

EXHIBIT B

Measurement Report

MEASUREMENT REPORT of CORDLESS TELEPHONE

Applicant : CAL-COMP ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) CO., LTD.
Model No. : TK8800
EUT : 900 MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone
FCC ID : OHH-8800
Report No. : K1515362

Test by :

Training Research Co., Ltd.

TEL : 886-2-26935155

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2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C.

CERTIFICATION

We here by verify that:

The test data, data evaluation, test procedures and equipment configurations shown in this report were made mainly in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (1992) as a reference. All test were conducted by *Training Research Co., Ltd.*, 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. Also, we attest to the accuracy of each.

We further submit that the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in the report is in compliance with the technical requirements set forth in the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.233.

Applicant : CAL-COMP ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

Model No. : TK8800

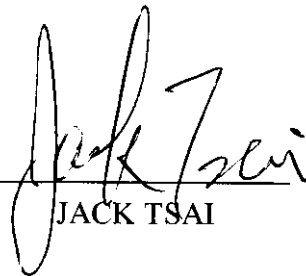
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FCC ID : OHH-8800

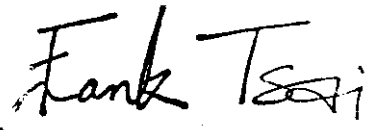
Report No. : K1515362

Test Date : Jun. 22, 1999

Prepared by:


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I . GENERAL

1.1 Introduction

The following measurement report is submitted on behalf of Applicant in support of a Cordless Telephone certification in accordance with Part 2 Subpart J and Part 15 Subpart A and C of the Commission's Rules and Regulations.

1.2 Description of EUT

EUT	: 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone
Model No.	: TK8800
FCC ID	: OHH-8800
Frequency Range	: Base : 902 - 928 MHz Handset : 902 - 928 MHz
Support Channel	: 20 Channel
Modulation Skill	: TDMA / Spread spectrum
Security Code	: 12-bit P/N code, 8-bit scramble, 16-bit 2D
Power Type	: Base Powered by 120Vac 60 Hz / 9Vdc 500mA Handset powered by 3.6 V / 800mAh
Power Cord	: Non-shielded
Data Cable	: RJ-11C x 1 => Non-shielded, 7' long, Plastic hoods, No bead Headset & MIC. => Non-shielded, 217cm long, Plastic hoods, No bead
Applicant	: CAL-COMP ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) CO., LTD. 60 MOO 8, SETHAKIJ RD., KLONG MADUEA, KRATOOM BEAN, SAMUTHSAKORN, THAILAND

1.3 Description of Support Equipment

In order to construct the minimum testing, following equipment were used as the support units.

PSTN Simulator	: King Design Public Switched Telephone Network Simulator
Model No.	: 8705-A
Serial No.	: N/A
Notebook	: CER Notebook
Model No.	: 386SL
Serial No.	: 001855
Power Type	: Linear
Power Core	: Non-shielded, 6' long, Plastic hoods, No ferrite bead
FCC ID	: Q8V486S

1.4 Configuration of System Under Test

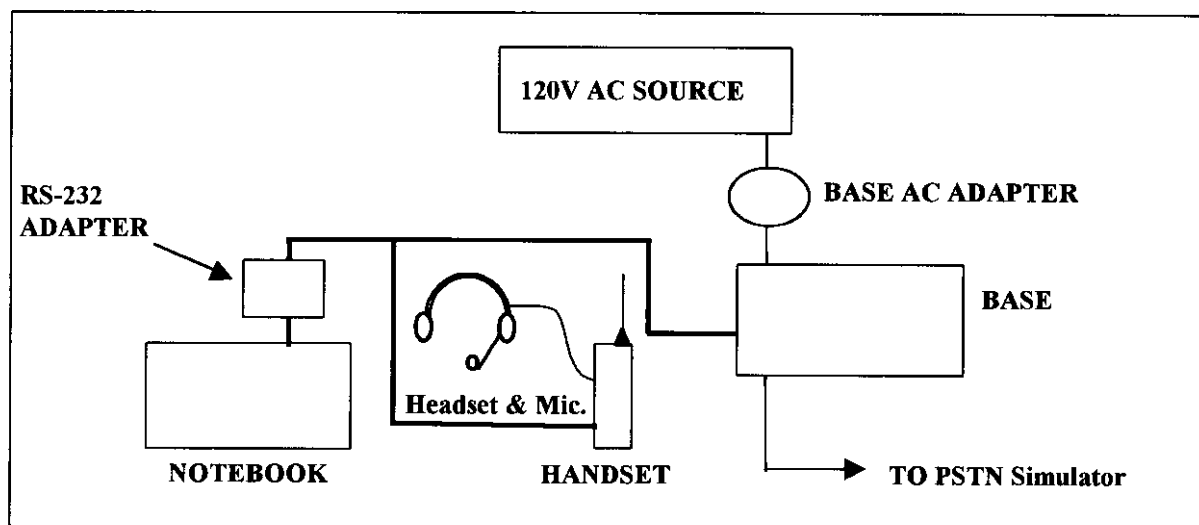


Fig. 1 Configuration of system under test

The tests below are run with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode. A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number.

The setting up procedure was recorded in Appendix A.

1.5 Verify the Frequency and Channel

1.5.1 Verify the Frequency Pairs

Channel	Base(MHz)	Handset(MHz)	Channel	Base(MHz)	Handset(MHz)
1	904.520	904.520	11	915.300	915.300
2	904.700	904.700	12	916.500	916.500
3	906.900	906.900	13	918.700	918.700
4	907.100	907.100	14	919.900	919.900
5	908.300	908.300	15	920.100	920.100
6	909.500	909.500	16	921.300	921.300
7	910.700	910.700	17	922.500	922.500
8	912.900	912.900	18	924.700	924.700
9	913.100	913.100	19	925.900	925.900
10	915.072	914.570	20	927.133	927.133

Note:

1. This is for sure that all frequencies are in 902 MHz to 928 MHz.
2. Section 15.31(m): Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed at three frequencies for operating frequency range over 10 MHz. (The locations of these frequencies one near the top, one near the middle and one near the bottom.)
3. After test, the EUT operating frequencies are in 904.520 MHz to 927.133 MHz. So all the items as followed in testing report are need to test these three frequencies: top: channel 1, middle: channel 10, bottom: channel 20.

1.6 Test Procedure

All measurements contained in this report were performed mainly according to the techniques described in ANSI C63.4 (1992) and the pre-setup was written on Appendix A, the detail setup was written on each test item.

1.7 Location of the Test Site

The radiated emissions measurements required by the rules were performed on the **three-meter, Anechoic Chamber (Registration Number: 93906)** maintained by *Training Research Co., Ltd.* 1F., No. 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. Complete description and measurement data have been placed on file with the commission. The conducted power line emissions tests and other test items were performed in a shielded enclosure also located at Training Research Co., Ltd. B1, No. 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. *Training Research Co., Ltd.* is listed by the FCC as a facility available to do measurement work for others on a contract basis.

1.8 General Test Condition

The conditions under which the EUT operates were varied to determine their effect on the equipment's emission characteristics. The final configuration of the test system and the mode of operation used during these tests was chosen as that which produced the highest emission levels. However, only those conditions which the EUT was considered likely to encounter in normal use were investigated.

In test, the base and handset are tested separately. They were set in high power and continuously transmitting mode that controlled by computer. The ch01, ch10 and ch20 of base and handset were all tested. The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

II. Section 15.207: Power Line Conducted Emissions for AC Powered Units

2.1 Test Condition & Setup

The power line conducted emission measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was assembled on a wooden table which is 80 centimeters high, was placed 40 centimeters from the backwall and at least 1 meter from the sidewall.

Power was fed to the EUT from the public utility power grid through a line filter and EMCO Model 3825/2 Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). The LISN housing, measuring instrumentation case, ground plane, etc., were electrically bonded together at the same RF potential. The Spectrum analyzer was connected to the AC line through an isolation transformer. The 50-ohm output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly. Conducted emission levels were in the CISPER quasi-peak detection mode. The analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 9 KHz. No post-detector video filter was used.

The spectrum was scanned from 450 KHz to 30 MHz. The physical arrangement of the test system and associated cabling was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude and frequency. All spurious emission frequencies were observed. The highest emission amplitudes relative to the appropriate limit were measured and have been recorded in paragraph 2.4.

There are three test conditions apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following :

1. Base station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset.

Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels are tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

2. Idle state (handset park, on hook mode)

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

2.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.5GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8591EM	50.00
EMCO	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	3825/2	50.00
TRC	Shielded Room	TRC-SR1	N/A

2.4 Test Result of Conducted Emissions

2.4.1 Base station transmit only

The following table shows a summary of the highest emissions of power line conducted emissions on the HOT and NATURAL conductors of the EUT power cord.

Model No. : TK8800
EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 1 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 1)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dBuV)</i>	<i>Limit (dBuV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	1769.00	28.47	48.00	-19.53
	1814.00	27.85	48.00	-20.15
	1869.00	28.56	48.00	-19.44
	1974.00	28.65	48.00	-19.35
	2010.00	28.81	48.00	-19.19
	2070.00	28.14	48.00	-19.86
	2560.00	27.62	48.00	-20.38
	2910.00	33.67	48.00	-14.33
	2990.00	33.85	48.00	-14.15
	3090.00	29.73	48.00	-18.27
LINE 2	1769.00	27.81	48.00	-20.19
	1922.00	27.30	48.00	-20.70
	1974.00	27.57	48.00	-20.43
	2010.00	27.64	48.00	-20.36
	2070.00	27.18	48.00	-20.82
	2560.00	27.55	48.00	-20.45
	2610.00	28.59	48.00	-19.41
	2910.00	32.84	48.00	-15.16
	2990.00	32.09	48.00	-15.91
	3090.00	28.93	48.00	-19.07

NOTE:

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 2 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 10)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dBuV)</i>	<i>Limit (dBuV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	1720.00	27.85	48.00	-20.15
	1769.00	28.21	48.00	-19.79
	1814.00	28.33	48.00	-19.67
	1869.00	27.88	48.00	-20.12
	1974.00	28.74	48.00	-19.26
	2010.00	27.97	48.00	-20.03
	2070.00	27.81	48.00	-20.19
	2910.00	33.88	48.00	-14.12
	2990.00	33.22	48.00	-14.78
	3090.00	29.32	48.00	-18.68
LINE 2	1769.00	27.60	48.00	-20.40
	1814.00	27.83	48.00	-20.17
	1869.00	27.04	48.00	-20.96
	1974.00	27.30	48.00	-20.70
	2010.00	27.28	48.00	-20.72
	2070.00	26.72	48.00	-21.28
	2610.00	27.71	48.00	-20.29
	2910.00	32.98	48.00	-15.02
	2990.00	32.00	48.00	-16.00
	3090.00	28.58	48.00	-19.42

Table 3 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 20)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dBuV)</i>	<i>Limit (dBuV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	1769.00	28.54	48.00	-19.46
	1814.00	27.41	48.00	-20.59
	1922.00	27.67	48.00	-20.33
	1974.00	29.02	48.00	-18.98
	2010.00	28.05	48.00	-19.95
	2070.00	27.88	48.00	-20.12
	2770.00	31.07	48.00	-16.93
	2910.00	33.62	48.00	-14.38
	2990.00	32.50	48.00	-15.50
	3090.00	29.34	48.00	-18.66
LINE 2	1720.00	27.04	48.00	-20.96
	1769.00	27.60	48.00	-20.40
	1814.00	26.26	48.00	-21.74
	1869.00	27.23	48.00	-20.77
	1974.00	27.30	48.00	-20.70
	2010.00	27.23	48.00	-20.77
	2560.00	26.40	48.00	-21.60
	2910.00	32.75	48.00	-15.25
	2990.00	32.07	48.00	-15.93
	3090.00	28.44	48.00	-19.56

Table 4 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Charging)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dBuV)</i>	<i>Limit (dBuV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	1769.00	26.59	48.00	-21.41
	1814.00	26.33	48.00	-21.67
	1922.00	26.05	48.00	-21.95
	1974.00	26.76	48.00	-21.24
	2010.00	26.10	48.00	-21.90
	2070.00	26.13	48.00	-21.87
	2490.00	25.84	48.00	-22.16
	2910.00	31.45	48.00	-16.55
	2990.00	31.23	48.00	-16.77
	3090.00	28.88	48.00	-19.12
LINE 2	1702.00	25.65	48.00	-22.35
	1814.00	26.33	48.00	-21.67
	1922.00	25.74	48.00	-22.26
	1974.00	26.13	48.00	-21.87
	2010.00	26.02	48.00	-21.98
	2070.00	25.79	48.00	-22.21
	2770.00	28.32	48.00	-19.68
	2910.00	30.66	48.00	-17.34
	2990.00	30.42	48.00	-17.58
	3090.00	27.64	48.00	-20.36

Table 5 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Linking)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency</i> <i>(KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude</i> <i>(dBuV)</i>	<i>Limit</i> <i>(dBuV)</i>	<i>Margin</i> <i>(dB)</i>
Line 1	1702.00	26.22	48.00	-21.78
	1769.00	26.36	48.00	-21.64
	1814.00	26.29	48.00	-21.71
	1869.00	26.76	48.00	-21.24
	1974.00	26.54	48.00	-21.46
	2010.00	26.52	48.00	-21.48
	2710.00	27.89	48.00	-20.11
	2910.00	30.98	48.00	-17.02
	2990.00	31.46	48.00	-16.54
	3090.00	28.21	48.00	-19.79
LINE 2	1170.00	25.59	48.00	-22.41
	1702.00	25.63	48.00	-22.37
	1769.00	26.43	48.00	-21.57
	1814.00	26.24	48.00	-21.76
	1922.00	25.98	48.00	-22.02
	2010.00	26.08	48.00	-21.92
	2610.00	25.77	48.00	-22.23
	2910.00	29.99	48.00	-18.01
	2990.00	29.78	48.00	-18.22
	3090.00	27.34	48.00	-20.66

III. Section 15.247(a)(2): Bandwidth for Direct Sequence System.

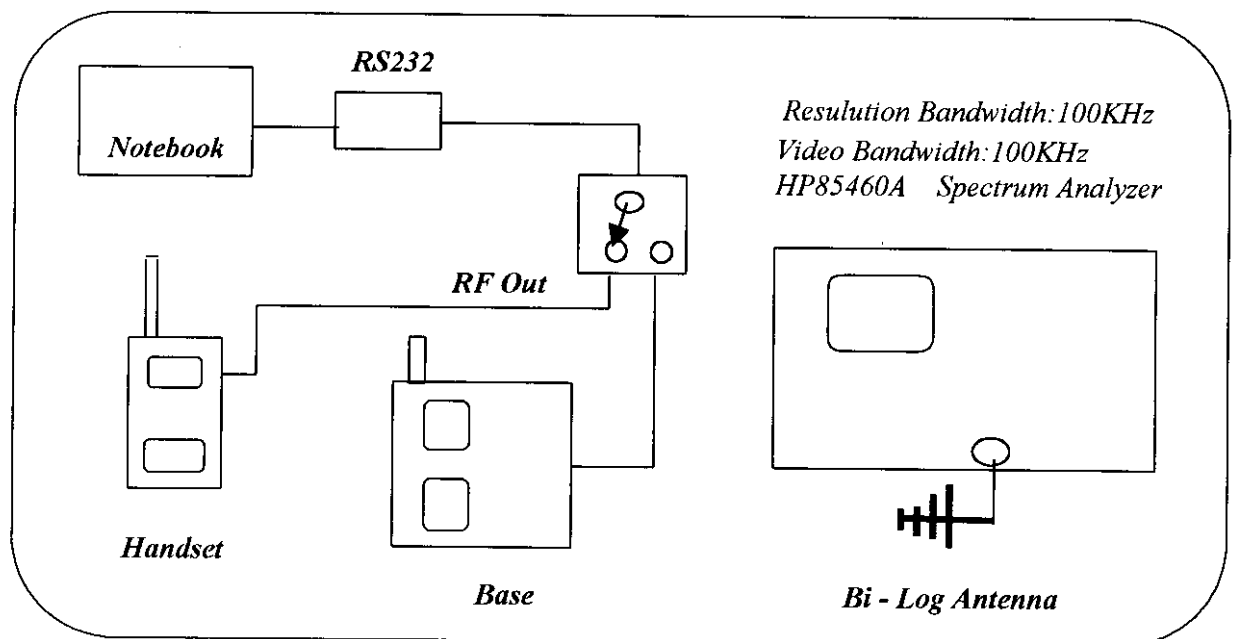
3.1 Test Condition & Setup

The transmitter bandwidth measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was placed on a wooded table which is 0.8 meters height. The EUT was set to transmit continuously. Various channels were also investigated to find the maximum occupied bandwidth. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 KHz.

