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May 31, 2013

Page 1 of 57

## Prüfbericht / Test Report

Nr. / No. 59583-24398 (Edition 2)

Applicant: Baltech AG  
Type of equipment: RFID-Reader  
Type designation: ID-engine-M  
Order No.: E-Mail 21 May 2013  
Test standards: FCC Code of Federal Regulations,  
CFR 47, Part 15,  
Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225  
  
Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications  
RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5 and  
RSS-210 Issue 8, Section A2.6 (Category I Equipment)

### **Note:**

The test data of this report is related only to the individual item which has been tested. This report shall not be reproduced except in full extent without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

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## 1 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### General data of EUT

Type designation<sup>1</sup>: ID-engine-M

Variants covered by this report<sup>2</sup>:

HW Revision / Model Number	Functionality
10090-3X-Y 10090-300 10090-310 10090-320 10090-330 10090-340 10090-350	13,56MHz & 125kHz
10090-1X-Y 10090-100 10090-110 10090-120 10090-130 10090-140 10090-150	13,56MHz only
10090-2X-Y 10090-200	125kHz only

Serial number(s): Prototype  
 Manufacturer: Baltech AG  
 Type of equipment: RFID-Reader  
 Version: As delivered  
 FCC ID: N/A  
 Industry Canada ID: N/A  
 Additional parts/accessories: N/A

### Technical data of EUT

Application frequency range: - 0.009 – 0.490 MHz  
 - 13.111 – 14.01 MHz  
 Frequency range:  
 Operating frequency: 125 kHz, 13.56 MHz

<sup>1</sup> Type designation of the system if EUT consists of more than one part.

<sup>2</sup> Type designations of the parts of the system, if applicable.



Type of modulation:	ASK	
Number of RF-channels:	2	
Channel spacing:	N/A	
Designation of emissions <sup>3</sup> :		
Type of antenna:	Integrated	
Size/length of antenna:		
Connection of antenna:	<input type="checkbox"/> detachable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not detachable
Type of power supply:	DC supply	
Specifications for power supply:	nominal voltage:	5.0 V
	minimum voltage:	4.75 V
	maximum voltage:	5.25 V
	nominal frequency:	DC Hz

<sup>3</sup> Also known as "Class of Emission".



## 2 Administrative Data

### Application details

Applicant (full address):	Baltech AG Lilienthalstrasse 27, 85399 Hallbergmoos / Germany
Contact person:	Cemil Yatkin
Order number:	E-Mail 21 May 2013
Receipt of EUT:	21 May 2013
Date(s) of test:	31 May 2013
Note(s):	

### Report details

Report number:	59583-24398
Edition:	2
Issue date:	May 31, 2013



### 3 Identification of the Test Laboratory

#### Details of the Test Laboratory

Company name:	TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH
Address:	Aeussere Fruehlingstrasse 45 D-94315 Straubing Germany
Laboratory accreditation:	DAR-Registration No. DAT-PL-171/94-03
FCC test site registration number	90926
Industry Canada test site registration:	3050A-2
Contact person:	Mr. Johann Roidt
	Phone: +49 9421 5522-0 Fax: +49 9421 5522-99

## 4 Summary

### Summary of test results

The tested sample complies with the requirements set forth in the

**Code of Federal Regulations CFR 47, Part 15, Sections 15.205, 15.207, 15.215 and 15.225**

of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and the

**Radio Standards Specifications**

**RSS-GEN Issue 3, Sections 7.2.2, 7.2.4 and 7.2.5 and  
RSS-210 Issue 8, Section , A2.6 (Category I Equipment)**

of Industry Canada (IC).

### Personnel involved in this report

Laboratory Manager:



Mr. Johann Roidt

Responsible for testing:

Mr. Johann Roidt

Responsible for test report:

Mr. Johann Roidt

## 5 Operation Mode and Configuration of EUT

### Operation Mode(s)

Scanning for cards at 125 kHz and 13.56 MHz simultaneously

### Configuration(s) of EUT

EUT connected to USB port of notebook PC

### List of ports and cables

<i>Port</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Classification<sup>4</sup></i>	<i>Cable type</i>	<i>Cable length</i>
1	USB port	dc power	Shielded	2 m
		signal/control port	Shielded	

### List of devices connected to EUT

<i>Item</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Type Designation</i>	<i>Serial no. or ID</i>	<i>Manufacturer</i>
1	Notebook PC	X320 Tablet	N/A	Lenovo
2				
3				
4				

### List of support devices

<i>Item</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Type Designation</i>	<i>Serial no. or ID</i>	<i>Manufacturer</i>
1	None			
2				
3				
4				

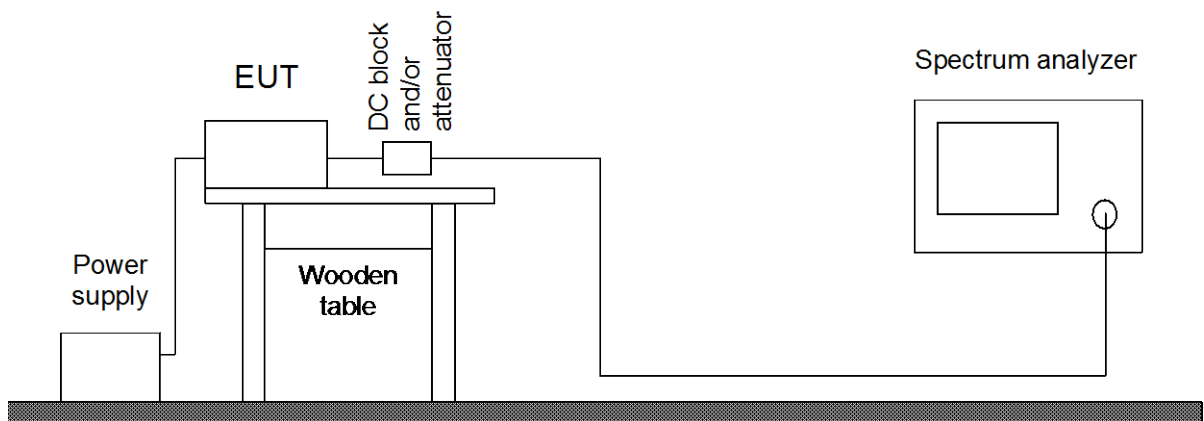
<sup>4</sup> Ports shall be classified as ac power, dc power or signal/control port



## 6 Measurement Procedures

### 6.1 Bandwidth Measurements

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A1.1.3 ANSI C63.4, annex H.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2
Measurement setup:	<input type="checkbox"/> Conducted: See below <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radiated: Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)
<p>If antenna is detachable bandwidth measurements shall be performed at the antenna connector (conducted measurement) when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure, if applicable. The RF output terminals are connected to a spectrum analyzer. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals shall be stated, if applicable.</p> <p>If radiated measurements are performed the same test setups and instruments are used as with radiated emission measurements for the appropriate frequency range.</p> <p>The analyzer settings are specified by the test description of the appropriate test record(s).</p>	





Test instruments used for conducted measurements:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Power meter	NRVS	1264	836856/015	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Peak power sensor	NRV-Z31	1701	8579604.03	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Power sensor	NRV-Z52	1499	837901/030	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Power sensor	NRV-Z4	1034	863828/015	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
<input type="checkbox"/> Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
<input type="checkbox"/> Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda

## 6.2 Conducted AC Powerline Emission

### Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications: CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207  
 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 7.2.4

Guide: ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22

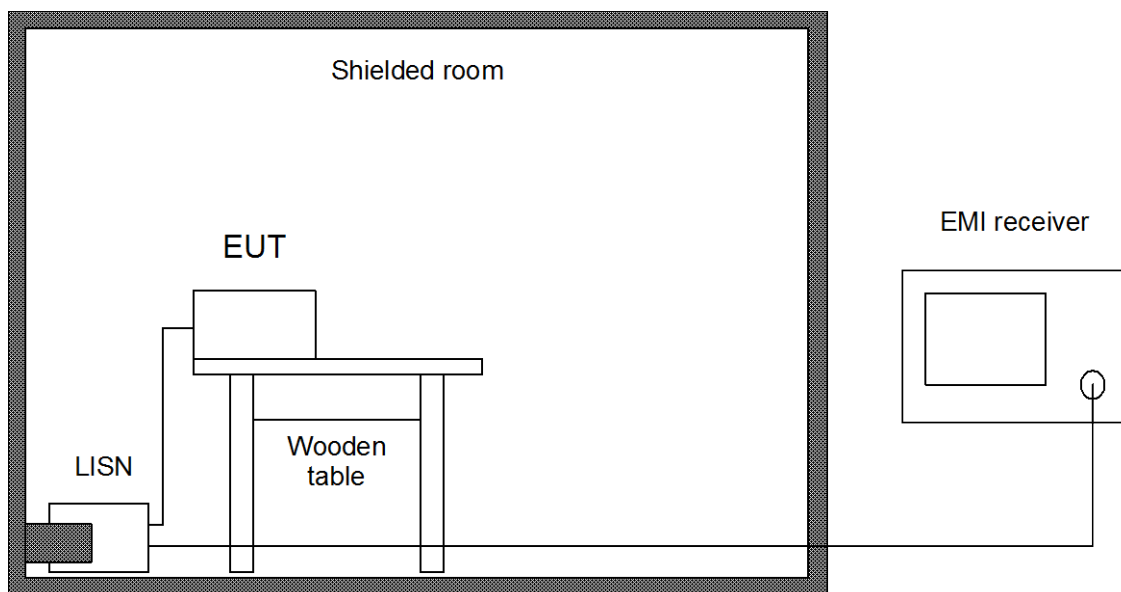
Conducted emission tests in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30 MHz are performed using Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). To simplify testing with quasi-peak and average detector the following procedure is used:

First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment under test (EUT) is recorded with detector set to peak using CISPR bandwidth of 10 kHz. After that all emission levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the average limit are retested with detector set to quasi-peak.

If average limit is kept with quasi-peak levels no additional scan with average detector is necessary. In cases of emission levels between quasi-peak and average limit an additional scan with detector set to average is performed.

According to ANSI C63.4, section 13.1.3.1, testing of intentional radiators with detachable antenna shall be performed using a suitable dummy load connected to the antenna output terminals. Otherwise, the tests shall be made with the antenna connected and, if adjustable, fully extended.

Testing with dummy load may be necessary to distinguish (unintentional) conducted emissions on the supply lines from (intentional) emissions radiated by the antenna and coupling directly to supply lines and/or LISN. Usage of dummy load has to be stated in the appropriate test record(s) and notes should be added to clarify the test setup.

