





FCC PART 15, SUBPART C  
ISED C RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017  
TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

**Listen Technologies Corporation**

14912 Heritage Crest Way,  
Bluffdale, UT 84065, USA

**FCC ID: OMDLA490-001**  
**IC: 4011A-LA490001**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Bluetooth/Infrared Beacon
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**Note:** This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA\*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

\* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "\*" (Rev. 2)

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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Revision Number</b>	<b>Report Number</b>	<b>Description of Revision</b>	<b>Date of Revision</b>
0	R2109296-247	Original Report	2021-12-14
0	R2109296-247	Updated report per client's requests	2022-01-26

## **1 General Description**

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### **1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

This test report was prepared on behalf of *Listen Technologies Corporation*, and their product models: *LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon* with FCC ID: OMDLA490-001, IC: 4011A-LA490001. The device will be referred to as the “EUT” throughout this report. It is a Bluetooth/Infrared Beacon that operates within the 2400-2483.5 MHz frequency range. LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon and LA-491 Bluetooth Beacon have been declared by manufacturer to be electrically identical and LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon was selected for testing. Please refer to the manufacturer declaration of similarity letter in Annex D of this report.

### **1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT**

LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon measures approximately 11.43 cm (Length), 7.3 cm (Width), and 2.4 cm (Height) and weighs approximately 0.14 kg.

*The data gathered are from production samples provided by Listen Technologies Corporation serial numbers as follows:*

*Conducted Sample S/N: H21A2E10012*

*Radiated Sample S/N: H21A2E10010*

### **1.3 Objective**

This report was prepared on behalf of *Listen Technologies Corporation*, in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subpart C of the Federal Communication Commission’s rules and ISEDC RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017.

The objective was to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and ISEDC RSS-247 for Antenna Requirement, RF Exposure, AC Line Conducted Emissions, Emission Bandwidth, Radiated & Conducted Spurious Emissions, 100 kHz Band Edges, Maximum Output Power, and Peak Power Spectrum Density

### **1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)**

N/A

### **1.5 Test Methodology**

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

## 1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.57 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.48dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.57dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.0 dB
AC power line Conducted Emission	±2.0 dB
Temperature	±2 ° C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.0 %
Time	±2 %
Duty Cycle	±3 %

## 1.7 Test Facility Registrations

BACLs test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Industry Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

## 1.8 Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

**A- An independent, 3<sup>rd</sup>-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.02),** in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (\*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report.

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

**B- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.03)** to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):

- 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
- 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
- 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.

- For the Canada (Industry Canada):

- 1 All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
- 2 All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
- 3 All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile & Fixed Radio Services;
- 4 All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime & Aviation Radio Services;
- 5 All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
- 6 All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.

- For Singapore (Info-Communications Development Authority (IDA)):

- 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment – Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2

- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:

- 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;
- 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
- 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.

- For Japan:

- 1 MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
  - All Scope A1 - Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
  - All Scope A2 - Other Terminal Equipment
- 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
  - All Scope B1 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B2 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
  - All Scope B3 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

**C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.01) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:**

- 1 Electronics and Office Equipment:
  - for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
  - for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
  - for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
  - for Set-top Boxes & Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
  - for Televisions (ver. 6.1)
  - for Computers (ver. 6.0)
  - for Displays (ver. 6.0)
  - for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
  - for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
  - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
  - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
  - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
  - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
  - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
  - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
  - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
  - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
  - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
  - For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

**D- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:**

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada - ISED) Foreign Certification Body – FCB – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Chinese Taipei (Republic of China – Taiwan):
  - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
  - o NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
  - o EMC Directive 2014/30/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
  - o Radio Equipment (RE) Directive 2014/53/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
  - o Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority – OFTA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II
- Israel – US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications - Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Media Development Authority - IMDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter-
- USA:
  - o ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory – US EPA
  - o Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) – US FCC;
  - o Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) – US OSHA
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

## 2 System Test Configuration

### 2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing in accordance to ANSI C63.10.

### 2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The software “Beacon Direct HCI Control” was used to transmit signals for all the channels. The test software used was *Chelsea, version 0.1.93* – developed by *Alexandrae Duran*. The software used are compliant with the standard requirements being tested against. The following channels and power settings were selected for testing.

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
2402	MAX
2440	MAX
2480	MAX

### 2.3 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02 section 6.0:

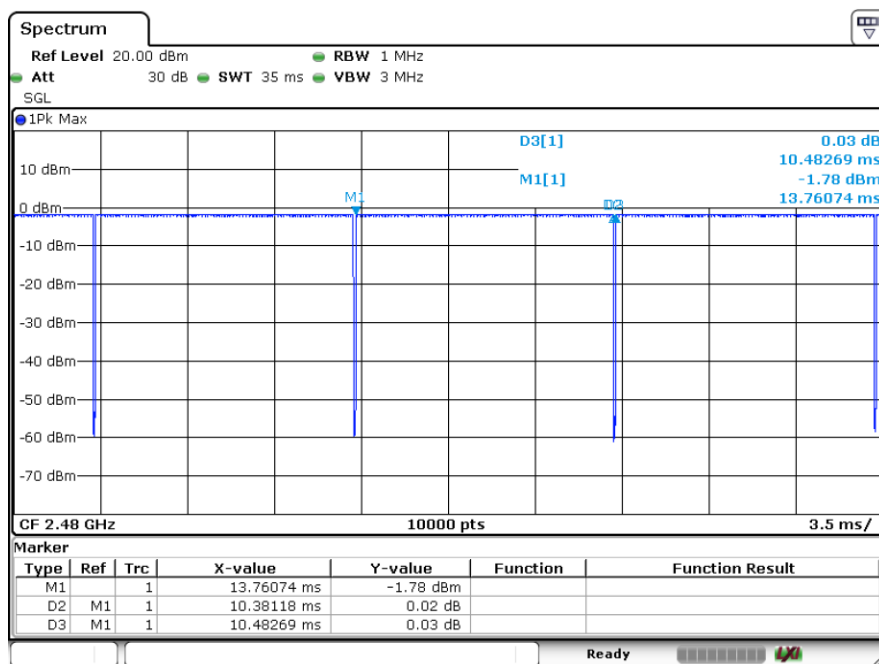
Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration (T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data is being acquired (i.e., no transmitter off-time is to be considered).

Radio frequency (MHz)	On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
2480	10.38118	10.48269	99.03164	0

Duty Cycle = On Time (ms)/ Period (ms)

Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB) =  $10 \cdot \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

Please refer to the following plots.



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## 2.4 Equipment Modifications

N/A

## 2.5 Local Support Equipment

N/A

## 2.6 Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Dell	Laptop	Latitude E6410

## 2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Descriptions	Length (m)	From	To
USB Type A to Micro USB Type B for Data	< 1 m	EUT	Laptop
USB Type A to Micro USB Type B for Power	< 1 m	EUT	Laptop

### 3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC & ISEDC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) ISEDC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.207 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 RSS-Gen §6.7	6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4	Maximum Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §2.1051, §15.247 (d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant

## 4 FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements

### 4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For license-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

### 4.2 Antenna Description

External/Internal/ Integral	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)
Integral	2400-2483.5 MHz	PCB Patch	1.4

Antenna gain is information provided by customer.

## 5 FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

### 5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

#### Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5:

### 2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz<sup>6</sup> and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $4.49/f^{0.5}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than  $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where  $f$  is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

## 5.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

## 5.3 MPE Results

### BLE Standalone

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): -1.56

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 0.698

Prediction distance (cm): 20

Prediction frequency (MHz): 2402

Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 1.4

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 1.38

Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 0.00019

FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>): 1.0

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.00019 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. Limit is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

## 5.4 RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC

Maximum EIRP power = -1.56 dBm + 1.4 dBi = -0.16 dBm which is lesser than  $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.6764 \text{ W} = 34.276 \text{ dBm}$ .

Therefore the RF exposure Evaluation is exempt.

## 6 FCC §15.207 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8 - AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

### 6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 and ISEDC RSS GEN §8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note2</sup>
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

*Note1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*

*Note2: A linear average detector is required*

### 6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the setup per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was FCC §15.207 limits and and ISEDC RSS GEN §8.8.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the EUT was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V / 60 Hz AC power.