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 KHz. Set the span >> RBW. The detector function was set to peak and hold mode to clearly observe the components.

Setting up procedure is written on Appendix A.

3.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 10. Test Configuration of bandwidth for direct sequence system

3.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 6GHz EMI Receiver	HP85460A	50.00
M.E.	30MHz-1.5GHz Bi-Log Antenna	VULB 9160	50.00

3.4 Test Result of Bandwidth**Bandwidth of Channel 1**

Bandwidth of Base : 1.62 MHz
Bandwidth of Handset : 1.65 MHz
The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 10

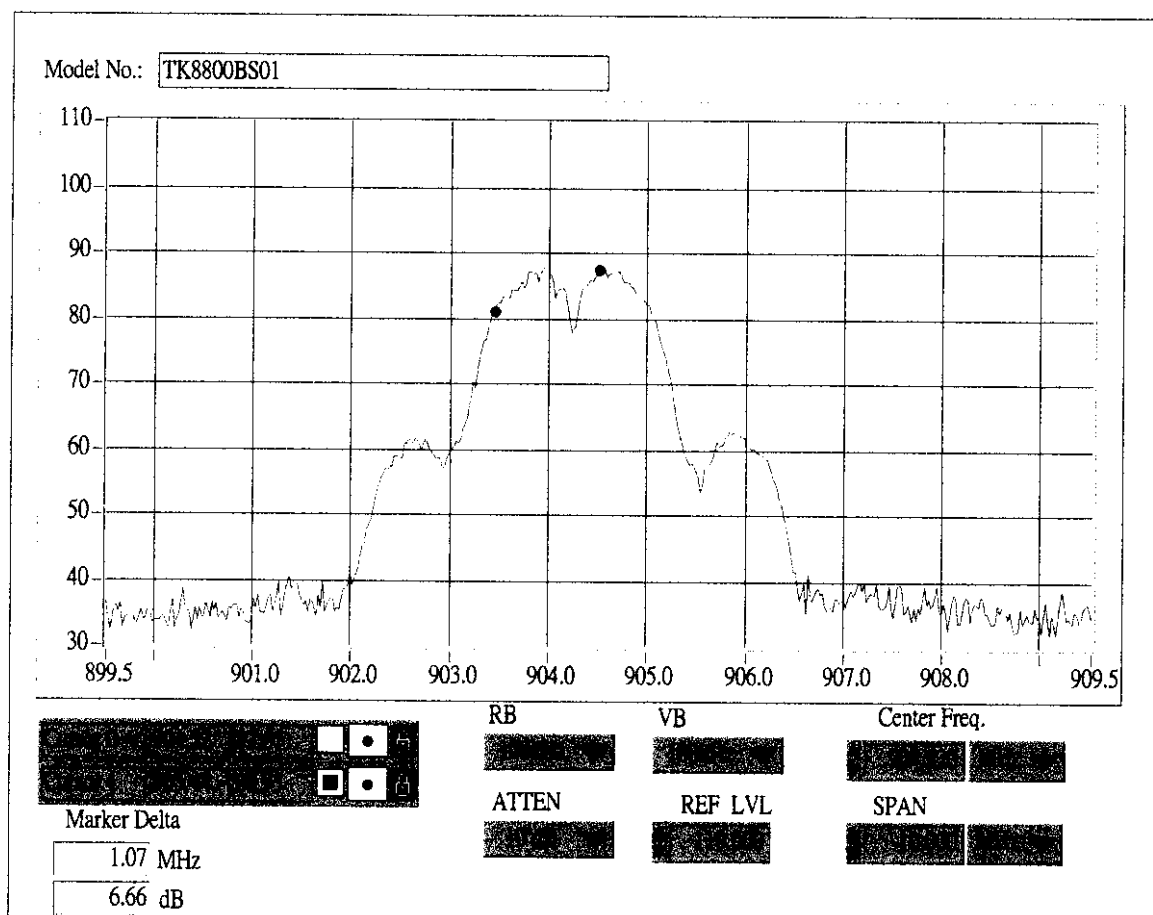
Bandwidth of Base : 1.62 MHz
Bandwidth of Handset : 1.65 MHz
The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

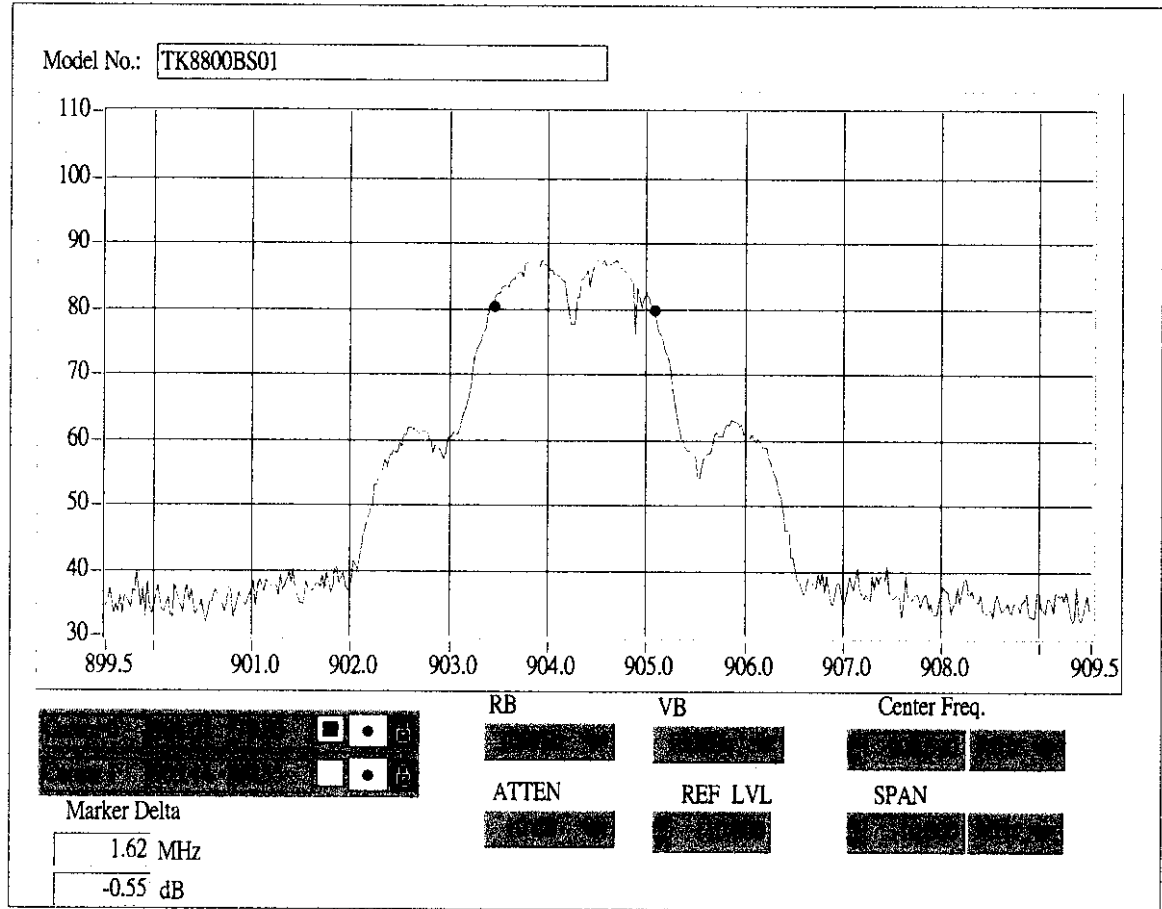
Bandwidth of Channel 20

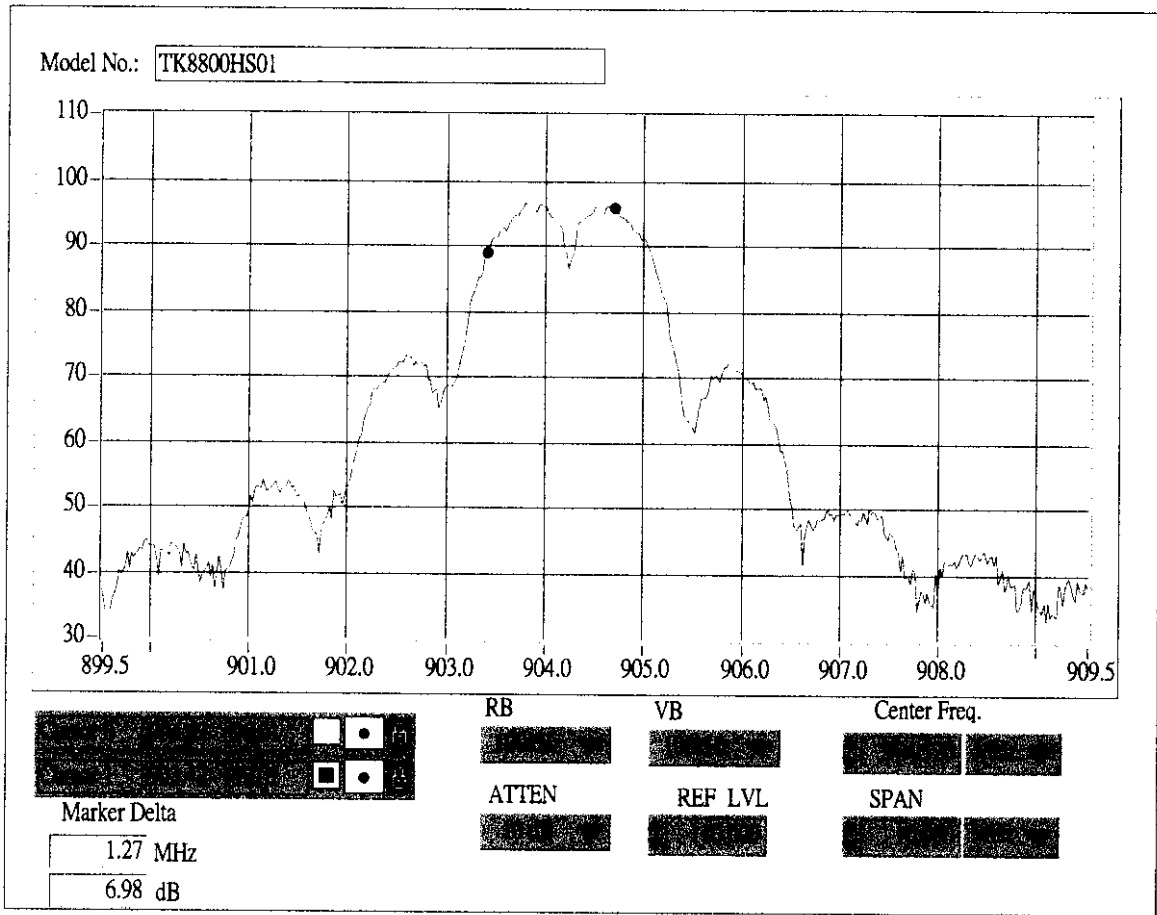
Bandwidth of Base : 1.65 MHz
Bandwidth of Handset : 1.62 MHz
The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

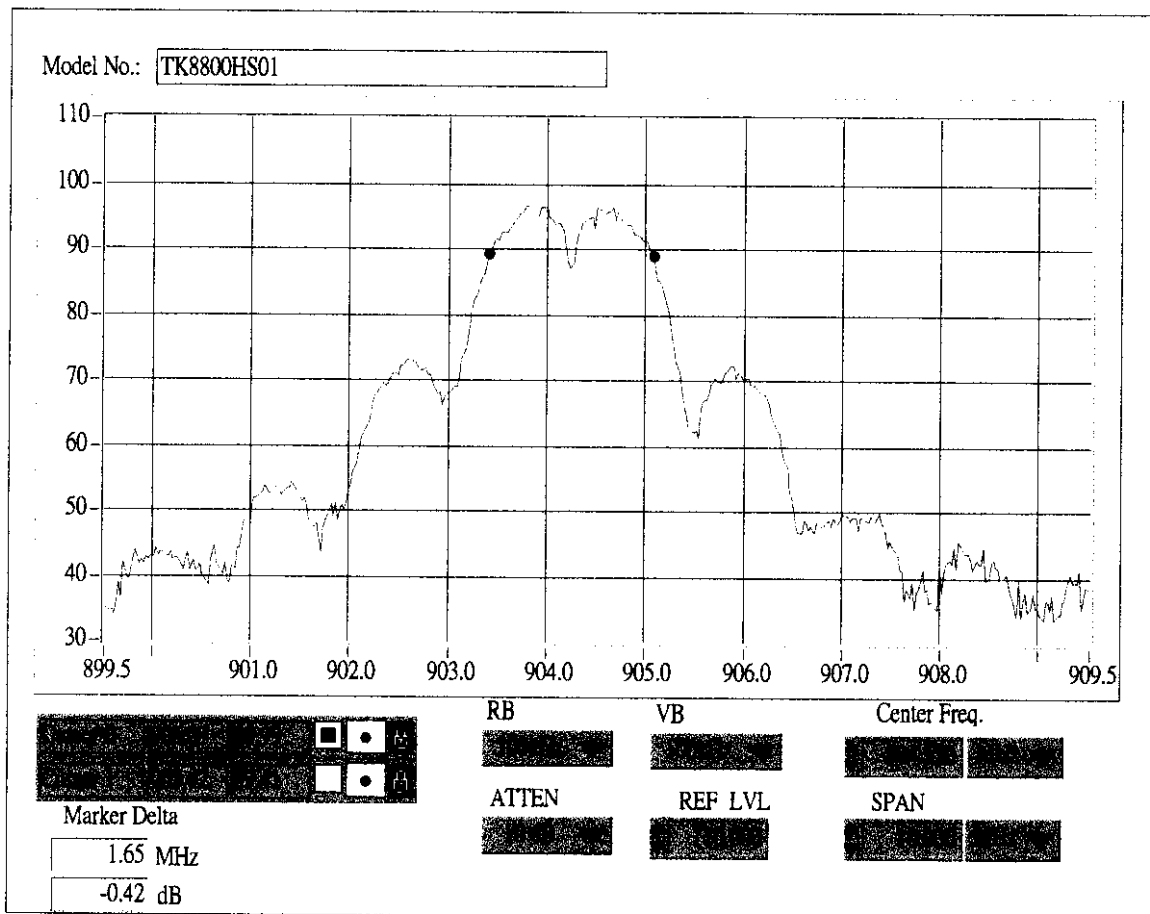
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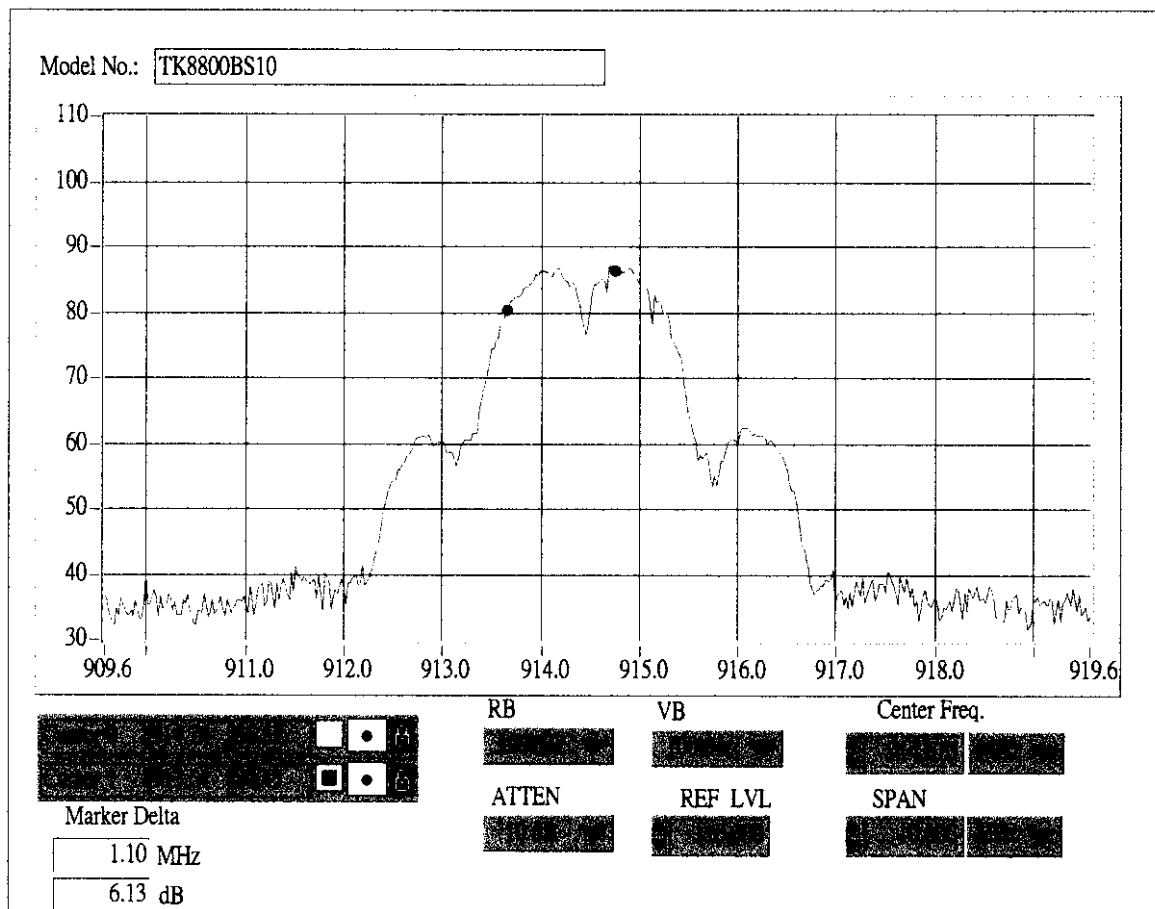
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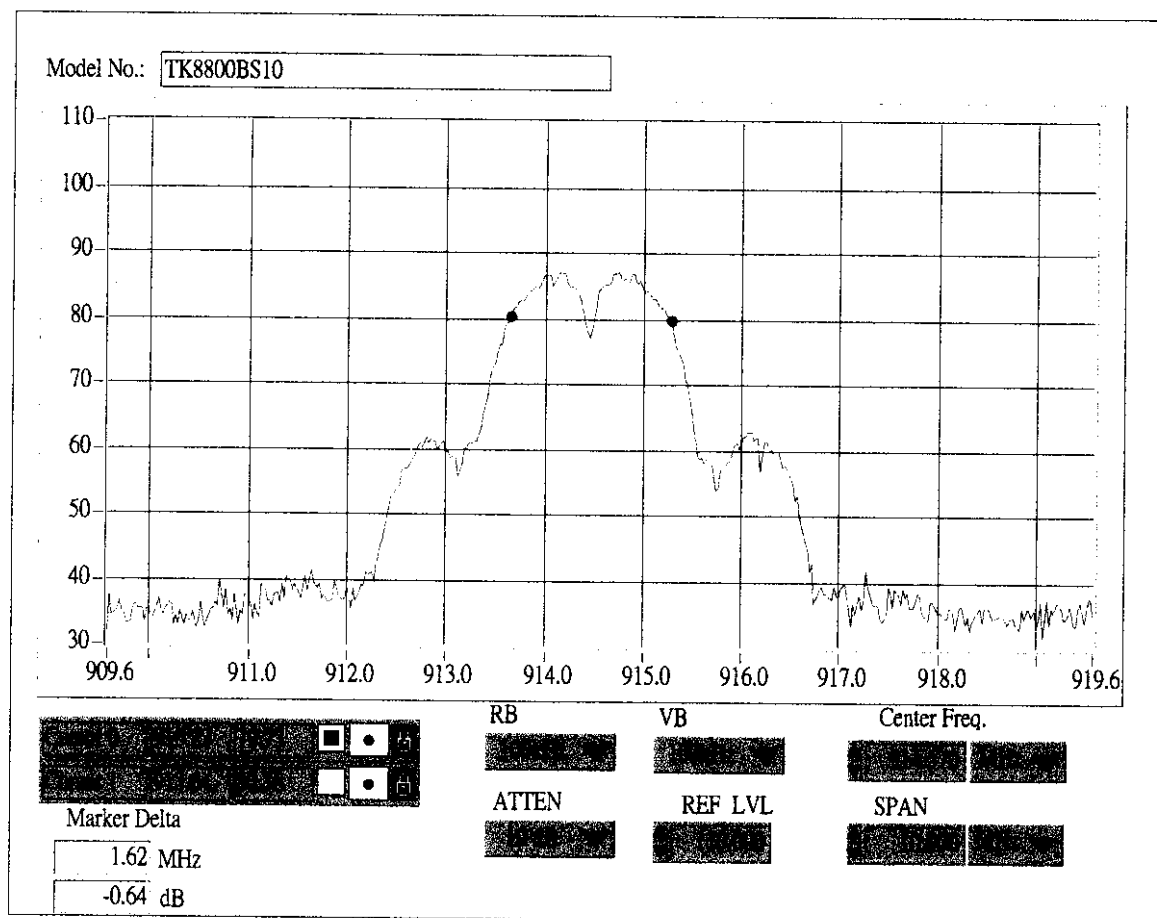


