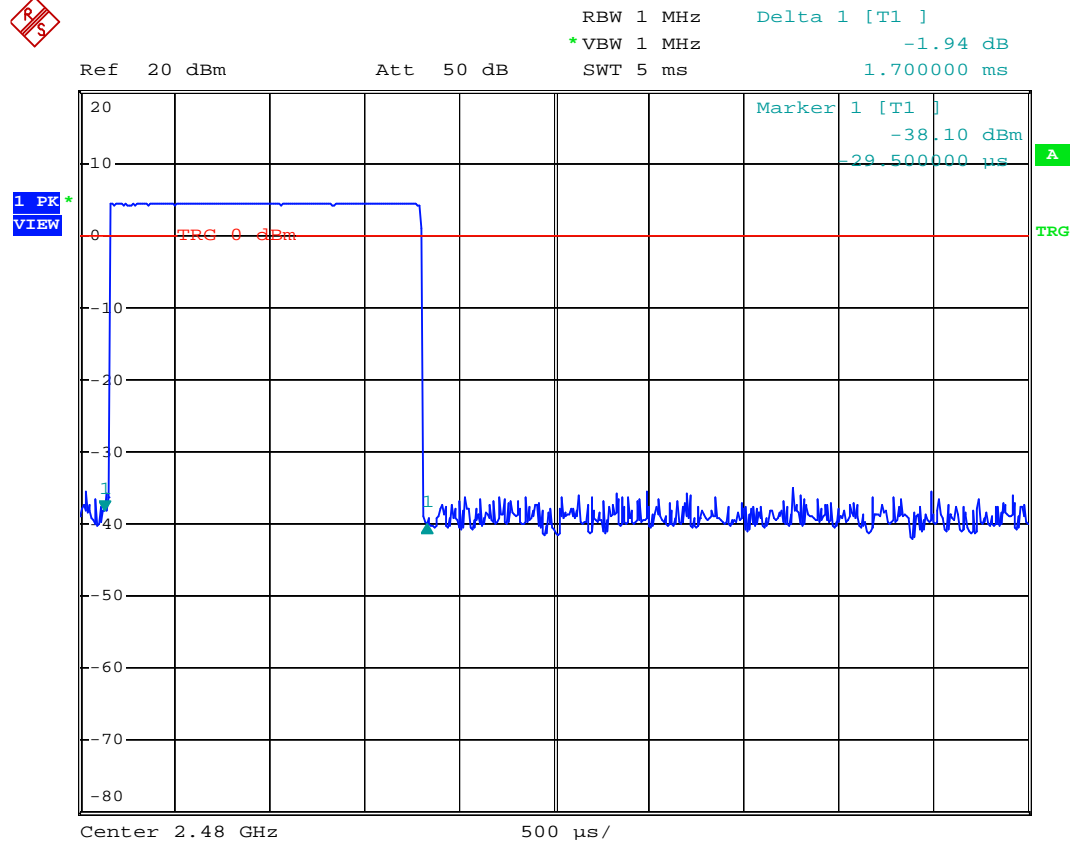
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB



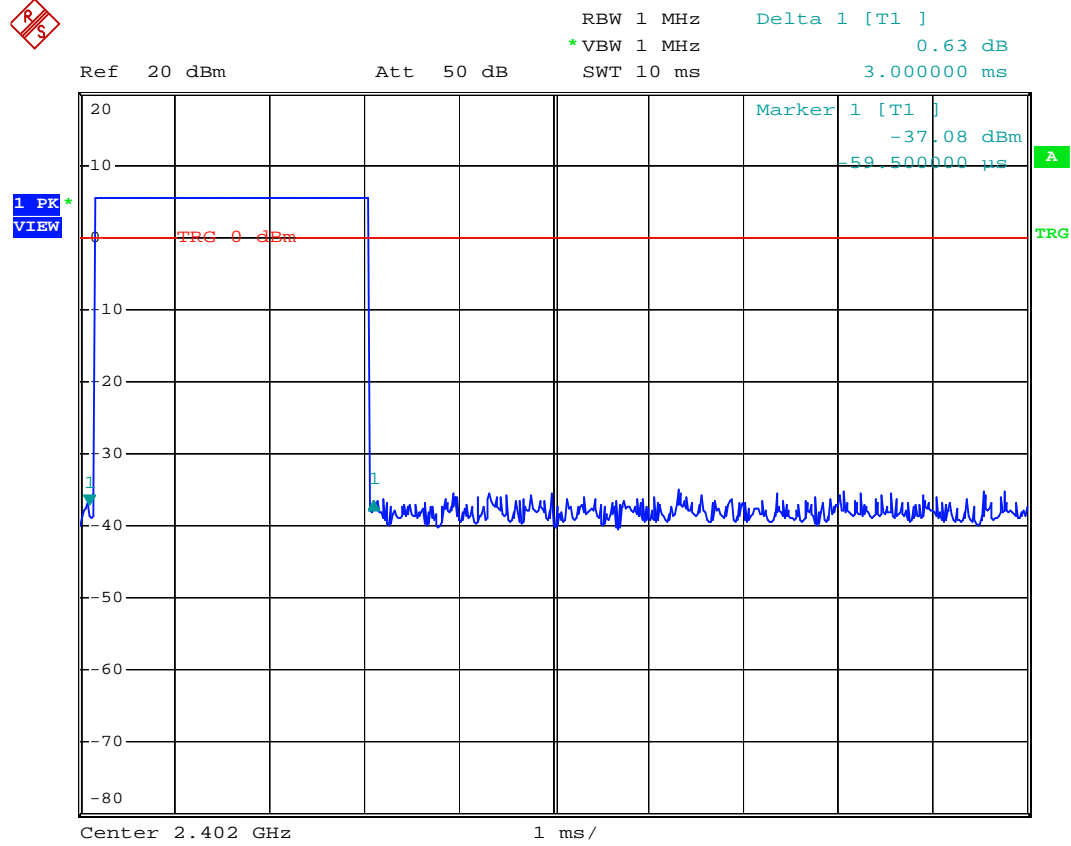
Channel Middle; DH3



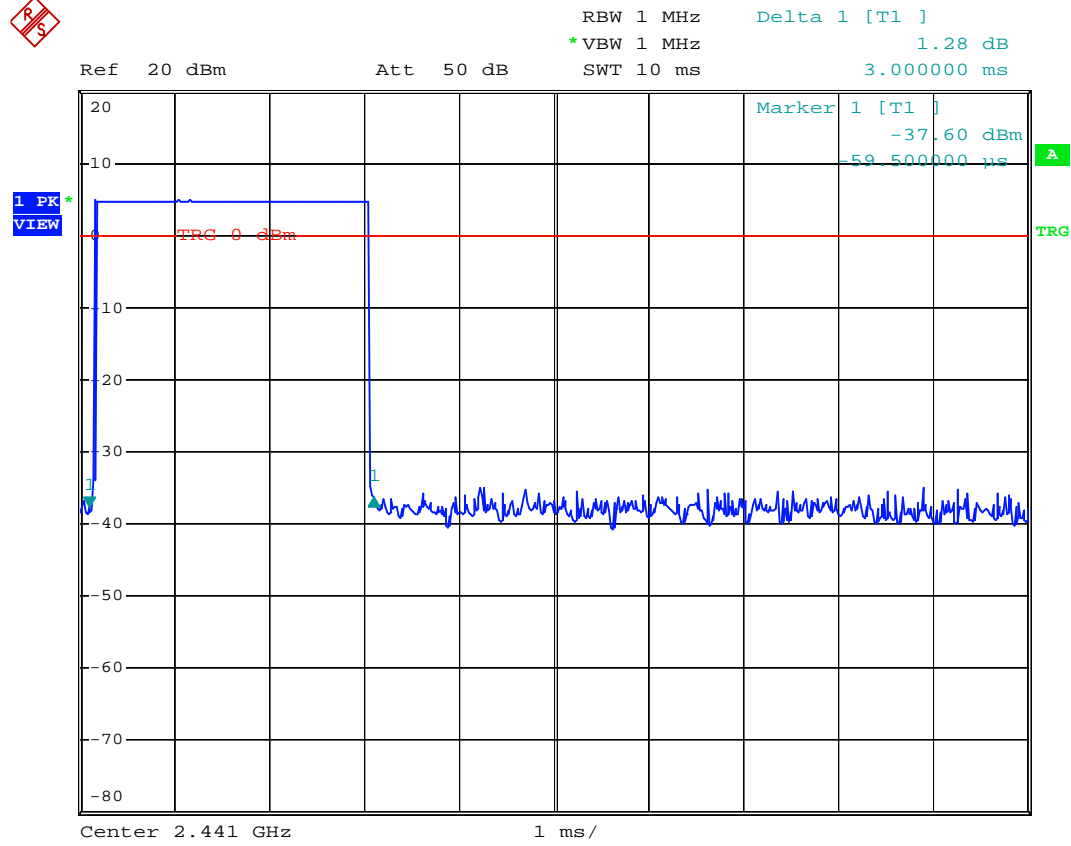
Channel High; DH3



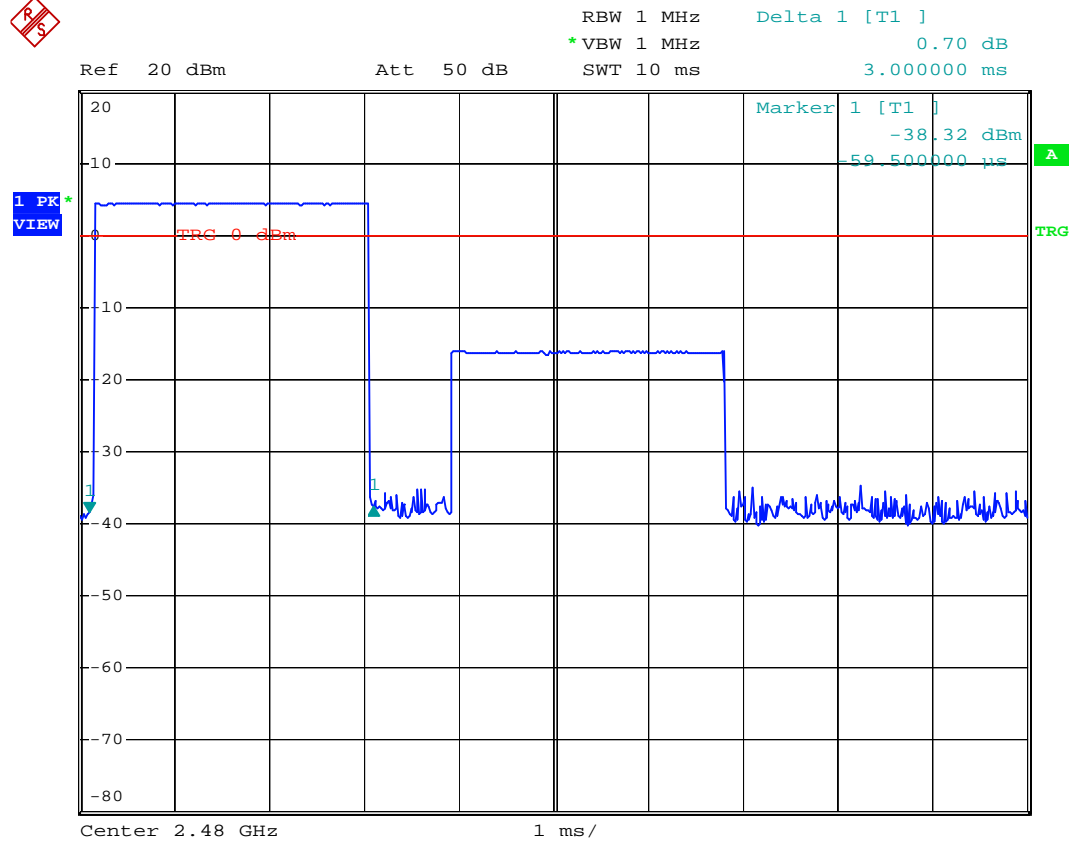
Channel Low; DH5



Channel Middle; DH5



Channel High; DH5



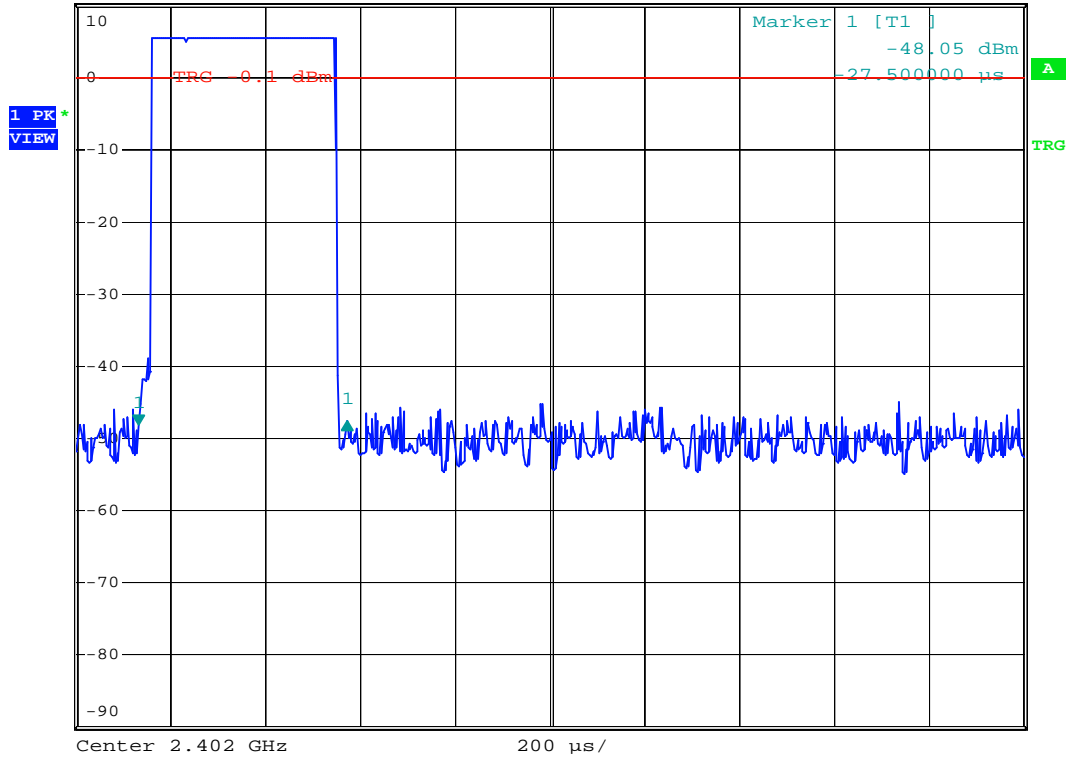
BT2

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

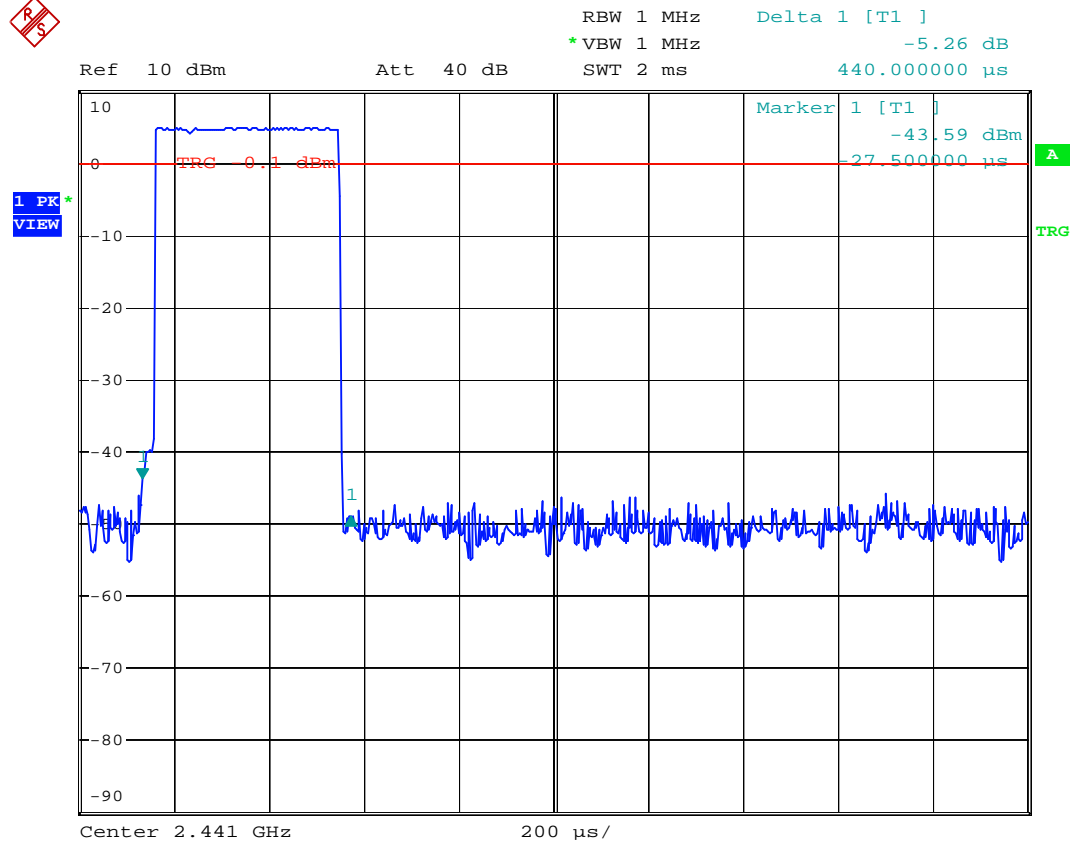
Channel Low; DHI



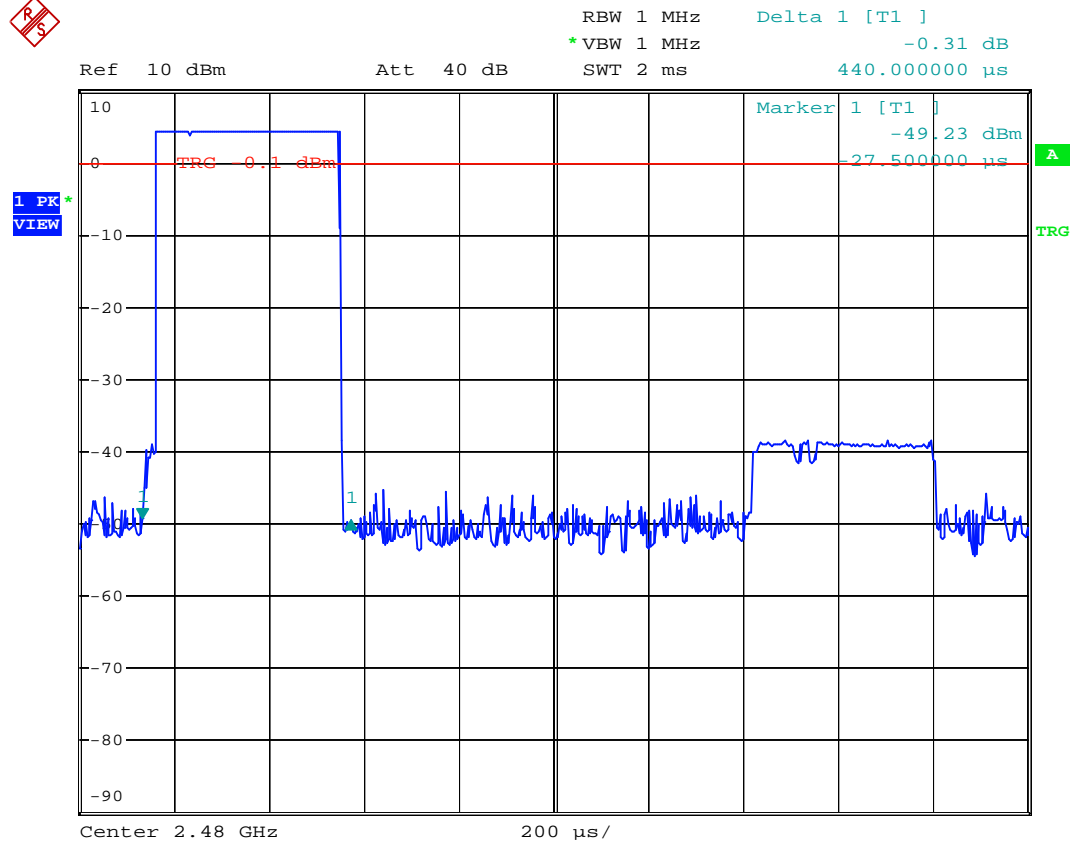
RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz 0.30 dB
Ref 10 dBm Att 40 dB SWT 2 ms 440.000000 μ s



