



CW-720

720P Wireless 150Mbps IPCAM

User's Manual



[www.airlive.com](http://www.airlive.com)



## Copyright & Disclaimer

No part of this publication may be reproduced in any form or by any means, whether electronic, mechanical, photocopying, or recording without the written consent of OvisLink Corp.

OvisLink Corp. has made the best effort to ensure the accuracy of the information in this user's guide. However, we are not liable for the inaccuracies or errors in this guide. Please use with caution. All information is subject to change without notice

All Trademarks are properties of their respective holders.



## FCC Statement

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### FCC Caution

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. For product available in the USA/Canada market, only channel 1~11 can be operated. Selection of other channels is not possible.

### FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The antennas used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device and its antenna(s) must not be co-located or operation in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

### IMPORTANT NOTE

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.



© 2009 OvisLink Corporation, All Rights Reserved

# Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction</b> .....	<b>1</b>
1.1 Overview .....	1
1.2 Features.....	1
1.3 System Requirements .....	2
1.4 Package Contents.....	2
1.5 Physical Description.....	3
1.5.1 Front View .....	3
1.5.2 Bottom View .....	4
1.6 Hardware Installation.....	5
<b>2. Getting Started</b> .....	<b>7</b>
2.1 IP Wizard .....	8
2.1.1 View .....	9
2.1.2 LAN .....	9
2.1.3 Wireless .....	12
2.2 UPnP for Windows.....	15
2.3 Install the IP Camera behind NAT router.....	15
2.4 Configure IP Camera via Web UI.....	16
2.4.1 Login as User .....	18
2.4.2 Login as Administrator.....	18
<b>3. Configure the Camera</b> .....	<b>19</b>
<b>4. Monitor the Image Section</b> .....	<b>22</b>
4.1 Monitor the Image Section .....	22
4.2 Configure via Web UI .....	23
4.2.1 Network.....	23
4.2.2 Wireless .....	24
4.2.3 IPv6 .....	28
4.2.4 HTTPS .....	28
4.2.5 DDNS .....	29
4.2.6 PPPoE .....	31
4.2.7 Streaming.....	32
4.2.8 UPnP.....	33
4.2.9 Bonjour .....	34
4.2.10 ONVIF .....	35
4.2.11 IP Filter.....	36
4.2.12 IP Notification.....	37
4.3 Camera – Adjust Camera Parameters .....	39
4.3.1 Picture.....	39

4.3.2	Privacy Mask .....	41
4.4	System – Configure and Maintain .....	42
4.4.1	System .....	42
4.4.2	Date & Time .....	44
4.4.3	Maintenance .....	45
4.5	Video – Configure Profile.....	47
4.5.1	Common .....	48
4.5.2	Video Profile .....	49
4.5.3	ROI .....	51
4.6	Audio – Audio Parameters .....	52
4.7	Manage User Name, Password and Login Privilege .....	53
4.8	E-mail .....	53
4.9	Object Detection.....	55
4.10	Storage – Status and Configuration of SD card .....	56
4.10.1	SD Card.....	56
4.10.2	SAMBA Server .....	57
4.11	Continuous Recording .....	58
4.12	Recording List- Files List inside SD Card .....	59
4.12.1	Recording List.....	59
4.12.2	Continuous Recording List .....	59
4.13	Event Server.....	60
4.13.1	FTP Sever .....	60
4.13.2	TCP Sever.....	61
4.13.3	HTTP Sever .....	61
4.13.4	SAMBA Sever .....	63
4.14	Event Schedule- Configure the event schedule .....	64
4.14.1	Setting .....	64
4.14.2	Record.....	68
<b>5.</b>	<b>Troubleshooting &amp; FAQ .....</b>	<b>69</b>
5.1	Monitor the Image Section .....	69
5.2	PING .....	74
5.3	Bandwidth Estimation .....	75
5.4	Specification Table.....	76
5.5	Configure Port Forwarding Manually .....	79
5.6	DDNS.....	82
5.7	Power Line Frequency.....	88
5.8	3GPP Table .....	89
5.9	UPnP.....	90

# 1

## Introduction



### 1.1 Overview

This camera is an inexpensive and fully scalable surveillance device. Because the Network Cameras can be plugged into your existing local area network (LAN), you will potentially save thousands of dollars from unnecessary cabling.

The device is accessible via the LAN or Internet connection. Connect your device directly to a local area network or xDSL modem, and with Microsoft® Internet Explorer, you get instant, on demand video streams. Within minutes you can set up the device to capture a video sequence to a PC. The live video can be uploaded to a website for the world to see.

### 1.2 Features

- Easy installation with setup wizard (IP Wizard II)
- UPnP device discovery and NAT router transversal for easy installation
- Dynamic IP Service, DIPS®, to search your IP camera from Internet easily
- H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG triple compression simultaneously
- 1.3 Mega-pixel resolution
- Up to 8-profile encoder simultaneously

- 1.3 Mega-pixel or 720P mode selectable
- Up to 30 fps for 720P mode
- Up to 30 fps for 1.3 Mega-pixel mode
- UDP / TCP / HTTP protocols selectable
- IEEE 802.11n wireless LAN (WLAN model)
- WEP/WPA/WPA2-PSK wireless security (WLAN model)
- 3GPP for 3G mobile remote application
- Digital zoom
- Built-in microphone
- Audio line out
- Two-way audio
- Micro SD Card Slot for Local Storage
- Continuous Recording to Micro SD Card and SAMBA Server
- Support P2P Function
- Intelligent motion detection up to 10 zones
- Go to preset once motion triggered
- Image transmission using an FTP or e-mail for event
- DDNS and PPPoE
- Multi-channel control software for surveillance application
- On-line firmware upgrade

### 1.3 System Requirements

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or later
- Microsoft Media Player 11.0 or later (to playback recorded file)
- VGA Monitor resolution 1280 x 1024 or higher
- Pentium-4 3.6 GHz or higher
- Memory Size: 1GB or more
- Windows XP, Vista, 7

### 1.4 Package Contents

A user can find the following items in the package:

- **This camera** is the main element of the product.
- **Camera Stand** with screws
- **Detachable WLAN antenna**
- **Power adapter** dedicates 12V DC electric power output to Network Camera.
- **User's manual CD** provides important information and instructions for operating the Network Camera.

- **Quick start guide** provides important information and instructions for installing this device.

If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.

**Note:** Using a power supply with a different voltage than the one included with the Network Camera will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

## 1.5 Physical Description

### 1.5.1 Front View



#### 1. **Lens & Focus Ring**

A user could use this ring to adjust focus manually.

#### 2. **Microphone**

The Camera has an built-in internal microphone. This microphone is hidden in the pinhole located on the front panel.

#### 3. **Micro SD Card Slot**

A user can insert a micro SD card into this slot for event or continuous recording.



## 1.5.2 Bottom View



### 1. Audio Output Jack

Audio-out Jack allows this device to output audio or alerting sound.

### 2. DC Power Jack

The input power is 12VDC.

**Note:** Supply the power to the Camera with the power adapter included in package. Otherwise, the improper power adapter may damage the unit and result in danger.

### 3. Antenna

A user can attach the included antenna to antenna connector (RP-SMA)

### 4. Factory Default Reset

This button is hidden in the pinhole. This button is used to restore the all factory default settings. Sometimes restarting the camera will make the system back to a normal state. If the system still got problems after restart, a user can restore the factory default settings and install it again. To restore the device, please follow the steps below:

- (1) Insert the paper clip or other tool and press and hold the button down continuously.
- (2) Hold it at least 5 seconds and release the tool. Then, the device has been restored to default settings and reboot again.

**Note:** Restoring the factory default setting will lose all previous settings included IP address forever. A user needs to run the IPWizard II program to search the device and configure it to let the device work properly again.

#### 5. LAN Socket

The LAN socket is a RJ-45 connector for connections to 10Base-T Ethernet or 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet cabling. This Ethernet port built N-Way protocol can detect or negotiate the transmission speed of the network automatically. Please use Category 5 cable to connect the Network Camera to a 100Mbps Fast Ethernet network switch or hub.

#### 6. LAN LED (green color)

This LED will be flashing while network accessing via Ethernet.

#### 7. Power / Wireless LED (orange color)

This LED is used to indicate whether DC power is on or not. In addition, this LED will be flashing while the wireless accessing of the Camera.

## 1.6 Hardware Installation

1. Attach the Camera with the included stand
2. Place the Camera on the table or fix it onto ceiling or wall

Use three screws to fix the Network Camera onto the ceiling or wall. You could also put the Network Camera on the table directly.



### 3. Plug an Ethernet cable into the Camera

Connect an Ethernet cable to the LAN socket located on the Network Camera's bottom and attach it to the network.



### 4. Connect the external power supply to the DC power jack of the Network Camera.

**Note:** Use the power adapter, 12VDC, included in the package and connect it to wall outlet for AC power.

# 2

## Getting Started

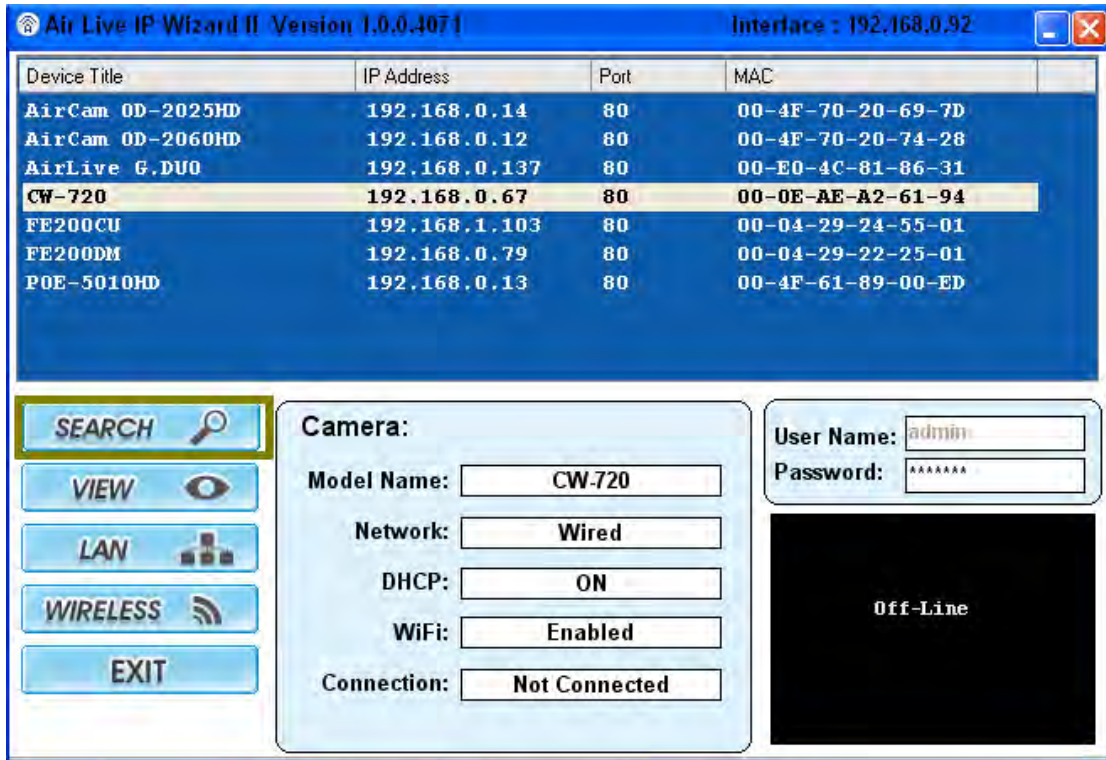


Once you have installed the Network Camera well and powered it on, the network accessing type LED will turn on. It means the system is booting up successfully. Furthermore, if you have a proper network connection, and access to the Network Camera, the LED will flash green under wired mode or orange under wireless mode.

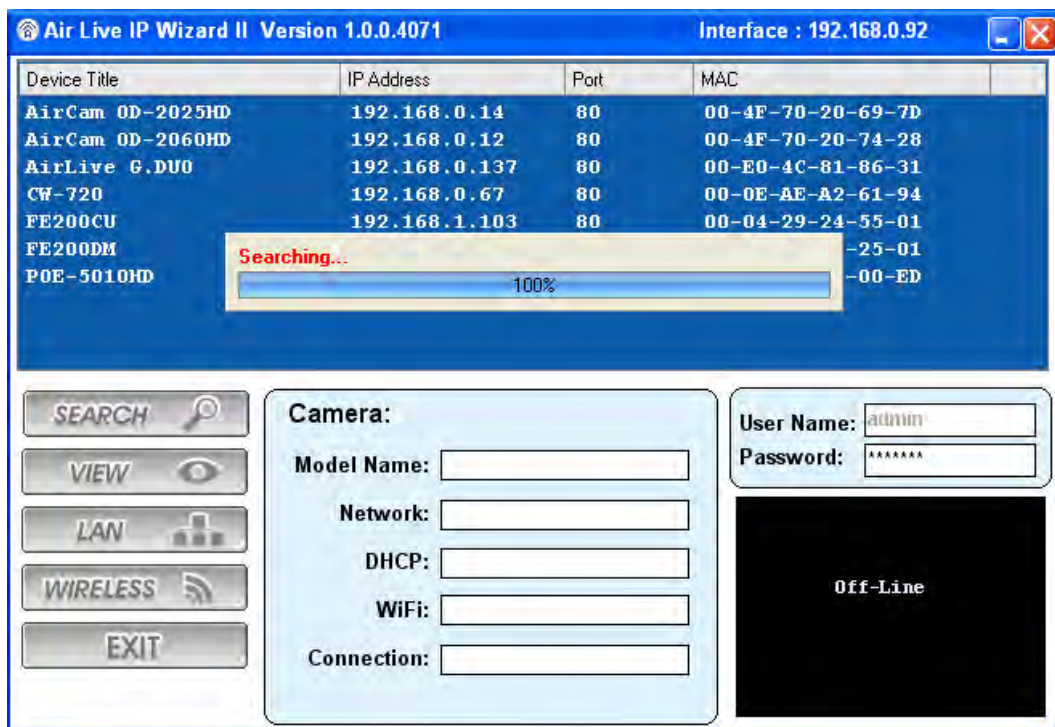
When you install the Camera on a LAN environment, you have two easy ways to search your Cameras by IPWizard II or UPnP™ discovery.

## 2.1 IP Wizard

Here is the way to execute IPWizard II to discover Camera's IP address and set up related parameter in a Camera.

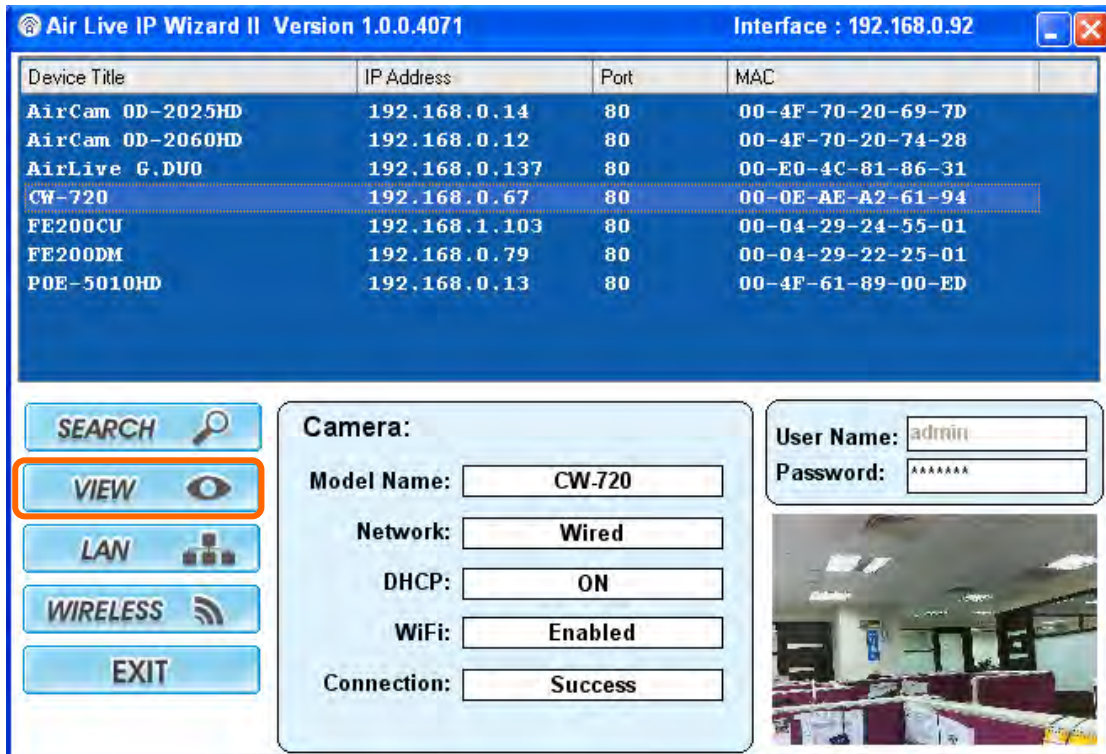


When launch the IPWizard II, a searching window will pop up. IPWizard II is starting to search Network Cameras on the LAN. The existed devices will be listed as below.



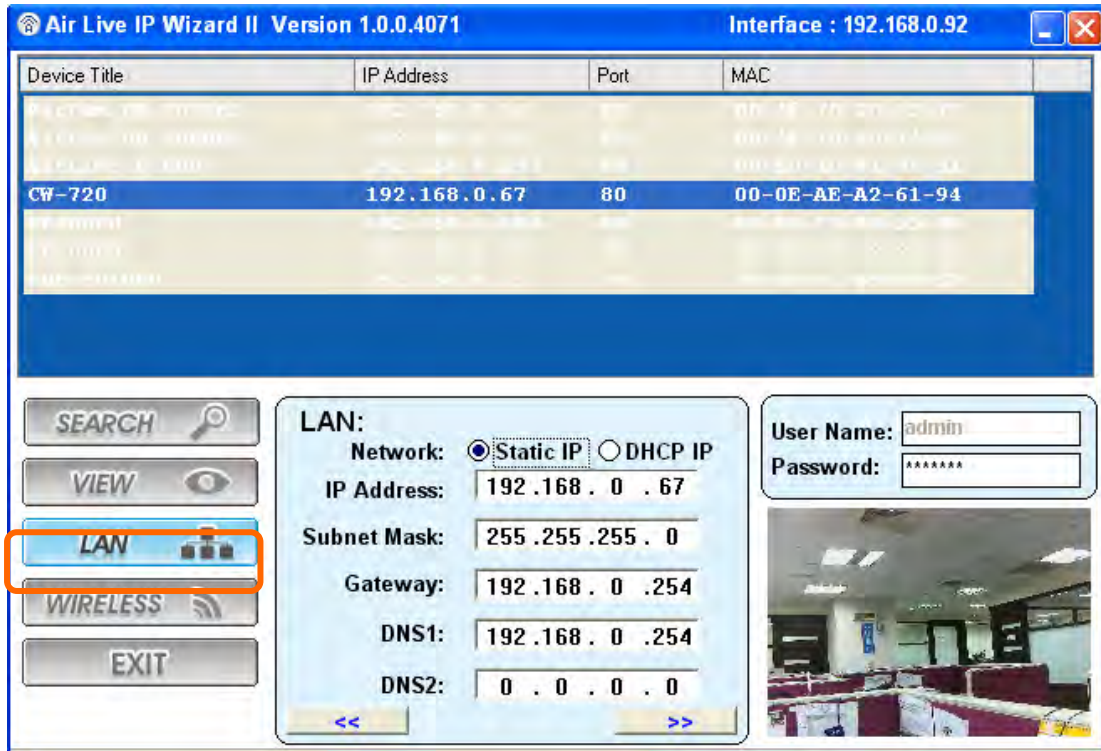
### 2.1.1 View

If IPWizard II finds network devices, **View** button will be available. Please select the device you want to view and click the **View** button. Then you could see the video from camera directly. Furthermore, you could double click the left button of mouse to link to the network device by browser.

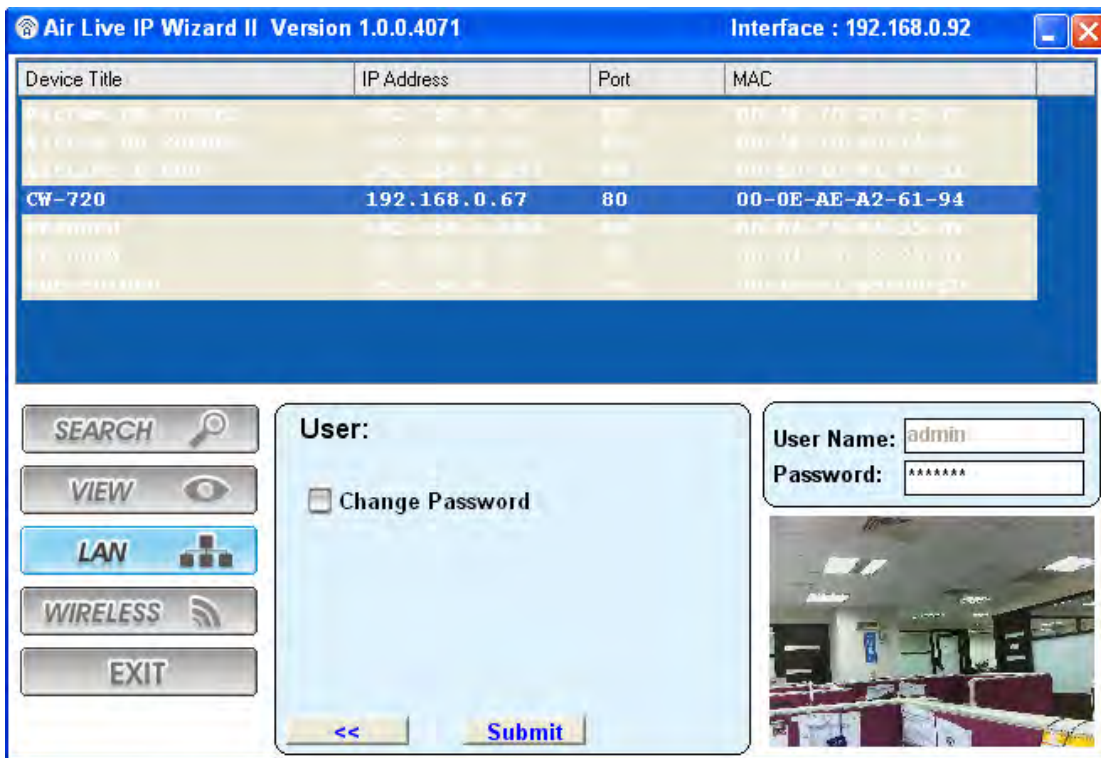


### 2.1.2 LAN

In case you want to change the IP related parameters of wired interface, please select the device you want to configure and click the **LAN** button. Relative settings will be carried out as below.

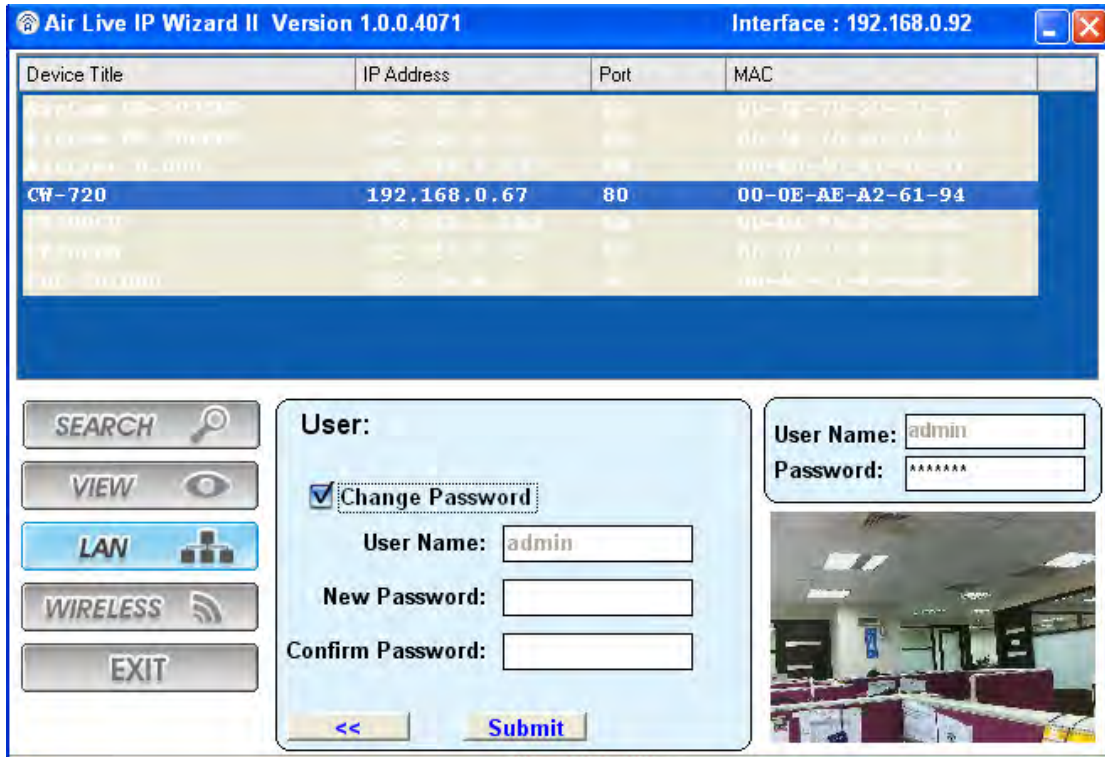


You could modify the relative settings of the selected device. Click “<<” button will quit the LAN setting procedure and click “>>” button will move to next page as below.



If you do not want to change username and/or password, just click “Submit” button to perform your setting accordingly. Click “<<” button will go back to previous page.

If you like to change username and/or password of the device, just click the check button. Then, the related fields will show up as below.