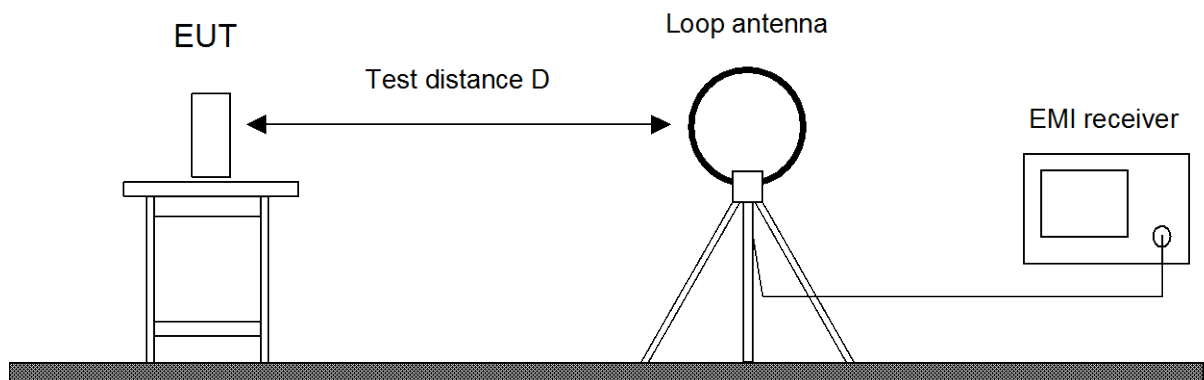


Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1059	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> V-network	ESH 3-Z5	1218	830952/025	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Artificial mains network	ESH 2-Z5	1536	842966/004	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Shielded room	No. 1	1451	---	Albatross
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shielded room	No. 4	1454	3FD 100 544	Euroshield

### 6.3 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205, 15.215(b) and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2 and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
<p>Radiated emission in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz is measured using an active loop antenna. First the whole spectrum of emission caused by the equipment is recorded at a distance of 3 meters in a fully or semi anechoic room with the detector of the spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver set to peak. This configuration is also used for recording the spectrum of intentional radiators.</p> <p>Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing. EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.</p> <p>If worst case emission of the EUT cannot be recorded with EUT in standard position and loop antenna in vertical polarization the EUT (or the radiating part of the EUT) is rotated by 90 degrees instead of changing the loop antenna to horizontal polarization. This procedure is selected to minimize the influence of the environment (e.g. effects caused by the floor especially with longer distances).</p> <p>Final measurement is performed at a test distance D of 30 meters using an open field test site. In case the regulation requires testing at other distances, the result is extrapolated by either making measurements at an additional distance D of 10 meters to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). In cases of very low emissions measurements are performed at shorter distances and results are extrapolated to the required distance. The provisions of CFR 47 Part 15 sections 15.31(d) and (f)(2) apply. According to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.209(d) final measurement is performed with detector function set to quasi-peak except for the frequency bands 9 to 90 kHz and 110 to 490 kHz where, for non-pulsed operation, average detector is employed.</p> <p>If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.</p>	



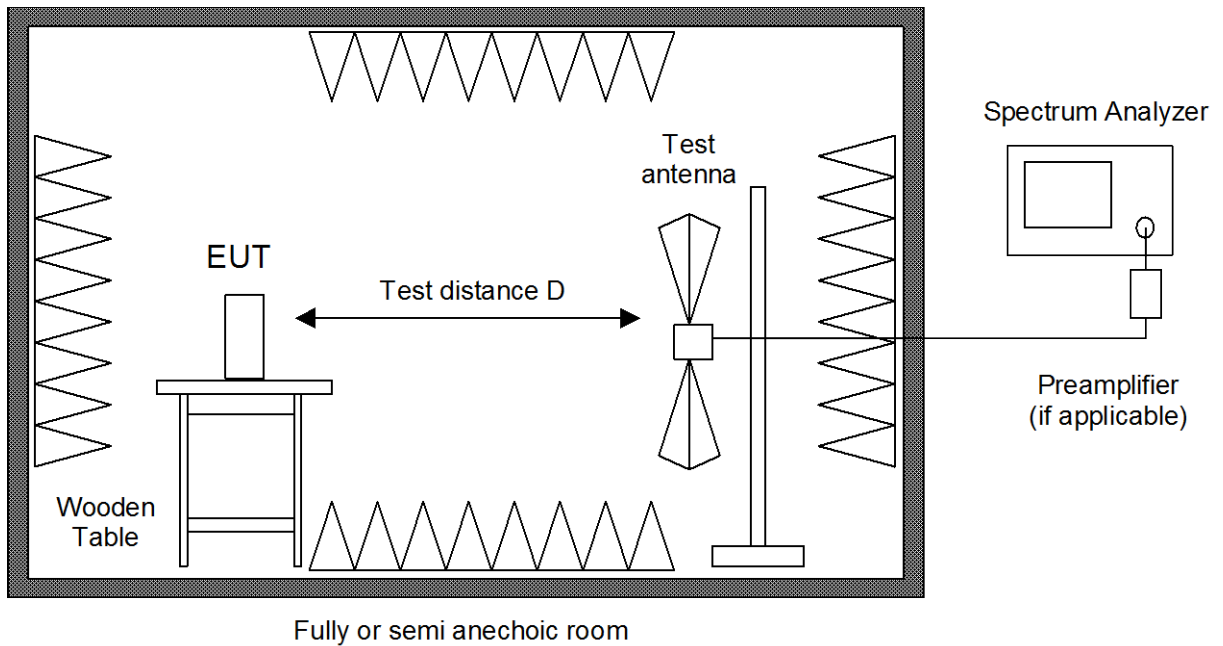


Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Test receiver	ESHS 10	1028	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	1016	882964/1	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
<input type="checkbox"/> Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

## 6.4 Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
<p>Radiated emission in fully or semi anechoic room is measured in the frequency range from 30 MHz to the maximum frequency as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.33.</p> <p>Measurements are made in both the horizontal and vertical planes of polarization using a spectrum analyzer with the detector function set to peak and resolution as well as video bandwidth set to 100 kHz (below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz (above 1 GHz).</p> <p>Testing up to 1 GHz is performed with a linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna"). For testing above 1 GHz horn antennas are used.</p> <p>All tests below 8.2 GHz are performed at a test distance D of 3 meters. For higher frequencies the test distance may be reduced (e.g. to 1 meter) due to the sensitivity of the measuring instrument(s) and the test results are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(f)(1) using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade. If required, preamplifiers are used for the whole frequency range. Special care is taken to avoid overload, using appropriate attenuators and filters, if necessary.</p> <p>If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.</p> <p>Hand-held or body-worn devices are rotated through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and configuration produces the highest emission relative to the limit and therefore shall be used for final testing.</p> <p>During testing the EUT is rotated all around to find the maximum levels of emissions. Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.</p> <p>For final testing below 1 GHz a semi anechoic room complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites is used (see 6.5). If prescans are recorded in fully anechoic room they are indicated appropriately.</p>	



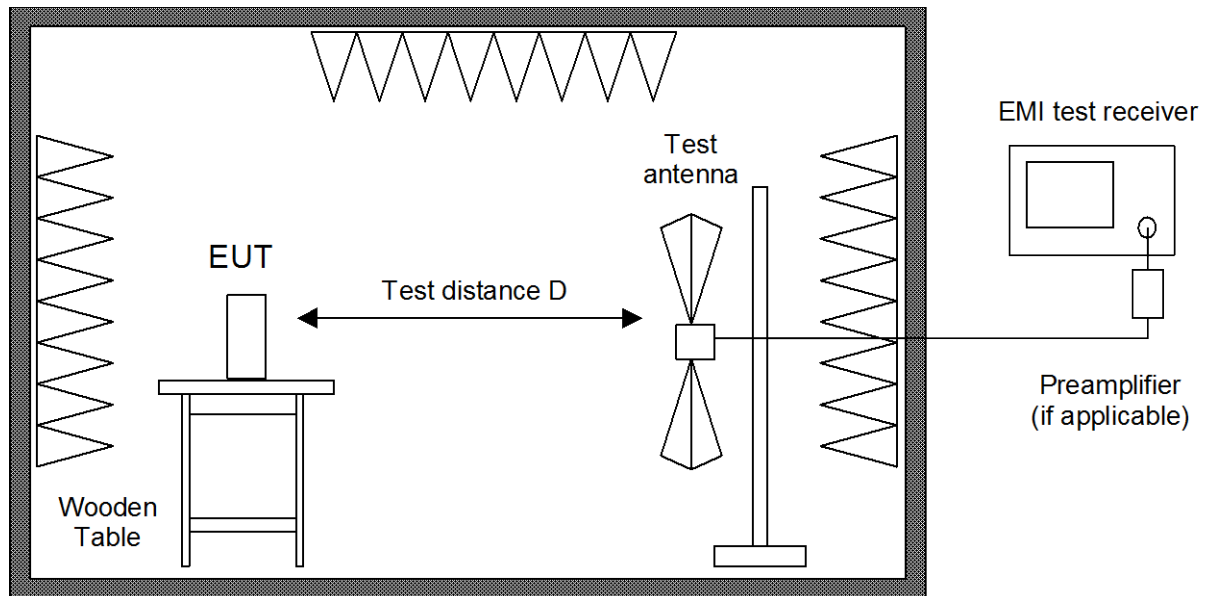
Test instruments used:

Type		Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input type="checkbox"/>	Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMI test receiver	Cabin no. 3 ESPI7	2010	101018	Rohde & Schwarz
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier	Cabin no. 2 CPA9231A	1716	3557	Schaffner
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier	R14601	1142	13120026	Advantest
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier (1 - 8 GHz)	AFS3-00100800-32-LN	1684	847743	Miteq
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier (0.5 - 8 GHz)	AMF-4D-005080-25-13P	1685	860149	Miteq
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preamplifier (8 - 18 GHz)	ACO/180-3530	1484	32641	CTT
<input type="checkbox"/>	External Mixer	WM782A	1576	845881/005	Tektronix
<input type="checkbox"/>	Harmonic Mixer Accessories	FS-Z30	1577	624413/003	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 2 VULB 9163	1802	9163-214	Schwarzbeck
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 3 VULB 9163	1722	9163-188	Schwarzbeck
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3115	1516	9508-4553	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-03	1010	9112-1003	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-04	1011	9112-1001	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-05	1012	9112-1001	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-06	1013	9112-1001	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-07	1014	9112-1008	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-08	1015	9112-1002	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-09	1265	9403-1025	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Horn antenna	3160-10	1575	399185	EMCO
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fully anechoic room	No. 2	1452	---	Albatross
<input type="checkbox"/>	Semi anechoic room	No. 3	1453	---	Siemens
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross



## 6.5 Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site

Measurement Procedure:	
Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
<p>Radiated emission in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz is measured within a semi-anechoic room with groundplane complying with the NSA requirements of ANSI C63.4 for alternative test sites. A linear polarized logarithmic periodic antenna combined with a 4:1 broadband dipole ("Trilog broadband antenna") is used. The measurement bandwidth of the test receiver is set to 120 kHz with quasi-peak detector selected.</p> <p>If the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission there also is a peak limit corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit. Additionally, if pulsed operation is employed, the average field strength is determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as specified in CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.35(c). If the pulse train exceeds 0.1 second that 0.1 second interval during which the value of the emission is at its maximum is selected for calculation. The pulse train correction is added to the peak value of the emission to get the average value.</p> <p>Hand-held or body-worn devices are tested in the position producing the highest emission relative to the limit as verified by prescans in fully anechoic room.</p> <p>If no prescan in a fully anechoic room is used first a peak scan is performed in four positions to get the whole spectrum of emission caused by EUT with the measuring antenna raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m to find table position, antenna height and antenna polarization for the maximum emission levels.</p> <p>Data reduction is applied to these results to select those levels having less margin than 10 dB to or exceeding the limit using subranges and limited number of maximums. Further maximization is following.</p> <p>With detector of the test receiver set to quasi-peak final measurements are performed immediately after frequency zoom (for drifting disturbances) and maximum adjustment.</p> <p>Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.</p> <p>In cases where prescans in a fully anechoic room are taken (e. g. if EUT is operating for a short time only or battery is discharged quickly) final measurements with quasi-peak detector are performed manually at frequencies indicated by prescan with EUT rotating all around and receiving antenna raising and lowering within 1 meter to 4 meters to find the maximum levels of emission.</p> <p>Equipment and cables are placed and moved within the range of position likely to find their maximum emissions.</p> <p>For measuring emissions of intentional radiators and receivers a test distance D of 3 meters is selected. Testing of unintentional radiators is performed at a distance of 10 meters. If limits specified for 3 meters shall be used for measurements performed at 10 meters distance the limits are calculated according to CFR 47 Part 15 section 15.31(d) and (f)(1) using an inverse linear-distance extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade.</p>	



Alternate test site (semi anechoic room)

Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESU8	2044	100232	Rohde & Schwarz
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Trilog antenna	Cabin no. 8 VULB 9163	2058	9163-408	Schwarzbeck
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Semi anechoic room	No. 8	2057	---	Albatross

## 6.6 Carrier Frequency Stability

### Measurement Procedure:

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.7 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4

The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal is measured over a temperature variation of -20 °C to +50 °C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 °C.