Channel Middle; DH1



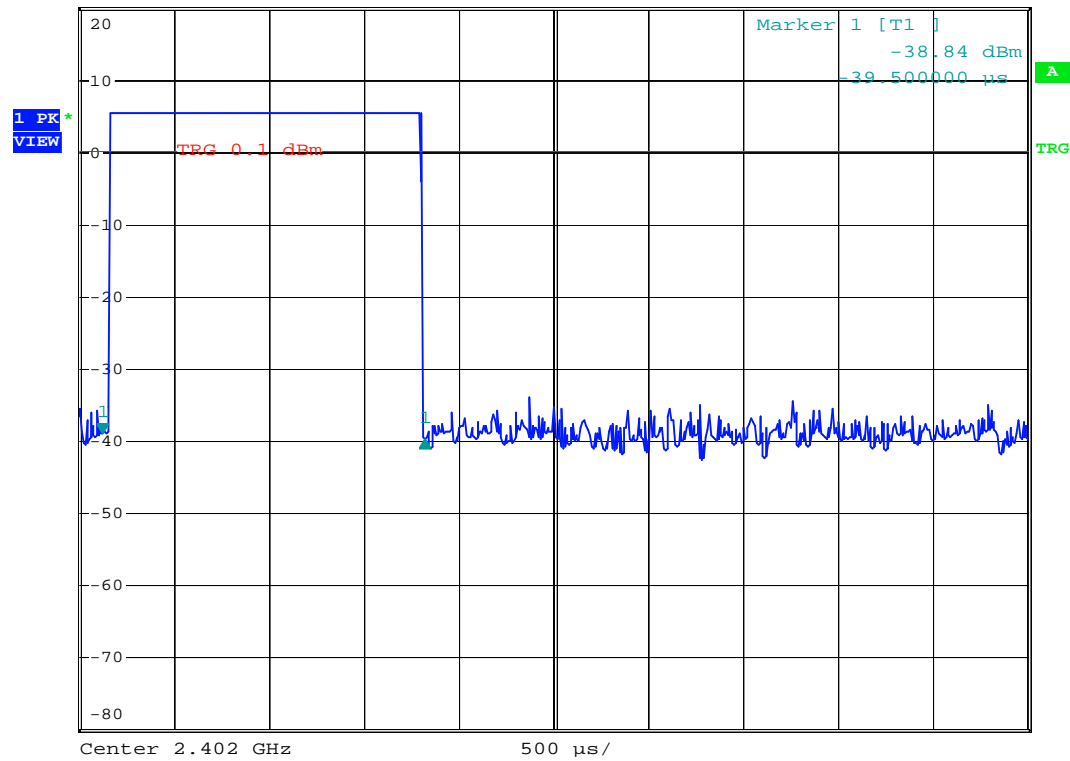
Channel High; DH1



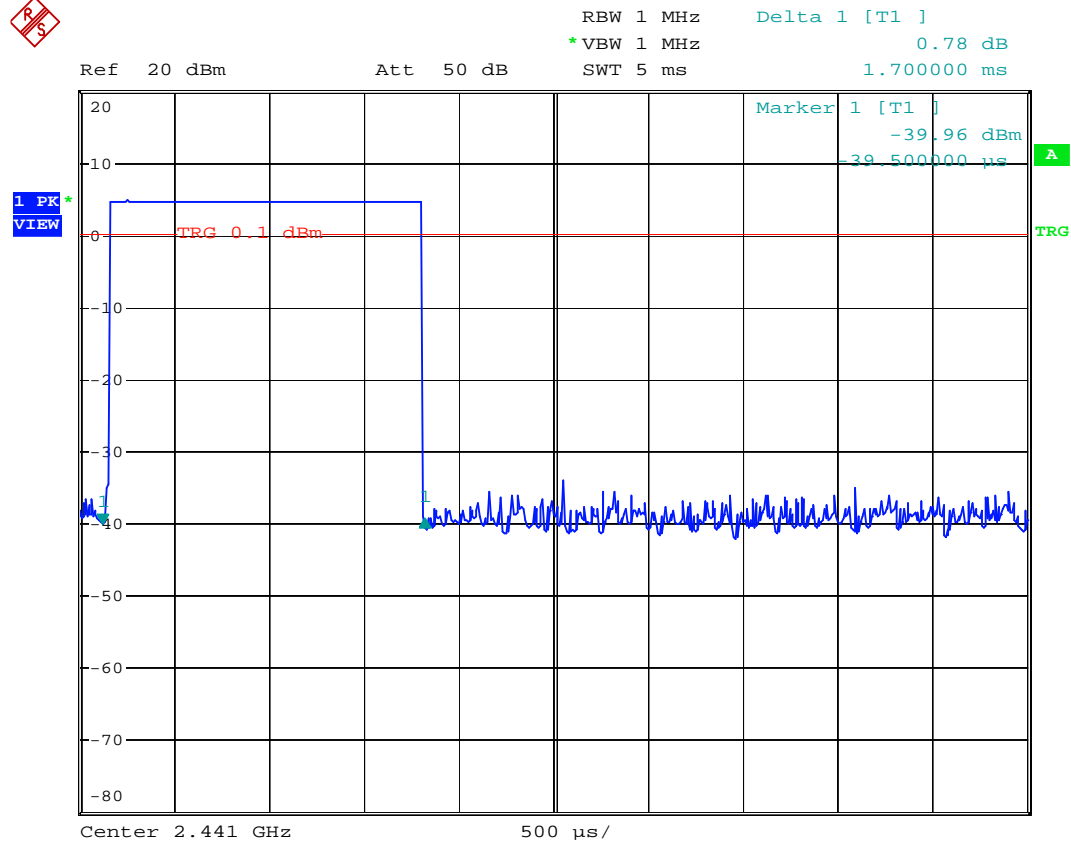
Channel Low; DH3



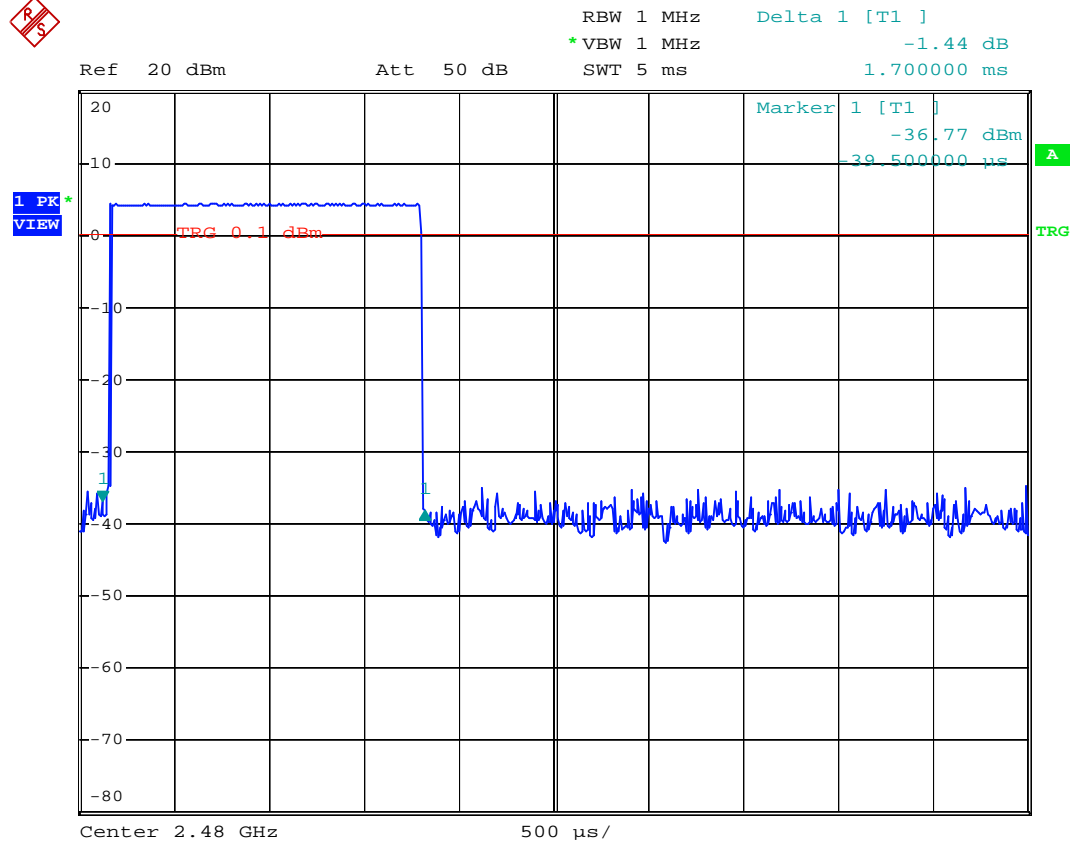
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -0.97 dB
SWT 5 ms 1.700000 ms



Channel Middle; DH3



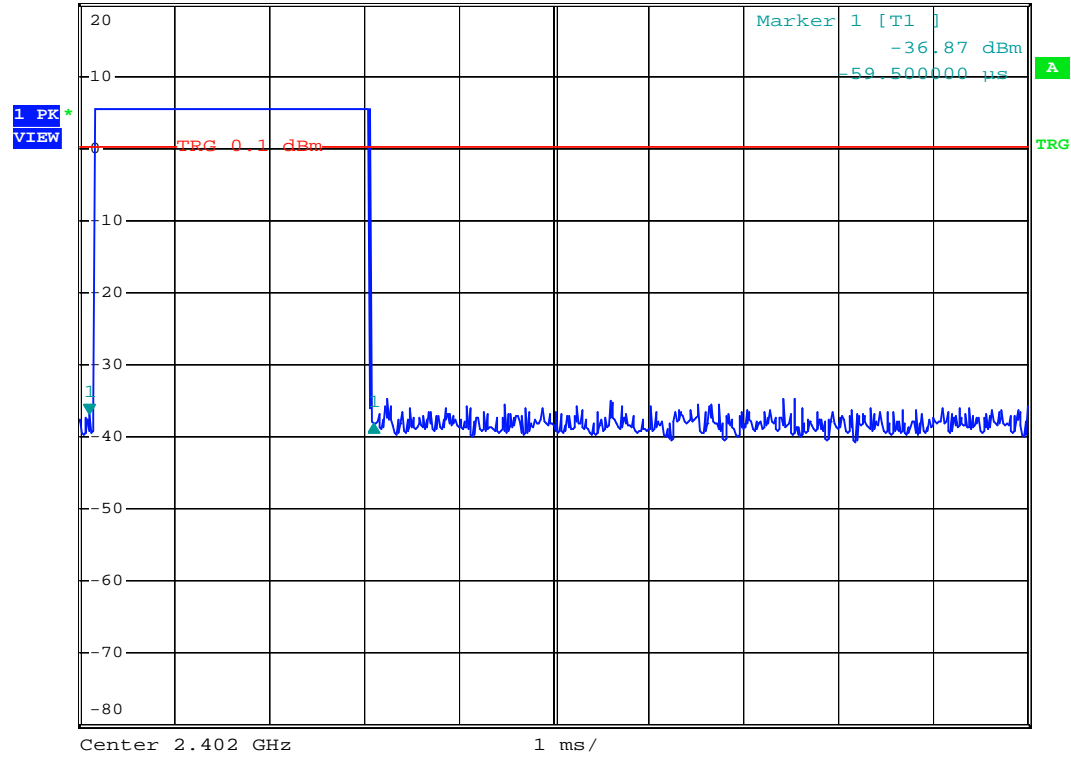
Channel High; DH3



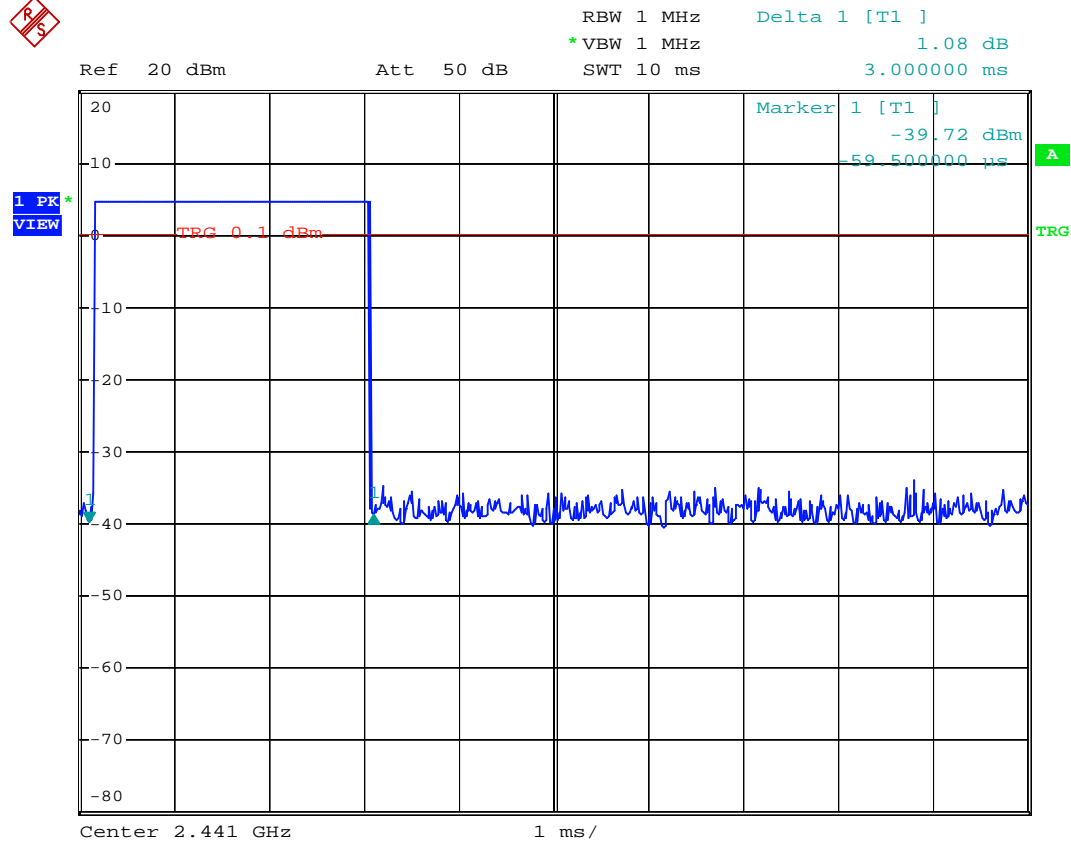
Channel Low; DH5



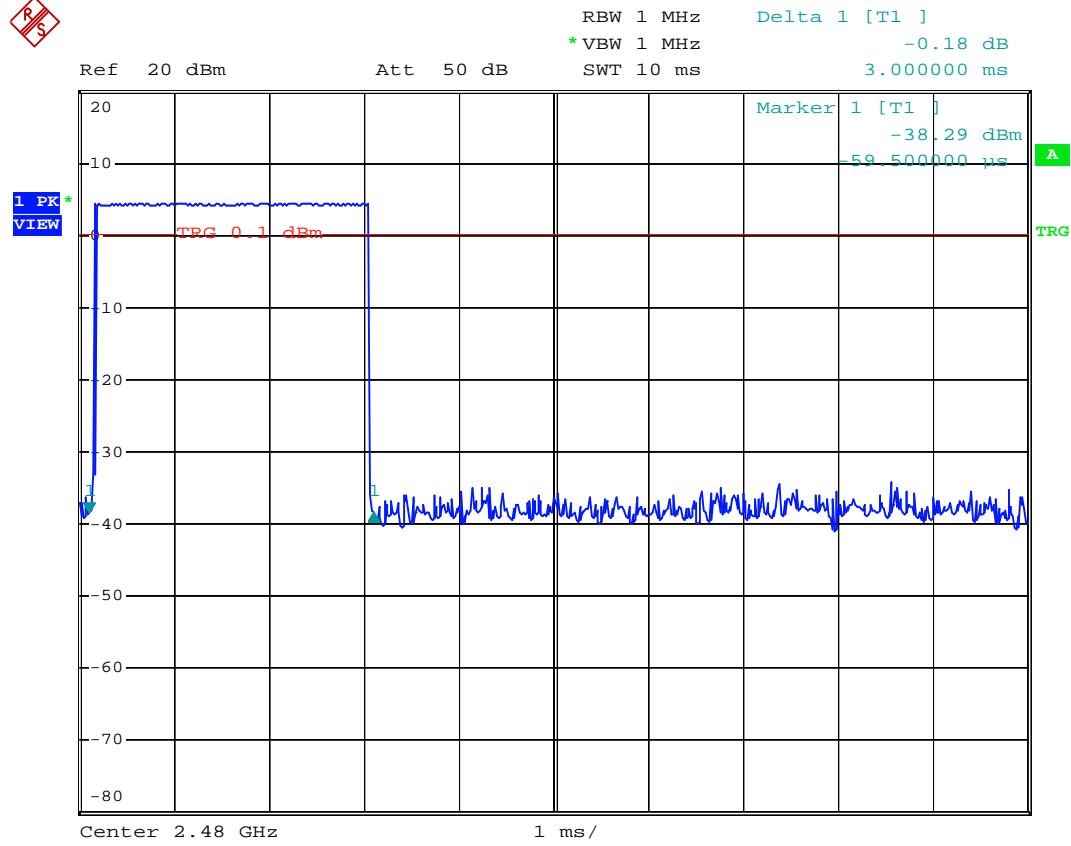
Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB RBW 1 MHz Delta 1 [T1]
*VBW 1 MHz -1.28 dB
SWT 10 ms 3.000000 ms



Channel Middle; DH5



Channel High; DH5



11 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

11.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
 - RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

11.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

11.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep.05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| a) Channel Low | : Output Peak Power is | 5.57 dBm or | 3.606 mW ◦ |
| b) Channel Middle | : Output Peak Power is | 4.78 dBm or | 3.006 mW ◦ |
| c) Channel High | : Output Peak Power is | 4.3 dBm or | 2.692 mW ◦ |

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| a) Channel Low | : Output Peak Power is | 3.32 dBm or | 2.148 mW ◦ |
| b) Channel Middle | : Output Peak Power is | 2.77 dBm or | 1.892 mW ◦ |
| c) Channel High | : Output Peak Power is | 2.07 dBm or | 1.611 mW ◦ |

B. BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| a) Channel Low | : Output Peak Power is | 5.52 dBm or | 3.565 mW ◦ |
| b) Channel Middle | : Output Peak Power is | 4.81 dBm or | 3.027 mW ◦ |
| c) Channel High | : Output Peak Power is | 4.32 dBm or | 2.704 mW ◦ |

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| a) Channel Low | : Output Peak Power is | 3.32 dBm or | 2.148 mW ◦ |
| b) Channel Middle | : Output Peak Power is | 2.83 dBm or | 1.919 mW ◦ |
| c) Channel High | : Output Peak Power is | 2.04 dBm or | 1.600 mW ◦ |