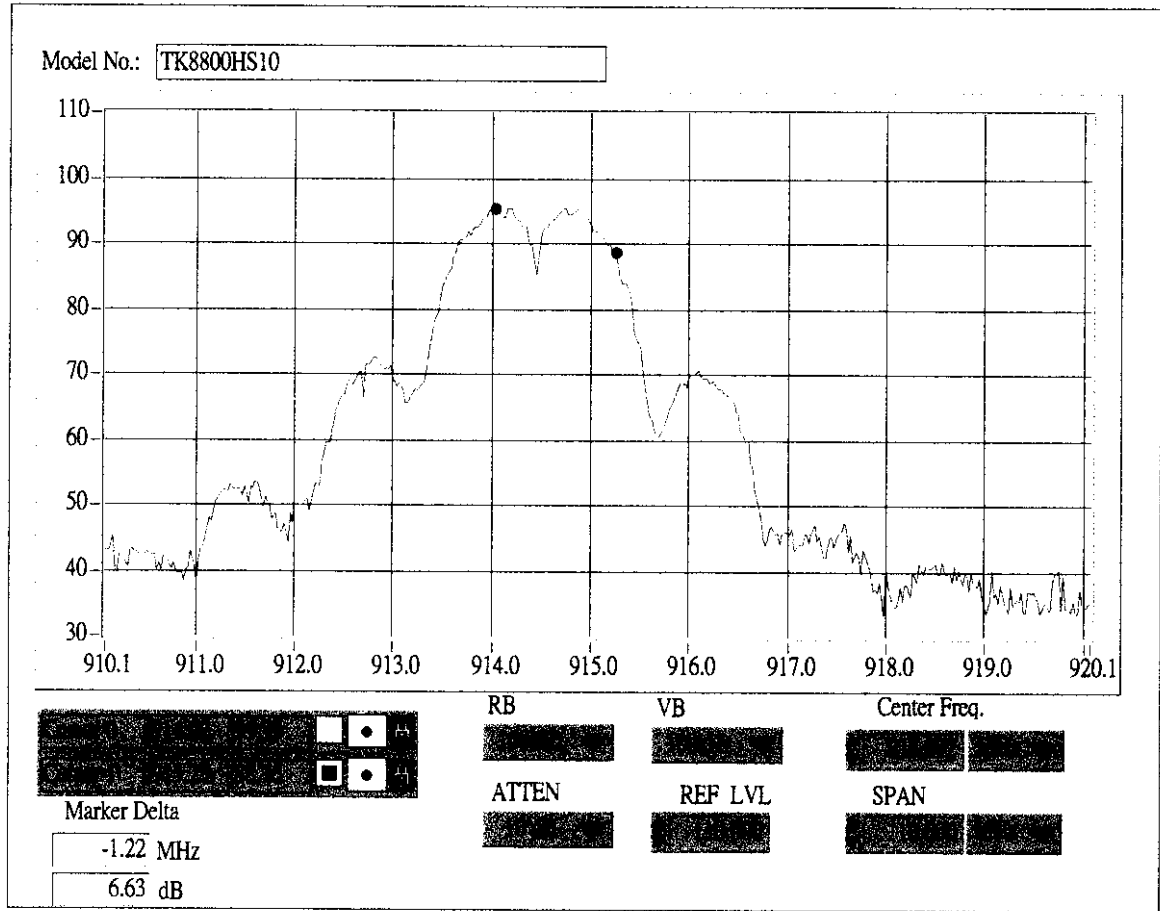


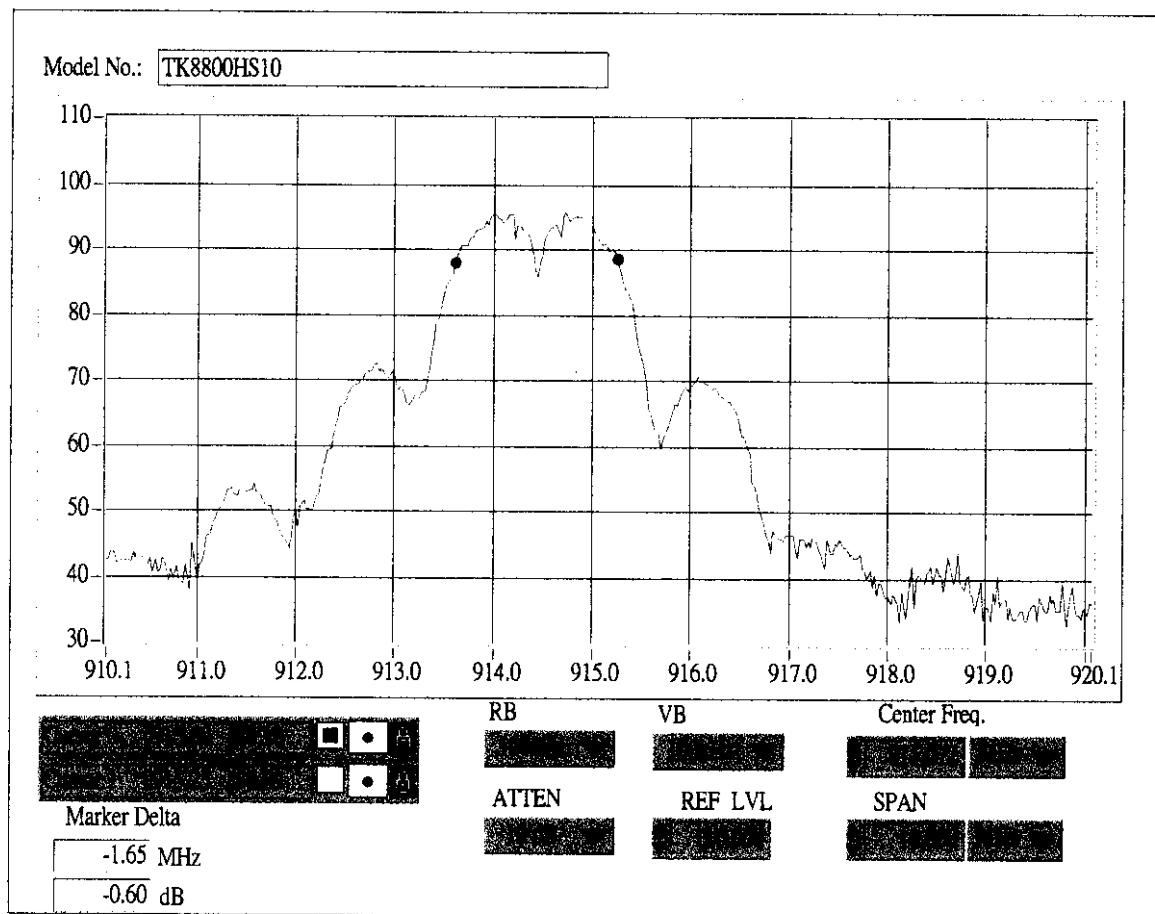


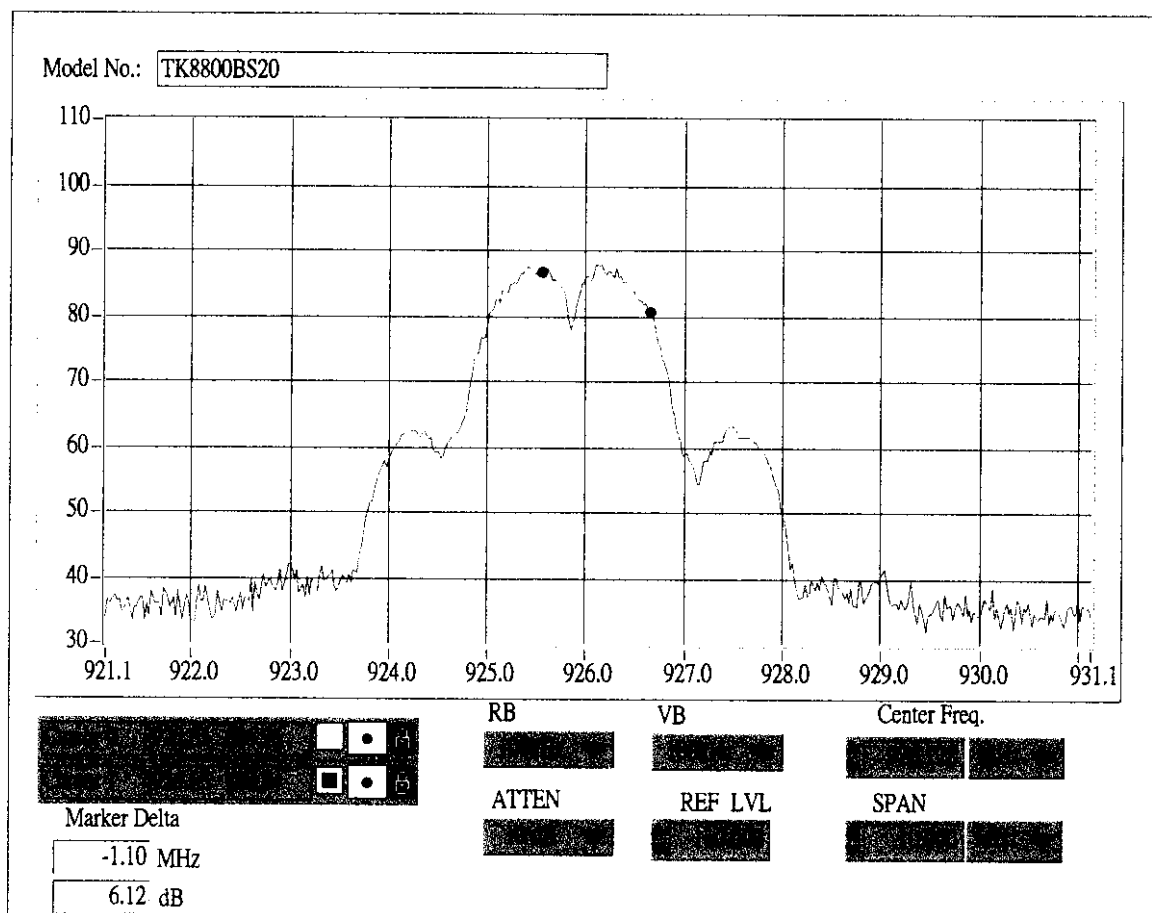


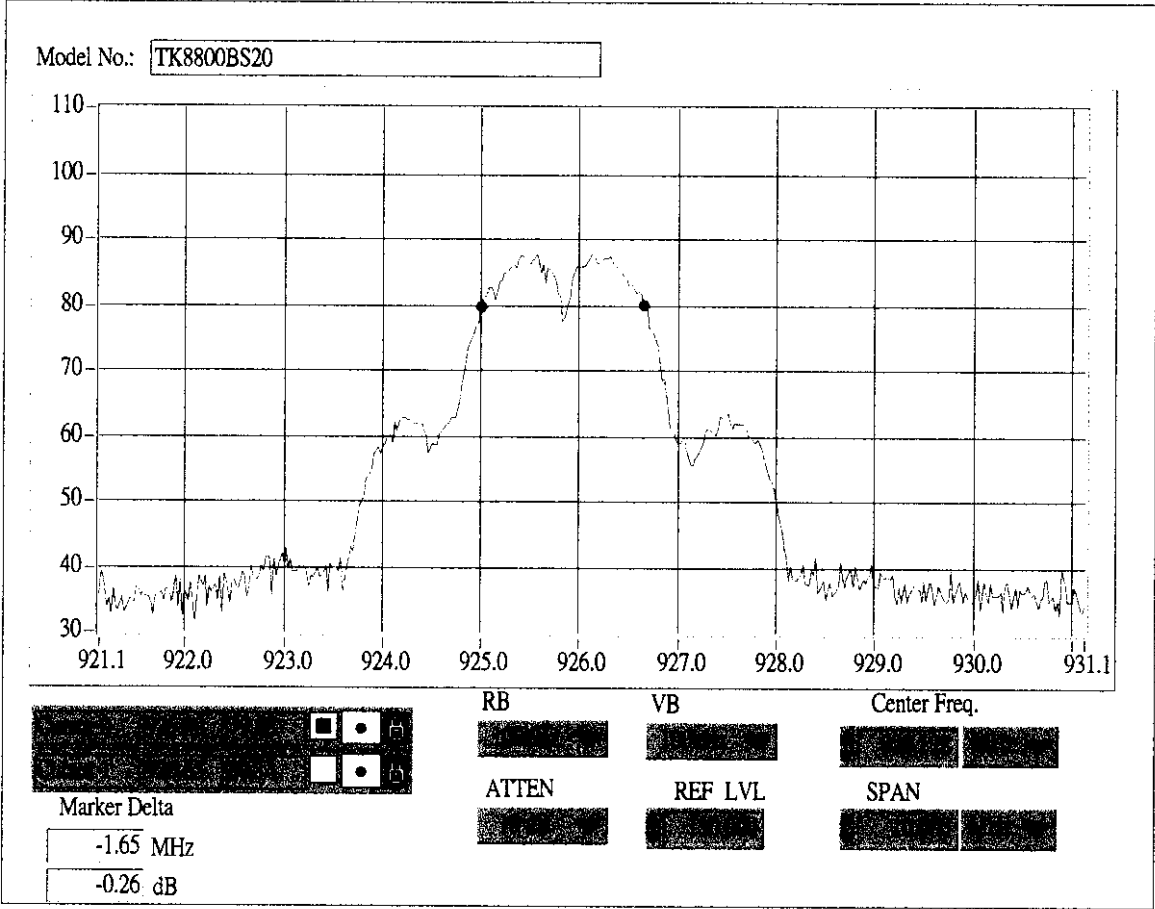




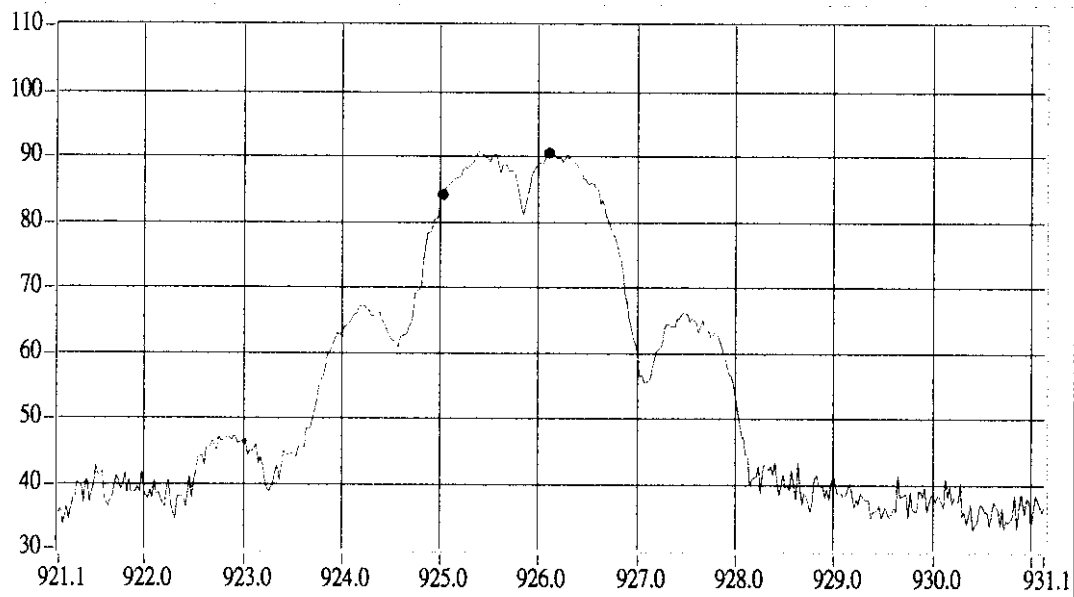








Model No.: TK8800HS20



Marker Delta

1.07 MHz

6.46 dB

RB

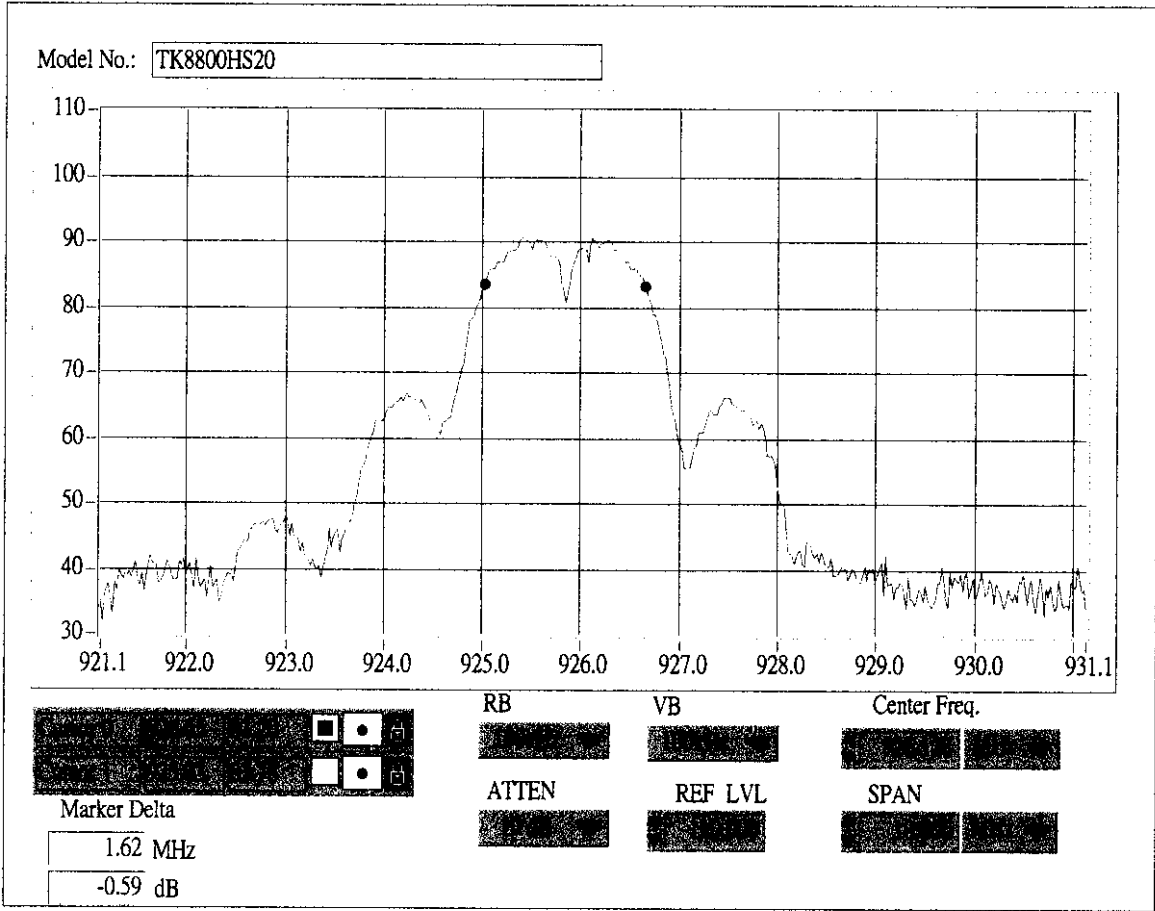
ATTEN

VB

REF LVL

Center Freq.

SPAN



IV. Section 15.247(B) : Power Output

4.1 Test Condition & Setup

The EUT was placed in a anechoic chamber and scanned at 3 meter distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the final tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT. Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, anechoic chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 85460A EMI Receiver, M.E.whole range Bi-Log antenna (Model No.: VULB9160) is used to measure frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz.The final test is used the spectrum HP 85460A. At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer HP85460A used on this testing for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. Set the RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and the span = 5 MHz. The analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna,

Radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

4.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 6GHz EMI Receiver	HP85460A	50.00
M.E.	30MHz-1.5GHz Bi-Log Antenna	VULB 9160	50.00

4.3 Test Result of Fundamental Emissions

The peak values of fundamental emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarization, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : TK8800

EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 6 Open Field Fundamental Emissions

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	A.P. (H/V)	A.H. (M)	Table (degree)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	CF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	E.R.P.(Peak)	
								mW	dBm
Base 01	904.520	H	1.00	245	111.37	-27.96	83.41	0.066	-11.819
		V	1.00	164	117.58	-27.96	89.62	0.275	-5.609
Base 10	915.072	H	1.00	61	112.60	-28.04	84.56	0.086	-10.669
		V	1.00	121	116.98	-28.04	88.94	0.235	-6.289
Base 20	927.133	H	1.00	320	110.87	-28.20	82.67	0.055	-12.559
		V	1.00	6	118.43	-28.21	90.22	0.316	-5.009
Handset 01	904.520	H	1.00	118	119.23	-27.96	91.27	0.402	-3.959
		V	1.00	345	129.87	-27.96	101.91	4.657	6.681
Handset 10	914.570	H	1.00	197	119.85	-28.04	91.81	0.455	-3.419
		V	1.00	80	129.66	-28.04	101.62	4.356	6.391
Handset 20	927.133	H	1.00	318	120.57	-28.21	92.36	0.517	-2.869
		V	1.00	109	128.01	-28.20	99.81	2.872	4.581

Note:

1. A.P. means antenna polarization, horizontal and vertical.
2. A.H. means antenna height.
3. Table means turntable turning position.
4. Corrected Factor (C. F.) = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor – Amplified Gain
Corrected Amplitude = Peak Amplitude + Corrected Factor
5. Amplitude means the fundamental emission measured.
6. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode RBW (3MHz).

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.00).

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = 83.41 dBuV/m

$$10^{(83.41/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.014808 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{E.R.P.} = (0.014808 \times 3)^2 / 30 = 0.06578 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (0.06578 \text{ mW}/1\text{mW}) = -11.819 \text{ dBm}$$

V. Section 15.247 (C)(2): Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

5.1 Test Condition & Setup

