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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Registration number: 282399

Report No.: GZEM120800346701

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FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

TEST REPORT

Application No.:	GZEM1208003467RF
Applicant:	Corning MobileAccess
FCC ID:	OJFGXP19L70A17-40
Product Name:	GX High Power DAS Remote Unit
Model No.:	GX-P19L70A17-40
Trade Mark:	Comba
Standards:	FCC Part 24, FCC Part 27, FCC Part 2
Date of Receipt:	2012-08-22
Date of Test:	2012-08-22 to 2012-08-29
Date of Issue:	2012-09-28
Test Result :	Pass*

^{*} In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above. Please refer to section 3 of this report for further details.



The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.

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2 Version

Revision Record					
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark	
00		2012-09-28		Original	

Authorized for issue by:		
Tested By	Daniel He	2012-08-22 to 2012-08-29
	(Daniel Hew) /Project Engineer	Date
Prepared By	Daniel He	2012-08-30
	(Daniel Hew) /Clerk	Date
Checked By	Teffrey Chen	2012-09-28
	(Jeffrey Chen) /Reviewer	Date



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3 Test Summary

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test Method	Result	
Output Power	FCC part 24.232	FCC part 2.1046	DACC	
Output Power	FCC part 27.50	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Conducted Spurious	FCC part 24.238	FCC part 2.1051	PASS	
Emissions	FCC part 27.53	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Band Edge&	FCC part 24.238	FCC part 2.1051	DACC	
Intermodulation	FCC part 27.53	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Radiated Spurious	FCC part 24.238	FCC part 2.1053	DACC	
Emissions	FCC part 27.53	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Occupied Randwidth	FCC part 2 1040	FCC part 2.1049	DACC	
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC part 2.1049	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Out of Band Rejection	2-11-04/EAB/RF	2-11-04/EAB/RF	PASS	
Eroguanay Stablility	FCC part 24.235	ECC port 2 1055	DACC	
Frequency Stablility	FCC part 27.54	FCC part 2.1055	PASS	

Remark:

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

No need to implement uplink test as it is cable connect to BTS (No air radiation), then the test about Uplink would be ignored.



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5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant Name: Corning MobileAccess

Applicant Address: 8391 Old Courthouse Rd., suite #300, Vienna Virginia, 22182 United

States

Manufacturer: Comba Telecom Systems(Guangzhou) Ltd.

Address of Manufacturer: No.10 Shenzhou Road, Guangzhou Science City, Guangzhou 510663,

Guangdong, P.R. China

5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name: GX High Power DAS Remote Unit

Model No.: GX-P19L70A17-40
Power Supply: AC 100-240V 50/60Hz

Test power: AC 120V 60Hz
Operating Temperature: -40 °C to +50 °C

Operating Humidity: ≤ 95%

5.3 Details of E.U.T.

Type of Modulation CDMA&WCDMA& GSM & LTE

GXW (GSM)

F9W (CDMA),

Emission Designator: F9W (WCDMA)

G7D(LTE)

Frequency Band: Downlink 728MHz to 757MHz include the Modulation:LTE

Downlink 1930MHz to 1995MHz include the Modulation:

GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE

Downlink 2110MHz to 2155MHz include the Modulation:

GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE

Nominal Power Output: 46dBm for downlink Nominal System Gain: 68dB for downlink



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5.4 Product Description

MobileAccessGX offers a scalable, cost-effective 20/40W (43/46dBm) high power remote outdoor coverage solution for Corning MobileAccess Distributed Antenna Systems (DAS). It is a fiber-fed, compact, multi-service, multi-operator remote designed to complement the MobileAccess1000 and MobileAccess2000 lower power, standard remotes or installable as a dedicated deployment solution in a new site, providing complete RF coverage options for open indoor, tunnel and adjacent outdoor spaces in larger venues such as stadiums, convention centers, metro-rails and malls.

5.5 Standards Applicable for Testing

The standard used was FCC part 2 & FCC part 24 & FCC part 27

5.6 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou EMC Laboratory, 198 Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, China 510663

Tel: +86 20 82155555 Fax: +86 20 82075059

No tests were sub-contracted.

5.7 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.



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5.8 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• NVLAP (Lab Code: 200611-0)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou EMC Laboratory is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP/NIST). NVLAP Code: 200611-0.

ACMA

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our NVLAP accreditation.

SGS UK(Certificate No.: 32), SGS-TUV SAARLAND and SGS-FIMKO

Have approved SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory as a supplier of EMC TESTING SERVICES and SAFETY TESTING SERVICES.

CNAS (Lab Code: L0167)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been assessed and in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2006 accreditation criteria for testing laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing Laboratories.

• FCC (Registration No.: 282399)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 282399, May 31, 2002.

• Industry Canada (Registration No.: 4620B-1)

The 3m/10m Alternate Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No. 4620B-1.

VCCI (Registration No.: R-2460, C-2584, G-449 and T-1179)

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2460, C-2584, G-449 and T-1179 respectively.

• CBTL (Lab Code: TL129)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., E&E Laboratory has been assessed and fully comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005, the Basic Rules, IECEE 01:2006-10 and Rules of procedure IECEE 02:2006-10, and the relevant IECEE CB-Scheme Operational documents.