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

BT1
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Channel Low

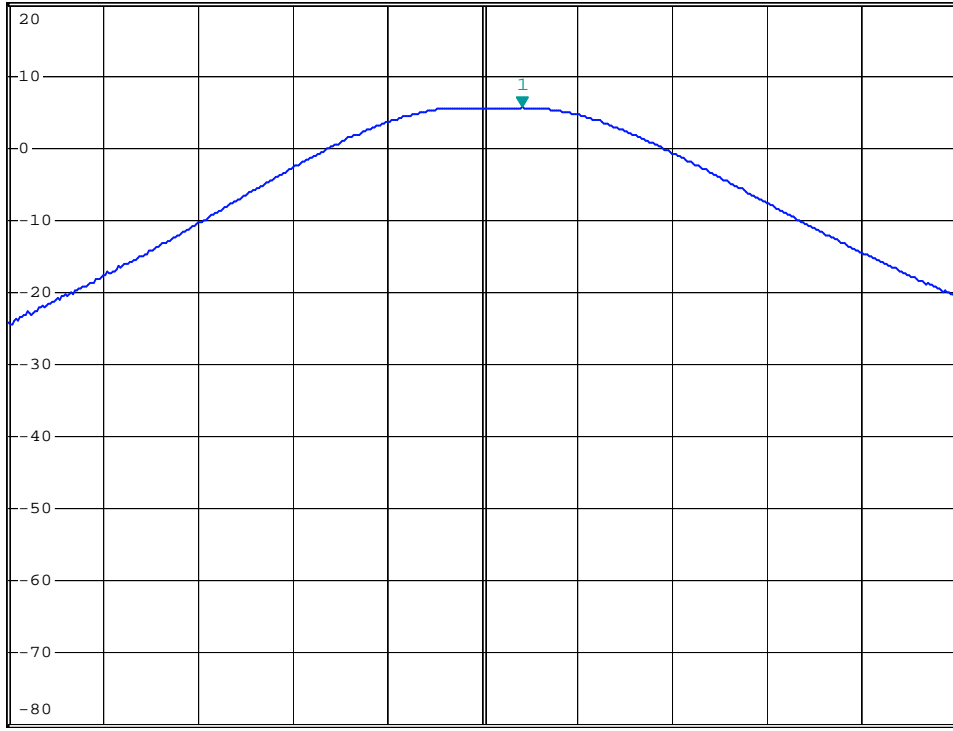


*RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 3 MHz 5.57 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.402210000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.402 GHz

500 kHz/

Span 5 MHz

Channel Middle

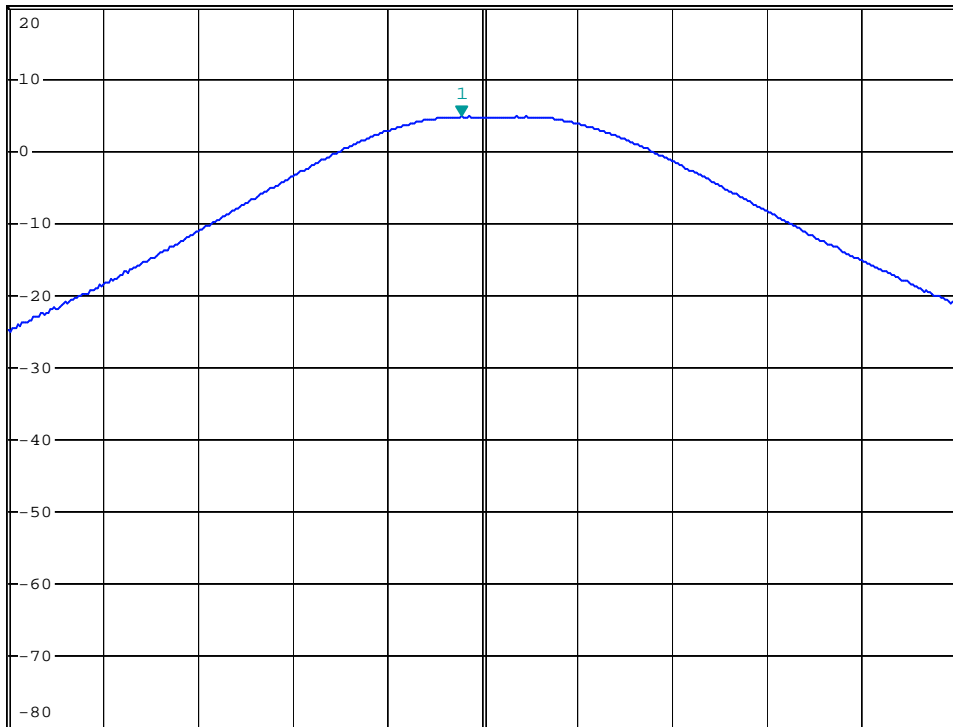


*RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 3 MHz 4.78 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.440890000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.441 GHz

500 kHz/

Span 5 MHz

Channel High

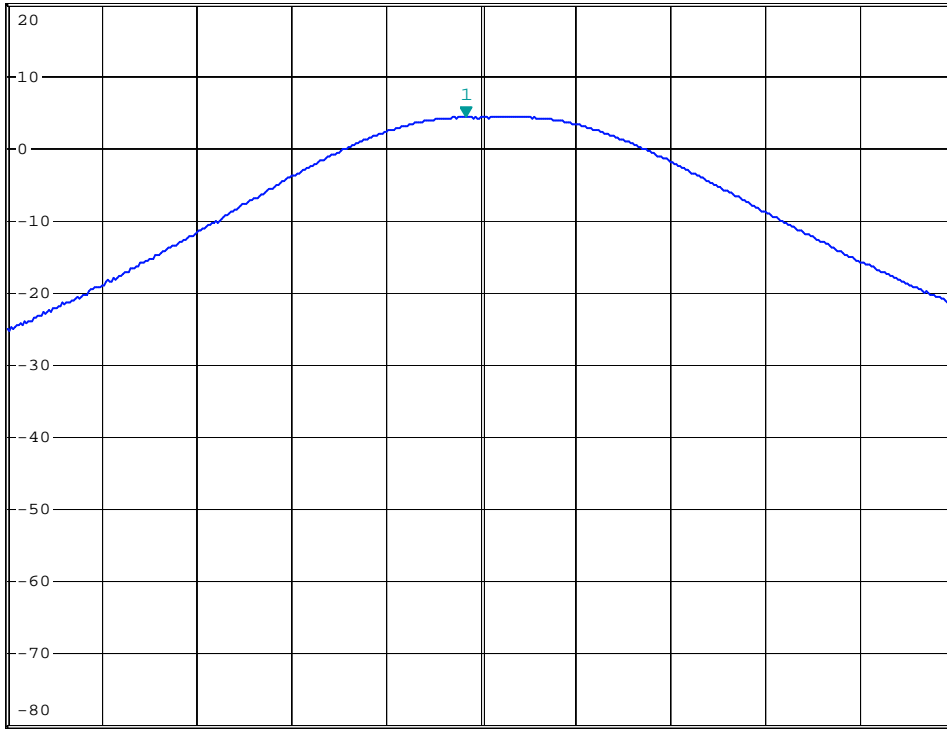


*RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 3 MHz 4.30 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.479920000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



A

BT1
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Channel Low

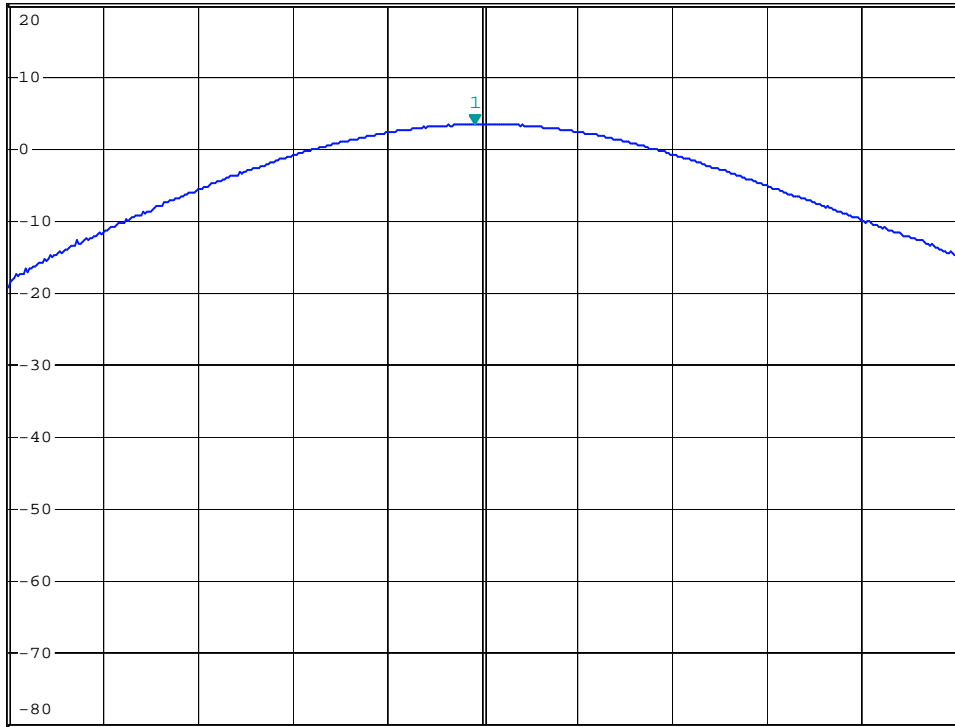


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 3.32 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.401920000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.402 GHz

1 MHz/

Span 10 MHz

Channel Middle

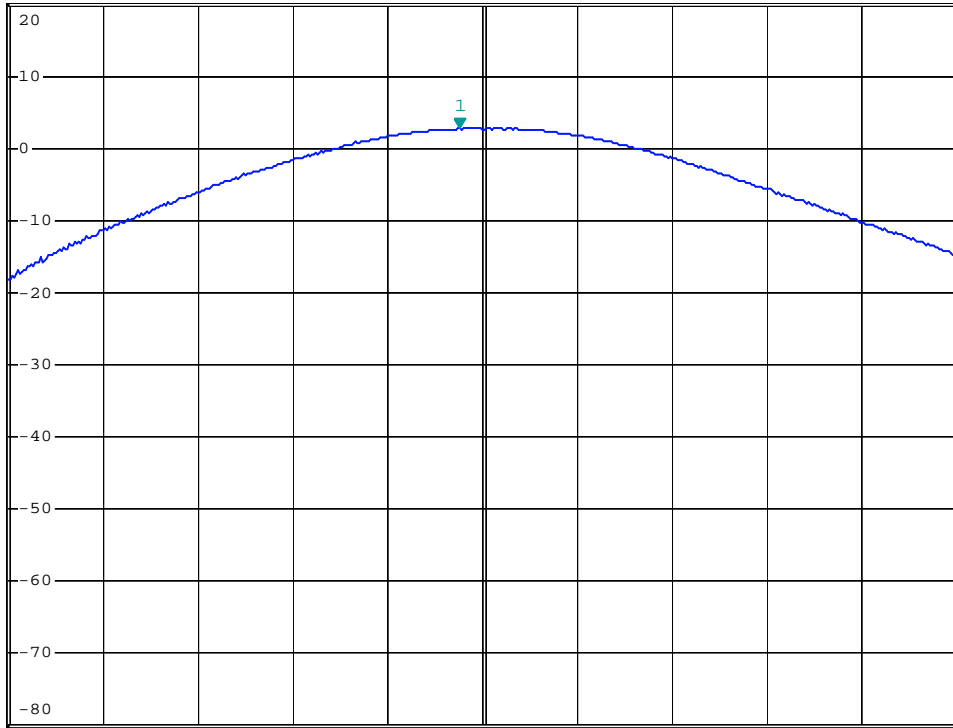


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 2.77 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.440760000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Channel High

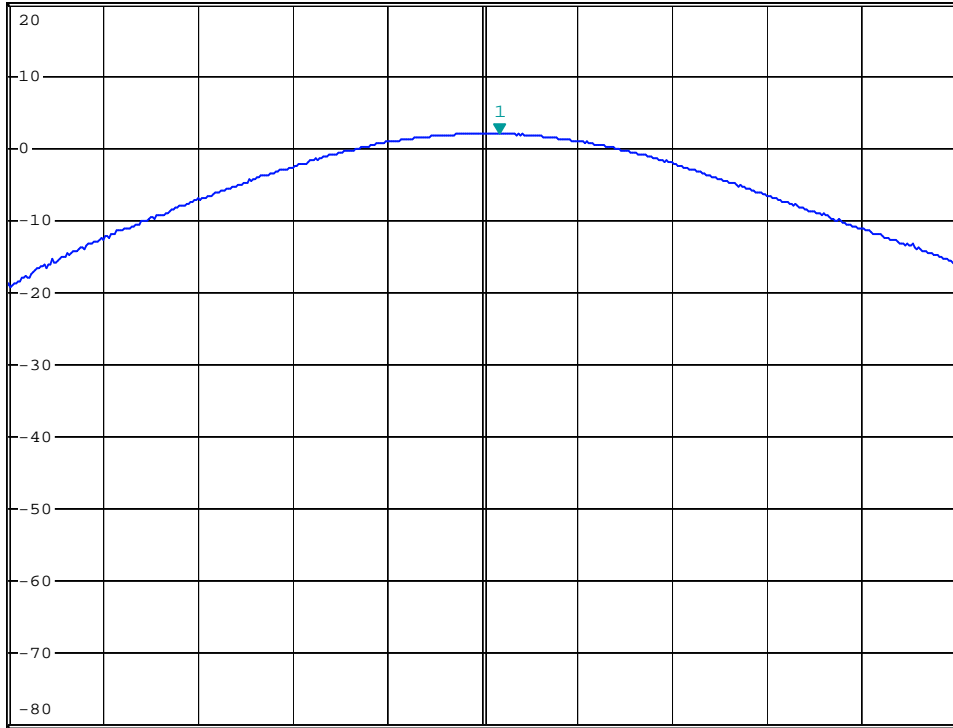


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 2.07 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.480180000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



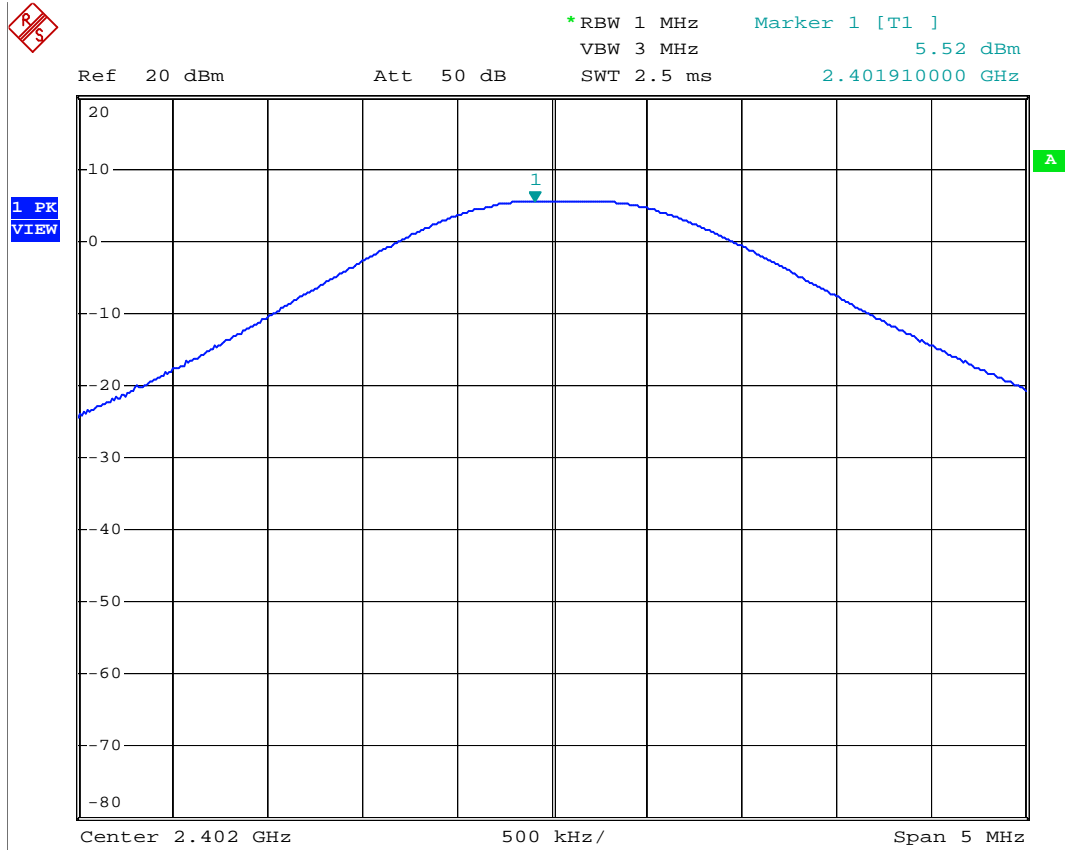
Center 2.48 GHz

1 MHz/

Span 10 MHz

BT2
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Channel Low



Channel Middle

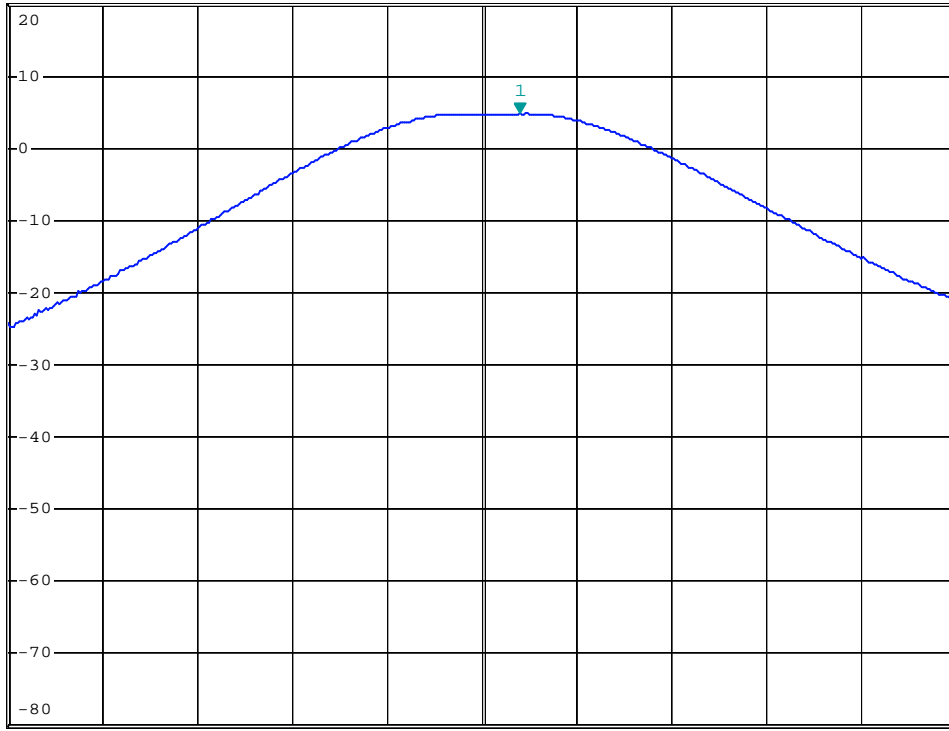


*RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 3 MHz 4.81 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.441200000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.441 GHz

500 kHz/

Span 5 MHz

Channel High

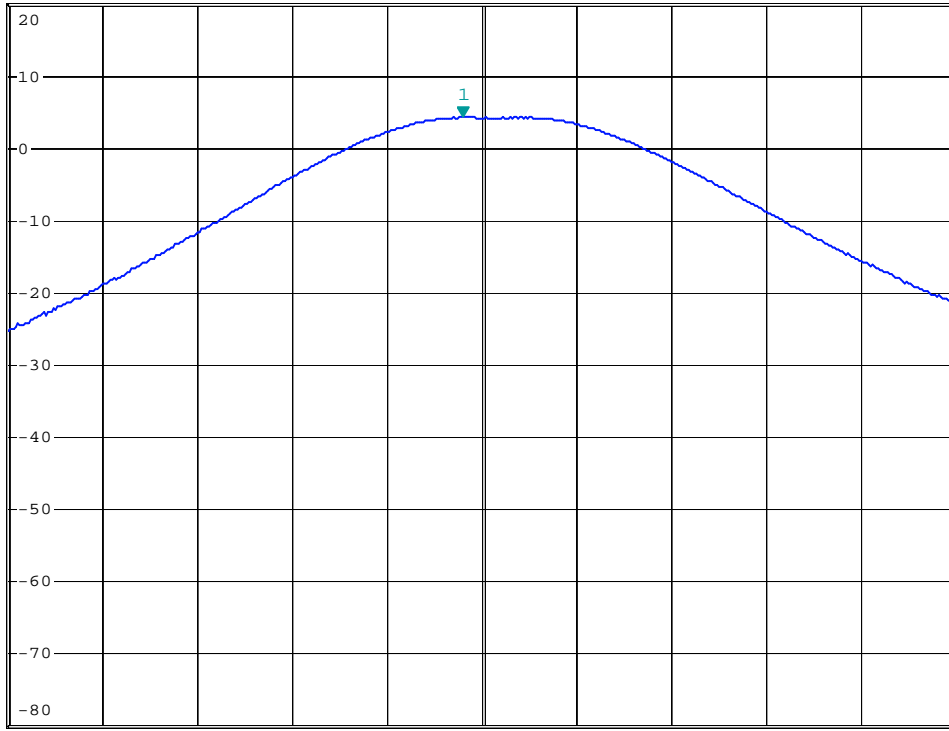


*RBW 1 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 3 MHz 4.32 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.479900000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