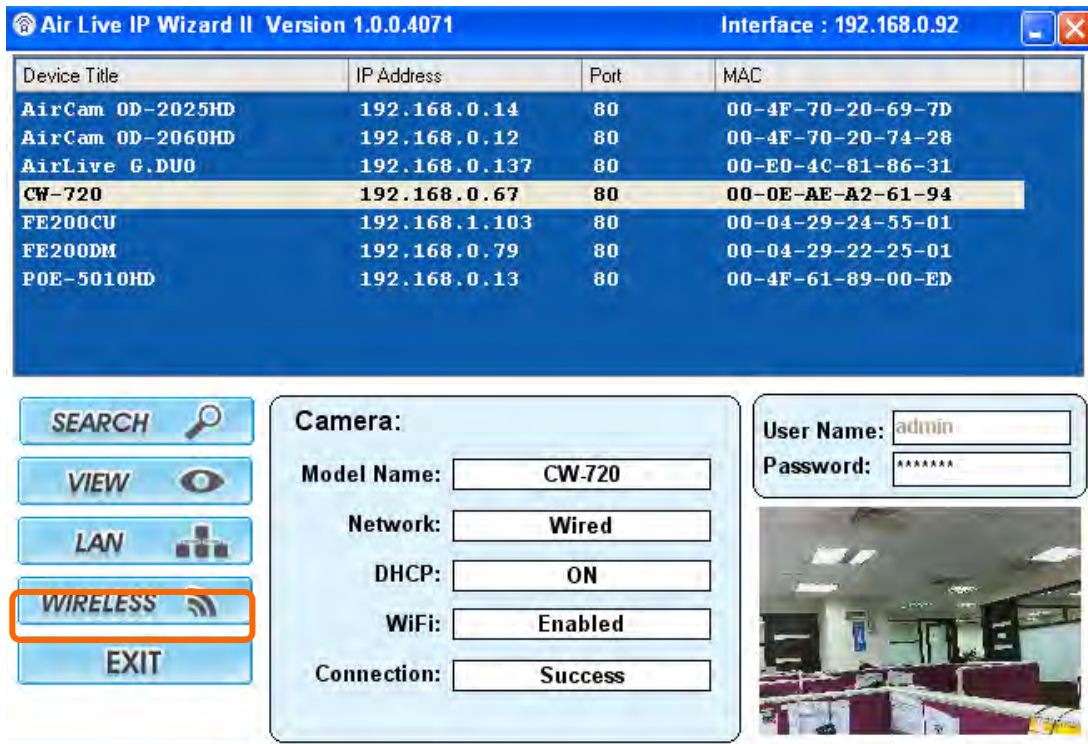
The screenshot shows the 'Air Live IP Wizard II Version 1.0.0.4071' web interface. The top bar indicates the current interface IP is 192.168.0.92. Below the title bar is a table listing network devices. The 'CW-720' device is highlighted, showing its IP address as 192.168.0.67 and MAC address as 00-0E-AE-A2-61-94. On the left side, there are navigation buttons for SEARCH, VIEW, LAN (selected), WIRELESS, and EXIT. The main content area is titled 'User:' and contains a 'Change Password' checkbox which is checked. Below this checkbox are three input fields: 'User Name' (containing 'admin'), 'New Password', and 'Confirm Password'. To the right of these fields are two more input fields: 'User Name' (containing 'admin') and 'Password' (containing seven asterisks). At the bottom of the 'User:' section are two buttons: '<<' and 'Submit'. On the far right, there is a small thumbnail image of a retail store interior.

Device Title	IP Address	Port	MAC
CW-720	192.168.0.67	80	00-0E-AE-A2-61-94

After keying in new username and password, click “**Submit**” button to perform your setting accordingly. Click “<<” button will go back to previous page.







### 2.1.3 Wireless



**Air Live IP Wizard II Version 1.0.0.4071** Interface : 192.168.0.92

Device Title	IP Address	Port	MAC
AirCam OD-2025HD	192.168.0.14	80	00-4F-70-20-69-7D
AirCam OD-2060HD	192.168.0.12	80	00-4F-70-20-74-28
AirLive G.DUO	192.168.0.137	80	00-E0-4C-81-86-31
<b>CW-720</b>	<b>192.168.0.67</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>00-0E-AE-A2-61-94</b>
FE200CU	192.168.1.103	80	00-04-29-24-55-01
FE200DM	192.168.0.79	80	00-04-29-22-25-01
POE-5010HD	192.168.0.13	80	00-4F-61-89-00-ED

**SEARCH**    
**VIEW**    
**LAN**    
**WIRELESS**    
**EXIT**

**Camera:**

Model Name:

Network:

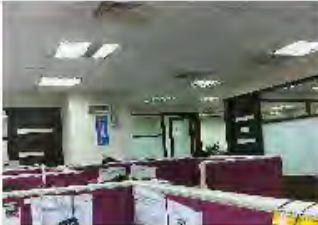
DHCP:

WiFi:

Connection:

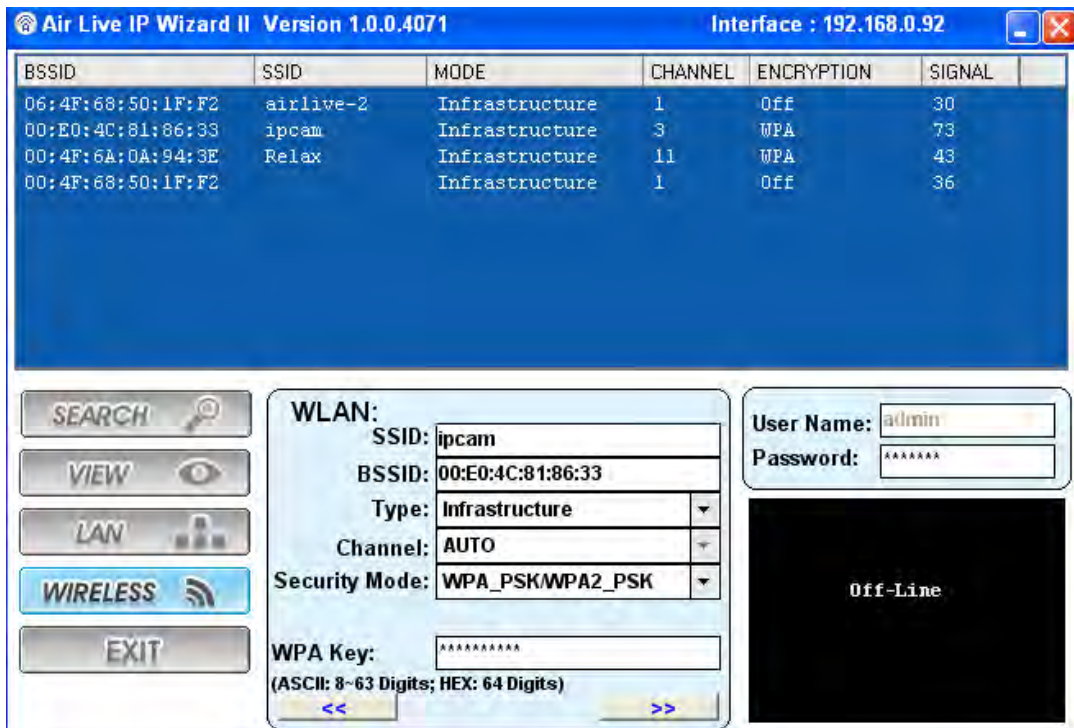
User Name:

Password:







In case you want to change the IP related parameters of wireless interface, please select the device you want to configure and click the **WIRELESS** button. Relative settings will be carried out as above.

Click SSID to select your wireless AP or router and key in WEP or WPA key.



**Air Live IP Wizard II Version 1.0.0.4071** Interface : 192.168.0.92

BSSID	SSID	MODE	CHANNEL	ENCRYPTION	SIGNAL
06:4F:68:50:1F:F2	airlive-2	Infrastructure	1	Off	30
00:E0:4C:81:86:33	ipcam	Infrastructure	3	WPA	73
00:4F:6A:0A:94:3E	Relax	Infrastructure	11	WPA	43
00:4F:68:50:1F:F2		Infrastructure	1	Off	36

**SEARCH**    
**VIEW**    
**LAN**    
**WIRELESS**    
**EXIT**

**WLAN:**

SSID:

BSSID:

Type:

Channel:

Security Mode:

WPA Key:

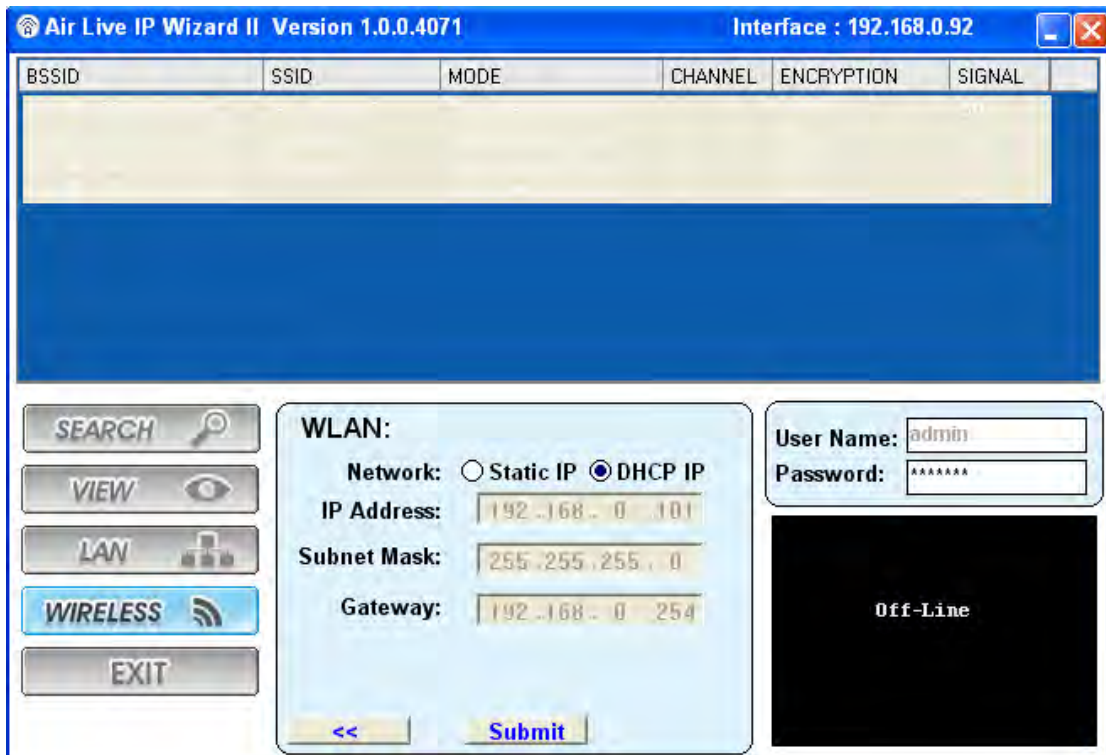
(ASCII: 8-63 Digits; HEX: 64 Digits)

User Name:

Password:

**Off-Line**

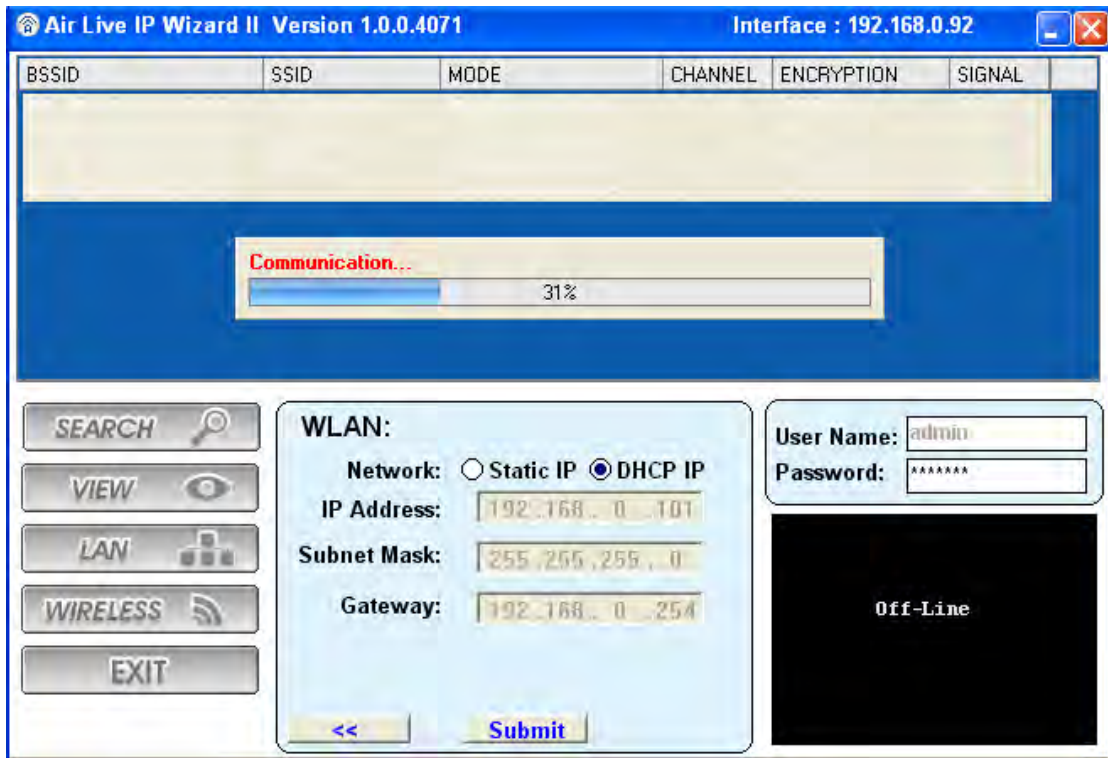
Click >> to next step:



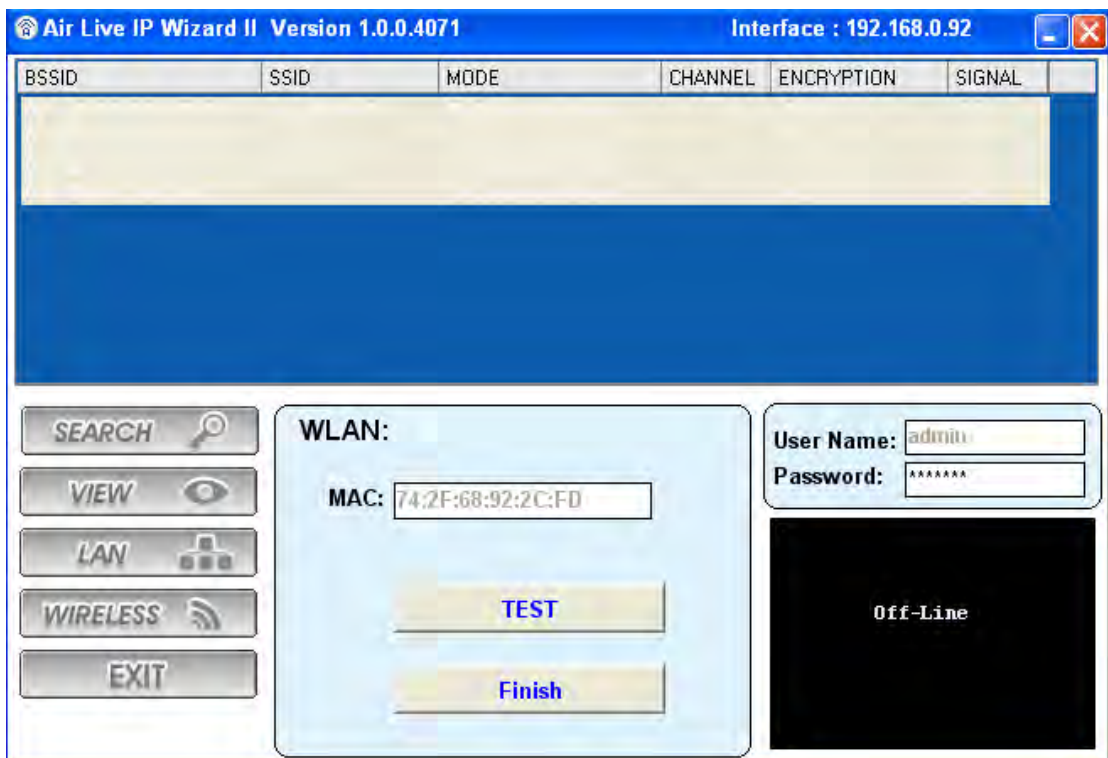
Make sure wireless setting and then submit it.



Click **OK** to confirm these parameters, then IPWizard II will start to configure this camera with specified information.



Once this step finished, IPWizard II will prompt you to unplug the Ethernet cable to activate wireless access. Then IPWizard II will prompt you to test wireless setting or finish wireless procedure as below.



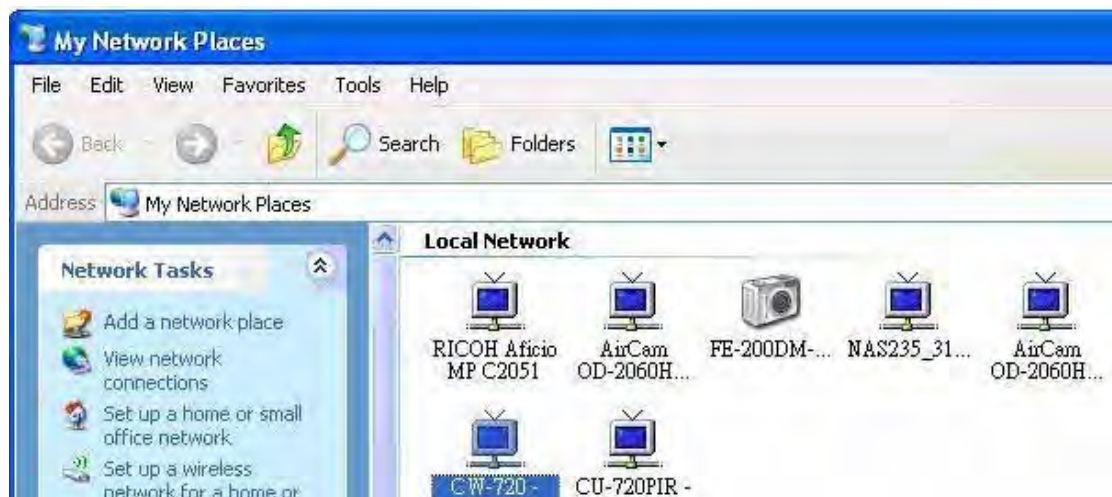
## 2.2 UPnP for Windows

UPnP™ is short for Universal Plug and Play, which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. This device is an UPnP enabled device. If the operating system, Windows XP, Vista or 7, of your PC is UPnP enabled, the Network Camera will be very easy to be found.

Please refer to Chapter 5.9 to enable UPnP settings only if your operating system of PC is running Windows XP.

**Note:** Windows 2000 does not support UPnP feature.

To discover your device, go to your Desktop and click **My Network Places**.



Click the targeted **Device**. Then Internet Explorer will connect to this Network Camera automatically.

## 2.3 Install the IP Camera behind NAT router

Once installed, the device is accessible on your LAN. To access the device from the Internet, you must configure your broadband router to allow incoming data traffic to the device. If the device is installed on the LAN with a router, it may get a dynamic IP address from the DHCP server. If the device wants to be accessed from the WAN, its IP address needs to be setup as fixed IP, also the port forwarding or Virtual Server function of router needs to be setup.

However, if your NAT router supports UPnP feature, it can be very easy to achieve NAT traversal automatically. To do this, enable the NAT-traversal feature, which will attempt to automatically configure the router to allow access to the camera.

Installing the device with an UPnP router on your network is an easy 3-step procedure:

- (1) Enable UPnP option of your NAT router
- (2) Enable UPnP NAT traversal option of the Network Camera (default)
- (3) Access your Network Camera by DIPS

### **(1) Enable UPnP option of your NAT router**

To use UPnP IGD function (NAT traversal), you need to make sure the UPnP function is enabled in your router. Most new home routers should support this function. Some of routers are default enable and others are not. Please check user's manual of your NAT router for detail.

### **(2) Enable UPnP NAT traversal option of the Network Camera**

Refer to **Setting → Network → UPnP** page for detail NAT traversal setting. Note that this option is default enabled.

### **(3) Access your Network Camera by DIPS**

Refer to **Setting → System → System** page for detail DIPS information.

## **2.4 Configure IP Camera via Web UI**

1. Start the web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the Camera you want to monitor as below:



The Login Window of the Camera is prompted:



2. Type in your login name and password under “USERNAME” and “PASSWORD” textbox.

For the first time use (default value), input the

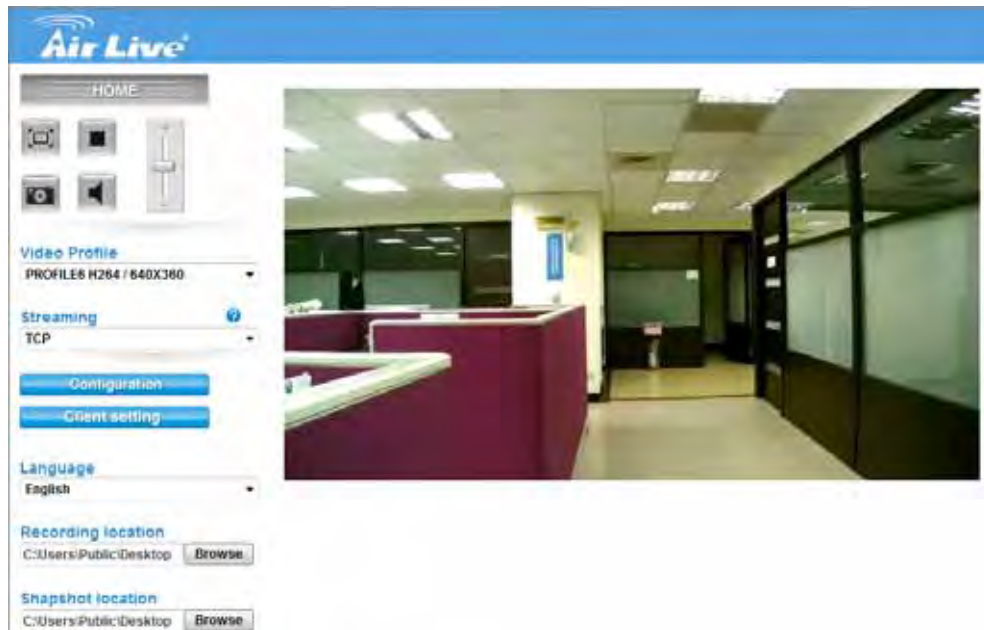
User Name: **admin**

Password: **airlive**

That's, type in “admin” on the “USERNAME” as a default name and “airlive” on the “PASSWORD” as a default password. Click “OK” button to start the main menu.

3. According your browser's security setting, the IE Web Page may prompt the “Security Warning” window. If so, select “Yes” to install and run the ActiveX control into your PC. Otherwise, the system will load the ActiveX silently.

4. After the ActiveX control was installed and ran, the first image will be displayed.



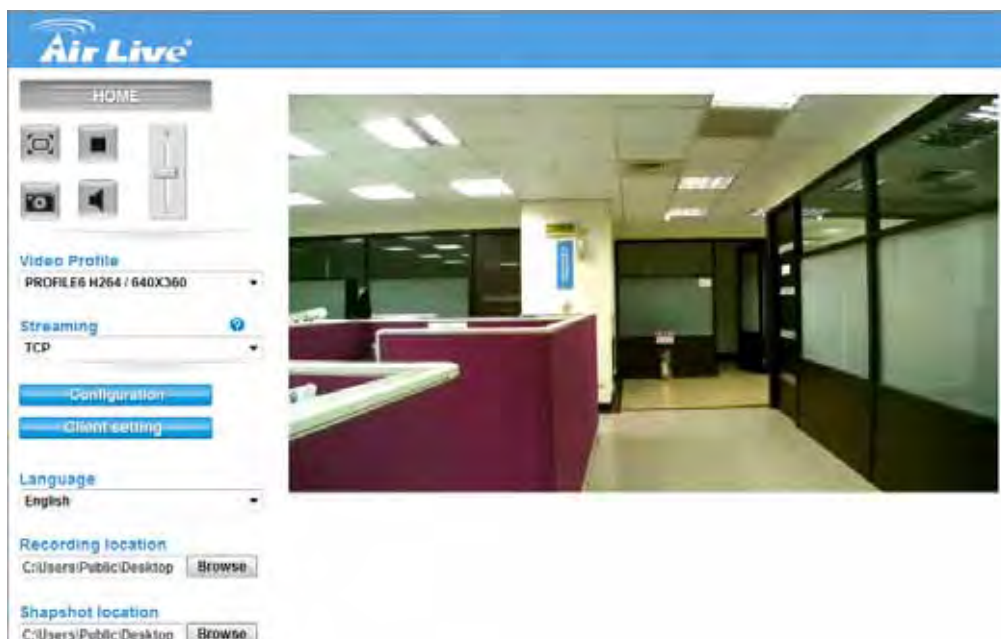
### 2.4.1 Login as User

If you log in the Camera as an ordinary user, “Setting” function will be not accessible.

### 2.4.2 Login as Administrator

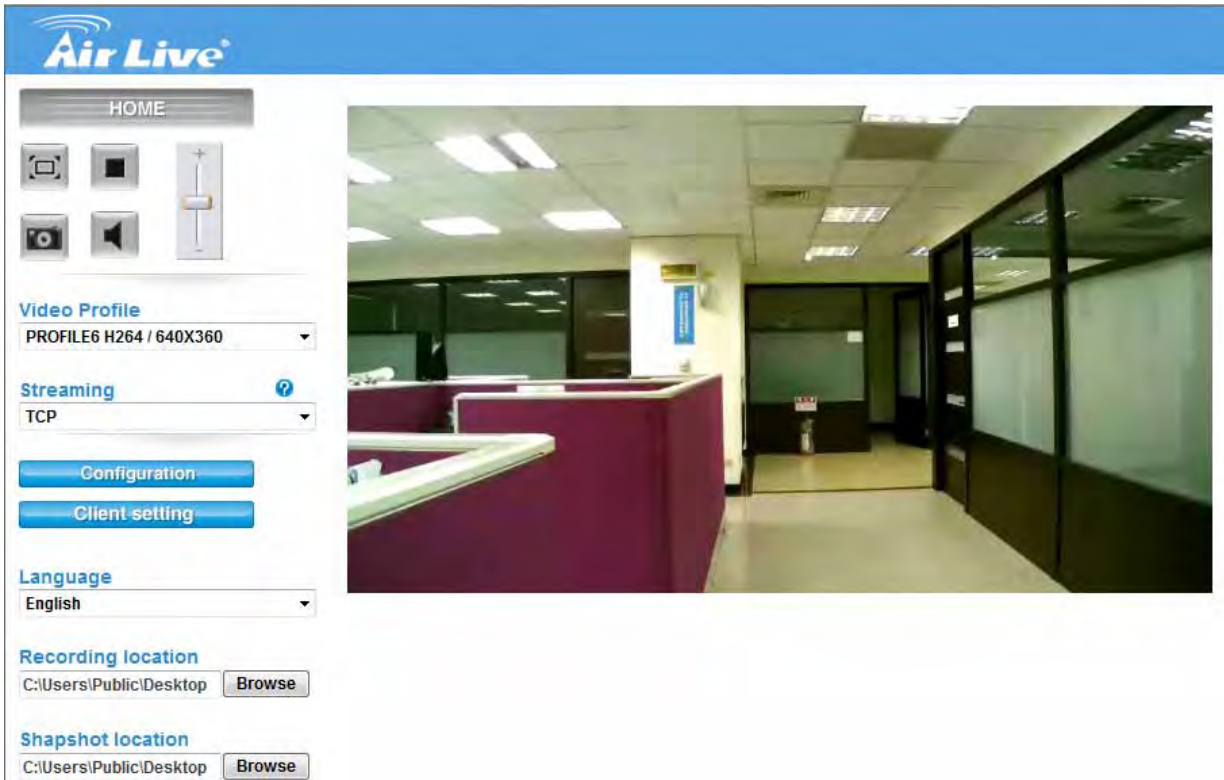
If you log in the Camera as the administrator, you can perform all the settings provided by the device.