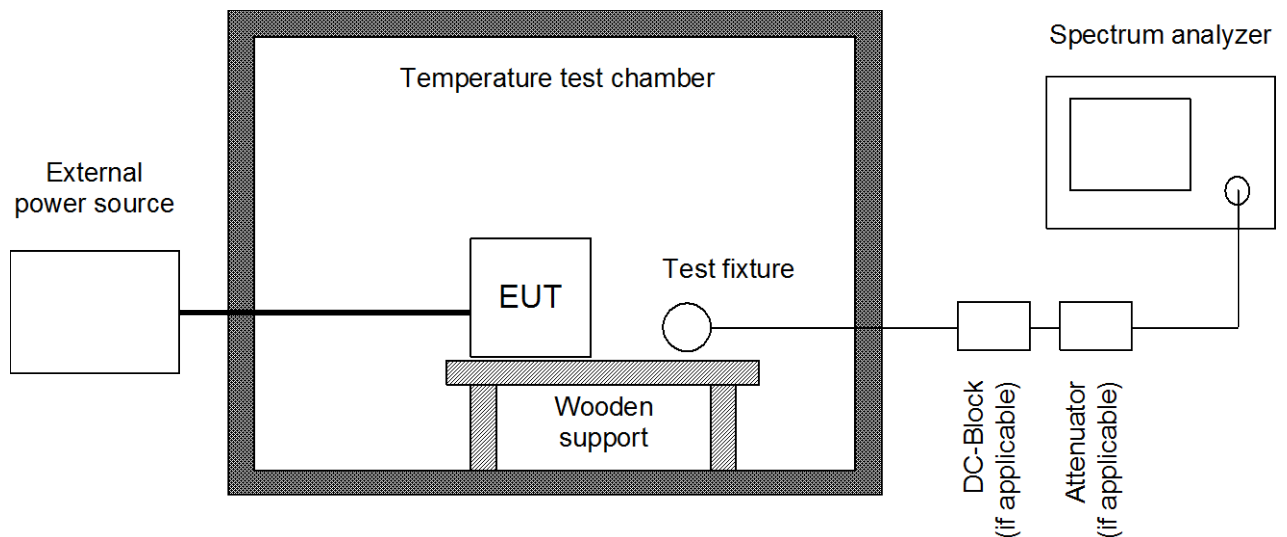
If the EUT provides an antenna connector the spectrum analyzer is connected to this port. If required, a resistive matching network equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna is used as well as dc block and appropriate attenuators (50 Ohms). In cases where the EUT does not provide an antenna connector a test fixture is used.

For battery operated equipment, the test is performed using a new battery. Alternatively, an external supply voltage can be used and is at least set to:

- the maximum battery voltage as delivered by a new battery or 115% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery nominal voltage
- 85% of the battery nominal voltage
- the battery operating end point voltage which shall be specified by the equipment manufacturer

The EUT is operating providing an unmodulated carrier. The peak detector of the spectrum analyzer is selected and resolution as well as video bandwidth are set to values appropriate to the shape of the spectrum of the EUT. The frequency counter mode of the spectrum analyzer is used to maximize the accuracy of the measured frequency tolerance.

If an unmodulated carrier is not available a significant and stable point on the spectrum is selected and the span is reduced to a value that delivers an accuracy which shall be better than 1% of the maximum frequency tolerance allowed for the carrier signal. This method may be performed as long as the margin to the frequency tolerance allowed is larger than the uncertainty of the measured frequency tolerance.





Test instruments used:

Type	Designation	Inv.-no.	Serial No. or ID	Manufacturer
<input type="checkbox"/> Spectrum analyzer	FSP30	1666	100036	Rohde & Schwarz
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESPI7	1711	836914/0002	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> EMI test receiver	ESMI	1569	839379/013 839587/006	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> DC-block	7006	1636	A2798	Weinschel
<input type="checkbox"/> Attenuator	4776-10	1638	9412	Narda
<input type="checkbox"/> Attenuator	4776-20	1639	9503	Narda
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test probe	TP 01	1628	001	TÜV SÜD PS
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	21 III	1653	76530546	Fluke
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	21 III	1654	76381229	Fluke
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	Fluke 77 III	1975	92370108	Fluke
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	Fluke 77 IV	1976	93090238	Fluke
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	Fluke 177	2025	96720024	Fluke
<input type="checkbox"/> Multimeter	Fluke 177	2026	96720025	Fluke
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DC power supply	NGSM 32/10	1267	203	Rohde & Schwarz
<input type="checkbox"/> Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1127	10387	Grundig
<input type="checkbox"/> Isolating transformer	RT 5A	1128	10416	Grundig
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temperature test chamber	HT 4010	1271	07065550	Heraeus



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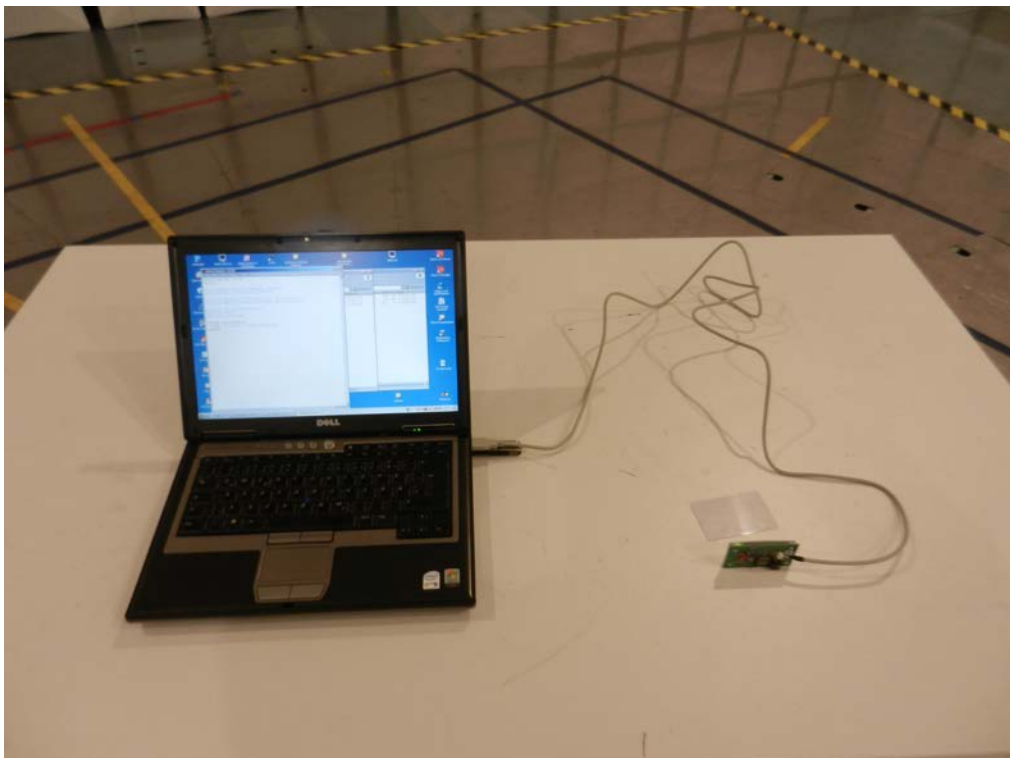
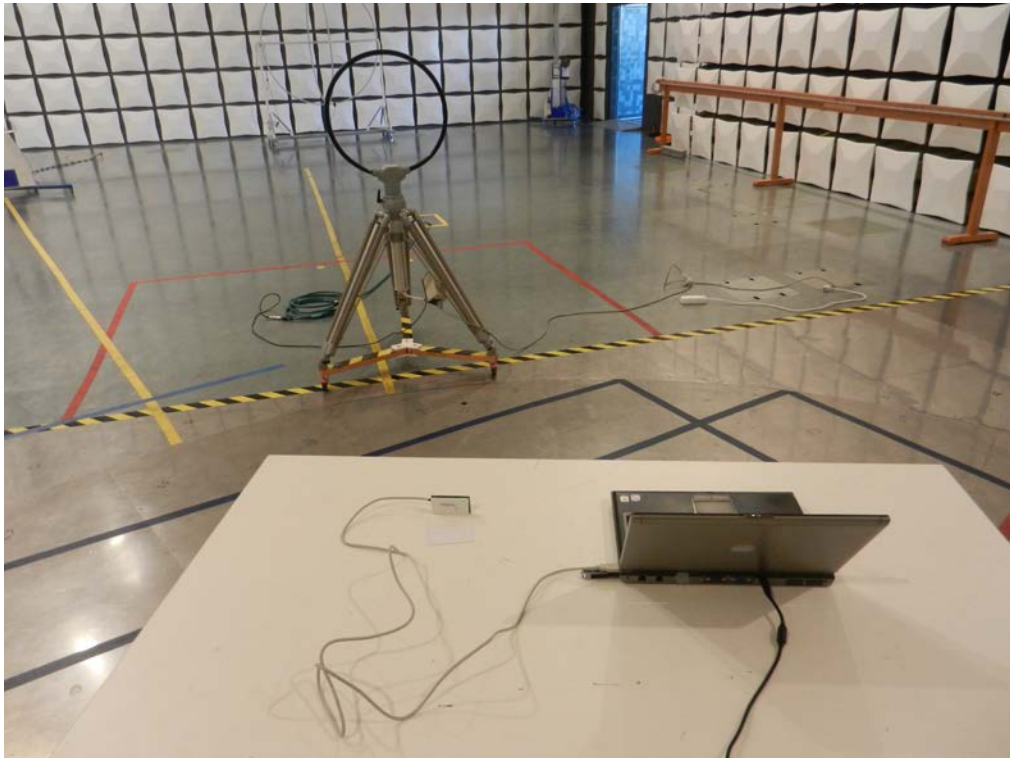
## 7 Photographs Taken During Testing

**Test setup for conducted AC powerline emission measurement**





**Test setup for radiated emission measurement 9 kHz – 30 MHz**



### Test setup for radiated emission measurement (alternate test site)





**Test setup for carrier frequency stability measurement**



## 8 Test Results

FCC CFR 47 Parts 2 and 15			
Section(s)	Test	Page	Result
2.1046(a)	Conducted output power	---	Not applicable
2.202(a)	Occupied bandwidth	28	Recorded
15.215(c)	Bandwidth of the emission	32	Test passed
2.201, 2.202	Class of emission	34	Calculated
15.35(c)	Pulse train measurement for pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
15.205(a) 15.205(d)(7)	Restricted bands of operation	--- <sup>5</sup>	Test passed
15.207	Conducted AC powerline emission 150 kHz to 30 MHz	35	Test passed
15.225(a)-(d)	Spectrum Mask	38	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.215(b) 15.225(a)(d)	Radiated emission 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
15.205(b) 15.225(d)	Radiated emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz	45	Test passed
15.225(e)	Carrier frequency stability	49	Test passed

<sup>5</sup> See "Spectrum Mask" for the 13.36 to 13.41 MHz band. For all other restricted bands see "Radiated Emission".