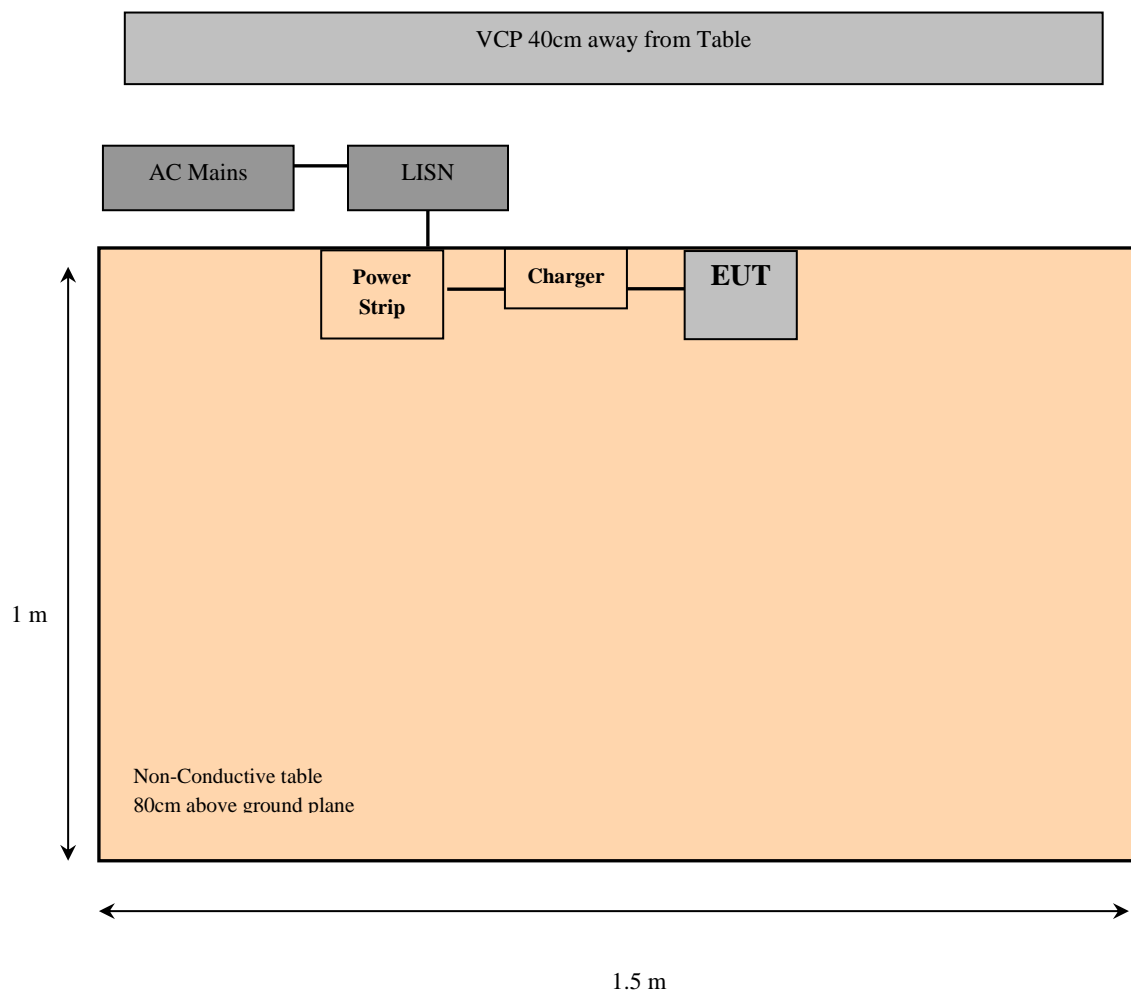
### 6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1 and the power cords of support equipment were connected to LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data was recorded in the peak, quasi-peak, and average detection mode. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a "QP." Average readings are distinguished with an "Ave".

## 6.4 Test Setup Block Diagram



## 6.5 Corrected Amplitude and Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Correction Factor (CF) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = A_i + CF$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Correction Factor (13.7 dB)

The Correction Factor is calculated by adding Cable loss (CL), LISN calibration factor, and attenuation of the impulse limiter and the high pass filter. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CF = CL + \text{LISN calibration factor} + \text{Attenuation}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.5 dB) + LISN calibration factor (0.2 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

## 6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
310	Rohde and Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950.03	100338	2021-05-14	2 years
679	Rohde and Schwarz	Impulse Limiter	ESH3-Z2	101964	2021-07-07	1 year
725	Solar Electronics Company	High Pass Filter	Type 7930-100	7930150202	2021-03-02	1 year
1226	Suirong	30 ft conductive emission cable	LMR 400	-	N/R	N/A
734	FCC	LISN	FCC-LISN-50-25-2-10-CISPR16	160131	2020-12-21	1 year
-	Vasona	Test software	V6.0 build 11	10400213	N/R	N/R

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.*

## 6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	23° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	42 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.31 kPa

*The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-12-10 in the Ground Plane test site.*

## 6.8 Summary of Test Results

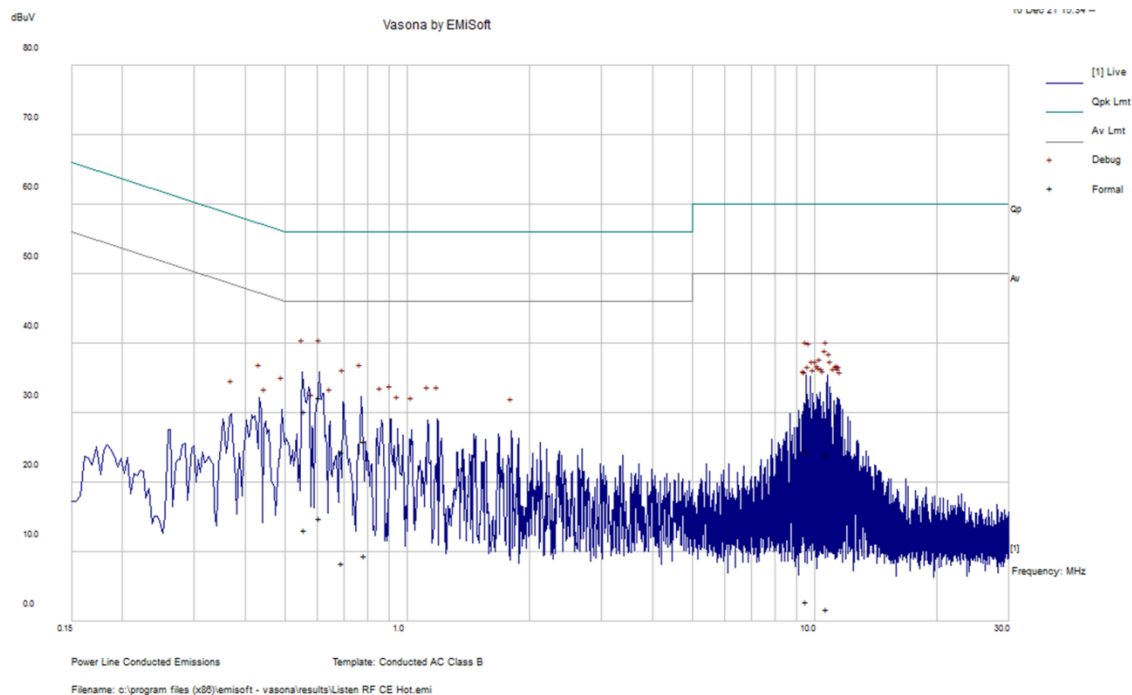
According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15C & ISED standard's conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Connection: AC/DC adapter connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor Mode (Line/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-21.95	0.608328	Neutral	0.15-30

## 6.9 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data

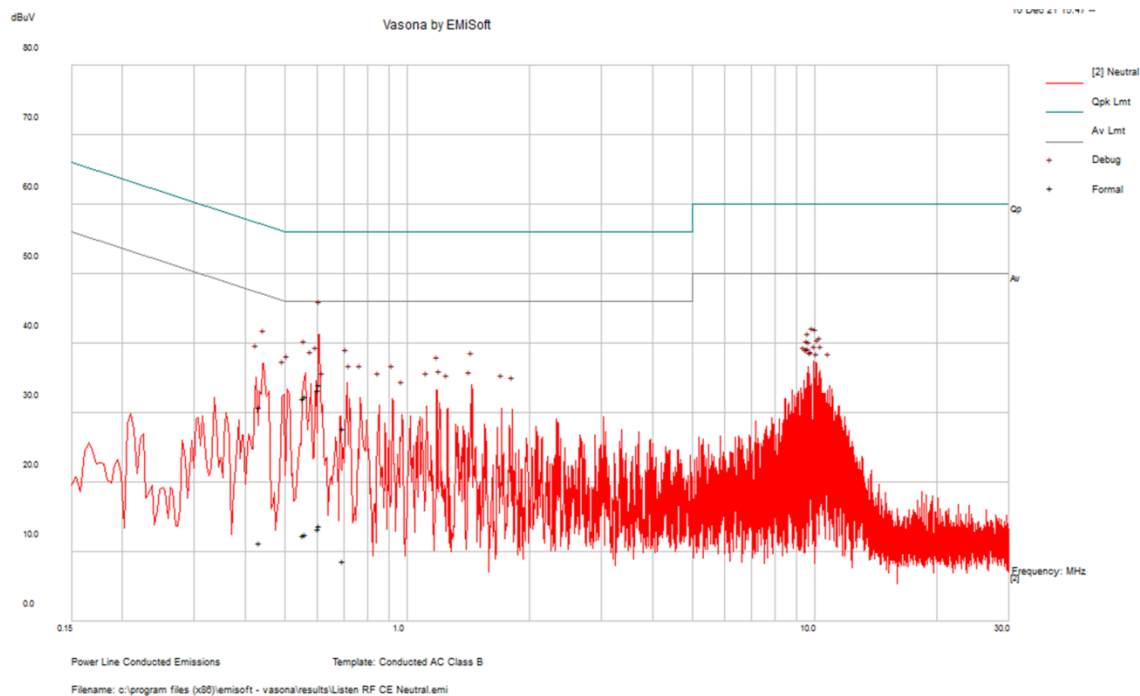
Worst Case: Low Channel (2402 MHz)

### 120 V, 60 Hz – Line



Frequency (MHz)	Ai Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.611261	21.98	10.32	32.3	Line	56	-23.7	QP
0.561354	19.88	10.32	30.2	Line	56	-25.8	QP
0.785971	15.7	10.28	25.98	Line	56	-30.02	QP
0.693017	14.08	10.29	24.37	Line	56	-31.63	QP
10.73577	13.3	10.62	23.92	Line	60	-36.08	QP
9.546612	14	10.54	24.54	Line	60	-35.46	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Ai Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.611261	4.53	10.32	14.85	Line	46	-31.15	Ave.
0.561354	2.79	10.33	13.12	Line	46	-32.88	Ave.
0.785971	-0.83	10.28	9.45	Line	46	-36.55	Ave.
0.693017	-1.81	10.29	8.48	Line	46	-37.52	Ave.
10.73577	-8.79	10.61	1.82	Line	50	-48.18	Ave.
9.546612	-7.7	10.53	2.83	Line	50	-47.17	Ave.