Start-up screen will be as follow no matter an ordinary users or an administrator.



# 3

## Configure the Camera



### 1. Monitor the Image Section

The image shot by the device is shown. The date and time are displayed at the top of the window.

### 2. View Profile

The device supports multi-profile function for H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG simultaneously. A user can choose the proper and/or preferred profile which is listed.

### 3. Streaming Protocol

A user can select proper streaming protocol according to networking environment.





## 4. Configuration

Click for configuring the camera settings.

## 5. Language

The device could provide multiple languages to meet customer's requirement.



## 6. Two-Way Audio

The device supports 2-way audio function. A user can choose to enable or disable this function by toggling the icon below.



: Disable audio uploading function.



: Enable audio uploading function.

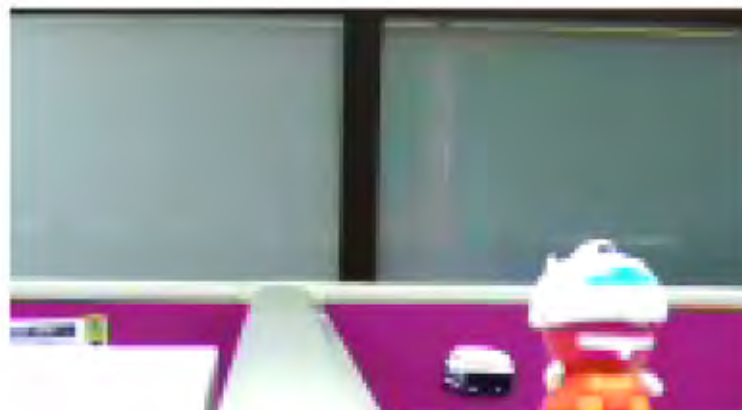
## 7. Full Screen

Enlarge video to full screen display.



: Enlarge video to full screen display. Press "ESC" key to disable this function.

## 8. Digital Zoom



User can drag or scale the box over the video to adjust zoom ratio and position.

## 9. Snapshot



Click **Snapshot** to activate this function. Press **Snapshot** button to take a picture. The image file is saved as JPEG format into your local PC. Select **Browser**, the pop-up window to select the save path and file name prefix, select **OK** to continue.

If you like to retrieve the saved image, select the file to display the saved image by using any one of graph editing tools.

## 10. Record



Click **Record** to activate this function. Press **Record** button to start recording. The video file is saved as ASF format into your local PC. While you want to stop it, press **Stop** to stop recording. Select **Browser**, the pop-up window to select the save path and file name prefix, select **OK** to continue.

After stop recording, list the files, this file is named as Video\_yyyymmddhhmmss.avi

The ASF files can be display by the standard Windows Media Player, but it needs the DirectX 9.0 or later version to be installed.

### Recording location

## 11. Recording Location

Select Recording Location to select the save path and file name prefix, select OK to continue.

### Shapshot location

## 12. Snapshot Location

Select Snapshot Location to select the save path and file name prefix, select OK to continue.

# 4

## Monitor the Image Section

### 4.1 Monitor the Image Section

This function is only available for a user logged into Camera as an administrator.

Click on each menu name to display its setting page.

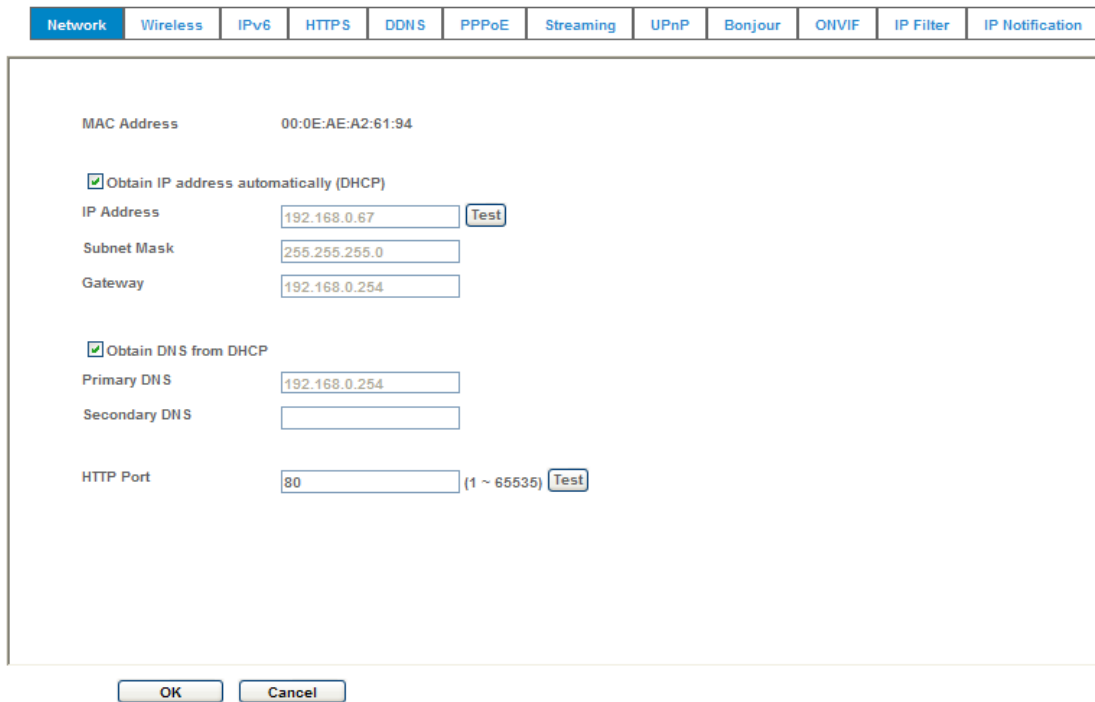
Item	Action
<b>Network</b>	Configure Network settings such as DHCP, DDNS, 3GPP, PPPoE and UPnP
<b>Camera</b>	Adjust camera parameters, position, and set camera tour
<b>System</b>	Configure system information, date & time, maintenance, and view system log file.
<b>Video</b>	Configure bit rate and frame rate of video profiles
<b>Audio</b>	Configure audio parameters
<b>User</b>	Setup user name, password and login privilege
<b>E-Mail</b>	Setup E-Mail configuration
<b>Object Detection</b>	Setup Object detection
<b>Storage</b>	Status and configuration of SD card
<b>Continuous Recording</b>	Configure storage type and path
<b>Recording List</b>	Files list inside the SD Card
<b>Event Server</b>	Setup FTP/TCP/HTTP server for event
<b>Event Schedule</b>	Configure the schedule while event triggered

## 4.2 Configure via Web UI

### 4.2.1 Network

Use this menu to configure the network to connect the device and the clients.

This section provides the menu for connecting the device through Ethernet cable.



Network Wireless IPv6 HTTPS DDNS PPPoE Streaming UPnP Bonjour ONVIF IP Filter IP Notification

MAC Address 00:0E:AE:A2:61:94

Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP)

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Gateway

Obtain DNS from DHCP

Primary DNS

Secondary DNS

HTTP Port  (1 ~ 65535)

#### MAC address:

Displays the Ethernet MAC address of the device. Note that a user can not change it.

#### Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP):

DHCP: Stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network to issue IP address assignment. With this setting, the IP address is assigned automatically. If this device can not get an IP address within limited tries, the device will assign a default IP address, 192.168.1.100, by itself as the default IP address.

#### IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway:

If you do not select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, then you need to enter these network parameters manually.

#### Obtain DNS from DHCP:

DNS: Stands for Domain Name System.

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network and provide DNS service.

**Primary DNS and Secondary DNS:**

If you do not select **Obtain DNS from DHCP**, then you need to enter these parameters manually.

**HTTP Port:**

The device supports two HTTP ports. The first one is default port 80 and this port is fixed. This port is very useful for Intranet usage. The second HTTP port is changeable. Users could assign the second port number of http protocol, and the WAN users should follow the port number to login. If the http port is not assigned as 80, users have to add the port number in back of IP address. For example: <http://192.168.1.100:8080>.

Therefore, the user can access the device by either <http://xx.xx.xx.xx/>, or <http://xx.xx.xx.xx:xxxx/> to access the device.

If multiple devices are installed on the LAN and also required to be accessed from the WAN, then the **HTTP Port** can be assigned as the virtual server port mapping to support multiple devices.

Click "OK" to save and enable the setting.

## 4.2.2 Wireless

If your device is a wireless model, you could assign the related parameters into wireless setting. Using a wired connection ensures greater secrecy while making these settings. These settings should always be made in the camera first and secondly in the wireless access point. This ensures that the device is always accessible when making changes.

**Note** that this function is only available for the model with WLAN capability.

**Setting (Easy Installation):**

Provide a 2-step procedure to configure wireless setting:

**Step 1: Select SSID of wireless router or access point (AP).**

Network | **Wireless** | IPv6 | HTTPS | DDNS | PPPoE | Streaming | UPnP | Bonjour | ONVIF | IP Filter | IP Notification

**Step 1 : Please click the table to choose the SSID!**

Site Survey

MAC Address	SSID	Type	Channel	Encryption	Signal Strength
00:4F:68:50:1F:F2		Infrastructure 1		Off	20
00:4F:68:50:1F:F2	airlive-2	Infrastructure 1		Off	20
00:E0:4C:81:88:33	ipcam	Infrastructure 3		WPA2PSK	53
00:50:18:21:D7:AC	airlive2.4	Infrastructure 11		Off	33
00:4F:6A:0A:94:3E	Relax	Infrastructure 11		WPA2PSK	33

Reload

SSID:

Back Go Step 2

OK Cancel

**Step 2: Key in security key of WEP or WPA. Then click "Submit" button to activate wireless setting.**

Network | **Wireless** | IPv6 | HTTPS | DDNS | PPPoE | Streaming | UPnP | Bonjour | ONVIF | IP Filter | IP Notification

**Step 2 : Please input the authentication information!**

SSID:

Security Mode:  None  WEP  WPA\_PSK/WPA2\_PSK

WPA Mode:

WPA Key:

(ASCII: 8~63 Digits; HEX: 64 Digits)

Go Step 1 Submit

OK Cancel

Network **Wireless** IPv6 HTTPS DDNS PPPoE Streaming UPnP Bonjour ONVIF IP Filter IP Notification

Site Survey

MAC Address	SSID	Type	Channel	Encryption	Signal Strength
00:4F:68:50:1F:F2		Infrastructure 1		Off	23
08:4F:68:50:1F:F2	airlive-2	Infrastructure 1		Off	28
00:E0:4C:81:88:33	ipcam	Infrastructure 3		WPA2PSK	53
00:4F:6A:0A:94:3E	Relax	Infrastructure 11		WPA2PSK	33
00:0D:54:A0:AD:B9	sansho	Infrastructure 11		WPAPSK	13
00:50:18:21:D7:AC	airlive2.4	Infrastructure 11		Off	28

MAC Address

Interface Select  
 Wired (Ethernet) only  
 Auto - wired if cable connected, otherwise wireless

Type  
 Adhoc  Infrastructure

SSID

BSSID

Channel

Security Mode  
 None  WEP  WPA\_PSK/WPA2\_PSK

Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP)

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Gateway

In case, a user wants to configure wireless settings manually, please follow the steps as below:

**MAC address:**

Displays the Ethernet MAC address of the WLAN card. Note that a user can not change it.

**Site survey:**

Click the “Refresh” button. It will refresh information window which list is the result of a network scan. Access points with a disabled SSID Broadcast will not appear unless the camera is associated with it. The following information is provided:

**Interface Select:**

“Wired (Ethernet) only” or “Auto – wired if cable connected, otherwise wireless”:  
 Choose wired or wireless mode. However, note that wired is priority.

**Type:**

To select one of WLAN modes from Infrastructure or Ad-Hoc mode.

**Security mode:**

Shows which type of security the network uses. The device supports three security methods:

- None
- WEP
- WPA\_PSK/WPA2\_PSK

**SSID:**

This is the name of the wireless network the device is configured for. The field accepts up to 32 alphanumeric characters. The name must be exactly the same as that used in the wireless access point, or the connection will not be established.

Leaving this field blank means the device will attempt to access the nearest open network.

**Channel:**

Chooses the wireless channel in use currently.

**WEP settings:****- Authentication:**

Select Open or Shared Key System Authentication, depending on the method used by your access point. Not all access points have this option, in which case they probably use Open System, which is sometimes known as SSID Authentication.

**- WEP Mode:**

The key types available depend on the access point being used. The following options are available:

- ASCII - In this method the string must be exactly 5 characters for 64-bit WEP and 13 characters for 128-bit WEP.
- HEX - In this method the string must be exactly 10 hexadecimal (0-9, A-F) characters for 64-bit WEP and 26 hexadecimal characters for 128-bit WEP.

**- Web Key 1~4:**

Key value of WEP.

**WPA settings:****- WPA Key:**

Key value of WPA. The device uses a pre-shared key (PSK) for key management. The pre-shared key can be entered either as Manual hex, as 64 hexadecimal characters, or as a Passphrase, using 8 to 63 ASCII characters.

**Obtain IP address automatically (DHCP):**

Enable this checked box when a DHCP server is installed on the network to issue IP address assignment. With this setting, the IP address is assigned automatically.

**IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway:**

If you do not select **Obtain an IP address automatically**, then you need to enter these network parameters manually.

Select "OK" to save and enable the setting.

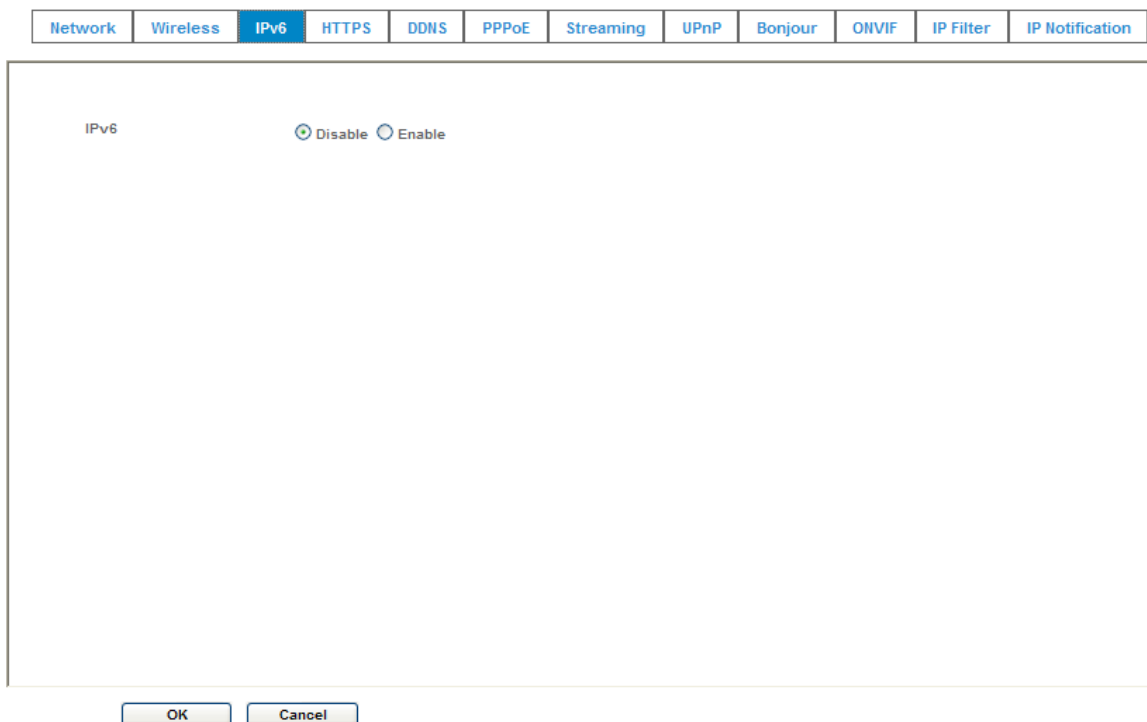


**Note:** To enable WLAN function, a user must set these related parameters correctly at first. Then, power off the device and remove Ethernet cable from device. Power on the device again and WLAN mode will be available accordingly.

### 4.2.3 IPv6

IPv6: To enable or disable the IPv6 service here.

The IP communication protocol used for current Internet is having the problem of insufficient IP addresses. The one-for-all solution is the new-generation internet protocol, IPv6. IPv6 has 16-byte long address space, offering a huge number of addresses, and also provides better scalability, quality of service, mobility, and security to the network.



### 4.2.4 HTTPS

HTTPS: Stands for Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

HTTPS is a combination of the Hypertext Transfer Protocol with the SSL/TLS protocol to provide encrypted communication and secure identification of a network web server. HTTPS connections are often used for sensitive transactions in corporate information systems. The main idea of HTTPS is to create a secure channel over an insecure network. This ensures reasonable protection from eavesdroppers and man-in-the-middle attacks, provided that adequate cipher suites are used and that the server certificate is verified and trusted.

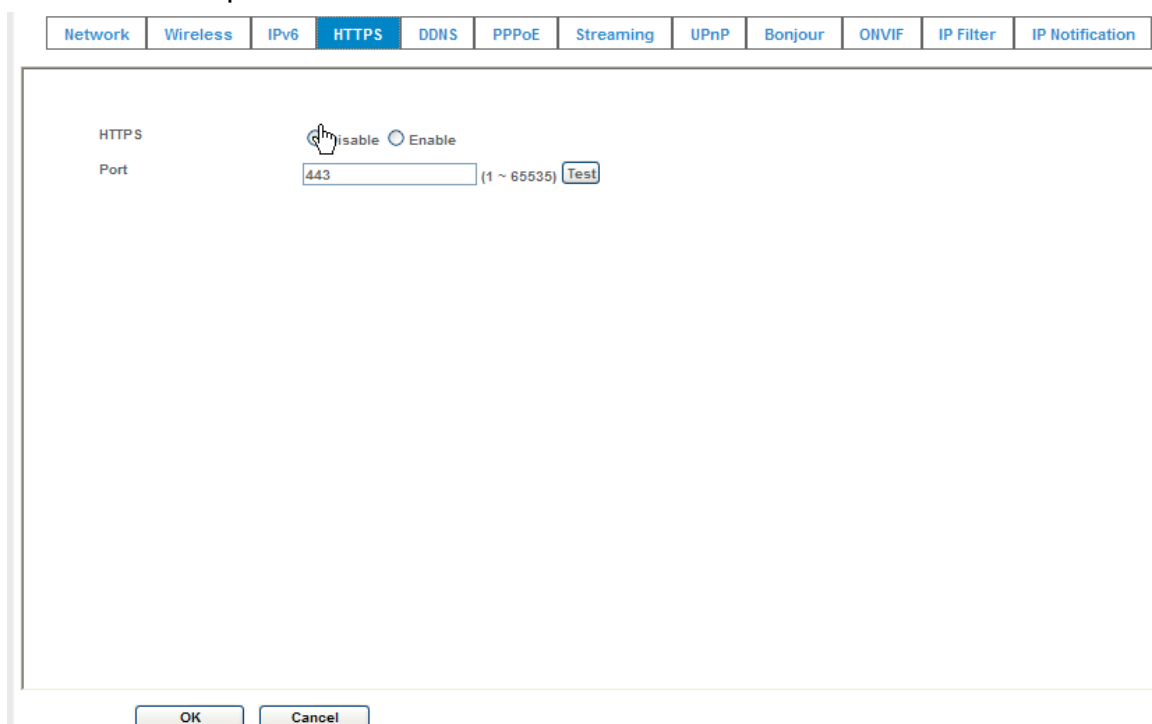
**HTTPS:**

To enable or disable the HTTPS service here. Note that the HTTPS function of this device is not only encrypted the web content but also audio/video data.

If the HTTPS is enabled, there is further option for “HTTP&HTTPS” or “HTTPS only”. In case, the “HTTPS only” is enabled, all packets from the Camera will go through HTTPS only and HTTP service is no longer available.

**Port:**

Choose the HTTPS port. The default value is 443.



The screenshot shows a configuration window with a tabbed interface. The 'HTTPS' tab is selected. The 'HTTPS' section has two radio buttons: 'Disable' (selected) and 'Enable'. Below it, the 'Port' is set to '443' in a text box, with a range '(1 ~ 65535)' and a 'Test' button. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

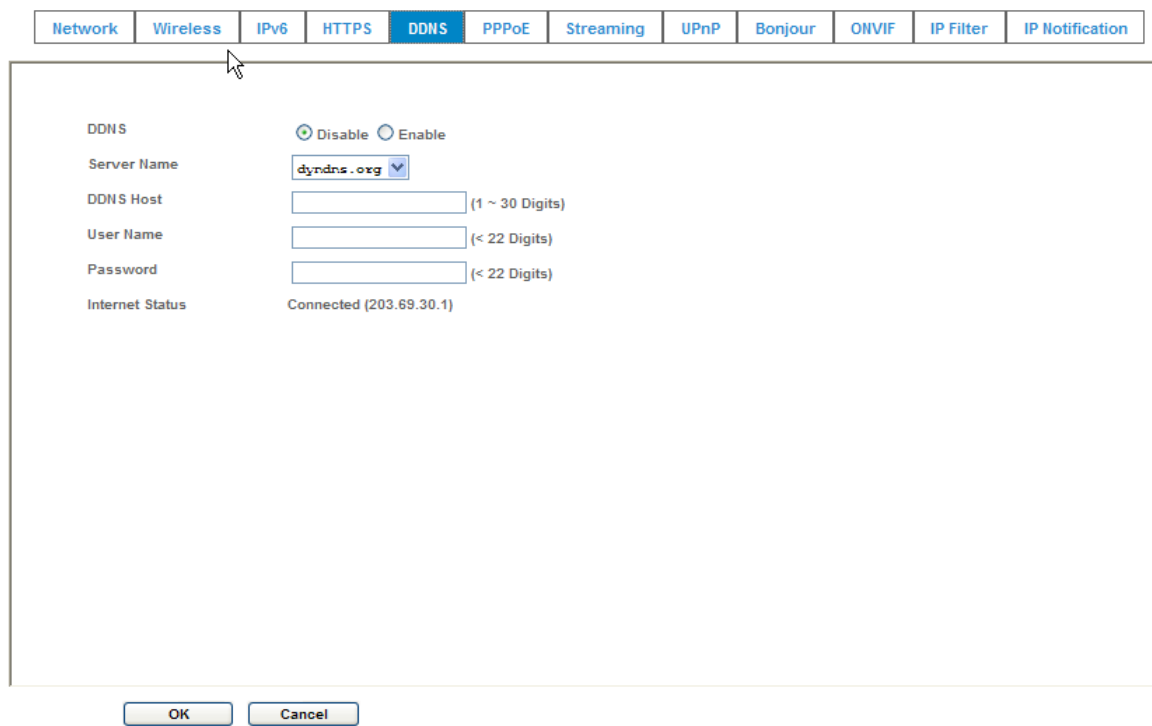
**4.2.5 DDNS**

DDNS: Stands for Dynamic Domain Name Server

Your Internet Service Provider (ISP) provides you at least one IP address which you use to connect to the Internet. The address you get may be static, meaning it never changes, or dynamic, meaning it's likely to change periodically. Just how often it changes, depends on your ISP. A dynamic IP address complicates remote access since you may not know what your current WAN IP address is when you want to access your device over the Internet. One of the possible solutions to the dynamic IP address problem comes in the form of a dynamic DNS service.

A dynamic DNS service is unique because it provides a means of updating your IP address so that your listing will remain current when your IP address changes. There are several excellent DDNS services available on the Internet. One such service you can use is [www.DynDNS.org](http://www.DynDNS.org). You'll need to register with the service and set up the domain name of your choice to begin using it. Please refer to the home page of the service for detailed instructions or refer to Appendix G for more information.

If your device is connected to xDSL directly, you might need this feature. However, if your device is behind a NAT router, you will not need to enable this feature because your NAT router should take care of this job. As to xDSL environment, most of the users will use dynamic IP addresses. If users want to set up a web or a FTP server, then the Dynamic Domain Name Server is necessary.

**DDNS:**

To enable or disable the DDNS service here.

**Server name:**

Choose the built-in DDNS server.

**DDNSHost:**

The domain name is applied of this device.

**User name:**

The user name is used to log into DDNS.

**Password:**

The password is used to log into DDNS.