BT2
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Channel Low

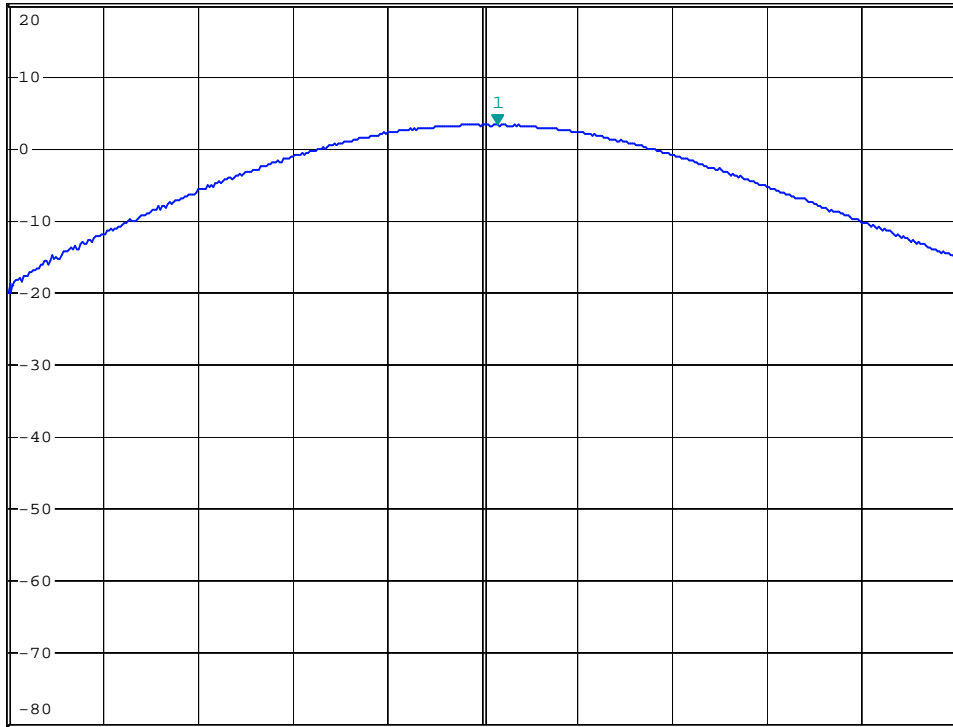


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 3.32 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.402160000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Center 2.402 GHz

1 MHz/

Span 10 MHz

Channel Middle

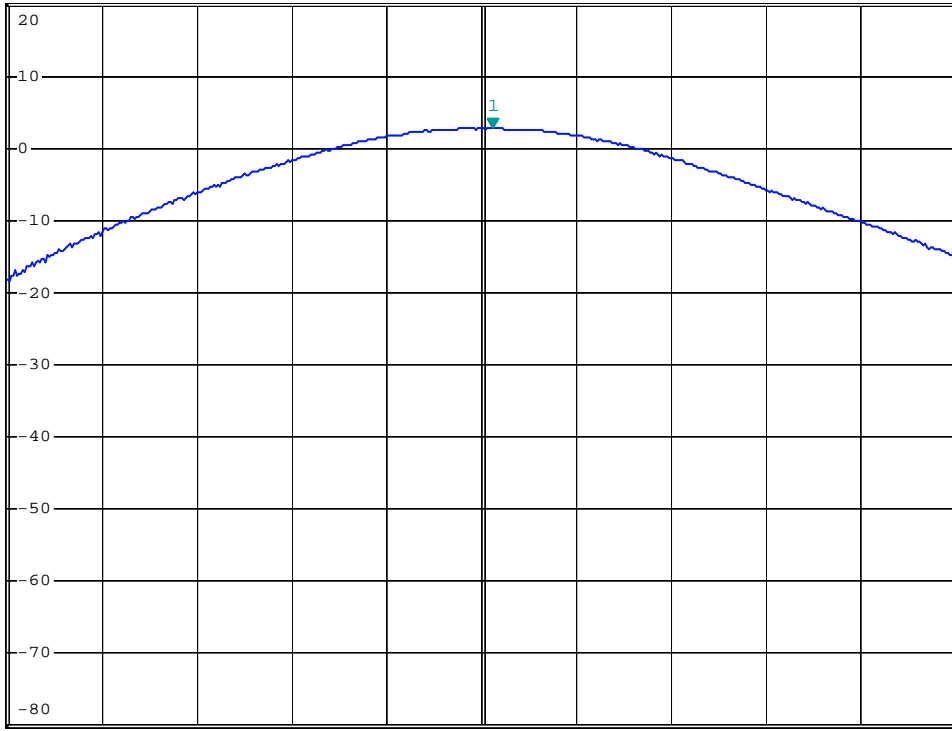


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 2.83 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.441120000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



Channel High

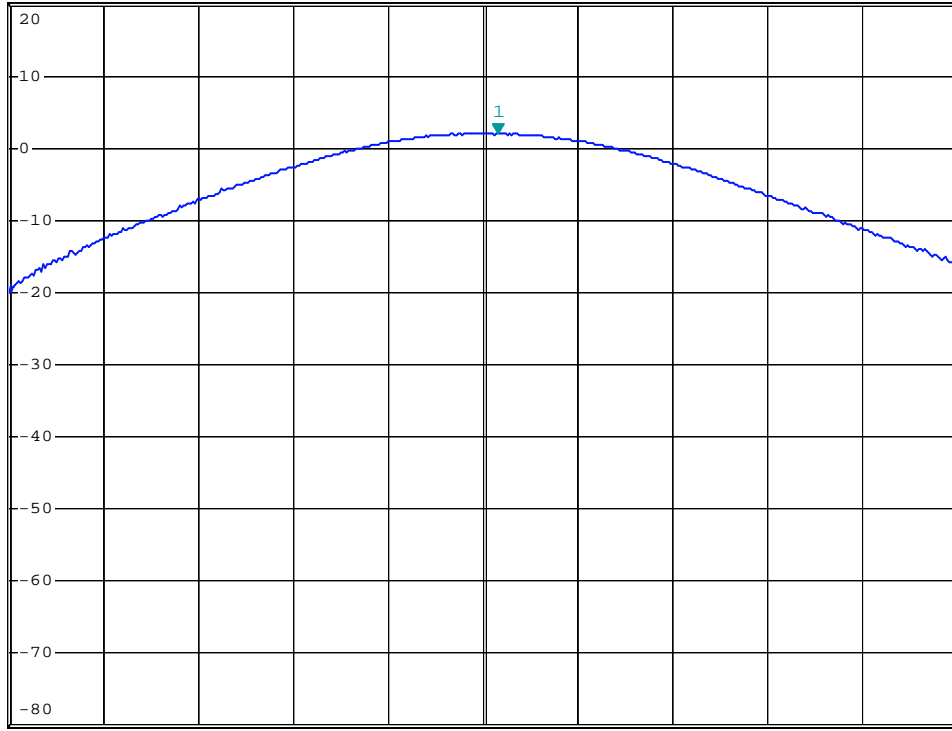


*RBW 3 MHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 10 MHz 2.04 dBm
SWT 2.5 ms 2.480160000 GHz

Ref 20 dBm

Att 50 dB

1 PK
VIEW



A

12 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

12.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

12.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation
 - RBW \geq 1% of the span
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

12.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

12.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

B. BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

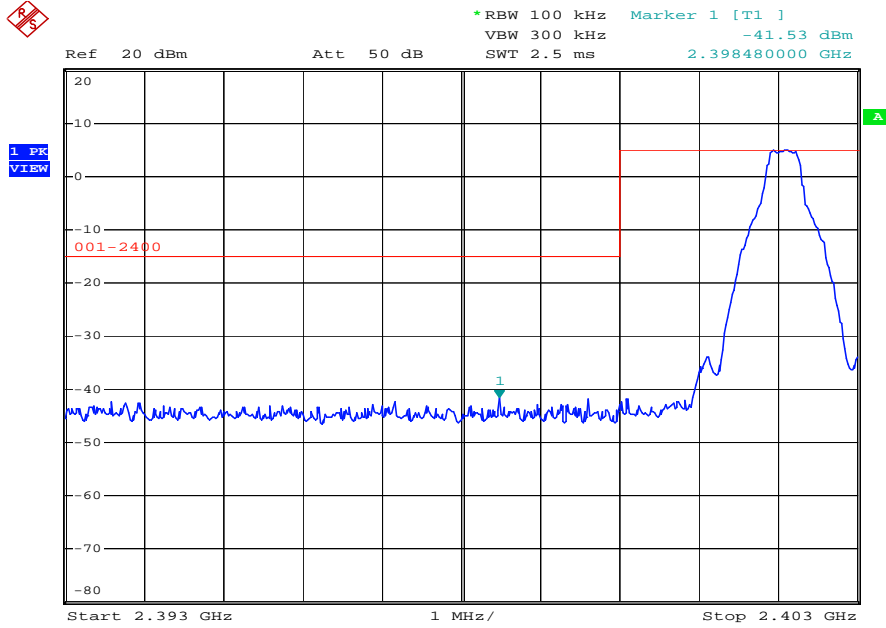
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

- a) Lower Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.
- b) Upper Band Edge : All emissions in this 100kHz bandwidth are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

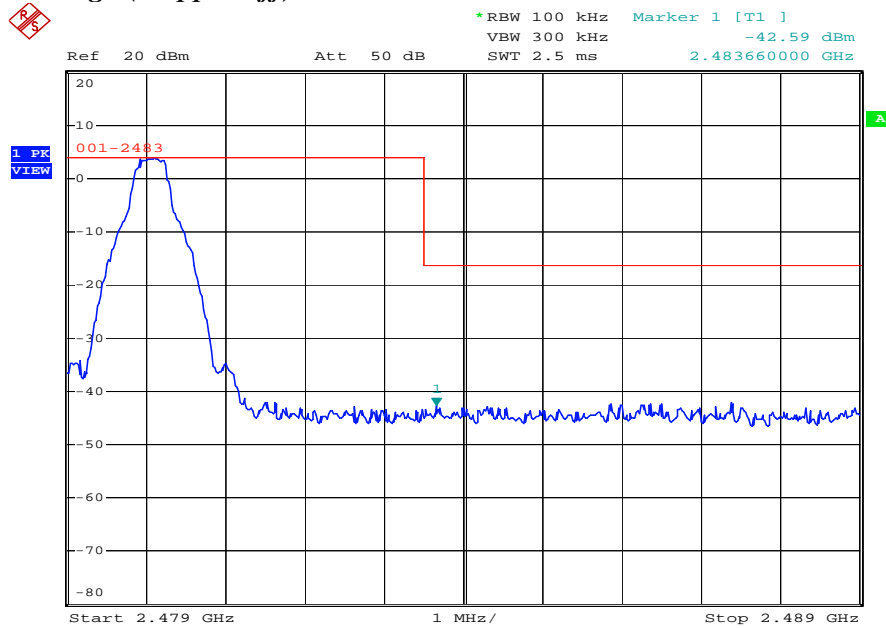
Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

BT1
Mode: Bluetooth BR

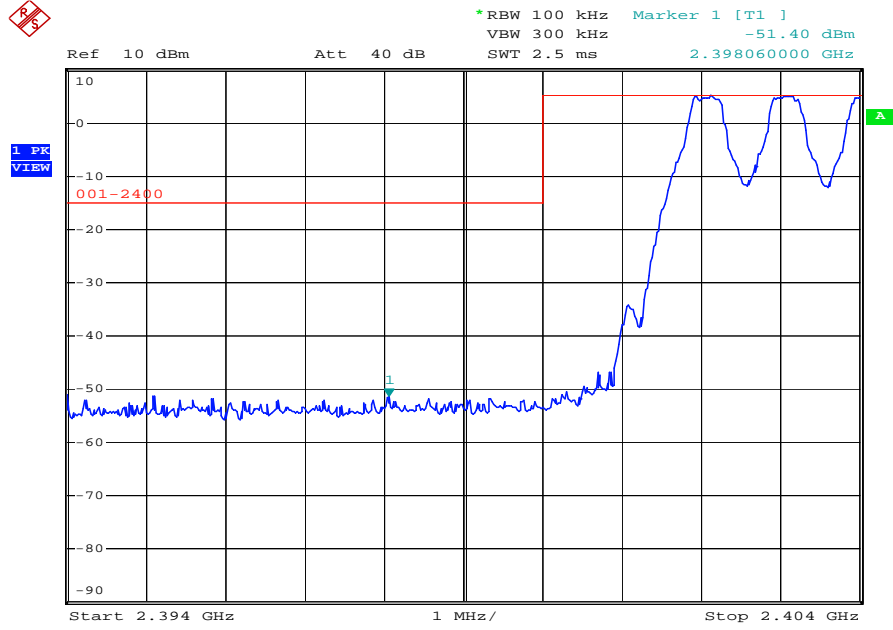
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin off)



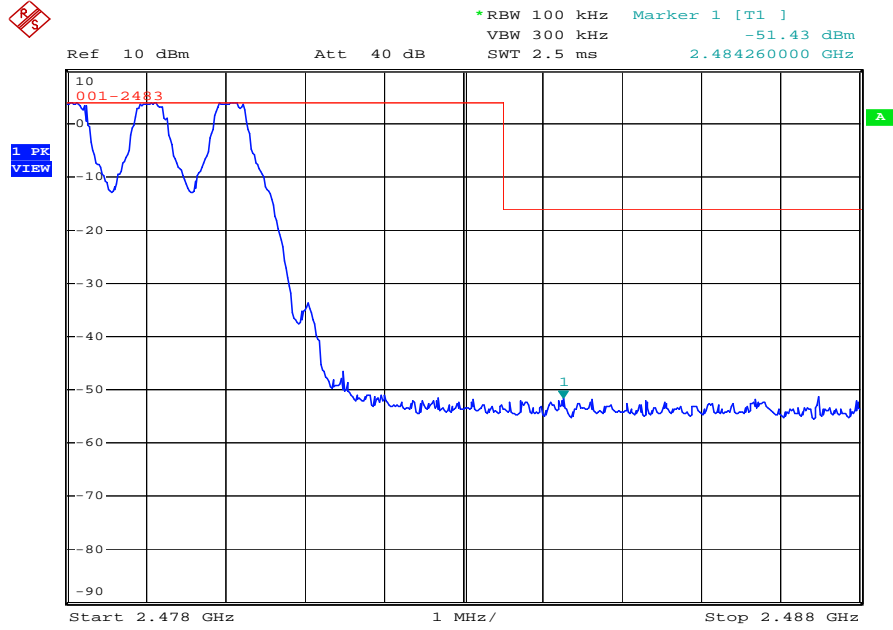
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin off)



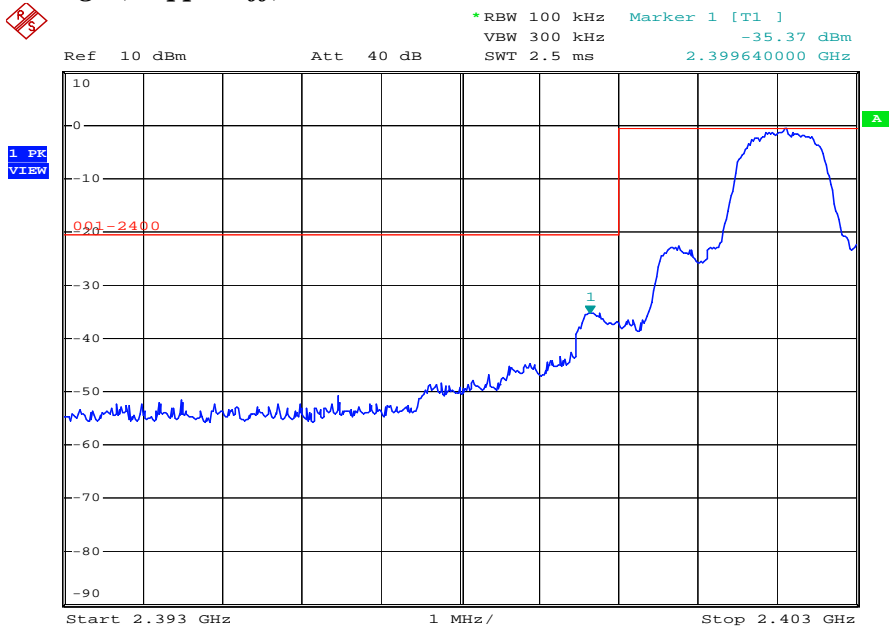
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin on)



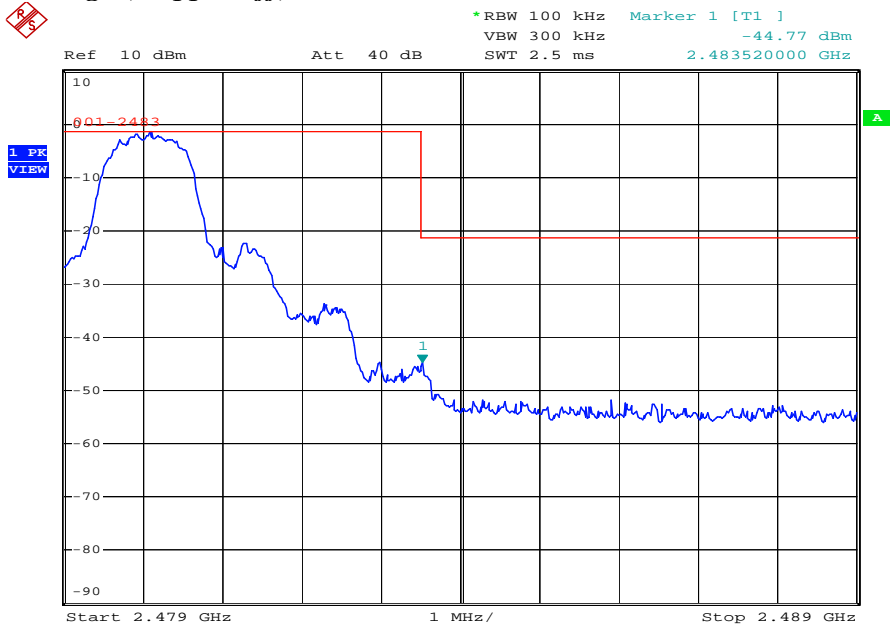
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin on)



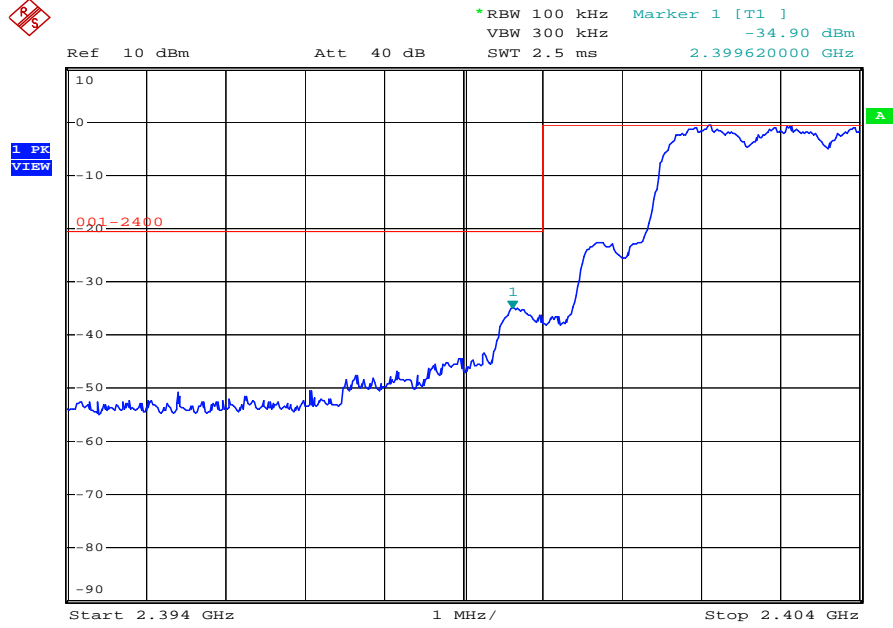
BT1
Mode: Bluetooth EDR
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin off)