**120 V, 60 Hz – Neutral**

Frequency (MHz)	Ai Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.606365	23	10.31	33.31	Neutral	56	-22.69	QP
0.435213	20.47	10.42	30.89	Neutral	57.15	-26.26	QP
0.557333	21.82	10.33	32.15	Neutral	56	-23.85	QP
0.608328	23.74	10.31	34.05	Neutral	56	-21.95	QP
0.696189	17.56	10.29	27.85	Neutral	56	-28.15	QP
0.562491	22.03	10.32	32.35	Neutral	56	-23.65	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Ai Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
10.31	0.606365	2.96	13.27	Neutral	46	-32.73	Ave.
10.41	0.435213	0.91	11.32	Neutral	47.15	-35.83	Ave.
10.33	0.557333	2.09	12.42	Neutral	46	-33.58	Ave.
10.32	0.608328	3.45	13.77	Neutral	46	-32.23	Ave.
10.29	0.696189	-1.51	8.78	Neutral	46	-37.22	Ave.
10.33	0.562491	2.25	12.58	Neutral	46	-33.42	Ave.

## 7 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

### 7.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3.3458 – 3.358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per ISED RSS-Gen 8.9,

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emission from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in the table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

#### General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Exemption Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3 meters)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960*	500

\* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

As per ISED RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

## 7.2 Test Setup

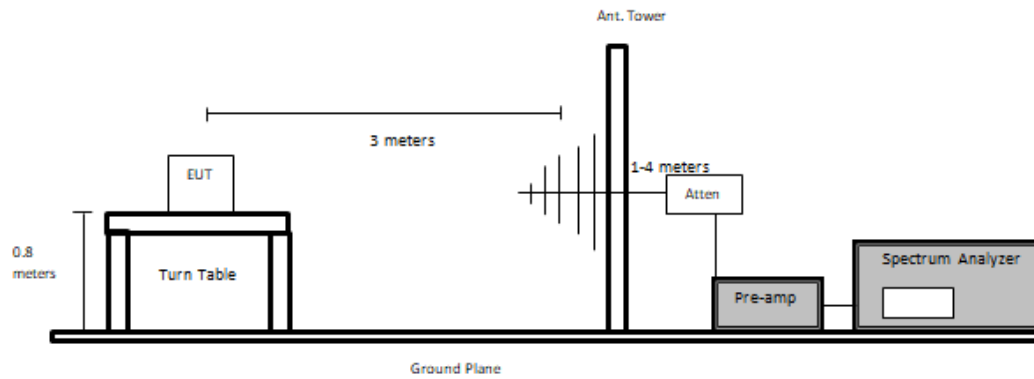
The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C and ISED RSS-247 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

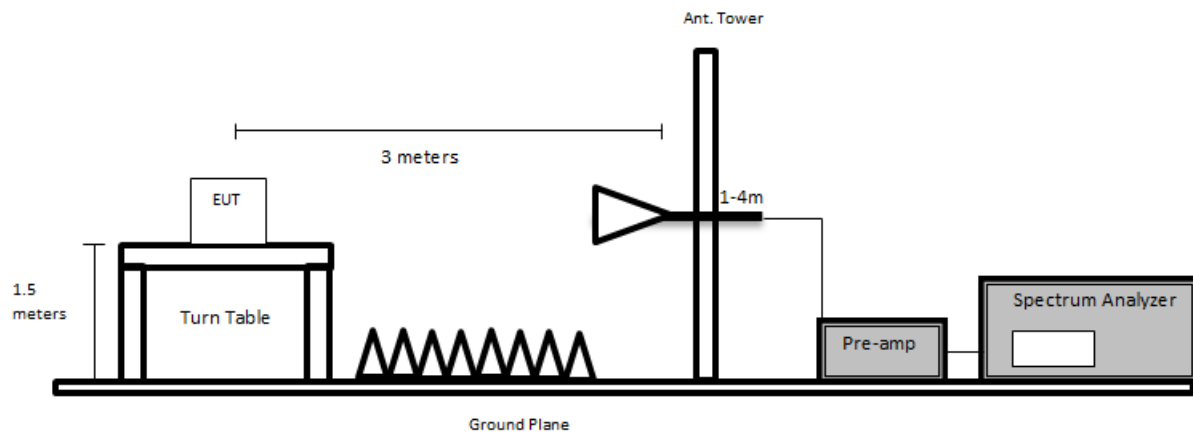
### 7.3 Test Setup Block Diagrams

Below 1GHz:

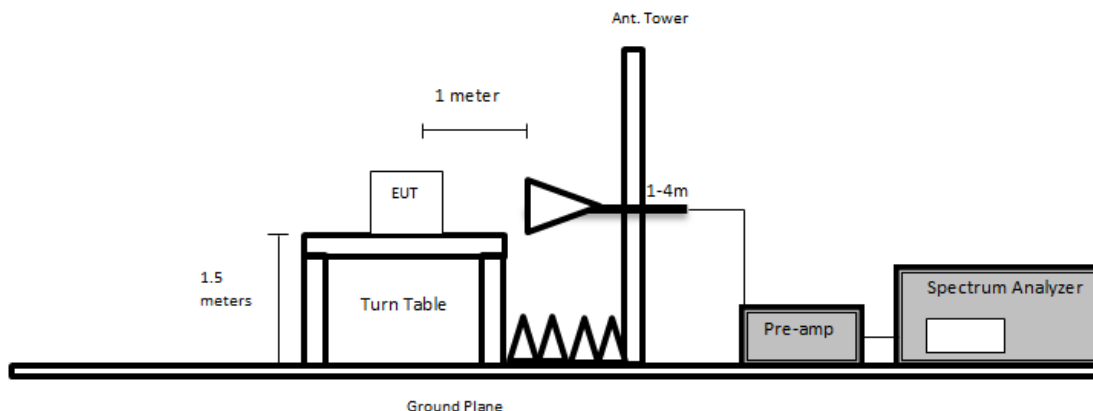


Above 1GHz:

At 3 meters:



At 1 meter:



## 7.4 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$
- (2) Average:  $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 10\text{Hz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$

## 7.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

For emissions below 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Correction Factor to the S.A. Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{CA} = \text{S.A. Reading} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = S.A. Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Correction Factor (7.8 dB/m)

The Correction Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) together. This calculation is done in the measurement software, and reported in the test result section. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} + \text{Atten} - \text{Ga}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

For emission above 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{CA} = \text{Ai} + \text{AF} + \text{CL} + \text{Atten} - \text{Ga}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

## 7.6 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer /Brand	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
310	Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950.03	100338	2020-03-17	21 months
811	Keysight Technologies	RF Limiter	11867A	MY42243052	2020-10-27	13 months
287	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US44300386	2021-04-27	1 year
	Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC110V	122303-1	N/R	N/A
658	HP	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3147A00400	2021-03-02	1 year
827	AH Systems	Preamplifier	PAM 1840 VH	170	2021-08-03	1 year
90	Wisewave	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223-02	10555-01	2021-04-12	1 year
187	A.R.A	Antenna, Horn	DRG-118/A	1132	2020-02-25	2 years
321	Sunol Sciences	Biconilog Antenna	JB3	A020106-2	2019-11-20	2 years
459	HP	Pre Amplifier	8447D	2443A04374	2021-11-02	1 year
	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
	-	Notch Filter	-	-	Each time <sup>1</sup>	N/A
1077	Insulated Wire Corp.	157 Series 2.92 SM (x2) Armored 33 ft. Cable	KPS-1571AN-3960-KPS	DC 1917	2021-03-03	1 year
1081	MDP Digital	Times Microwave LMR 400 UltraFex Coaxial Cable 35\'	LMR400UF	BACL1904161	2021-06-18	1 year
1101	IW Microwave	157 Series Cable Armored with 2.92mm Male Plugs	KPS-1571AN-2400	DC 1922	2021-07-06	1 year
1151	BACL	5m3 Sensitivity Box	1	2	2020-10-27	13 months

Note<sup>1</sup>: cable and notch filter included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

## 7.7 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	19 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	34 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	102.2 kPa

The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-15, and 2021-11-16 at 5 meter chamber 3.

## 7.8 Summary of Test Results

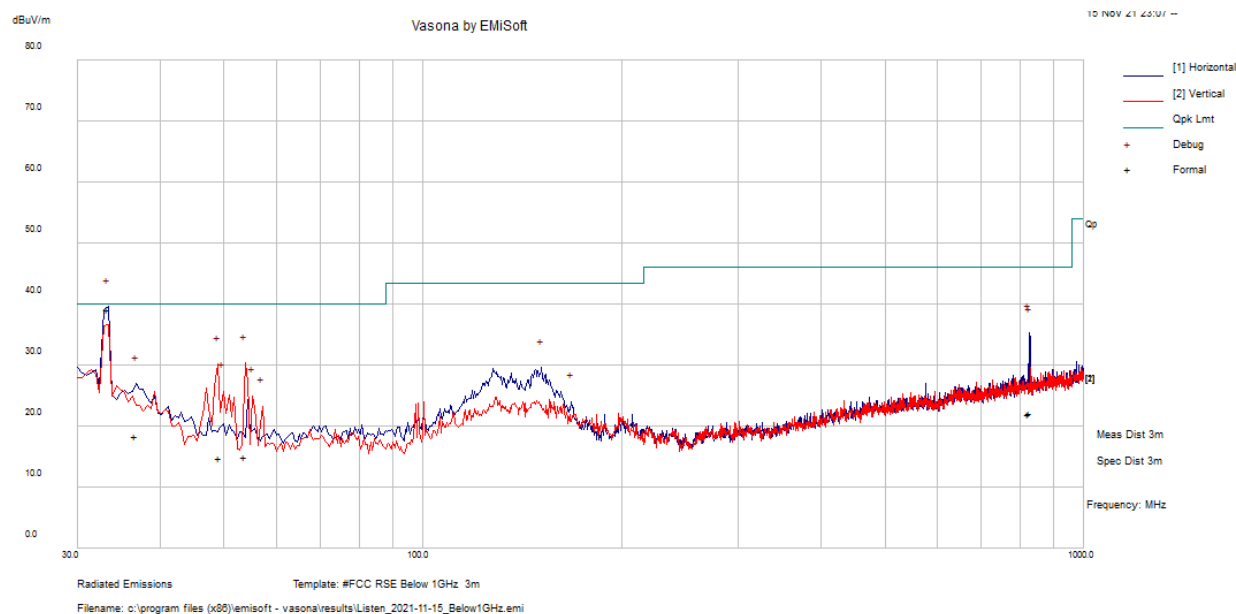
According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with FCC Part 15C and ISEDC RSS-247 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Transmitting Channel (MHz)
-0.86	33.29675	H	2402

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details.