**4.2.6 PPPoE**

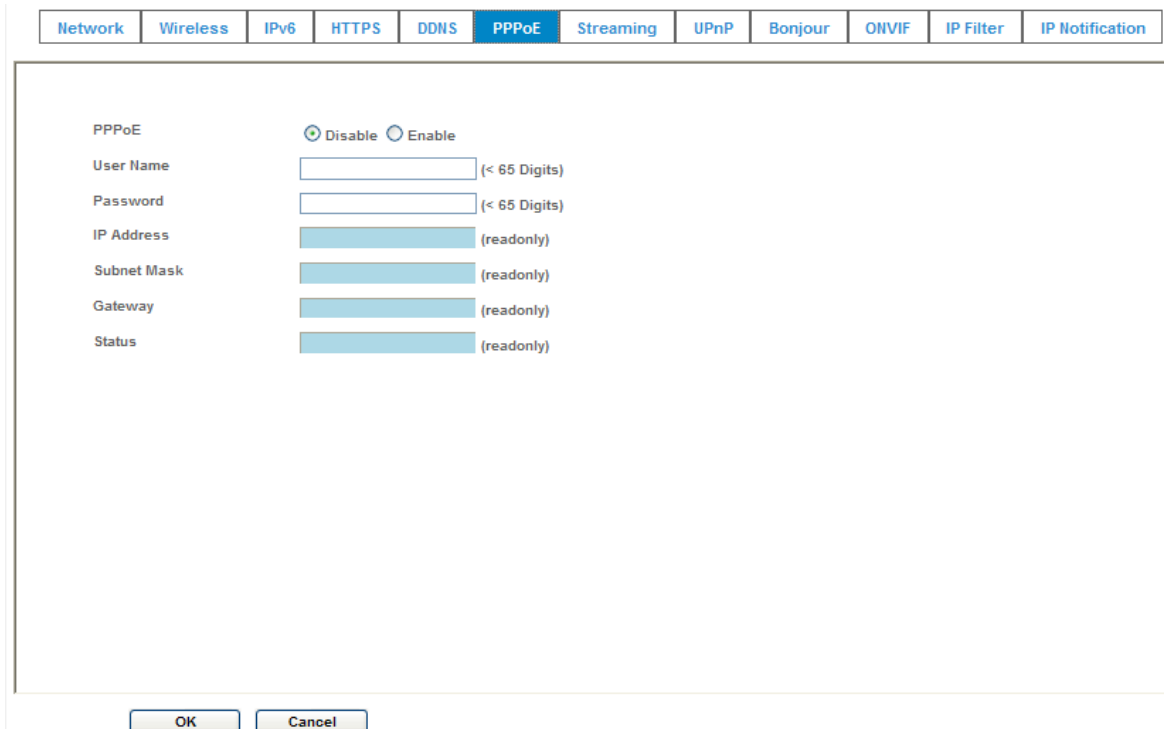
PPPoE: Stands for Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet

A standard builds on Ethernet and Point-to-Point network protocol. It allows your device with xDSL or cable connects with broadband network directly, then your device can dial up and get a dynamic IP address. For more PPPoE and Internet configuration, please consult your dealer or ISP.

The device can directly connect to the xDSL, however, it should be setup on a LAN environment to program the PPPoE information first, and then connect to the xDSL modem. Power on again, then the device will dial on to the ISP connect to the WAN through the xDSL modem.

The procedures are

- Connect to a LAN by DHCP or Fixed IP
- Access the device; enter **Setting** → **Network** → **PPPoE** as below



The screenshot shows the PPPoE configuration page in a web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for Network, Wireless, IPv6, HTTPS, DDNS, PPPoE (selected), Streaming, UPnP, Bonjour, ONVIF, IP Filter, and IP Notification. Below the navigation bar, the PPPoE section is visible. It includes a radio button to toggle between 'Disable' (selected) and 'Enable'. Below this, there are input fields for 'User Name' and 'Password', both with a maximum length of 65 digits. Below these are 'readonly' fields for 'IP Address', 'Subnet Mask', 'Gateway', and 'Status'. At the bottom of the page, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

**PPPoE:**

To enable or disable the PPPoE service here.

**User name:**

Type the user name for the PPPoE service which is provided by the ISP.

**Password:**

Type the password for the PPPoE service which is provided by the ISP.

**IP address, Subnet mask, and Gateway (read only):**

Shows the IP information got from PPPoE server site.

**Status:**

Shows the Status of PPPoE connection.

### 4.2.7 Streaming

RTSP is a streaming control protocol, and a starting point for negotiating transports such as RTP, multicast and Unicast, and for negotiating codecs. RTSP can be considered a "remote control" for controlling the media stream delivered by a media server. RTSP servers typically use RTP as the protocol for the actual transport of audio/video data.

**RTSP Port:**

Choose the RTSP port. The RTSP protocol allows a connecting client to start a video stream. Enter the RTSP port number to use. The default value is 554.

**RTP Port:**

Specify the range of transmission port number of video stream. The default range is 50000 to 50999. User can specify a number between 1024 and 65535.

Network	Wireless	IPv6	HTTPS	DDNS	PPPoE	Streaming	UPnP	Bonjour	ONVIF	IP Filter	IP Notification
---------	----------	------	-------	------	-------	-----------	------	---------	-------	-----------	-----------------

RTSP Port	<input type="text" value="554"/>	(554 ~ 65535)	<input type="button" value="Test"/>
RTP Port	<input type="text" value="50000"/>	~ <input type="text" value="50999"/>	(1024 ~ 65535)

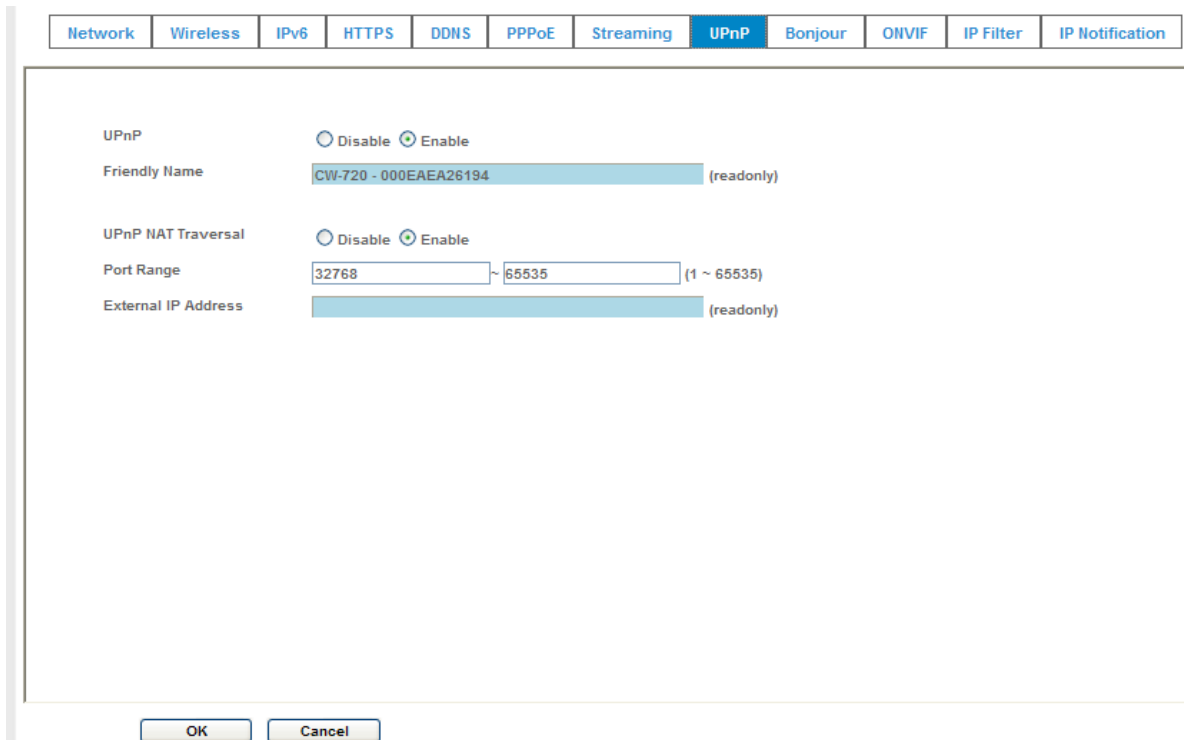
  

<input type="button" value="OK"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>
-----------------------------------	---------------------------------------

#### 4.2.8 UPnP

UPnP is short for Universal Plug and Play, which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. This device is an UPnP enabled Network Camera. If your operating system is UPnP enabled, the device will automatically be detected and a new icon will be added to “My Network Places.” If you do not want to use the UPnP functionality, it can be disabled.

In addition, this device also provides UPnP IGD function for NAT traversal easily. Use NAT traversal when your device is located on an intranet (LAN) and you wish to make it available from the other (WAN) side of a NAT router. With NAT traversal properly configured, all HTTP traffic to an external HTTP port in the NAT router will be forwarded to the device.

**UPnP:**

To enable or disable the UPnP service here.

**Friendly Name:**

Shows the friendly name of this device here.

**UPnP NAT Traversal**

When enabled, the device will attempt to configure port mapping in a NAT router on your network, using UPnP™. **Note** that UPnP™ must be enabled in the NAT router first.

**Port Range:**

The port range will open in NAT router.

**External IP address:**

Show the IP address and port for WAN access through Internet. If NAT traversal is configured successfully, user can use this IP address and port to access this device. The external IP address is not shown in case NAT traversal function is failed.

## 4.2.9 Bonjour

Bonjour, also known as zero-configuration networking, enables automatic discovery of computers, devices, and services on IP networks. Bonjour uses industry standard IP protocols to allow devices to automatically discover each other without the need to enter IP addresses or configure DNS servers. Specifically, Bonjour enables automatic IP address

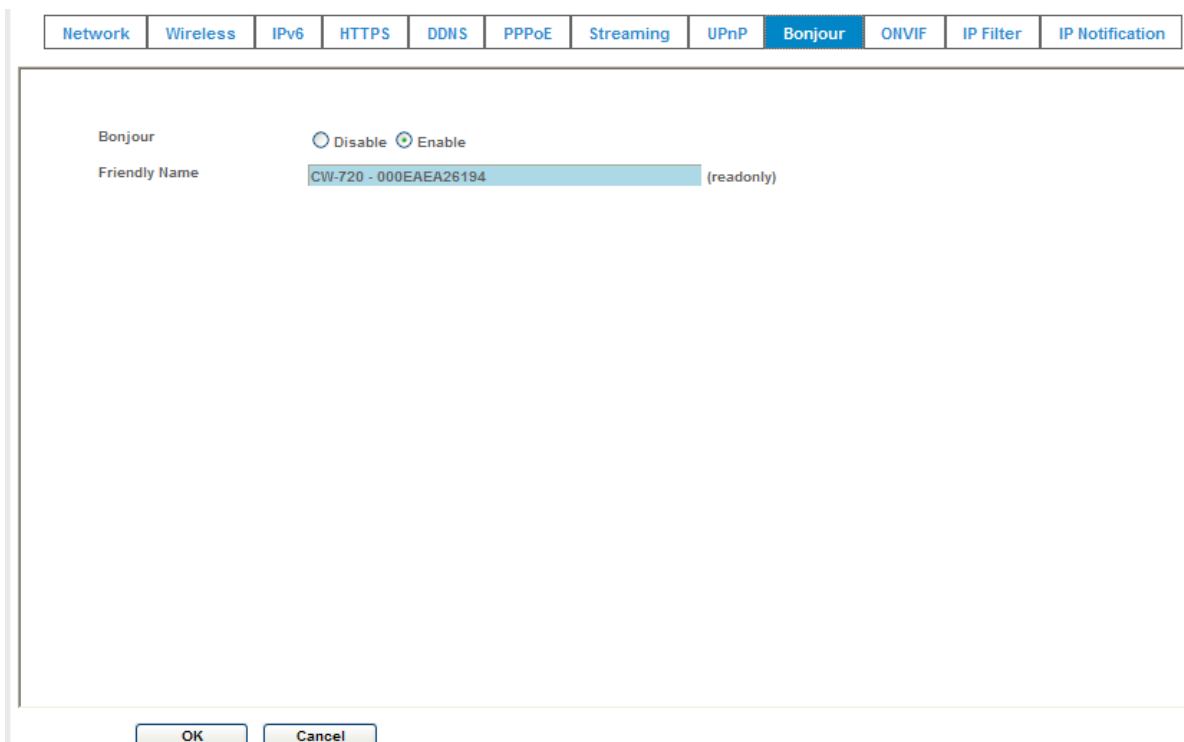
assignment without a DHCP server, name to address translation without a DNS server, and service discovery without a directory server. Bonjour is an open protocol which Apple has submitted to the IETF as part of the ongoing standards-creation process.

**Bonjour:**

To enable or disable the Bonjour service here.

**Friendly Name:**

Shows the friendly name of this device here.



Network	Wireless	IPv6	HTTPS	DDNS	PPPoE	Streaming	UPnP	Bonjour	ONVIF	IP Filter	IP Notification
---------	----------	------	-------	------	-------	-----------	------	---------	-------	-----------	-----------------

Bonjour  Disable  Enable

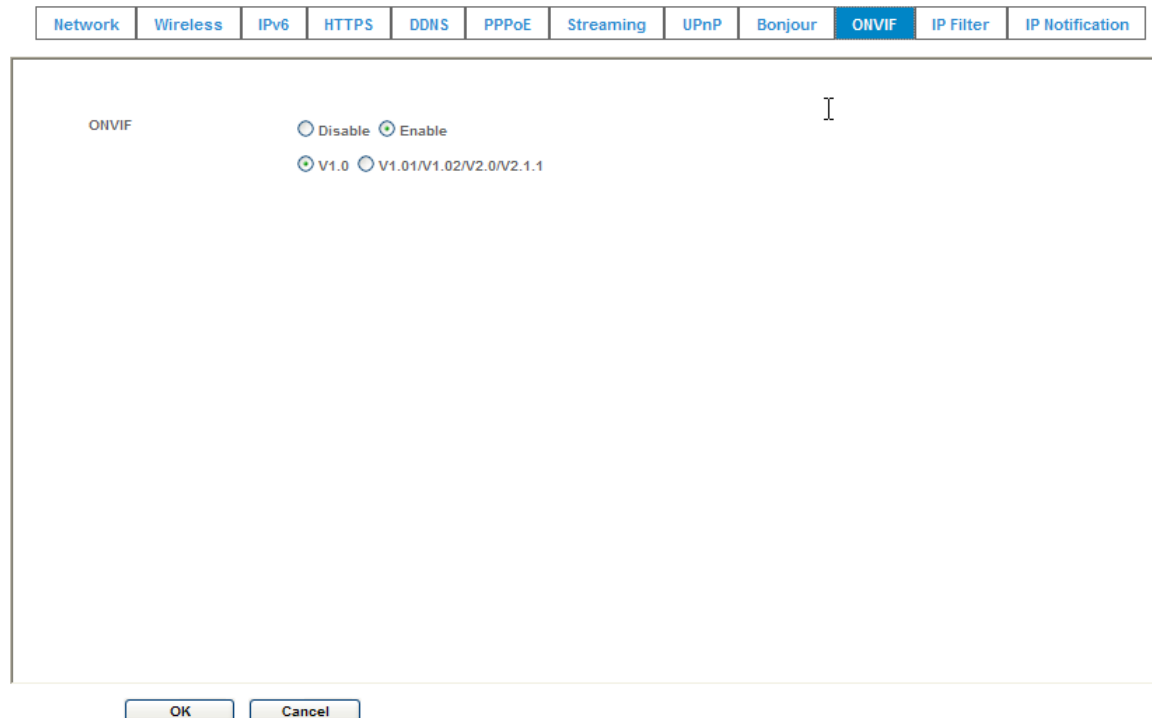
Friendly Name  (readonly)

OK Cancel

**4.2.10 ONVIF**

ONVIF is a global and open industry forum with the goal to facilitate the development and use of a global open standard for the interface of physical IP-based security products. In other words, to create a standard for how IP products within video surveillance and other physical security areas can communicate with each other.



**ONVIF:**

To enable or disable the ONVIF interface here. And select the ONVIF version to match client's supported version.

**4.2.11 IP Filter**

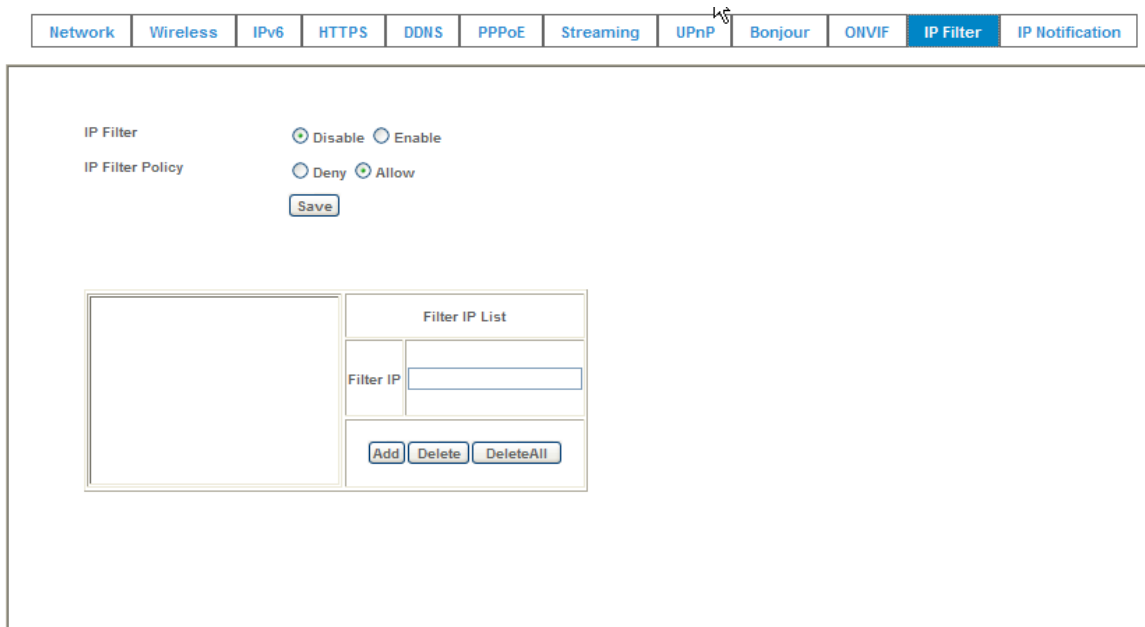
You can enter different user's IP address which are allowing enter or denying by the device.

**IP Filter:**

To enable or disable the IP filter function here.

**IP Filter Policy:**

Choose the filter policy where is denying or allowing.



Network Wireless IPv6 HTTPS DDNS PPPoE Streaming UPnP Bonjour ONVIF **IP Filter** IP Notification

IP Filter  Disable  Enable

IP Filter Policy  Deny  Allow

Save

Filter IP List

Filter IP

Add Delete DeleteAll

#### 4.2.12 IP Notification

In case the IP address is changed, system is able to send out an email to alert someone if the function is enabled.

##### SMTP Notification (e-mail):

If enable this function, then the “**Send to**” and “**Subject**” fields need to be filled.

##### Send To:

Type the receiver’s e-mail address. This address is used for reply mail.

##### Subject:

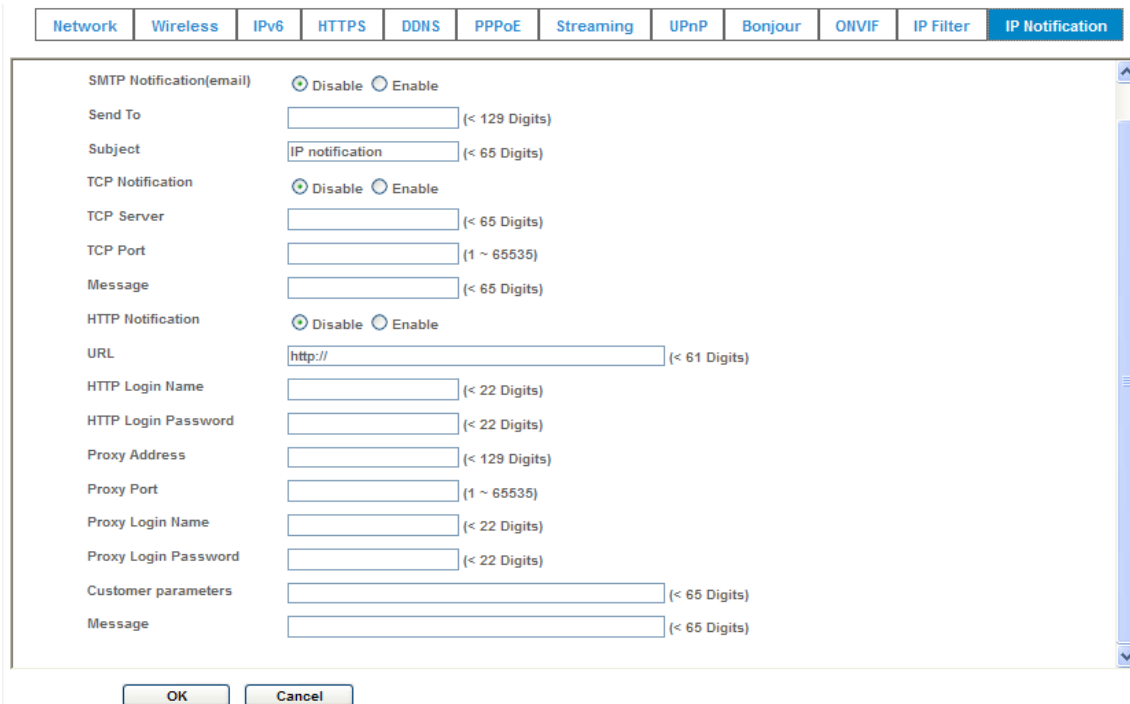
Type the subject/title of the E-mail.

##### TCP Notification:

If enable this function, then the “**TCP Server**”, “**TCP Port**”, and “**Message**” fields need to be filled.

##### TCP Server:

Type the server name or the IP address of the TCP server.



Network	Wireless	IPv6	HTTPS	DDNS	PPPoE	Streaming	UPnP	Bonjour	ONVIF	IP Filter	IP Notification
SMTP Notification(email) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable											
Send To <input type="text"/> (< 129 Digits)											
Subject <input type="text" value="IP notification"/> (< 65 Digits)											
TCP Notification <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable											
TCP Server <input type="text"/> (< 65 Digits)											
TCP Port <input type="text"/> (1 ~ 65535)											
Message <input type="text"/> (< 65 Digits)											
HTTP Notification <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable											
URL <input type="text" value="http://"/> (< 61 Digits)											
HTTP Login Name <input type="text"/> (< 22 Digits)											
HTTP Login Password <input type="text"/> (< 22 Digits)											
Proxy Address <input type="text"/> (< 129 Digits)											
Proxy Port <input type="text"/> (1 ~ 65535)											
Proxy Login Name <input type="text"/> (< 22 Digits)											
Proxy Login Password <input type="text"/> (< 22 Digits)											
Customer parameters <input type="text"/> (< 65 Digits)											
Message <input type="text"/> (< 65 Digits)											

OK Cancel

**TCP Port:**

Set port number of TCP server.

**Message:**

The message will be sent to FTP server.

**HTTP Notification:**

If enable this function, then the fields below need to be filled.

**URL:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP server.

**HTTP Login name:**

Type the user name for the HTTP server.

**HTTP Login Password:**

Type the password for the HTTP server.

**Proxy Address:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP Proxy.

**Proxy Port:**

Set port number of Proxy.

**Proxy Login name:**

Type the user name for the HTTP Proxy.

**Proxy Login Password:**

Type the password for the HTTP Proxy.

**Custom parameter:**

User can set specific parameters to HTTP server.

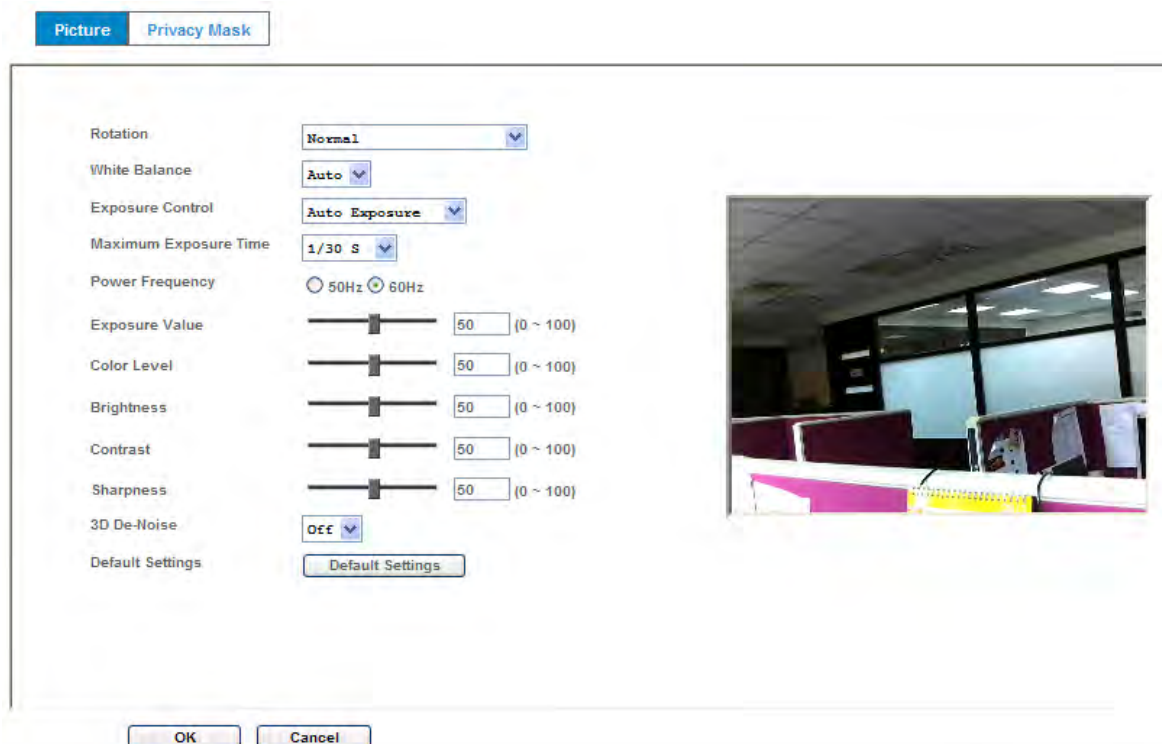
**Message:**

The message will be sent to HTTP server.

## 4.3 Camera – Adjust Camera Parameters

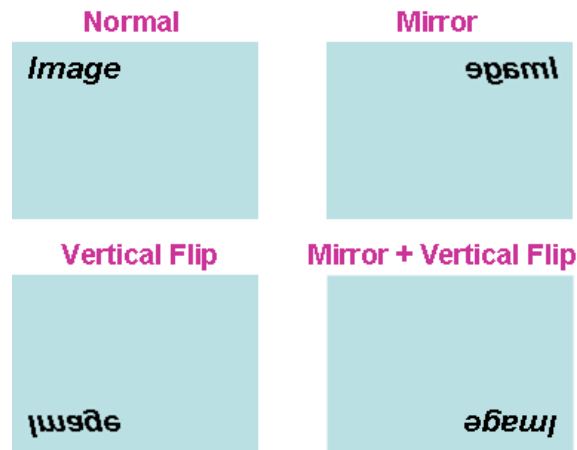
Use this menu to set the functions of the camera parameters of the device.