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6 Equipment Used during Test

RE in Cha	amber					
No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Due date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Calibration Interval
EMC0525	Compact Semi- Anechoic Chamber	ChangZhou ZhongYu	N/A	N/A	2012-09-06	2Y
EMC0522	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB26	100283	2012-11-11	1Y
EMC0056	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	10036	2013-03-12	1Y
EMC0528	RI High frequency Cable	SGS	20 m	N/A	2013-06-01	1Y
EMC2025	Trilog Broadband Antenna 30-3000MHz	SCHWARZBECK MESS- ELEKTRONIK	VULB 9163	9163-450	2012-10-20	1Y
EMC0524	Bi-log Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6112B	2966	2012-11-28	1Y
EMC0519	Bilog Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6143	5070	2012-11-28	1Y
EMC2026	Horn Antenna 1-18GHz	R&S	BBHA 9120D	9120D-841	2012-10-20	1Y
EMC0518	Horn Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF906	100096	2014-07-01	2Y
EMC0521	1-26.5 GHz Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01649	2013-03-12	1Y
EMC0049	Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A10862	2013-03-12	1Y
EMC0075	310N Amplifier	Sonama	310N	272683	2013-03-12	1Y
EMC0523	Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	42963	2012-11-17	1Y
EMC2041	Broad-Band Horn Antenna (14)15-26.5(40)GHz	SCHWARZBECK MESS- ELEKTRONI	BBHA 9170	9170-375	2014-06-01	3Y
EMC0530	10m Semi- Anechoic Chamber	ETS	N/A	N/A	2014-04-27	2Y

Conducte	Conducted Emission						
No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal.Due date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Calibratio n Interval	
EMC0306	Shielding Room	Zhong Yu	8 x 3 x 3.8 m ³	N/A	N/A	N/A	
EMC0118	Two-line v-netwok	R&S	ENV216	100359	2013-03-12	1Y	
EMC0102	LISN	SCHAFFNER CHASE	MN2050D/1	1421	2012-11-23	1Y	
EMC2046	Artificial Mains Network (LISN)	AFJ Instruments	LT32C	S.N.320311201 50	2013-03-12	1Y	
EMC0506	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS30	100085	2013-03-12	1Y	
EMC0107	Coaxial Cable	SGS	2m	N/A	2013-07-10	1Y	
EMC0106	Voltage Probe	SGS	N/A	N/A	N/A	1Y	
EMC0120	8 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN-T8-02	20550	2012-11-11	1Y	
EMC0121	4 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN-T4-02	20549	2012-11-11	1Y	
EMC0122	2 Line ISN	Fischer Custom Communications Inc.	FCC-TLISN-T2-02	20548	2012-11-11	1Y	
EMC2047	CDN	Elektronik- Feinmechanik	L-801:AF2	2793	2014-11-11	3Y	
EMC2048	CDN	Elektronik- Feinmechanik	L-801:M2/M3	2738	2014-11-11	3Y	
EMC2062	6dB Attenuator	HP	8491A	24487	2013-01-11	1Y	
EMC167	Conical metal housing	SGS-EMC	N/A	N/A	2013-02-16	1Y	

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	Other equipment					
No:	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date (dd-mm- yy)	Cal. Due Date (dd-mm-yy)
NA	Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY4510085 6	2012.6.12	2013.6.11
NA	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4437B	US39260800	2012.6.17	2013.6.16
NA	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	US39260800	2012.6.14	2013.6.14
NA	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY4801138 5	2012.6.14	2013.6.14
NA	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSQ 8	SN0805772	2012.6.14	2013.6.14
NA	Attenuator	SHX manufacturer	30dB/50W	09031816		
NA	Attenuator	SHX manufacturer	40dB/50W	09031312		
NA	Attenuator	SHX manufacturer	50dB/50W	09053023		
NA	Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz	SMU 200A	08103303	2012.6.12	2013.6.11

General used equipment								
No.	Test Equipment	nt Manufacturer Model No. Serial No.		Manufacturer	Manufacturer Model No. Co		Cal.Due date	Calibratio
INO.		warmacturer	wiodei No.	Serial No.	(YYYY-MM-DD)	n Interval		
EMC0006	DMM	Fluke	73	70681569	2012-11-14	1Y		
EMC0007	DMM	Fluke	73	70671122	2012-11-14	1Y		



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7 Test Results

7.1 E.U.T. test conditions

Input voltage: AC 120V

Operating Environment:

Temperature: 22°C ~26°C Humidity: 46%~56% RH Atmospheric Pressure: 990~1005mbar

Test Requirement: The RF output power of the EUT was measured at the antenna port,

by adjusting the input power of signal generter to drive the EUT to get to maximum output power point and keep the EUT at maximum gain

setteing for all tests. The device should be tested on downlink.

For detail test Modulation and Frequency, please refer to 7.2.

Remark:

FIBER-OPTIC AND OTHER SIMILAR RF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS

Fiber-optic distribution systems are a type of in-building radiation system that receives RF signals from an antenna, distributes the signal over fiber-optic cable, and then retransmits at another location for example within a building or tunnel. Most fiber-optic systems are signal boosters; however, some may be repeaters. These systems generally have two enclosures typically called host (or local or donor unit) and remote. Some systems may also have an optional expander box for fan-out to multiple remotes. The system transmits downlink signals from the remote unit to handsets, portables, or clients, and transmits uplink signals via from the host unit. Usually but not always the uplink goes through an intermediate amplifier to a "donor" antenna. Therefore both uplink and downlink must be tested, unless filing effectively documents how connection of uplink to donor antenna with or without an intermediate amplifier will be prevented, such as for always only a cabled connection to a base station. Fiber-optic systems are not amplifiers (AMP equipment class) – they are equipment class TNB or PCB. The same approval procedures also apply for multiple-enclosure systems connected by coax cable.

