

October 2, 2009

Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 69850-00094-14 (Edition 1)

Applicant:	IDENTEC SOLUTIONS Deutschland GmbH
Type of equipment:	Active Transponder Tag
Type designation:	i-Q310 ATN
Order No.:	1930117
Test standards:	FCC Code of Federal Regulations, CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.107, 15.109, 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.231
	Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications RSS-Gen Issue 2, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.3 and RSS-210 Issue 7, Sections 2.2, A1.1 (Category I Equipment)

Note:

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.



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1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General data of EUT		
Type designation ¹ :	i-Q310 ATN	
Parts ² :		
Serial number(s):	18717467476100	
Manufacturer:	IDENTEC SOLUTIONS Deutschland GmbH	
Type of equipment:	Active Transponder Tag	
Version:	As received	
FCC ID:		
Additional parts/accessories:		

Technical data of EUT		
Application frequency range:	433.5 - 434.5 MHz	
Frequency range:	433.868	
Operating frequency:	433.868 MHz	
Type of modulation:	FSK	
Pulse train:		
Pulse width:		
Number of RF-channels:	1	
Channel spacing:	Not applicable	
Designation of emissions ³ :		
Type of antenna:	Integrated	
Size/length of antenna:		
Connection of antenna:	detachable	⊠ not detachable
Type of power supply:	Battery supply	
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage:	3.6 V

2 Administrative Data

¹ Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

 $^{^{2}}$ Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.

³ Also known as "Class of Emission".



IDENTEC SOLUTIONS Deutschland GmbH Hertzstraße 10 D-69469 Weinheim
Hans-Günther Meuthen
1930117
August 11, 2009
September 2009

Report details	
Report number:	69850-00094-14
Edition:	1
Issue date:	October 2, 2009



3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

Details of the Test Laboratory		
Company name:	TÜV SÜD SENTON GmbH	
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany	
Laboratory accreditation:	DAR-Registration No. DAT-PL-171/94-03	
FCC test site registration number	90926	
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-1	
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt	
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99	



4 Summary

Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.109, 15.205, 15.215 and 15.231(a)-(d)

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

Radio Standards Specifications RSS-Gen Issue 2, Sections 7.2.3 and RSS-210 Issue 7, Sections 2.2, A1.1.1 to A1.1.3 (Category I Equipment)

of Industry Canada (IC).

Personnel involved in this report		
Laboratory Manager:		
	Ze Col	
	Mr. Johann Roidt	
Responsible for testing:		
	Skindl Martin	
	Mr. Martin Steindl	
Responsible for test report:	Mr. Martin Steindl	



5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

Operation Mode(s)

The EUT was operated in receiving and transmitting mode.

Configuration(s) of EUT

The EUT was configured as reader-triggered active transponder. The transponder reader was triggered manually. The receiving mode was measured in stand-alone-mode. For radiated emission testings the EUT was set to a special test mode with continuous transmitting to ease testings.

List of ports and cables				
Port	Description	Classification ⁴	Cable type	Cable length

List of devices connected to EUT			
Item Description 	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer

List of support devices				
Item	Description	Type Designation	Serial no. or ID	Manufacturer
1	Transponder Reader	i-Port F310	384369	IDENTEC SOLUTIONS

⁴ Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port



6 Measurement Procedures

6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2	
Measurement setup:	 ☐ Conducted: See below ☑ Radiated: Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) 	
If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance aposition of a spectrum analyzer is used as well as de block and appropriate attenuators.		

RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.

If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range.

The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).



6.2 Pulse Train Measurement

Measurement Procedure:				
CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.35(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.5				
ANSI C63.4				
 ☐ Conducted: See below (direct connection or via test fixture) ☑ Radiated: Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) 				
If antenna is detachable pulse train measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement). The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer or to a diode detector in combination with an oscilloscope. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.				

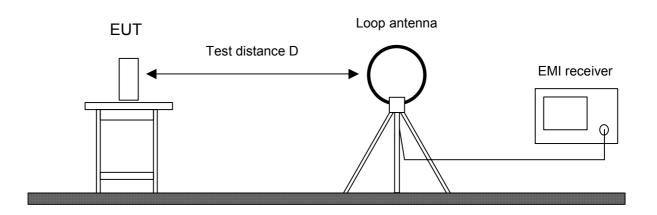
If antenna is not detachable a test fixture may be used instead of direct connection to RF output terminals.

If radiated measurements are performed similar test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range. However, the spectrum analyzer may be replaced by a diode detector connected to an oscilloscope.



6.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231(b)(3) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.2(b)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
the whole spectrum of emission	ncy range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or tector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration ectrum of intentional radiators.	
	are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and est emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.	
EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions. If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).		
Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.		
limit corresponding to 20 dB abc employed, the average field stre blanking intervals, as specified i 0.1 second interval during which	e expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak ove the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is ngth is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pothe peak value of the emission to get the average value.	