<b>IC RSS-GEN Issue 3</b>			
<i>Section(s)</i>	<i>Test</i>	<i>Page</i>	<i>Result</i>
4.8	Transmitter output power (conducted)	---	Not applicable
4.6.1	Occupied Bandwidth	28	Recorded
8	Designation of emissions	34	Calculated
4.5	Pulsed operation	---	Not applicable
2.2(a)	Restricted bands and unwanted emission frequencies	--- <sup>6</sup>	Test passed
7.2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
2.2(b)(c) 7.2.5	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	45	Test passed
7.2.2	Transmitter AC power lines conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	35	Test passed
5.5	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	52	Exempted from SAR and RF evaluation

<b>IC RSS-210 Issue 8</b>			
<i>Section(s)</i>	<i>Test</i>	<i>Page</i>	<i>Result</i>
A2.6	Spectrum Mask	38	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 9 kHz to 30 MHz	40	Test passed
A2.6	Unwanted emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz	45	Test passed
A2.6	Carrier frequency stability	49	Test passed

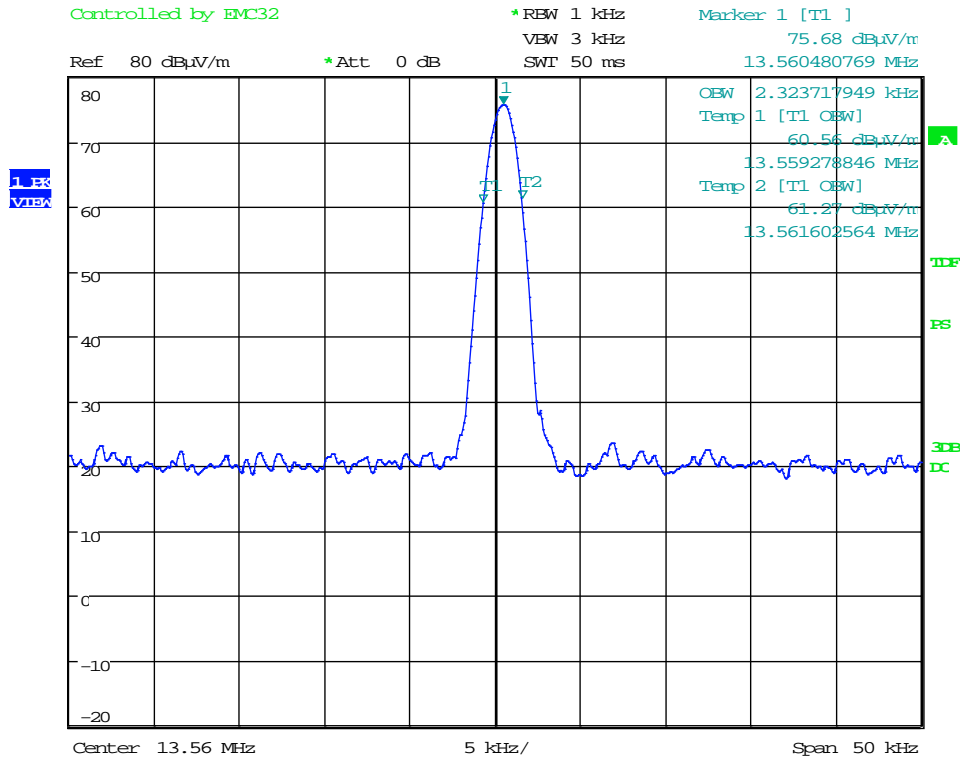
<sup>6</sup> See "Spectrum Mask" and "Unwanted emissions".

## 8.1 Occupied Bandwidth

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a) ANSI C63.4, annex H.6	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	The occupied bandwidth according to CFR 47 Part 2, section 2.202(a), is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth, i.e. below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.	
	The occupied bandwidth according to ANSI C63.4, annex H.6; is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier.	
	The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Yvariant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

### Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Occupied Bandwidth (99%): **2.32 kHz**

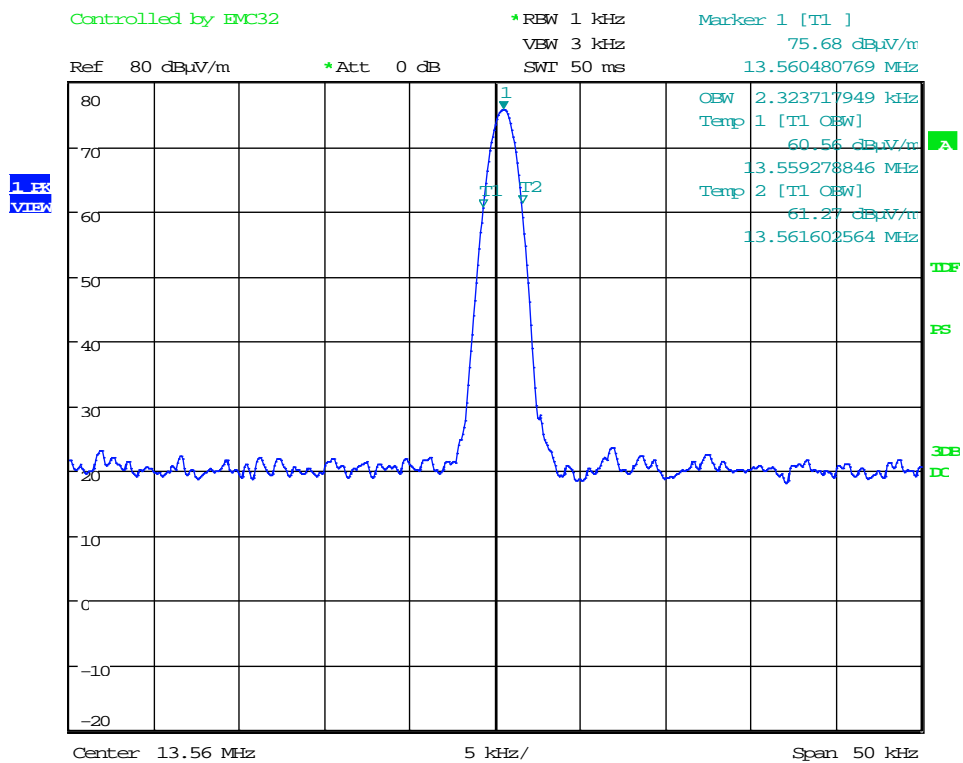


## Occupied Bandwidth (continued)

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Guide:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.6.1
Description:	<p>If not specified in the applicable RSS the occupied bandwidth is measured as the 99% emission bandwidth.</p> <p>The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1% of the selected span as is possible without being below 1%. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth.</p> <p>The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is also recorded. The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.</p>
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)

Comment:	
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2

### Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):



Date: 12.JUN.2013 10:21:13

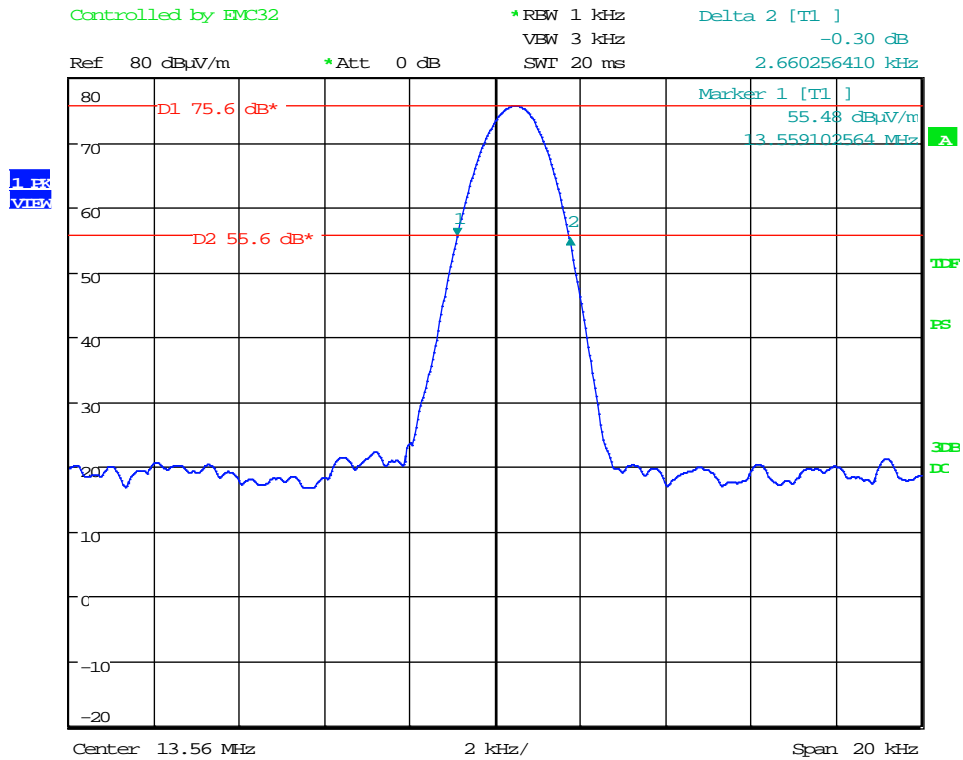
Occupied Bandwidth (99 %):	<b>2.32 kHz</b>
----------------------------	-----------------

## 8.2 Bandwidth of the Emission

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.215(c)	
Guide:	ANSI C63.4	
Description:	<p>The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured as the frequency range defined by the points that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier.</p> <p>For intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits the requirement to contain the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.</p> <p>The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to a value greater than 5.0% of the allowed bandwidth. If no bandwidth specifications are given, the following guidelines are used:</p>	
	Fundamental frequency	Minimum resolution bandwidth
	9 kHz to 30 MHz	1 kHz
	30 MHz to 1000 MHz	10 kHz
	1000 MHz to 40 GHz	100 kHz
	The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.	
Measurement procedure:	Bandwidth Measurements (6.1)	

Comment:	
Date of test:	12 June 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2





Permitted frequency band:	Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.	
20 dB bandwidth:	2.66 kHz	
Carrier frequency stability:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> specified	<input type="checkbox"/> not specified
Maximum frequency tolerances:	+..... kHz - ..... kHz	
Bandwidth of the emission:	..... kHz	within permitted frequency band <sup>7</sup> : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

<sup>7</sup> If a frequency stability is not specified, it is recommended that the fundamental emission is kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

### 8.3 Designation of Emissions

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 2, sections 2.201 and 2.202 IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, sections 8
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / TRC-43

Type of modulation:	Amplitude Modulation
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$B_n$ = Necessary Bandwidth	$B_n = 2BK$
B = Modulation rate	B = 9.6 kHz
K = Overall numerical factor	K = 1
Calculation:	$B_n = 2 \cdot (9.6 \text{ kHz}) \cdot 1 = 19.2 \text{ kHz}$