Synonyms and related terms: in-building radiation system, coverage enhancer, distributed antenna system, fiber-optic distribution system, converter, donor anten

Typical in-building or distributed antenna systems can consist of five different components (enclosures), not counting antennas:

1) host unit

- a) transmits uplink to base station via antenna thru coax, *passive interface unit*, or *active interface unit* (amplifier)
- b) sends base-station downlink via fiber-optic or coax to remote
- c) receives handset uplink via fiber-optic or coax from *remote*
- d) optional connection to expansion unit via fiber-optic
- e) separate FCC ID from *remote*, unless electrically identical

f) non-transmitting host unit

- i) connects directly to a base station via coax cable but does not connect to antenna or amplifier
- ii) Part 15 digital device subject to Verification, no FCC ID

2) remote unit

- a) receives base-station downlink via fiber-optic or coax from *host*, transmits via antenna to handsets
- b) returns handset uplink via fiber-optic or coax to host
- c) separate FCC ID from *remote*, unless electrically identical

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3) expansion unit

- a) fiber-optic or coax from host
- b) fiber-optic or coax fan-out to remote(s)
- c) Part 15 digital device subject to Verification, no FCC ID

4) passive interface unit

- a) contains attenuators, splitters, combiners
- b) coax cable connection between *host* and base-station
- c) passive device, no FCC ID

5) active interface unit

- a) amplifies uplink signal from host unit for transmit by donor antenna
- b) attenuates downlink from donor antenna
- c) coax cable connection between host and active interface unit
- d) usually has separate FCC ID; in some cases could be combined/included with *host* as one enclosure

GENERAL DEFINITIONS FOR CERTIFICATION PURPOSES:

The following three general definitions follow from those stated in the Part 22, 24, and 90 rule sections as listed above. Two of the definitions replace previous EAB internal definitions given for booster, repeater and extender. The general term "extender" is the same as booster, but booster should be used rather than extender. The general term "translator" is the same as repeater, but repeater should be used rather than translator.

External radio frequency power amplifier (ERFPA) - any device which, (1) when used in conjunction with a radio transmitter signal source, is capable of amplification of that signal, and (2) is not an integral part of a radio transmitter as manufactured. The EAS equipment class AMP is used only for an ERFPA device inserted between a transmitter (TNB/PCB) and an antenna (has only one antenna port)

Booster is a device that automatically reradiates signals from base transmitters without channel translation, for the purpose of improving the reliability of existing service by increasing the signal strength in dead spots. An "in-building radiation system" is a signal booster. These devices are not intended to extend the size of coverage from the originating base station. A booster can be either single or multiple channels.

Repeater is a device that retransmits the signals of other stations. Repeaters are different from boosters in that they can include frequency translation and can extend coverage beyond the design of the original base station. A repeater is typically single channel but can also be multiple channels.

ERFPA (AMP) and boosters/repeaters (TNB/PCB) can generally be authorized for all rule parts except 15 and 18.

Tests should be done with each typical signal. e.g., for F3E emissions use 2500 Hz with 2.5 or 5 kHz deviation. Use of CW signal for some tests is acceptable in lieu of actual emission, in some cases when CW signal gives worst case.

The GX system working principle: the RF signal coupled from BTS is transferred into optical signal, and then transmitted via a fiber to remote unit.the remote re-transfers the optical signal back to RF signal, through the frequency translation and after power amplifiers can extend the BTS coverage to another desired area, the GX system is compliant with the description about repeater in FCC rules, **So the Equipment belongs to the repeater and TNB class**



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7.2 Test Procedure & Measurement Data

Test Modulation and Frequency

Downlink: 728MHz to 757MHz

	Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	LTE	733	742.5	752

Downlink: 1930MHz to 1995MHz

Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
GSM	1930.6	1962.5	1994.4
CDMA	1932	1962.5	1993
WCDMA	1933	1962.5	1992
LTE	1935	1962.5	1990

Downlink: 2110 MHz to 2155MHz

Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
CDMA	2112	2132.5	2153
WCDMA	2113	2132.5	2152
LTE	2115	2132.5	2150

Remark:

1) We test the downlink in the lowest band; the middle band; the hightest band and test the respective frequency as above table;

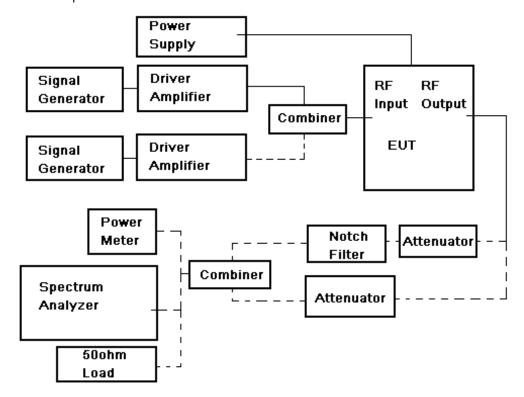


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General Test Setup:





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7.2.1 RF Output Power

Test Date: 2012-08-22

Test Requirement: FCC part 24.232(a)&(b) & FCC part 27.50(d)

24.232(a) Base stations are limited to 1640 watts peak equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below. See §24.53 for HAAT calculation method. Base station antenna heights may exceed 300 meters with a corresponding reduction in power; see Table 1 of this section. The service area boundary limit and microwave protection criteria specified in §§24.236 and 24.237 apply.

Para. No.27.50(b)(2), (c)(1)(3)

- (b) The following power and antenna height limits apply to transmitters operating in the 746-763 MHz, 775–793 MHz and 805–806 MHz bands:
- (2) Fixed and base stations transmitting a signal in the 746–757 MHz, 758–763 MHz, 776–787 MHz, and 788–793 MHz bands with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less must not exceed an ERP of 1000 watts and an antenna height of 305 m HAAT, except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 1000 watts ERP in accordance with Table 1 of this section.
- (c) The following power and antenna height requirements apply to stations transmitting in the 698–746 MHz band:
- (1) Fixed and base stations transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less must not exceed an effective radiated power (ERP) of 1000 watts and an antenna height of 305 m height above average terrain (HAAT), except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 1000 watts ERP in accordance with Table 1 of this section:
- (3) Fixed and base stations transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz must not exceed an ERP of 1000 watts/MHz and an antenna height of 305 m HAAT, except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 1000 watts/MHz ERP in accordance with Table 3 of this section;

Para. No.27.53(d)(1). The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 2110-2155 MHz band and located in any county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available



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population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, is limited to a peak equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) of 3280 watts. The power of each fixed or base station transmitting in the 2110-2155 MHz band from any other location is limited to a peak EIRP of 1640 watts. A licensee operating a base or fixed station utilizing a power of more than 1640 watts EIRP must coordinate such operations in advance with all Government and non-Government satellite entities in the 2025-2110 MHz band. Operations above 1640 watts EIRP must also be coordinated in advance with the following licensees within 120 kilometers (75 miles) of the base or fixed station: all Broadband Radio Service (BRS) licensees authorized under Part 27 in the 2155-2160 MHz band and all AWS licensees in the 2110-2155 MHz band.