### 4.3.1 Picture



**Rotation:**

Turn the “Mirror” and “Vertical Flip” On or OFF. The image will be overturned as below.

**White Balance:**

Auto: will adjust the white balance automatically.

Hold: will hold the white balance.

**Exposure Control:**

Auto: will adjust the internal gain automatically.

Hold: will hold the internal gain.

**Maximum Exposure Time:**

Set the Maximum Exposure Time. However, the real exposure time may be shorter if good light condition.

**Power Frequency:**

Frequency of power line: 50 or 60Hz.

**Exposure Value:**

Exposure value is AE target value. This value is to adjust the integration, analog gain and digital gain to achieve the target brightness value (Exposure Value).

This value is dependent to “Auto Exposure” only.

**Color Level:**

Large value will be colorful.

**Brightness:**

Large value will brighten camera.

**Contrast:**

Large value will contrast camera heavily.

**Sharpness:**

Large value will sharpen camera.

**3D De-Noise:**

The 3D De-Noise can remove or lower unwanted noise and preserve fine details and edges as possible. This function is able to lower the bitrate a lot, especially in low light environment.

**Default Settings:**

Restore to factory image settings.

### 4.3.2 Privacy Mask

Use this page to specify privacy mask window 1 to window 7 and set the name and gray level for selected window.

**Add and Delete:**

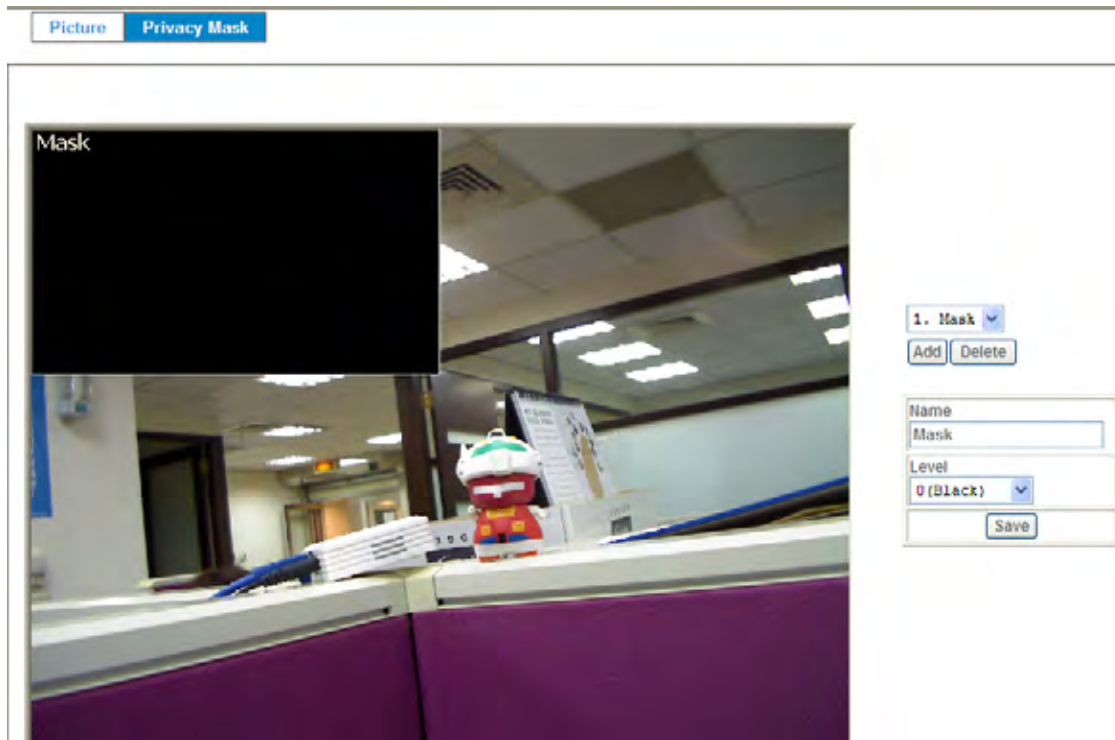
To add or delete the privacy mask windows, user can specify up to 7 windows to mask the video captured by this device. By dragging mouse on the image, you can change the position and size of the selected window accordingly.

**Name:**

Name of the specified window.

**Level**

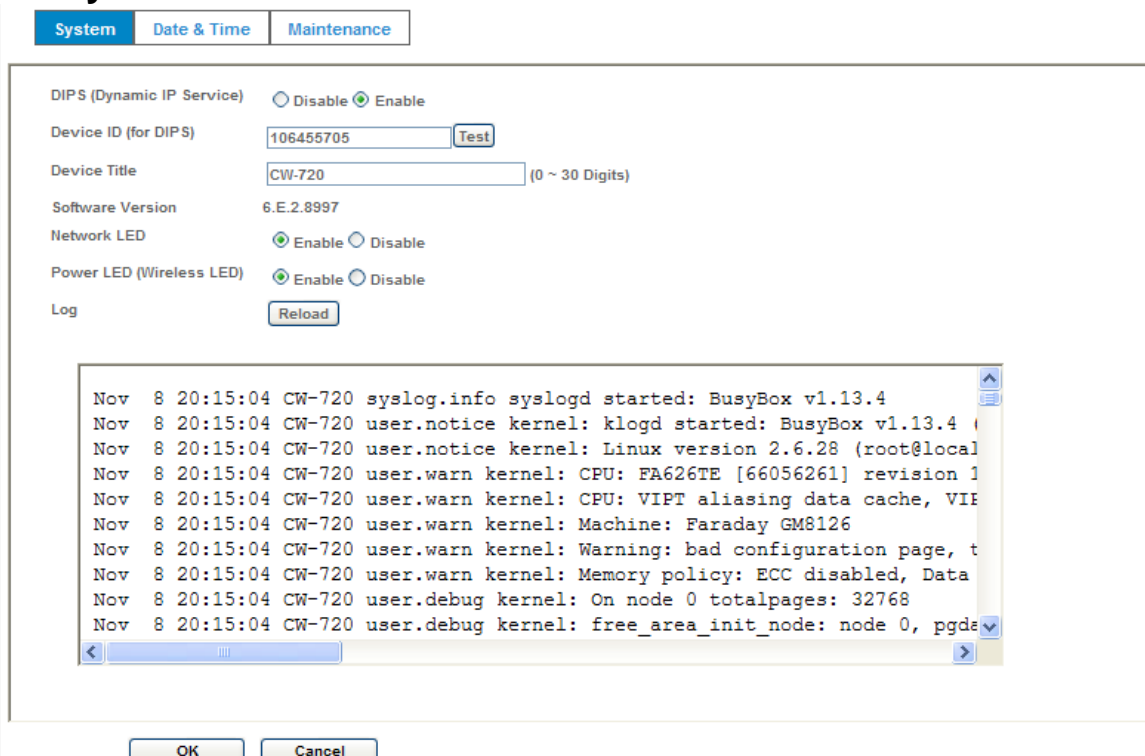
Defines the gray level of mask block. The lower value will be darker.



## 4.4 System – Configure and Maintain

Use this menu to perform the principal settings of the device.

### 4.4.1 System



**DIPS (Dynamic IP Service):**

To enable or disable the DIPS® (Dynamic IP Service) function.

**Device ID (for DIPS):**

It's a unique number of each device for identification and this ID is used for DIPS.

In the Appendix G, it describes how to locate your device from Internet by DDNS service. However, we provide another easier way to do the same job called Dynamic IP Service, DIPS®.

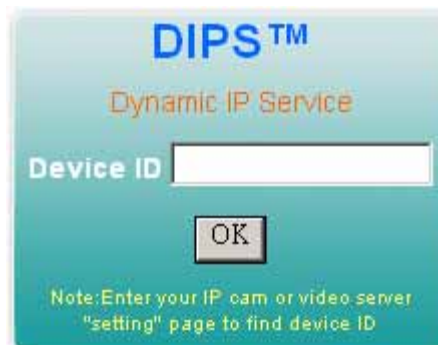
To use this service, just follow four steps below:

(1) Enable DIPS function of the device

(2) Check your Device ID from this page. This is a unique number for each device.

(3) If your device is behind a NAT router, please configure your device properly. You could refer to section "Install the Camera behind a NAT Router" above. You only need to do this job one time.

(4) Visiting our company's web site, you can find DIPS service page as below:



Enter your Device Number and press "OK" button.

Then, a new web page will pop up and link to your device accordingly.

You will see that DIPS is a much easier service than DDNS.

**Device Title:**

You can enter the name of this unit here. It's very useful to identify the specific device from multiple units. The information will be shown on IPWizard II once the device is found.



**Software Version:**

This information shows the software version of the device.

**Network LED:**

To turn on or off Network LED.

**Power LED (Wireless LED):**

To turn on or off Power LED (wireless LED if WLAN model).

**Log:**

User can check the system log information of the device, including the *Main Info*, *Appended Info*, *Operator IP*, and so on ...

**Reload:**

Click this button; user can refresh the log information of the device.

#### 4.4.2 Date & Time

You can setup the device or make it synchronized with PC or remote NTP server. Also, you may select your time zone in order to synchronize time locally.

**Server Date & Time:**

Displays the device's date and time.

**PC Time:**

Displays the connected PC's date and time.

**Adjust:****- Synchronize with PC:**

Click this option to enable time synchronization with PC time.

**- Manual setting:**

Click this option to set time and date manually.

**- Synchronize with NTP:**

Click this option if you want to synchronize the device's date and time with those of time server called NTP server (Network Time Protocol).

**NTP Server:**

Type the host name or IP address or domain name of the NTP server.

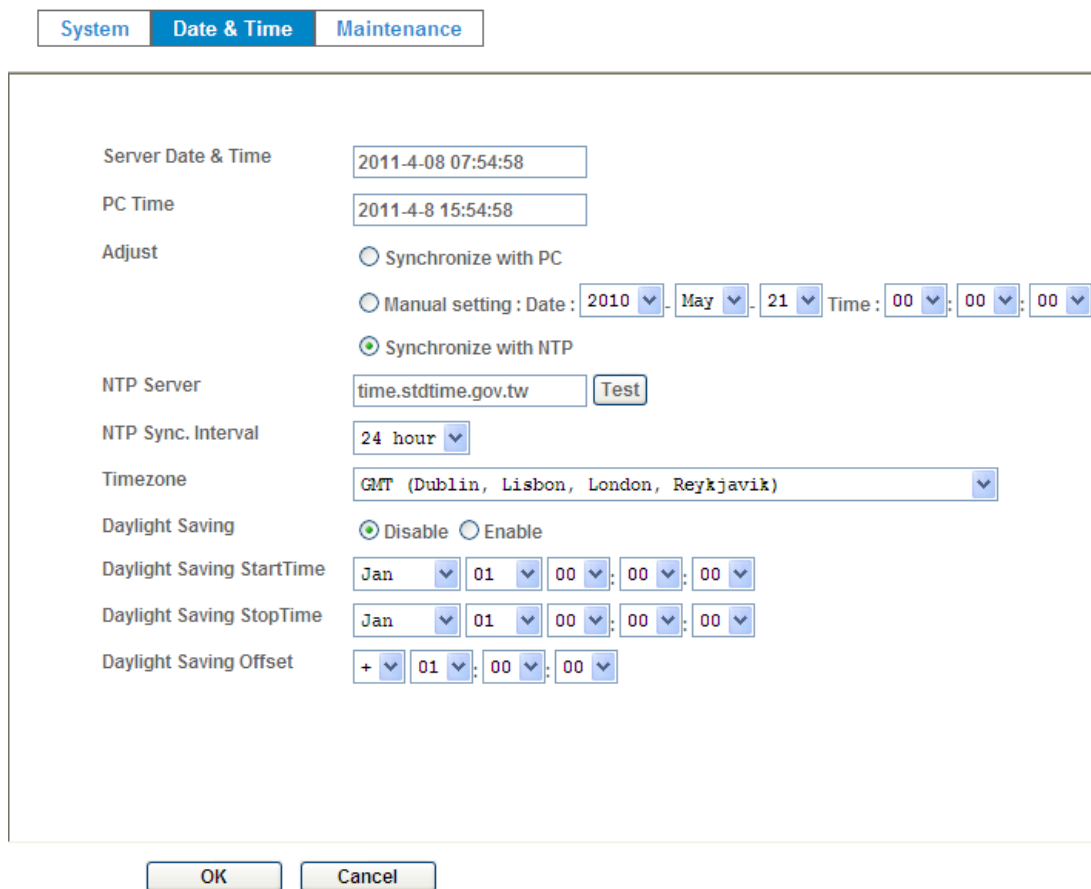
**NTP sync. Interval:** Select an interval between 1 and 23 hours at which you want to adjust the device’s time referring to NTP server

**Time zone:**

Set the time difference from Greenwich Mean Time in the area where the device is installed.

**Daylight Saving:**

Disable or enable the daylight saving adjustment.



**4.4.3 Maintenance**

**Hard Factory Default (Include the network setting):**

Recall the device hard factory default settings. Note that click this button will reset all device’s parameters to the factory settings (including the IP address).

**Factory Default (Except the network setting):**

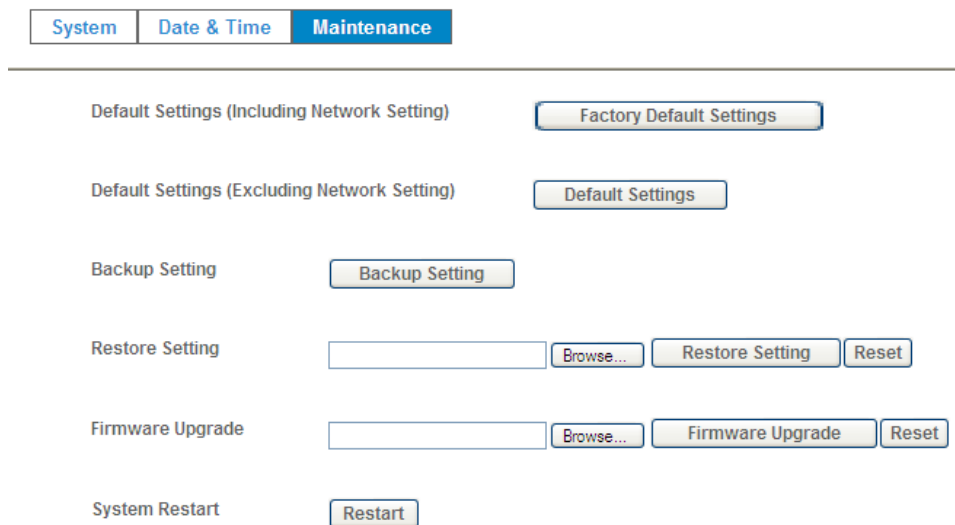
The unit is restarted and most current settings are reset to factory default values. This action will not reset the network setting.

**Backup Setting:**

To take a backup of all of the parameters, click this button. If necessary, it will then be possible to return to the previous settings, if settings are changed and there is unexpected behavior.

**Restore Setting:**

Click the “**Browse**” button to locate the saved backup file and then click the “**Restore Setting**” button. The settings will be restored to the previous configuration.

**Firmware Upgrade:**

The device supports new firmware upgrade (the software that controls the operation in the device). Please contact your dealer for the latest version if necessary.

Download the latest firmware file from our website or your dealer. Unzip this firmware file to binary file and store it into your PC. Then follow the steps as bellows carefully:

1. Close all other application programs which are not necessary for firmware update.
2. **Make sure that only you access this device while firmware updating.**
3. Disable Motion Detection function.
4. Click “**Browse**” button. Select the Firmware binary file.  
(**Note** that it must make sure that the Firmware only applies to this device, once update, it will be burned into FLASH ROM of system.)
5. Once the firmware file was selected, click “**Firmware Upgrade**” button.

6. The upgrade progress information will be displayed. Once the uploading process completed, the device will reboot the system automatically.

7. Please wait for timer countdown, and then you can use IPWizard II to search the device again.

**Warning!!! The download firmware procedure can not be interrupted. If the power and/or network connection are broken during the download procedure, it might possibly cause serious damage to the device.**

**Strongly suggest that DO NOT upgrade firmware via Wireless LAN due to high error rate possibly and don't allow any other clients to access this unit during updating procedure.**

**Be aware that you should not turn off the power during updating the firmware and wait for finish message.**

**Furthermore, the firmware upgrade procedure always is risk and do not try to upgrade new firmware if it's not necessary.**

#### **System Restart:**

The device is restarted without changing any of the network settings. It means the IP address of the device will not change after firmware upgrade.

## **4.5 Video – Configure Profile**

This device provides 2 modes of video profile. The first one is 1.3 Mega mode which supports video resolution up to 1.3 Mega-pixel. The second one is 720p mode which supports video resolution up to 1 Mega-pixel. User only can select either 1.3 Mega or 720p mode to operate the camera. Switching 1.3 Mega and 720p mode, the device will take time to reboot system.

### 4.5.1 Common

Common
Video Profile
ROI

Video Profile

Text Overlay Setting

720p Mode
  1.3 MEGA Mode

Font Color

Background Color

Transparency

Include Date
 

- Predefined
- Own  (0 ~ 12 Digits)

Include Time
 

- Predefined
- Own  (0 ~ 12 Digits)

Include Text 
  
 (0 ~ 20 Digits)

**Video Profile:**

User can only choose either 720p or 1.3 Mega modes. 720p mode can serve streams up to 1280x720 resolution maximum. On the other hand, 1.3 Mega mode, it can streams up to 1280x1024 resolution maximum.

Note that this camera supports local video output for TV monitor. It's very useful to check view angle or focus during camera installation. However, the local video output in only available at "720p" mode. If user needs this function, must switch this camera to "720p" mode first.

**Text Overlay Setting:**

There are some important information can be embedded into image, including date, time, and/or text. User also can change the font color, background color, or Transparency.

### 4.5.2 Video Profile

Profile1	h264	1280x1024	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	no
Profile2	mjpeg	1280x1024	VBR	90	-	6	1	no	no
Profile3	h264	640x480	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	no
Profile4	mjpeg	640x480	VBR	90	-	6	1	no	no
Profile5	h264	320x240	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	no
Profile6	mjpeg	320x240	VBR	90	-	30	1	no	no
Profile7	h264	160x120	EVBR	90	-	30	30	no	no
Profile8	mjpeg	160x120	VBR	90	-	30	1	no	no

Name	Profile1
Video Type	h264
Resolution	1280x1024
ROI	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
Rate Control	EVBR Quality 90 Max Bitrate 4000 K bps 384 ~ 6000
Max Frame Rate	30
GOP Control	30
Multicast	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Multicast Video	IP Address 239.198.97.181 Port 0 (0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534)
Multicast Audio	IP Address 239.198.97.181 Port 0 (0 means auto, 1024 ~ 65534)
Time to live	1 (1 ~ 255)
Always Enable Multicast	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

**Name:**

Assign a name to the selected profile.

**Video Type:**

Video codec of the selected video profile.

**Resolution:**

Resolution of the selected video profile.

**ROI:**

Assign the selected profile as a ROI stream or not.

**Rate Control:**

Defines the rate control method of this profile. There are four options: Constant Bit Rate (CBR), Variable Bit Rate (VBR), Enhanced Constant Bit Rate (ECBR), and Enhanced Variable Bit Rate (EVBR).

For CBR, the video bit rate is between low to high bandwidth based on different resolutions. User can set the desired bit rate to match the limitation of bandwidth.

For VBR, user should choose the quality level to set the video quality rather than bit rate. The quality level is between 1 and 100. The higher value can reach the better quality but of course will consume higher bandwidth.

For ECBR, the video bitrate is based on normal CBR mode. However, the target bitrate can be increased to max target bitrate while lots of motion in video. The max target bitrate will keep a pre-defined time period and then back to normal CBR bitrate.

For EVBR, the video bitrate is based on normal VBR mode. However, the target bitrate can be increased to max target bitrate while lots of motion in video. The max target bitrate will keep a pre-defined time period and then back to normal VBR mode.

**Max Frame Rate:**

Defines the targeted frame rate of this profile. For example, set the frame rate to 15 fps, then the image will be updated for 15 frames per second as possible. User need to set reasonable max frame rate versus video quality under the limited bandwidth.

**GOP Control:**

Defines the Intra/Inter-frame (I/P) ratio of this profile. For example, set the GOP to 30, then the video stream will have one Intra-frame every 30 frames.

**Multicast:**

Enable or disable the multicast function.

**Multicast Video:**

Fill in the IP address and port for multicast video streaming of the selected profile.

**Multicast Audio:**

Fill in the IP address and port for multicast audio streaming of the selected profile.

**Time to live:**

Time to live (TTL) is a mechanism that limits the lifespan of data in a computer or network. Once the prescribed event count or timespan has elapsed, data is discarded. TTL prevents a data packet from circulating indefinitely.

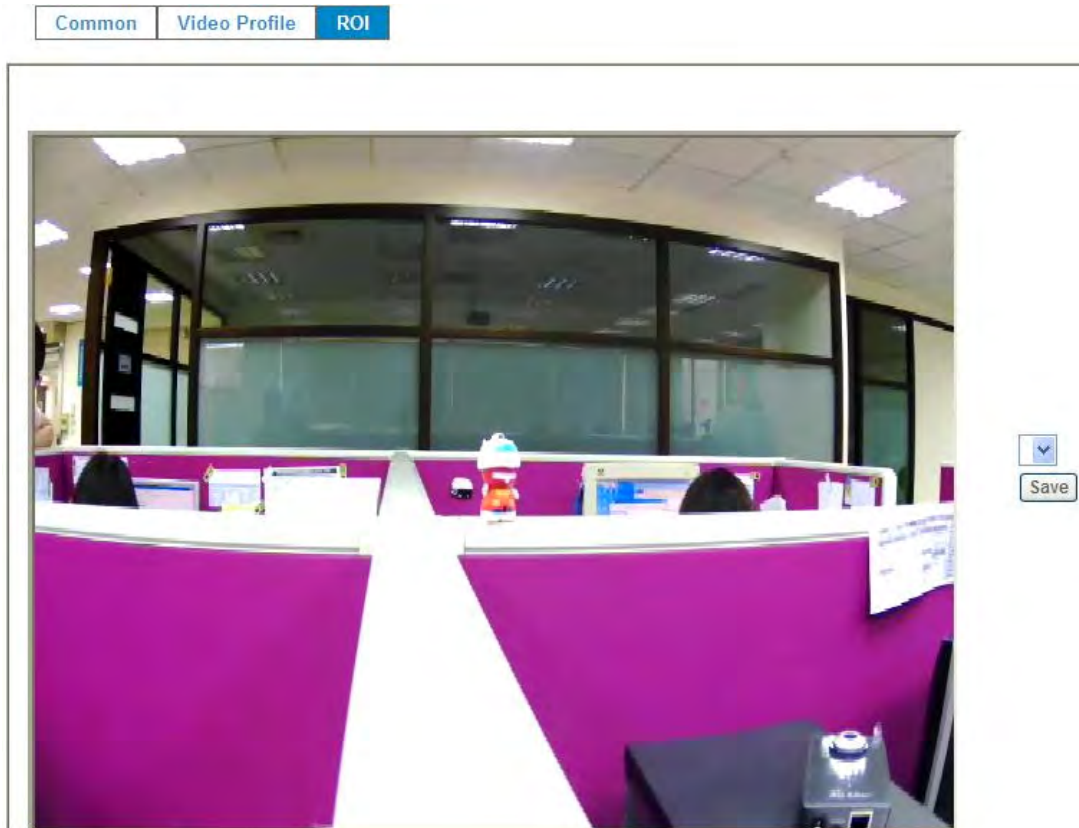
**Always Enable Multicast:**

Multicast streaming is always enabled or by request.

**Warning!!! To enable the multicast streaming, you shall make sure your Intranet does support multicast function. Otherwise, your Intranet may occur network storm seriously.**

### 4.5.3 ROI

ROI means Region of Interest. Use this page to specify ROI window which ROI is QVGA resolution.





## 4.6 Audio – Audio Parameters

### Setting

Setting

Audio	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Audio Type	<input type="text" value="g726"/>
Audio Mode	<input type="radio"/> Simplex <input checked="" type="radio"/> Full duplex
Input Gain	<input type="text" value="80"/>
Output Gain	<input type="text" value="80"/>

**Audio:**

To enable or disable audio function

**Audio Type:**

To select audio codec

**Audio Mode:**

To select Simplex or Full duplex (2-way audio) mode

**Input Gain:**

To adjust gain of input audio

**Output Gain:**

To adjust gain of output audio

## 4.7 Manage User Name, Password and Login Privilege

Use this menu to add, update, or remove the usernames and passwords of the Administrator and viewer.

Setting

---

Viewer Login

 Anonymous
  Only users in database
 Save

User Name	Access Right
admin	administrator

User Name
(1 ~ 20 Digits)

Password
(0 ~ 20 Digits)

Verify Password
(0 ~ 20 Digits)

Access Right

 Administrator
  Viewer

Add
Modify
Delete

### Viewer login:

Select “Anonymous” to allow any one viewing the video once connected. Otherwise, only users in database can view the video after login.

### Access Right:

Administrator can access every function in this device. However, Viewers only can view the video and access limited function.

### Add, update, and remove of Users account:

Manage the user’s account of viewer user.

## 4.8 E-mail

You may setup SMTP mail parameters for further operation of Event Schedule. That’s, if users want to send the alarm message out, it will need to configure parameters here and also add at least one event schedule to enable event triggering.

Setting

SMTP Server	<input type="text"/>	(< 129 Digits)	<input type="button" value="Test"/>
SMTP Port	<input type="text" value="25"/>	(1 ~ 65535)	
SSL	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable		
SMTP Authentication	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable		
Authentication User Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits)	
Authentication Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)	
E-mail From	<input type="text"/>	(< 129 Digits)	
E-mail To	<input type="text"/>	(< 129 Digits)	
E-mail Subject	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits)	

**SMTP Server:**

Type the SMTP server name or the IP address of the SMTP server.

**Test:**

Send a test mail to mail server to check this account is available or not.

**SMTP Port:**

Set port number of SMTP service.

**SSL:**

Enable SSL function or not.

**SMTP Authentication:**

Select the authentication required when you send an e-mail.

