FCC Test Report

Equipment	:	**Mobile EFT-POS**
Brand Name	:	**AEVI**
Model No.	:	**bbbcd(bbb-custom version of device, e.g. P01 for CBA specific unit, 0-9, A-Z; c-Wifi or 3G+Wifi version of device, W or G;d-0-9)**
FCC ID	:	**OHBMTPT10WBG**
Standard	:	**47 CFR FCC Part 15.247**
Operating Band	:	**2400 MHz – 2483.5 MHz**
FCC Classification	:	**DSS**
Applicant **Manufacturer**	:	**AAEON Technology Inc.** 5F, No. 135, Lane 235, Pao Chiao Rd.,Taipei, Taiwan

The product sample received on May 10, 2016 and completely tested on Jun. 07, 2016. We, SPORTON, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10-2013 and shown compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Kevin Liang / Assistant Manager

Testing Laboratory
1190

Table of Contents

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Conformance Test Specifications					
Report Clause	**Ref. Std. Clause**	**Description**	**Measured**	**Limit**	**Result**
1.1.2	15.203	Antenna Requirement	Antenna connector mechanism complied	FCC 15.203	Complied
3.1	15.207	AC Power-line Conducted Emissions	[dBuV]: 0.4289850MHz 32.10 (Margin 25.17dB) - QP 25.93 (Margin 21.34dB) – AV	FCC 15.207	Complied
3.2	15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Refer as Appendix A	N/A	Complied
3.2	15.247(a)	Carrier Frequency Separation (ChS)	Refer as Appendix A	ChS ≥ BW_{20dB} x2/3.	Complied
3.3	15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequencies (N)	Refer as Appendix B	N ≥ 15	Complied
3.4	15.247(a)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Refer as Appendix B	0.4 s within 0.4 x N	Complied
3.5	15.247(b)	RF Output Power (Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power)	Refer as Appendix C	Power [dBm] BR:21 EDR:21	Complied
3.6	15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions	Non-Restricted Bands: 2547.68 MHz: 45.61dB Restricted Bands [dBuV/m at 3m]: 2362.22 MHz 54.52 (Margin 19.5dB) – PK [dBuV/m at 3m]: 2362.22 MHz 24.42 (Margin 29.6dB) - AV	Non-Restricted Bands: > 20 dBc Restricted Bands: FCC 15.209	Complied
3.7	15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions	Restricted Bands [dBuV/m at 3m]: 4960 MHz 52.99 (Margin 21.01dB) - PK 22.89 (Margin 31.01dB) - AV	Non-Restricted Bands: > 20 dBc Restricted Bands: FCC 15.209	Complied

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FR633101-01AD	Rev. 03	Initial issue of report	Jul. 20, 2016

1 General Description

1.1 Information

1.1.1 RF General Information

RF General Information				
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Bluetooth Mode**	**Ch. Frequency (MHz)**	**Channel Number**	**RF Output Power (dBm)**
2400-2483.5	BR / EDR	2402-2480	0-78 [79]	4.73
Note 1: Bluetooth BR uses a GFSK (1Mbps). Note 2: Bluetooth EDR uses a combination of π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps) and 8DPSK (3Mbps). Note 3: RF output power specifies that Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power.				

1.1.2 Antenna Information

Antenna Category	
☒	Integral antenna (antenna permanently attached)
	☐ Temporary RF connector provided
	☒ No temporary RF connector provided Transmit chains bypass antenna and soldered temporary RF connector provided for connected measurement. In case of conducted measurements the transmitter shall be connected to the measuring equipment via a suitable attenuator and correct for all losses in the RF path.
☐	External antenna (dedicated antennas)
	☐ Single power level with corresponding antenna(s).
	☐ Multiple power level and corresponding antenna(s).

Antenna General Information			
No.	**Ant. Cat.**	**Ant. Type**	**Gain (dBi)**
1	Integral	PCB	2

1.1.3 Type of EUT

Identify EUT	
EUT Serial Number	N/A
Presentation of Equipment	☒ Production ; ☐ Pre-Production ; ☐ Prototype
Type of EUT	
☒	Stand-alone
☐	Combined (EUT where the radio part is fully integrated within another device) Combined Equipment - Brand Name / Model No.:
☐	Plug-in radio (EUT intended for a variety of host systems) Host System - Brand Name / Model No.:
☐	Other:

1.1.4 Test Signal Duty Cycle

Operated Mode for Worst Duty Cycle	
☒ Operated test mode for worst duty cycle	
Test Signal Duty Cycle (x)	**Power Duty Factor [dB] – (10 log 1/x)**
☒ 78.31% - test mode single channel-BR-1Mbps	1.06
☒ 80.54% - test mode single channel-EDR-2Mbps	0.94
☒ 79.68% - test mode single channel-EDR-3Mbps	0.99
Bluetooth ACL packets can be 1, 3, or 5 time slots. The DH1 packet can cover a single time slot. The DH3 packet can cover up to 3 time slots. The DH5 packet can cover up to 5 time slots. Operate DH5 at maximum dwell time and maximum duty cycle.	

1.1.5 EUT Operational Condition

Supply Voltage	☒ AC mains	☒ DC	
Type of DC Source	☒ External AC adapter	☐ From Host System	☒ Battery

1.2 Accessories and Support Equipment

Support local

No.	Equipment	Brand	Model	FCC ID
1	NOTE BOOK	DELL	E5540	DoC
2	AC adapter for NB	DELL	LA65NS2-01	DoC

Support Remote

No.	Equipment	Brand	Model	FCC ID
1	Bluetooth Tester	R&S	CBT	-

Accessories

AC Adapter 1	Brand Name	AOEM	Model Name	A0605TD-120054
	Power Rating	I/P:100-240Vac, 1.8A, O/P: 12Vdc, 5.4A		
	Power Cord	0.2 meter, non-shielded cable, with w/o ferrite core		
Battery 1	Brand Name	Aaeon	Model Name	POS-5000B
	Power Rating	7.4Vdc, 4540 mAh	Type	Li-ion,NCA103450
Power Extend cable	Brand Name	AOEM	Model Name	A0605TD-120054
	Signal Line	1.5 meter, non-shielded cable, w/o ferrite core		
Singal cable	Brand Name	FLYINGWAY	Model Name	FWAA513
	Signal Line	3.1 meter, Braided-Shielded cable, with two ferrite core		

1.3 Testing Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- 47 CFR FCC Part 15
- ANSI C63.10-2013
- FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

1.4 Testing Location Information

Testing Location			
☒	**HWA YA**	**ADD** :	**No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.**
		TEL :	**886-3-327-3456** **FAX** : **886-3-318-0055**

Test Condition	Test Site No.	Test Engineer	Test Environment	Test Date
AC Conduction	CO04-HY	Ryan	23°C / 56%	31/05/2016
RF Conducted	TH01-HY	Howard	23.5°C / 65%	23/05/2016
Radiated	03CH09-HY	Joe	22.2°C / 51.8%	22/05/2016

1.5 Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (based on a coverage factor (k=2)

Measurement Uncertainty		
Test Item		**Uncertainty**
AC power-line conducted emissions		±2.3 dB
Emission bandwidth, 6dB bandwidth		±0.6 %
RF output power, conducted		±0.1 dB
Power density, conducted		±0.6 dB
Unwanted emissions, conducted	9 – 150 kHz	±0.4 dB
	0.15 – 30 MHz	±0.4 dB
	30 – 1000 MHz	±0.6 dB
	1 – 18 GHz	±0.5 dB
	18 – 40 GHz	±0.5 dB
	40 – 200 GHz	N/A
All emissions, radiated	9 – 150 kHz	±2.5 dB
	0.15 – 30 MHz	±2.3 dB
	30 – 1000 MHz	±2.6 dB
	1 – 18 GHz	±3.6 dB
	18 – 40 GHz	±3.8 dB
	40 – 200 GHz	N/A
Temperature		±0.8 °C
Humidity		±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages		±0.9%
Time		±1.4 %
Duty Cycle		±0.6 %

2 Test Configuration of EUT

2.1 The Worst Case Modulation Configuration

Worst Modulation Used for Conformance Testing					
Bluetooth Mode	**Transmit Chains (N_{TX})**	**Data Rate**	**Modulation Mode**	**RF Output Power (dBm)**	**Worst Mode**
BR	1	1 Mbps	BR-1Mbps	-6.91	EDR-2Mbps
EDR	1	2 Mbps	EDR-2Mbps	4.73	
EDR	1	3 Mbps	EDR-3Mbps	-3.94	
Note 1: Bluetooth BR uses a combination of GFSK (1Mbps). Note 2: Bluetooth EDR uses a combination of π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps) and 8DPSK (3Mbps). Note 3: Modulation modes consist below configuration: FHSS BR-1Mbps: GFSK (1Mbps), EDR-2Mbps: π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps), EDR-3Mbps: 8DPSK(3Mbps) Note 4: RF output power specifies that Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power.					

2.2 The Worst Case Power Setting Parameter

The Worst Case Power Setting Parameter			
Test Software	DOS		
Modulation Mode	**2402 MHz**	**2441 MHz**	**2480 MHz**
BR,1Mbps	Default	Default	Default
EDR,2Mbps	Default	Default	Default
EDR,3Mbps	Default	Default	Default