Test Method: FCC part 2.1046

EUT Operation:

Status: Drive the EUT to maximum output power.

Conditions: Normal conditions

Application: Cellular Band RF output ports

Test Configuration:

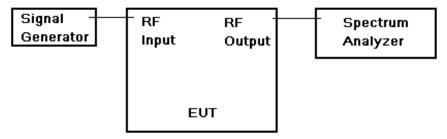


Fig.1 RF Output Power test configuration



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Test Procedure:

RF output power test procedure:

1.

- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated, when the output power is over the max value of the Spectrum Analyzer, add the attenuator to avoid destroying the facility.
- b) Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the assigned transmitter frequency, key the transmitter, and set the level of the carrier to the full scale reference line.
- c) do not apply any tone to modulate the EUT.
- d1) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
- 1) Resolution Bandwidth >> the carrier bandwidth,
- 2) Video Bandwidth refer to standard requirement.
- d2) Use spectrum analyzer channel power measurement function;
- e) Record the frequencies and levels of carrier power;
- f) Calculate the signal link way loss and final power value.

Or 2.

- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated;
- b) Read the value from the power meter;
- c) Calculate the signal link way loss and final power value.

Remark:

Output power -

Power on Form 731 should be clearly understood as either composite of multichannels or per carrier. If power is composite include in comments field: "Power output listed is composite for multi-channel operation."

. Check that the input drive level is at maximum input rating and maximum gain

settings for all tests. Check both uplink and downlink input levels. See manual or

brochures/technical description for maximum rating. May need to check FCC identifier of transmitter used for tests.

Confirm device can not operate in saturation. Are there means to control maximum power and to assure linear operation (use in system configuration may be necessary)? How is saturation or over-modulation prevented for pulsed signal inputs?



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7.2.1.1 Measurement Record:

Downlink: 728MHz ~ 757MHz

Per channel Power Input=-19dBm for downlink					
Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency		
LTE	46.2dBm	46.4dBm	46.3dBm		
LTE	(41686.94mW)	(43651.58mW)	(42657.952mW)		

Downlink: 1930MHz ~ 1995MHz

Per channel Power Input=-19dBm for downlink					
Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency		
GSM	46.4 dBm	46.2 dBm	46.3 dBm		
	(43651.58mW)	(41686.94mW)	(42657.95mW)		
CDMA	46.5 dBm	46.4 dBm	46.2 dBm		
	(44668.36mW)	(43651.58mW)	(41686.94mW)		
WCDMA	46.3 dBm	46.5 dBm	46.4 dBm		
	(42657.95mW)	(44668.36mW)	(43651.58mW)		
LTE	46.2 dBm	46.1 dBm	46.2 dBm		
	(41686.94mW)	(40738.03mW)	(41686.94mW)		

Downlink: 2110MHz ~ 2155MHz

Per channel Power Input=-19dBm for downlink					
Modulation	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency		
CDMA	46.2 dBm	46.3 dBm	46.1 dBm		
	(41686.94mW)	(42657.95mW)	(40738.03mW)		
WCDMA	46.4 dBm	46.2 dBm	46.2 dBm		
	(43651.58mW)	(41686.94mW)	(41686.94mW)		
LTE	46.1 dBm	46.3 dBm	46.4 dBm		
	(40738.03mW)	(42657.95mW)	(43651.58mW)		

Remark: test in single channel status, output power is tested in full amplifying status.

Kept the EUT working in maximum gain, adjusted the input power until to get the EUT to maximum output power.

Note: Conducted output power tested. EIRP was not tested because the amplifier does not come with an antenna.



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7.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Date: 2012-08-20 to 2012-08-22

Test Requirement: FCC part 24.238(a) & FCC part 27.53(h)

24.238(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the

transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.

FCC part 27.53(h) For operations in the 1710–1755 MHz and 2110–2155 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log10(P) dB.

Test Method: FCC part 2.1051

EUT Operation:

Status: Drive the EUT to maximum output power.

Conditions: Normal conditions

Application: Cellular Band RF output ports

Test Configuration:

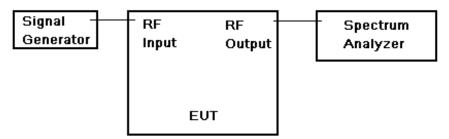
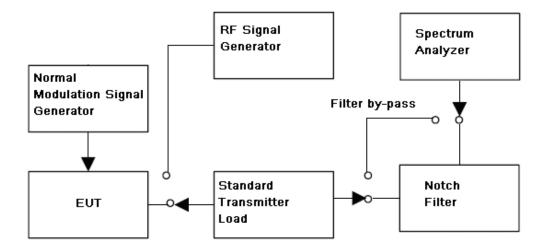


Fig.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions test configuration





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Test Procedure:

Conducted Emissions test procedure:

- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated, with the notch filter by-passed, when the output power is over the max value of the Spectrum Analyzer, add the attenuator to avoid destroying the facility.
- b) Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the assigned transmitter frequency, key the transmitter, and set the level of the carrier to the full scale reference line.
- c) do not apply any tone to modulate the EUT.
- d) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
- 1) Resolution Bandwidth,(base the standard, apply the different set),her is 100KHz for frequency band less than 1GHz, 1MHz for frequency over 1GHz;
- 2) Video Bandwidth refer to standard requirement.
- e) Adjust the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer for incremental coverage of the range from:
- 1) the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment, it can be 9KHz base the test method, here select 30MHz as lowest frequency start point;
- 2) the highest radion frequency shall higher than 10 times of carrier frequency;
- f) Record the frequencies and levels of spurious emissions from step e) Remark:

The notch filter is used for avoid the EUT fundamental carrier output power making the spectrum overload and the harmonic spurious brought by it.