**Disable:** if no authentication is required when an e-mail is sent.

**Enable:** if authentication is required when an e-mail is sent.

**Authentication User name:**

Type the user name for the SMTP server if **Authentication** is **Enable**.

**Authentication Password:**

Type the password for the SMTP server if **Authentication** is **Enable**.

**E-mail To:**

Type the receiver's e-mail address.

**E-mail From:**

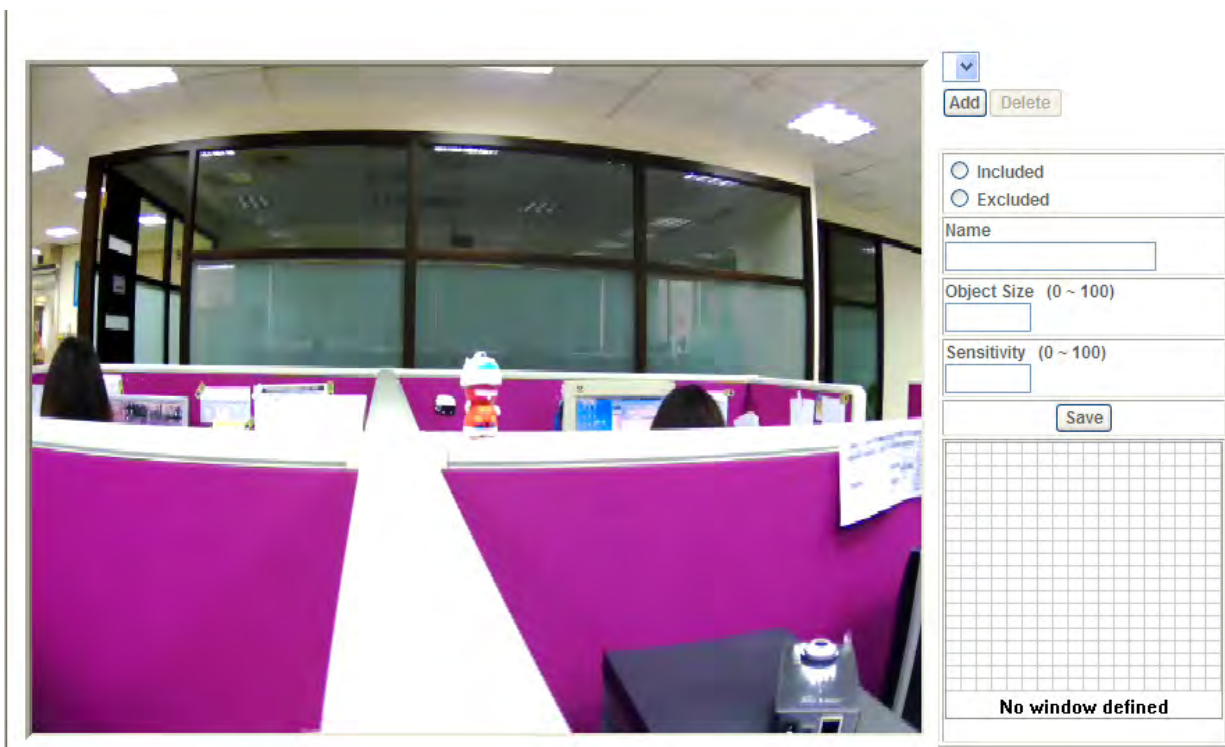
Type the sender's E-mail address. This address is used for reply e-mails.

**E-mail Subject:**

Type the subject/title of the e-mail.

## 4.9 Object Detection

Use this menu to specify motion detection window 1 to window 10 and set the conditions for detection while observing a captured image.

**Add and Del:**

To add or delete the motion windows. User can specify up to 10 Included and/or Excluded windows to monitor the video captured by this device. By dragging mouse on the image, you can change the position and size of the selected motion window accordingly.

**Included or Excluded Window:**

These windows can be specified as Included or Excluded type.

**Included** windows target specific areas within the whole video image

**Excluded** windows define areas within an Include window that should be ignored (areas outside Include windows are automatically ignored)

**Name:**

Name of the specified motion window.

**Object Size:**

Defines the object size of motion detection. The higher object size will only larger objects trigger motion detection. The lower object size will even small objects trigger motion detection too. Generally speaking, the smaller size will be easier to trigger event.

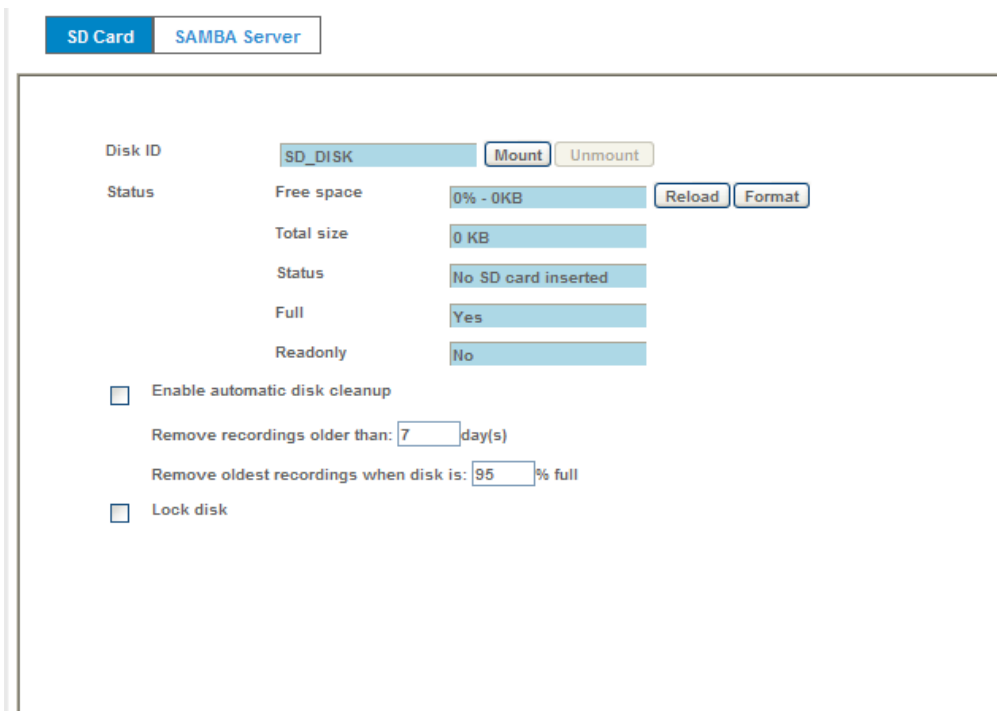
**Sensitivity**

Defines the sensitivity value of motion detection. The higher value will be more sensitivity.

## 4.10 Storage – Status and Configuration of SD card

### 4.10.1 SD Card

This page shows the status of attached SD card. You may setup related parameters to manage the attached SD card also.



The screenshot shows a web interface for SD Card configuration. At the top, there are two tabs: "SD Card" (selected) and "SAMBA Server". Below the tabs, the interface displays the following information and controls:

Disk ID	SD_DISK	Mount	Unmount	
Status	Free space	0% - 0KB	Reload	Format
	Total size	0 KB		
	Status	No SD card inserted		
	Full	Yes		
	Readonly	No		

Below the table, there are two checkboxes and their associated settings:

- Enable automatic disk cleanup
  - Remove recordings older than: 7 day(s)
  - Remove oldest recordings when disk is: 95 % full
- Lock disk

**Enable automatic disk cleanup:**

Delete old recorded files while the conditions are reached as below.

**Remove recordings order than:**

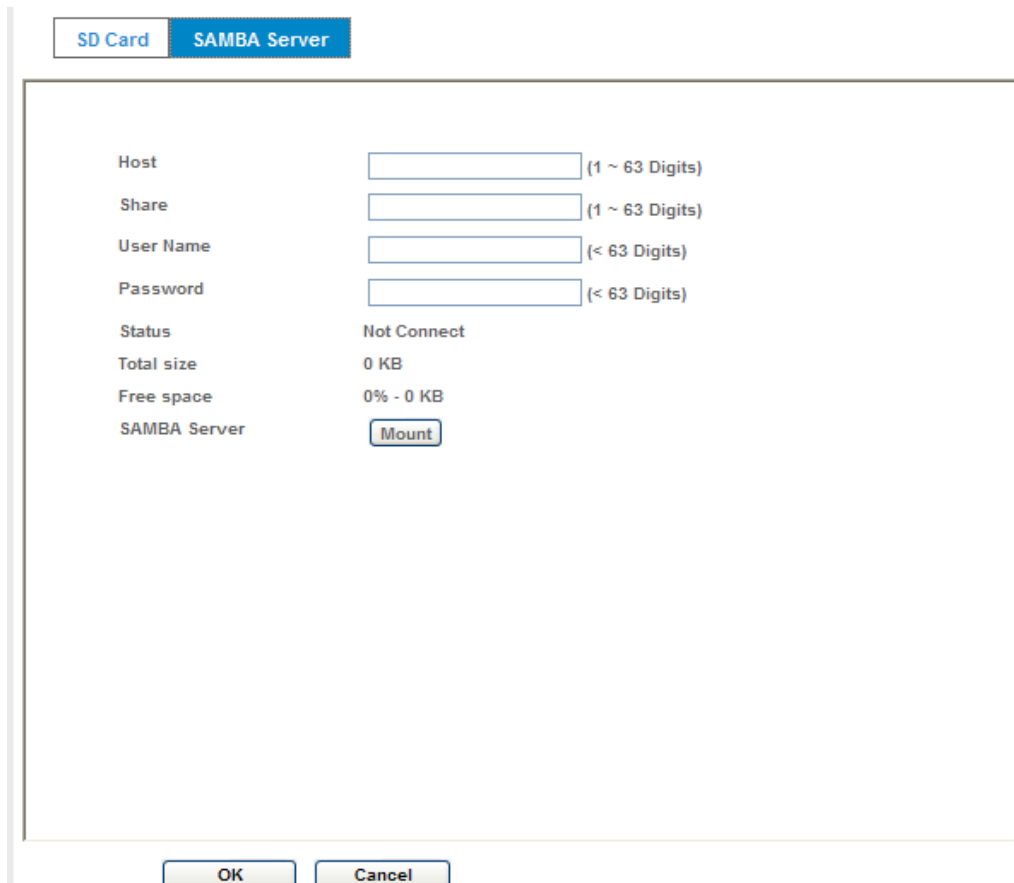
Delete old files by days.

**Remove oldest recordings when disk is:**

Delete old files by left capacity.

### 4.10.2 SAMBA Server

This page shows the status of SAMBA server. You may setup related parameters to manage the remote SAMBA server.



Host	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 63 Digits)
Share	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 63 Digits)
User Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 63 Digits)
Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 63 Digits)
Status	Not Connect	
Total size	0 KB	
Free space	0% - 0 KB	
SAMBA Server	<input type="button" value="Mount"/>	

**Host:**

Type the SAMBA server domain name or the IP address of the SMTP server.

**Share:**

Type the share folder of remote SAMBA server which the camera will upload files to this space.

**User name:**

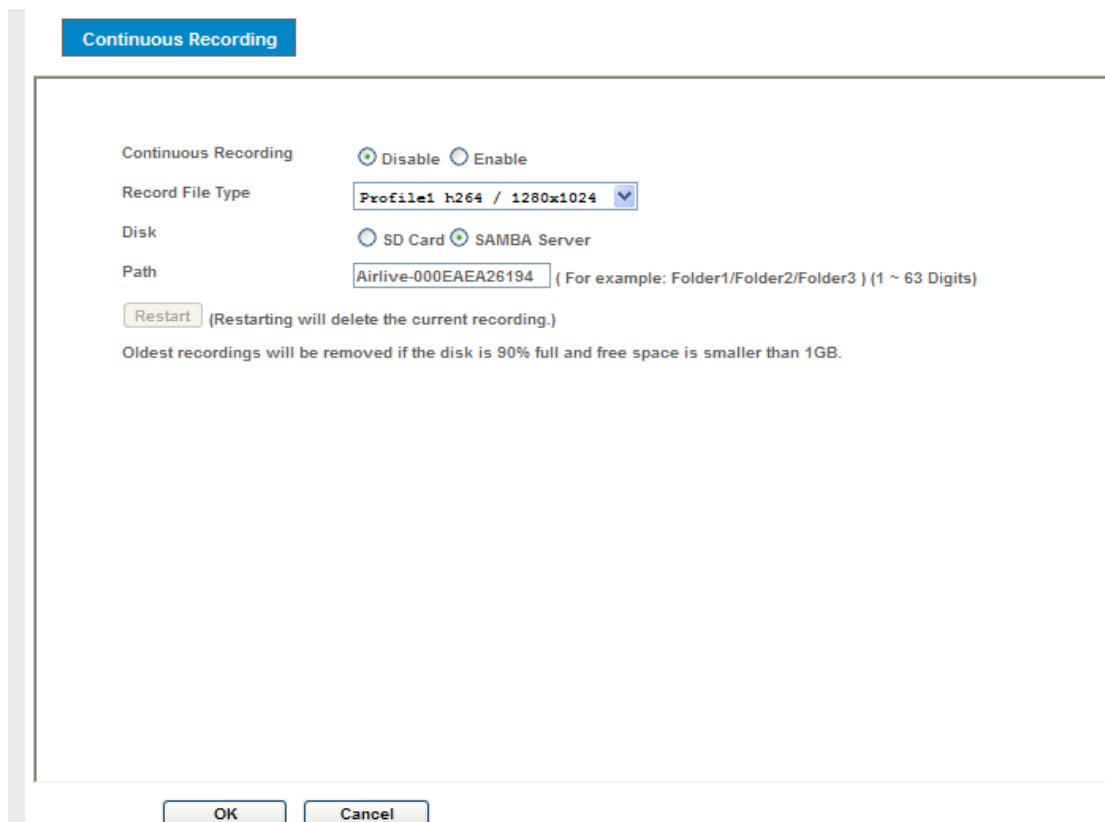
Type the user name for the remote SAMBA server.

**Password:**

Type the password for the remote SAMBA server.

## 4.11 Continuous Recording

The camera can continuously record video stream into files and save them to attached SD card or remote SAMBA server.



Continuous Recording

Continuous Recording  Disable  Enable

Record File Type

Disk  SD Card  SAMBA Server

Path  ( For example: Folder1/Folder2/Folder3 ) ( 1 ~ 63 Digits)

(Restarting will delete the current recording.)

Oldest recordings will be removed if the disk is 90% full and free space is smaller than 1GB.

**Continuous Recording:**

Enable or disable this function.

**Record File Type:**

Choose a video profile to record.

**DISK:**

Save recorded files to SD card or remote SAMBA server.

**Path:**

Define the folder path for the recorded files.

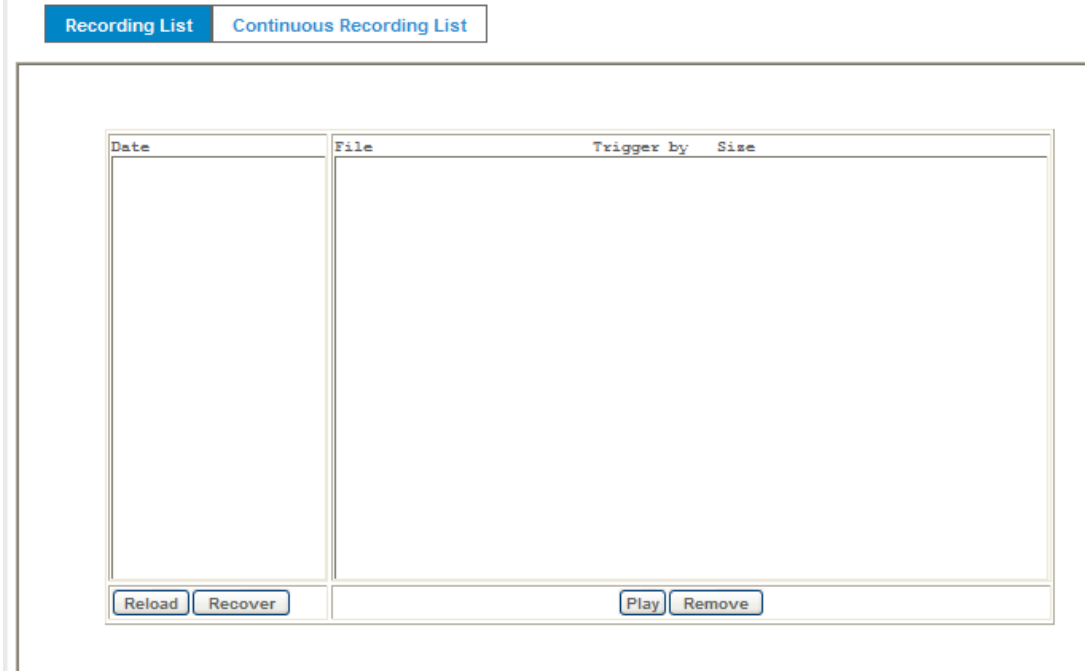
**Restart:**

Be careful, click this button will delete all continuous files recorded in SD card or remote SAMBA server.

## 4.12 Recording List- Files List inside SD Card

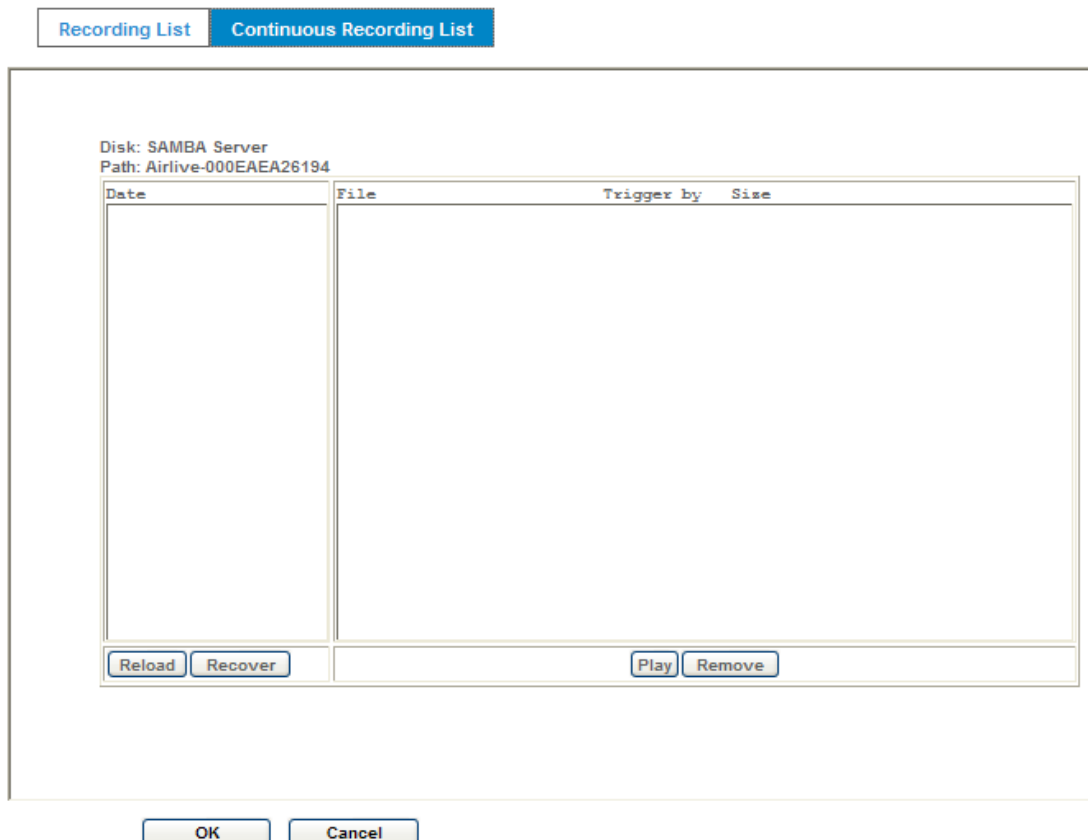
### 4.12.1 Recording List

This page shows the files list information. User may play or delete the selected file.



### 4.12.2 Continuous Recording List

This page only shows the continuous recording files which stored in SD card or remote SAMBA server. User may play or delete the selected file.





## 4.13 Event Server

### 4.13.1 FTP Sever

You may setup FTP parameters for further operation of Event Schedule. That's, if users want to send the alarm message to an FTP server, it will need to configure parameters here and also add at least one event schedule to enable event triggering as SMTP.

FTP Server
TCP Server
HTTP Server
SAMBA Server

Name	FTP Server	FTP Port	FTP Path

Name		(< 22 Digits)
FTP Server		(< 65 Digits) <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 1px 5px;">Test</span>
FTP Login Name		(< 22 Digits)
FTP Login Password		(< 22 Digits)
FTP Port	21	(1 ~ 65535)
FTP Path		(< 65 Digits)
FTP Passive Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Enable	

Add
Modify
Delete

**Name:**

User can specify multiple FTP paths as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each FTP setting.

**FTP Server:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the FTP server.

**Test:**

Check the FTP server whether this account is available or not.

**FTP Login name:**

Type the user name for the FTP server.

**FTP Login Password:**

Type the password for the FTP server.

**FTP Port:**

Set port number of FTP service.

**FTP Path:**

Set working directory path of FTP server.

**FTP Passive Mode:**

Select passive or active mode connecting to FTP server.

### 4.13.2 TCP Sever

In addition to send video file to FTP server, the device also can send event message to specified TCP server.

FTP Server	<b>TCP Server</b>	HTTP Server	SAMBA Server
------------	-------------------	-------------	--------------

---

Name	TCP Server	TCP Port
<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 100px;"></div>		
Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
TCP Server	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits) <input type="button" value="Test"/>
TCP Port	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 65535)

**Name:**

User can specify multiple TCP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each TCP server setting.

**TCP Server:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the TCP server.

**TCP Port:**

Set port number of TCP server.

### 4.13.3 HTTP Sever

The device also can send event message to specified HTTP server.

FTP Server	TCP Server	<b>HTTP Server</b>	SAMBA Server
------------	------------	--------------------	--------------

Name	HTTP Server	Proxy Address
<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 60px;"></div>		
Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
URL	<input type="text" value="http://"/>	(< 129 Digits) <input type="button" value="Test"/>
HTTP Login Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
HTTP Login Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
Proxy Address	<input type="text"/>	(< 129 Digits)
Proxy Login Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
Proxy Login Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
Proxy Port	<input type="text"/>	(1 ~ 65535)

**Name:**

User can specify multiple HTTP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each HTTP server setting.

**URL:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP server.

**Test:**

Check the HTTP server whether it is available or not.

**HTTP Login name:**

Type the user name for the HTTP server.

**HTTP Login Password:**

Type the password for the HTTP server.

**Proxy Address:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the HTTP Proxy.

**Proxy Login name:**

Type the user name for the HTTP Proxy.

**Proxy Login Password:**

Type the password for the HTTP Proxy.

**Proxy Port:**

Set port number of Proxy.

**4.13.4 SAMBA Sever**

The device also can send video stream to specified SAMBA server.

FTP Server	TCP Server	HTTP Server	<b>SAMBA Server</b>
------------	------------	-------------	---------------------

---

Name	SAMBA Server	SAMBA Path
Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Server	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits) <input type="button" value="Test"/>
SAMBA Login Name	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Login Password	<input type="text"/>	(< 22 Digits)
SAMBA Path	<input type="text"/>	(< 65 Digits)

**Name:**

User can specify multiple HTTP servers as wish. Therefore, user needs to specify a name for each HTTP server setting.

**SAMBA Server:**

Type the server name or the IP address of the SAMBA server.

**Test:**

Check the SAMBA server whether this account is available or not.

**SAMBA Login name:**

Type the user name for the SAMBA server.

**SAMBA Login Password:**

Type the password for the SAMBA server.

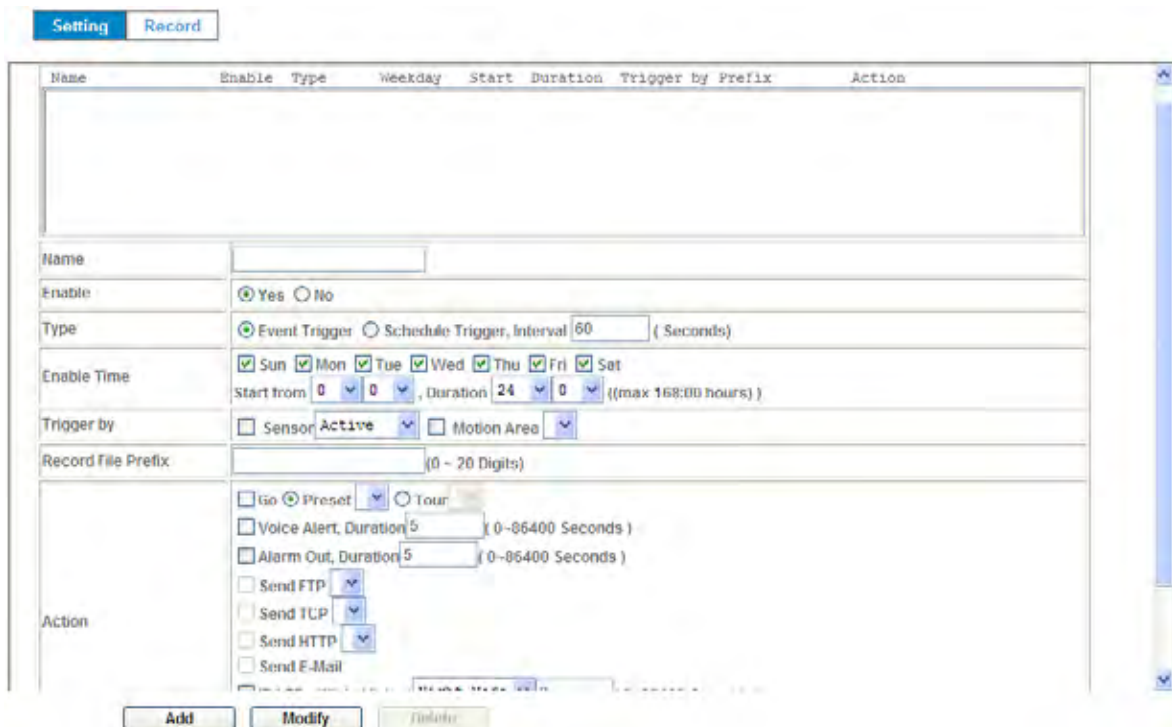
**SAMBA Path:**

Set working directory path of SAMBA server.