Designation of Emissions:	<b>19K2A1D</b>
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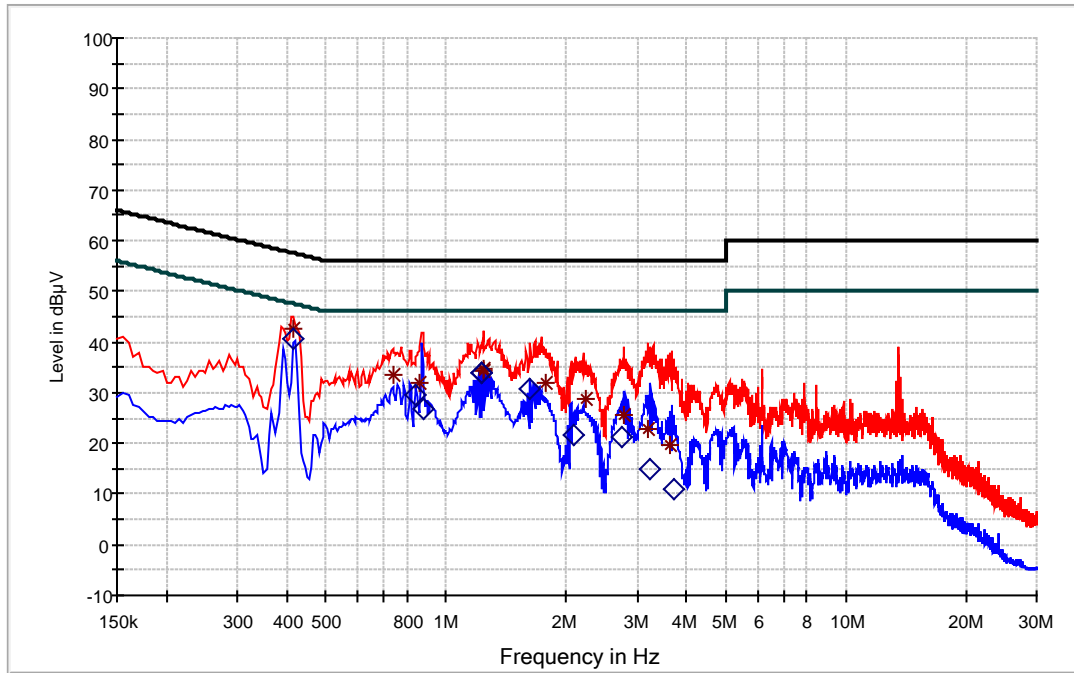
## 8.4 Conducted Powerline Emission Measurement 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.207 IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, section 7.2.4		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
		Quasi-peak	Average
	0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
	0.5 - 5	56	46
	5 - 30	60	50
Measurement procedure:	Conducted AC Powerline Emission (6.2)		

Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Yvariant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz simultaneously)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Shielded room, cabin no. 1

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

Tested on: Live and Neutral Wire of AC input of notebook PC,  $U_{AC} = 115 \text{ V} / 60 \text{ Hz}$



- EN 55022 Class B Conducted voltage at mains ports QP
- EN 55022 Class B Conducted voltage at mains ports AV
- Preview Result 1-PK+
- Preview Result 2-AVG
- \* Final Result 1-QPK
- ◇ Final Result 2-AVG

### Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	PE	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.415000	42.5	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	15.0	57.5
0.740000	33.6	1000.0	10.000	GND	L1	0.3	22.4	56.0
0.860000	32.1	1000.0	10.000	GND	L1	0.3	23.9	56.0
1.240000	34.7	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	21.3	56.0
1.240000	34.2	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	21.8	56.0
1.765000	31.9	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	24.1	56.0
2.235000	28.8	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	27.2	56.0
2.780000	25.7	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	30.3	56.0
3.180000	22.7	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	33.3	56.0
3.645000	19.5	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	36.5	56.0

## Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	PE	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.415000	40.8	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	6.7	47.5
0.835000	29.6	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	16.4	46.0
0.880000	26.7	1000.0	10.000	GND	L1	0.3	19.3	46.0
1.230000	34.1	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	11.9	46.0
1.230000	34.1	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	11.9	46.0
1.625000	30.7	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	15.3	46.0
2.090000	21.8	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	24.2	46.0
2.760000	21.4	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	24.6	46.0
3.225000	14.9	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	31.1	46.0
3.700000	11.1	1000.0	10.000	GND	N	0.3	34.9	46.0

### Sample calculation of final values:

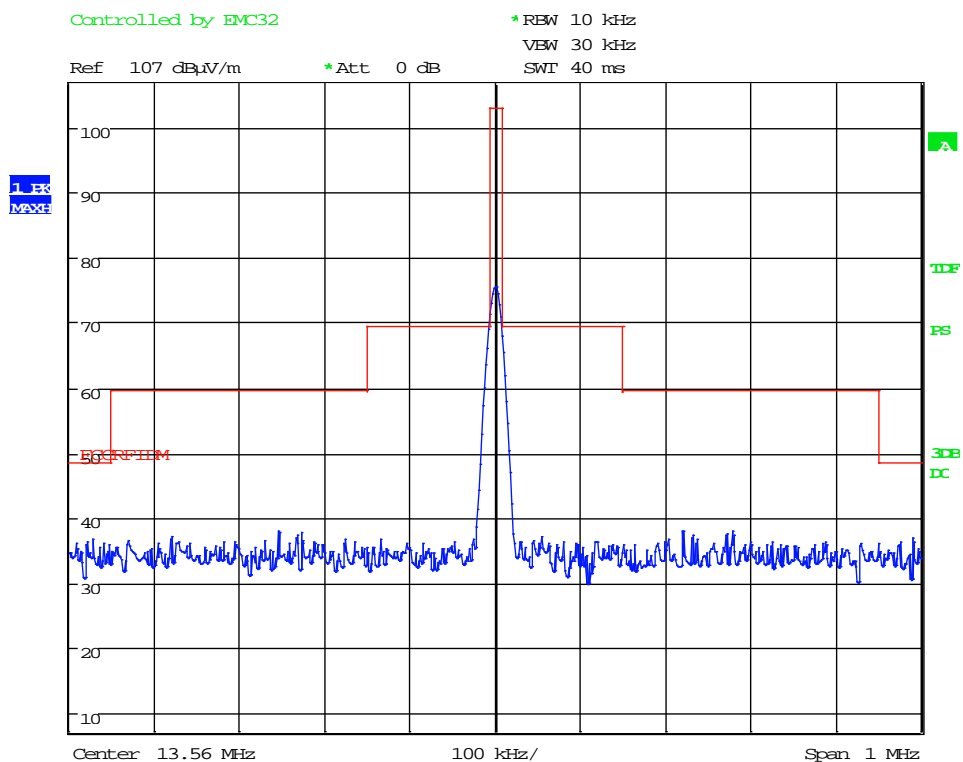
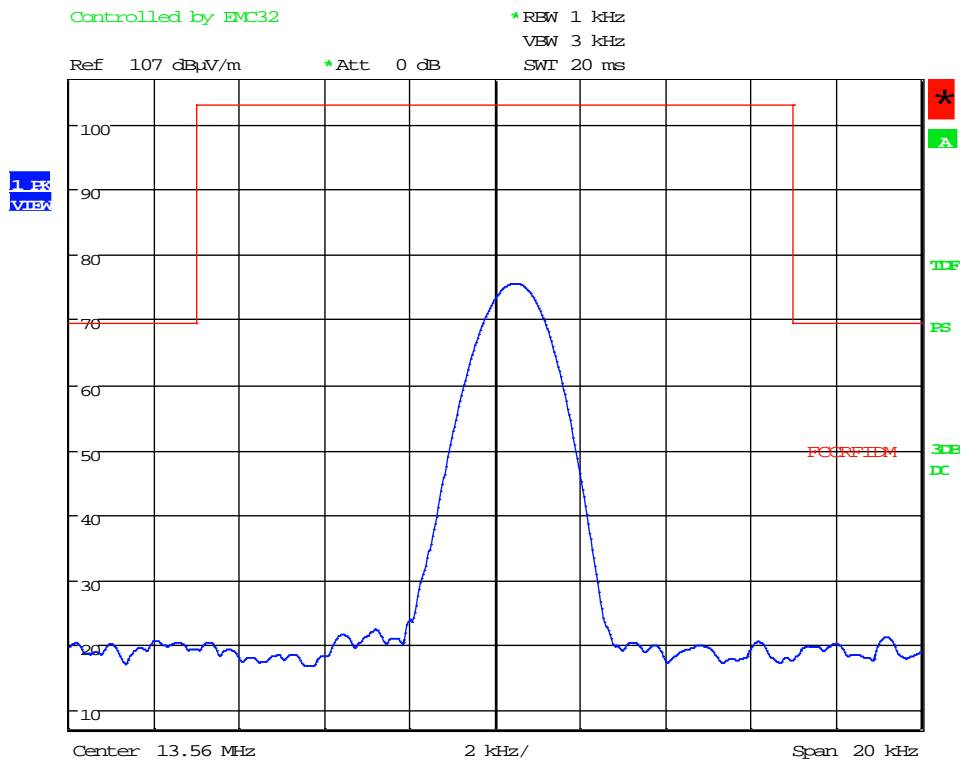
$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

## 8.5 Spectrum Mask

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Description:	Compliance with the spectrum mask is tested using a spectrum analyzer with resolution bandwidth set to a 1 kHz for the band 13.553 to 13.567 MHz and to 10 kHz outside this band. The video bandwidth shall be at least three times greater than the resolution bandwidth.			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Field Strength ( $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Yvariant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Fully anechoic room, cabin no. 2
Test distance:	3 meters
Extrapolation Factor:	20 dB/decade

Test Result:	Test passed
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## 8.6 Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205 and 15.225(a)-(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6			
Guide:	ANSI C63.4			
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Field Strength ( $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement Distance d (meters)
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	67.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	300
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	87.6 - 20 · log(F(kHz))	30
	1.705 - 13.110	30	29.5	30
	13.110 - 13.410	106	40.5	30
	13.410 - 13.553	334	50.5	30
	13.553 - 13.567	15848	84.0	30
	13.567 - 13.710	334	50.5	30
	13.710 - 14.010	106	40.5	30
	14.010 - 30.000	30	29.5	30
Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.				
Measurement procedure:	Radiated Emission Measurement 9 kHz to 30 MHz (6.3)			