Test instruments used:

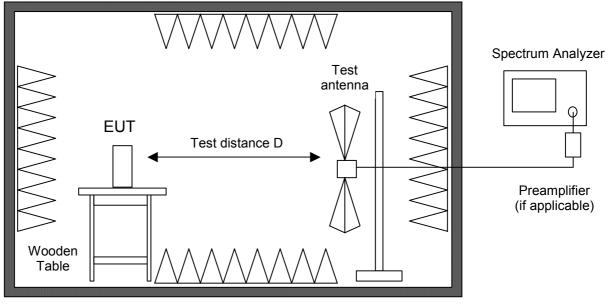
Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\square	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
\square	Test receiver	ESHS 10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
\square	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
\square	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens
\square	Open field test site	EG 1	1450	Senton



6.4 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:		
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.109, 15.215(b) and 15.231 IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 6(a) and 7.2.3.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.2	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
	ni anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the d in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.	
	n the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization in a fully anechoic room the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set //Hz (above 1 GHz).	
	ed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 band antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.	
All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.		
If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.		
Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.		
During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.		
For final testing below 1 GHz an open field test-site is used and the plots recorded in the fully or semi anechoic room are indicated as prescans.		





Fully or semi anechoic room

Test instruments used:

Used	Туре	Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\square	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 30	100063	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESPI7	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI test receiver	ESMI	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
\square	Preamplifier	CPA9231A	3393	Schaffner
	Preamplifier	R14601		Advantest
\square	Preamplifier 1-8 GHz	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	847743	Miteq
	Preamplifier 0.5-8 GHz	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	860149	Miteq
	Preamplifier 8-18 GHz	ACO/180-3530	32641	CTT
	External Mixer	WM782A	845881/005	Tektronix
	Harmonic Mixer	FS-Z30	843389/007	Rohde & Schwarz
	Accessories			
\square	Trilog broadband antenna	VULB 9163	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
\square	Horn antenna	3115	9508-4553	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-03	9112-1003	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-04	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-05	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-06	9112-1001	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-07	9112-1008	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-08	9112-1002	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-09	9403-1025	EMCO
	Horn antenna	3160-10	399185	EMCO
\square	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	Albatross Projects
	Semi-anechoic room	No. 3	1453	Siemens



6.5 Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site

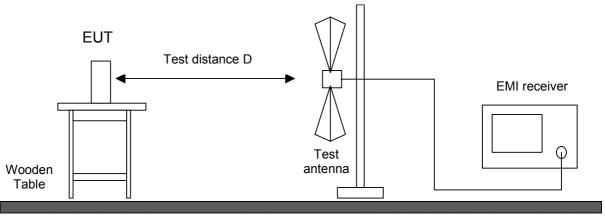
Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.109, 15.215(b) and 15.231 IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 6(a) and 7.2.3.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.2
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

Radiated emission at open field test site is measured in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz using a biconical antenna up to 300 MHz and a logarithmic periodic antenna above. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.

If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.

Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in the fully anechoic room. EUT is rotated all around and receiving antenna is raised and lowered within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.

For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.



Ground plane



Test instruments used:

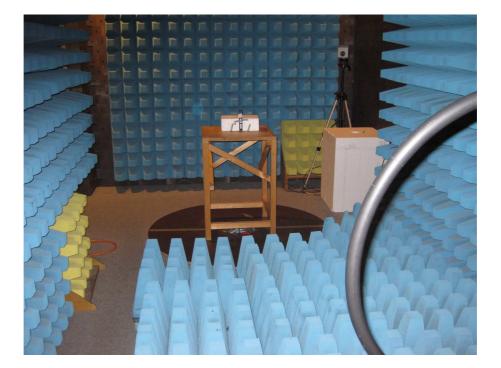
Used	Туре		Model	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
\boxtimes	EMI receiver	EG 1	ESVP	881120/024	Rohde & Schwarz
	EMI receiver		ESVP	891846/003	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Biconical antenna	EG 1	HK 116	842204/001	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Log. per. antenna	EG 1	HL 223	841516/023	Rohde & Schwarz
\boxtimes	Open field test site		EG 1	1450	Senton



7 Photographs Taken During Testing



Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz





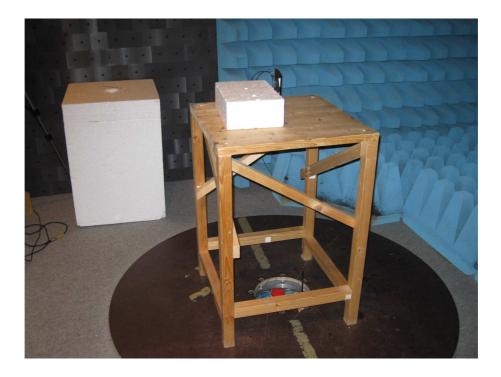
 Phone:
 +49 9421 5522-0

 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (fully anechoic room)





 Phone:
 +49 9421 5522-0

 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site)





 Phone:
 +49 9421 5522-0

 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Test setup for radiated emission measurement (open field test site) - continued -







8 Test Results for Transmitter

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power		Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	23	Recorded
15.215(c) 15.231(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	27	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	30	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation		Not applicable
15.205(a)	Restricted bands of operation	31	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable
15.231(a)	Periodic operation requirements	33	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.231(b)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	35	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.215(b) 15.231(b)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 4.5 GHz	36	Test passed
15.231(d)	Carrier frequency stability		Not applicable



IC RSS-Gen I	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result	
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)		Not applicable	
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	23	Recorded	
3.2(h), 8	Designation of emissions	30	Calculated	
4.5	Pulsed operation Not applicab		Not applicable	
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissionsNot applical150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable	
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	38	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation	