## 7.9 Radiated Emissions Test Results

### 1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters (Low Channel(2402 MHz))

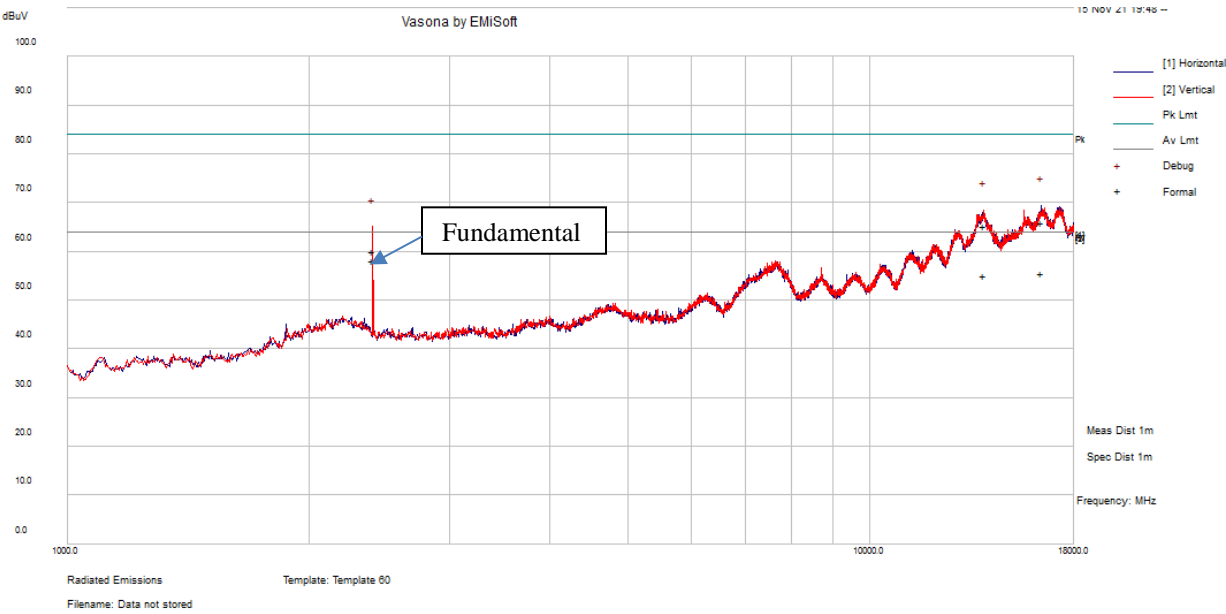


Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
33.29675	39.24	-0.29	39.14	105	H	110	40	-0.86	Pass
53.78225	26.23	-11.66	14.87	197	H	339	40	-25.13	Pass
49.24825	25.24	-10.78	14.74	124	H	330	40	-25.26	Pass
825.101	17.69	2.6	22.03	179	V	335	46	-23.97	Pass
828.79925	17.84	2.6	22.18	136	H	242	46	-23.82	Pass
36.698	20.94	-2.88	18.27	151	H	136	40	-21.73	Pass

**2) 1–26.5 GHz, Measured at 3 Meters**

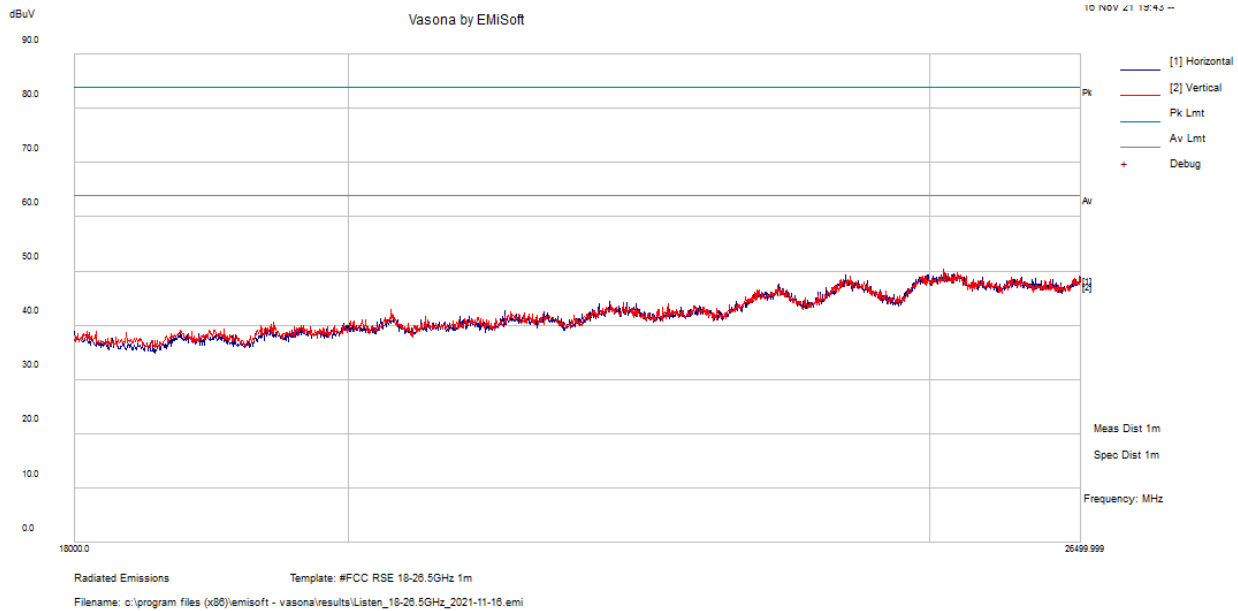
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre- Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dBμV/m)	FCC/ISED		Note
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel Frequency: 2402 MHz											
2390	54.210	0	150	H	27.923	4.913	39.35	47.69	74	-26.31	Peak
2390	51.750	80	150	V	27.923	4.913	39.35	45.23	74	-28.77	Peak
2390	39.586	0	150	H	27.923	4.913	39.35	33.06	54	-20.94	Ave
2390	39.786	80	150	V	27.923	4.913	39.35	33.26	54	-20.74	Ave
4804	49.610	360	150	V	34.70	8.596	38.37	54.53	74	-19.47	Peak
4804	37.848	360	150	V	34.70	8.596	38.37	42.77	54	-11.23	Peak
4804	49.610	360	150	H	34.70	8.596	38.37	54.53	74	-19.47	Ave
4804	38.121	360	150	H	34.70	8.596	38.37	43.04	54	-10.96	Ave
Middle Channel Frequency: 2440 MHz											
4880	48.740	360	150	V	34.68	8.596	38.37	53.64	74	-20.36	Peak
4880	36.234	360	150	V	34.68	8.596	38.37	41.13	54	-12.87	Peak
4880	49.100	40	150	H	34.68	8.596	38.37	54.00	74	-20.00	Ave
4880	37.038	40	150	H	34.68	8.596	38.37	41.94	54	-12.06	Ave
High Channel Frequency: 2480 MHz											
2483.5	57.760	198	305	H	28.75	4.91	39.35	52.07	74	-21.93	Peak
2483.5	54.040	78	260	V	28.75	4.91	39.35	48.35	74	-25.65	Peak
2483.5	40.695	198	305	H	28.75	4.91	39.35	35.00	54	-19.00	Ave
2483.5	39.867	78	260	V	28.75	4.91	39.35	34.17	54	-19.83	Ave
4960	48.700	290	125	V	34.68	8.596	38.379	53.60	74	-20.41	Peak
4960	36.961	290	125	V	34.68	8.596	38.379	41.86	54	-12.14	Peak
4960	48.340	360	150	H	34.68	8.596	38.379	53.24	74	-20.77	Ave
4960	37.014	360	150	H	34.68	8.596	38.379	41.91	54	-12.09	Ave

3) 1 – 18 GHz Worst Case scan, Measured at 1 meter (Low Channel (2402 MHz))



Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
16395.408	41.8	24.19	65.99	118	V	225	84	-18.01	Peak
13900.848	41.53	23.6	65.13	194	V	18	84	-18.87	Peak
16395.408	31.42	24.19	55.61	204	V	225	64	-8.39	Avg
13900.848	31.55	23.6	55.15	194	V	18	64	-8.85	Avg

#### 4) 18 – 26.5 GHz Worst Case scan, Measured at 1 meter (Low Channel (2402 MHz))



## 8 FCC §15.247(a) (2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2, RSS-Gen §6.7 - Emission Bandwidth

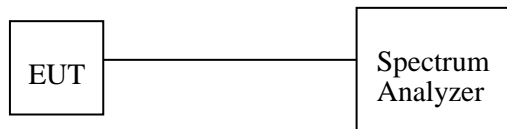
### 8.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2: the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

