

FCC RF Exposure Requirements

General information:

FCC ID: OGE-QTIMIDSHBMC DT

Device category: Mobile per Part 2.1091

Environment: Controlled Exposure

Mobile devices that operate under Part 90 of this chapter are subject to routine environmental evaluation for RF exposure prior to equipment authorization or use if they operate at frequencies of 1.5 GHz or below and their effective radiated power (ERP) is 1.5 watts or more. However, compliance with the power density limits of 1.1310 is not required.

Antenna:

The manufacturer does not specify an antenna. A typical antenna for this type of radio in mobile service would be 0 to 2 dBi.

This device has provisions for operation in a vehicle, or a fixed location.

Configuration	Antenna p/n	Type	Max. Gain (dBi)
mobile	any	Omni	2

Operating configuration and exposure conditions:

The conducted output power is 2 Watts. Typical use qualifies for a maximum duty cycle factor of 50%. The manufacturer markets this device where the use should be classed as general exposure use.

- Part 2.1091 states that devices are excluded from routine evaluation if the EIRP is less than 2.46Watt (or 1.5WERP).

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MPE Calculation:

The minimum separation distance is calculated as follows:

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \text{Power density: } P_d(mW/cm^2) = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

The limit for a general population uncontrolled exposure environment below 300 MHz is 0.2 mW/cm².

Channel frequency: 162-174 MHz
 The conducted power output is 2 watt.
 Antenna gain was taken as 2 dBi
 50% talk time in 30 minutes

W := 2 power in Watts D := 1 Duty Factor in decimal % (1=100%)
 peak - antenna gain 1 for FM
 E := 15 exposure time in minutes
 U := 30 (use 6 for controlled and 30 for uncontrolled)

$$W_{exp} := W \cdot D \cdot \left(\frac{E}{U} \right)$$

$$PC := \left(\frac{E}{U} \right) \cdot 100$$

$$W_{exp} = 1 \text{ Watts}$$

$$PC = 50 \text{ % on time}$$

$$Po := 1000 \text{ mWatts}$$

$$f := 300 \text{ Frequency in MHz}$$

$$dBd := -0.15 \text{ antenna gain in dBd}$$

$$G1 := dBd + 2.15 \text{ gain in dBi}$$

$$S := \frac{f}{1500} \text{ power density limit for uncontrolled exposure}$$

$$G1 = 2 \text{ dBi}$$

$$CL := 0 \text{ dB coax loss}$$

$$S = 0.2 \text{ 47 CFR 1.1310}$$

$$G := G1 - CL$$

$$Gn := 10^{\frac{G}{10}} \text{ gain numeric}$$

$$Gn = 1.585$$

$$R := \sqrt{\frac{(Po \cdot Gn)}{(4 \cdot \pi \cdot S)}}$$

$$R = 25.112 \text{ distance in centimeters required for compliance}$$

$$\text{inches} := \frac{R}{2.54}$$

$$\text{inches} = 9.887$$

Conclusion:

The device complies with the MPE requirements by providing a safe separation distance of 25 cm between the antenna, including any radiating structure, and any persons when normally operated .

Proposed RF exposure safety information to include in User's Manual:

“FCC RF Exposure Requirements:

CAUTION:

The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. This device is approved with emissions having a source-based time-averaging duty factor not exceeding 50%.