IC RSS-210 Iss	IC RSS-210 Issue 7			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result	
2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	31	Test passed	
A1.1.1	Requirements for momentarily operated devices	33	Test passed	
A1.1.2 2.2(b)(c), 2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	35	Test passed	
A1.1.2 2.2(b)(c), 2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 4.5 GHz	36	Test passed	
A1.1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	29	Test passed	
A1.1.4	Carrier frequency stability		Not applicable	



8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	ANSI C63.4		
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.			
	The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier.			
	The resolution bandwidth of the spect greater than 5.0% of the allowed band are given, the following guidelines are	dwidth. If no bandwidth specifications		
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth		
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz		
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz		
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz		
	The video bandwidth shall be at least bandwidth.	three times greater than the resolution		
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)			
Comment:				

Comment:	
Date of test:	September 23, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

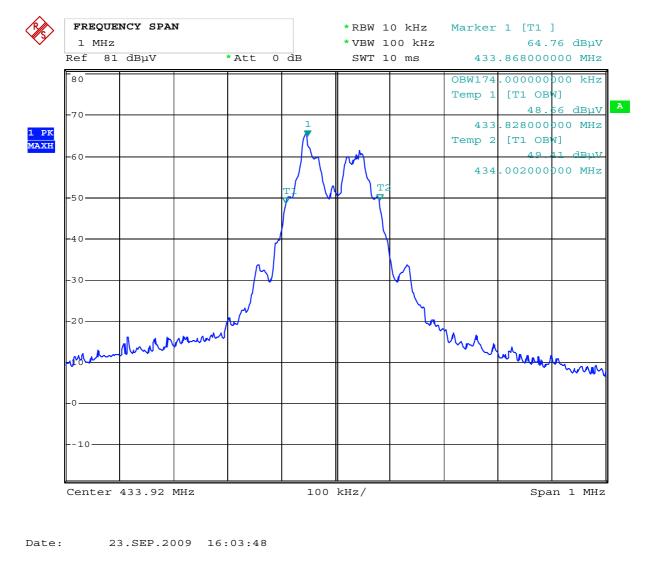
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Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 174 kHz



Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.6.1
Description:	If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measuredas the 99% emission bandwidth. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)
Commont	
Comment:	
Date of test:	September 23, 2009

Date of test.	September 23, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

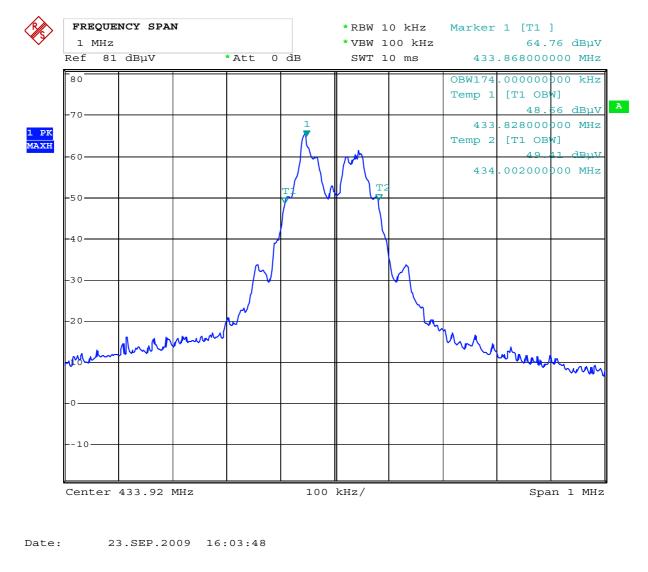
 Phone:
 +49 9421 5522-0

 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton



Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



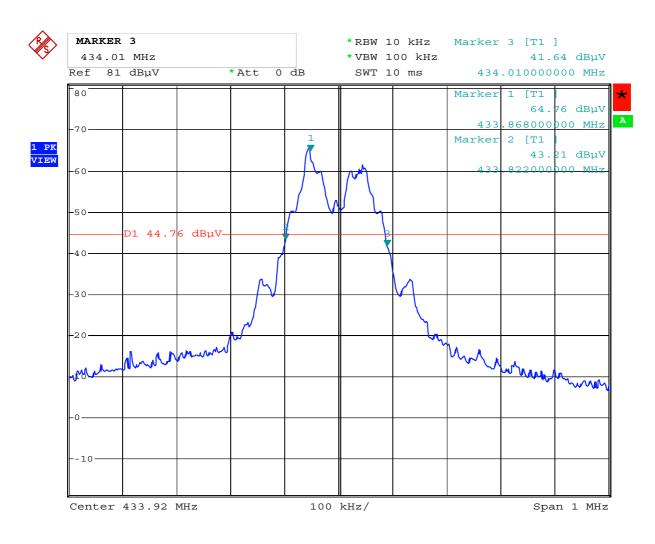
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %): 174 kHz



8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	 The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used: 	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at lea resolution bandwidth.	st three times greater than the
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	
Comment:		
Date of test:	September 23, 2009	
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	





Date: 23.SEP.2009 16:04:45

Permitted frequency band:	433.5 - 434.5 MHz	
20 dB bandwidth:	188 kHz	
Carrier frequency stability: Maximum frequency tolerances:	specified	⊠ not specified
Bandwidth of the emission:	188 kHz	within permitted frequency band⁵: ⊠ yes □ no

Test Result:

Test passed

⁵ If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.