The EUT was placed in a anechoic chamber and scanned at 3 meter distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the final tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, anechoic chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 85460A EMI Receiver, M.E.whole range Bi-Log antenna (Model No.: VULB9160) is used to measure frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz. The final test is used the spectrum HP 85460A and spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz using an Hewlett Packard 8592A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Horn Antenna (Model 3115) for 1 G - 18 GHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. There are two spectrum analyzers use on this testing , HP 85460A for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz, and HP8592A for frequency 1 GHz to 18 GHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 120 KHz (spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz), the spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz (spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz) and the analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna, radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

For frequency between 30MHz to 1000MHz

$$F_{la} \text{ (dBuV/m)} = F_{lr} \text{ (dBuV)} + \text{Correction Factors}$$

F_{la} : Actual Field Intensity

F_{lr} : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

For frequency between 1 GHz to 18 GHz

$$F_{la} \text{ (dBuV/m)} = F_{lr} \text{ (dBuV)} + \text{Correction Factor} - \text{Duty Cycle}$$

F_{la} : Actual Field Intensity

F_{lr} : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Distance Factor (9.54dB)} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

5.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 6GHz EMI Receiver	HP85460A	50.00
M.E.	30MHz-1.5GHz Bi-Log Antenna	VULB 9160	50.00
Hewlett Packard	.50KHz – 22GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
EMCO	1G-18GMHz Double Ridge Antenna	3115.00	50.00

5.2.1 Duty Cycle Factor Measurement

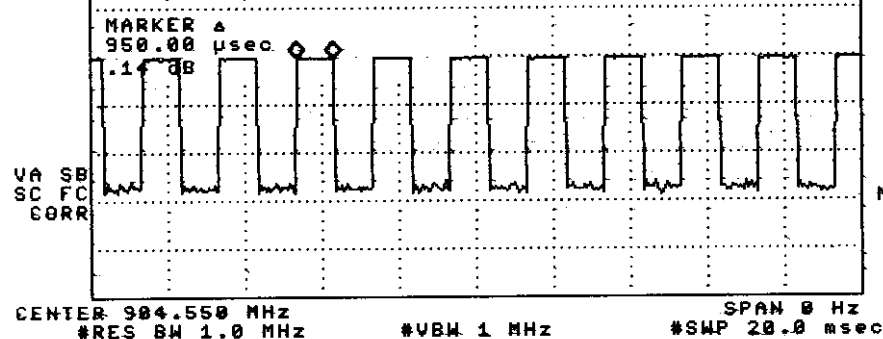
The duty cycle factor measurement is performed in a shield enclosure. The test condition and setup is as same as paragraph III. Set the RB = 1MHz, VB=1MHz, and span = 0 MHz. Link the base and handset ,then get the Time of duty and cycle as follow page.

$$\text{The duty cycle factor} = 20 \log (T_{\text{duty}} / T_{\text{cycle}}) = 20 \log (0.95000 / 2.00000) = - 6.466$$

17:45:31 JUN 15, 1999

MKRA 950.00 μ secREF 139.0 dB μ V AT 50 dB

.14 dB

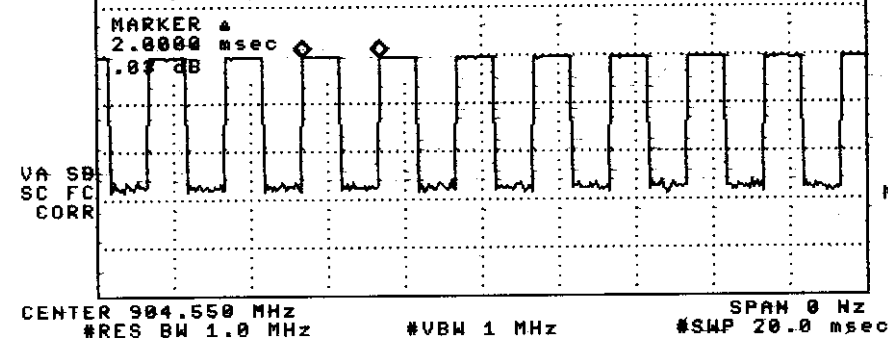
MARKER
NORMALPEAK
LOG
10
dB/MARKER
AMPTDSELECT
1 2 3 4MARKER 1
ON OFFMore
1 of 3

17:45:53 JUN 15, 1999

MKRA 2.0000 msec

REF 139.0 dB μ V AT 50 dB

.03 dB

MARKER
NORMALPEAK
LOG
10
dB/MARKER
AMPTDSELECT
1 2 3 4MARKER 1
ON OFFMore
1 of 3

5.4 Test Result of Second Harmonic

Set the spectrum RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and span = 5MHz. The correction factors of the second harmonic is the second harmonic must lower 20 dB than the fundamental.

Model No. : TK8800

EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 7 Second Harmonic Attenuation

<i>Channel</i>	<i>Fundamental (MHz)</i>	<i>Fundamental (dBuV/m)</i>	<i>2nd Harmonic (GHz)</i>	<i>2nd Har. (dBuV/m)</i>	<i>Result (F/H dB)</i>	<i>Limit (dB)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
B/S CH 01	904.520	89.62	1.812	45.19	44.43	20.00	24.43
B/S CH 10	915.072	88.94	1.832	47.73	41.21	20.00	21.21
B/S CH 20	927.133	90.22	1.857	47.69	42.53	20.00	22.53
H/S CH 01	904.520	101.91	1.812	52.00	49.91	20.00	29.91
H/S CH 10	914.570	101.62	1.832	54.86	46.76	20.00	26.76
H/S CH 20	927.133	99.81	1.857	54.64	45.17	20.00	25.17

Note:

1. The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
2. Result = Fundamental – 2nd Harmonic must over 20 dB.

5.5 Test Result of Spurious Radiated Emissions

5.5.1 Base and handset station transmit only

The highest peak values of radiated emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarizations, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : TK8800

EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 8 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
192.280	52.72	1.00	42	-11.85	40.87	43.50	-2.63
288.543	56.71	1.00	104	-15.04	41.67	46.00	-4.33
298.358	56.35	1.00	185	-15.42	40.93	46.00	-5.07
307.410	55.97	1.00	257	-15.68	40.29	46.00	-5.71
317.160	57.97	1.00	355	-15.95	42.02	46.00	-3.98
326.910	57.06	1.00	56	-16.21	40.85	46.00	-5.15
336.270	59.30	1.00	162	-16.39	42.91	46.00	-3.09
384.630	60.97	1.00	307	-17.69	43.28	46.00	-2.72

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.