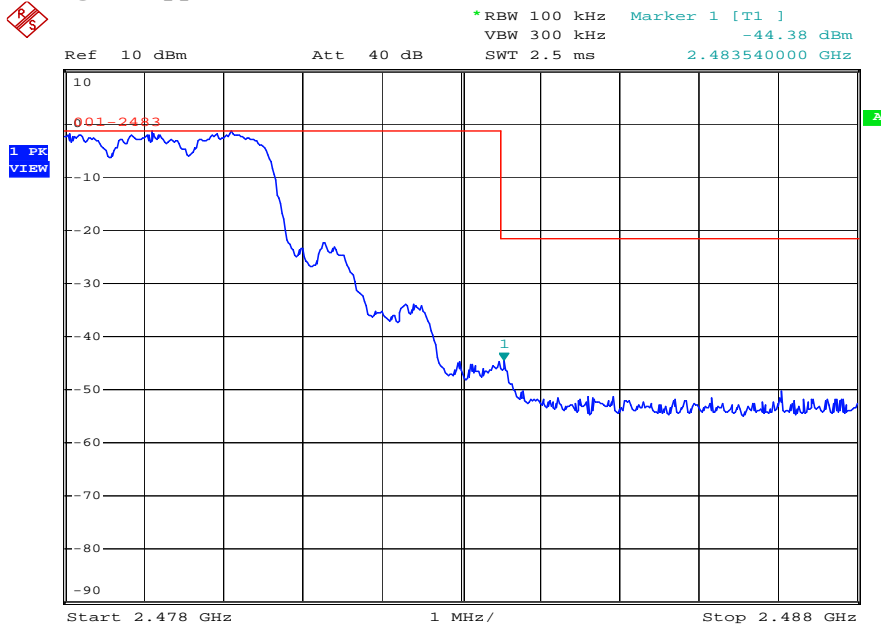
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin off)



Lower Band Edge (Hoppin on)

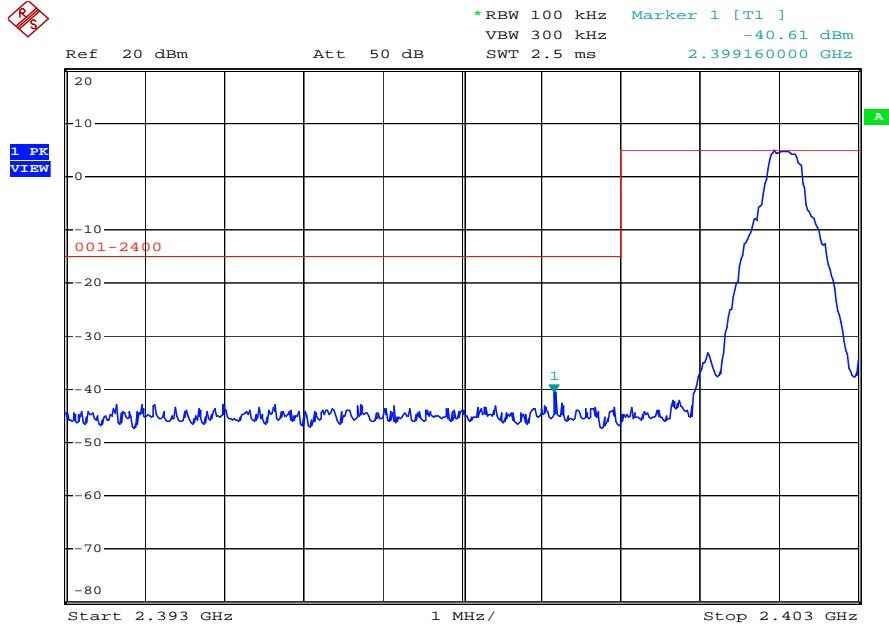


Upper Band Edge (Hoppin on)

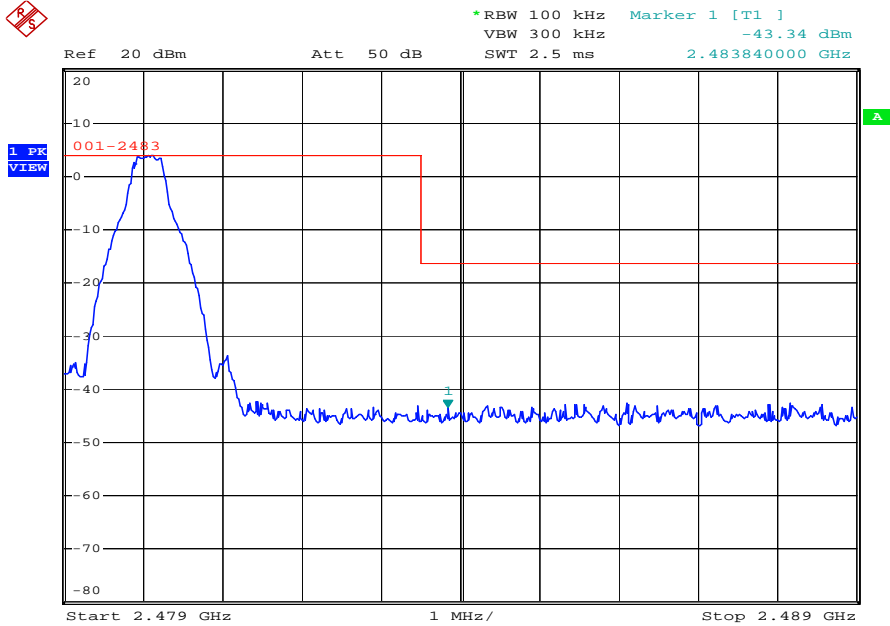


BT2
Mode: Bluetooth BR

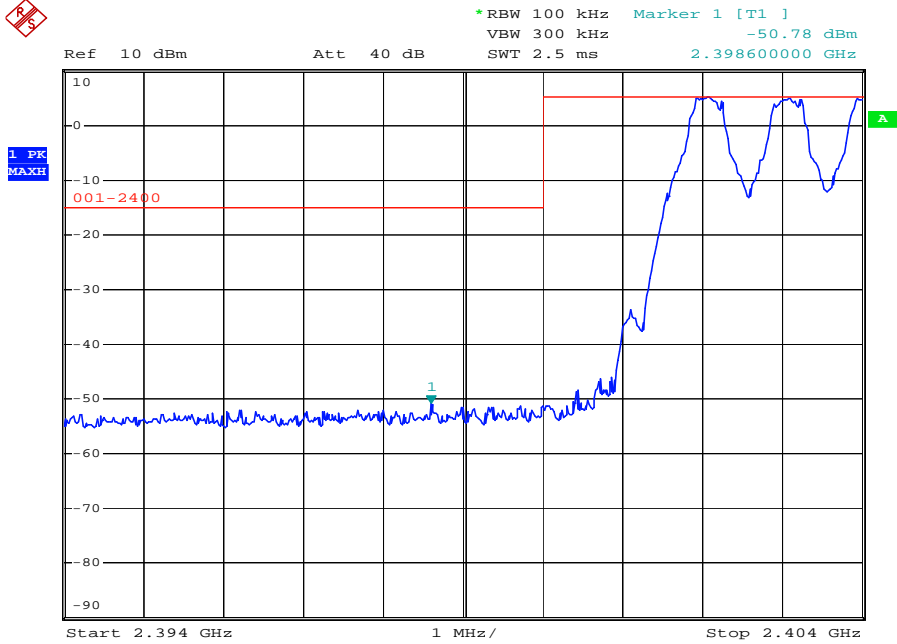
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin off)



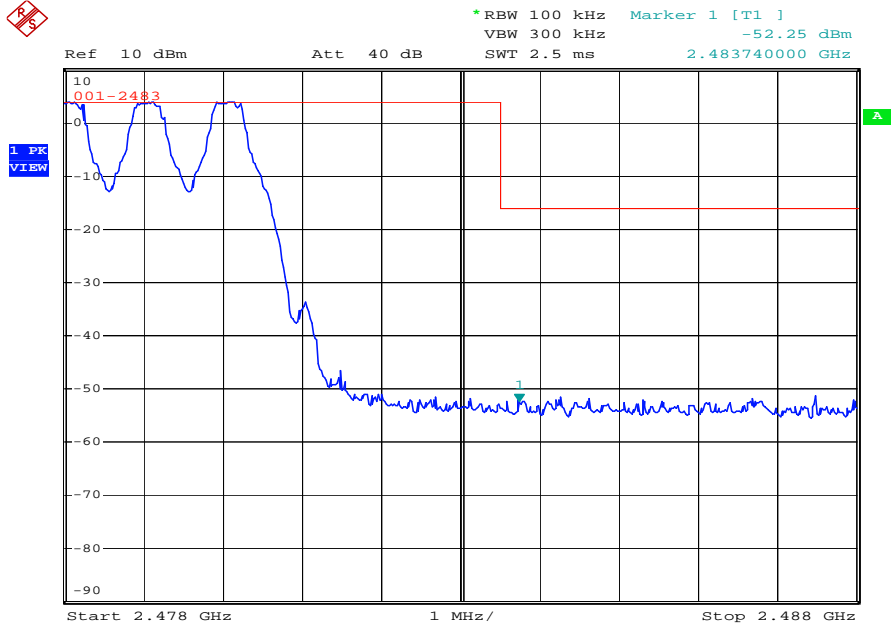
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin off)



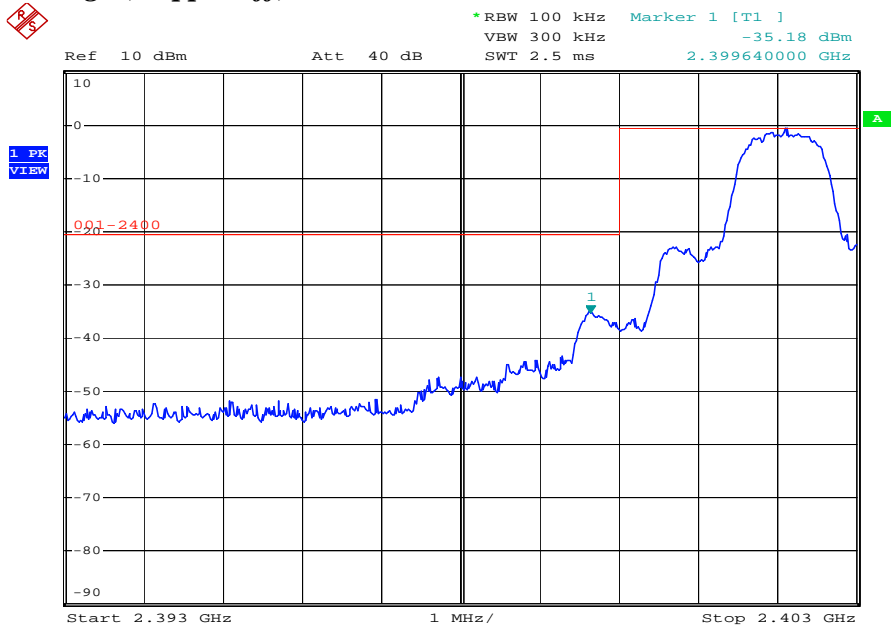
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin on)



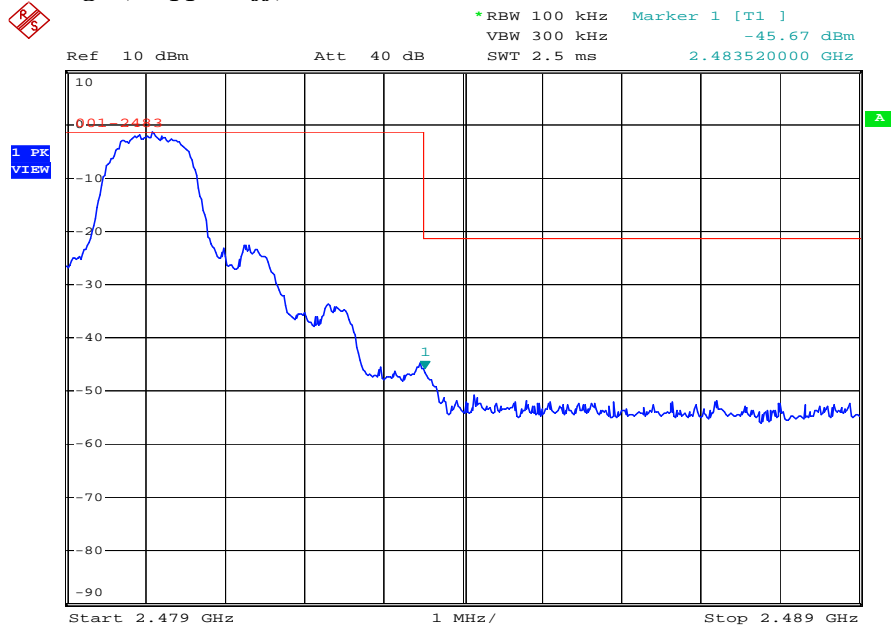
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin on)



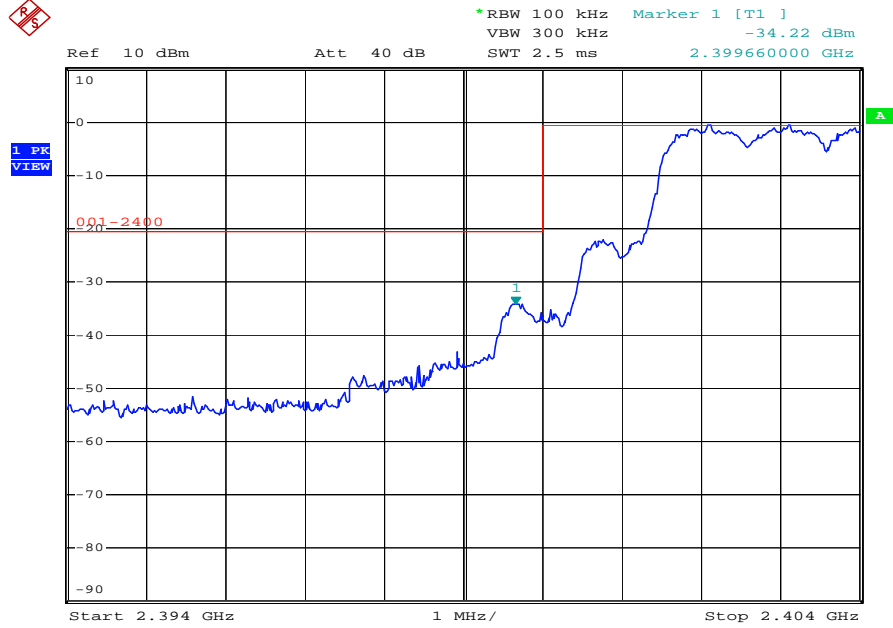
BT2
Mode: Bluetooth EDR
Lower Band Edge (Hoppin off)



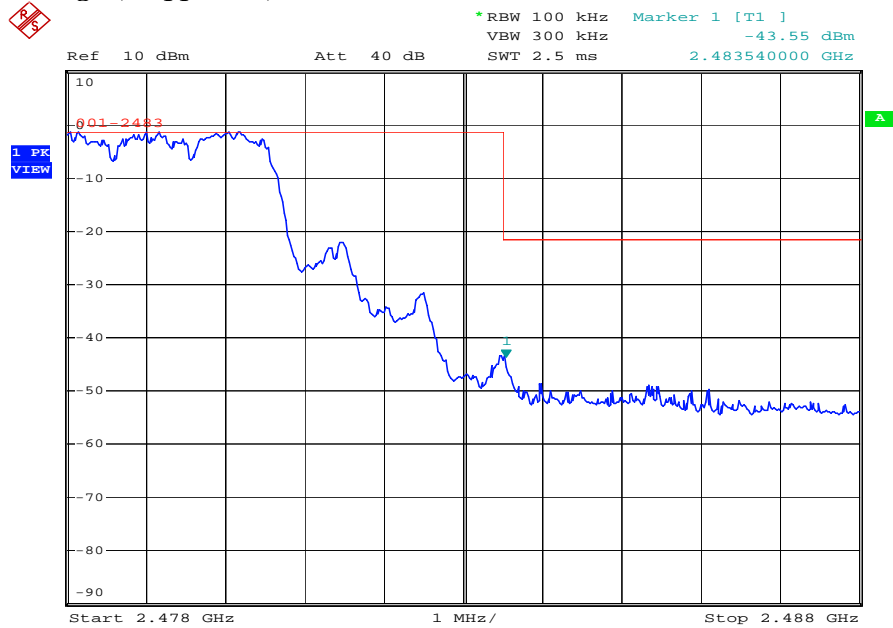
Upper Band Edge (Hoppin off)



Lower Band Edge (Hoppin on)



Upper Band Edge (Hoppin on)



13 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION MEASUREMENT

13.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

13.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT as shown in figure 4 without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
 - RBW = 100 kHz
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold.
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. Plot the result on the screen of spectrum analyzer.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

13.3 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

13.4 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

A. BT1

Mode: Bluetooth BR

Mode : Low Channel/ Mid Channel/ Hi Channel

1 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Mode : Low Channel/ Mid Channel/ Hi Channel

1 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

B. BT2

Mode: Bluetooth BR

Mode : Low Channel/ Mid Channel/ Hi Channel

- a) 1 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Mode : Low Channel/ Mid Channel/ Hi Channel

- a) 1 GHz to 25 GHz frequency band: All emissions are attenuated more than 20dB from the carrier.

Note : The expanded uncertainty: 2dB.