8.3 Bandwidth of Momentary Signals

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.3
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 4.6.1
Limit:	For the purpose of Section A1.1, the 99% bandwidth shall be no wider than 0.25% of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5% of the centre frequency.

Operating frequency: Bandwidth limit:	433.868 MHz 1087.17 kHz
Occupied bandwidth:	188 kHz
Emission bandwidth within bandwidth limit:	⊠ yes □ no

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------



8.4 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 3.2(h) and 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Frequency Shift Keying (FSK)
B _n = Necessary Bandwidth	B _n = 2DK + B
D = Peak deviation	D = 80 kHz
K = Overall numerical factor	K = 1
B = Modulation rate	B = 6 kHz
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (80 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot (6 \text{ kHz}) = 172 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	172KF1D
---------------------------	---------



8.5 Restricted Bands of Operation

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a)
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.205(a) or IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section 2.2(a).
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4)
0	

Comment:	
Date of test:	September 23, 2009
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters



80					l .		Marker	1 [T1	
00							Marker	-	32 dI
							433	. 920000	
-70								2 [T1	
								13.	84 dI
-60							399	. 900000	
-50									
-40									
-30									
-20									
		2		3					
	hourseling	Munu	Mount	and Normal	much	Monther	unning	Mould	m
-10									
-0									
10									
	0.0 MII-								425
Start 3	90 MHz			4.5	MHz/			Stop	435

Test Result:

Test passed

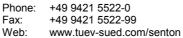


8.6 **Periodic Operation Requirements**

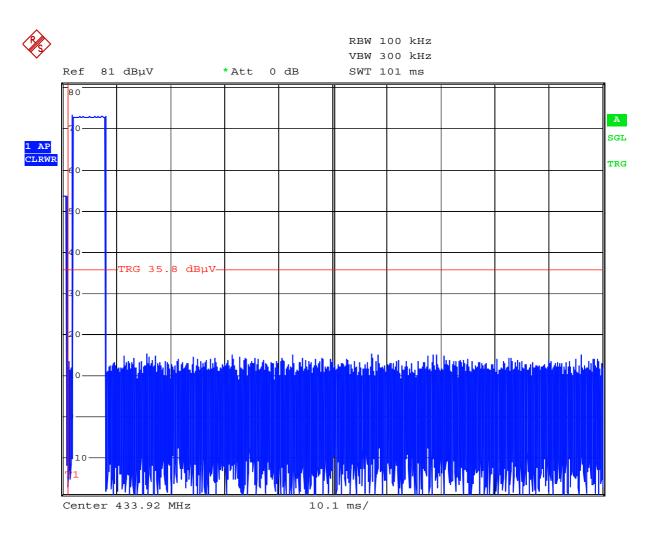
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(a) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.1
Guide:	

Periodic operation requirements	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Test performed	Passed
The transmitter is used for				
security or safety applications		\square		
The transmitter is operated				
automatically				
Periodic operation according to				
CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(a) / IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.1				
Only control signals are sent and there is no continuous transmission				
A manually operated transmitter employs a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released	\boxtimes			\square
A transmitter activated automatically ceases transmission within 5 seconds after activation				
 Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not performed performed with total transmission time of two seconds per hour or less (for polling or supervision transmissions to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications) 				
CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.231(e) / IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.5			•	
The device is provided with a means for automatically limiting operation so that the duration of each transmission is not greater than one second and the silent period between transmissions is at least 30 times the duration of the transmission but in no case less than 10 seconds.				

Note: Result may be based on the appropriate declaration of the applicant (i.e. no test is performed). However, in this case there is no verification by the test laboratory.







Date: 23.SEP.2009 16:14:01



8.7 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.215(b) and 15.231(b)(3) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.2(b)					
Guide:	ANSI C63.4					
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance d (meters)		
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300		
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30		
	1.705 - 30.000	30	29.5	30		
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.					
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)					

Comment:	
Date of test:	September 23, 2009
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result: Test passed

No emissions above noise level detected

Sample calculation of final values:

Extrapolation Factor (dB)	=	$(Log(d) - Log(d_1)) \cdot Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)$
Final Value (dBµV/m)	=	Reading Value d₁ (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB/m) + Extrapolation Factor (dB) + Pulse Train Correction (dB)

Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.



8.8 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 4.5 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.231(b) IC RSS-210 Issue 7, section A1.1.2						
Guide:	ANSI C63.4						
Limit:	In addition to the provisions of section 15.205, the field strength shall not exceed the levels as listed in the table below or the general limits shown in section 15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength. In no case shall the level of the unwanted emissions exceed the field strength of the fundamental emission.						
	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength of Fundamental (µV/m) (dBµV/m)		Field Strength of Spurious Emissions (µV/m) (dBµV/m)			
	40.66 - 40.70	2,250	67.0	225 **	47.0		
	70 - 130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9		
	130 - 174	1,250 to 3,750 *	61.9 to 71.5	125 to 375 *	41.9 to 51.5		
	174 - 260	3,750	71.5	375	51.5		
	260 - 470	3,750 to 12,500 *	71.5 to 81.9	375 to 1,250 *	51.5 to 61.9		
	Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9		
	* linear interpolations ** for harmonics only						
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site (6.5)						