2.3 The Worst Case Measurement Configuration

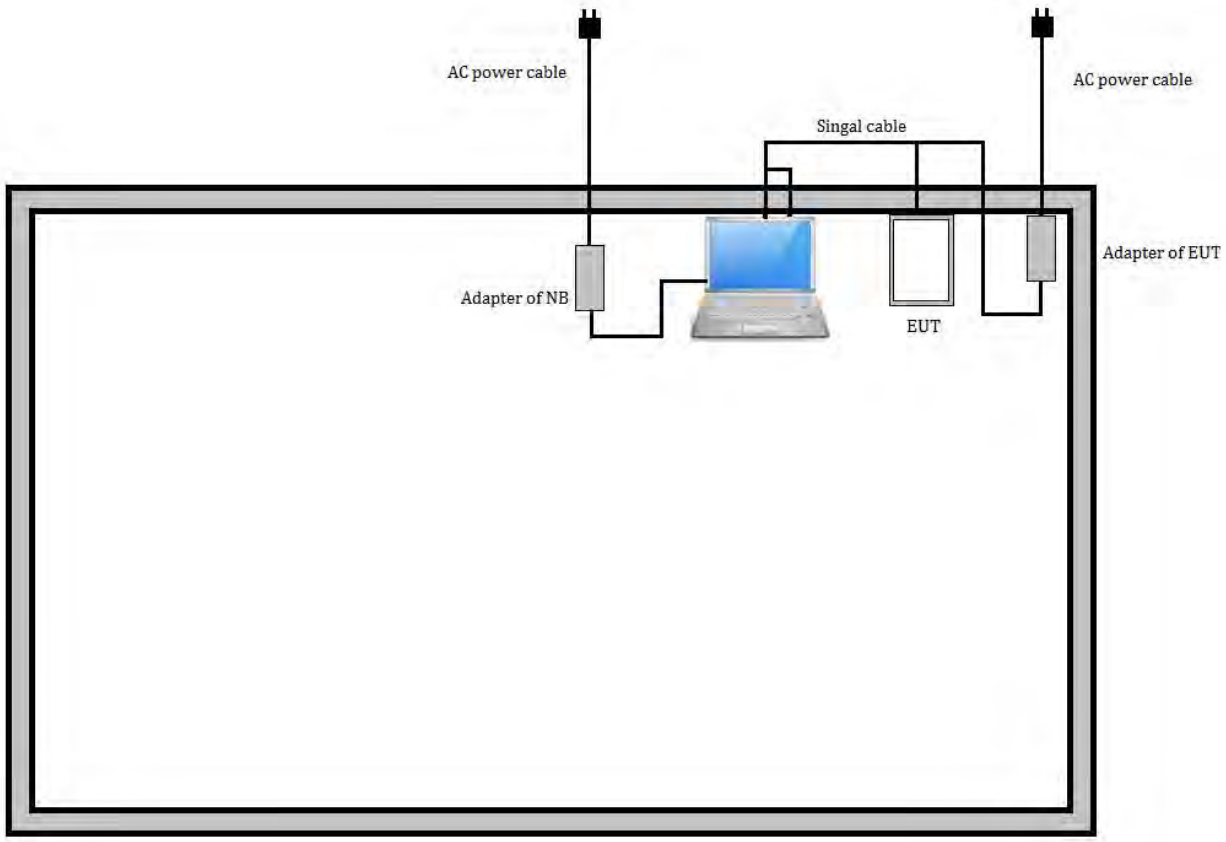
The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests	
Tests Item	AC power-line conducted emissions
Condition	AC power-line conducted measurement for line and neutral Test Voltage: 120Vac / 60Hz
Operating Mode	Operating Mode Description
1	Pole mount mode.
2	Simple Tablet mode.
3	Charging Module+Charging Station mode.
4	Printer+Charging Station mode.
5	Printer only mode.
For operating mode 3 is the worst case and it was record in this test report.	

The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests	
Tests Item	RF Output Power, 20dB Bandwidth, Carrier Frequency Separation (ChS) Number of Hopping Frequencies (N), Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)
Test Condition	Conducted measurement at transmit chains
Modulation Mode	BR-1Mbps, EDR-3Mbps

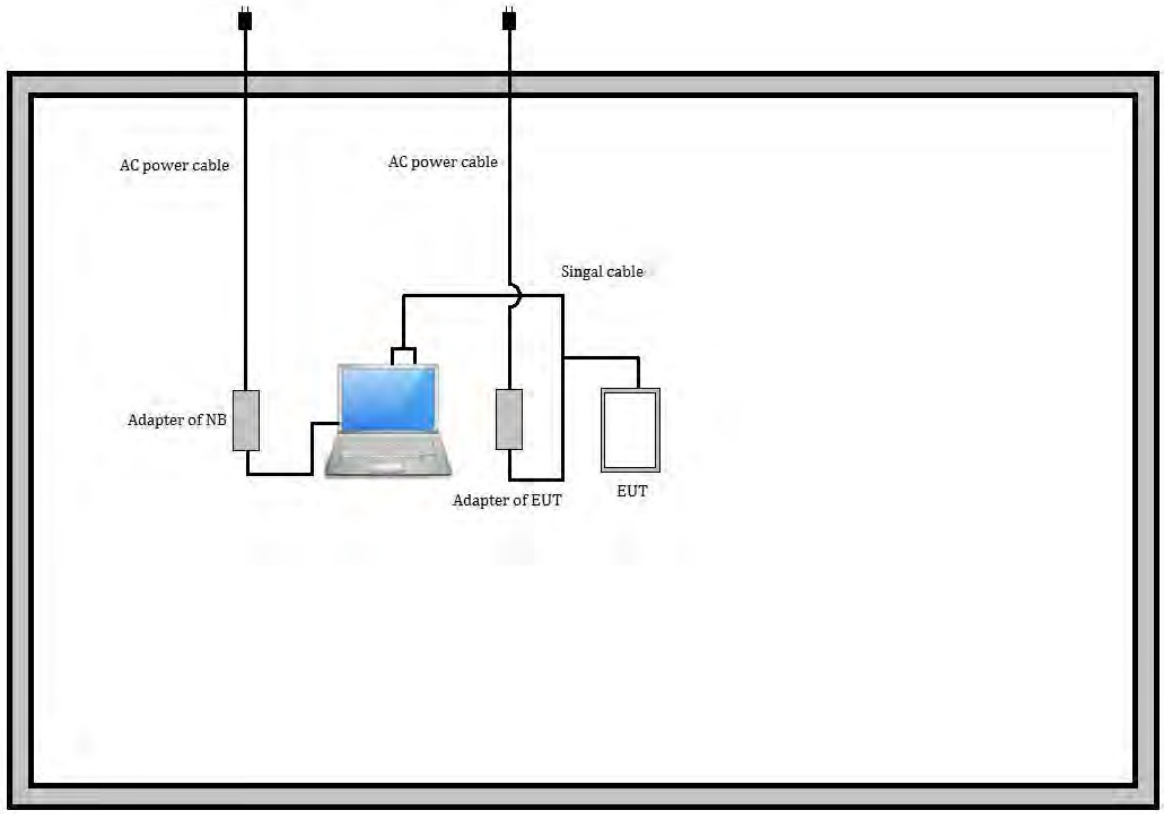
The Worst Case Mode for Following Conformance Tests			
Tests Item	Emissions in Restricted Frequency Bands		
Test Condition	Radiated measurement If EUT consist of multiple antenna assembly (multiple antenna are used in EUT regardless of spatial multiplexing MIMO configuration), the radiated test should be performed with highest antenna gain of each antenna type.		
User Position	☐ EUT will be placed in fixed position.		
	☐ EUT will be placed in mobile position and operating multiple positions. EUT shall be performed three orthogonal planes.		
	☒ EUT will be a hand-held or body-worn battery-powered devices and operating multiple positions. EUT shall be performed three orthogonal planes.		
Operating Mode < 1GHz	☒ 1. Pole mount mode.		
	☒ 2. Simple Tablet mode.		
	☒ 3. Charging Module+Charging Station mode.		
	☒ 4. Printer+Charging Station mode.		
	☒ 5. Printer only mode.		
For operating mode 1 is the worst case and it was record in this test report.			
Orthogonal Planes of EUT	**X Plane**	**Y Plane**	**Z Plane**
			
Worst Planes of EUT			V

2.4 Test Setup Diagram

Test Setup Diagram – AC Line Conducted Emission Test



Test Setup Diagram - Radiated Test



3 Transmitter Test Result

3.1 AC Power-line Conducted Emissions

3.1.1 AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Limit

AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Limit		
Frequency Emission (MHz)	**Quasi-Peak**	**Average**
0.15-0.5	66 - 56 *	56 - 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50
Note 1: * Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.		

3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

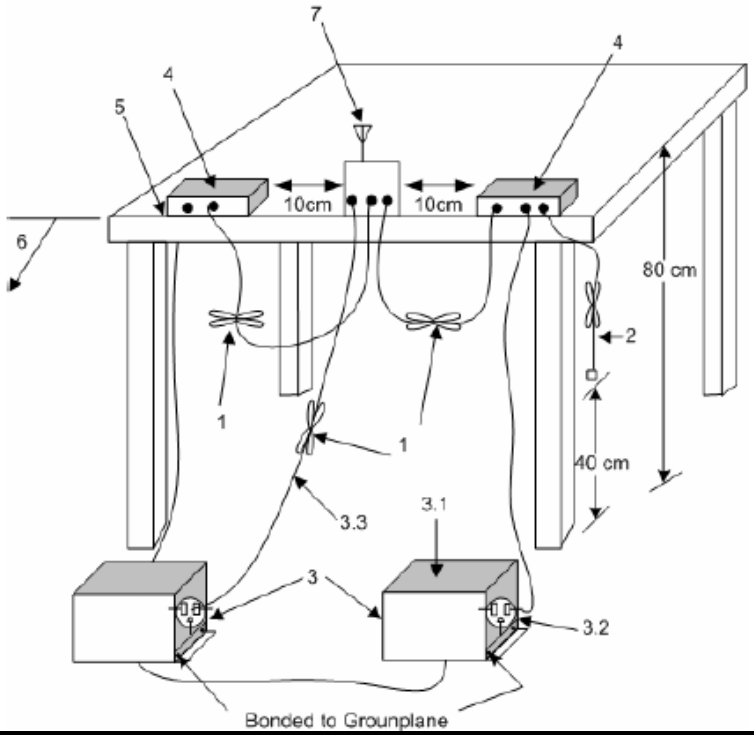
Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedures

Test Method
☒ Refer as ANSI C63.10-2013, clause 6.2 for AC power-line conducted emissions.

3.1.4 Test Setup

AC Power-line Conducted Emissions



3.1.5 Test Result of AC Power-line Conducted Emissions

Refer as Appendix I

3.2 20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation

3.2.1 20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation Limit

20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation Limit for Frequency Hopping Systems	
☒	2400-2483.5 MHz Band:
	☐ N ≥ 75 and ChS ≥ MAX (20 dB bandwidth, 25 kHz).
	☒ N ≥ 15 and ChS ≥ MAX (20 dB bandwidth x 2/3, 25 kHz).
N: Number of Hopping Frequencies; **ChS**: Hopping Channel Separation	

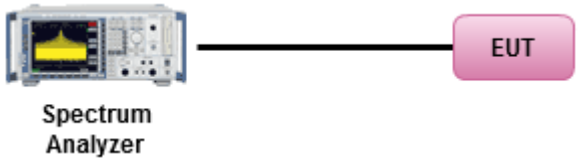
3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

Test Method	
☒	Refer as 15.247(a), clause 6.9.2 for 20 dB bandwidth measurement.
☒	Refer as 15.247(a), clause 7.8.2 for carrier frequency separation measurement.
☒	For conducted measurement.
	☒ The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain.
	☐ The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.

3.2.4 Test Setup

20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation
 Spectrum Analyzer

3.2.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation

Refer as Appendix A

3.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

3.3.1 Number of Hopping Frequencies Limit

Number of Hopping Frequencies Limit for Frequency Hopping Systems	
☒	2400-2483.5 MHz Band:
	☐ N ≥ 75 and ChS ≥ MAX (20 dB bandwidth, 25 kHz).
	☒ N ≥ 15 and ChS ≥ MAX (20 dB bandwidth x 2/3, 25 kHz).
N: Number of Hopping Frequencies; **ChS**: Hopping Channel Separation	

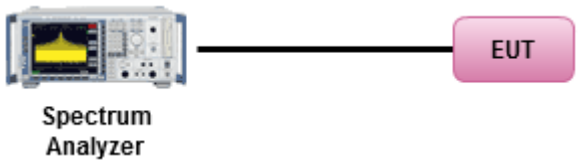
3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

Test Method	
☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 7.8.3 for number of hopping frequencies measurement.
☒	For conducted measurement.
	☒ The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain.
	☐ The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.