When the EUT fundamental carrier is not enough to make the status, the notch filter could be not used.



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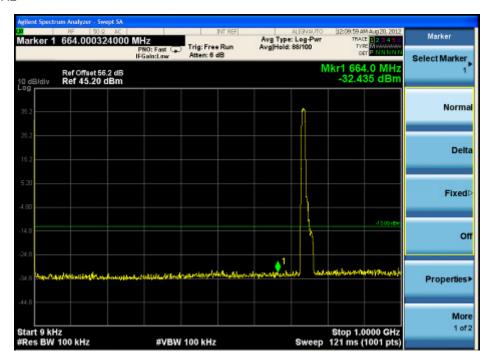
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

7.2.2.1 Measurement Record:

1.Downlink: 728MHz ~ 757MHz

1.1 lowest frequency:

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 10GHz





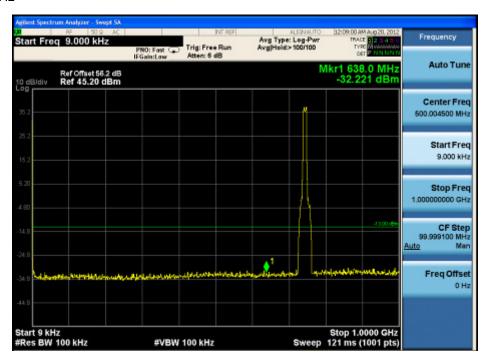
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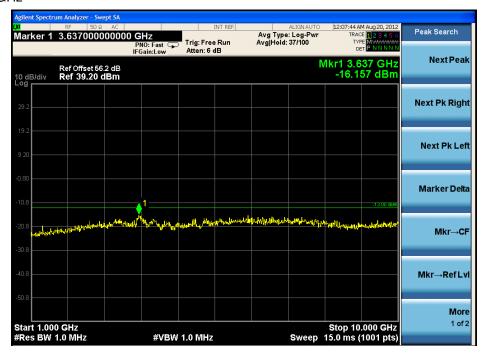
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

1.2 Middle frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 10GHz





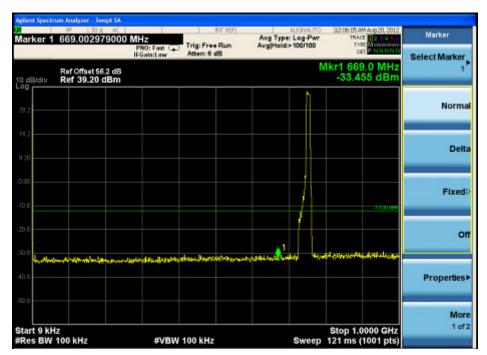
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FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

1.3 highest frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 10GHz





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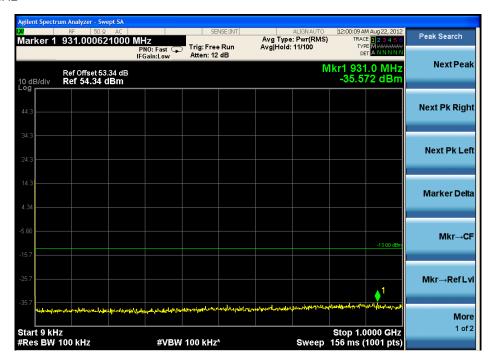
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2.Downlink: 1930MHz ~ 1995MHz(WCDMA)

2.1 lowest frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 20GHz





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2.2 Middle frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 20GHz





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2.3 highest frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 20GHz



 $\textbf{Remark:} pretest \ the \ all \ Modulations (GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE) \ of \ the \ working \ frequency \ band (1930MHz) \ description of \ the \ description of \$

- ~ 1995MHz), finally find the worst case is working on WCDMA mode at frequency band(1930MHz
- ~ 1995MHz) and report it.



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3.Downlink: 2110MHz ~ 2155MHz(WCDMA)

3.1 lowest frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 22GHz





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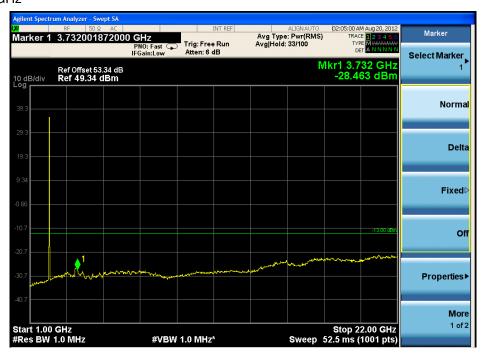
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

3.2 Middle frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 22GHz





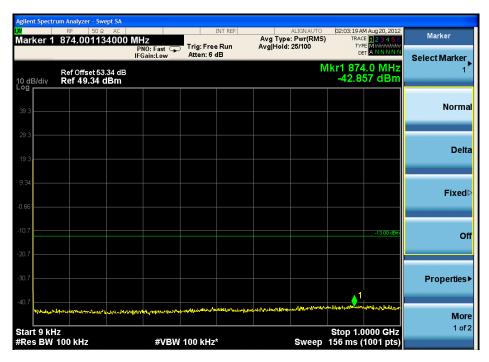
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FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

3.3 highest frequency

9KHz to 1GHz



1GHz to 22GHz



Remark:pretest the all Modulations(CDMA,WCDMA,LTE) of the working frequency band(2110MHz ~ 2155MHz), finally find the worst case is working on WCDMA mode at frequency band(2110MHz ~ 2155MHz) and report it.