### 8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth.

### 8.3 Test Setup Diagram



### 8.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

### 8.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	102.0 KPa

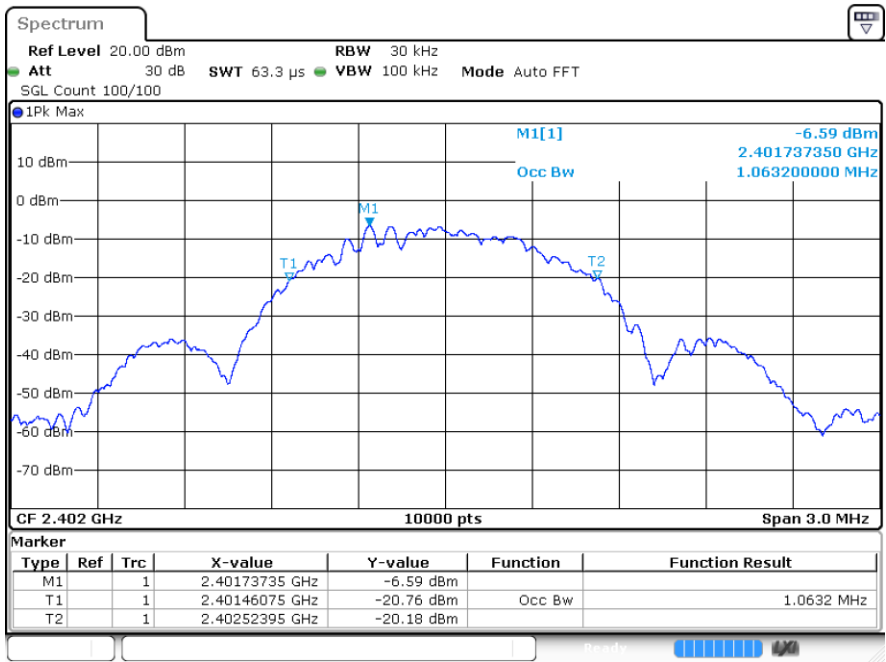
The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-12 at RF test site.

## 8.6 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	-6 dB OBW (kHz)	-6 dB OBW Limit (kHz)
Low	2402	1.0632	751.800	> 500
Middle	2440	1.0632	737.100	> 500
High	2480	1.0599	747.600	> 500

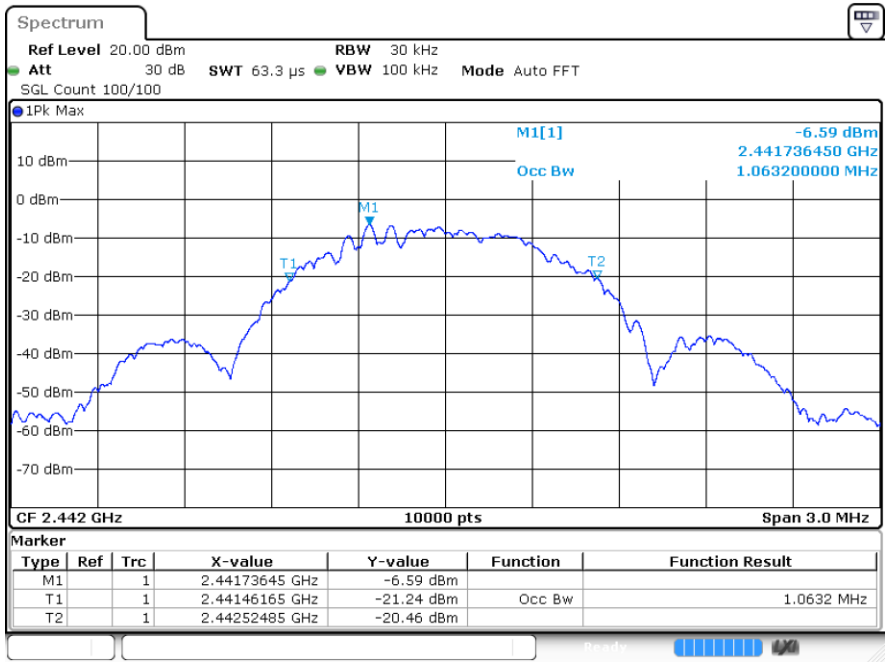
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results.

99% OBW, Low Channel: 2402 MHz



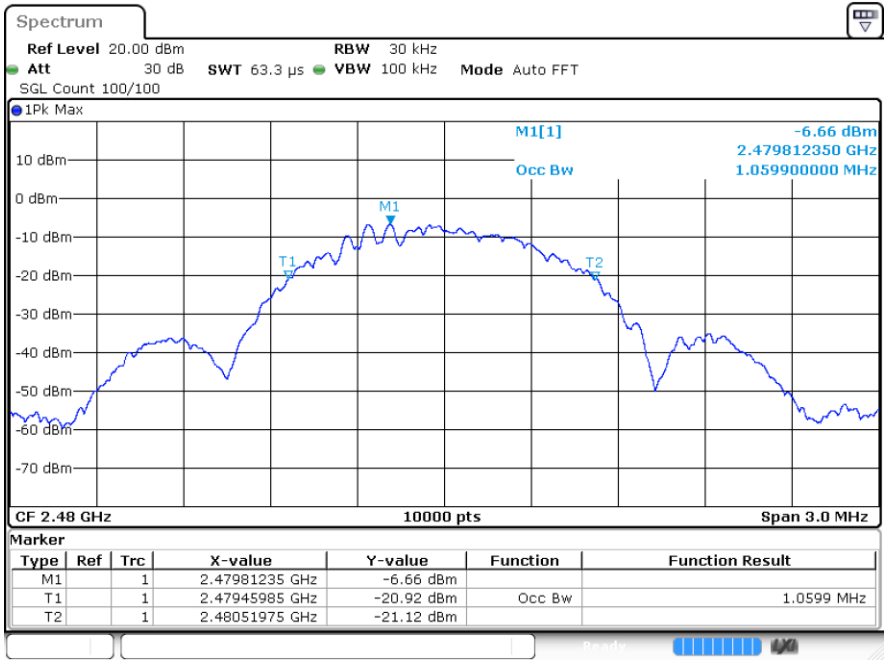
Date: 12.NOV.2021 21:17:12

99% OBW, Middle Channel: 2440 MHz

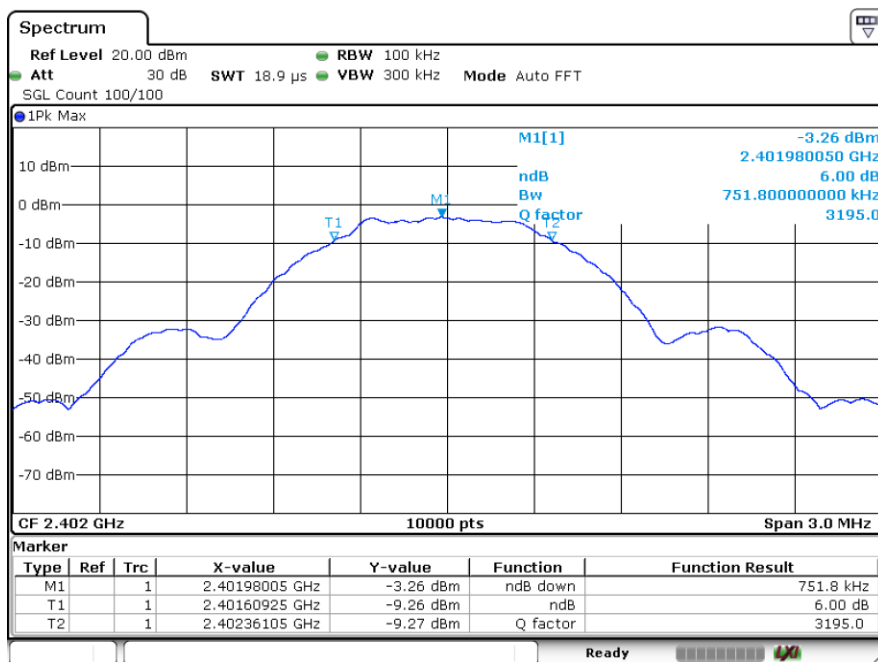


Date: 12.NOV.2021 21:17:26

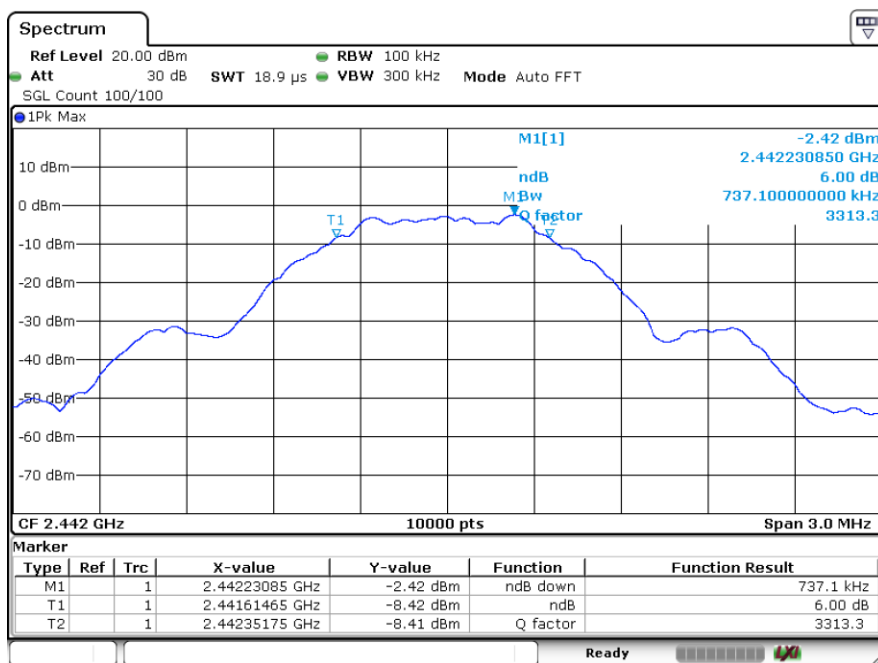
99% OBW, High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 12.NOV.2021 21:17:41