3.3.4 Test Setup

Number of Hopping Frequencies


3.3.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequencies

Refer as Appendix B

3.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

3.4.1 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) Limit

Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) Limit for Frequency Hopping Systems
☒ 2400-2483.5 MHz Band: Dwell time ≤ 0.4 second within 0.4 x N
N: Number of Hopping Frequencies

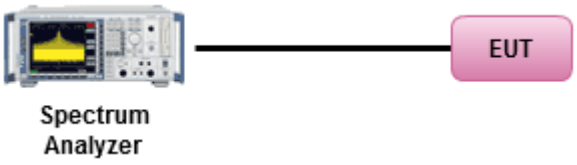
3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.4.3 Test Procedures

Test Method	
☒	Refer as 15.247(a), clause 7.8.4 for dwell time measurement.
☒	Bluetooth ACL packets can be 1, 3, or 5 time slots. Following as dwell time. Operate DH5 at maximum dwell time and maximum duty cycle.
☒	The DH1 packet can cover a single time slot. A maximum length packet has duration of 1 time slots. The hopping rate is 1600 hops/second so the maximum dwell time is 1/1600 seconds, or 0.625ms. DH1 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 /2 = 10.12 hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 10.12 x 31.6 = 320 within 31.6 seconds.
☒	The DH3 packet can cover up to 3 time slots. A maximum length packet has duration of 3 time slots. The hopping rate is 1600 hops/second so the maximum dwell time is 3/1600 seconds, or 1.875ms. DH3 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 4 = 5.06 hops per second in each channel (3 time slots TX, 1 time slot RX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 5.06 x 31.6 = 160 within 31.6 seconds.
☒	The DH5 packet can cover up to 5 time slots. Operate DH5 at maximum dwell time and maximum duty cycle. A maximum length packet has duration of 5 time slots. The hopping rate is 1600 hops/second so the maximum dwell time is 5/1600 seconds, or 3.125ms. DH5 Packet permit maximum 1600/ 79 / 6 = 3.37 hops per second in each channel (5 time slots TX, 1 time slot RX). So, the dwell time is the time duration of the pulse times 3.37 x 31.6 = 106.6 within 31.6 seconds
☒	For conducted measurement.
☒	The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain.
☐	The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.

3.4.4 Test Setup

Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)


3.4.5 Test Result of Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Refer as Appendix B

3.5 RF Output Power

3.5.1 RF Output Power Limit

RF Output Power Limit for Frequency Hopping Systems		
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Limit		
☒	2400-2483.5 MHz Band:	
	☐	For Hopping Channel: N ≥ 75
		☐ If G_{TX} ≤ 6 dBi, then P_{Out} ≤ 30 dBm (1 W)
		☐ If G_{TX} > 6 dBi, then P_{Out} = 30 – (G_{TX} – 6) dBm
	☒	For Hopping Channel: N ≥ 15
		☒ If G_{TX} ≤ 6 dBi, then P_{Out} ≤ 21 dBm (0.125 W)
		☐ If G_{TX} > 6 dBi, then P_{Out} = 21 – (G_{TX} – 6) dBm
e.i.r.p. Power Limit:		
☒	2400-2483.5 MHz Band:	
	☐	For Hopping Channel: N ≥ 75 - P_{eirp} ≤ 36 dBm (4 W)
	☒	For Hopping Channel: N ≥ 15 - P_{eirp} ≤ 27 dBm (0.5 W)
G_{TX} = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi. **P_{eirp}** = e.i.r.p. Power in dBm. **N:** Number of Hopping Frequencies **ChS**: Hopping Channel Separation		

3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.5.3 Test Procedures

Test Method	
☒	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power
☐	Refer as FCC DA 00-0705, spectrum analyzer for peak power.
☒	Refer as FCC DA 00-0705, peak power meter for peak power.
☐	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 11.9.1.3) for peak power meter.
☐	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 11.9.1.1) for spectrum analyzer - (RBW ≥ EBW).
☒	For conducted measurement.
☒	The EUT supports single transmit chain and measurements performed on this transmit chain.
☐	The EUT supports diversity transmitting and the results on transmit chain port 1 is the worst case.

3.5.4 Test Setup

RF Output Power (Peak Power Meter)


3.5.5 Test Result of Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Refer as Appendix C

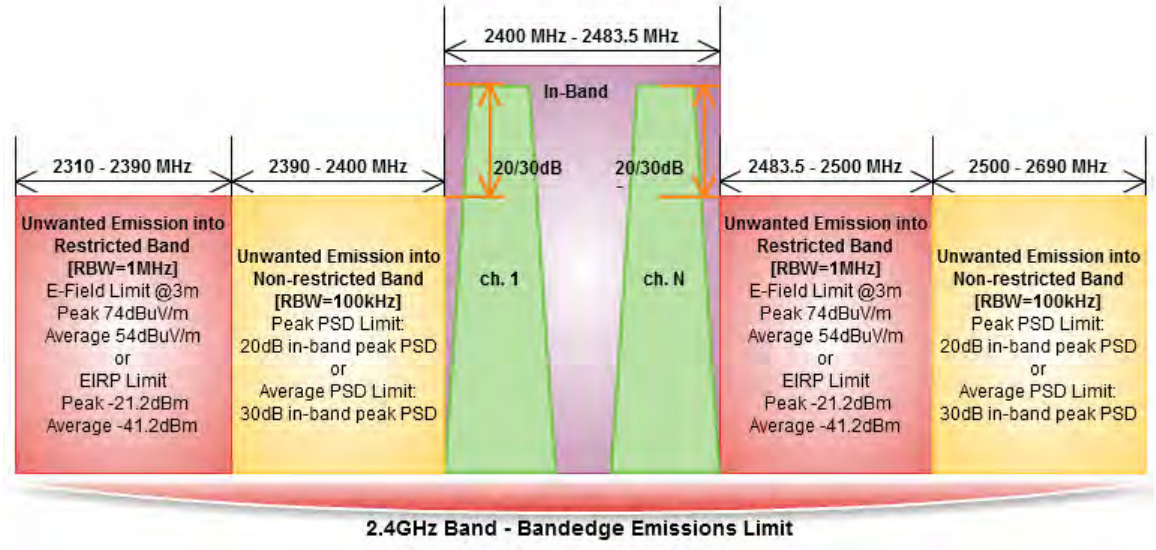
3.5.6 Test Result of Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

Refer as Appendix C

3.6 Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions

3.6.1 Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions Limit

Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions Limit



3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

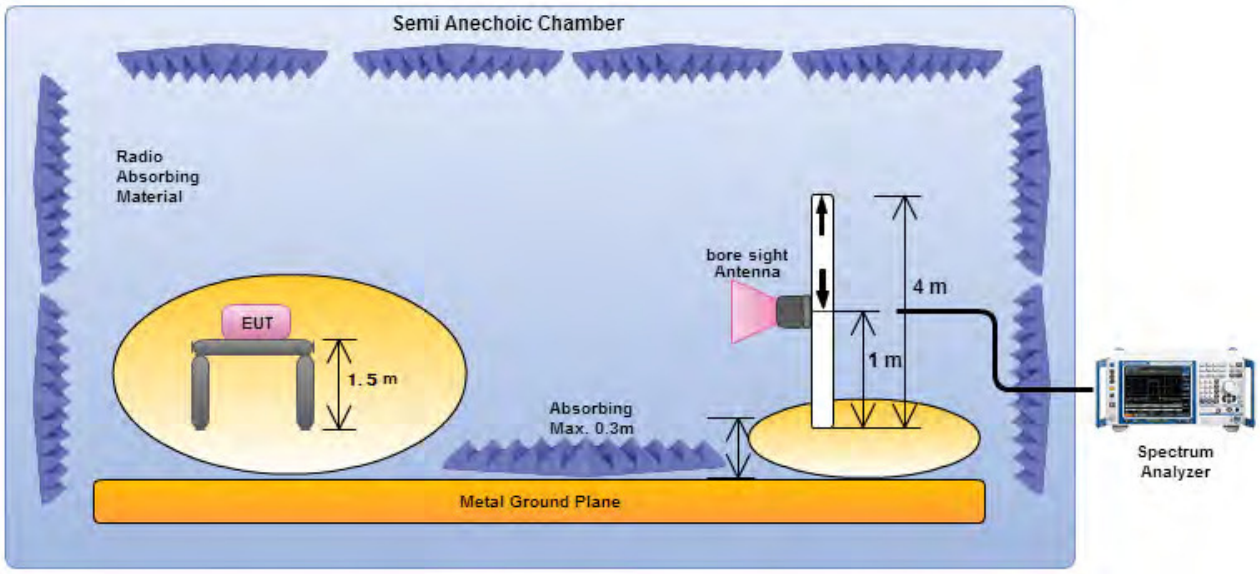
Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

Test Method – General Information		
☒	The average emission levels shall be measured in [duty cycle ≥ 98 or duty factor].	
☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10 bandedge testing shall be performed at the lowest frequency channel and highest frequency channel within the allowed operating band.	
☒	For the transmitter unwanted emissions shall be measured using following options below:	
	☒	For unwanted emissions into non-restricted bands. Peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.
	☒	For unwanted emissions into restricted bands.
		☒ Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.3 (Reduced VBW). VBW ≥ 1/T, where T is pulse time.
		☐ Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.4 average value of pulsed emissions.
		☒ Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.2 measurement procedure peak limit.
☒	For the transmitter bandedge emissions shall be measured using following options below:	
	☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10 for band-edge testing.
	☐	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.10.6.2 for marker-delta method for band-edge measurements.
	☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 7.8.6 for band-edge testing into non-restricted bands.
☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.6 for radiated emissions and test distance is 3m.	

3.6.4 Test Setup

Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions



Electric field tests shall be performed in transmitter bandedge emissions using a calibrated horn antenna.

3.6.5 Test Result of Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions

Refer as Appendix D

3.7 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions

3.7.1 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions Limit

Restricted Band Emissions Limit			
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Field Strength (uV/m)**	**Field Strength (dBuV/m)**	**Measure Distance (m)**
0.009~0.490	2400/F(kHz)	48.5 - 13.8	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(kHz)	33.8 - 23	30
1.705~30.0	30	29	30
30~88	100	40	3
88~216	150	43.5	3
216~960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

Note 1: Test distance for frequencies at or above 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not performed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density measurements).