Comment:	
Date of test:	September 30, 2009
Test site:	$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Frequencies} \leq 1 \mbox{ GHz:} & \mbox{Open field test site} \\ \mbox{Frequencies} > 1 \mbox{ GHz:} & \mbox{Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2} \end{array}$
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------



Frequency	Antenna	Detector	Receiver	Correction	Pulse Train	Final	Limit	Margin
	Polarization		Reading	Factor	Correction	Value		
(MHz)			(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
433.868	horizontal	Quasi-Peak	61.1	19.6		80.7	80.8	0.1
1301.000	vertical	Peak	8.8	28.9		37.7	54.0	16.3
1742.000	vertical	Peak	7.4	31.0		38.4	60.8	22.5
3702.000	horizontal	Peak	5.3	38.4		43.7	54.0	10.3

Sample calculation of final values:

Final Value (dBµV/m)

Reading Value (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB/m)
 + Pulse Train Correction (dB)



8.9 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, section 5.5				
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 2, section 2.5				
			7		
Expos	ure of Humans to RF Fields	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption
The antenna is					
detachable					
The conducted out connector:	put power (CP in watts) is measured at the antenna				
	<i>CP</i> = W				
The effective isotro	pic radiated power (EIRP in watts) is calculated using				
the numerical	antenna gain: $G =$ G				
the field streng					
	$EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots \mathbf{W}$				
with: Distance betw	een the antennas in m: $D = \dots \mathbf{m}$				
not detachable				1	
	asurement is used to determine the effective isotropic RP in watts) given by ⁶ :				
	$EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Longrightarrow EIRP = 35.25 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ W}$				
with:	2				
Field strength in V/					
	the two antennas in m: $D = 3 \text{ m}$				
Selection of output power	a higher of the conducted or effective isotropic redicted				
power (e.i.r.p.):	he higher of the conducted or effective isotropic radiated				
	$TP = 35.25 \cdot 10^{-6} \mathrm{W}$				

⁶ The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses. If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.



	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields (continued)				Exemption
Separa	tion distance between the user and the transmitting device is				
] less than or equal to 20 cm \Box greater than 20 cm		\boxtimes		
Transm	itting device is				
	in the vicinity of the human head		\boxtimes		
SAR ev	aluation				
	SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the levice is less than or equal to 20 cm.				
	The device operates from 3 kHz up to 1 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 200 mW for General Public Use and 1000 mW for Controlled Use.				
	The device operates above 1 GHz up to 2.2 GHz inclusively and its source- based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 100 mW for General Public Use and 500 mW for Controlled Use.				
	☐ The device operates above 2.2 GHz up to 3 GHz inclusively and its source- based time-averaged output power is less than, or equal to 20 mW for General Public Use and 100 mW for Controlled Use.				
	☐ The device operates above 3 GHz up to 6 GHz inclusively and its source-based time-averaged output power) is less than, or equal to 10 mW for General Public Use and 50 mW for Controlled Use.				
[SAR evaluation is documented in test report no.				
RF exp	osure evaluation				
	RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and he device is greater than 20 cm.				
	The device operates below 1.5 GHz and its e.i.r.p. is equal to or less than 2.5 W.				\boxtimes
	The device operates at or above 1.5 GHz and the e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.				
[RF exposure evaluation is documented in test report no				



9 Test Results for Receiver

FCC CFR 47 Pa	FCC CFR 47 Part 15				
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result		
15.107	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable		
15.109	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 2.5 GHz	41	Test passed		
15.111(a)	Antenna power conduction emission of receivers 9 kHz to 2.5 GHz		Not applicable		

IC RSS-Gen Issue 2				
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result	
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz		Not applicable	
6(a), 7.2.3.2	Receiver spurious emissions (radiated) 30 MHz to 2.5 GHz	41	Test passed	
6(b), 7.2.3.1	Receiver spurious emissions (antenna conducted) 9 kHz to 2.5 GHz		Not applicable	



9.1 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 2.5 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.109 (Class B) IC RSS-Gen Issue 2, sections 6(a) and 7.2.3.2					
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	ANSI C63.4				
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)			
-	30 - 88	100	40.0			
	88 - 216	150	43.5			
	216 - 960	200	46.0			
	Above 960	500	54.0			
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) Radiated Emission at Open Field Test Site (6.5)					

Comment: Date of test:	September 30, 2009	
Test site:	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
Test distance:	3 meters	
Test Result:	Test passed	

Frequency	Antenna	Detector	Receiver	Correction	Final	Limit	Margin
	Polarization		Reading	Factor	Value		
(MHz)			(dBµV)	(dB/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
1747.000	vertical	Peak	10.0	31.0	41.0	54.0	13.0

Sample calculation of field final values:

Final Value (dBµV/m) = Reading Value (dBµV) + Correction Factor (dB/m)



10 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2008
CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2008
ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low- Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 2 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equimpment, published by Industry Canada	June 2007
RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 7 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	June 2007
RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 1 for Low Power Licence-Ecempt Radiocommunicaton Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	September 2005
RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 2: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)	November 2005
ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997
CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002



Image: Notes Regarding Designation of Emission (Including October 9, 1982)Notes Regarding Designation of Emission (Including October 9, 1982)Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of
Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry
Canada



11 Revision History

Revision History			
Edition	Date	lssued by	Modifications
1	02.10.09	Martin Steindl (cj)	First Edition