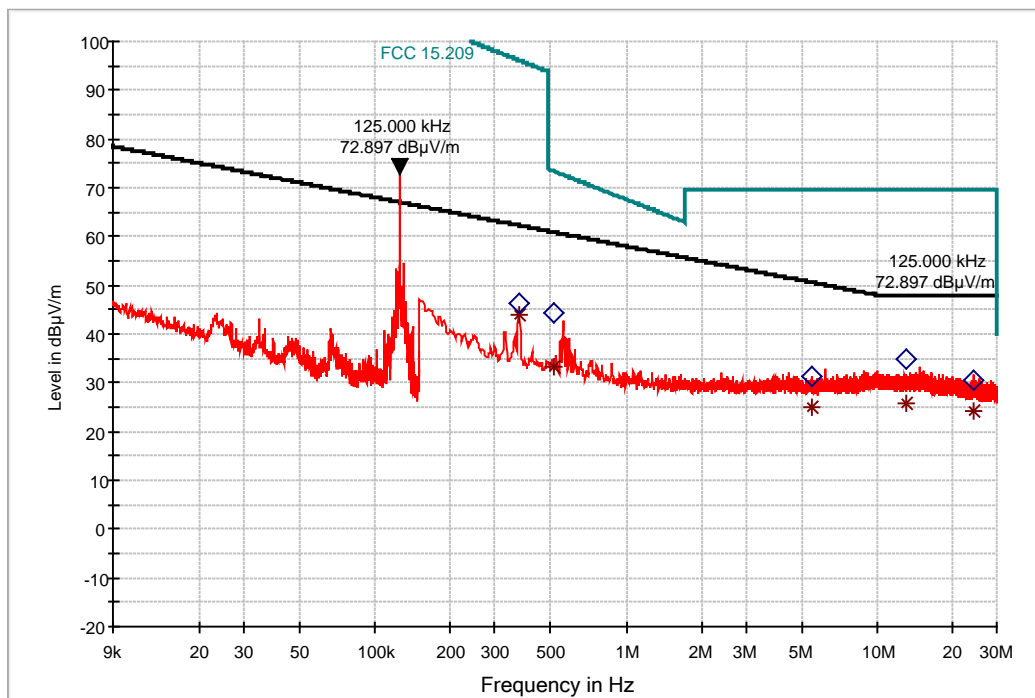


Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Yvariant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result:	Test passed
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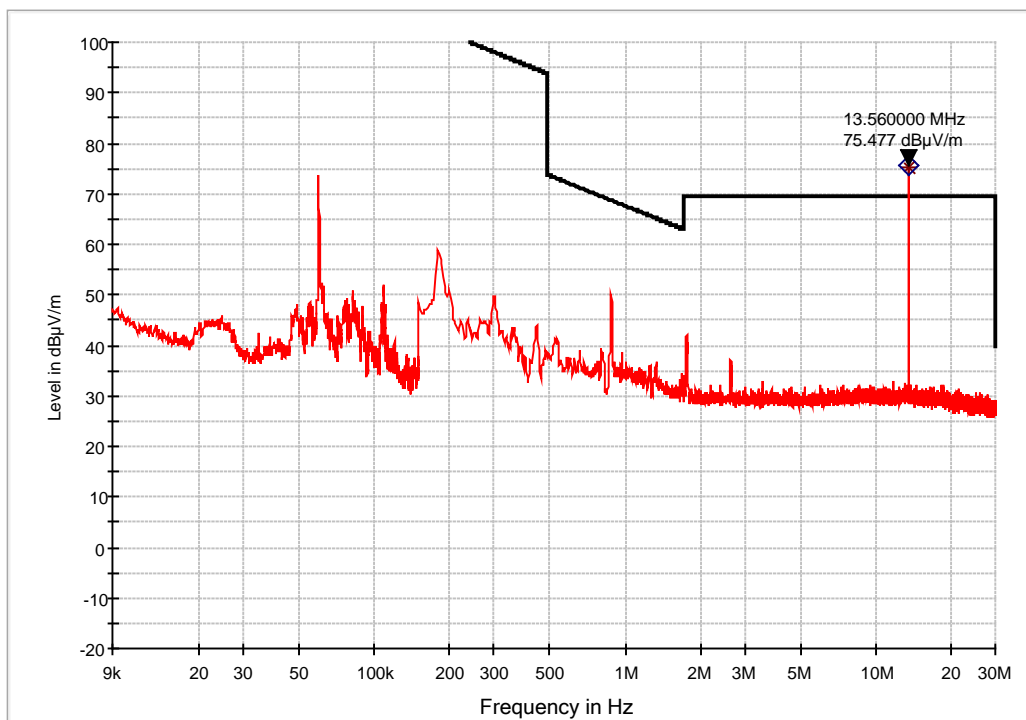
Frequency MHz	Reading dBµV	Polarisation	Detector	Antenna correction dB	Distance Correction (dB)	Field Strength value dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin (dB)
0.125	52.9	Vertical	Peak	20.0	-80.0	-7.1	25.6	32.7
13.559	55.5	Vertical	Peak	20.0	-40	35.5	84.0	48.5

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Magnetic Field Strength 150kHz - 30 MHz (3 m)



— EN 300 330 tx mag  
 ◆ Final Result 2-PK+  
 — Preview Result 1-PK+  
 — FCC 15.209  
 \* Final Result 1-QPK

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Magnetic Field Strength 150kHz - 30 MHz (3 m)



— FCC 15.209    — Preview Result 1-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK    ◆ Final Result 2-PK+

**Sample calculation of final values:**

$$\text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)} = (\text{Log}(d) - \text{Log}(d_1)) \cdot \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB/decade)}$$

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value } d_1 \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)} + \text{Extrapolation Factor (dB)}$$

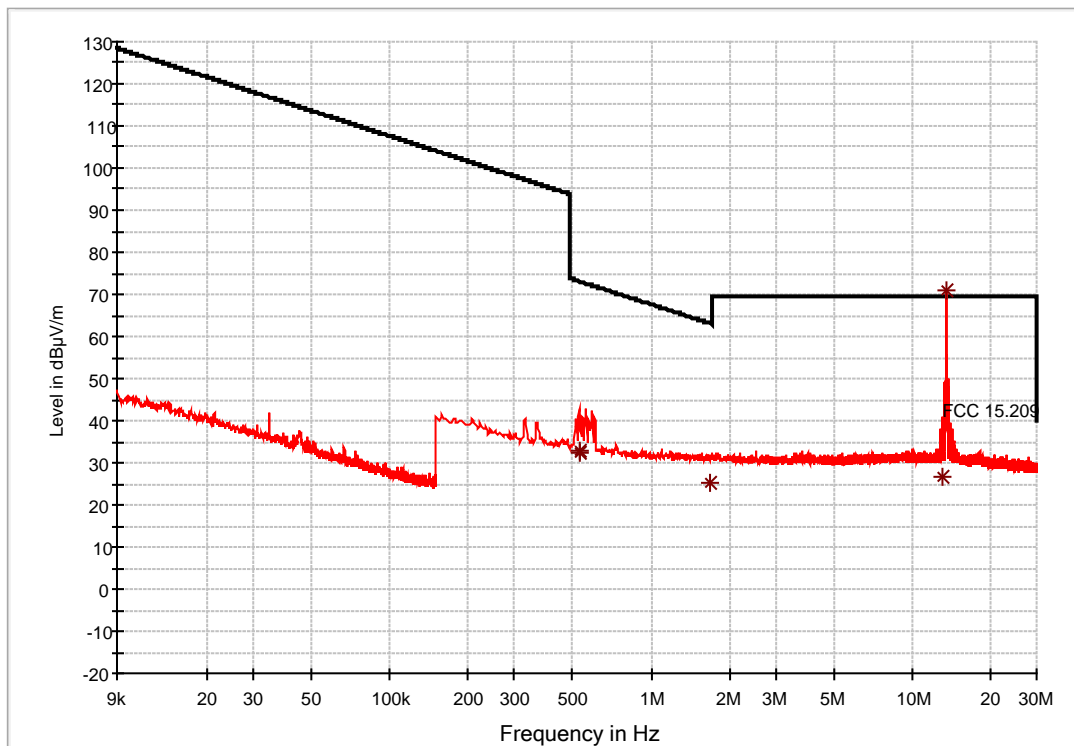
Note: Extrapolation factor (dB) and final value (dBµV/m) are relating to distance d.

Comment:	Tested on 10090-1X-Y variant (13.56 MHz only)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result:	Test passed
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Frequency MHz	Reading dBµV	Polarisation	Detector	Antenna correction dB	Distance Correction (dB)	Field Strength value dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin (dB)
13.560	50.8	Vertical	Peak	20.0	-40	30.8	84.0	53.2

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Magnetic Field Strength 9kHz - 30 MHz



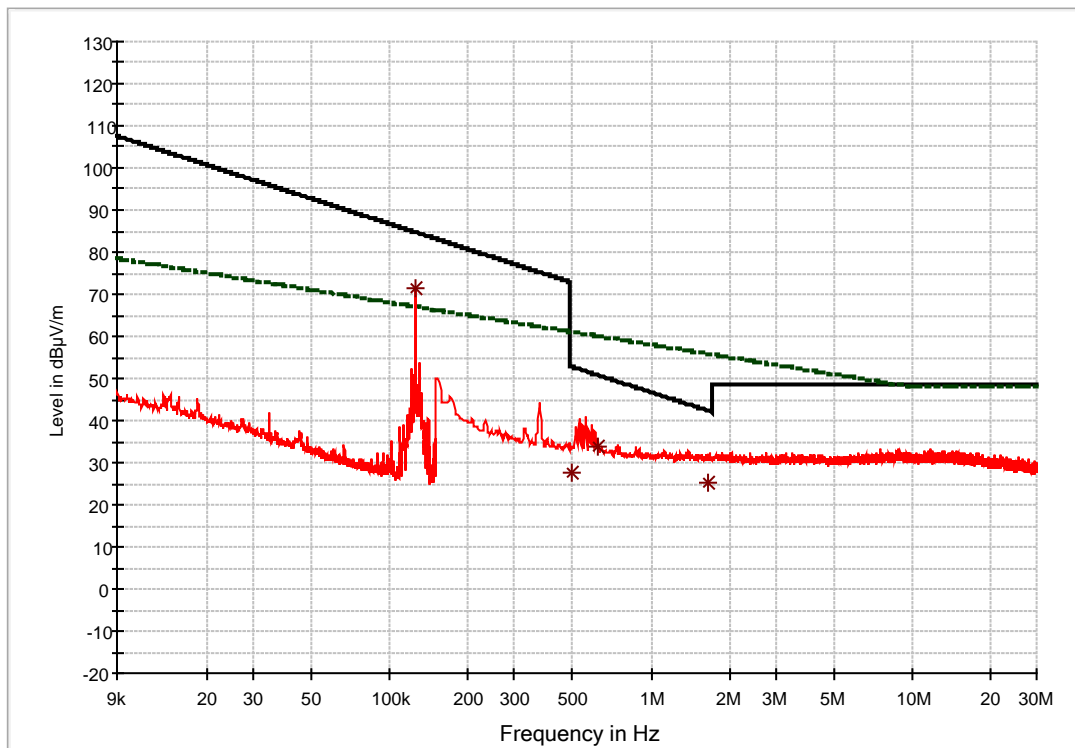
— FCC 15.209    — Preview Result 1-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK

Comment:	Tested on 10090-2X-Y variant (125 kHz only)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Open field test site

Test Result:	Test passed
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Frequency MHz	Reading dBµV	Polarisation	Detector	Antenna correction dB	Distance Correction (dB)	Field Strength value dBµV/m	Limit dBµV/m	Margin (dB)
0.125	51.4	Vertical	Peak	20.0	-80.0	-8.6	25.6	34.2

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Magnetic Field Strength 9kHz - 30 MHz



— FCC 15.209 mag (10 m)    - - - EN 300 330 tx mag    — Preview Result 1-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK

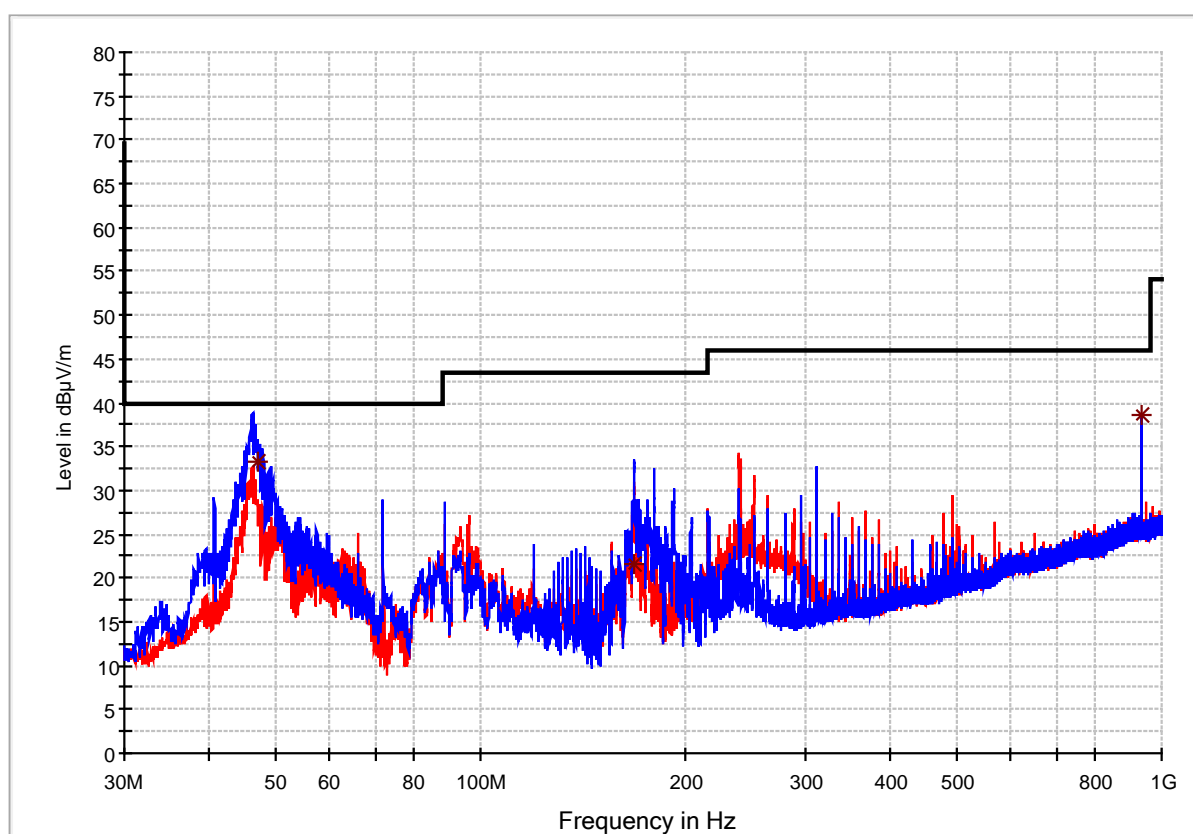
## 8.7 Radiated Emission Measurement 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, sections 15.205(b) and 15.225(d) IC RSS-GEN Issue 3, sections 7.2.2(b)(c) and 7.2.5 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6		
Guide:	ANSI C63.4		
Limit:	Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Field Strength ( $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )
	30 - 88	100	40.0
	88 - 216	150	43.5
	216 - 960	200	46.0
	Above 960	500	54.0
	Additionally, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.		
Measurement procedures:	Radiated Emission in Fully or Semi Anechoic Room (6.4) Radiated Emission at Alternative Test Site (6.5)		

Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Yvariant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Electric Field Strength 30MHz-1GHz (3m)



— FCC 15.209    — Preview Result 1H-PK+    — Preview Result 1V-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK

**Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
47.000000	33.2	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	-152.0	16.0	40.0	6.8
167.990000	21.6	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	-104.0	10.4	43.5	21.9
933.620000	38.6	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	-32.0	25.2	46.0	7.4

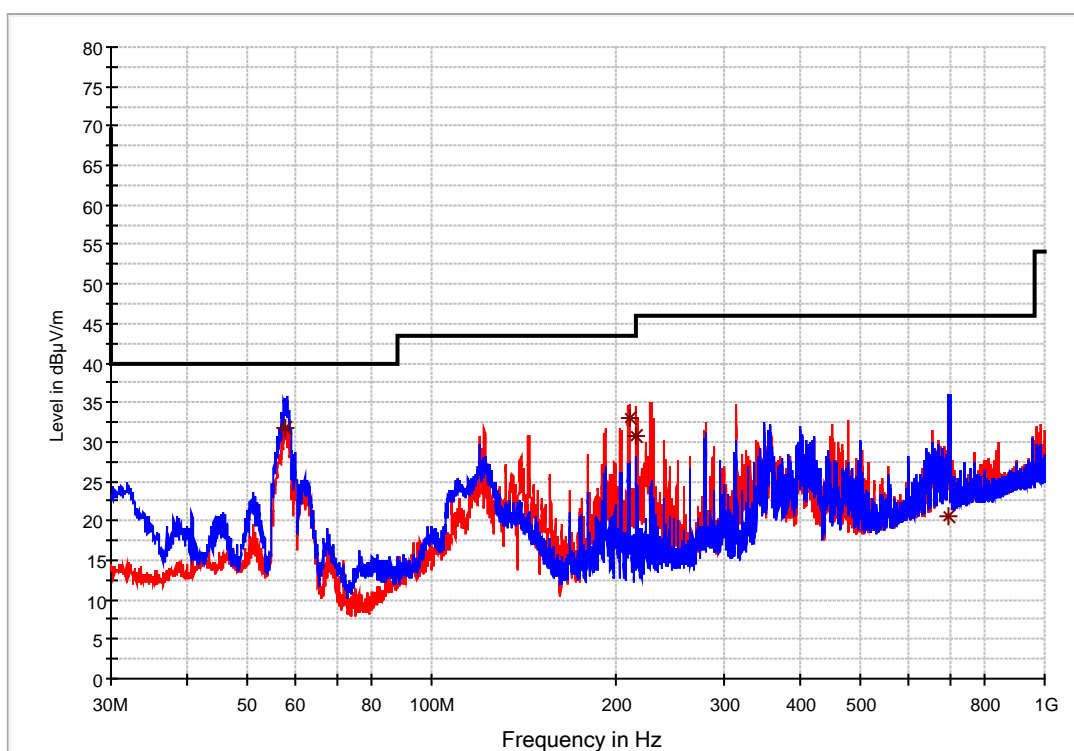
**Sample calculation of final values:**

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)}$$

Comment:	Tested on 10090-1X-Y variant (13.56 MHz only)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
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K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Electric Field Strength 30MHz-1GHz (3m)



— FCC 15.209    — Preview Result 1H-PK+    — Preview Result 1V-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK

### Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
57.710000	31.7	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	68.0	15.7	40.0	8.3
209.900000	32.9	1000.0	120.000	154.0	H	44.0	12.2	43.5	10.6
215.990000	30.7	1000.0	120.000	144.0	H	-90.0	12.5	43.5	12.8
696.540000	20.5	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	125.0	22.0	46.0	25.5

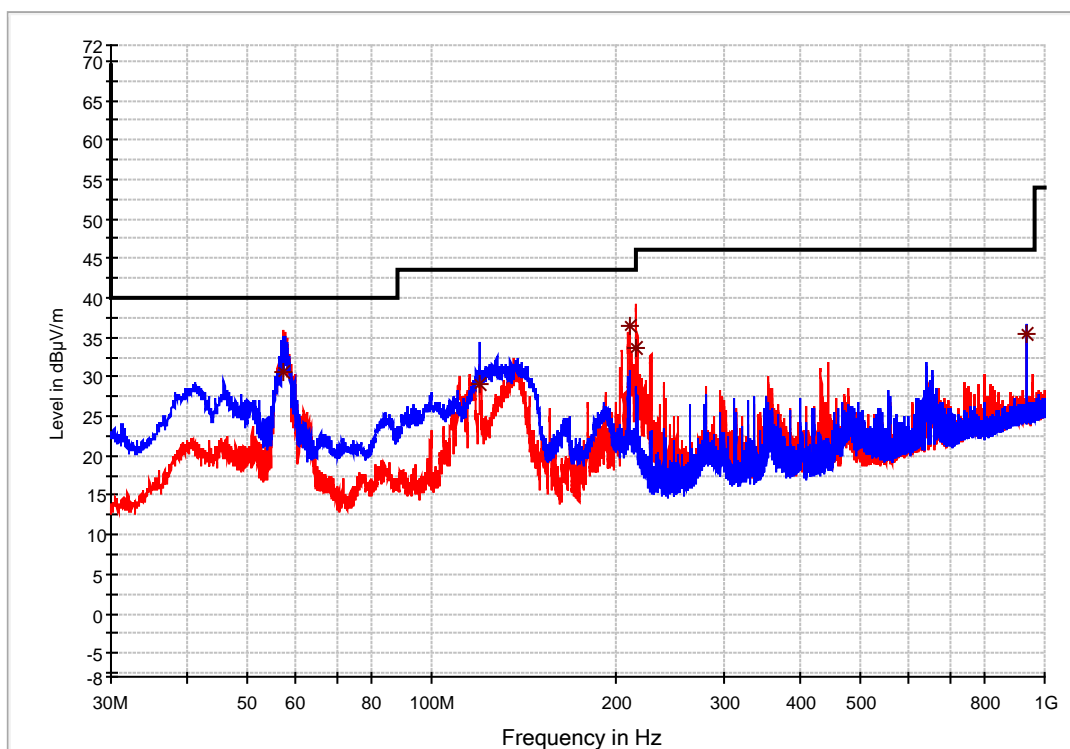
### Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)}$$

Comment:	Tested on 10090-2X-Y variant (125 kHz only)
Date of test:	31 May 2013
Test site:	Frequencies ≤ 1 GHz: Semi-anechoic room, cabin no. 8
Test distance:	3 meters

Test Result:	Test passed
--------------	-------------

K8 CISPR 16-2-3 Electric Field Strength 30MHz-1GHz (3m)



— FCC 15.209    — Preview Result 1H-PK+    — Preview Result 1V-PK+    \* Final Result 1-QPK

### Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
57.500000	30.6	1000.0	120.000	291.0	H	-43.0	15.8	40.0	9.4
120.020000	29.0	1000.0	120.000	110.0	V	-197.0	11.9	43.5	14.5
209.890000	36.3	1000.0	120.000	150.0	H	46.0	12.2	43.5	7.2
216.110000	33.7	1000.0	120.000	148.0	H	-142.0	12.5	46.0	12.3
933.620000	35.4	1000.0	120.000	120.0	V	33.0	25.2	46.0	10.6

### Sample calculation of final values:

$$\text{Final Value (dBµV/m)} = \text{Reading Value (dBµV)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB/m)}$$



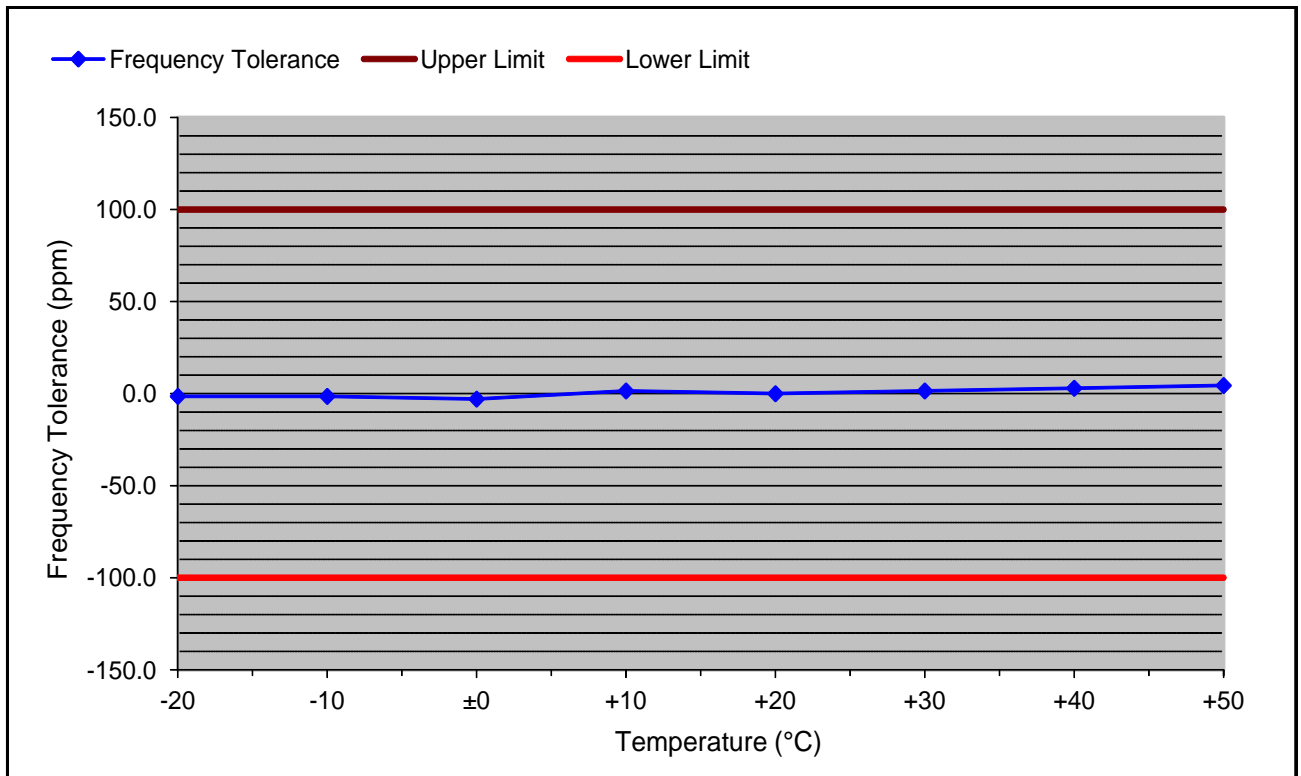
## 8.8 Carrier Frequency Stability

Rules and specifications:	CFR 47 Part 15, section 15.225(e) IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 4.7 and IC RSS-210 Issue 8, section A2.6
Guide:	ANSI C63.4
Limit:	The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within $\pm 0.01$ % ( $\pm 100$ ppm) of the carrier frequency under nominal conditions.
Temperature range:	-20°C to +50°C (at normal supply voltage)
Voltage range:	85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage (at a temperature of +20°C)
Measurement procedure:	Carrier Frequency Stability (6.6)