Note 2: Test distance for frequencies at below 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than the EUT limit distance; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field. When performing measurements below 30 MHz at a closer distance than the limit distance, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance by either making measurements at a minimum of two or more distances on at least one radial to determine the proper extrapolation factor or by using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade). The test report shall specify the extrapolation method used to determine compliance of the EUT.

Un-restricted Band Emissions Limit	
RF output power procedure	**Limit (dB)**
Peak output power procedure	20
Average output power procedure	30

Note 1: If the peak output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

Note 2: If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band average PSD level.

3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

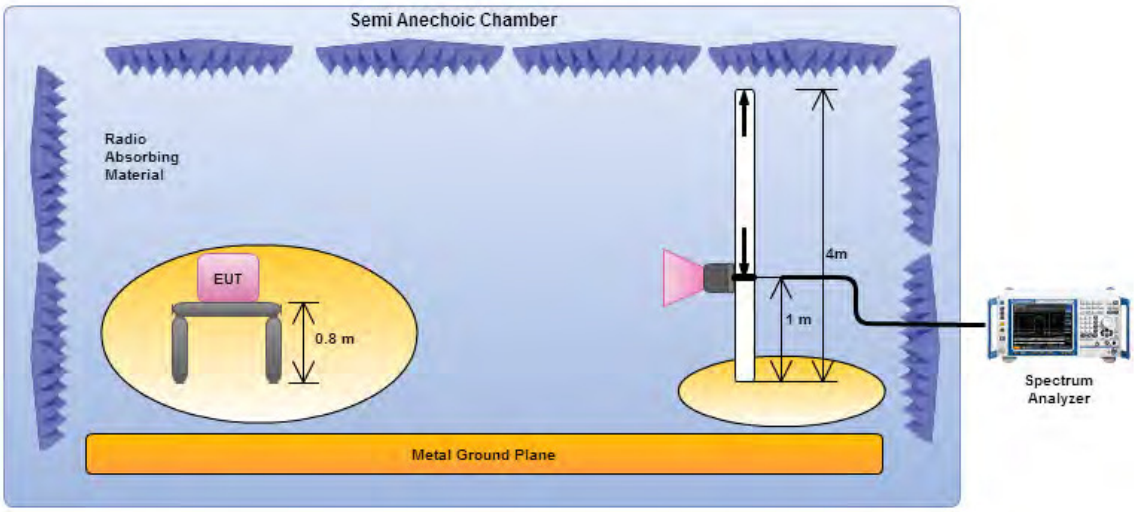
Refer a test equipment and calibration data table in this test report.

3.7.3 Test Procedures

Test Method – General Information			
☒	Measurements may be performed at a distance other than the limit distance provided they are not performed in the near field and the emissions to be measured can be detected by the measurement equipment. When performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements, inverse of linear distance-squared for power-density measurements).		
☒	The average emission levels shall be measured in [duty cycle ≥ 98 or duty factor].		
☒	For the transmitter unwanted emissions shall be measured using following options below:		
	☒	Refer as FCC DA 00-0705, for spurious radiated emissions. The dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a “duty cycle correction factor”, derived from 20log (dwell time/100 ms)	
	☐	For unwanted emissions into non-restricted bands. Peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.	
	☒	For unwanted emissions into restricted bands.	
		☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.3 (Reduced VBW). VBW ≥ 1/T, where T is pulse time.
		☐	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.4 average value of pulsed emissions.
		☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 4.1.4.2.2 measurement procedure peak limit.
☒	For radiated measurement.		
	☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4 for radiated emissions below 30 MHz and test distance is 3m.	
	☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5 for radiated emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz and test distance is 3m.	
	☒	Refer as ANSI C63.10, clause 6.6 for radiated emissions above 1 GHz and test distance is 3m.	
☒	The any unwanted emissions level shall not exceed the fundamental emission level.		
☒	All amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.		

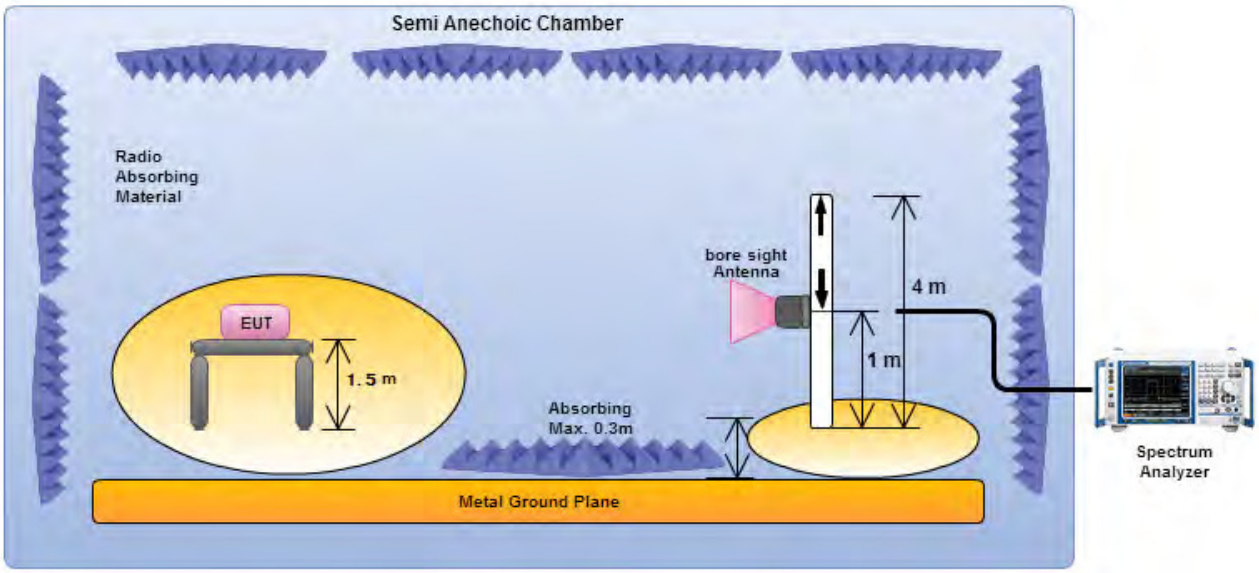
3.7.4 Test Setup

Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (below 1GHz)



Magnetic field tests shall be performed in the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz using a calibrated loop antenna. Electric field tests shall be performed in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using a calibrated bi-log antenna.

Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)



Electric field tests shall be performed in the frequency range of 1 GHz to 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz using a calibrated horn antenna.

3.7.5 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 30MHz)

All amplitude of spurious emissions that are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

3.7.6 Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 1GHz)

Refer as Appendix E

4 Test Equipment and Calibration Data

Instrument for AC Conduction

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Last Cal.	Calibration Due Date
EMC Receiver	KETSIGHT	N9038A	MY54130031	20Hz ~ 8.4GHz	Apr. 14, 2016	Apr. 13, 2017
LISN	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	NSLK 8127	8127-477	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Jan. 26, 2016	Jan. 25, 2017
LISN (Support Unit)	R&S	ENV216	101295	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Nov. 04, 2015	Nov. 03, 2016
RF Cable-CON	HUBER+SUHNER	RG213/U	07611832020001	9kHz ~ 30MHz	Oct. 30, 2015	Oct. 29, 2016
EMI Filter	LINDGREN	LRE-2030	2651	< 450 Hz	NCR	NCR
Bluetooth Tester	R&S	CBT	100959	N/A	Mar. 02, 2016	Mar. 02, 2017

Instrument for Conducted Test

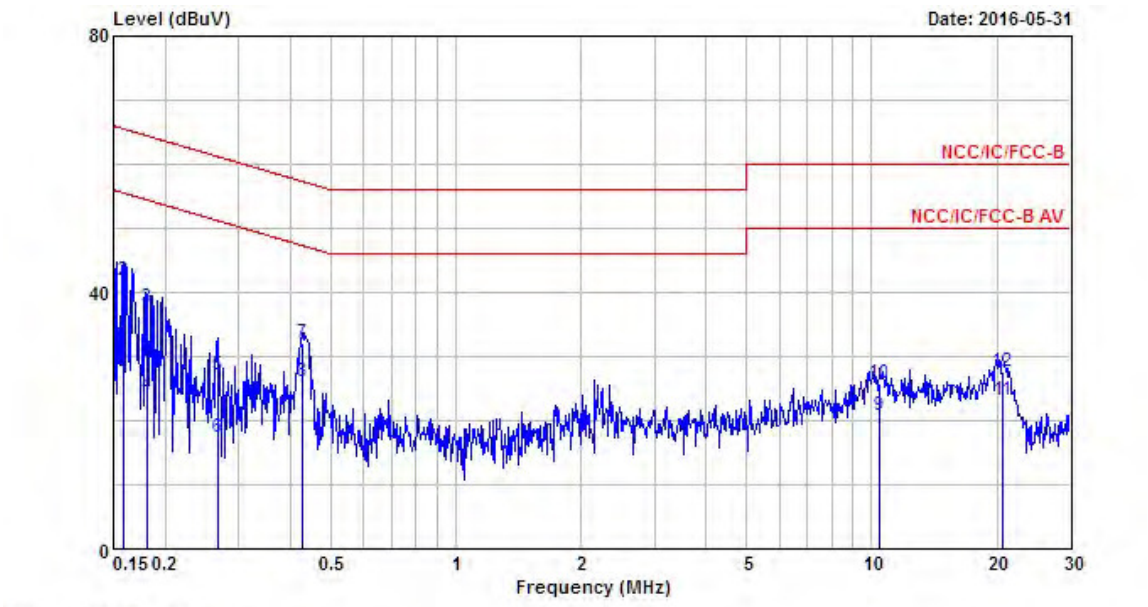
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Last Cal.	Calibration Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV 40	101500	9KHz~40GHz	May 12, 2016	May 11, 2017
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100116	10MHz ~ 40GHz	Jul. 28, 2015	Jul. 27, 2016
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917017	300MHz ~ 40GHz	Feb. 04 ,2016	Feb. 03 ,2017
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0949003	300MHz ~ 40GHz	Feb. 04, 2016	Feb. 03, 2017
Bluetooth Tester	R&S	CBT	100959	N/A	Mar. 02, 2016	Mar. 02, 2017

Instrument for Radiated Test

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Last Cal.	Calibration Due Date
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	TDK	SAC-3M	03CH09-HY	30MHz ~ 1GHz 3m	May 14, 2016	May 13, 2017
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	TDK	SAC-3M	03CH09-HY	1GHz ~ 18GHz 3m	Jul. 01, 2015	Jun. 30, 2016
Amplifier	EMC	EMC9135	980232	9kHz ~ 1.0GHz	Jan. 29, 2016	Jan. 28, 2017
Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02096	1GHz ~ 26.5GHz	Apr.11.2016	Apr.10.2017
Spectrum	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54200885	10Hz ~ 44GHz	Jul. 15, 2015	Jul. 14, 2016
Bilog Antenna & 5dB Attenator	TESEQ & MTJ	CBL 6111D & MTJ6102	35418	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Mar. 31, 2016	Mar. 30, 2017
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	BBHA 9120D 1534	1GHz ~ 18GHz	Apr. 22, 2016	Apr. 21, 2017
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170614	18GHz ~ 40GHz	Jan. 04, 2016	Jan. 03, 2017
Bluetooth Tester	R&S	CBT	100959	N/A	Mar. 02, 2016	Mar. 02, 2017