 Phone:
 +49 9421 5522-0

 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton



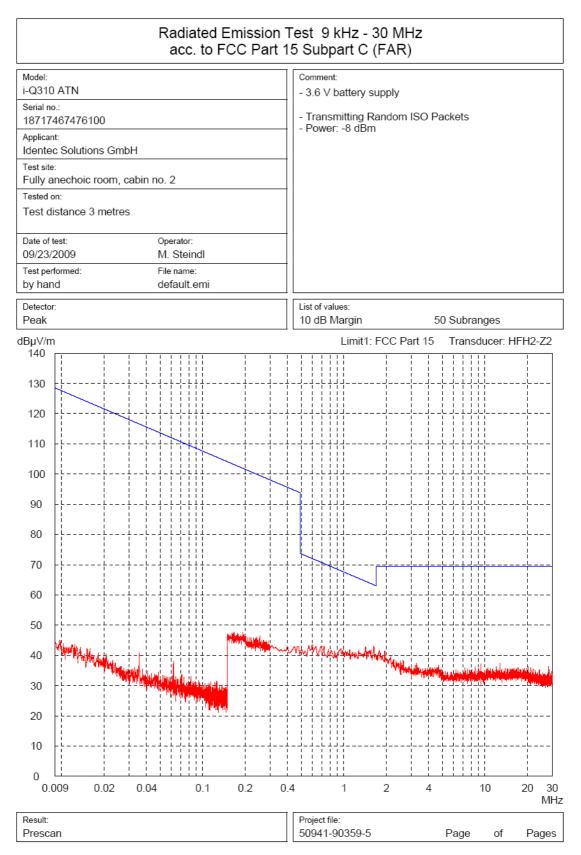
12 Charts taken during testing

 Phone:
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 Fax:
 +49 9421 5522-99

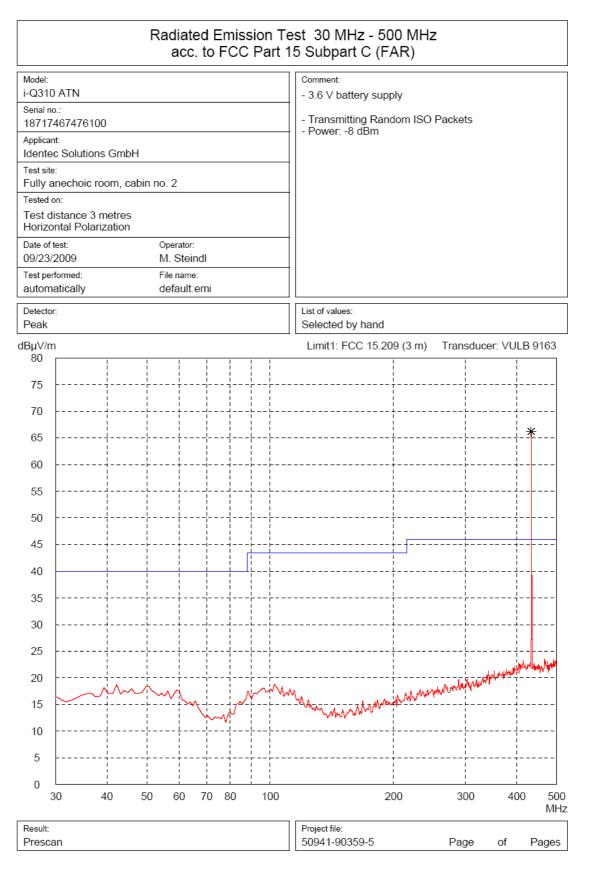
 Web:
 www.tuev-sued.com/senton





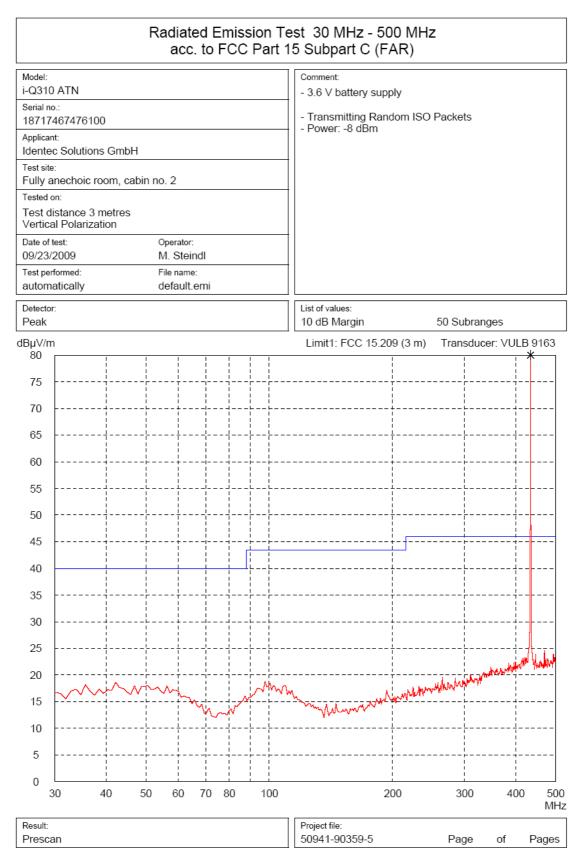
Phone:	+49 9421 5522-0
Fax:	+49 9421 5522-99
Web:	www.tuev-sued.com/senton