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7.2.3 Band Edge& Intermodulation

Test Date: 2012-08-20 to 2012-08-22

Test Requirement: FCC part 24.238(b) & FCC part 27.53(h)

24.238(b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

27.53(h) Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

Test Method: FCC part 2.1051&2-11-04/EAB/RF

EUT Operation:

Status: Drive the EUT to maximum output power.

Conditions: Normal conditions

Application: Cellular Band RF output ports

Test Configuration:

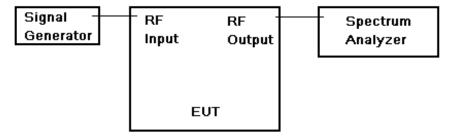


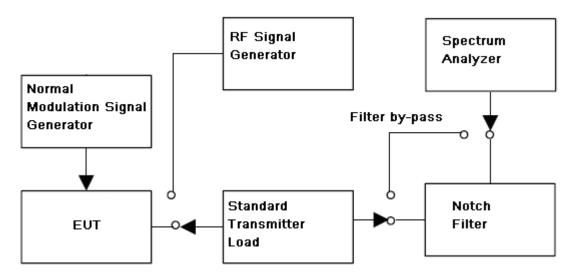
Fig.3. Band edge and Intermodulation test configuration



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Test Procedure:

Conducted Emissions test procedure:

- a) Connect the equipment as illustrated, with the notch filter by-passed, when the output power is over the max value of the Spectrum Analyzer, add the attenuator to avoid destroying the facility.
- b) Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the assigned transmitter frequency, key the transmitter, and set the level of the carrier to the full scale reference line.
- c) do not apply any tone to modulate the EUT.
- d) Adjust the spectrum analyzer for the following settings:
 - Resolution Bandwidth, (base the standard, apply the different set), here is 100KHz for frequency band less than 1GHz, 1MHz for frequency over 1GHz;
 - 2) Video Bandwidth refer to standard requirement.
- e) Adjust the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer for incremental coverage of the range from:
- 1) the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment, it can be 9KHz base the test method, here select 30MHz as lowest frequency start point;
- 2) the highest radion frequency shall higher than 10 times of carrier frequency;
- f) Record the frequencies and levels of spurious emissions from step e) Remark:

The notch filter is used for avoid the EUT fundamental carrier output power making the spectrum overload and the harmonic spurious brought by it.

When the EUT fundamental carrier is not enough to make the status, the notch filter could be not used.



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Intermodulation

- 1. Connect the equipment as illustrated;
- Test Procedure:
- 2. Test the background noise level with all the test facilities;
- 3. Keep one transmitting path, all other connectors shall be connected by normal power or RF leads;
- 4. Select the attenuator to avoid the test receiver or spectrum analyzer being destroied;
- 5. Keep the EUT continuously transmitting in max power;
- 6. Keep two signals are same in modulation type and level;
- 7. Measure the 3 order intermodulated product by the EUT(the sum of the two unwanted signal should be rated power);
- 8. Correct for all losses in the RF path;
- 9. Read the conducted spurious emissioins of the EUT antenna port.

Remark:

- · At maximum drive level, for each modulation: one test with three tones, or two tests (high-, low-band edge) with two tones
- · Limit usually is -13dBm conducted.
- · Not needed for Single Channel systems.



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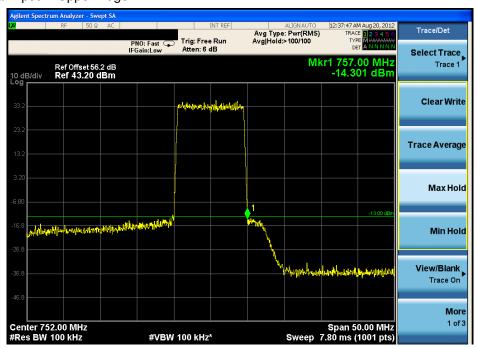
7.2.3.1 Measurement Record:

1.Downlink: 728MHz to 757MHz(LTE Mode)

1.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



1.2 one signal input —Upper Edge





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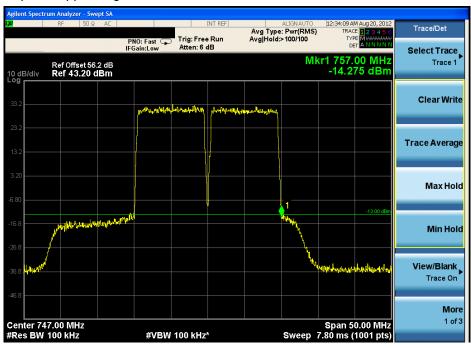
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1.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



1.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





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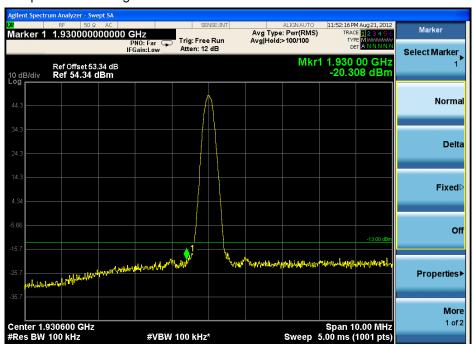
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FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

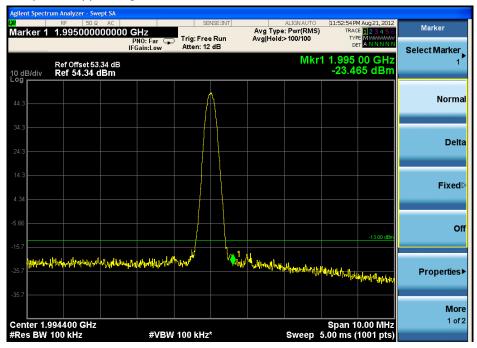
2.Downlink: 1930MHz to 1995MHz(GSM,CDMA,WCDMA,LTE)