Test Result of AC Power-line Conducted Emissions

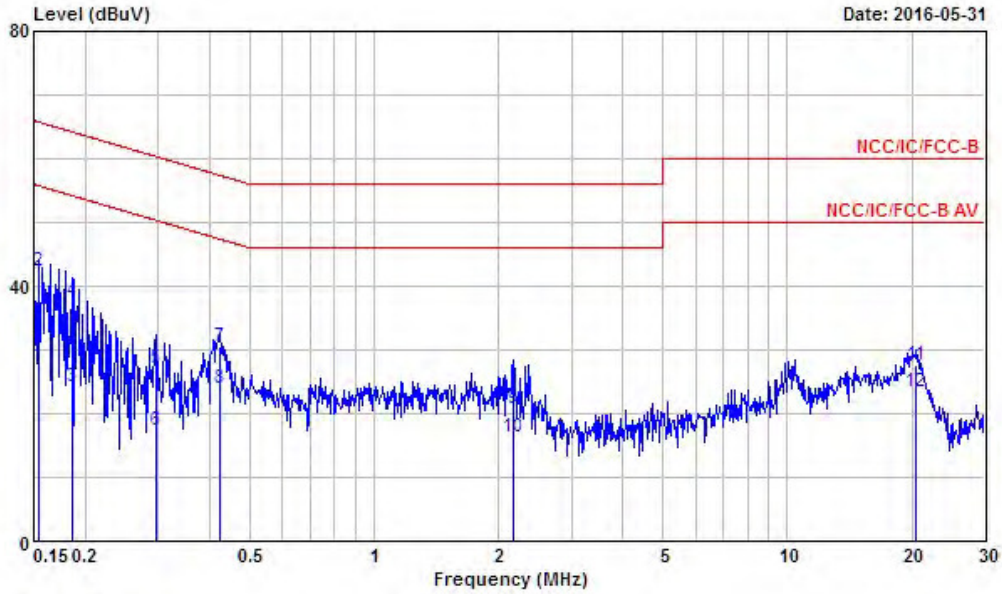
AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Result			
Operating Mode	3	**Power Phase**	Neutral
Operating Function	Charging Module+Charging Station mode.		



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.1590020	28.26	-27.26	55.52	27.93	0.10	0.23	Average
2	@0.1590020	41.73	-23.79	65.52	41.40	0.10	0.23	QP
3	0.1815220	37.62	-26.80	64.42	37.24	0.11	0.27	QP
4	0.1815220	24.03	-30.39	54.42	23.65	0.11	0.27	Average
5	0.2672410	27.18	-34.02	61.20	26.85	0.11	0.22	QP
6	0.2672410	17.28	-33.92	51.20	16.95	0.11	0.22	Average
7	0.4289850	32.10	-25.17	57.27	31.88	0.12	0.10	QP
8	@0.4289850	25.93	-21.34	47.27	25.71	0.12	0.10	Average
9	10.400	20.77	-29.23	50.00	20.29	0.28	0.20	Average
10	10.400	25.83	-34.17	60.00	25.35	0.28	0.20	QP
11	20.700	23.20	-26.80	50.00	22.61	0.39	0.20	Average
12	20.700	27.51	-32.49	60.00	26.92	0.39	0.20	QP

Note 1: “>20dB” means emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found emissions (No emissions were detected.)

AC Power-line Conducted Emissions Result			
Operating Mode	3	**Power Phase**	Line
Operating Function	Charging Module+Charging Station mode.		

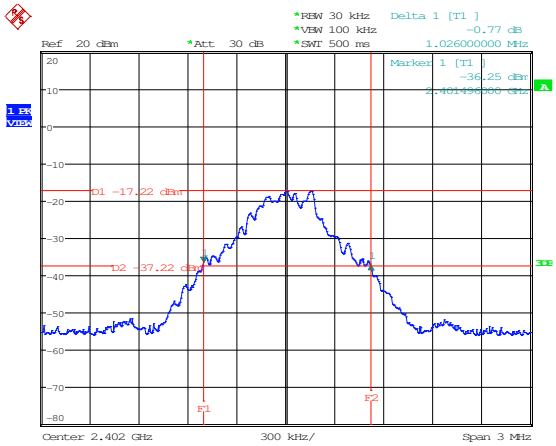
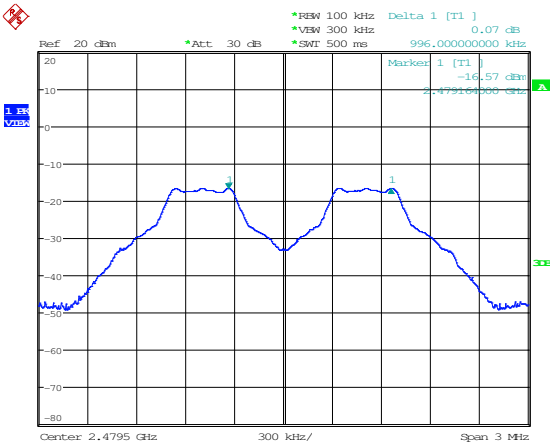


	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1	0.1548450	27.69	-28.05	55.74	27.35	0.11	0.23	Average
2	@0.1548450	42.50	-23.24	65.74	42.16	0.11	0.23	QP
3	0.1854100	24.11	-30.13	54.24	23.72	0.11	0.28	Average
4	0.1854100	37.63	-26.61	64.24	37.24	0.11	0.28	QP
5	0.2955450	27.02	-33.35	60.37	26.71	0.12	0.19	QP
6	0.2955450	17.26	-33.11	50.37	16.95	0.12	0.19	Average
7	0.4222340	30.44	-26.96	57.40	30.22	0.12	0.10	QP
8	@0.4222340	24.02	-23.38	47.40	23.80	0.12	0.10	Average
9	2.170	20.81	-35.19	56.00	20.38	0.15	0.28	QP
10	2.170	16.42	-29.58	46.00	15.99	0.15	0.28	Average
11	20.490	27.61	-32.39	60.00	27.06	0.35	0.20	QP
12	20.490	23.36	-26.64	50.00	22.81	0.35	0.20	Average

Note 1: “>20dB” means emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found emissions (No emissions were detected.)

Test Result of Emission Bandwidth

20dB Bandwidth and Carrier Frequency Separation Result					
Modulation Mode	Freq. (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Channel Separation Limits (MHz)
EDR-1Mbps	2402	1.0260	0.9300	1.0020	0.684
EDR-1Mbps	2441	1.0260	0.9300	0.9960	0.684
EDR-1Mbps	2480	1.0260	0.9420	0.9960	0.684
EDR-2Mbps	2402	1.3380	1.2000	1.0080	0.892
EDR-2Mbps	2441	1.3380	1.2060	1.0020	0.892
EDR-2Mbps	2480	1.3380	1.2180	0.9960	0.892
Result		Complied			

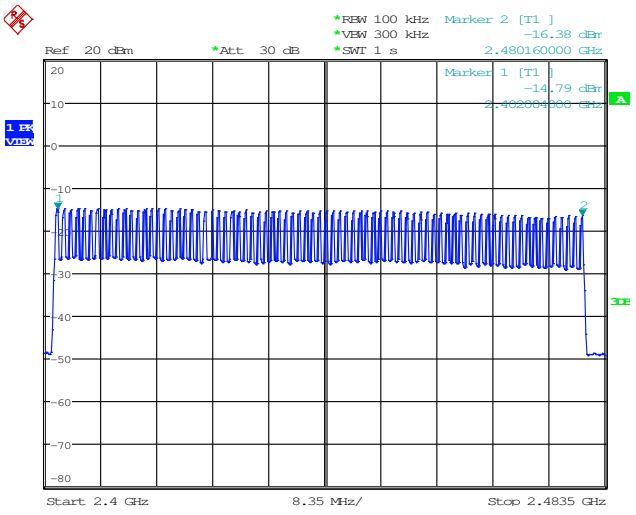
Worst 20dB Bandwidth Plots	Worst Carrier Frequency Separation Plots
BR-1Mbps	EDR-2Mbps
	
Date: 23.MAY.2016 15:18:40	Date: 23.MAY.2016 15:41:03

Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequencies

Number of Hopping Frequencies Result			
Modulation Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Hopping Channel Number (N)**	**Hopping Channel Number Limits**
BR-1Mbps	2402-2480	79	15
EDR-2Mbps	2402-2480	79	15
Result	**Complied**		