Comment:	Tested on 10090-3X-Y variant (13.56 MHz & 125 kHz)
Date of test:	31 May 2013

### 8.8.1 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Temperature

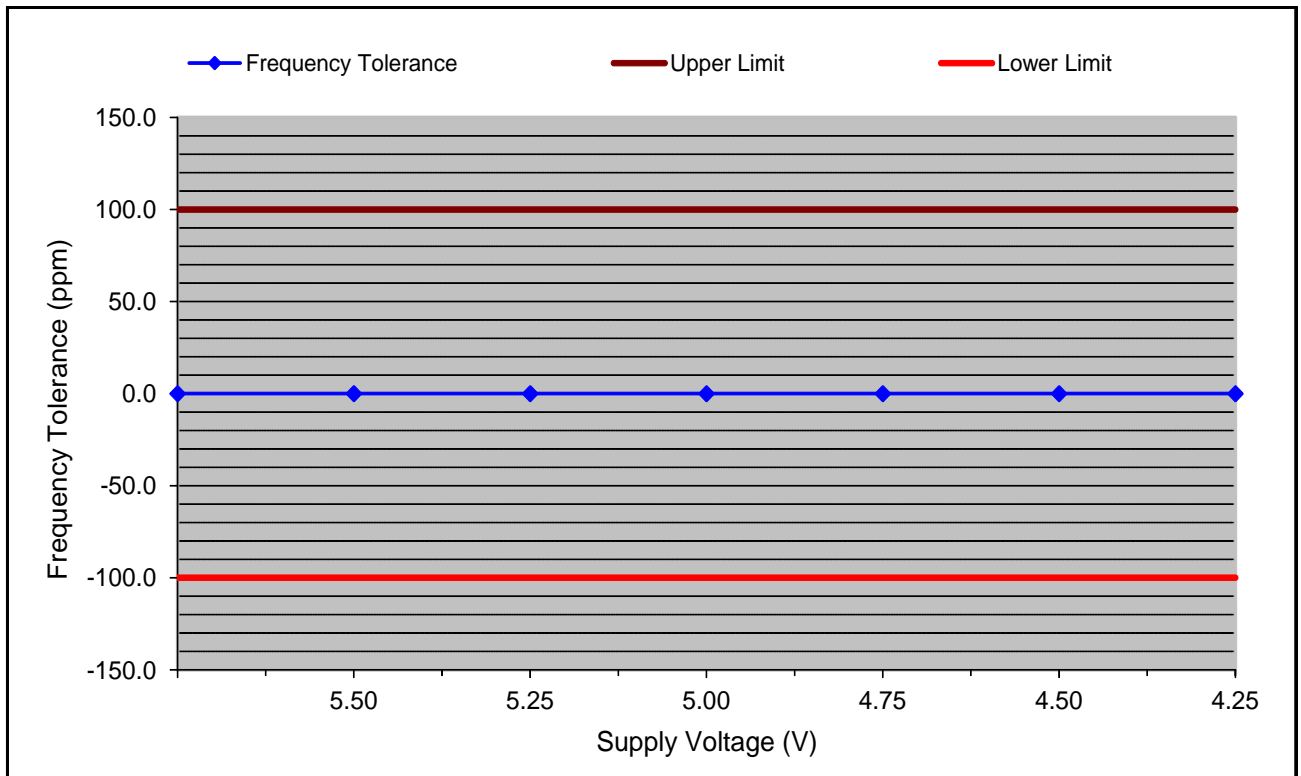


Supply voltage                      5 V                      Nominal frequency:                      13.560500 MHz

Temperature (°C)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
-20	13.560480	-20	-1.5	+100.0	-100.0	98.5
-10	13.560480	-20	-1.5	+100.0	-100.0	98.5
±0	13.560460	-40	-2.9	+100.0	-100.0	97.1
+10	13.560520	20	1.5	+100.0	-100.0	98.5
+20	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
+30	13.560520	20	1.5	+100.0	-100.0	98.5
+40	13.560540	40	2.9	+100.0	-100.0	97.1
+50	13.560560	60	4.4	+100.0	-100.0	95.6

Test Result:                      Test passed

### 8.8.2 Carrier Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage



Temperature: +20 °C      Battery End Point: 4.75 V  
 Nominal frequency: 13.560500 MHz

Supply (V)	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (Hz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Upper Limit (ppm)	Lower Limit (ppm)	Margin (ppm)
		0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
5.50	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
5.25	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
5.00	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
4.75	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
4.50	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0
4.25	13.560500	0	0.0	+100.0	-100.0	100.0

Test Result: Test passed

## 8.9 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Rules and specifications:	IC RSS-Gen Issue 3, section 5.6
Guide:	IC RSS-102 Issue 4, section 2.5

Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption	
The antenna is					
<input type="checkbox"/> detachable					
<p>The conducted output power (CP in watts) is measured at the antenna connector:</p> $CP = \dots\dots\dots \text{ W}$ <p>The effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) is calculated using</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the numerical antenna gain: <math>G = \dots\dots\dots</math></p> $EIRP = G \cdot CP \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots\dots\dots \text{ W}$ <p><input type="checkbox"/> the field strength<sup>8</sup> in V/m: <math>FS = \dots\dots\dots \text{ V/m}</math></p> $EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP = \dots\dots\dots \text{ W}$ <p>with:</p> <p>Distance between the antennas in m: <math>D = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}</math></p>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not detachable					
<p>A field strength measurement is used to determine the effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP in watts) given by<sup>8</sup>:</p> $EIRP = \frac{(FS \cdot D)^2}{30} \Rightarrow EIRP = \ll 0.01 \text{ W}$ <p>with:</p> <p>Field strength in V/m: <math>FS = 75.47 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}</math></p> <p>Distance between the two antennas in m: <math>D = 3.0 \text{ m}</math></p>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Selection of output power					
<p>The output power TP is the higher of the conducted or effective isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.):</p> $TP = \ll 0.01 \text{ W}$					

<sup>8</sup> The conversion formula is valid only for properly matched antennas. In other cases the transmitter output power may have to be measured by a terminated measurement when applying the exemption clauses. If an open area test site is used for field strength measurement, the effect due to the metal ground reflecting plane should be subtracted from the maximum field strength value in order to reference it to free space, before calculating TP.



Exposure of Humans to RF Fields (continued)	Applicable	Declared by applicant	Measured	Exemption							
<b>Separation distance between the user and the transmitting device is</b>											
<input type="checkbox"/> less than or equal to 20 cm <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> greater than 20 cm		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>									
<b>Transmitting device is</b>											
<input type="checkbox"/> in the vicinity of the human head <input type="checkbox"/> body-worn		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>									
<b>SAR evaluation</b>											
<p>SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is less than or equal to 20 cm.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The device operates from 3 kHz up to 1 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 200 mW for general public use and 1000 mW for controlled use.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/>;</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The device operates above 1 GHz and up to 2.2 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 100 W for general public use and 500 W for controlled use.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The device operates above 2.2 GHz and up to 3 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 20 mW for general public use and 100 mW for controlled use.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The device operates above 3 GHz and up to 6 GHz inclusively and with output power (i.e. the higher of the conducted or radiated (e.i.r.p.) source-based, time-averaged output power) that is less than or equal to 10 mW for general public use and 50 mW for controlled use.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SAR evaluation is documented in test report no. ....</p>								<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>RF exposure evaluation</b>											
<p>RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and the device is greater than 20 cm.</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The device operates below 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 2.5 W.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The device operates at or above 1.5 GHz and the maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> RF exposure evaluation is documented in test report no. ....</p>								<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

## 9 Referenced Regulations

All tests were performed with reference to the following regulations and standards:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CFR 47 Part 2	Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CFR 47 Part 15	Code of Federal Regulations Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)	October 1, 2012
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	December 11, 2003 (published on January 30, 2004)
<input type="checkbox"/>	ANSI C63.4	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	June 7, 2009 (published on September 15, 2009)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RSS-Gen	Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3 containing General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RSS-210	Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 Issue 8 for Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
<input type="checkbox"/>	RSS-310	Radio Standards Specification RSS-310 Issue 3 for Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category II Equipment, published by Industry Canada	December 2010
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	RSS-102	Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), published by Industry Canada	March 2010, footnote 13 updated December 2010
<input type="checkbox"/>	ICES-003	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 4 for Digital Apparatus, published by Industry Canada	February 7, 2004
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CISPR 22	Third Edition of the International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR), Pub. 22, "Information Technology Equipment – Radio Disturbance Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement"	1997

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<input type="checkbox"/>	CAN/CSA- CEI/IEC CISPR 22	Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment	2002
		CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10 Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	CAN/CSA CISPR 22-10	Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement (Adopted IEC CISPR 22:2008, sixth edition, 2008-09)	2010
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	TRC-43	Notes Regarding Designation of Emissions (Including Necessary Bandwidth and Classification), Class of Station and Nature of Service, published by Industry Canada	October, 2008



## 10 Test Equipment List with Calibration Data

Type	Inv.-No.	Type Designation	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Organization	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
EMI test receiver	1028	ESHS10	860043/016	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	03/2013	09/2014
EMI test receiver	2044	ESU8	100232	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	07/2012	01/2014
V-network	1059	ESH3-Z5	894785/005	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	08/2011	08/2013
Loop antenna	1016	HFH2-Z2	882964/0001	Rohde & Schwarz	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
TRILOG broadband antenna	1722	VULB 9163	9163-188	Schwarzbeck	Rohde & Schwarz	03/2012	09/2013
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	2058	VULB 9163	9163-408	Schwarzbeck	Rohde & Schwarz	11/2012	05/2014
Temperature test chamber	1271	HT 4010	07065550	Heraeus	Weiss Umwelttechnik	05/2011	05/2013
DC power supply	1267	NGSM 32/10	203	Rohde & Schwarz		see note 4	

Note 1: No calibration required.

Note 2: Not calibrated separately but with the whole test system when recording calibration data.

Note 3: No calibration required. Devices are checked before use.

Note 4: No calibration required. Devices are checked by calibrated equipment during test.



## 11 Revision History

<b>Revision History</b>			
<i>Edition</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
1	31 May 2013	J. Roidt	First Edition
2	21 August 2013	J. Roidt	Test Results of Variants added