2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 9 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

<i>Radiated Emission</i>				<i>Correction Factors</i> (dB)	<i>Duty Cycle</i> (dB)	<i>Corrected Amplitude</i> (dBuV/m)	<i>FCC Class B (3 M)</i>	
<i>Frequency</i> (GHz)	<i>Amplitude</i> (dBuV/m)	<i>Ant.H.</i> (cm)	<i>Table</i> (°)				<i>Limit</i> (dBuV/m)	<i>Margin</i> (dB)

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 10 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
182.465	48.94	1.00	71	-12.61	36.33	43.50	-7.17
192.280	50.02	1.00	140	-11.85	38.17	43.50	-5.33
201.718	46.67	1.00	163	-11.54	35.13	43.50	-8.37
269.290	48.34	1.00	318	-14.22	34.12	46.00	-11.88
384.240	52.89	1.00	288	-17.68	35.21	46.00	-10.79
413.490	53.27	1.00	39	-18.47	34.80	46.00	-11.20
624.120	59.82	1.00	65	-23.19	36.63	46.00	-9.37
643.717	59.04	1.00	104	-23.79	35.25	46.00	-10.75

Table 11 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
3.65	40.26	100.00	211	-5.64	-6.46	28.16	54	-25.84

Table 12 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
192.280	53.18	2.00	207	-11.85	41.33	43.50	-2.17
201.718	50.28	2.00	46	-11.54	38.74	43.50	-4.76
269.290	54.72	1.00	195	-14.22	40.50	46.00	-5.50
278.728	51.38	1.00	327	-14.58	36.80	46.00	-9.20
288.543	52.70	1.00	285	-15.04	37.66	46.00	-8.34
307.410	53.98	1.00	58	-15.68	38.30	46.00	-7.70
336.270	54.78	1.00	171	-16.39	38.39	46.00	-7.61
384.630	59.01	1.00	82	-17.69	41.32	46.00	-4.68

Table 13 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.71	40.79	100.00	18	-6.84	-6.46	27.49	54	-26.51
4.66	30.54	100.00	146	3.91	-6.46	27.99	54	-26.01

Table 14 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
182.843	45.42	1.00	132	-12.57	32.85	43.50	-10.65
192.657	49.50	1.00	285	-11.84	37.66	43.50	-5.84
201.718	45.18	1.00	254	-11.54	33.64	43.50	-9.86
269.290	47.84	2.00	159	-14.22	33.62	46.00	-12.38
384.630	53.34	1.00	247	-17.69	35.65	46.00	-10.35
413.490	52.41	1.00	82	-18.47	33.94	46.00	-12.06
624.120	57.89	1.00	337	-23.19	34.70	46.00	-11.30
643.717	57.85	1.00	146	-23.79	34.06	46.00	-11.94

Table 15 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.71	38.62	100.00	77	-6.84	-6.46	25.32	54	-28.68
3.65	39.59	100.00	41	-5.64	-6.46	27.49	54	-26.51

Table 16 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
202.095	50.63	2.00	334	-11.54	39.09	43.50	-4.41
269.290	54.93	1.00	47	-14.22	40.71	46.00	-5.29
279.105	53.46	1.00	197	-14.60	38.86	46.00	-7.14
288.543	56.85	1.00	126	-15.04	41.81	46.00	-4.19
298.358	55.61	1.00	344	-15.42	40.19	46.00	-5.81
317.160	55.20	1.00	281	-15.95	39.25	46.00	-6.75
336.270	54.76	1.00	176	-16.39	38.37	46.00	-7.63
384.630	57.41	1.00	68	-17.69	39.72	46.00	-6.28

Table 17 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.77	43.96	100.00	247	-6.84	-6.46	30.66	54	-23.34

Table 18 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
163.213	47.30	1.00	95	-14.86	32.44	43.50	-11.06
192.280	46.79	1.00	255	-11.85	34.94	43.50	-8.56
201.718	45.25	1.00	141	-11.54	33.71	43.50	-9.79
269.290	51.61	1.00	206	-14.22	37.39	46.00	-8.61
384.630	54.07	2.00	289	-17.69	36.38	46.00	-9.62
413.490	53.52	1.00	316	-18.47	35.05	46.00	-10.95
624.622	58.86	1.00	186	-23.20	35.66	46.00	-10.34
643.717	57.55	1.00	59	-23.79	33.76	46.00	-12.24

Table 19 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.77	40.96	100.00	93	-6.84	-6.46	27.66	54	-26.34
3.65	40.59	100.00	241	-5.64	-6.46	28.49	54	-25.51

Table 20 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.970	50.98	1.00	250	-12.00	38.98	46.00	-7.02
278.728	53.23	1.00	106	-14.58	38.65	46.00	-7.35
509.267	59.44	2.00	284	-20.64	38.80	46.00	-7.20
605.025	61.61	1.00	193	-23.26	38.35	46.00	-7.65
624.622	62.73	1.00	257	-23.20	39.53	46.00	-6.47
643.717	63.17	1.00	46	-23.79	39.38	46.00	-6.62
662.812	64.34	1.00	287	-24.22	40.12	46.00	-5.88
682.410	63.87	1.00	89	-24.48	39.39	46.00	-6.61

Table 21 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.68	66.29	100.00	27	-6.84	-6.46	52.99	54	-1.01
3.59	53.26	100.00	246	-5.64	-6.46	41.16	54	-12.84
4.50	41.71	100.00	8	3.91	-6.46	39.16	54	-14.84
5.41	29.40	100.00	115	9.72	-6.46	32.66	54	-21.34

Table 22 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
470.385	62.22	1.00	85	-20.05	42.17	46.00	-3.83
490.015	62.71	1.00	246	-20.41	42.30	46.00	-3.70
509.267	62.43	1.00	285	-20.64	41.79	46.00	-4.21
662.812	65.29	1.00	135	-24.22	41.07	46.00	-4.93
885.928	68.87	1.00	129	-27.52	41.35	46.00	-4.65
895.475	68.55	1.00	55	-27.79	40.76	46.00	-5.24
923.615	71.06	2.00	129	-28.14	42.92	46.00	-3.08
924.620	71.05	2.00	167	-28.17	42.88	46.00	-3.12

Table 23 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Handset Vertical]

<i>Radiated Emission</i>				<i>Correction Factors</i> (dB)	<i>Duty Cycle</i> (dB)	<i>Corrected Amplitude</i> (dBuV/m)	<i>FCC Class B (3 M)</i>	
<i>Frequency (GHz)</i>	<i>Amplitude (dBuV/m)</i>	<i>Ant.H. (cm)</i>	<i>Table (°)</i>				<i>Limit (dBuV/m)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
2.68	64.79	100.00	294	-6.84	-6.46	51.49	54	-2.51
3.59	52.42	100.00	156	-5.64	-6.46	40.32	54	-13.68
4.50	36.21	100.00	76	3.91	-6.46	33.66	54	-20.34
5.41	30.23	100.00	109	9.72	-6.46	33.49	54	-20.51

Table 24 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
470.762	58.96	2.00	331	-20.05	38.91	46.00	-7.09
490.015	59.82	2.00	140	-20.41	39.41	46.00	-6.59
509.267	59.71	2.00	75	-20.64	39.07	46.00	-6.93
605.025	62.00	1.00	159	-23.26	38.74	46.00	-7.26
624.622	62.32	1.00	208	-23.20	39.12	46.00	-6.88
662.812	63.43	1.00	116	-24.22	39.21	46.00	-6.79
682.410	63.49	1.00	239	-24.48	39.01	46.00	-6.99
927.635	69.19	4.00	308	-28.22	40.97	46.00	-5.03

Table 25 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.71	66.12	100.00	30	-6.84	-6.46	52.82	54	-1.18
2.85	46.79	100.00	87	-6.84	-6.46	33.49	54	-20.51
3.65	50.09	100.00	131	-5.64	-6.46	37.99	54	-16.01
4.55	40.04	100.00	62	3.91	-6.46	37.49	54	-16.51
5.46	31.06	100.00	124	9.72	-6.46	34.32	54	-19.68

Table 26 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
470.385	62.38	1.00	49	-20.05	42.33	46.00	-3.67
489.637	62.88	1.00	127	-20.40	42.48	46.00	-3.52
509.267	62.45	1.00	106	-20.64	41.81	46.00	-4.19
567.025	62.33	1.00	259	-22.09	40.24	46.00	-5.76
895.475	71.36	1.00	145	-27.79	43.57	46.00	-2.43
896.480	72.32	1.00	98	-27.81	44.51	46.00	-1.49
934.168	73.02	1.00	316	-28.35	44.67	46.00	-1.33
953.263	68.93	1.00	17	-28.70	40.23	46.00	-5.77

Table 27 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.77	63.46	100.00	234	-6.84	-6.46	50.16	54	-3.84
3.65	50.76	100.00	167	-5.64	-6.46	38.66	54	-15.34
4.55	36.37	100.00	321	3.91	-6.46	33.82	54	-20.18
5.46	30.73	100.00	2	9.72	-6.46	33.99	54	-20.01
6.37	29.73	100.00	204	9.72	-6.46	32.99	54	-21.01

Table 28 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
221.347	52.44	1.00	206	-12.03	40.41	46.00	-5.59
269.290	57.41	1.00	148	-14.22	43.19	46.00	-2.81
279.105	56.58	1.00	309	-14.60	41.98	46.00	-4.02
509.267	59.31	2.00	147	-20.64	38.67	46.00	-7.33
662.812	63.61	1.00	28	-24.22	39.39	46.00	-6.61
908.038	66.93	1.00	81	-28.00	38.93	46.00	-7.07
945.725	70.35	1.00	270	-28.65	41.70	46.00	-4.30
946.227	70.40	2.00	7	-28.66	41.74	46.00	-4.26

Table 29 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.77	65.62	100.00	86	-6.84	-6.46	52.32	54	-1.68
3.67	46.09	100.00	221	-5.64	-6.46	33.99	54	-20.01
4.61	37.04	100.00	107	3.91	-6.46	34.49	54	-19.51
5.54	33.06	100.00	37	9.72	-6.46	36.32	54	-17.68

Table 30 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
470.385	62.55	1.00	179	-20.05	42.50	46.00	-3.50
489.637	63.23	1.00	306	-20.40	42.83	46.00	-3.17
509.267	63.24	1.00	254	-20.64	42.60	46.00	-3.40
888.440	69.11	1.00	138	-27.59	41.52	46.00	-4.48
907.033	72.68	1.00	316	-27.99	44.69	46.00	-1.31
908.038	72.72	1.00	29	-28.00	44.72	46.00	-1.28
945.222	71.81	1.00	107	-28.65	43.16	46.00	-2.84
946.227	70.20	2.00	88	-28.66	41.54	46.00	-4.46

Table 31 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)				Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2.77	61.12	100.00	223	-6.84	-6.46	47.82	54	-6.18
3.67	46.76	100.00	118	-5.64	-6.46	34.66	54	-19.34
4.61	34.71	100.00	58	3.91	-6.46	32.16	54	-21.84
5.54	27.73	100.00	132	9.72	-6.46	30.99	54	-23.01
6.48	28.73	100.00	92	9.72	-6.46	31.99	54	-22.01

VI. Section 15.247(d): Power Spectral Density

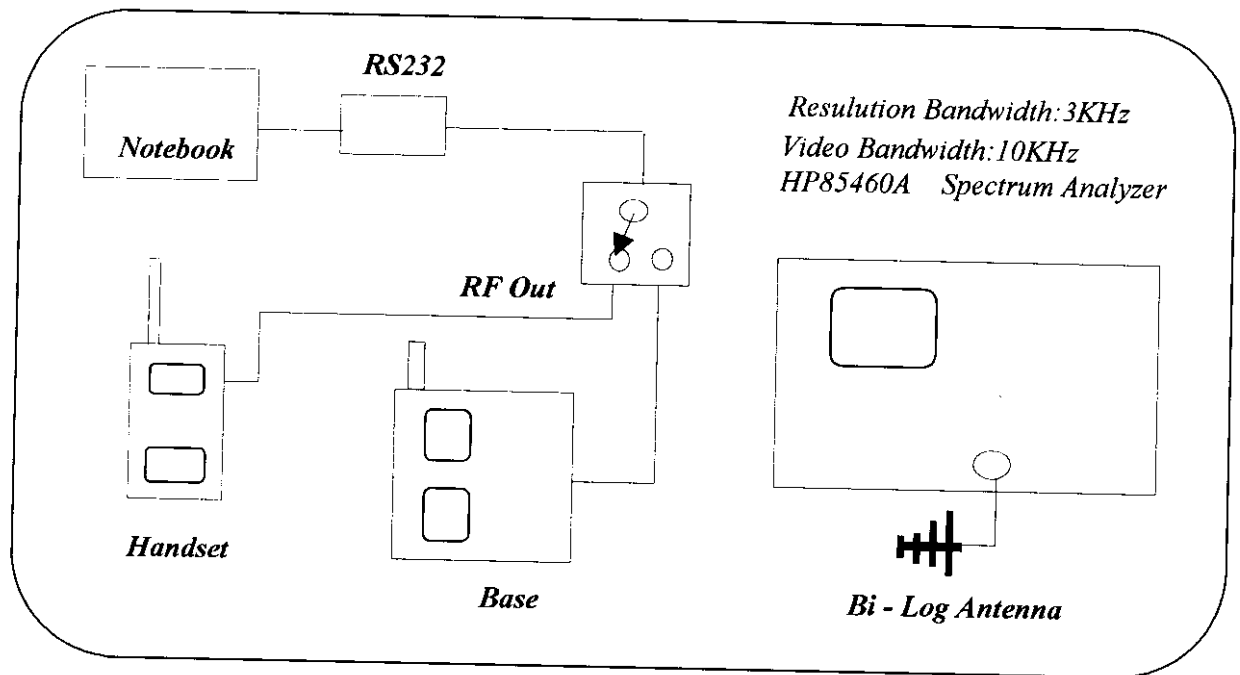
6.1 Test Condition & Setup

The tests below are running with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode. A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. A log antenna was connected with the spectrum analyzer.