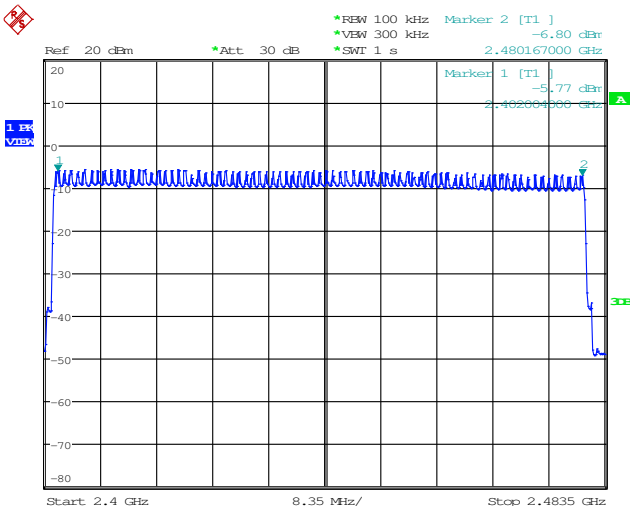
Number of Hopping Frequencies Plots

BR-1Mbps



Date: 23.MAY.2016 16:41:50

EDR-2Mbps



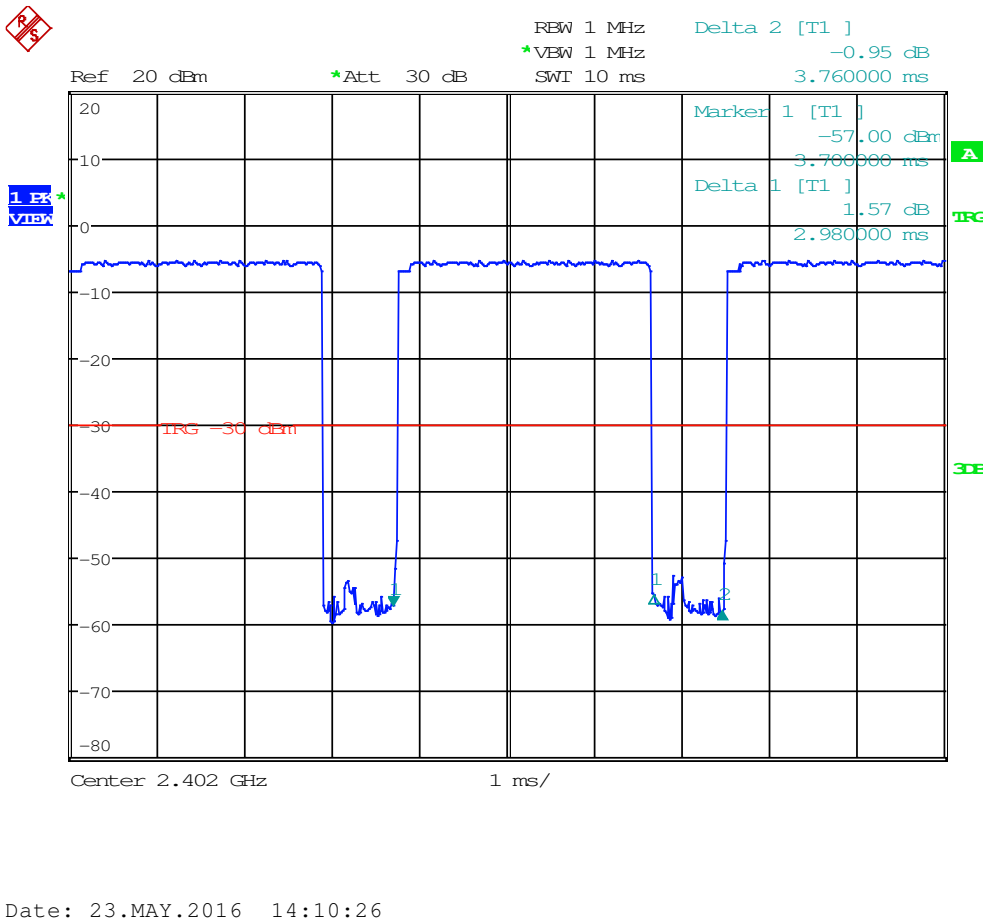
Date: 23.MAY.2016 16:52:39

Test Result of Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) Result					
Modulation Mode	**Freq. (MHz)**	**Pulse Time per Hop (ms)**	**Number of Pulse in [0.4 x N sec]**	**Dwell Time in [0.4 x N sec] (s)**	**Dwell Time Limits (s)**
BR-1Mbps	2402	2.96	106.7	0.316	0.4
EDR-2Mbps	2402	2.98	106.7	0.318	0.4
Result		**Complied**			
Bluetooth ACL packets can be 1, 3, or 5 time slots. The DH1 packet can cover a single time slot. The DH3 packet can cover up to 3 time slots. The DH5 packet can cover up to 5 time slots. Operate DH5 at maximum dwell time and maximum duty cycle. A maximum length packet has duration of 5 time slots. The hopping rate is 1600 hops/second so the maximum dwell time is 5/1600 seconds, or 3.125ms.					

Worst Pulse Time per Hop Plots

EDR-2Mbps



Test Result of Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Result						
Condition		RF Output Power (dBm)				
Modulation Mode	Freq. (MHz)	RF Output Power	Power Limit	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP Power	EIRP Limit
BR-1Mbps	2402	-6.26	21	2.00	-4.26	27
BR-1Mbps	2441	-6.91	21	2.00	-4.91	27
BR-1Mbps	2480	-7.76	21	2.00	-5.76	27
EDR-2Mbps	2402	4.61	21	2.00	6.61	27
EDR-2Mbps	2441	4.73	21	2.00	6.73	27
EDR-2Mbps	2480	4.19	21	2.00	6.19	27
Result		Complied				

1.1.1 Test Result of Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

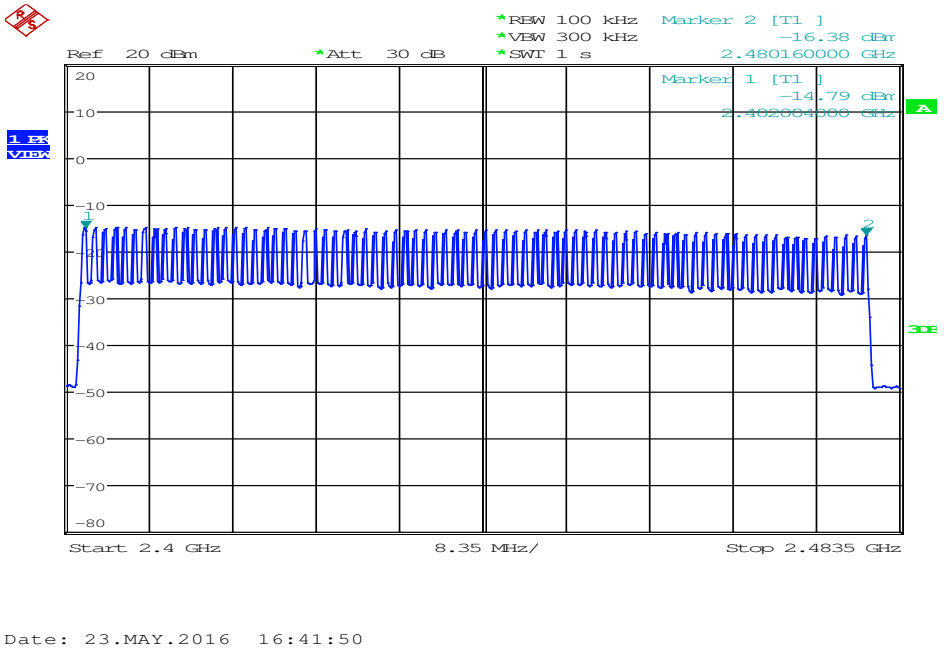
Maximum Average Conducted Output Power Result						
Condition		RF Output Power (dBm)				
Modulation Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power	Duty Factor (dB)	RF Output Power	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP Power
BR-1Mbps	2402	-8.44	1.06	-7.38	2.00	-5.38
BR-1Mbps	2441	-8.67	1.06	-7.61	2.00	-5.61
BR-1Mbps	2480	-9.78	1.06	-8.72	2.00	-6.72
EDR-2Mbps	2402	0.47	0.99	1.46	2.00	3.46
EDR-2Mbps	2441	0.72	0.99	1.71	2.00	3.71
EDR-2Mbps	2480	-0.02	0.99	0.97	2.00	2.97
Result		Complied				

Test Result of Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions

Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions (Non-restricted Band)							
Modulation	Test Freq. (MHz)	In-band PSD [i] (dBuV/100kHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Out-band PSD [o] (dBuV/100kHz)	[i] – [o] (dB)	Limit (dB)	Pol.
BR-1Mbps	2402	89.44	2396.080	40.59	48.85	20	89.44
BR -1Mbps	2480	87.82	2502.880	41.47	46.35	20	87.82
EDR-2Mbps	2402	98.95	2399.900	49.81	49.14	20	98.95
EDR-2Mbps	2480	95.16	2521.440	41.02	54.14	20	95.16
EDR-3Mbps	2402	89.20	2399.960	40.79	48.41	20	89.20
EDR-3Mbps	2480	86.76	2547.680	41.15	45.61	20	86.76
Note 1: Measurement worst emissions of receive antenna polarization							

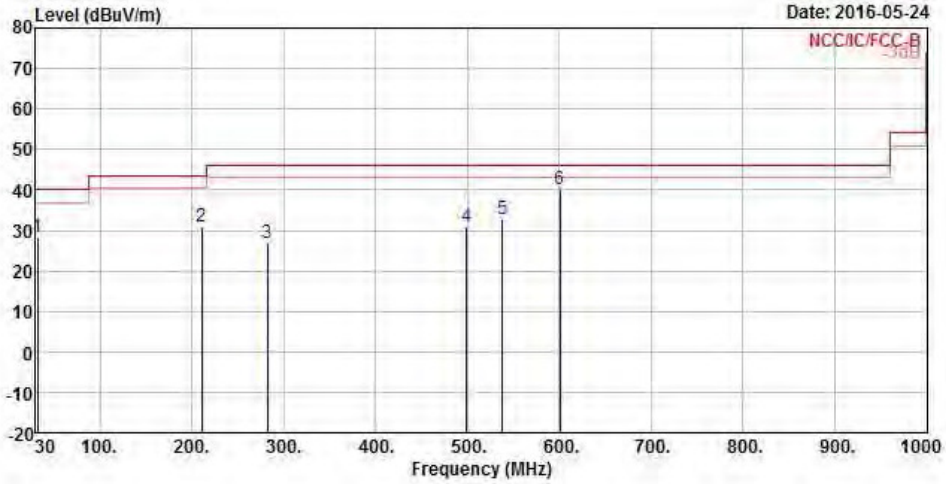
Transmitter Radiated Bandedge Emissions (Restricted Band)									
Modulation Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Measure Distance (m)	Freq. (MHz) PK	Level (dBuV/m) PK	Limit (dBuV/m) PK	Freq. (MHz) AV	Level (dBuV/m) AV	Limit (dBuV/m) AV	Pol.
BR-1Mbps	2402	3	2335.290	51.30	74	2335.290	21.20	54	H
BR -1Mbps	2480	3	2497.600	51.23	74	2497.600	21.13	54	H
EDR-2Mbps	2402	3	2360.400	54.13	74	2360.400	24.03	54	H
EDR-2Mbps	2480	3	2485.280	52.38	74	2485.280	22.28	54	H
EDR-3Mbps	2402	3	2362.220	54.52	74	2362.220	24.42	54	H
EDR-3Mbps	2480	3	2483.520	51.52	74	2483.520	21.42	54	H
Note 1: Measurement worst emissions of receive antenna polarization. Note 2: Average emission setting: RBW=1MHz; VBW ≥ 1/T, where T is “Pulse On Time”, e.g., DH5 VBW≥1/3.125ms, VBW=1kHz									

Number of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 1GHz)