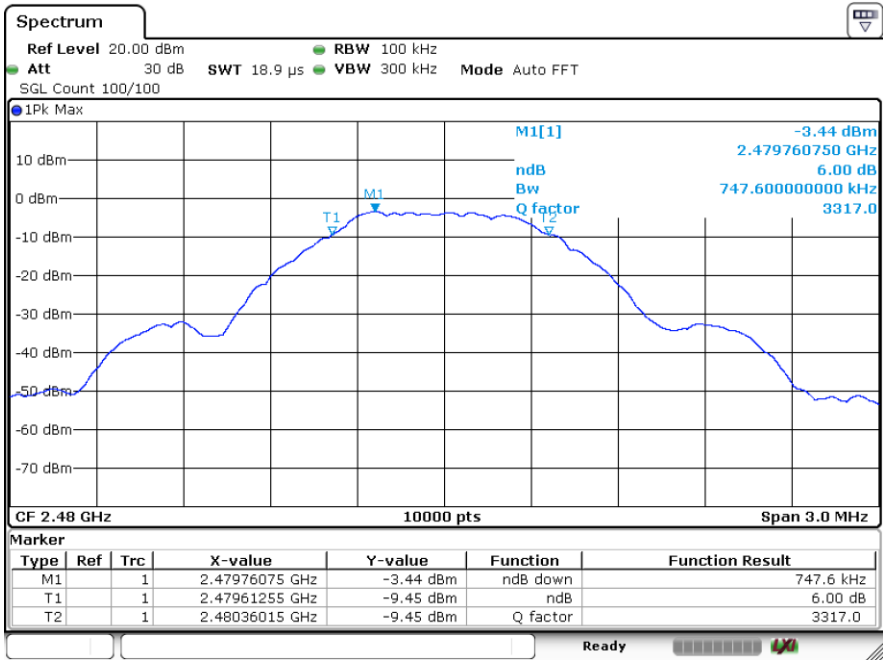
**-6 dB OBW, Low Channel: 2402 MHz**

Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:45:10

**-6 dB OBW, Middle Channel: 2440 MHz**

Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:46:06

-6 dB OBW, High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 12 NOV 2021 17:45:35

## 9 FCC §15.247(b) (3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 – Maximum Output Power

### 9.1 Applicable Standards

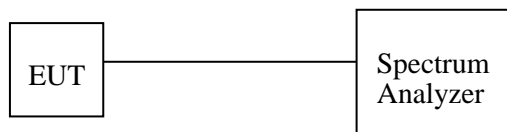
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3): For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247 §5.4: For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on ANSI C63.10-2013, Section 11.9.2.2.2.

### 9.3 Test Setup Diagram



### 9.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.

### 9.5 Test Environmental Conditions

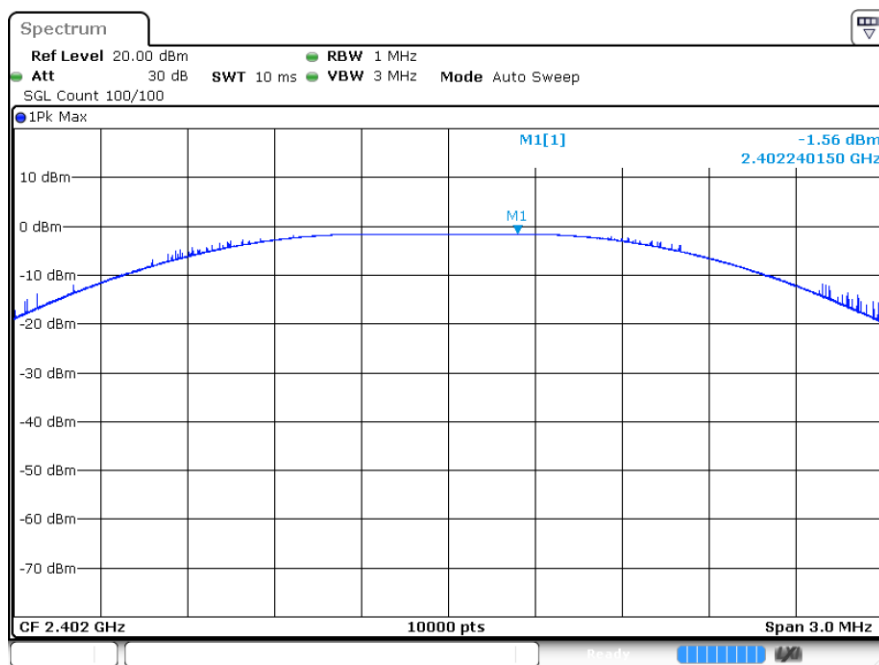
Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	102.0 KPa

The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-12 at RF test site.

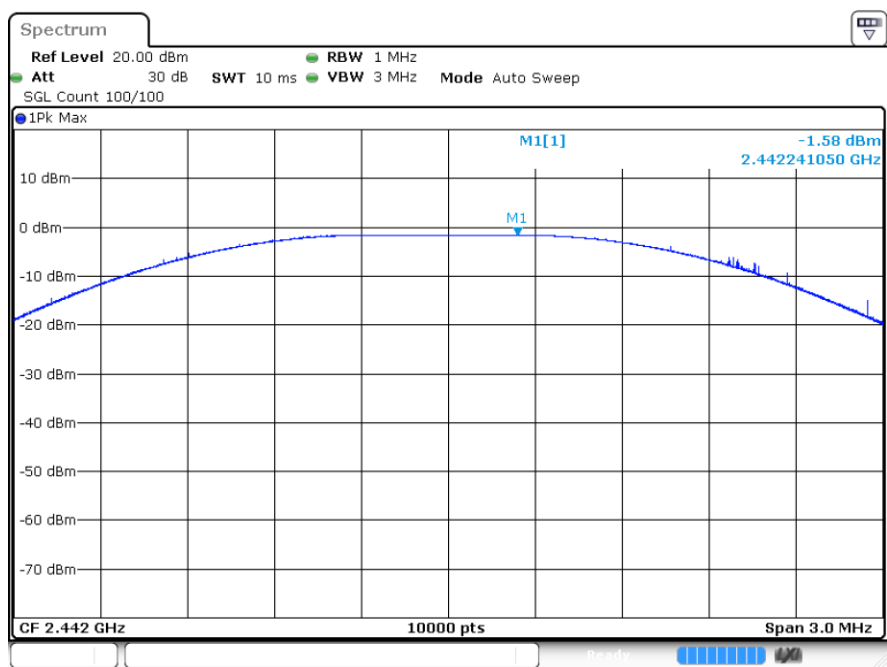
## 9.6 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	FCC/ISED Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	-1.56	< 30
Middle	2440	-1.58	< 30
High	2480	-1.65	< 30

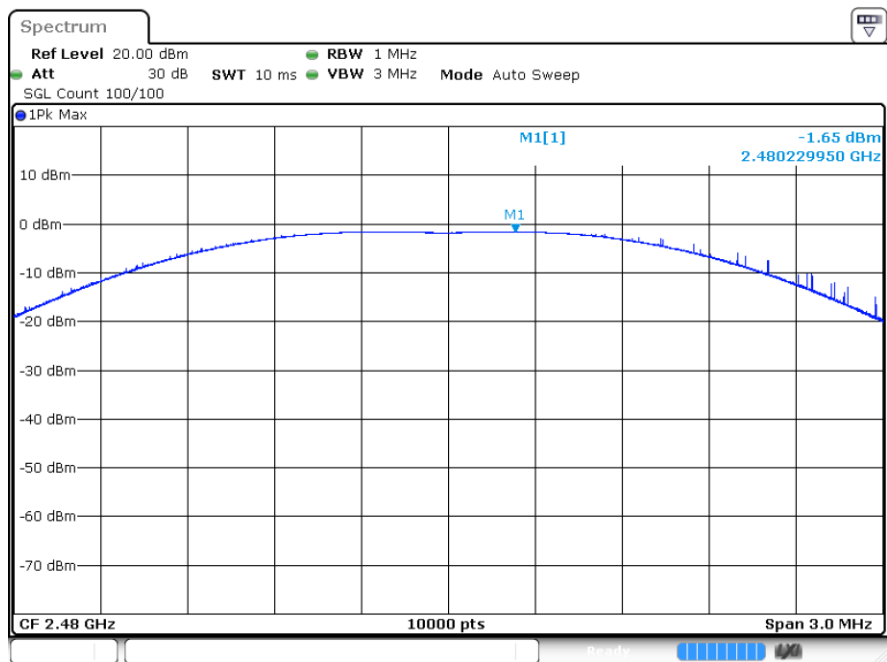
### Low Channel: 2402 MHz



Date: 12.NOV.2021 20:20:50

**Middle Channel: 2440 MHz**

Date: 12.NOV.2021 20:21:14

**High Channel: 2480 MHz**

Date: 12.NOV.2021 20:21:42

## 10 FCC §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) – Peak Power Spectral Density

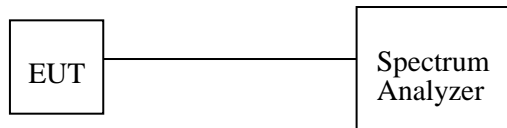
### 10.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(e) and RSS-247 §5.2 ( 2 ) , for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission.