The EUT is tested in open field site. Put EUT on the middle of a wooden table. Set spectrum analyzer RBW = 3 KHz, VBW > RBW (e.g. VBW = 10 KHz), Span = 1.5 MHz. Turn around the table to find maximum emission. Then set the Span = 300 KHz and sweep time = 100 sec. Peak the maximum emission again. The peak level measured must be no greater than + 8dBm.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

6.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 12. Test Configuration of power spectral density

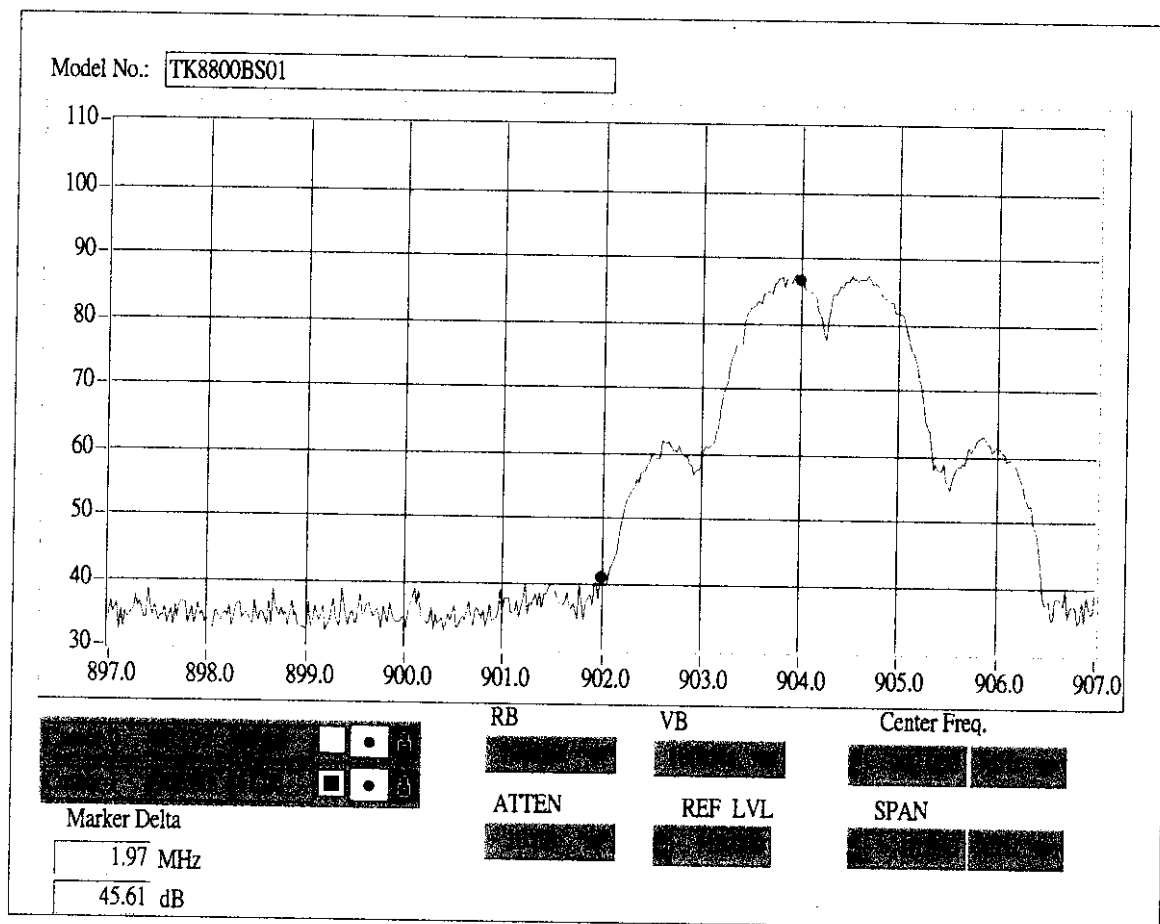
6.3 List of Test Instruments

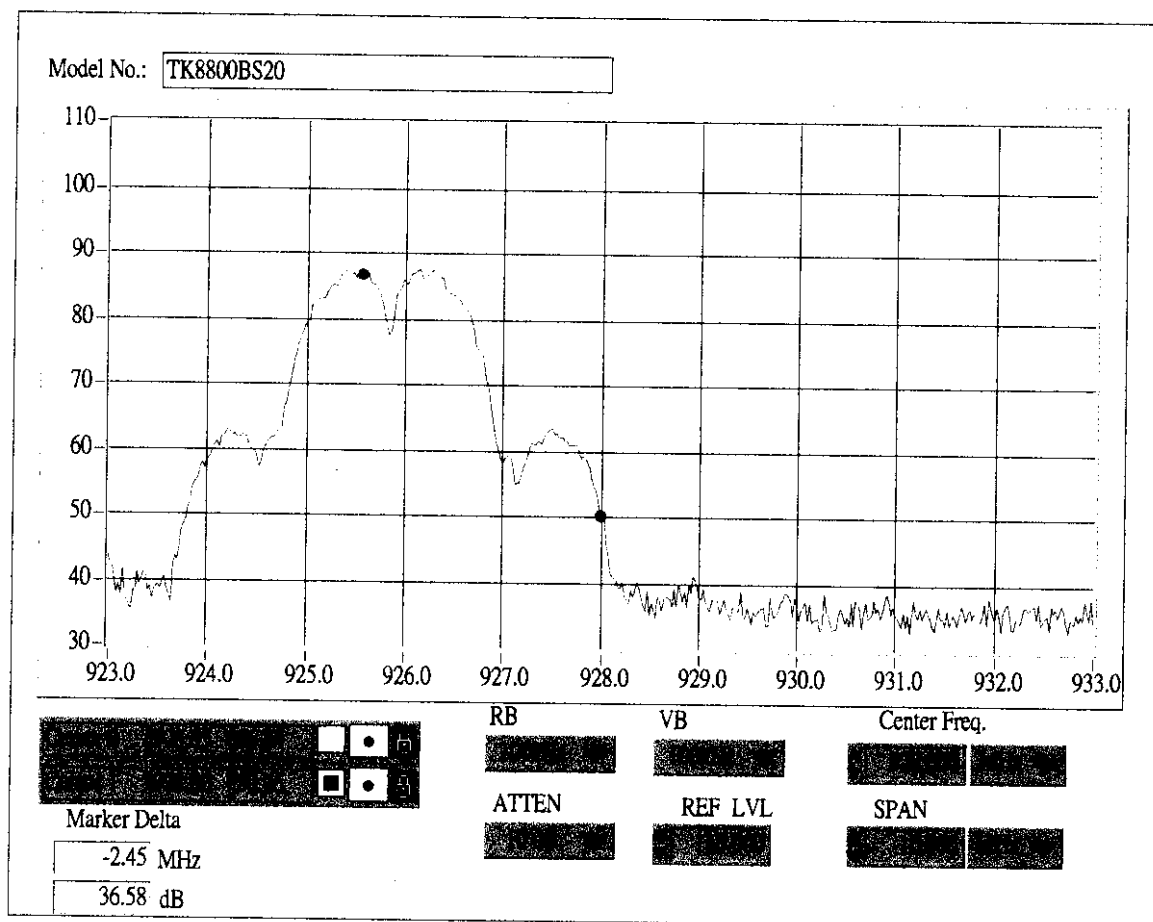
Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 6GHz EMI Receiver	HP85460A	50.00
M.E.	30MHz-1.5GHz Bi-Log Antenna	VULB 9160	50.00

6.4 Required of Carrier frequency

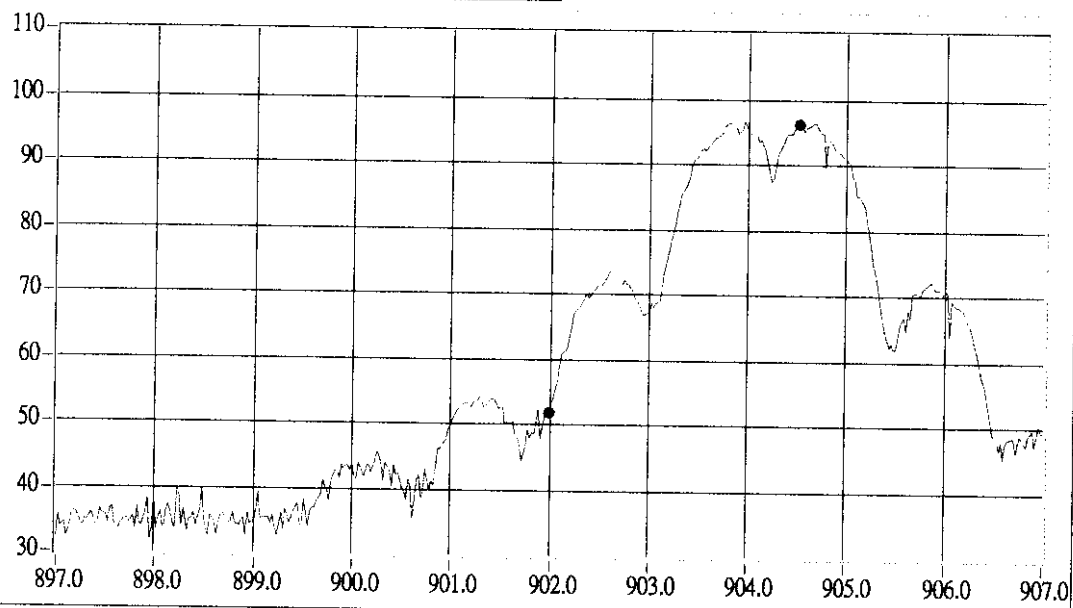
If any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in § 15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

Test Condition & Setup: same as 3.1





Model No.: TK8800HS01



Marker Delta

2.50 MHz

44.70 dB

RB

ATTEN

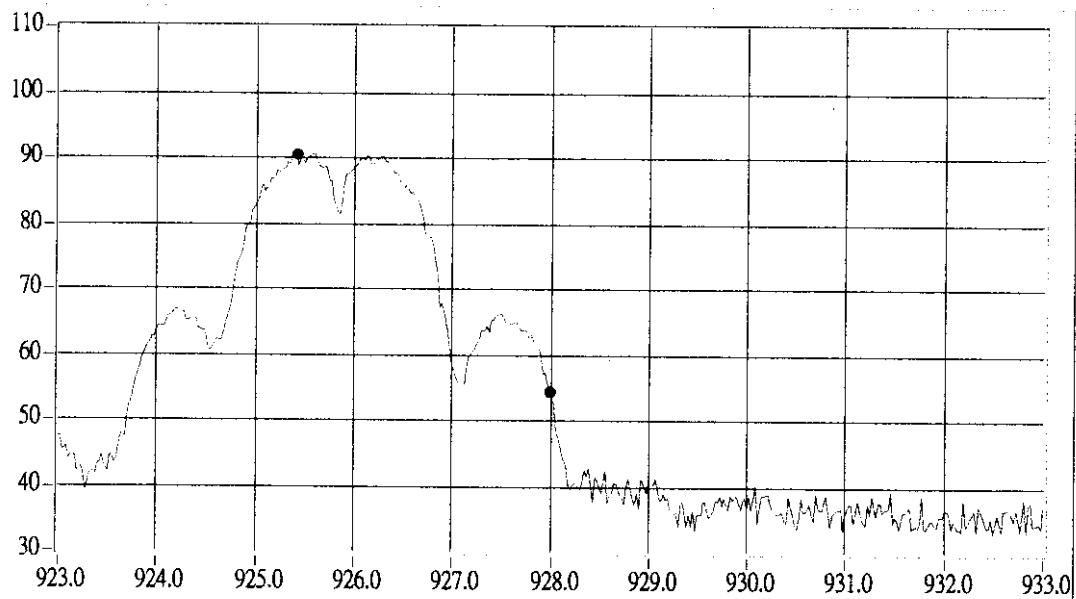
VB

REF LVL

Center Freq.

SPAN

Model No.: TK8800HS20



Marker Delta

-2.60 MHz

36.07 dB

RB

ATTEN

VB

REF LVL

Center Freq.

SPAN

6.5 Test Result of Power spectral density.

The following table shows a summary of the highest power out of UT.

Model No. : TK8800
EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 33. Power Spectral Density

<i>Channel</i>	<i>Frequency (MHz)</i>	<i>Ppr (dBuV)</i>	<i>CF (dB)</i>	<i>Ppq (dBm)</i>	<i>Limit (dB)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
B/S CH 01	904.54	116.90	-27.97	-6.30	8.00	-14.30
B/S CH 10	915.06	118.53	-28.04	-4.74	8.00	-12.74
B/S CH 20	927.12	121.24	-28.21	-2.20	8.00	-10.20
H/S CH 01	904.65	115.57	-27.97	-7.63	8.00	-15.63
H/S CH 10	915.06	115.74	-28.04	-7.53	8.00	-15.53
H/S CH 20	927.12	114.42	-28.21	-9.02	8.00	-17.02

Note:

1. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
2. Ppr: spectrum read power density (using peak search mode), CF: correct factor, Ppq: actual peak power density in the spread spectrum band.
3. $Ppq = Ppr + CF$
4. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode RBW (3KHz).

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.00).

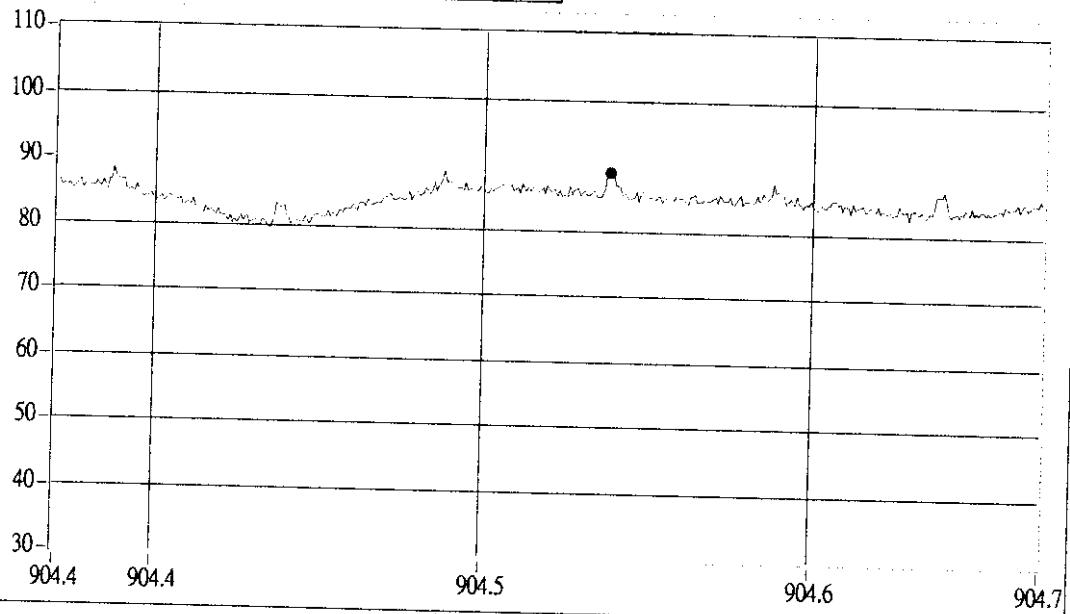
d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = $116.90 + (-27.97) = 88.93$ dBuV/m

$$10^{(88.93/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.027958 \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{E.R.P.} &= (0.027958 \times 3)^2 / 30 = 0.23449 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (0.23449 \text{ mW/1mW}) \\ &= -6.30 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