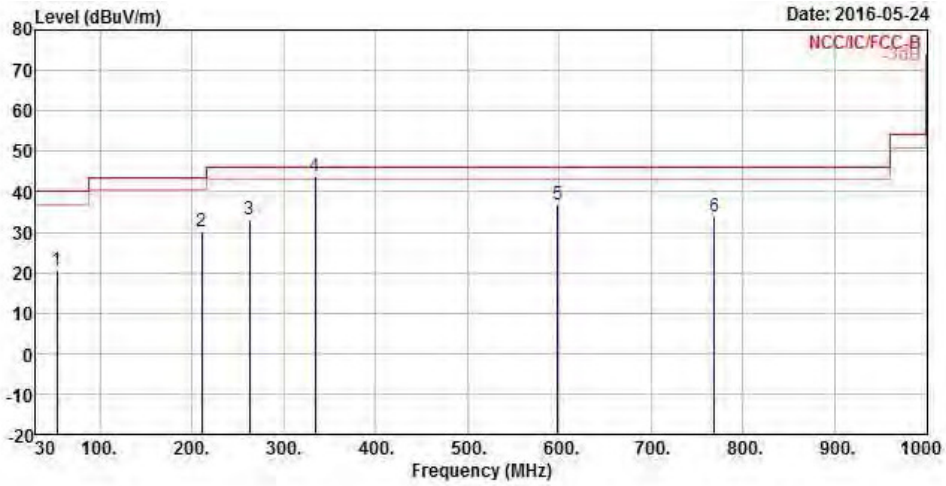
Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 1GHz)			
Operating Mode	1	**Polarization**	V
Operating Function	Pole mount mode		



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	31.94	28.21	-11.79	40.00	41.42	23.85	0.33	37.39	Peak
2	210.42	30.94	-12.56	43.50	51.13	15.39	0.81	36.39	Peak
3	282.20	26.79	-19.21	46.00	43.81	18.44	0.94	36.40	Peak
4	499.48	30.91	-15.09	46.00	43.31	23.29	1.29	36.98	Peak
5	538.28	32.76	-13.24	46.00	44.75	23.76	1.34	37.09	Peak
6	600.36	40.32	-5.68	46.00	51.57	24.61	1.41	37.27	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)

Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Below 1GHz)			
Operating Mode	1	**Polarization**	H
Operating Function	Pole mount mode		

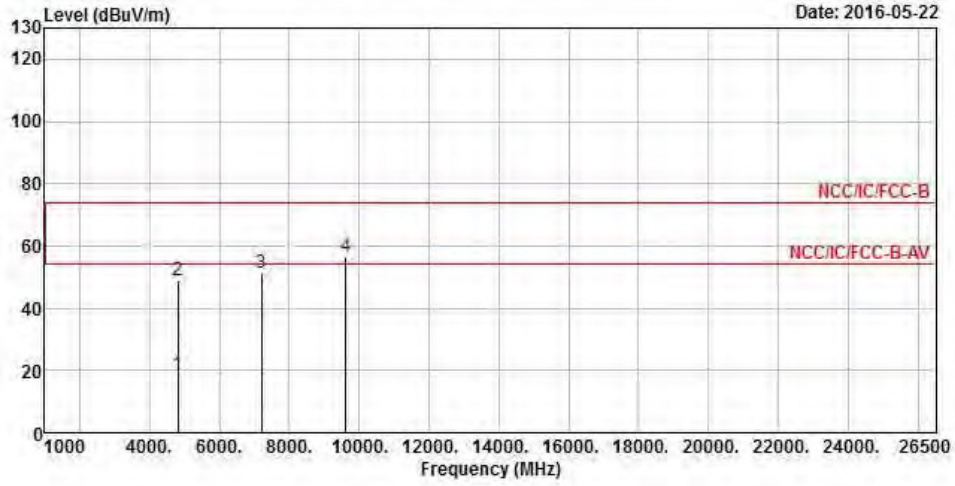


	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	53.28	20.49	-19.51	40.00	44.14	13.08	0.44	37.17	Peak
2	210.42	30.29	-13.21	43.50	50.48	15.39	0.81	36.39	Peak
3	262.80	33.19	-12.81	46.00	49.80	18.89	0.90	36.40	Peak
4	334.58	43.95	-2.05	46.00	59.58	19.84	1.02	36.49	QP
5	598.42	36.88	-9.12	46.00	48.15	24.58	1.41	37.26	Peak
6	769.14	33.81	-12.19	46.00	42.61	27.09	1.63	37.52	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)

Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)

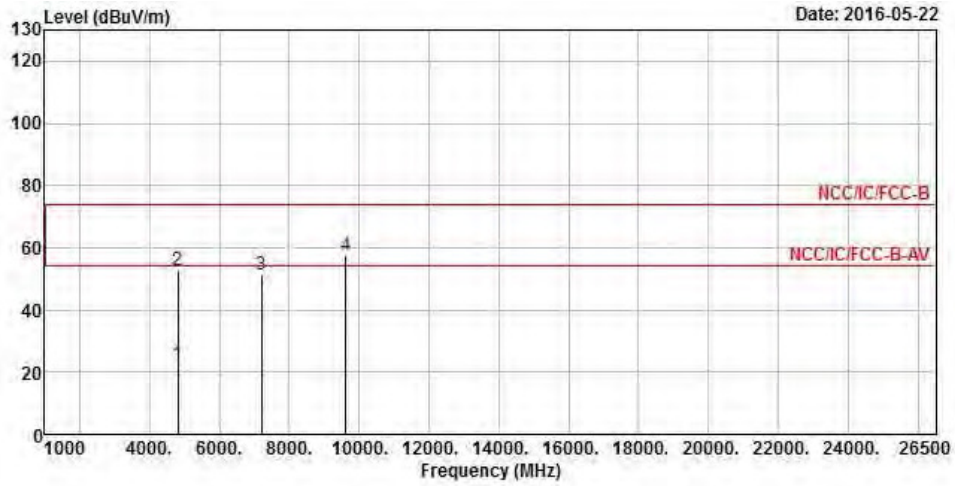
Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2402
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	V



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4804.00	18.65	-35.35	54.00	16.57	31.13	6.11	35.16	Average
2	4804.00	48.75	-25.25	74.00	46.67	31.13	6.11	35.16	Peak
3	7206.00	51.12			43.13	35.84	7.56	35.41	Peak
4	9608.00	56.53			45.07	38.66	8.75	35.95	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (101.78 dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

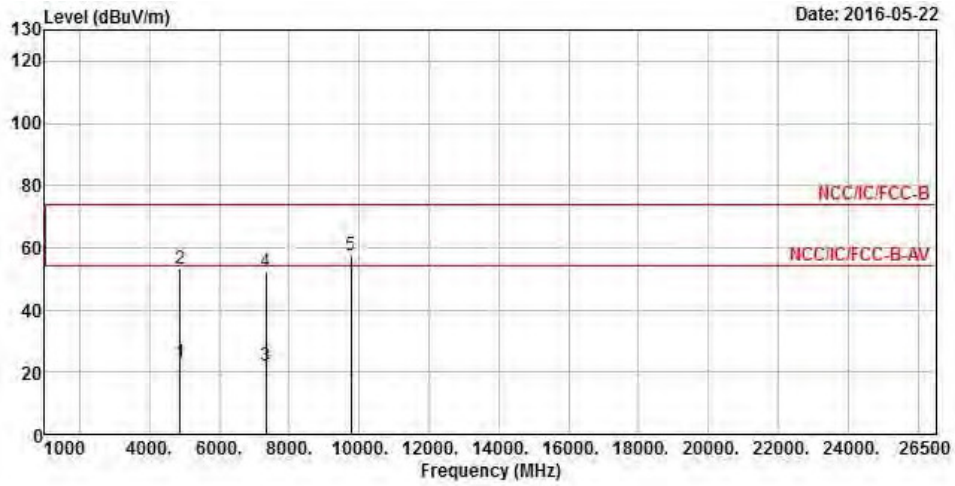
Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2402
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	H



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4804.00	22.49	-31.51	54.00	20.41	31.13	6.11	35.16	Average
2	4804.00	52.59	-21.41	74.00	50.51	31.13	6.11	35.16	Peak
3	7206.00	51.39			43.40	35.84	7.56	35.41	Peak
4	9608.00	57.37			45.91	38.66	8.75	35.95	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (101.78dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

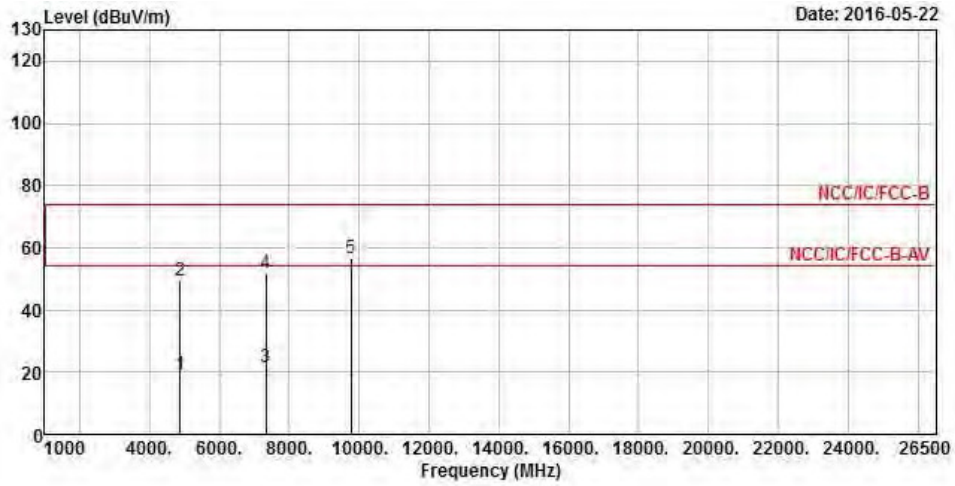
Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2441
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	V



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4882.00	23.08	-30.92	54.00	20.85	31.23	6.15	35.15	Average
2	4882.00	53.18	-20.82	74.00	50.95	31.23	6.15	35.15	Peak
3	7323.00	21.95	-32.05	54.00	13.63	36.14	7.60	35.42	Average
4	7323.00	52.05	-21.95	74.00	43.73	36.14	7.60	35.42	Peak
5	9764.00	57.79			46.05	38.76	8.94	35.96	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (102.45 dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

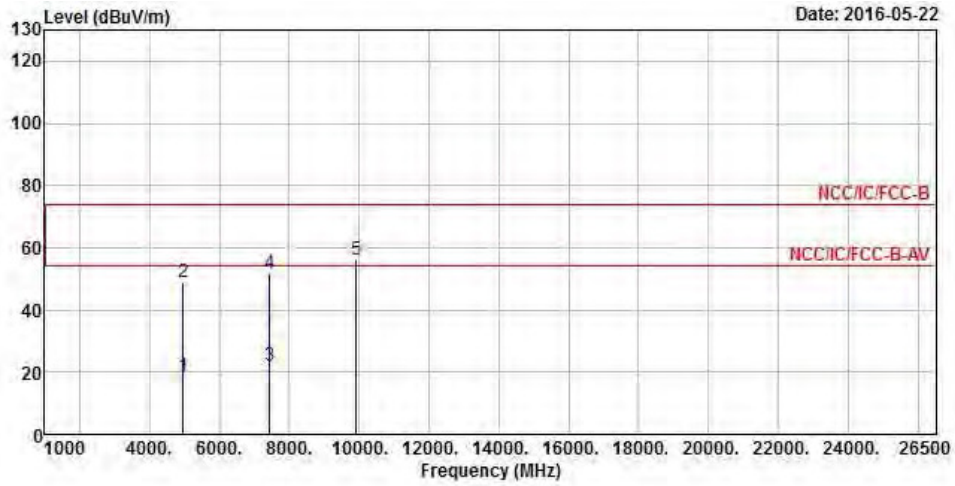
Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2441
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	H