### 10.3 Test Setup Diagram



### 10.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months

*Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 “A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability”.*

### 10.5 Test Environmental Conditions

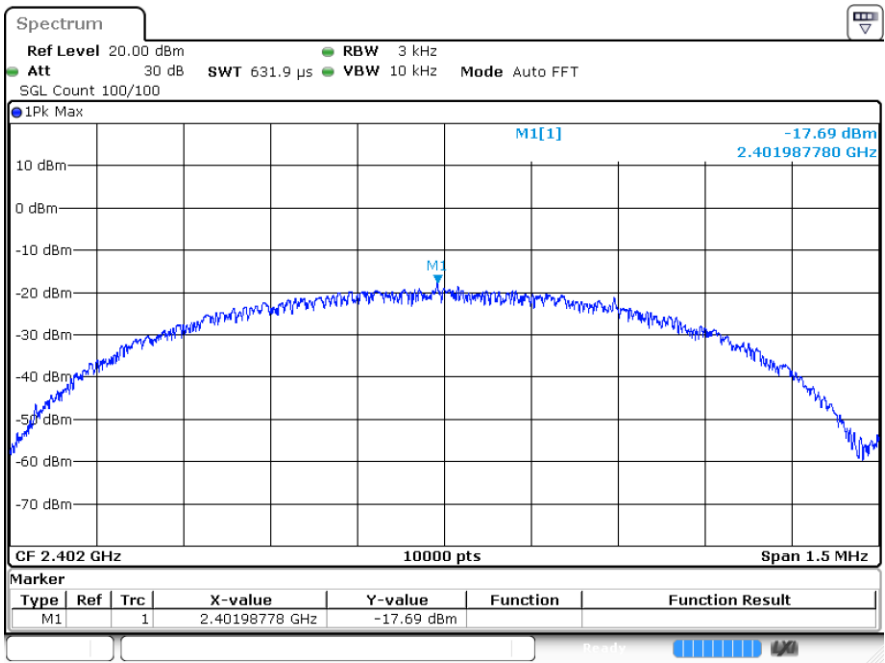
Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

*The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-15 at RF test site.*

## 10.6 Test Results

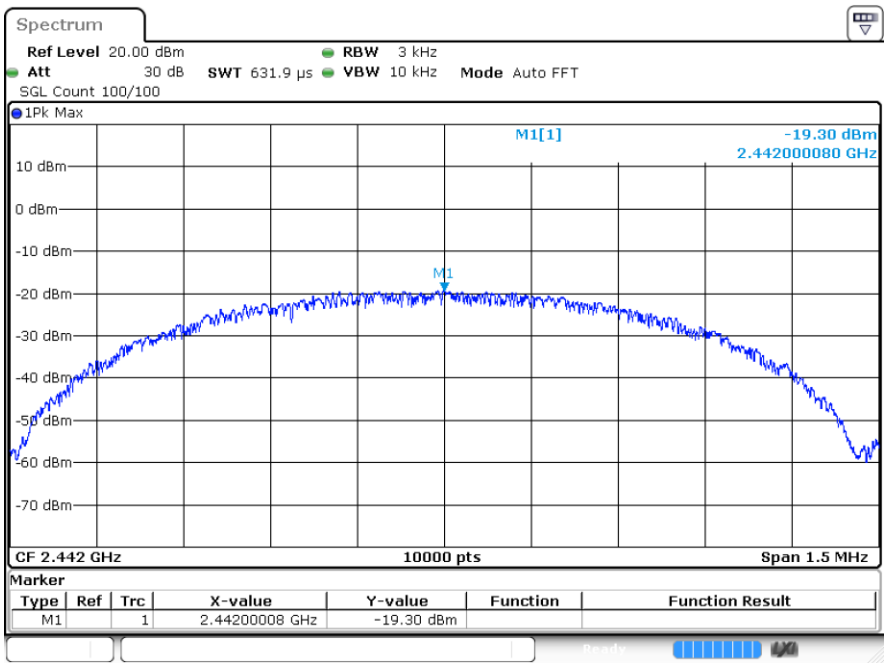
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted PSD (dBm/3 kHz)	FCC/ISED Limit (dBm/3 kHz)
Low	2402	-17.69	< 8
Middle	2440	-19.30	< 8
High	2480	-19.19	< 8

Low Channel: 2402 MHz



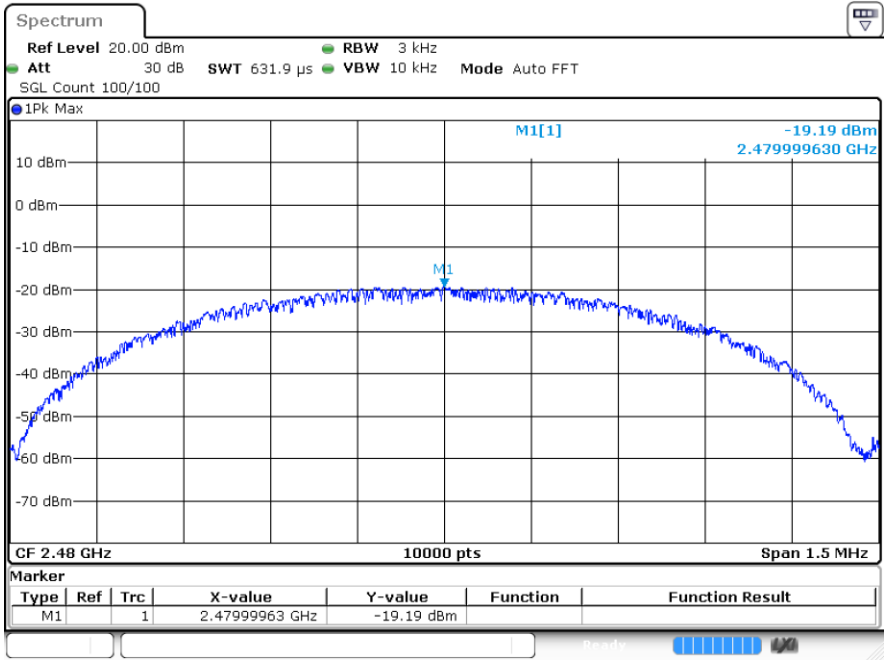
Date: 15.NOV.2021 22:17:35

Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



Date: 15.NOV.2021 22:18:01

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 15.NOV.2021 22:18:29

## 11 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

### 11.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

### 11.2 Measurement Procedure

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

RBW = 100 kHz

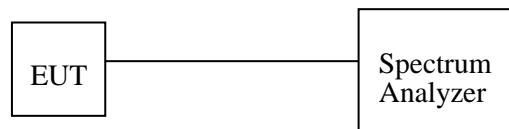
VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = coupled

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

### 11.3 Test Setup Diagram



### 11.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

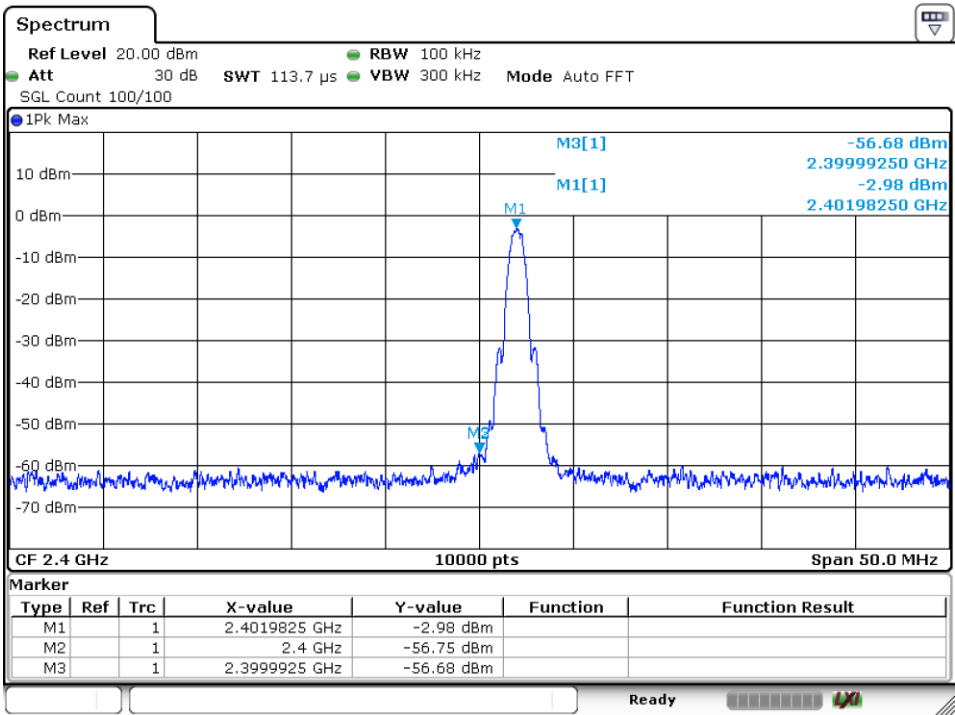
## 11.5 Test Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	21° C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	39 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	102.0 KPa