BT1

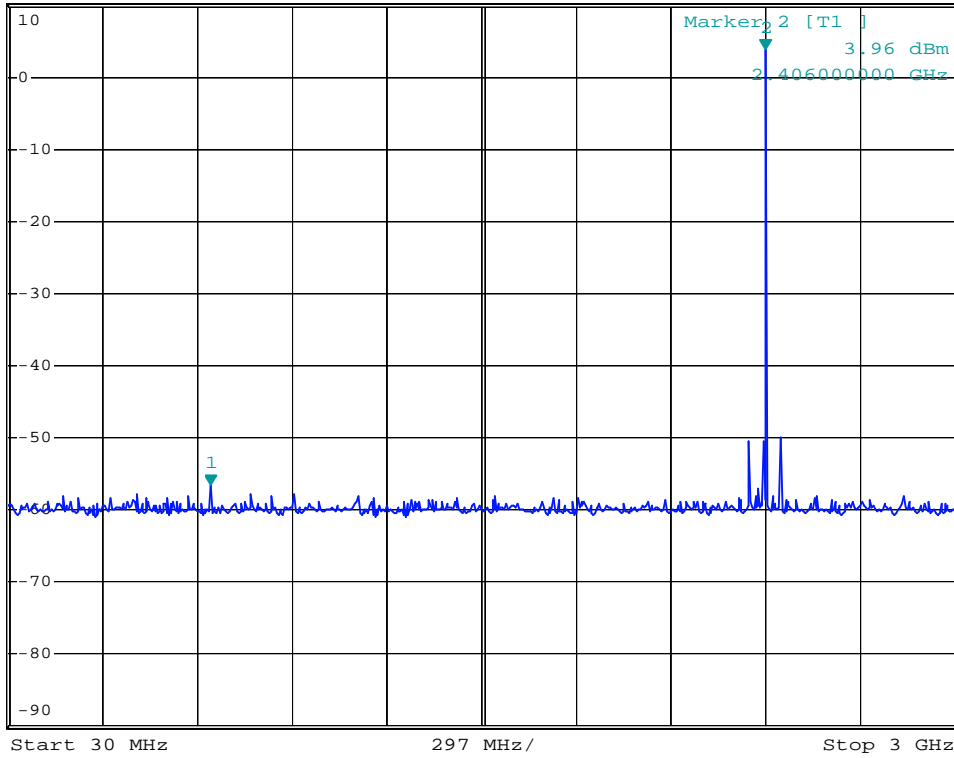
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Mode : Low Channel



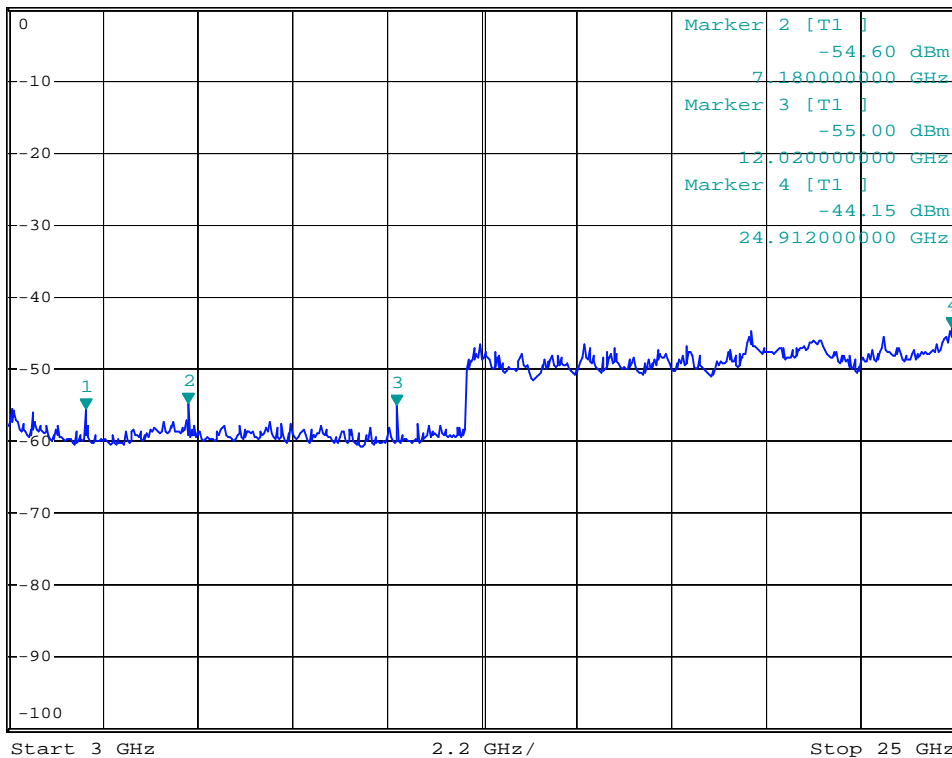
Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -56.65 dBm
SWT 300 ms 665.580000000 MHz

1 PK
VIEW



Ref 0 dBm Att 30 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -55.52 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.804000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

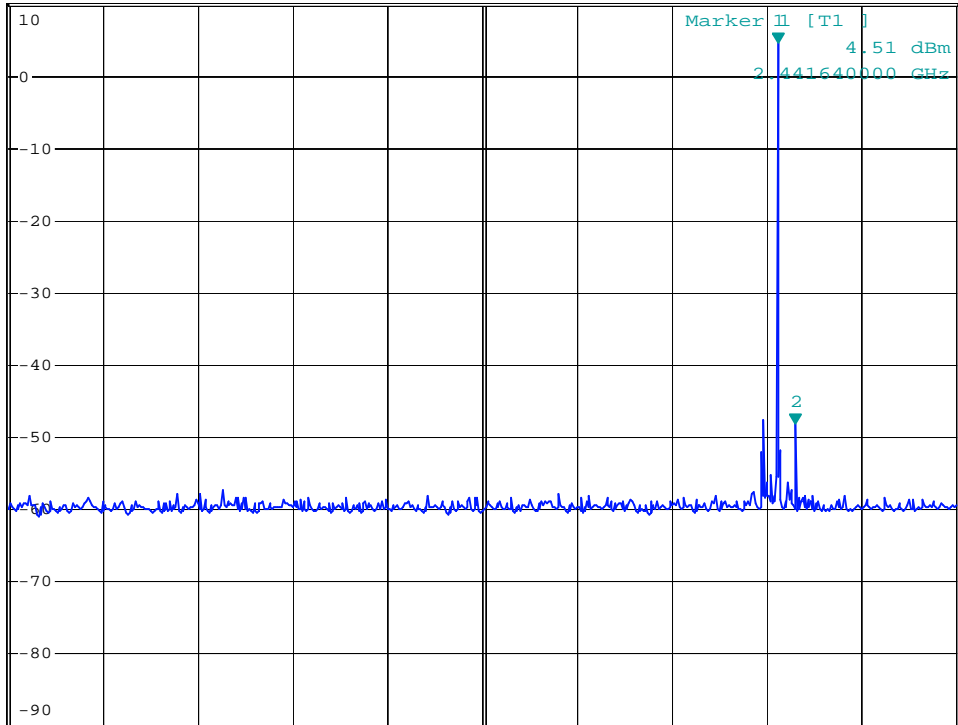


Mode : Mid Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 2 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -48.06 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.495100000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

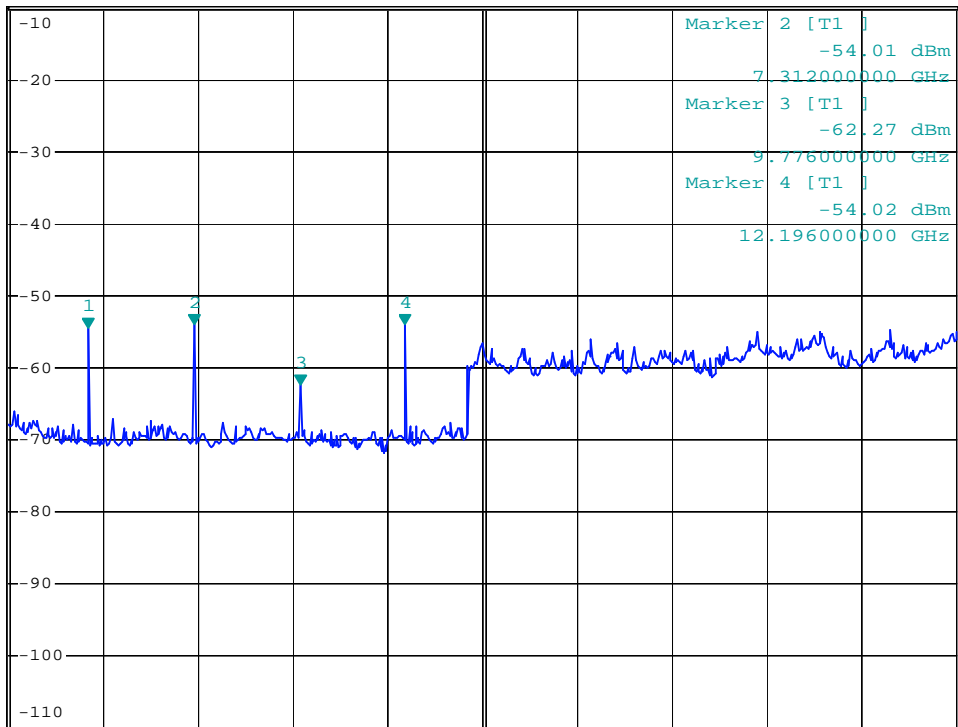


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -54.38 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.848000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



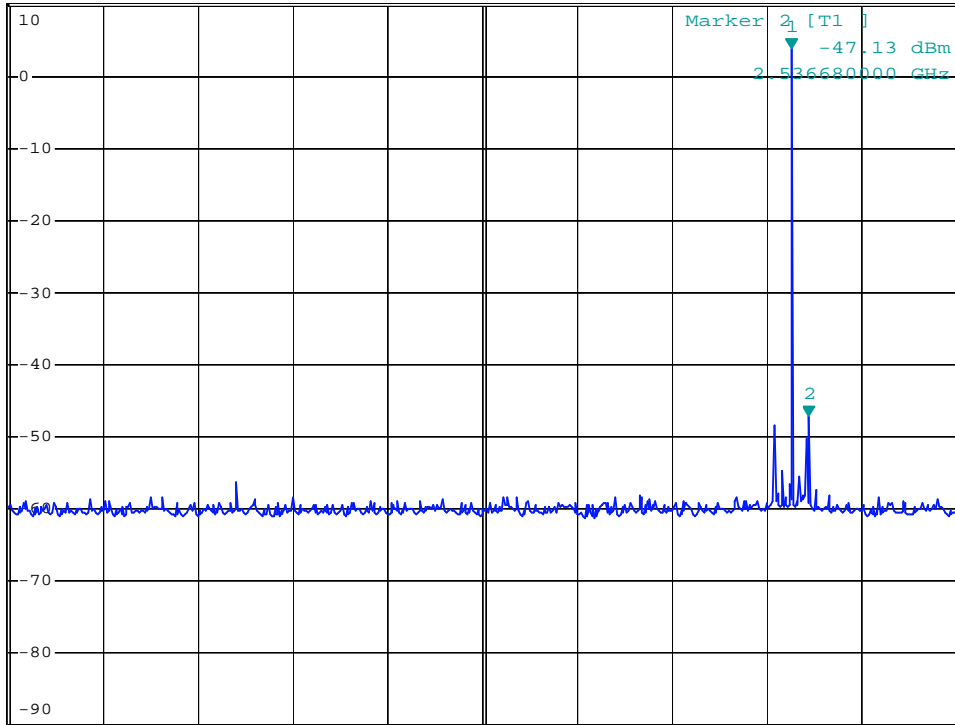
Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

Mode : Hi Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz 3.87 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.483220000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

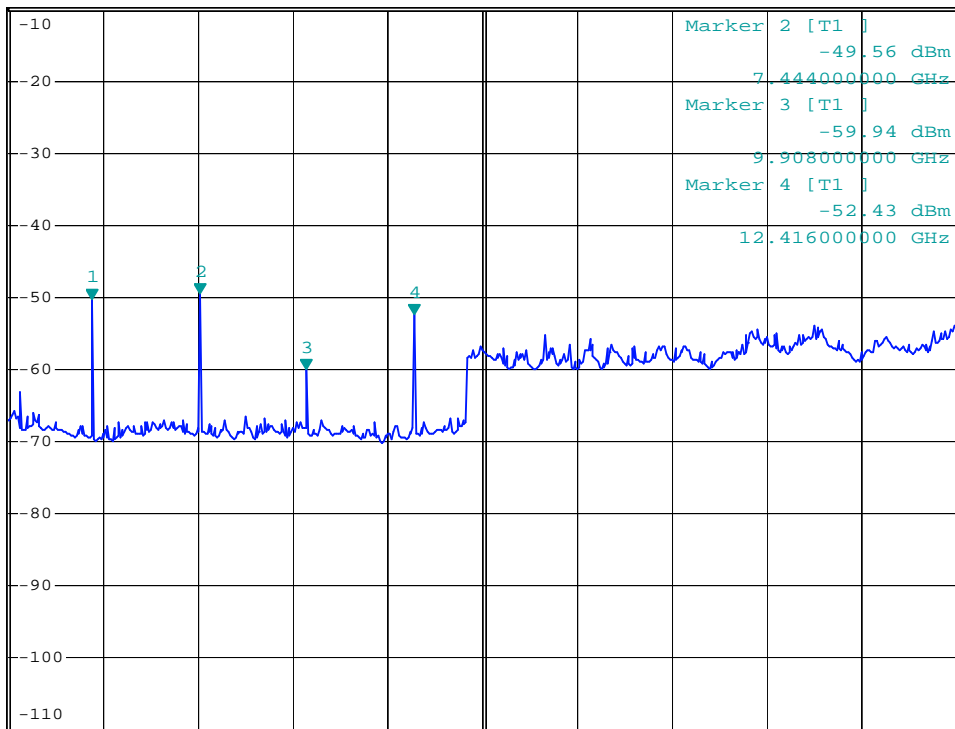


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -50.28 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.936000000 GHz

1 PK
MAXH



Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

BT1

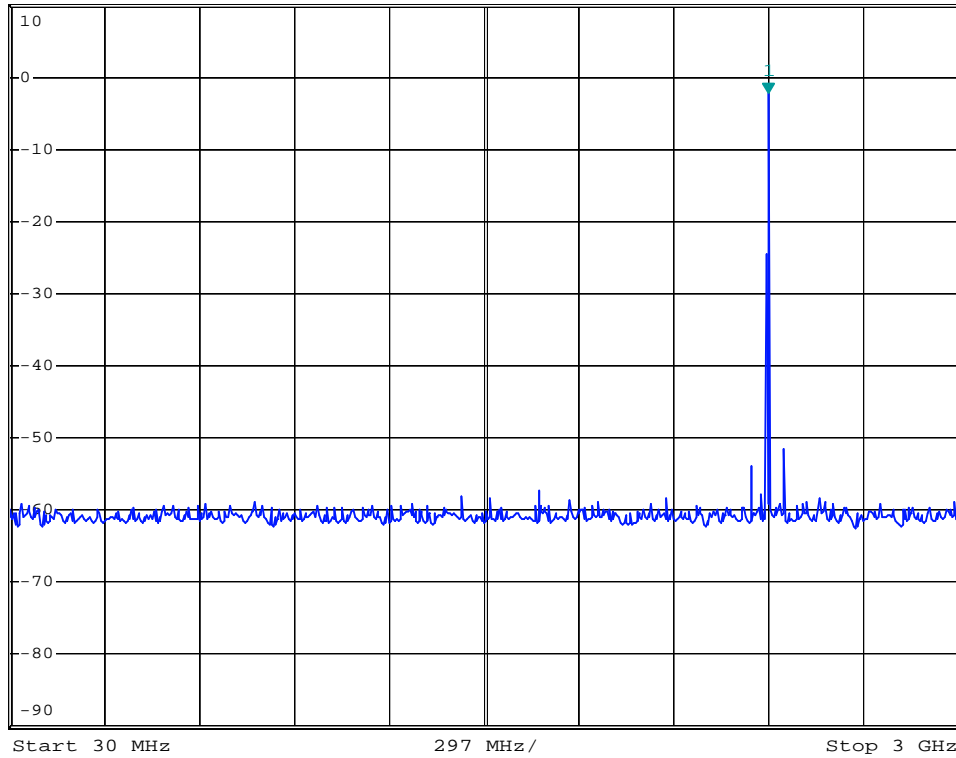
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Mode : Low Channel



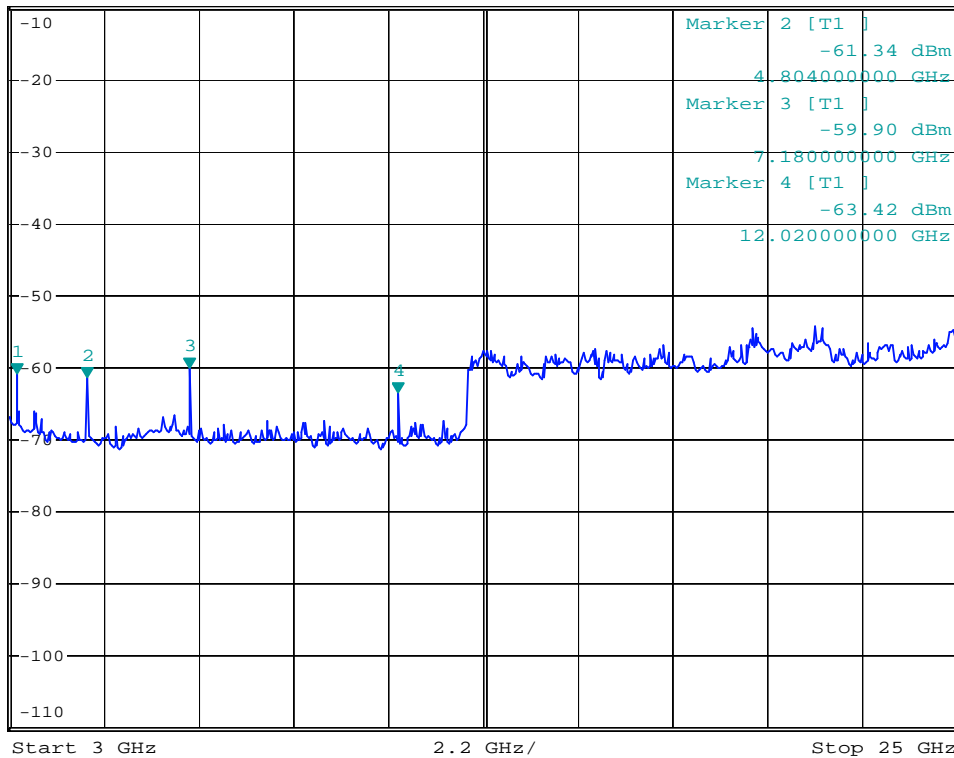
Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -2.28 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.406000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -60.71 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 3.176000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

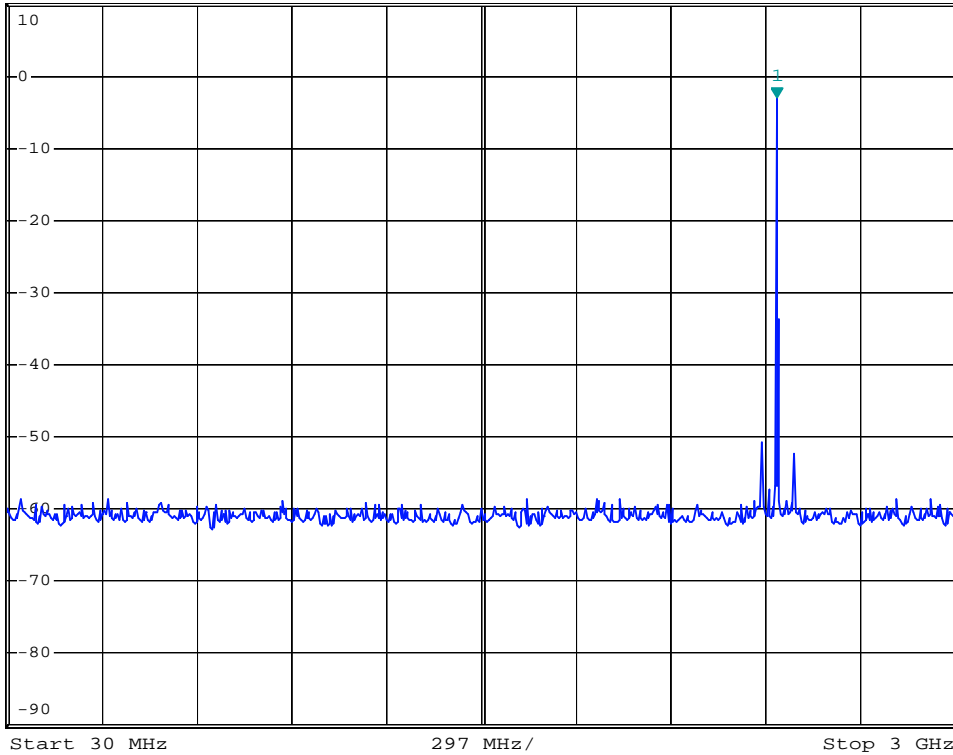


Mode : Mid Channel



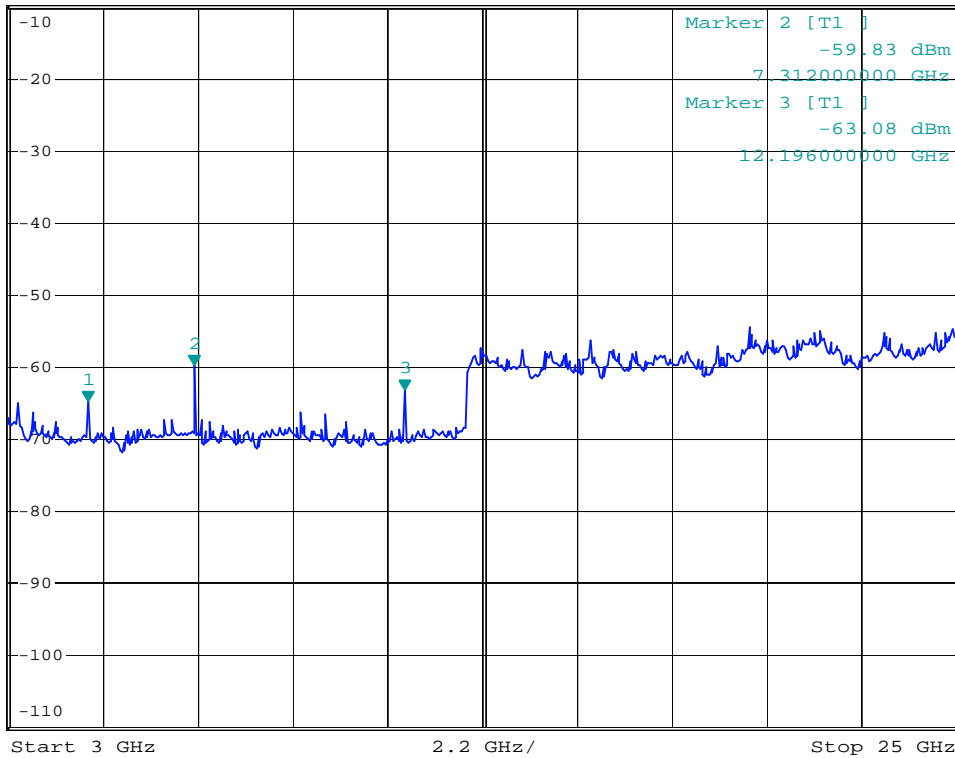
Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -3.00 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.441640000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -64.61 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.848000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