## 4.14 Event Schedule- Configure the event schedule

This menu is used to specify the schedule of Event or Schedule Trigger and activate the some actions provided by this device. Where the Schedule Trigger will be activated by user-define interval without event happened.

### 4.14.1 Setting



**Name:**

Name of the Event or Schedule.

**Enable:**

Enable or disable this Event or Schedule.

**Type:**

Event trigger or Schedule trigger.

**Enable Time:**

Define the feasible time slot.

**Trigger by:**

Select the triggered sources.

**Action:**

Define the actions once event triggered.

**Example 1:**

Send file to FTP server by motion triggered always:

1. Select event trigger
2. Enable time: start from 00:00 to 24:00 every day
3. Trigger by: Motion Area (Added in Object Detection page)
4. Action : Send FTP (Add in Event Server -> FTP Server page)

Setting
Record

Name	<input style="width: 90%;" type="text"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="60"/> ( Seconds)
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input style="width: 30px;" type="text" value="0"/> : <input style="width: 30px;" type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input style="width: 30px;" type="text" value="24"/> : <input style="width: 30px;" type="text" value="0"/> ((max 168:00 hours) )
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Sensor <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="Active"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Motion Area <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
Record File Prefix	<input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)
Action	<input type="checkbox"/> Go <input checked="" type="radio"/> Preset <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/> <input type="radio"/> Tour <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="5"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="5"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Send FTP <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="airftp"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail <input type="checkbox"/> IR LEDs (Night Vision) <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="Night Mode"/> <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="0"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input type="checkbox"/> Send SD <input type="checkbox"/> Send Samba <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>

Add
Modify
Delete

**Example 2:**

Send file to E-Mail server by motion triggered from Friday 18:00 to Saturday 06:00

1. Select event trigger.
2. Enable time: start from Friday 18:00 and keep work in 12 hours, so it will stop on Saturday 06:00.
3. Trigger by : Motion Area (Added in Object Detection page)
4. Action : Send e-mail (Add in E-Mail page)
  - i. To email address: You need to input the receiver email address.
  - ii. Subject: You could specify the email subject.
  - iii. Message: You could specify the email content.

Setting		Record
Name	sent to mail	
Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	
Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input type="text" value="60"/> ( Seconds)	
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input type="text" value="0"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input type="text" value="24"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> ((max 168:00 hours) )	
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Sensor <input type="text" value="Active"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Motion Area <input type="text" value=""/>	
Record File Prefix	<input type="text"/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)	
Action	<input type="checkbox"/> Go <input checked="" type="radio"/> Preset <input type="radio"/> Tour <input type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input type="checkbox"/> Alarm Out, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input type="checkbox"/> Send FTP <input type="text" value="airftp"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail To email address <input type="text" value="wayne.wu@airlive.com"/> Subject <input type="text" value="Event"/> Message <input type="text" value="WNO2600HD"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attached file <input type="checkbox"/> IR LEDs (Night Vision) <input type="text" value="Night Mode"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds )	
<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Modify"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>		

**Example 3:**

Enable Voice Alert every 10-minute during 18:00 to 24:00 from Monday to Friday.

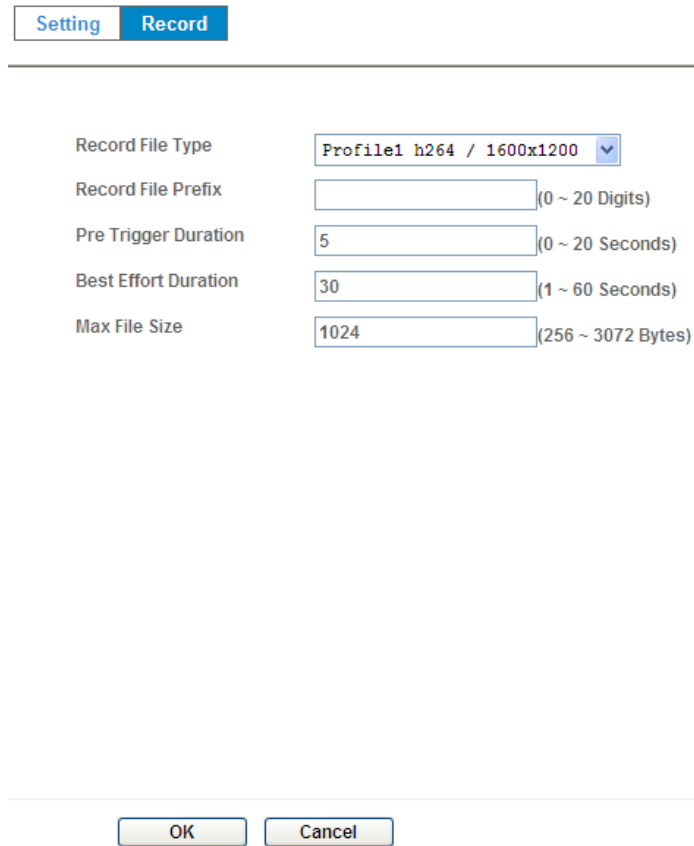
1. Type: Select schedule trigger and interval is 10-minute.
2. Enable time: Select Monday to Friday, and set start time from 18:00 and keep work in 6 hours.
3. Trigger by : You do not need to choose it, because this will be triggered every minute
4. Action : Voice Alert

Name	trigger_voice_alert
Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Event Trigger <input type="radio"/> Schedule Trigger, Interval <input type="text" value="60"/> ( Seconds)
Enable Time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sun <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tue <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sat Start from <input type="text" value="0"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> , Duration <input type="text" value="24"/> : <input type="text" value="0"/> ((max 168:00 hours) )
Trigger by	<input type="checkbox"/> Motion Area <input type="text" value=""/>
Record File Prefix	<input type="text" value=""/> (0 ~ 20 Digits)
Action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Voice Alert, Duration <input type="text" value="5"/> ( 0~86400 Seconds ) <input type="checkbox"/> Send FTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send TCP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send HTTP <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="checkbox"/> Send E-Mail <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Send SD <input type="checkbox"/> Send Samba <input type="text" value=""/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Modify"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	



### 4.14.2 Record

User can choose the type of record file for event or schedule application.



The screenshot shows a dialog box with two tabs: 'Setting' and 'Record'. The 'Record' tab is active. The dialog contains the following fields:

Record File Type	Profile1 h264 / 1600x1200	▼
Record File Prefix	<input type="text"/>	(0 ~ 20 Digits)
Pre Trigger Duration	<input type="text" value="5"/>	(0 ~ 20 Seconds)
Best Effort Duration	<input type="text" value="30"/>	(1 ~ 60 Seconds)
Max File Size	<input type="text" value="1024"/>	(256 ~ 3072 Bytes)

At the bottom of the dialog are two buttons: 'OK' and 'Cancel'.

**Record File Type:**

Choose JPEG, AVI-JPEG, or AVI-H.264 file format.

**Record File Prefix:**

Define the prefix of recorded filename.

**JPEG Picture Numbers:**

Define the picture numbers of JPEG to be sent out.

**Pre-Trigger Duration:**

Define the maximum duration of pre-alarm.

**Post-Trigger Duration:**

Define the maximum duration of post-alarm.

**Max File Size:**

Define the maximum buffer size of record file.

# 5

## Troubleshooting & FAQ

### 5.1 Monitor the Image Section

Question	Answer or Resolution
<b>Features</b>	
<p>The video and audio codec is adopted in the device.</p>	<p>The device utilizes H.264, MPEG4 and JPEG triple compression to providing high quality images. Where H.264 and MPEG4 are standards for video compression and JPEG is a standard for image compression.</p> <p>The audio codec is defined as AMR for 3GPP and G.711/G.726 for RTSP streaming.</p>
<p>The maximum number of users access the device simultaneously.</p>	<p>The maximum number of users is limited to 20. However, it also depends on the total bandwidth accessed to this device from clients. The maximum data throughput of the device is around 20~25Mbps for UDP mode and 10Mbps for HTTP mode.</p> <p>Therefore, the actual number of connected clients is varying by streaming mode, settings of resolution, codec type, frame rate and bandwidth. Obviously, the performance of the each connected client will slow down when many users are logged on.</p>
<p>The device can be used outdoors or not.</p>	<p>The device is not weatherproof. It needs to be equipped with a weatherproof case for outdoors using. However, equipped with a weatherproof case might disable the audio function of the device.</p>
<b>Install this device</b>	
<p>Status LED does not light up.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check and confirm that the DC power adaptor, included in packaged, is used. Secure the power connector and re-power it on again.</li> <li>• If the problem is not solved, the device might be faulty. Contact your dealer for further help.</li> </ul>
<p>The network cabling is required for the device.</p>	<p>The device uses Category 5 UTP cable allowing 10 and/or 100 Base-T networking.</p>
<p>The device will be installed and work if a</p>	<p>If a firewall exists on the network, port 80 is open for ordinary data communication. The HTTP port and RTSP port need to be</p>

firewall exists on the network.	opened on the firewall or NAT router.
The username and password for the first time or after factory default reset	Username = <b>admin</b> and password = <b>airlive</b> . Note that it's all case sensitivity.
Forgot the username and password	Follow the steps below. <b>1.</b> Restore the factory default setting by press pressing and holding down more than 3 seconds on the device. <b>2.</b> Reconfigure the device.
Forgot the IP address of the device.	Check IP address of device by using the IPWizard II program or by UPnP discovery.
IPWizard II program cannot find the device.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Re-power the device if cannot find the unit within 1 minutes.</li> <li>• Do not connect device over a router. IPWizard II program cannot detect device over a router.</li> <li>• If IP address is not assigned to the PC which running IPWizard II program, then IPWizard II program cannot find device. Make sure that IP address is assigned to the PC properly.</li> <li>• Antivirus software on the PC might interfere with the setup program. Disable the firewall of the antivirus software during setting up this device.</li> <li>• Check the firewall setting of your PC or Notebook.</li> </ul>
Internet Explorer does not seem to work well with the device	Make sure that your Internet Explorer is version 6.0 or later. If you are experiencing problems, try upgrading to the latest version of Microsoft's Internet Explorer from the Microsoft webpage.
IPWizard II program fails to save the network parameters.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network may have trouble. Confirm the parameters and connections of the device.</li> </ul>
<b>UPnP NAT Traversal</b>	
Can not work with NAT router	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maybe NAT router does not support UPnP function. Please check user's manual of router and turn on UPnP function.</li> <li>• Maybe UPnP function of NAT router is not compatible to the IP camera. Please contact your dealer to get the approval routers list.</li> </ul>
Some IP cameras are working but others are failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maybe too many IP cameras have been installed on the LAN, and then NAT router is out of resource to support more cameras. You could turn off and on NAT router to clear out of date information inside router.</li> </ul>

Access this device	
<p>Cannot access the login page and other web pages of the Network Camera from Internet Explorer</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maybe the IP Address of the Network Camera is already being used by another device or computer. To confirm this possible problem, disconnect the Network Camera from the network first, and then run the PING utility to check it out.</li> <li>• Maybe due to the network cable. Try correcting your network cable and configuration. Test the network interface by connecting a local computer to the Network Camera via a crossover cable.</li> <li>• Make sure the Internet connection and setting is ok.</li> <li>• Make sure enter the IP address of Internet Explorer is correct. If the Network Camera has a dynamic address, it may have changed since you last checked it.</li> <li>• Network congestion may prevent the web page appearing quickly. Wait for a while.</li> </ul> <p>The IP address and Subnet Mask of the PC and Network Camera must be in the same class of the private IP address on the LAN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure the http port used by the Network Camera, default=80, is forward to the Network Camera's private IP address.</li> <li>• The port number assigned in your Network Camera might not be available via Internet. Check your ISP for available port.</li> <li>• The proxy server may prevent you from connecting directly to the Network Camera, set up not to use the proxy server.</li> <li>• Confirm that Default Gateway address is correct.</li> <li>• The router needs Port Forwarding feature. Refer to your router's manual for details.</li> <li>• Packet Filtering of the router may prohibit access from an external network. Refer to your router's manual for details.</li> <li>• Access the Network Camera from the Internet with the global IP address of the router and port number of Network Camera.</li> <li>• Some routers reject the global IP address to access the Network Camera on the same LAN. Access with the private IP address and correct port number of Network Camera.</li> <li>• When you use DDNS, you need to set Default Gateway and DNS server address.</li> <li>• If it's not working after above procedure, reset Network Camera to default setting and installed it again.</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the problem is not solved, the Network Camera might be faulty. Contact your dealer for further help.</li> </ul>
Image or video does not appear in the main page.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The first time the PC connects to Network Camera, a pop-up <b>Security Warning window</b> will appear to download ActiveX Controls. When using Windows XP, or Vista, log on with an appropriate account that is authorized to install applications.</li> <li>• Network congestion may prevent the Image screen from appearing quickly. You may choose lower resolution to reduce the required bandwidth.</li> </ul>
Check the device's ActiveX is installed on your computer	Go to C:\Windows\Downloaded Program Files and check to see if there is an entry for the file " <b>IPCamera Control</b> ". The status column should show "Installed". If the file is not listed, make sure your Security Settings in Internet Explorer are configured properly and then try reloading the device's home page. Most likely, the ActiveX control did not download and install correctly. Check your Internet Explorer security settings and then close and restart Internet Explorer. Try to browse and log in again.
Internet Explorer displays the following message: "Your current security settings prohibit downloading ActiveX controls".	Setup the IE security settings or configure the individual settings to allow downloading and scripting of ActiveX controls.
The device work locally but not externally .	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Might be caused from the firewall protection. Check the Internet firewall with your system or network administrator. The firewall may need to have some settings changed in order for the device to be accessible outside your LAN.</li> <li>• Make sure that the device isn't conflicting with any other web server running on your LAN.</li> <li>• Check the configuration of the router settings allow the device to be accessed outside your local LAN.</li> <li>• Check the bandwidth of Internet connection. If the Internet bandwidth is lower than target bit rate, the video streaming will not work correctly.</li> </ul>
The unreadable characters are displayed.	Use the operating system of the selected language. Set the Encoding or the Character Set of the selected language on the Internet Explorer.
Frame rate is slower	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The traffic of the network and the object of the image affect</li> </ul>

than the setting.	<p>the frame rate. The network congestion causes frame rate slower than the setting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the bandwidth of Internet connection. If the Internet bandwidth is lower than target bit rate, the video streaming will not work correctly.</li> <li>• Ethernet switching hub can smooth the frame rate.</li> </ul>
Blank screen or very slow video when audio is enabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your connection to the device does not have enough bandwidth to support a higher frame rate for the streamed image size. Try reducing the video streaming size to 160x120 or 320x240 and/or disabling audio.</li> <li>• Audio will consume 32 kbps. Disable audio to improve video. Your Internet connection may not have enough bandwidth to support streaming audio from the device.</li> </ul>
Image Transfer on e-mail or FTP does not work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Default Gateway and DNS server address should be set up correctly.</li> <li>• If FTP does not work properly, ask your ISP or network administrator about the transferring mode of FTP server.</li> </ul>
Pan/Tilt does not work. (including Click to Center and Preset Positioning)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Click [<b>Refresh</b>] on the Internet Explorer when the communication stops with the device. The image will refresh.</li> <li>• Other clients may be operating Pan/Tilt.</li> <li>• Pan/Tilt operation has reached the end of corner.</li> </ul>
Pan/Tilt does not work smoothly.	<p>There may be a slight delay when you are using the Pan/Tilt feature in conjunction with streaming audio and video. If you find that there is a significant delay while panning or tilting the camera, try disabling the audio streaming and/or reducing the video streaming size.</p>
<b>Video quality of the device</b>	
The focus on the Camera is bad.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The lens is dirty or dust is attached. Fingerprints, dust, stain, etc. on the lens can degrade the image quality.</li> </ul>
The color of the image is poor or strange.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adjust White Balance.</li> <li>• To insure the images you are viewing are the best they can be, set the Display property setting (color quality) to 16bit at least and 24 bit or higher if possible within your computer.</li> <li>• The configuration on the device image display is incorrect. You need to adjust the image related parameters such as brightness, contrast, hue and sharpness properly.</li> </ul>
Image flickers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wrong power line frequency makes images flicker. Make sure the 50 or 60Hz format of your device.</li> <li>• If the object is dark, the image will flicker. Make the</li> </ul>

	condition around the Camera brighter.
Noisy images occur.	The video images might be noisy if the device is located in a very low light environment. Make the condition around the camera brighter or turn the White-light LED on.
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
Cannot play the recorded ASF file	Have installed Microsoft®'s DirectX 9.0 or later and use the Windows Media Player 11.0 or later to play the AVI filed recorded by the Device.

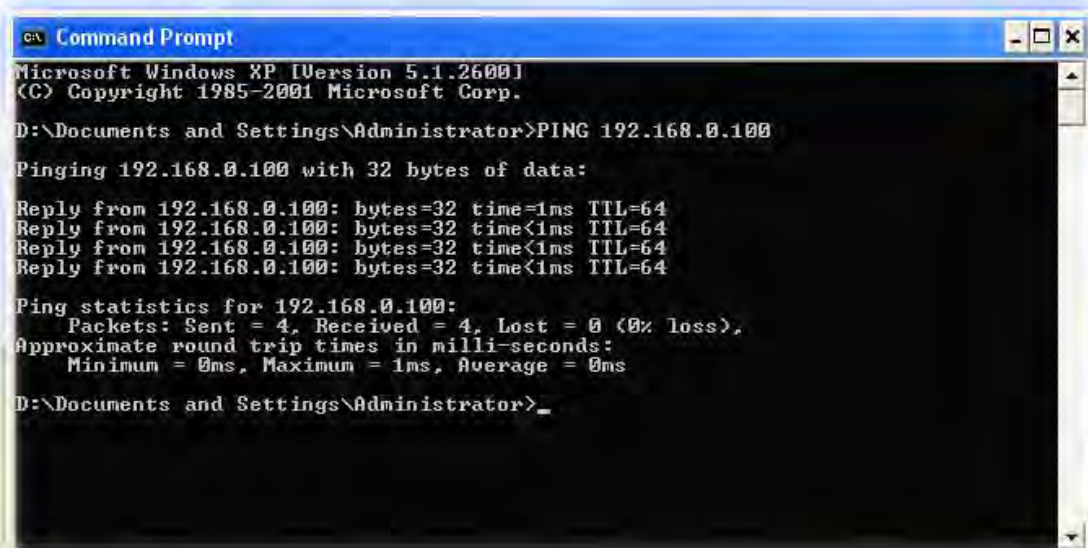
## 5.2 PING

The PING (stands for Packet Internet Groper) command is used to detect whether a specific IP address is accessible by sending a packet to the specific address and waiting for a reply. It's also a very useful tool to confirm the device installed or if the IP address conflicts with any other devices over the network.

If you want to make sure the IP address of the device, utilize the PING command as follows:

- Start a DOS window.
- Type ping x.x.x.x, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the device.

The replies, as illustrated below, will provide an explanation to the problem.



```

C:\ Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.
D:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>PING 192.168.0.100
Pinging 192.168.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
D:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>_
  
```

If you want to detect any other devices conflicts with the IP address of Network Camera, also can utilize the PING command but you must disconnect the device from the network first.

### 5.3 Bandwidth Estimation

The frame rate of video transmitted from the device depends on connection bandwidth between client and server, video resolution, codec type, and quality setting of server. Here is a guideline to help you roughly estimate the bandwidth requirements from your device.

The required bandwidth depends on content of video source. The slow motion video will produce smaller bit rate generally and fast motion will produce higher bit rate vice versa. Actual results generated by the device may be varying.

Image Resolution	Average range of data sizes for JPEG mode	Average bit rate for MPEG4 mode	Average bit rate for H.264 mode
160 x 120 (QQVGA)	3 ~ 6k byte per frame	64kbps~256kbps @ 30fps	32kbps~192kbps @ 30fps
320 x 240 (QVGA)	8 ~ 20k byte per frame	NA	192kbps~512kbps @ 30fps
640 x 480 (VGA)	20 ~ 50K byte per frame	NA	384kbps~1536kbps @ 30fps
1280x720 (HD)	100 ~ 200k byte per frame	NA	512kbps~3076kbps @ 15fps
1600x1200 (UXGA)		NA	512kbps~3076kbps @ 15fps

**Note:** Audio streaming also takes bandwidth around 32kbps. Some xDSL/Cable modem upload speeds could not even reach up to 128 kbps. Thus, you may not be able to receive good quality video while also streaming audio on a 128 kbps or lower connection. Even though the upload speed is more than 128kbps, for optimal video performance, disabling audio streaming will get better video performance.



## 5.4 Specification Table

Model	CW-720	
Camera	Camera Type	Indoor Cube Type
	Image Sensor	1/4" 1.3 MegaPixel CMOS sensor
	Sensor Resolution	1280X720
	Lens Type	Board Lens
		4.3mm
	Night Vision	Yes
	Max IR Distance	None
	Minimum Illumination	0 Lux with LEDs on
	Mechanical IR-Cut Filter	None
	Auto Iris	None
	Viewing Angle	45°50' (H)
		28°40' (V)
	Pan/Tilt Control	None
Analog Video Out	None	
Video	Video Compression	H.264
		MPEG4
		MJPEG
	Video Profile	20
	Resolution and Frame Rate	1280x720 @ 30 fps
		640x480 @ 30 fps
		320x180 @ 30 fps
		160x90 @ 30 fps
	Streaming	Multi-profile streaming
		Streaming over UDP, TCP, or HTTP
		M-JPEG streaming over HTTP (for non IE browser)
3GPP mobile view		
Configurable frame rate and bandwidth		
Support both CBR and VBR		
ROI		
Region of Interest	Up to 5 configurable region	
Image Processing	AE, AWB	

		Noise reduction
		Color, brightness, sharpness, contrast, Hue
		Mirror/Flip
		Privacy Masks
		Text, time and date OSD
	Digital Zoom	10X
<b>Audio</b>	Audio Encoder	RTSP: G.711 64kbps, G.726 32kbps 3GPP: AMR
	Audio Streaming	Two-way
	Audio Input/Output	Built-in Microphone and Speaker port
<b>Network</b>	Ethernet	One RJ45 Port; IEEE 802.3u Compliant 10/100 Mbps Fast Ethernet with Auto-MDIX
	Wireless	802.11 n
	Supported Protocols	TCP/IP, UDP, ICMP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, SMTP, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, Samba, PPPoE, UPnP, Bonjour, RTP, RTSP and RTCP
	Security	Password protection
		IP filter
	Users	HTTPS
Up to 20 simultaneous users		
<b>LED and Button</b>	Power LED	Amber Color
	Link/Act. LED	Green Color
	Reset Button	Reboot and Factory Default (Push and Hold Over 8 Sec)
<b>General</b>	Network Processor	DSP Base
	System ROM	16MByte NAND Flash
	System RAM	128Mbyte DDR SDRAM
	Power Supply	DC12V
	Power Consumption	2 Watts Max.
	Connector	RJ-45 10BaseT/100BaseTX
		12V DC power jack
		Speaker jack
		Reset button
Environment	Operation: Temp: 0 ~ 40 Humidity: 20% ~ 80% non-condensing	

		Storage: Temp: 0 ~ 40 Humidity: 0% ~ 90% non-condensing
	SD card slot	Micro SD
	Dimension	HxWxD:91x55x95 mm
<b>System Integration</b>	Software	CamPro Express 64,CamPro Professional
		Search & Installation-IP Wizard II
	Event Triggers	Motion detection
		External input via DI interface
	Motion Detection	10
	Event handler	FTP or NAS file upload
		E-mail alert
		HTTP, and TCP notification
		DO (digital output) alarm
	UPNP	Yes
	Application Programming Interface	ONVIF
		Open API for software integration
		SDK
	Video Buffer	Pre- and post- alarm buffering
Alarm Triggers	Intelligent video motion detection and external input	
Alarm Events	File upload via FTP or email	
	Notification via email, HTTP, and TCP	
	External output activation	
	Save to SD card	
	Audio alerting output	
Continuous recording	Yes	
<b>Viewing System</b>	OS	Windows® XP, Vista, 7
	Browser	IE 6.0 or later, Firefox 2.0 or later, Safari
	Cell Phone	With 3GPP player
	Video Player	VLC, Quick Time, Real Player, Core Player

## 5.5 Configure Port Forwarding Manually

The device can be used with a router. If the device wants to be accessed from the WAN, its IP address needs to be setup as fixed IP address, also the port forwarding or Virtual Server function of router needs to be setup. This device supports UPnP traversal function. Therefore, user could use this feature to configure port forwarding of NAT router first. However, if user needs to configure port forwarding manually, please follow the steps as below:

Manually installing the device with a router on your network is an easy 3–step procedure as following:

- (1) Assign a local/fixed IP address to your device
- (2) Access the Router with Your Web browser
- (3) Open/Configure Virtual Server Ports of Your Router

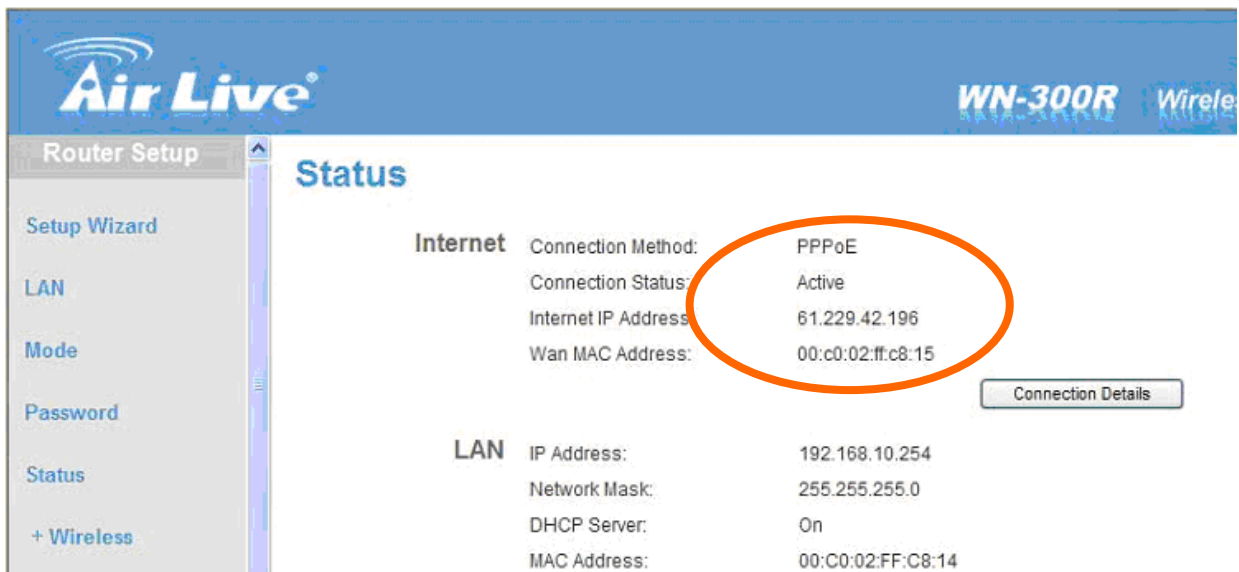
### (1) Assign a local/fixed IP address to your device

The device must be assigned a local and fixed IP Address that allows it to be recognized by the router. Manually setup the device with a fixed IP address, for example, *192.168.1.100*.