*The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-12 at RF test site.*

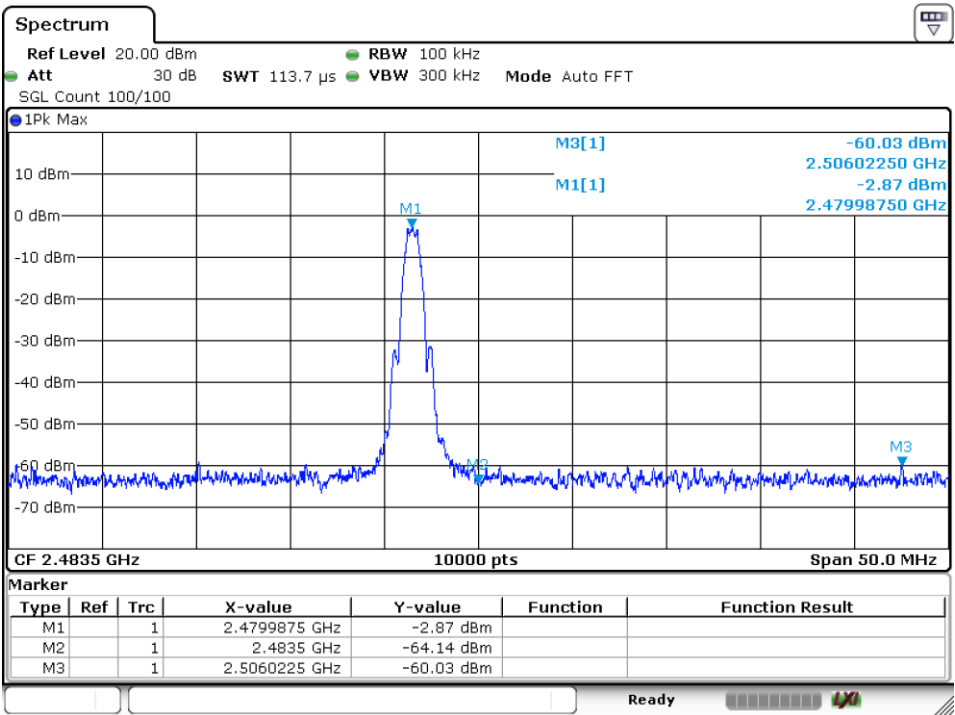
11.6 Test Results

Low Channel: 2402 MHz



Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:28:13

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:26:34

## 12 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

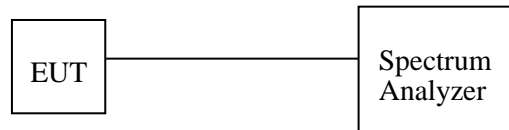
### 12.1 Applicable Standards

For FCC §15.247(d) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### 12.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

### 12.3 Test Setup Diagram



### 12.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months

**Statement of Traceability:** *BACL Corp.* attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

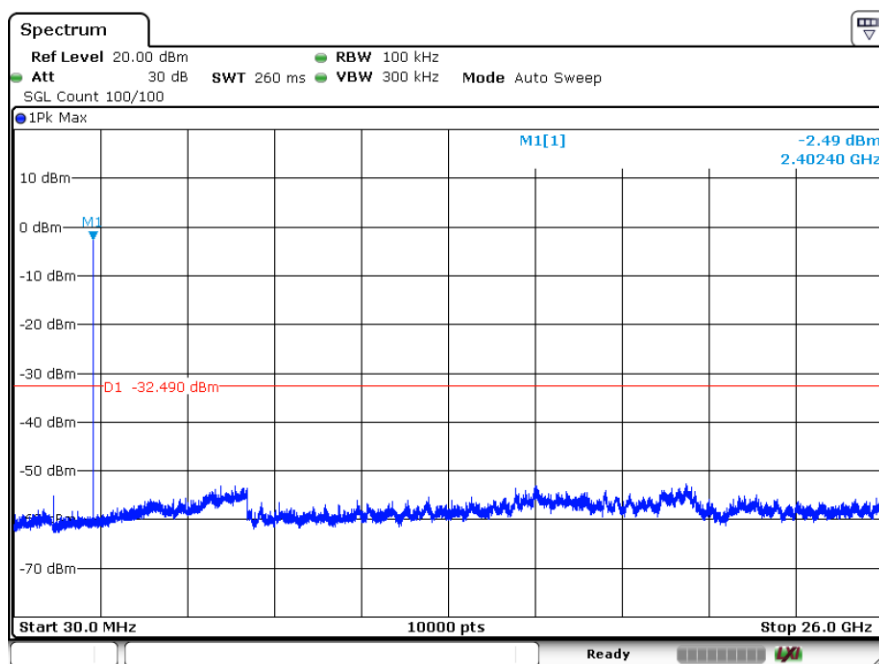
### 12.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21° C
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	102.0 KPa

The testing was performed by Alexandrae Duran on 2021-11-12 at RF test site.

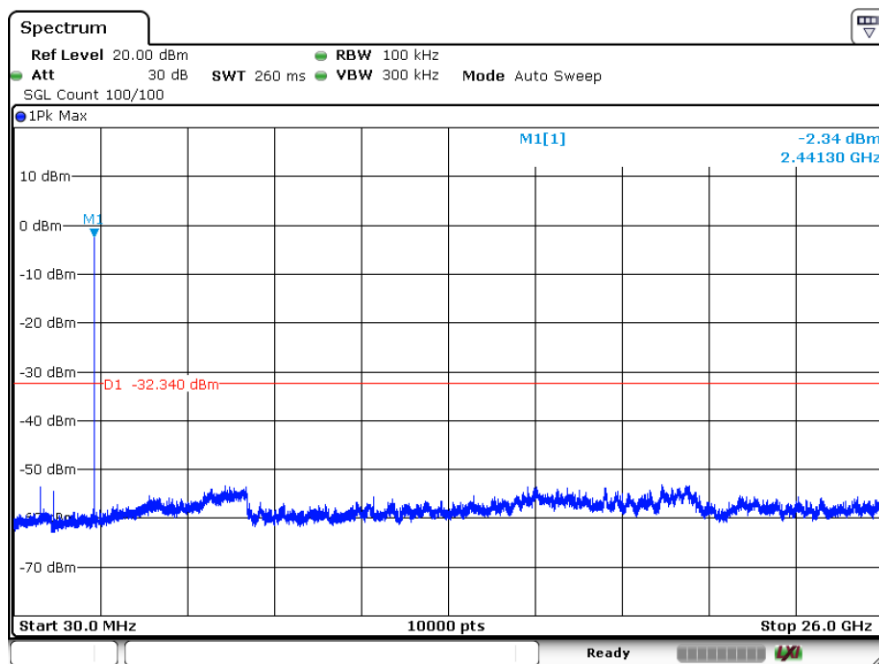
## 12.6 Test Results

### Low Channel: 2402 MHz

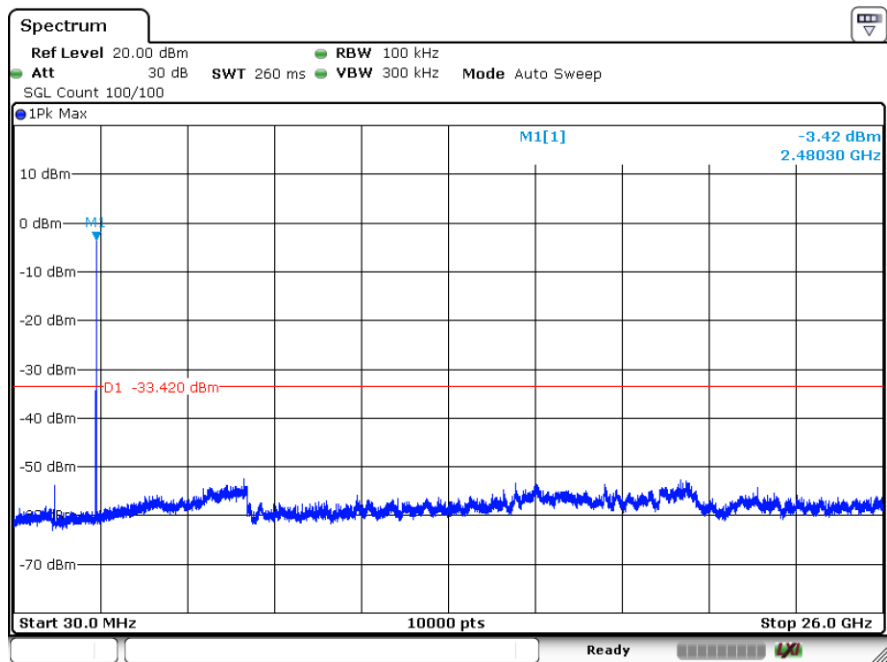


Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:33:16

### Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:43:46

**High Channel: 2480 MHz**

Date: 12.NOV.2021 17:39:43

## **13 Annex A (Normative) - Test Setup Photographs**

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Please refer to the attachment

## **14 Annex B (Normative) - EUT External Photographs**

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Please refer to the attachment

## **15 Annex C (Normative) - EUT Internal Photographs**

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Please refer to the attachment

## 16 Annex D (Informative) –Declaration of Similarity

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### DECLARATION OF SIMILARITY

January 26, 2022

To:  
Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.  
1274 Anvilwood Ave.  
Sunnyvale, CA 94089  
Phone: 408-732-9162, Fax: 408-732-9164  
<http://www.baclcorp.com>

Dear Sir or Madam:

We Listen Technologies hereby declare that our device(s), product model(s): LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon, and LA-491 Bluetooth Beacon have the same common design, construction, parts or assemblies essential to ensure conformity with the same product emissions and safety compliance criteria, as product model LA-490 Bluetooth/IR Beacon, tested and evaluated by BACL Laboratories test report R2109296.

A description of the differences between the tested model and those that are declared similar are as follows:

The difference is that the LA-491 transmits Bluetooth only, no Infrared.

Please contact me should there be need for any additional clarification of information.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Tracy Bathurst". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

---

Tracy Bathurst  
14912 Heritage Crest Way  
Bluffdale, Ut 84065

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**17 Annex E (Normative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate****Accredited Laboratory**

A2LA has accredited

**BAY AREA COMPLIANCE LABORATORIES CORP.**

Sunnyvale, CA

for technical competence in the field of

**Electrical Testing**

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This laboratory also meets A2LA R222 - Specific Requirements EPA ENERGY STAR Accreditation Program. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).

Presented this 10<sup>th</sup> day of March 2021.

A blue ink signature of Trace McInturff.

Trace McInturff, Vice President, Accreditation Services  
For the Accreditation Council  
Certificate Number 3297.02  
Valid to September 30, 2022

*For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.*

Please follow the web link below for a full ISO 17025 scope

<https://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf>

**--- END OF REPORT ---**