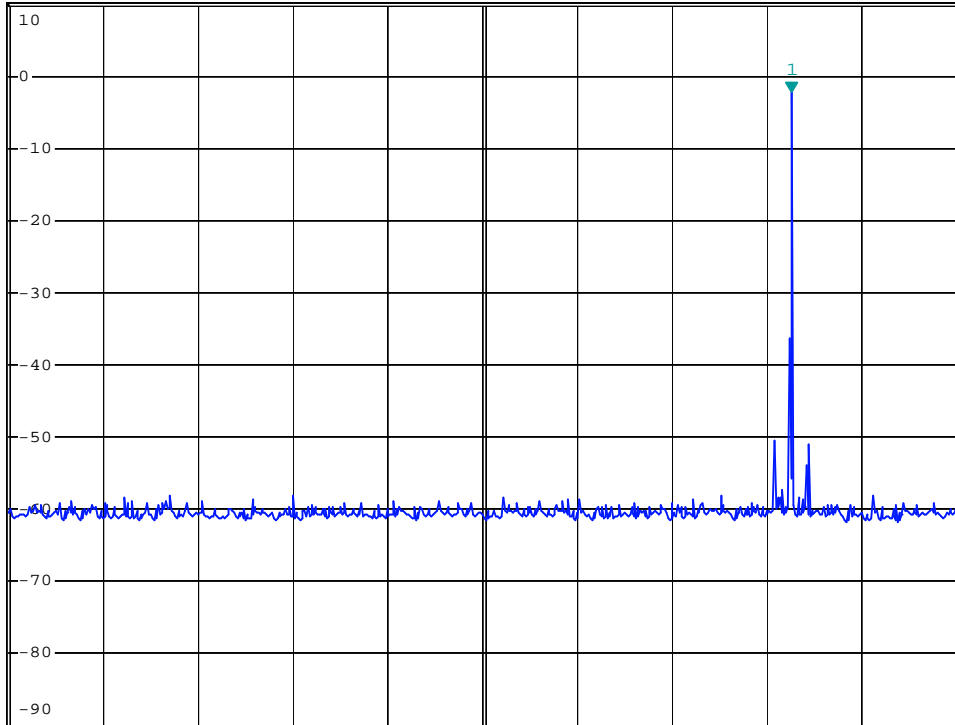


Mode : Hi Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -2.18 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.483220000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

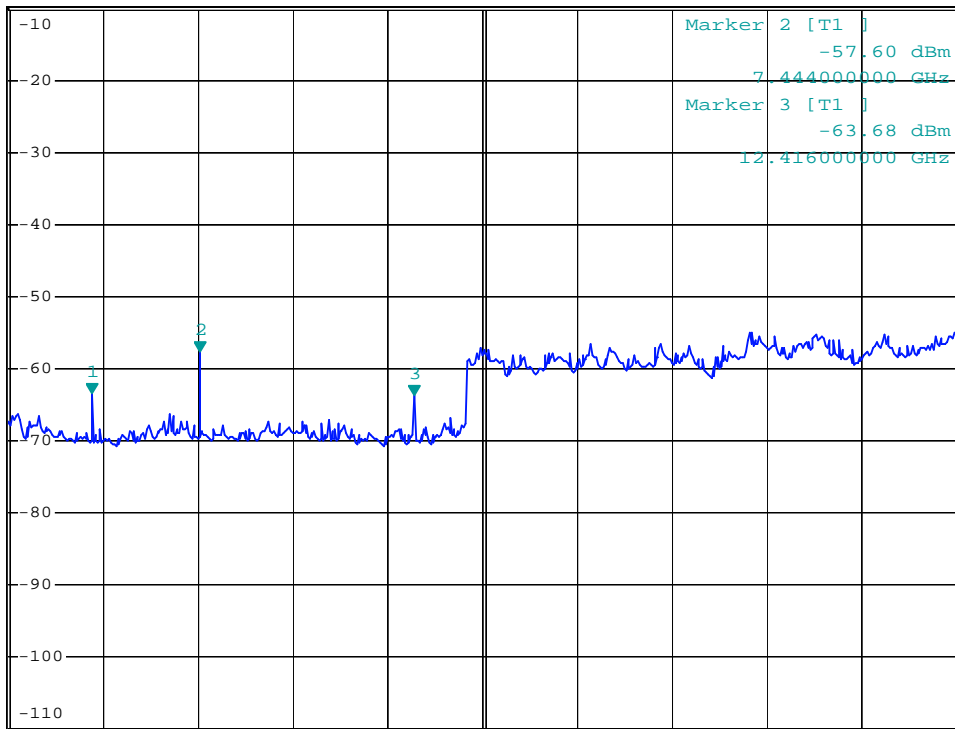


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -63.42 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.936000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

BT2

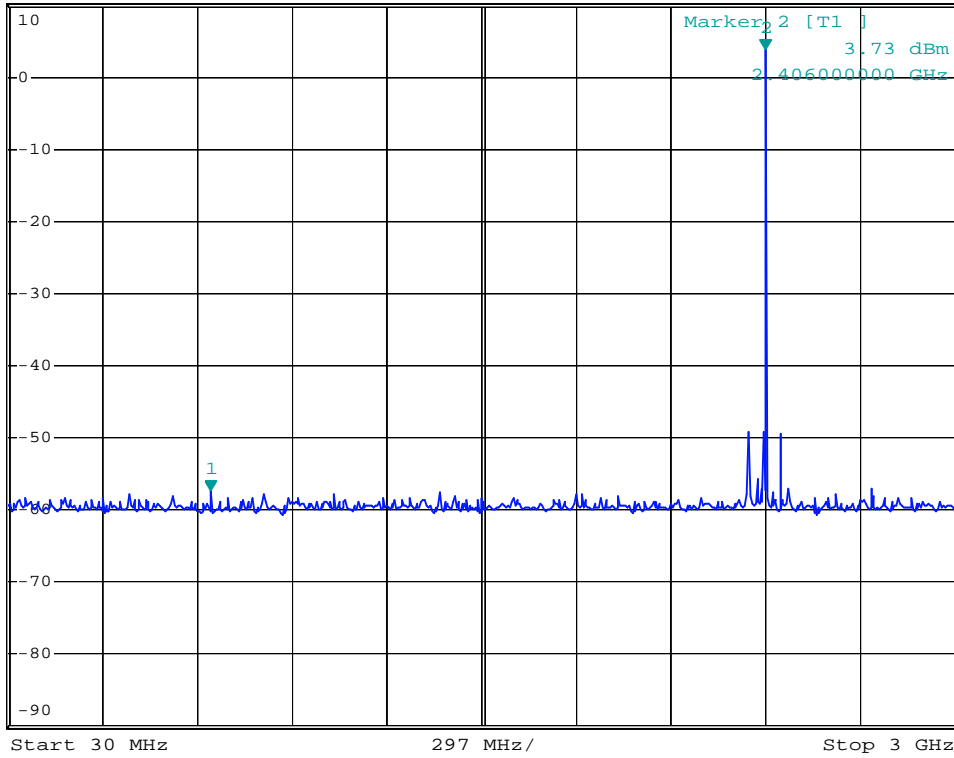
Mode: Bluetooth BR

Mode : Low Channel



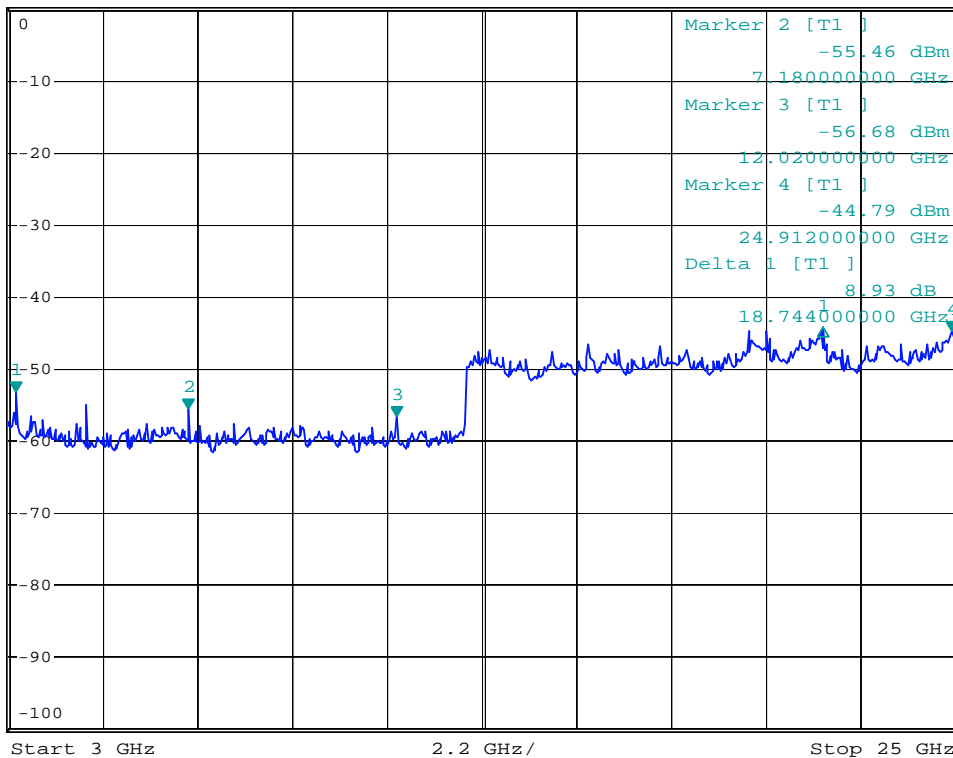
Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -57.29 dBm
SWT 300 ms 665.580000000 MHz

1 PK
VIEW



Ref 0 dBm Att 30 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -53.25 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 3.176000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

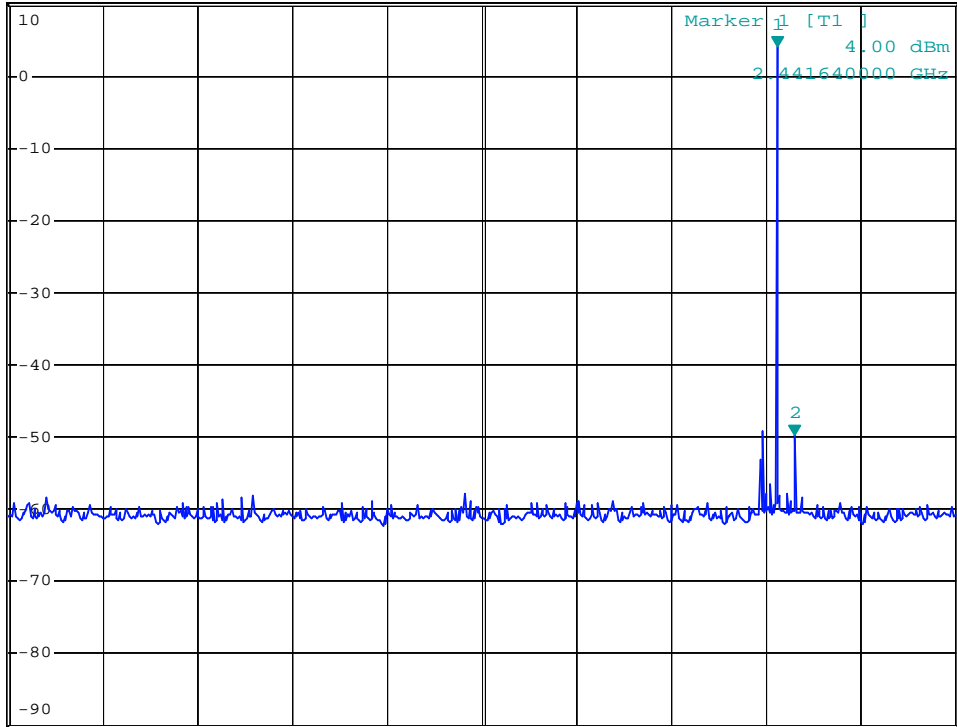


Mode : Mid Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 2 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -49.59 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.495100000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

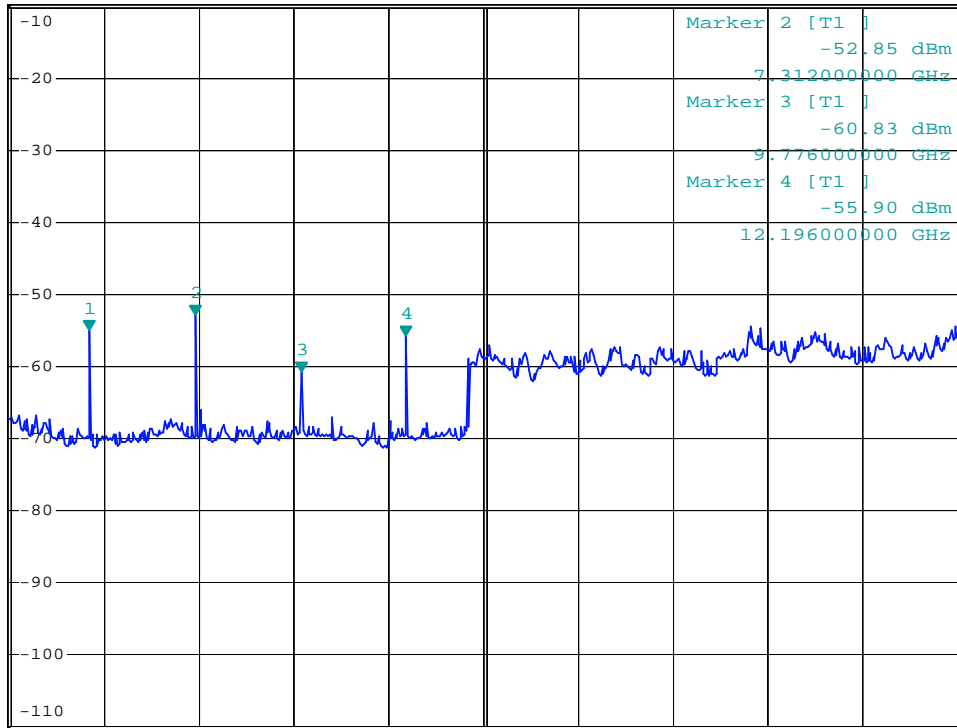


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -55.04 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.848000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



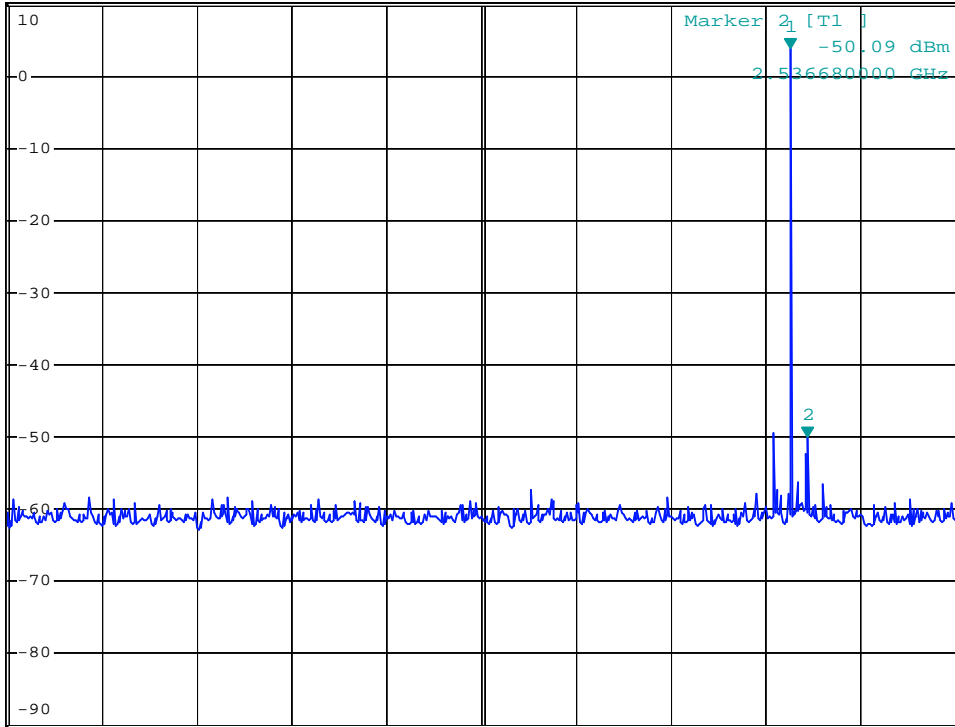
Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

Mode : Hi Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz 3.78 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.483220000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

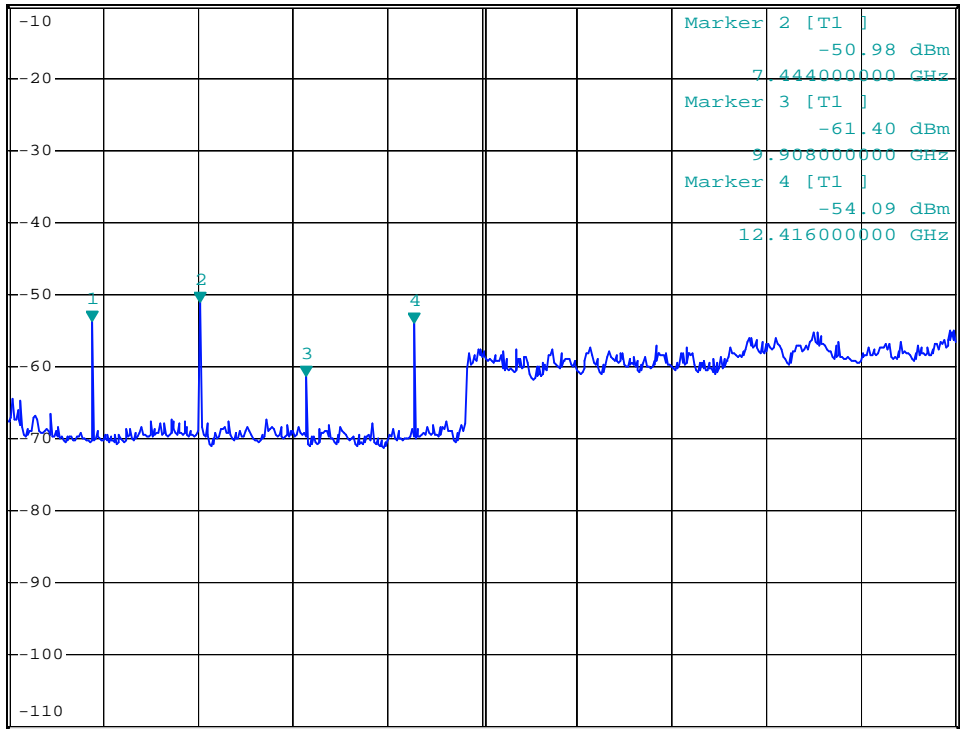


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -53.69 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.936000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