2.1 GSM Mode:

2.1.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



2.1.2 one signal input — Upper Edge



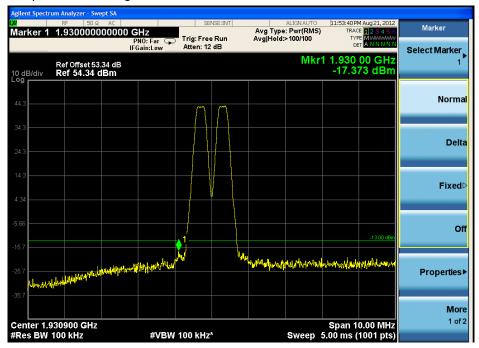


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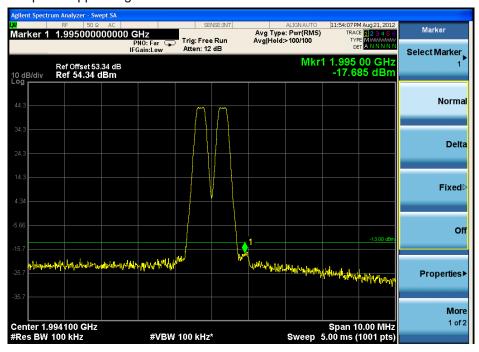
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FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

2.1.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



2.1.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





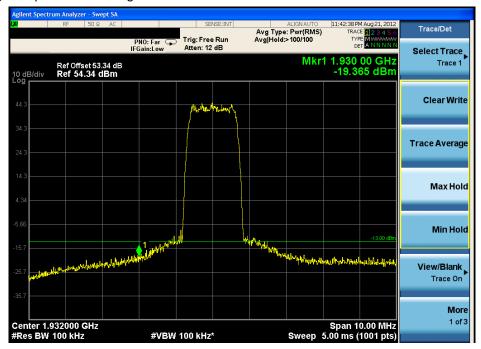
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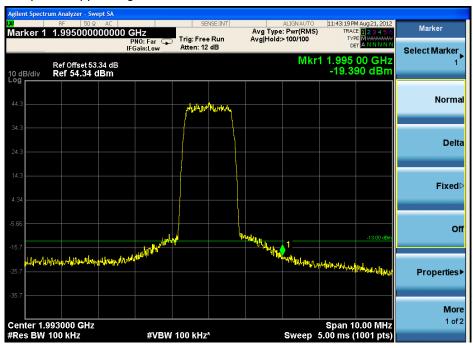
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

2.2 CDMA Mode:

2.2.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



2.2.2 one signal input — Upper Edge



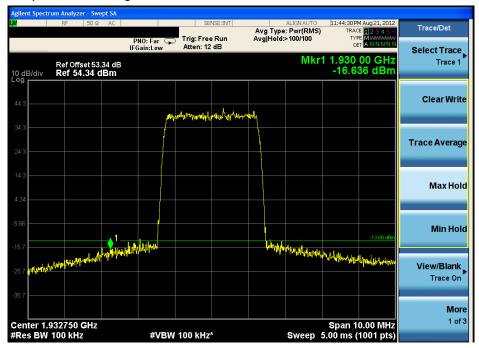


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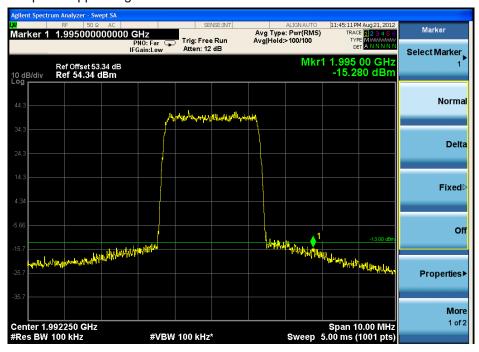
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2.2.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



2.2.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





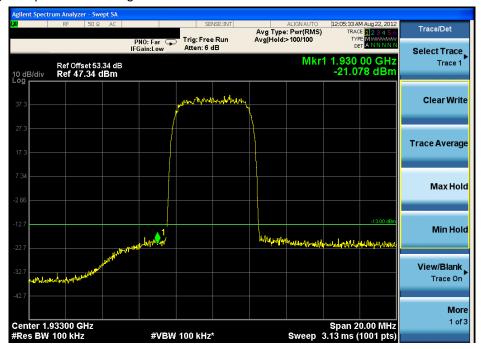
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2.3 WDMA Mode:

2.3.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



2.3.2 one signal input — Upper Edge





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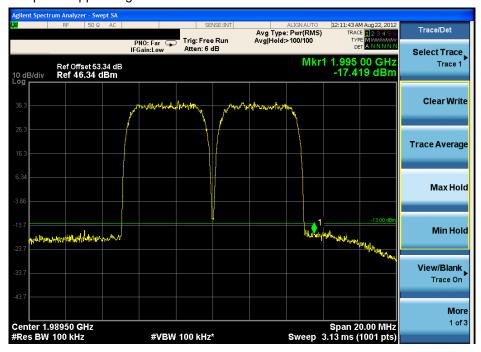
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2.3.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



2.3.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





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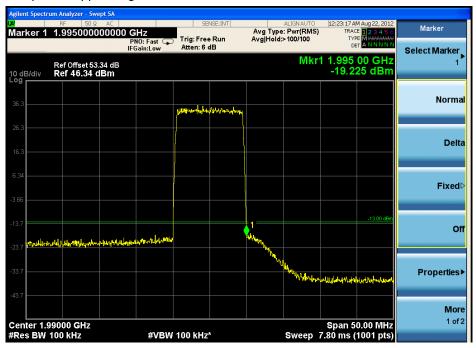
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