Model No.: TK8800BS01



Marker Delta
0.00 MHz
0.00 dB

RB

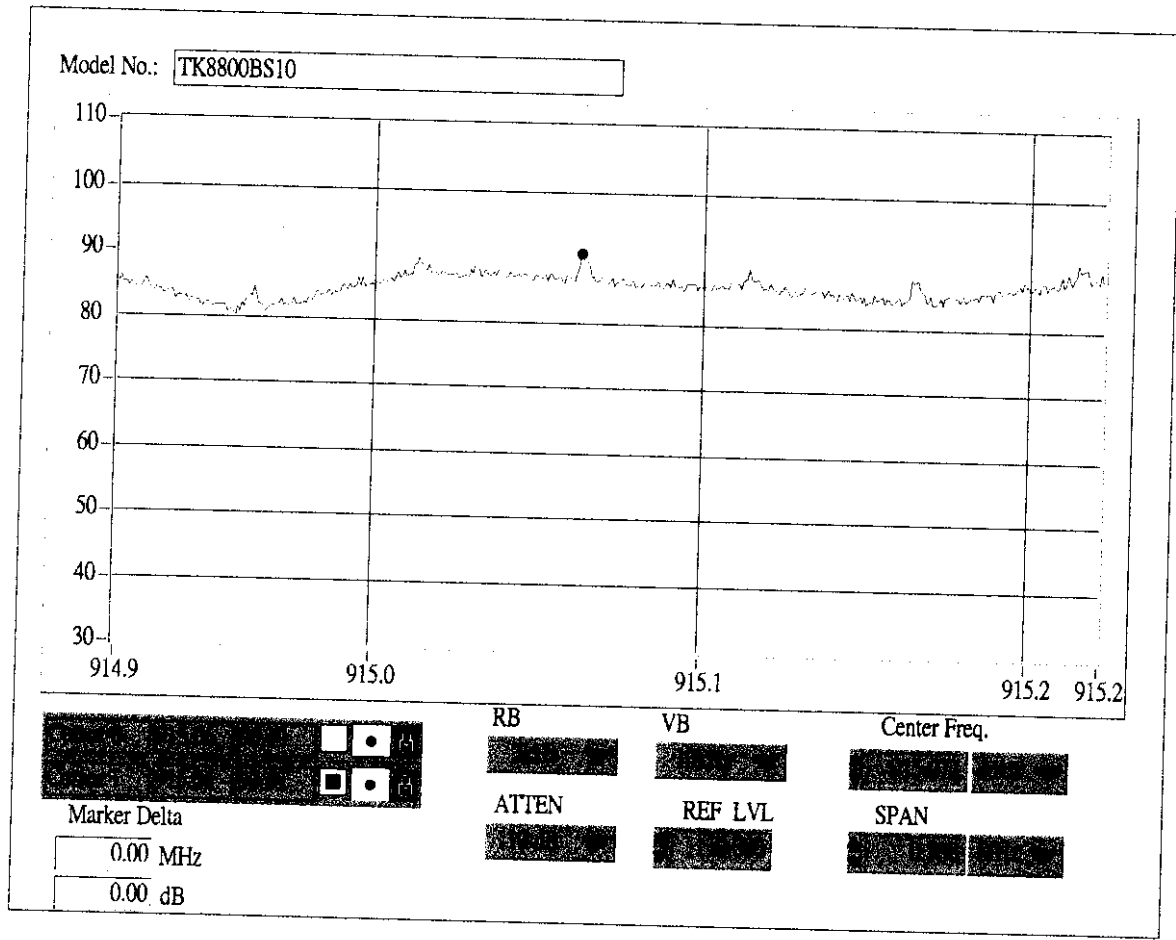
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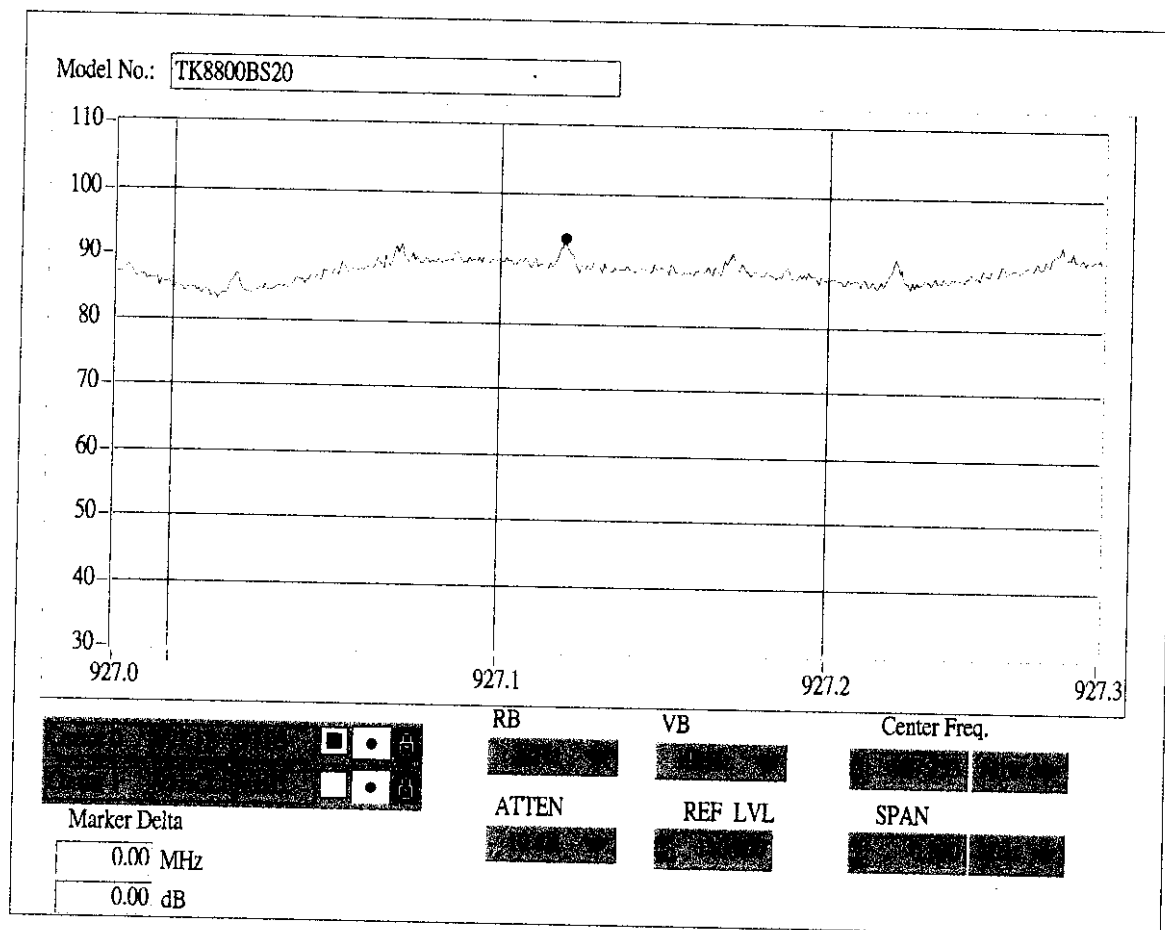
VB

REF LVL

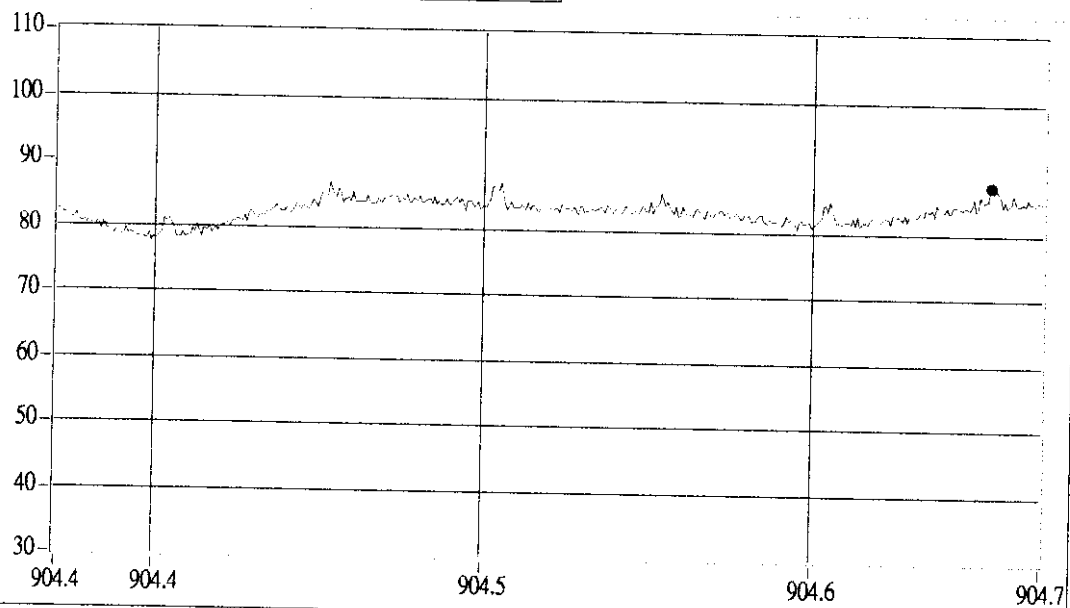
Center Freq.

SPAN





Model No.: TK8800HS01



Marker Delta

0.00 MHz

0.00 dB

RB

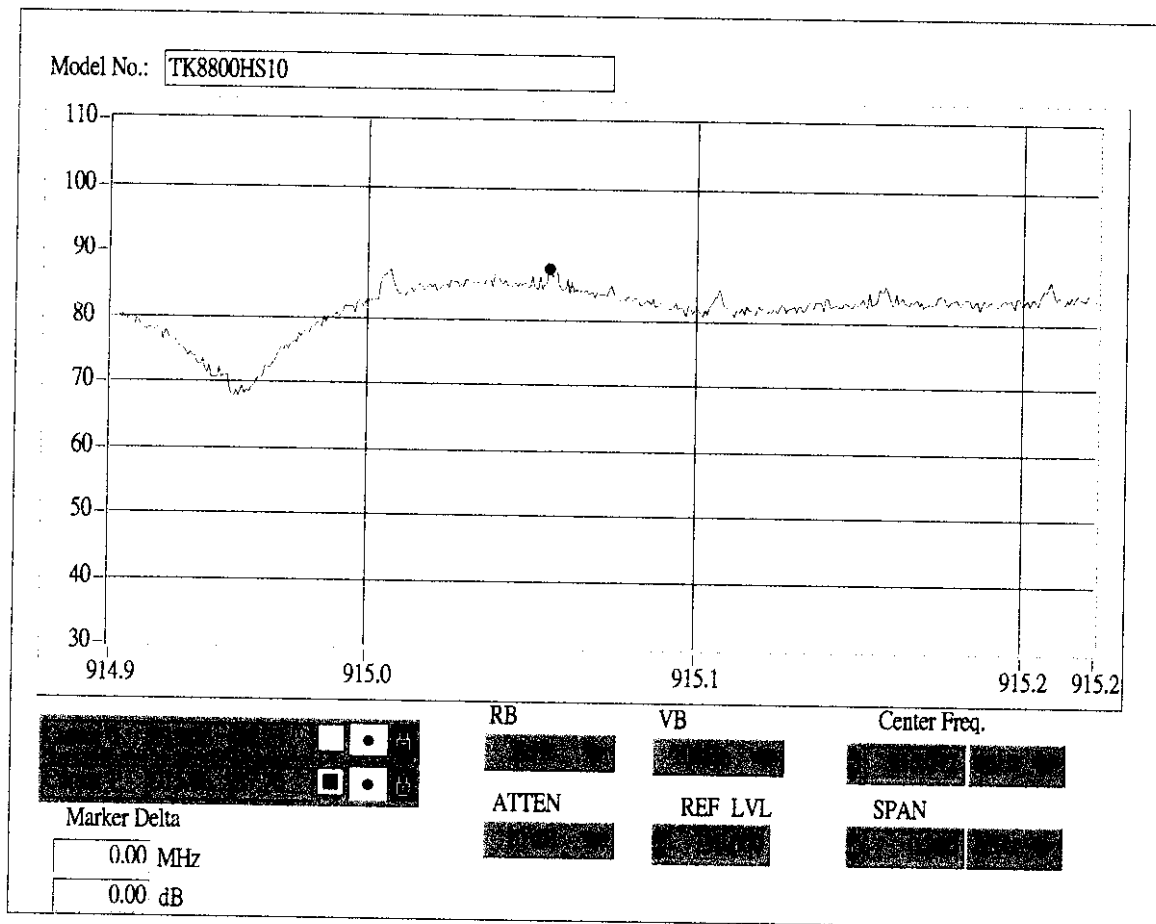
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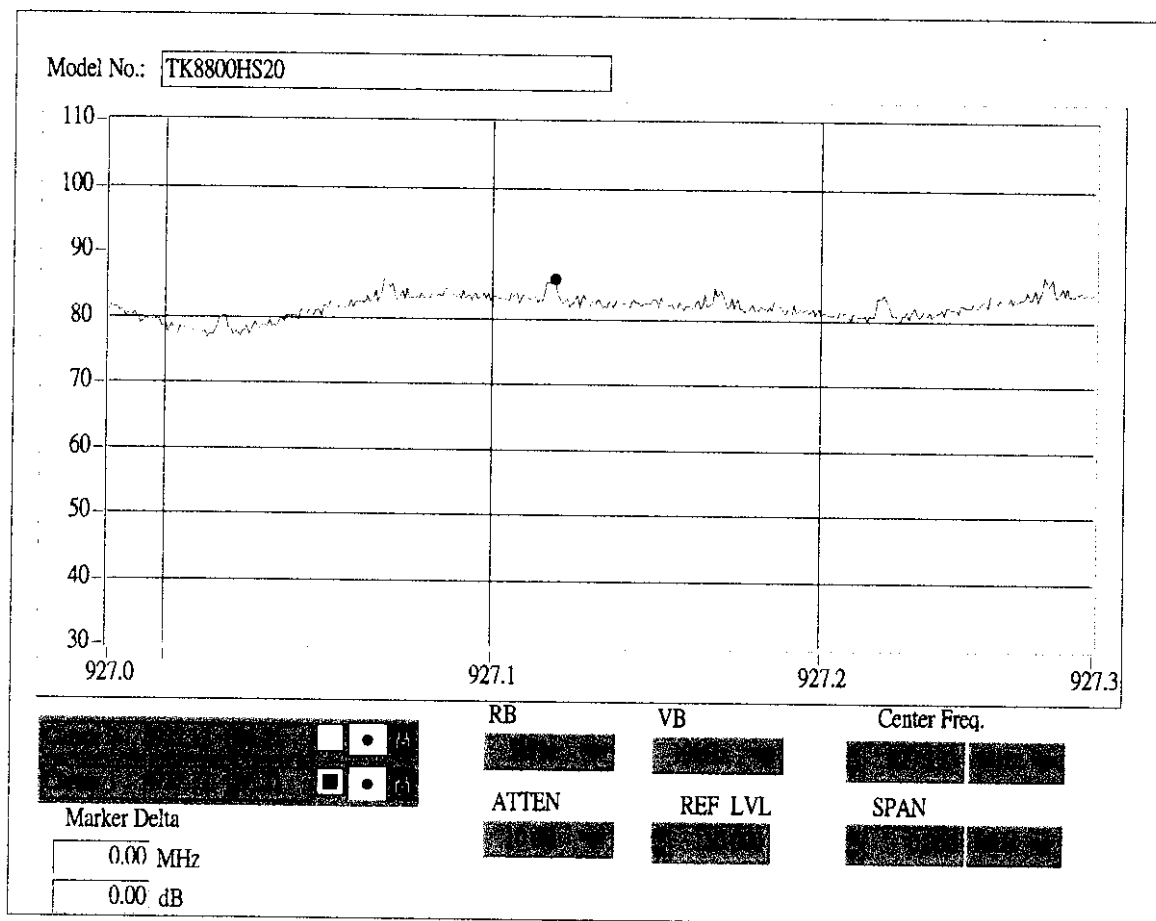
VB

REF LVL

Center Freq.

SPAN





VII. Section 15.247(e): Processing Gain

7.1 Test Condition & Setup

A. Bit Error Rate (Pe)

The subjective device RF module (base & handset) digital modulation by Differential Phase -Shift Keying (DPSK), the DPSK can use it's previous waveform as the phase reference for demodulation and thus requires no coherent detection, which greatly simplifies the receiver structure but with some Bit Error Rate (BER) degradation because of noisy phase reference. There is tradeoff between system complexity and system performance. In order to driver the DPSK error probability , we observe that DPSK using differential coding , we observable that DPSK using different coding is essentially an orthogonal signal scheme. A binary 1 is transmitted a sequence of two pulse (P,P) or (-P,-P) over 2 To seconds (no transition). Similarly, a binary 0 is transmitted by a sequence of two plus (P,-P) or (-P,P) over 2 TO seconds (transition). Either of the pulse sequences used for binary 1 is orthogonal to either of the pulse sequences used for binary 0. Because no local carrier is generated for demodulation, the detection is noncoherent , with an effective pulse energy equal to 2 Ep (twice the energy of pulse P). The actual energy transmitted per digit only Ep, however, the same as in noncoherent FSK, Consequently, the performance of DPSK is 3 dB superior to that of noncoherent FSK. We can write Pe for DPSK as :

The major component inside the subjective device are supplied by Rock well , Included RF block transmitter (RF101), Receiver (RF 100), and Base band block ASIC (c8502-13), CODEC (10497-14), above 4 IC chips are affected the processing gain as following :

$$J/S = (W/RD) / (ED/NO) \text{ [without CODING]}$$

Where: W= Spread Chip Rate = Required Transmitted Base band Bandwidth.

Rb = Information Data Rate

Eb/No = Require Energy per Bit over noise Spectral Density for a Specific Bit Error Probability.

The subjective Device Information Data Rate are 80k and the Spread Chip Rate are 960k So the processing gain ($10 \log w/Rb$) at least 10.79 dB (without Coding).

The ASIC (c8502-13) and CODEC (10497-14) these two chip included the coding function, So, it is great improve the processing gain and also improve the J/S ratio.

The Engineer work for Rock well System in Taiwan had pass us the information about the probability of error rate (Pe) must be lower than 0.001 that the system performance will satisfy for communication between Handset and Base station.

Why we need the Pe lower than 0.001, the Rockwell Semiconductor System is not explained , Since it relative with ASIC and Codec, it is confidential area that Rockwell is not allow to disdouse to the public.

When Pe = 0.001 and then Signal to Noise Ratio (S/N) = 6.2194 = 7.9dB.

B. Jamming Margin Method

The Rockwell Semiconductor System give us a software operated in the personal computer, and use the computer series port COM1 and COM2 connect Handset and Base than we can measure the Bit Error Rate.

Using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing. The test consists of stepping a signal generator in 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). At each point, the generator level required to produce the recommend Bit Error Rate ($BER = 10e - 3$) is recorded. This level is the jamming level. The maximum implementation loss a system can claim in calculating processing gain is 2 dB. The equation to calculate the processing gain (Gp) is the following:

$$Gp = (S/N) + Mj + Lsys$$

$$Gp = 8 \text{ dB} + Mj + 2 \text{ dB}$$

FCC regulation section 15.247 (e) require the processing gain of a direct sequence system shall be at least 10 dB, when Gp must be greater than 10 dB, then the Jammer must be greater than 0 dB.

The processing gain may be measured using the CW jamming margin method. The Jammer to Signal (J/S) ratio is then calculated. Discard the worst 20% of the J/S data points.