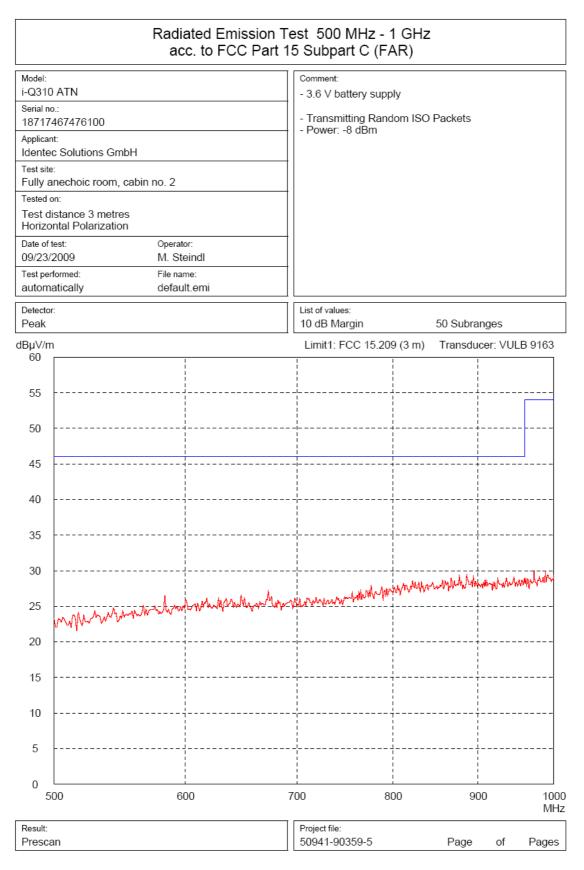
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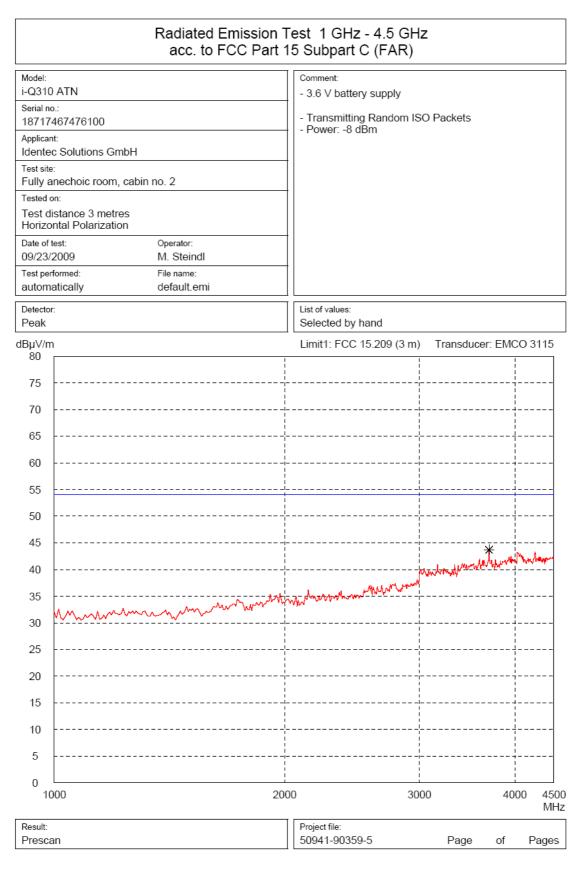
Phone:	+49 9421 5522-0
Fax:	+49 9421 5522-99
Web:	www.tuev-sued.com/senton



	Test 500 MHz - 1 GHz 15 Subpart C (FAR)
Model:	Comment:
i-Q310 ATN Serial no.:	- 3.6 V battery supply
18717467476100	- Transmitting Random ISO Packets - Power: -8 dBm
Applicant:	
Identec Solutions GmbH Test site:	
Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	
Tested on:	
Test distance 3 metres Vertical Polarization	
Date of test: Operator:	
09/23/2009 M. Steindl	4
Test performed: File name: automatically default.emi	
Detector: Peak	List of values: 10 dB Margin 50 Subranges
dBµV/m	Limit1: FCC 15.209 (3 m) Transducer: VULB 9163
60	
55	
50	
45	
40	
35	
35	
30	
	reserver when the many hand and the second and the
25	has why man when a second s
man and a construction of the second	
20	
15	
10	
10	
5	
0	
500 600	700 800 900 1000 MHz
Result:	Project file:
Prescan	50941-90359-5 Page of Pages