BT2

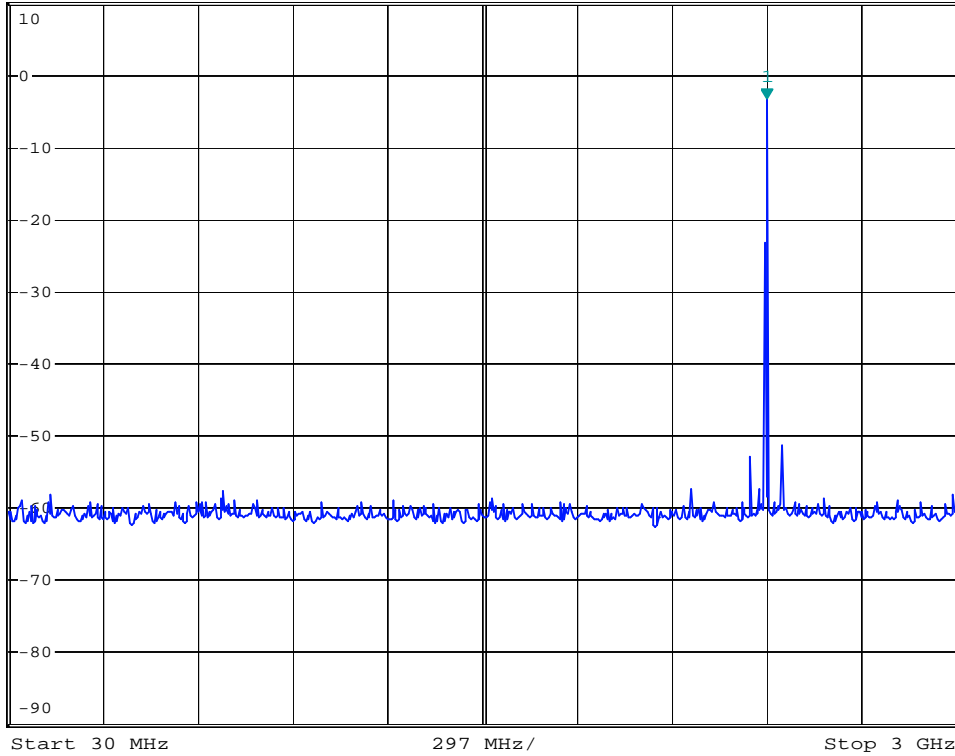
Mode: Bluetooth EDR

Mode : Low Channel



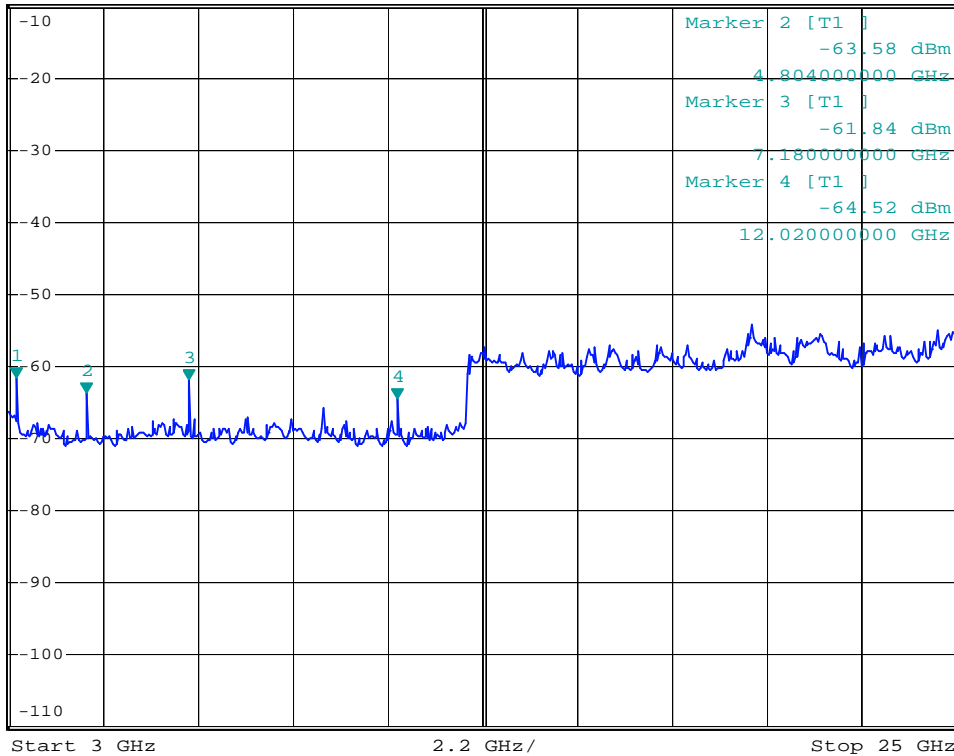
Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -3.33 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.406000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -61.70 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 3.176000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

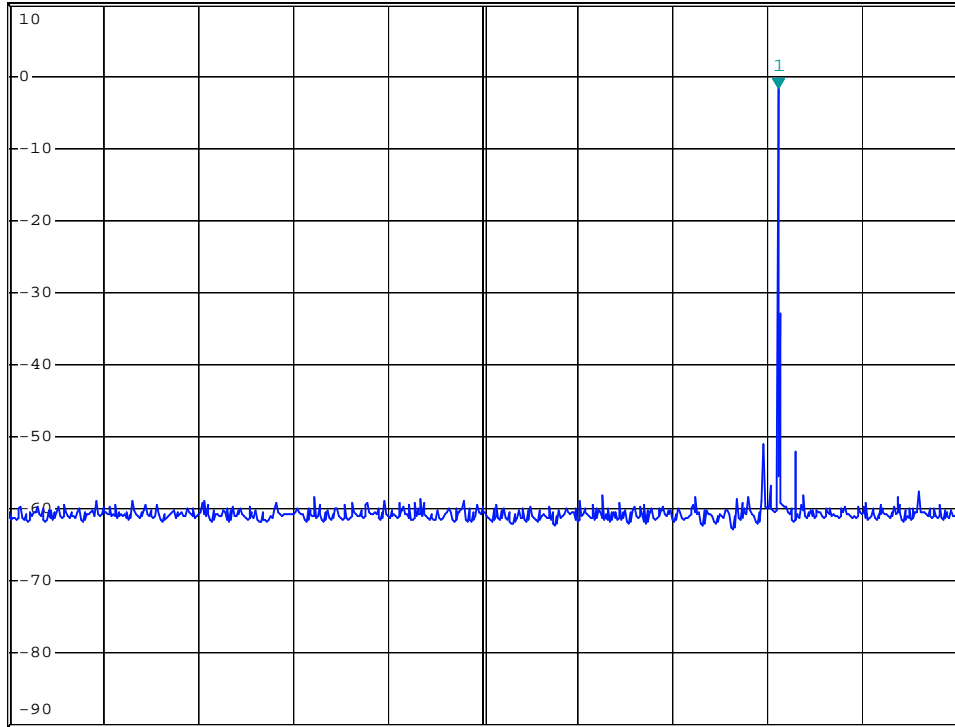


Mode : Mid Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -1.68 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.441640000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

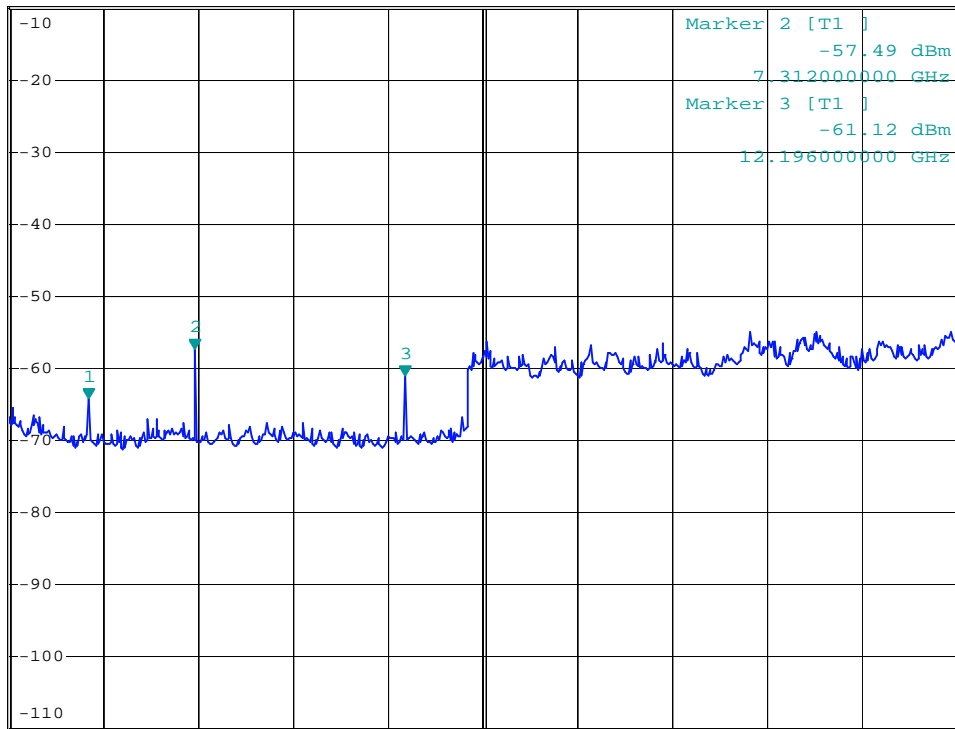


Start 30 MHz 297 MHz/ Stop 3 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -64.21 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.848000000 GHz

1 PK
VIEW

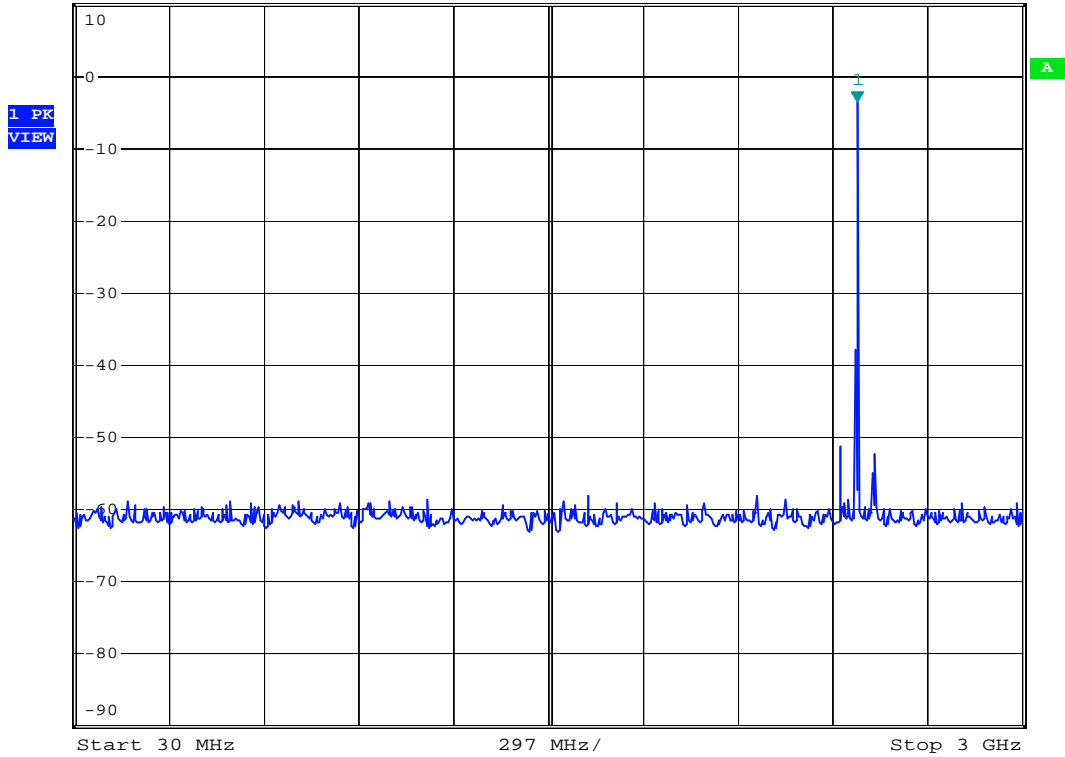


Start 3 GHz 2.2 GHz/ Stop 25 GHz

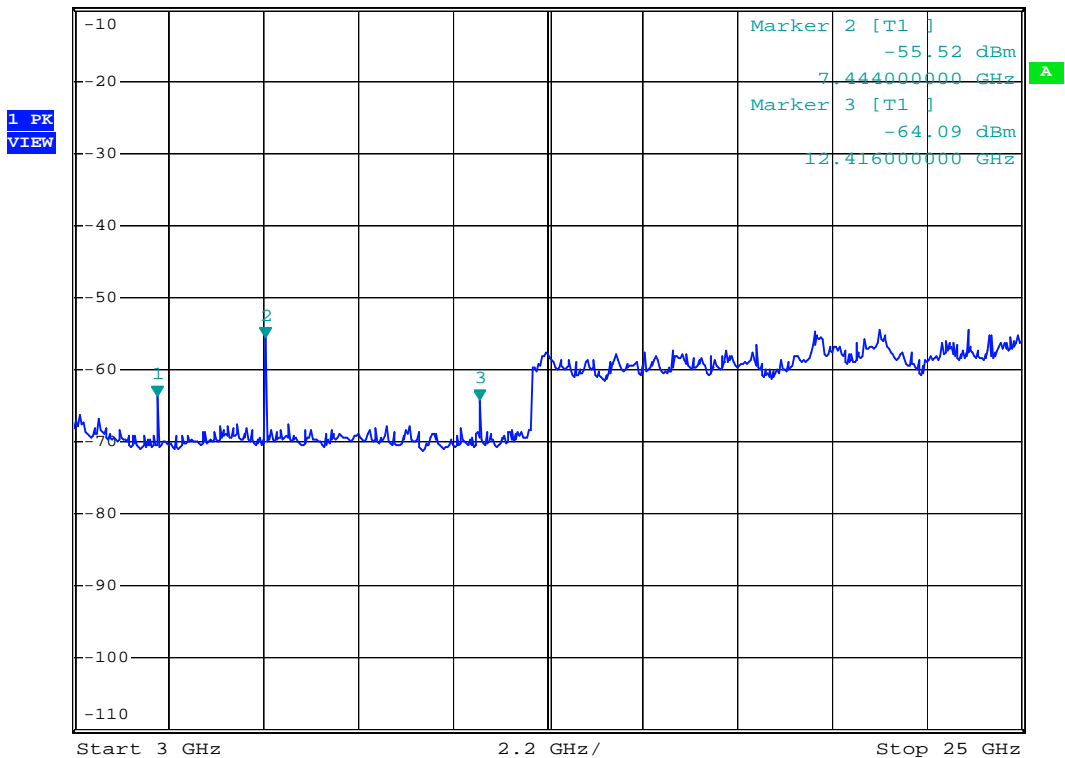
Mode : Hi Channel



Ref 10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -3.48 dBm
SWT 300 ms 2.483220000 GHz



Ref -10 dBm *Att 20 dB *RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 300 kHz -63.70 dBm
SWT 2.2 s 4.936000000 GHz



14. DUTY CYCLE

14.1 Standard Applicable

None. Reference only.

14.2 Measurement Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Calibration Date	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	2016/10/03	2017/10/02
Attenuator	MINI-CIRCUITS	BW-S10W2+	2016/09/30	2017/09/29

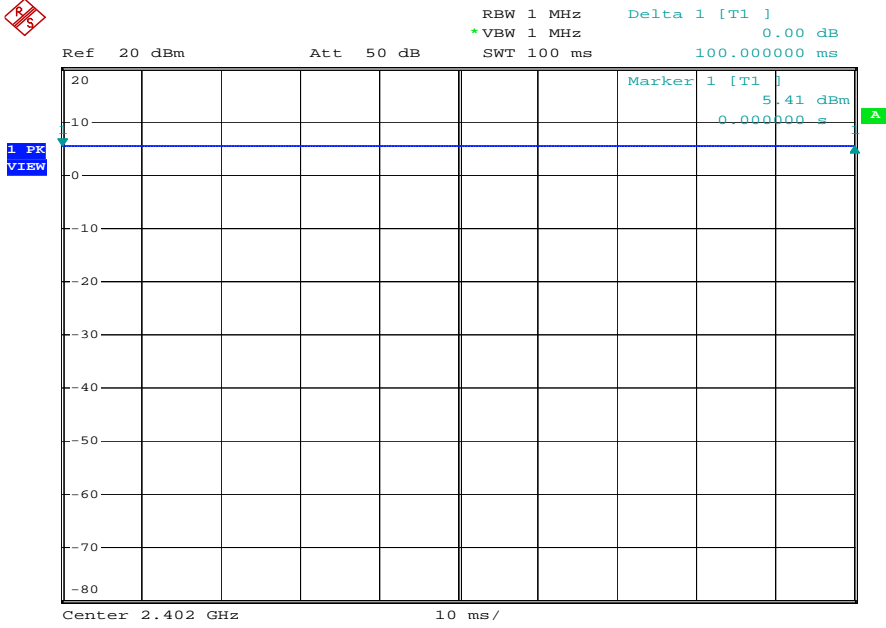
14.3 Measurement Data

Test Date : Sep. 05, 2017 Temperature : 27 °C Humidity : 53 %

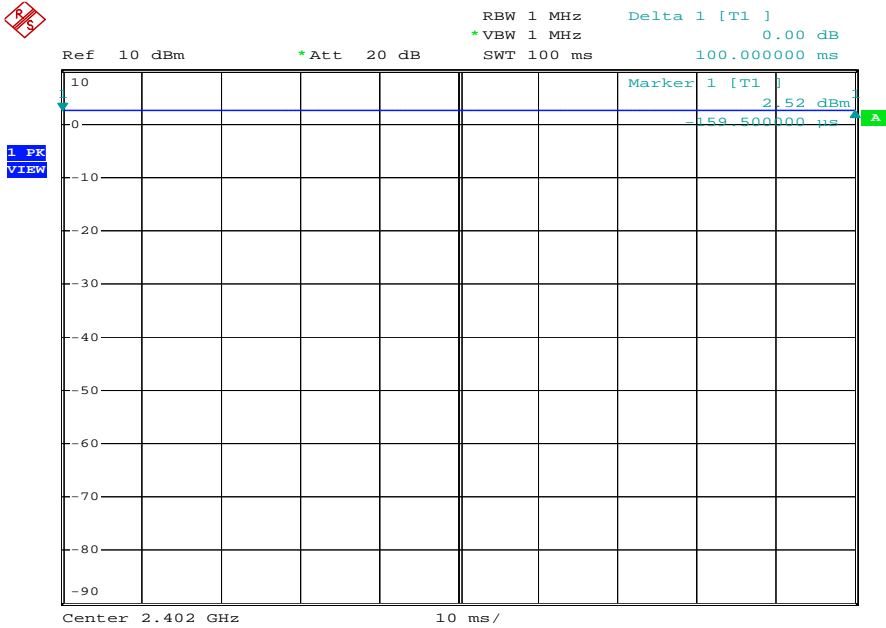
The EUT set for test with the continuous transmission mode and the duty cycle >98%.

Refer to the following page for data plots.

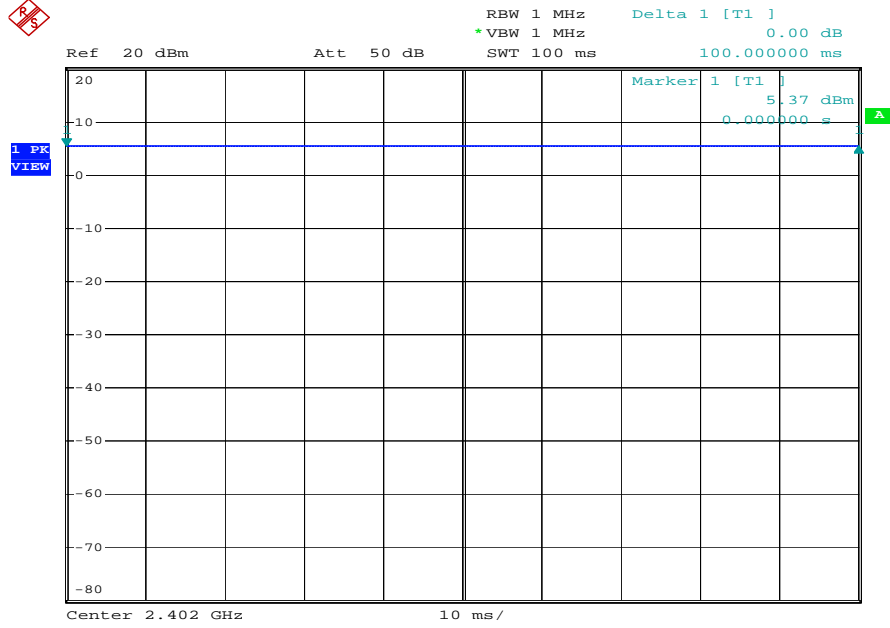
BT1
BR / DH5



EDR / DH5



BT2
BR / DH5



EDR / DH5