2.4 LTE Mode:

2.4.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



2.4.2 one signal input — Upper Edge





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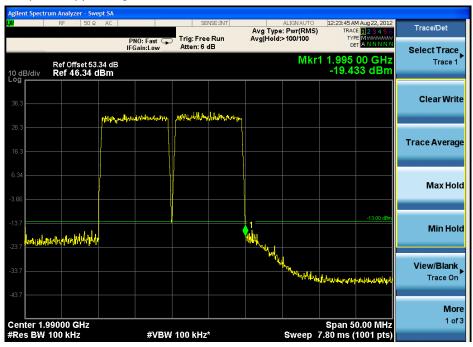
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2.4.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



2.4.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





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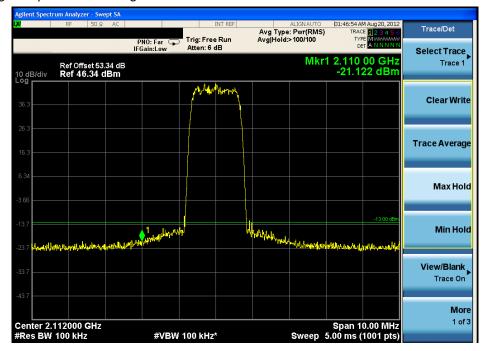
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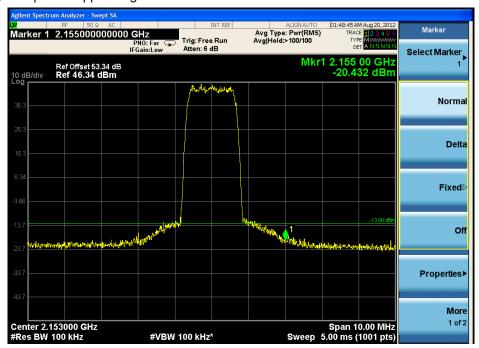
3.Downlink: 2110MHz to 2155MHz(CDMA, WCDMA, LTE)

3.1 CDMA Mode:

3.1.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



3.1.2 one signal input — Upper Edge



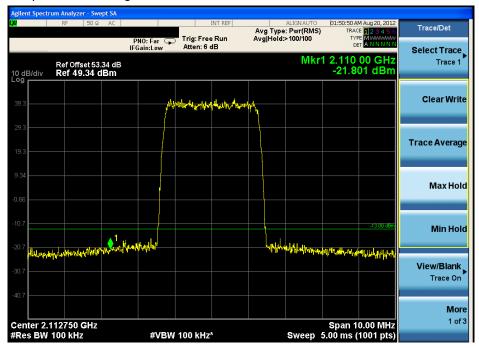


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3.1.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



3.1.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





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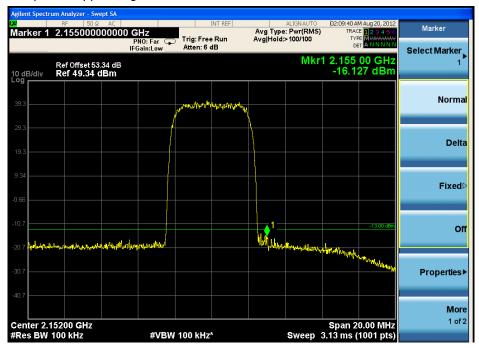
FCC ID: OJFGXP19L70A17-40

3.2 WDMA Mode:

3.2.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



3.2.2 one signal input — Upper Edge





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3.2.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



3.2.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





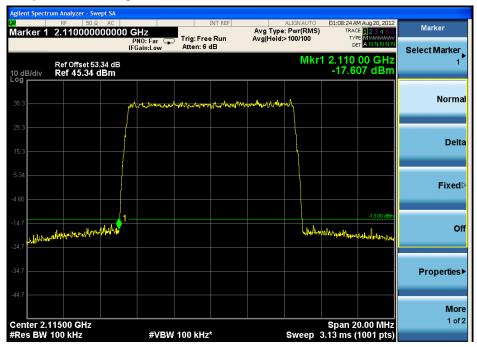
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3.3 LTE Mode:

3.3.1 one signal input —Lower Edge



3.3.2 one signal input — Upper Edge



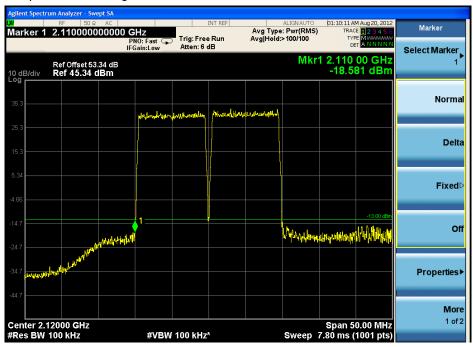


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3.3.3 two signal input —Lower Edge



3.3.4 two signal input —Upper Edge





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Remark:

For the test in two signal input or intermodulation, test input signal f1 and f2 will consider as follows conditions:

- 1) EUT frequency band span and the amount of channels;
- 2) f1 is the frequency lower, f2 is the frequency higher, $\triangle f$ is the channel spacing;
- 3) in lower edge test, f1 is the lower edge frequency +1 channel frequency, and f2 is +2 channel frequency;
- 4) in higher edge test, f1 is the higher edge frequency -2 channel frequency, and f2 is -1 channel frequency;
- 5) according to the amplifier characteristic, the 3rd product will appear when two signals input;
- 6) base the 3rd product frequency F1= 2f1-f2 and F2=2f2-f1, when the f1 and f2 frequency select above,
 - a) in lower edge test, F1=2f1-(f1+ \triangle f)=f1- \triangle f=lower edge frequency;
 - b) in higher edge test, F2=2f2-(f2-△f)=f2+△f=higher edge frequency.