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4882.00	19.11	-34.89	54.00	16.88	31.23	6.15	35.15	Average
2	4882.00	49.21	-24.79	74.00	46.98	31.23	6.15	35.15	Peak
3	7323.00	21.74	-32.26	54.00	13.42	36.14	7.60	35.42	Average
4	7323.00	51.84	-22.16	74.00	43.52	36.14	7.60	35.42	Peak
5	9764.00	56.84			45.10	38.76	8.94	35.96	Peak

Note 1: ">20dB" means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: "N/F" means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (102.45 dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

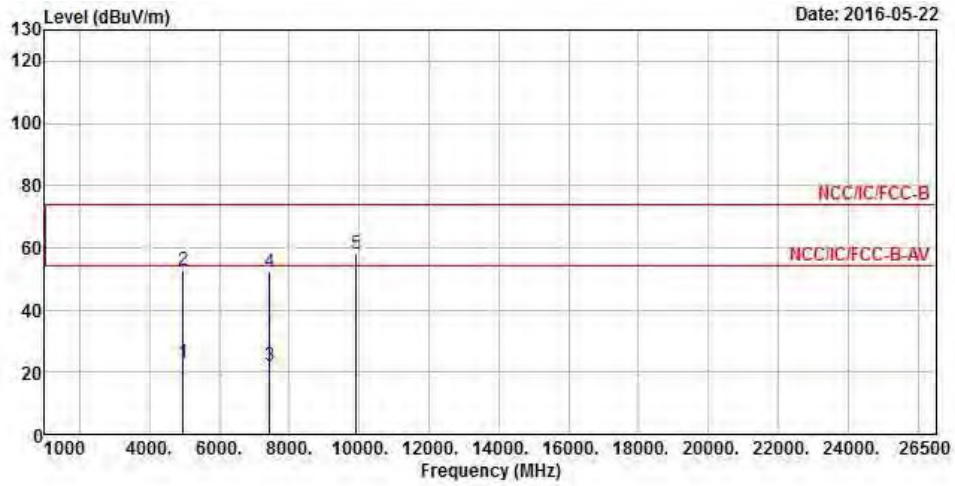
Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2480
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	V



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4960.00	18.87	-35.13	54.00	16.49	31.34	6.19	35.15	Average
2	4960.00	48.97	-25.03	74.00	46.59	31.34	6.19	35.15	Peak
3	7440.00	21.86	-32.14	54.00	13.21	36.44	7.64	35.43	Average
4	7440.00	51.96	-22.04	74.00	43.31	36.44	7.64	35.43	Peak
5	9920.00	56.08			44.06	38.85	9.13	35.96	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least **20** dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (98.46 dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

Transmitter Radiated Unwanted Emissions (Above 1GHz)			
Modulation Mode	EDR-2Mbps	**Test Freq. (MHz)**	2480
Operating Function	Transmit	**Polarization**	H



	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	Antenna Factor	Cable Loss	Preamp Factor	Remark
	MHz	dBuV/m	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV	dB/m	dB	dB	
1	4960.00	22.89	-31.11	54.00	20.51	31.34	6.19	35.15	Average
2	4960.00	52.99	-21.01	74.00	50.61	31.34	6.19	35.15	Peak
3	7440.00	22.19	-31.81	54.00	13.54	36.44	7.64	35.43	Average
4	7440.00	52.29	-21.71	74.00	43.64	36.44	7.64	35.43	Peak
5	9920.00	58.00			45.98	38.85	9.13	35.96	Peak

Note 1: “>20dB” means spurious emission levels that exceed the level of 20 dB below the applicable limit.
Note 2: “N/F” means Nothing Found spurious emissions (No spurious emissions were detected.)
Note 3: Measurement receive antenna polarization: H (Horizontal), V (Vertical)
Note 4: For restricted bands, the peak measurement is fully sufficient, as the max field strength as measured with the Peak-Detector meets the AV-Limit so that the AV level does not need to be reported in addition.
Note 5: For un-restricted bands, unwanted emissions shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum measured in-band level (98.46dBuV/m).
Note 6: No level of unwanted emissions exceeds the level of the fundamental emission.

Annex

Declaration for Bluetooth Device acc to Part 15.247

1 Output power and channel separation of a Bluetooth device in the different operating modes:

The different operating modes (data-mode, acquisition-mode) of a Bluetooth device has no influence on the output power and the channel spacing. There is only one transmitter which is driven by identical input parameters concerning these two parameters.
Only a different hopping sequence will be used. For this reason the check of these RF parameters in one op-mode is sufficient.

2 Frequency range of a Bluetooth device:

Hereby we declare that the maximum frequency of this device is: 2402 – 2480 MHz. This is according to the Bluetooth Core Specification (+ critical errata) for devices which will be operated in the USA.
This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/04-E). Other frequency ranges (e.g. for Spain, France, Japan) which are allowed according the Core Specification are not supported by this device.

3 Co-ordination of the hopping sequence in data mode to avoid simultaneous occupancy by multiple transmitters:

Bluetooth units which want to communicate with other units must be organised in a structure called piconet. This piconet consist of max. 8 Bluetooth units. One unit is the master the other seven are the slaves. The master co-ordinates frequency occupation in this piconet for all units. As the master hop sequence is derived from its BD address which is unique for each Bluetooth device, additional masters intending to establish new piconets will always use different hop sequences.

4 Example of a hopping sequence in data mode:

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:
40, 21, 44, 23, 42, 53, 46, 55, 48, 33, 52, 35, 50, 65, 54, 67,
56, 37, 60, 39, 58, 69, 62, 71, 64, 25, 68, 27, 66, 57, 70, 59,
72, 29, 76, 31, 74, 61, 78, 63, 01, 41, 05, 43, 03, 73, 07, 75,
09, 45, 13, 47, 11, 77, 15, 00, 64, 49, 66, 53, 68, 02, 70, 06,
01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

5 Equally average use of frequencies in data mode and behaviour for short transmissions:

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:
1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection
2. Internal master clock

The LAP (lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP (upper address part) are the 24 MSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS.

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For synchronisation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5 µs. The clock has a cycle of about one day (23h30). In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire
LAP (24 bits), 4 LSB's (4 bits) (Input 1) and the 27 MSB's of the clock (Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures (permutations, additions, XOR- operations) are performed to generate the sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following behaviour:
The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.
The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact that the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer (and it cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock (312.5 µs). The hopping sequence will always differ from the first one.

6 Receiver input bandwidth and behaviour for repeated single or multiple packets:

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1 MHz. In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is the slave. The master determines the hopping sequence (see chapter 5). The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master.
Additionally the type of connection (e.g. single or multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.
Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

7 Dwell time in data mode

The dwell time of 0.3797s within a 30 second period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 30 second period is a follows:

Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels *30s

Example for a DH1 packet (with a maximum length of one time slot) Dwell time = 625 µs * 1600 1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s (in a 30s period)

For multislot packet the hopping is reduced according to the length of the packet. Example for a DH5 packet (with a maximum length of five time slots)
Dwell time = 5 * 625 µs * 1600 * 1/5 *1/s / 79 * 30s = 0.3797s (in a 30s period). This is according the Bluetooth Core Specification V 1.0B (+ critical errata) for all Bluetooth devices. Therefor all Bluetooth devices **comply** with the FCC dwell time requirement in data mode. This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests. The Dwell time in hybrid mode is measured and stated in the test report.

8 Channel Separation in hybrid mode

The nominal channel spacing of the Bluetooth system is 1Mhz independent of the operating mode.
The maximum “initial carrier frequency tolerance” which is allowed for Bluetooth is fcenter = 75 kHz.
This was checked during the Bluetooth Qualification tests (Test Case: TRM/CA/07-E) for three frequencies (2402, 2441, 2480 MHz).
Additionally an example for the channel separation is given in the test report

9 Derivation and examples for a hopping sequence in hybrid mode

For the generation of the inquiry and page hop sequences the same procedures as described for the data mode are used (see chapter 5), but this time with different input vectors:

- For the inquiry hop sequence, a predefined fixed address is always used. This results in the same 32 frequencies used by all devices doing an inquiry but every time with a different start frequency and phase in this sequence.
- For the page hop sequence, the device address of the paged unit is used as input vector. This results in the use of a subset of 32 frequencies which is specific for that initial state of the connection establishment between the two units. A page to different devices would result in a different subset of 32 frequencies.

So it is ensured that also in hybrid mode the frequency use equally averaged.

Example of a hopping sequence in inquiry mode:
48, 50, 09, 13, 52, 54,41, 45, 56, 58, 11, 15, 60, 62, 43, 47, 00, 02, 64, 68, 04, 06, 17, 21, 08, 10, 66, 70, 12, 14, 19, 23

Example of a hopping sequence in paging mode:
08, 57, 68, 70, 51, 02, 42, 40, 04, 61, 44, 46, 63, 14, 50, 48, 16, 65, 52, 54, 67, 18, 58, 56, 20, 53, 60, 62, 55, 06, 66, 64

10 Receiver input bandwidth and synchronisation in hybrid mode:

The receiver input bandwidth is the same as in the data mode (1 MHz). When two Bluetooth devices establish contact for the first time, one device sends an inquiry access code, the other device is scanning for this inquiry access code. If two devices have been connected previously and want to start a new transmission, a similar procedure takes place. The only difference is, instead of the inquiry access code, an special access code, derived from the BD_ADDRESS of the paged device will be, will be sent by the master of this connection.
Due to the fact that both units have been connected before (in the inquiry procedure) the paging unit has timing and frequency information about the page scan of the paged unit. For this reason the time to establish the connection is reduced considerable.

11 Spread rate / data rate of the direct sequence signal

The Spread rate / Data rate in inquiry and paging mode can be defined via the access code. The access code is the only criterion for the system to check if there is a valid transmission or not. If you regard the presence of a valid access code as one bit of information, and compare it with the length of the access code of 68 bits, the Spread rate
/ Data rate will be 68/1.

12 Spurious emission in hybrid mode

The dwell time in hybrid mode is shorter than in data mode. For this reason the spurious emissions average level in data mode is worst case. The spurious emissions peak level is the same for both modes.

13 Peak power spectral density measurement

Since the transmitter is only active for some milliseconds on one channel you would get a result with many interruptions if using a sweep time of e.g. 1s as stated in the FCC rules. Therefore a fast sweep in maxhold function is used instead and the EUT is activated several times until the measurement curve has stabilized.