1. For avoid the handset and basestation are situation, so, the UUT were in low power mode.
2. The signal generator was selected in interference band, using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing, the test consists of stepping a signal generator is 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). So, the BER will keep in 0.1%.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

7.2 Test Instruments Configuration

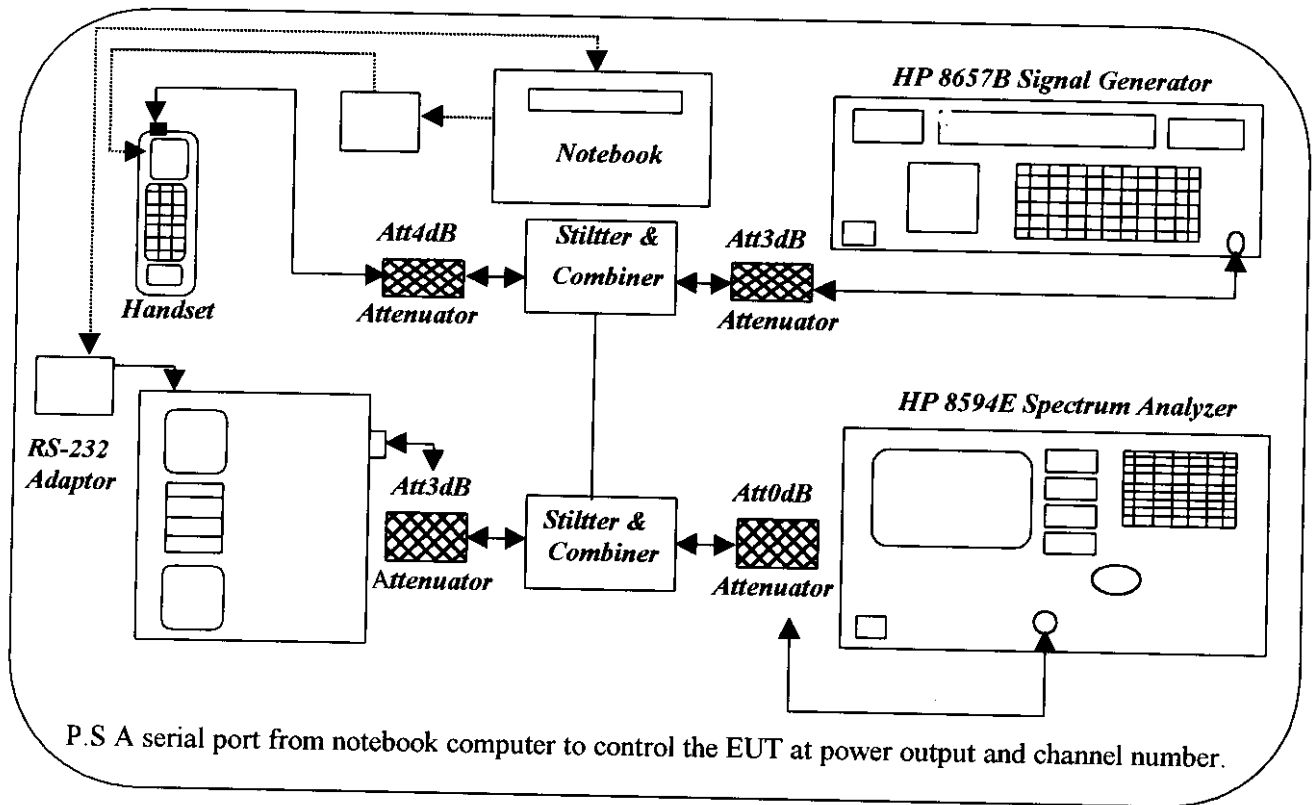


Fig 13. Test Configuration of processing gain for base station

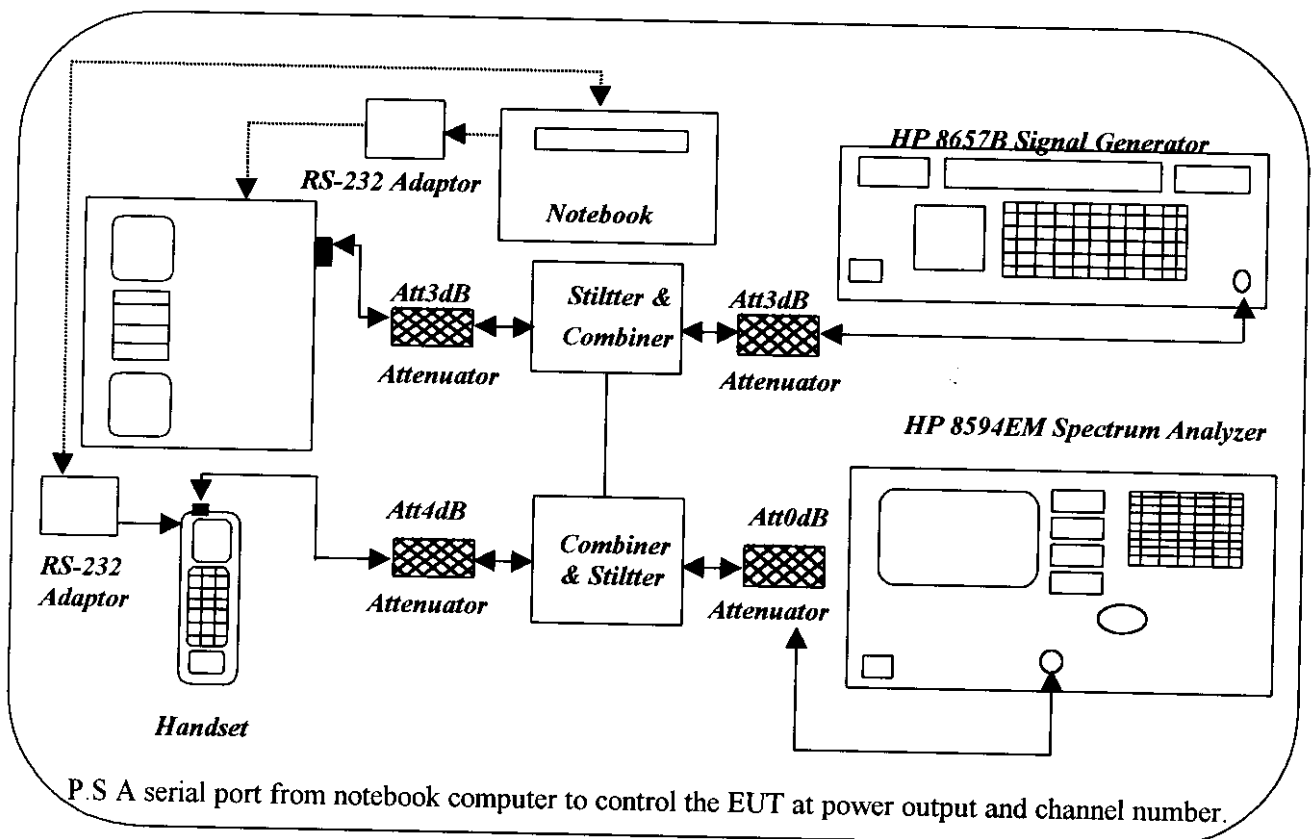


Fig. 14 Test Configuration of processing gain for handset

7.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.8GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-2.6GHz Signal Generator	HP8657B	50.00
Mini Circuits	10MHz-2GHz Power Splitter/Combiner	ZESC-2-11	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 3dB Attenuator	CAT-3	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 20dB Attenuator	CAT-20	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 30dB Attenuator	CAT-30	50.00

7.4 Test Procedure

According to the Fig. 13 of the page 53, combine the stuffs.

Measure the low power output of the channel 10 of the handset while the handset is in "Transmit-Only-Test" and the whole circuit is as same as Fig. 13. What we measure in this step is "S".

Change to the "BER Test " program. Increase the RF output of the signal generator till the BER is close to the 0.1% but under 0.1%.

Stop the program and turn off the base, handset then record the highest point of the spectrum. What we measure in this step is "J".

Star the Program again and test the next point.

7.5 Test Result of Processing Gain.

Model No. : TK8800

EUT : 900MHz S.S.T. Cordless Phone

Table 34 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Base]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
914.600	-45.83	-44.90	0.93	10.83
914.650	-45.83	-44.87	0.96	10.86
914.700	-45.83	-44.76	1.07	10.97
914.750	-45.83	-44.55	1.28	11.18
914.800	-45.83	-43.66	2.17	12.07
914.850	-45.83	-42.65	3.18	13.08
914.900	-45.83	-42.58	3.25	13.15
914.950	-45.83	-42.71	3.12	13.02
915.000	-45.83	-42.62	3.21	13.11
915.050	-45.83	-42.52	3.31	13.21
915.100	-45.83	-42.70	3.13	13.03
915.150	-45.83	-42.18	3.65	13.55
915.200	-45.83	-42.55	3.28	13.18
915.250	-45.83	-42.49	3.34	13.24
915.300	-45.83	-42.20	3.63	13.53
915.350	-45.83	-42.15	3.68	13.58
915.400	-45.83	-42.12	3.71	13.61
915.450	-45.83	-42.06	3.77	13.67
915.500	-45.83	-41.55	4.28	14.18
915.550	-45.83	-41.72	4.11	14.01
915.600	-45.83	-41.32	4.51	14.41
915.650	-45.83	-41.20	4.63	14.53
915.700	-45.83	-41.25	4.58	14.48
915.750	-45.83	-41.61	4.22	14.12
915.800	-45.83	-41.28	4.55	14.45
915.850	-45.83	-41.21	4.62	14.52
915.900	-45.83	-41.25	4.58	14.48
915.950	-45.83	-41.18	4.65	14.55
916.000	-45.83	-39.45	6.38	16.28
916.050	-45.83	-39.05	6.78	16.68

Test Result : Processing Gain: 13.03 dB

Note: 1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + L_{sys} = 7.9\text{dB} + Mj + 2\text{dB}$

2. S = Signal Level

3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Table 35 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Handset]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
914.600	-40.27	-39.51	0.76	10.66
914.650	-40.27	-39.15	1.12	11.02
914.700	-40.27	-38.95	1.32	11.22
914.750	-40.27	-38.82	1.45	11.35
914.800	-40.27	-38.92	1.35	11.25
914.850	-40.27	-37.88	2.39	12.29
914.900	-40.27	-37.15	3.12	13.02
914.950	-40.27	-36.95	3.32	13.22
915.000	-40.27	-36.91	3.36	13.26
915.050	-40.27	-36.82	3.45	13.35
915.100	-40.27	-36.52	3.75	13.65
915.150	-40.27	-36.25	4.02	13.92
915.200	-40.27	-36.33	3.94	13.84
915.250	-40.27	-36.15	4.12	14.02
915.300	-40.27	-36.12	4.15	14.05
915.350	-40.27	-36.10	4.17	14.07
915.400	-40.27	-36.08	4.19	14.09
915.450	-40.27	-36.02	4.25	14.15
915.500	-40.27	-35.93	4.34	14.24
915.550	-40.27	-35.75	4.52	14.42
915.600	-40.27	-35.82	4.45	14.35
915.650	-40.27	-35.60	4.67	14.57
915.700	-40.27	-35.73	4.54	14.44
915.750	-40.27	-35.52	4.75	14.65
915.800	-40.27	-35.35	4.92	14.82
915.850	-40.27	-35.21	5.06	14.96
915.900	-40.27	-34.85	5.42	15.32
915.950	-40.27	-34.60	5.67	15.57
916.000	-40.27	-34.20	6.07	15.97
916.050	-40.27	-34.21	6.06	15.96

Test Result : Processing Gain: 13.02 dB

Note: 1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + Lsys = 7.9dB + Mj + 2 dB$

2. S = Signal Level

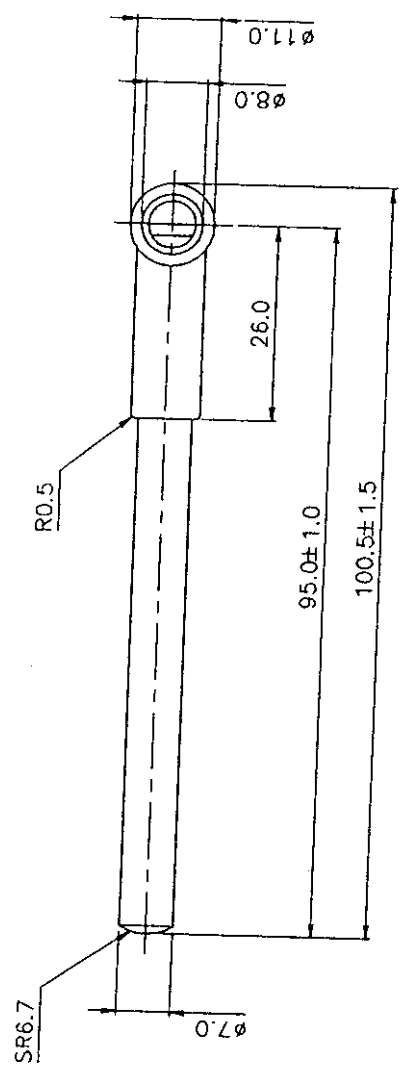
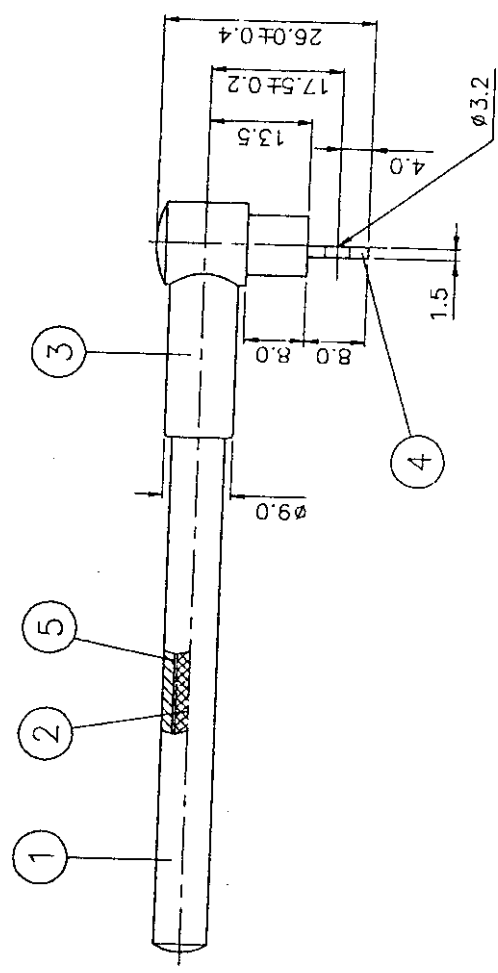
3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Setting up Procedure

1. Using an RS-232 Adaptor that is given by customer connected with the COM 1 of the computer.
2. The other end of the RS-232 Adaptor is connected with the EUT.
3. Use the software that is given by the customer and operated in the windows to control the EUT's continuous transmission.

Appendix B

Antenna Sketch



PP	1	PP PIPE	5
Ni	1	BRASS BSBM2	4
GRAY	1	SWIVEL BASE	3
ABS	1	HOLDER	2
COPPER WIRE	1	WIRE	1
POLYURETHANE	1	TUBE	NO.
MATERIAL	QTY SET	NAME	NO.
PART NAME	PART NO.	COUSTOM PARTS NO.	TK-8800 920C
BASE ANTENNA	UD-051		
STAYSAIL			
SCALE 1:1			
UNIT MM			
TOLERANCE ± 0.2			
DRAWING NUMBER			
UL-9903-291			
DRW	DATE	CHECKED BY	DESIGNED BY
	1999 0329		I. Yang
REVISION			

THAI USE LINK ENTERPRISE LTD

Appendix C

The antenna of the device is screwed inside the device, the user can not remove it freely without any tools from outside the device. This is comply with the FCC rules part 15.203

Appendix D

Security Code

Description of 900 MHz Direct Spectrum Cordless Phone

The subject device's 20 independent channels, autoscan at link establishment and smart channel hopping combine to find the clearest channels at all times, automatically.

Spread spectrum technology ensures the highest level of security available in a cordless phone.

The spread cpectrum technique provides better security than other solutionssince only the receiver has a copy of the pre-assigned spreading code, making iterception virtually impossible. The trainsmitting singal diluted over a large bandwidth with power density at any point being very light, so the singal goes unnoticed by other systems since they are not tuned to receive it. Moreover the scrambling code changes every 8 times the phone is parked, and there are millions of codes.

Scambler / Descrambler A16-code randomizes the voice and supervisory data for trainsmission and reception, more than 64K scramble codes are availble from the 16-bit maximal length pesudo-noise sequencu generator.

Sread Spectrum Spreader Each trainsmitted bit is multiplied with a 12-chip spreading code, meeting FCC Part 15.247 requirements.