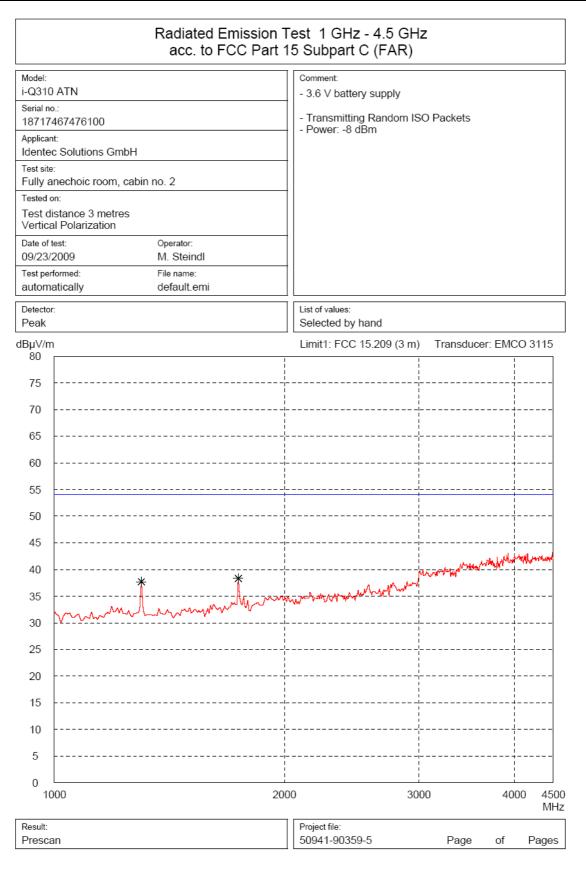
Phone:	+49 9421 5522-0
Fax:	+49 9421 5522-99
Web:	www.tuev-sued.com/senton





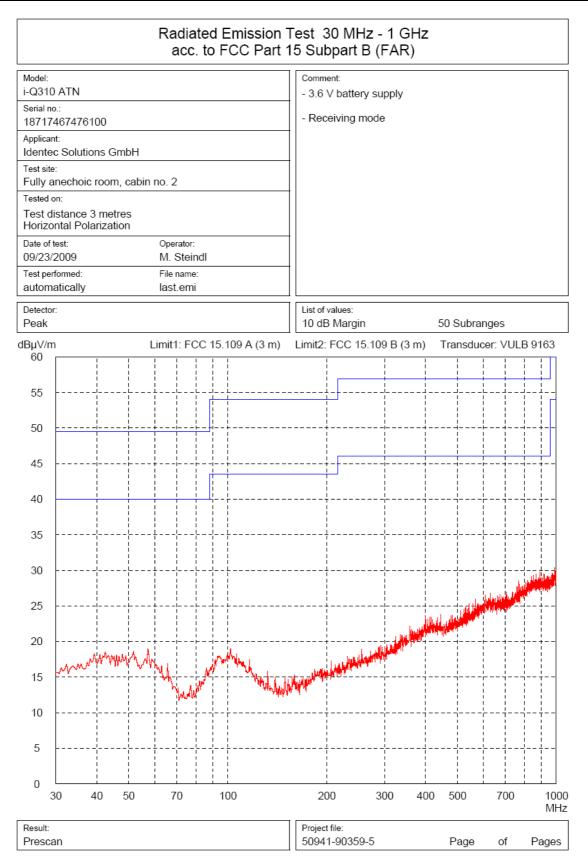
Phone:	+49 9421 5522-0
Fax:	+49 9421 5522-99
Web:	www.tuev-sued.com/senton





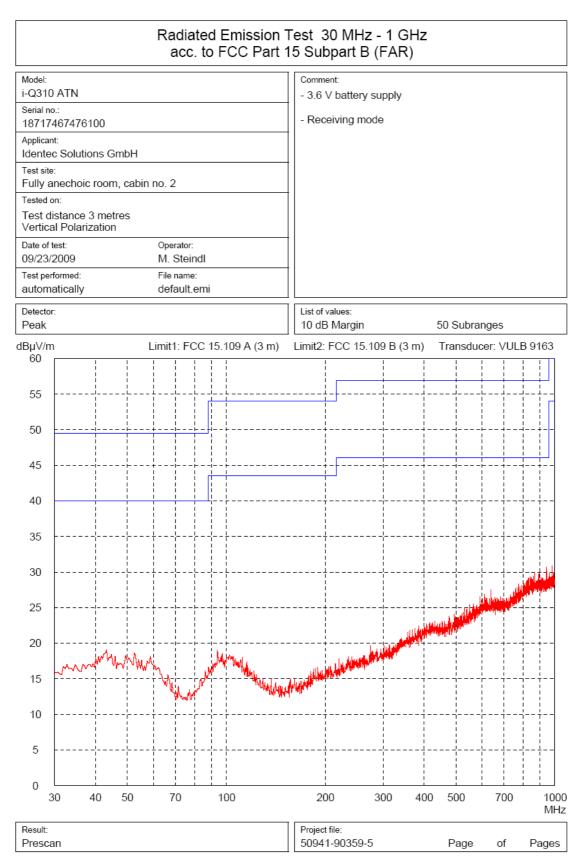
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	Test 1 GHz - 2.5 GHz 15 Subpart B (FAR)
Model:	Comment:
i-Q310 ATN	- 3.6 V battery supply
Serial no.: 18717467476100	- Receiving mode
Applicant:	1
Identec Solutions GmbH	-
Test site: Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2	
Tested on:	
Test distance 3 metres Horizontal Polarization	
Date of test: Operator:	-
09/23/2009 M. Steindl	
Test performed: File name: automatically default.emi	
Detector: Peak	List of values: Selected by hand
dBµV/m Limit1: FCC 15.109 A (3 m)	Limit2: FCC 15.109 B (3 m) Transducer: EMCO 3115
80	
75	
70	
65	
60	
55	
50	
30	
45	
40	**
35 May Maran Maran Maran Maran	was white the when we when the way of the way of the the second of the s
30	
25	
20	
15	
10	
5	
0	2000 2500
1000	2000 2500 MHz
Result:	Project file:
Prescan	50941-90359-5 Page of Pages

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