May 26, 2000

Wow Wee International Ltd. Suite 301C, Energy Plaza, 92 Granville Rd., Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Dear Ms. Anita Mui,

Enclosed you will find your file copy of a Part 15 Certification (FCC ID: OKP 1931A). We have forwarded the original, along with your check for \$940.00, to FCC.

For your reference, FCC will normally take another 60-90 days for reviewing the report. Approval will then be granted when no query is sorted.

Please contact me if you have any questions regarding the enclosed material.

Sincerely,

Withule

Wilbur Ng Assistant Manager

Enclosure

FCC ID : OKP 1931A

Wow Wee International Ltd.

Application For Certification (FCC ID: OKP 1931A)

Transmitter

WO# 0003494 WN/at May 26, 2000

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited

FCC ID : OKP 1931A

[•] The test results reported in this report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.

LIST OF EXHIBITS

INTRODUCTION

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EXHIBIT 8:	Miscellaneous Information

MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Wow Wee International Ltd. - MODEL: 1931A FCC ID: OKP 1931A

May 26, 2000

This report concerns (check one:) Original Gran	nt <u>X</u>	Class I	Change			
Equipment Type: Low Power Transmitter (example: co	omputer,	printer, m	odem, etc.)			
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)? No X		Yes	-			
If yes	s, defer u	ntil:	date			
Company Name acress to notify the Commission by						
Company Name agrees to notify the Commission by:			-			
	date					
of the intended date of announcement of the product so date.	o that the	grant can	be issued on that			
Transition Rules Request per 15.37? No <u>X</u>		Yes				
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C for intentional radiator - the new 47 CFR [10-1-96 Edition] provision.						
		Center,				

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Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	letter.pdf
Test Report	Test Report	report.doc
Operation Description	Technical Description	descrip.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated1.jpg to radiated2.jpg
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	ophoto1.jpg, ophoto2.jpg
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 General Description

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (EUT) is a transmitter Remote Control Hockey Player operating at 49.860 MHz which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by a 9V battery.

Functions:

- a) Push both sticks forward to skate forwards, or alternatively press button D.
- b) Pull both sticks back to skate backwards.
- c) Turing clockwise. To skate forwards in a wide clock-wise circle push the left stick forwards. To skate backwards in a wide clockwise circle pull the right stick back.
- d) Turning anti-clockwise. To skate backwards in a wide anti-clockwise circle pull the left stick back, to skate forwards in a wide clockwise circle push the left stick forwards.
- e) Push the left stick forwards and the right stick backwards at the same time and the player will spin on the spot clockwise.
- f) Push the right stick forwards and the left stick backwards at the same time and the player will spin on the spot anti-clockwise.
- g) Press button A to pass the puck forwards.
- h) Press button B to pass the puck backwards.
- i) Press button C for slapshot action.
- j) Press button D to skate forward accurately in a straight line.
- k) Press buttons C and D together and the player will skate forwards and shoot in one motion.

The brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The receiver for this transmitter is authorized by Declaration of Conformity procedure.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (1992.)

The EUT was powered by a 9V battery.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the button is depressed, the unit transmits the typical signal. For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Wow Wee International Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Wilbur Ng Assistant Manager Intertek Testing Services Agent for Wow Wee International Ltd.

Signature

<u>May 3, 2000</u> Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 Emission Results

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in $dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBµV
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
AF = Antenna Factor in dB
AG = Amplifier Gain in dB
PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB
AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ AF = 7.4 dBCF = 1.6 dBAG = 29.0 dBPD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 \ dB\mu V/m$

Level in mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [($32 dB\mu V/m$)/20] = $39.8 \mu V/m$

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

49.863 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated1.jpg to radiated2.jpg

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 5.6 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Anthone

Signature

Anthony K. M. Chan, Compliance Engineer Typed/Printed Name

<u>May 3, 2000</u> Date Company: Wow Wee International Ltd. Model: 1931A Date of Test: April 15, 2000

Table 1

Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-	Net	Limit	M argin
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	Factor	Amp	at3m	at3m	(dB)
			(dB)	Gain	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV /m)	
				(dB)			
V	49.863	79.4	11	16	74.4	0.08	-5.6
Н	99.766	38.8	11	16	33.8	43.5	-9.7
Н	149.587	31.7	13	16	28.7	43.5	-14.8
Н	199.386	32.7	16	16	32.7	43.5	-10.8
H	249.309	16.7	20	16	20.7	46.0	-25.3
Н	299.167	21.6	22	16	27.6	46.0	-18.4
Н	349.030	18.8	24	16	26.8	46.0	-19.2
Н	398.893	15.3	25	16	24.3	46.0	-21.7

Radiated Emissions

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Anthony K. M. Chan

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg and iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 <u>Technical Specifications</u>

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

The plot on saved in bw.pdf shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. The field strength of any emission appearing between the band edges and up to 10kHz above and below the band edges (49.81 and 49.91 MHz) is at least dB below the carrier level. It meets the requirement of Section 15.235(b).

Figure 8.1 Bandwidth

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is attached to a cardboard box and placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The cardboard box is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.2 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the forbidden bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.