### (2) Access the Router with Your Web browser

The following steps generally apply to any router that you have on your network. The D-Link DI-624 is used as an example to clarify the configuration process. Configure the initial settings of the router by following the steps outlined in the router's **Quick Installation Guide**.

If you have cable or DSL service, you will most likely have a dynamically assigned WAN IP Address. 'Dynamic' means that your router's WAN IP address can change from time to time depending on your ISP. A dynamic WAN IP Address identifies your router on the public network and allows it to access the Internet. To find out what your router's WAN IP Address is, go to the **Status** screen on your router and locate the WAN information for your router. As shown on the following page the WAN IP Address will be listed. This will be the address that you will need to type in your web browser to view your camera over the Internet. Be sure to uncheck the **Reset IP address at next boot** button at the top of the screen after modifying the IP address. Failure to do so will reset the IP address when you restart your computer.



Your WAN IP Address will be listed here.

**Note:** Because a dynamic WAN IP can change from time to time depending on your ISP, you may want to obtain a Static IP address from your ISP. A Static IP address is a fixed IP address that will not change over time and will be more convenient for you to use to access your camera from a remote location. If you could not get a Static IP address from your ISP, the DIPS™ or DDNS is a solution alternatively. Please refer to Appendix G for more information.

### (3) Open/set Virtual Server Ports to enable remote image viewing

The firewall security features built into the router and most routers prevent users from accessing the video from the device over the Internet. The router connects to the Internet over a series of numbered ports. The ports normally used by the device are blocked from access over the Internet. Therefore, these ports need to be made accessible over the Internet. This is accomplished using the **Virtual Server** function on the router. The Virtual Server ports used by the camera must be opened through the router for remote access to your camera. Virtual Server is accessed by clicking on the **Advanced** tab of the router screen.

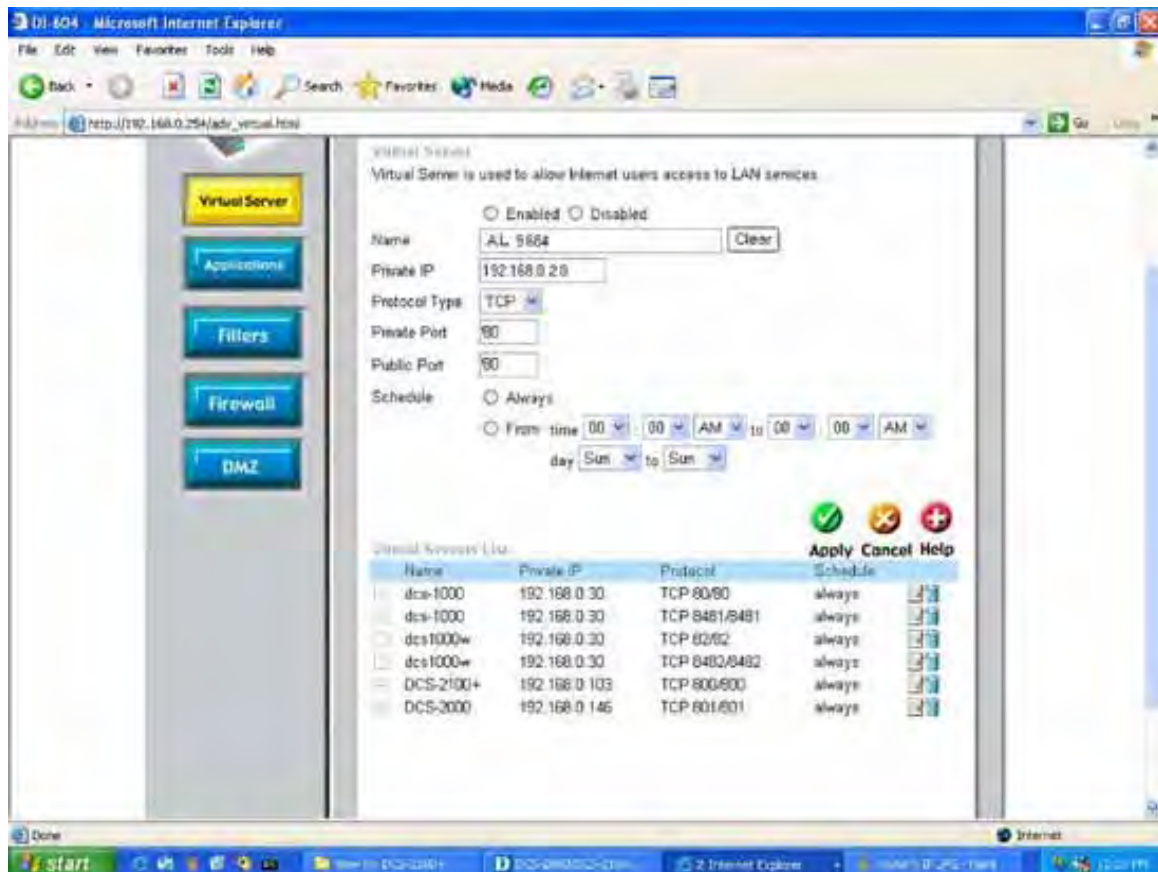
Follow these steps to configure your router's Virtual Server settings

- Click **Enabled**.
- Enter a unique name for each entry.
- Select **Both** under **Protocol Type (TCP and UDP)**
- Enter your camera's local IP Address (e.g., **192.168.1.100**, for example) in the **Private IP** field.

- If you are using the default camera port settings, enter **80** into the **Public** and **Private Port** section, click **Apply**.
- **Scheduling** should be set to **Always** so that the camera images can be accessed at any time.

A check mark appearing before the entry name will indicate that the ports are enabled.

**Important:** Some ISPs block access to port 80. Be sure to check with your ISP so that you can open the appropriate ports accordingly. If your ISP does not pass traffic on port 80, you will need to change the port the camera uses from 80 to something else, such as 8080. Not all routers are the same, so refer to your user manual for specific instructions on how to open ports.



Enter valid ports in the **Virtual Server** section of your router. Please make sure to check the box on this line to enable settings. Then the device can be access from WAN by the router's WAN IP Address.

By now, you have finished your entire PC configuration for this device.

## 5.6 DDNS

### 1. Preface

If you have a Cable modem or xDSL, this is a great way to host your own Networked Device or other TCP/IP Service. Get your own domain like [www.yourname.com](http://www.yourname.com), [www.yourname.com.tw](http://www.yourname.com.tw) etc. (Note: This domain must be registered with Internic via registration authorities such as Network Solutions, DirectNIC, and Register.com etc). Your domain name's dynamic IP address is automatically tracked by a DDNS server.

Host your own Networked Device and much more no matter what your computer's IP address may be and even if you have dialup, DSL or cable modem internet connection where your computer's IP address changes all the time!! DDNS service supports all top level domain names including but not limited to .com, .net, .org, .to, .uk etc.

### 2. Ethernet Network Environment

Normally, DDNS service is only necessary for the users that could only obtain dynamic IP addresses. As to the users that could obtain the static valid IP address, they do not usually have to apply the DDNS service. Before we decide if DDNS is necessary for the users, we have to check what kind of Ethernet network environment we have to install our Networked Device on.

#### (1) Environment of Fixed Valid IP Network

If users could obtain valid IP addresses, they could save the effort to apply DDNS service. Because the IP address in this environment is fixed, users could input the IP address or domain name of demo site directly in the IE browser.

#### (2) Environment of Dynamic IP Network

If users is under an environment of dynamic IP network (Dial-up xDSL), they have to apply a domain name in advance. Then apply DDNS service. Finally setup the necessary information of DDNS and PPPoE of the Networked Device in order to let the outside administrator be able to access through internet.

### 3. Application Steps—DDNS & Domain Name

- (1). Visit the following web site: <http://www.dyndns.org/>
- (2). Click "Account"



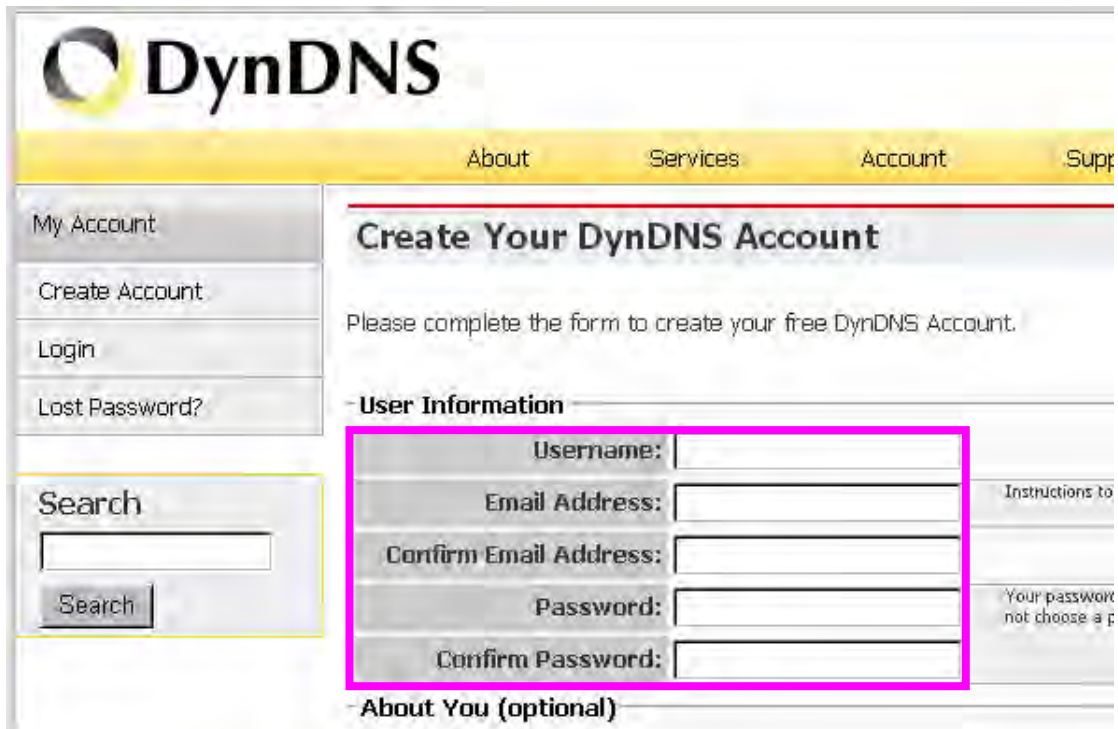
(3). After the columns show up at the left side, click “[Create Account](#)”.



(4). Fill the application agreement and necessary information.

- a. Username
- b. E-mail address and confirmation
- c. Password and confirmation
- d. Submit all the input information and finish creating an account





#### Terms of Service

Please read the acceptable use policy (AUP) and accept it prior to creating your account. Also acknowledge that you may only have one (1) free account, and that creation of multiple free accounts will result in the deletion of all of your accounts.

Policy Last Modified: February 6, 2006

1. ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND ACCEPTANCE OF TERMS OF SERVICE

All services provided by Dynamic Network Services, Inc. ("DynDNS") are provided to you (the "Member") under the Terms and Conditions set forth in this Acceptable Use Policy ("AUP") and any other operating rules and policies set forth by DynDNS. The AUP comprises the entire agreement between the Member and DynDNS and supersedes all prior agreements between the parties regarding the subject matter contained herein. BY COMPLETING THE REGISTRATION PROCESS AND CLICKING THE "Accept" BUTTON, YOU ARE INDICATING YOUR AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY ALL OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE AUP.

2. DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE

I agree to the AUP:

I will only create one (1) free account:

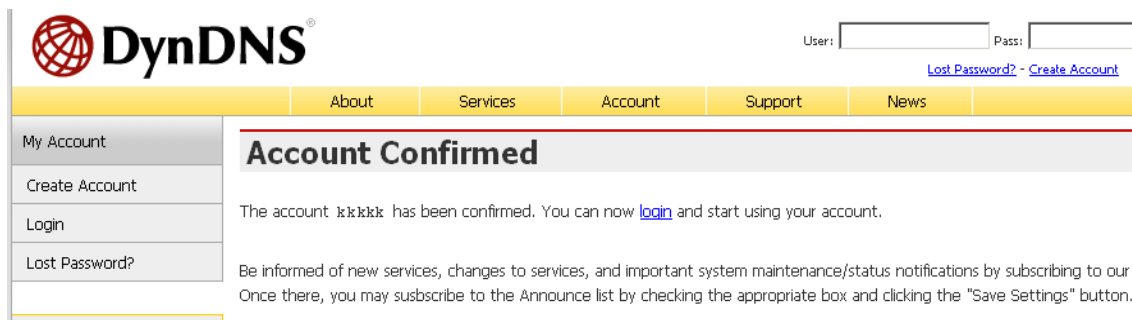
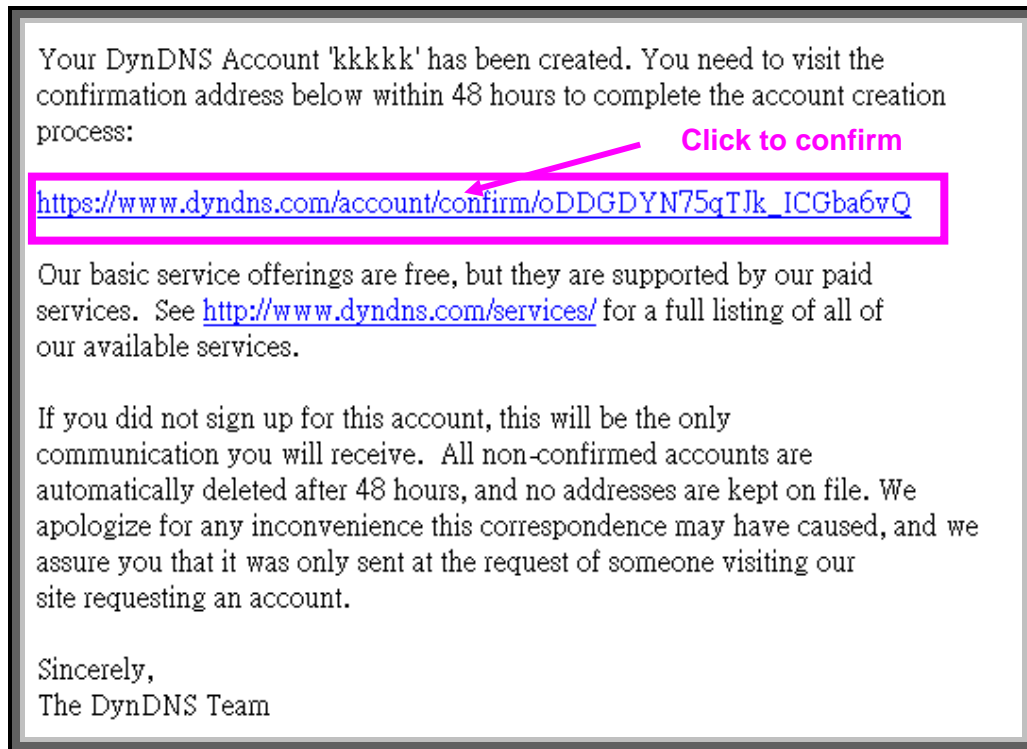
← Click these two options

#### Next Step

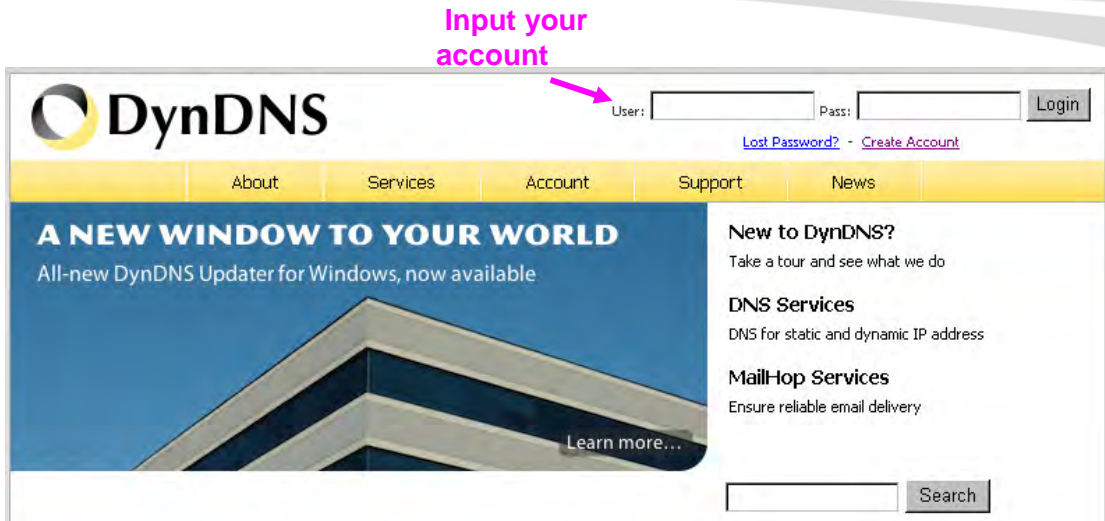
After you click "Create Account", we will create your account and send you an e-mail to the address you provided. Please follow the instructions in that e-mail to confirm your account. You will need to confirm your account within 48 hours or we will automatically delete your account. (This helps prevent unwanted robots on our systems)

Create Account

(5). Check your e-mail mailbox. There will be an e-mail with a title “Your DynDNS Account Information“. Click the hyperlink address to confirm the DDNS service that you just applied. Then DDNS you applied activated.

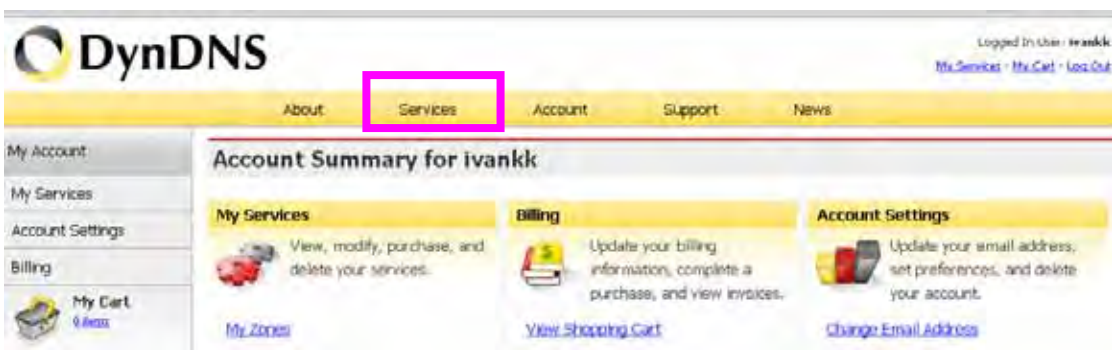


(6). Enter the web page <http://www.dyndns.org/> again. Input your username and password that you just applied to login administration interface of DDNS server.

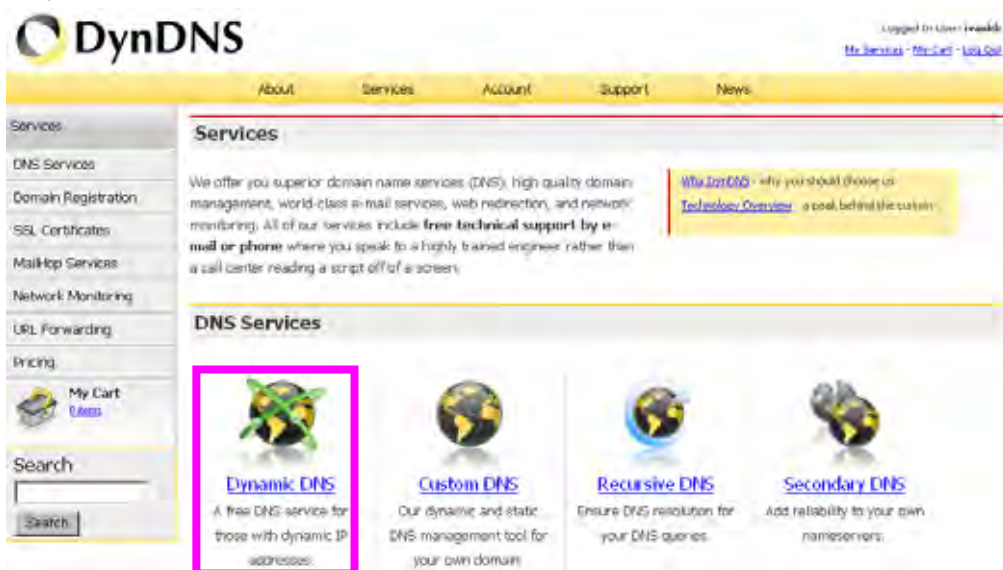


(7). If the correct username and password are input, you can see the following picture at the top-right of the login page.

(8). Click the “Services”.



(9). Click the “Dynamic DNS”.



(10). Click the “Get Started”.

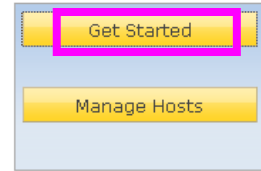
### Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) allows you to create a hostname that points to your dynamic IP or static IP address or URL. We also provide an update mechanism which makes the hostname work with your dynamic IP address. **We continue to offer this service free** to the Internet community as we have done so **for nearly 10 years**.

#### Capabilities and Features

- Get five (5) hostnames in [88 available domains](#) for free.
- Create wildcard CNAME *\*.yourhost.dyndns.org* for *yourhost.dyndns.org*.
- Forward web requests or mark host offline for maintenance or downtime.
- Configure MX records for flexible mail routing.
- Update host using [ddns update clients](#) for a wide variety of platforms.
- Modify DNS TTL values for fast propagation or reliable static IP caching.
- Deliver your DNS records to 5 DNS servers in 5 tier-1 datacenters around the globe.
- Query volume up to 648,000 queries/month

Our **free industry-leading e-mail support** is ready to help you setup your dynamic or static DNS so you can host a website, remotely connect to your machine, and run a mail server. We also offer other premium features with our [Account Upgrade](#) service.



#### Screenshot



(11). We could create a domain name without any charge at this step. First, we input the host name. (Pink No.1) Then we pick a domain that is easy to remember. (Pink No.2) The 3<sup>rd</sup> step is to click “Offline Hostname” from Service Type. (Pink No.3) Finally, click the “Create Host” to submit the domain name information and finish DDNS application. (Pink No.4)

### Add New Hostname

[↑ Host Services](#)

Note: You currently don't have Account Upgrades in your account. You cannot use some of our Host Service features. Please consider buying Account upgrade that make this form full-functional and will add several other features. [Learn More...](#)

1 → Hostname:  :  ← 2

Wildcard:  Yes, alias "\*.hostname.domain" to same settings.

Service Type:

3 →  Host with IP address

WebHop Redirect

Offline Hostname

IP Address:

[Use auto detected IP address 118.168.38.166.](#)

TTL value is 60 seconds. [Edit TTL.](#)

Please enter valid IP address (optional for Offline hostnames).

Mail Routing:  Yes, let me configure Email routing.

4 ↓

#### 4. Setup the DDNS and PPPoE of Networked Device

At last, users have to enter the web page of Networked Device and setup the necessary information of DDNS and PPPoE after the application of DDNS service. Please check the user manual to access the DDNS and PPPoE pages. After saving the modification, restart the device. Then the external users could browse the Networked Device by the input of their domain name.

### 5.7 Power Line Frequency

COUNTRY	VOLTAGE	FREQUENCY	COMMENTS
Argentina	220V	50 Hz	*Neutral and line wires are reversed from that used in Australia and elsewhere.
Australia	230V*	50 Hz	*Outlets typically controlled by adjacent switch. Though <i>nominal</i> voltage has been officially changed to 230V, 240V is within tolerances and commonly found.
Austria	230V	50 Hz	
Brazil	110/220V*	60 Hz	*127V found in states of Bahia, Paran?(including Curitiba), Rio de Janeiro, S 綉 Paulo and Minas Gerais (though 220V may be found in some hotels). Other areas are 220V only, with the exception of Fortaleza (240V).
Canada	120V	60 Hz	
China, People's Republic of	220V	50 Hz	
Finland	230V	50 Hz	
France	230V	50 Hz	
Germany	230V	50 Hz	
Hong Kong	220V*	50 Hz	

<b>India</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Italy</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Japan</b>	100V	50/60 Hz*	*Eastern Japan 50 Hz (Tokyo, Kawasaki, Sapporo, Yokohoma, and Sendai); Western Japan 60 Hz (Osaka, Kyoto, Nagoya, Hiroshima)
<b>Malaysia</b>	240V	50 Hz	
<b>Netherlands</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Portugal</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Spain</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Sweden</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Switzerland</b>	230V	50 Hz	
<b>Taiwan</b>	110V	60 Hz	
<b>Thailand</b>	220V	50 Hz	
<b>United Kingdom</b>	230V*	50 Hz	*Outlets typically controlled by adjacent switch. Though <i>nominal</i> voltage has been officially changed to 230V, 240V is within tolerances and commonly found.
<b>United States of America</b>	120V	60 Hz	

## 5.8 3GPP Table

To use the 3GPP function, in addition to previous section, you might need more information or configuration to make this function work.

**Note** that to use the 3GPP function, it strongly recommends to install the Networked Device with a public and fixed IP address without any firewall protection.

### RTSP Port:

Port 554 is the default for RTSP service. However, sometimes, some service providers change this port number for some reasons. If so, user needs to change this port accordingly.

**Dialing procedure:**

1. Choose a verified player (PacketVideo or Realplayer currently)
2. Use the following URL to access:  
<rtsp://host/mpeg4/media.3gp>

Where *host* is the host name or IP address of the camera.

**Compatible 3G mobile phone:**

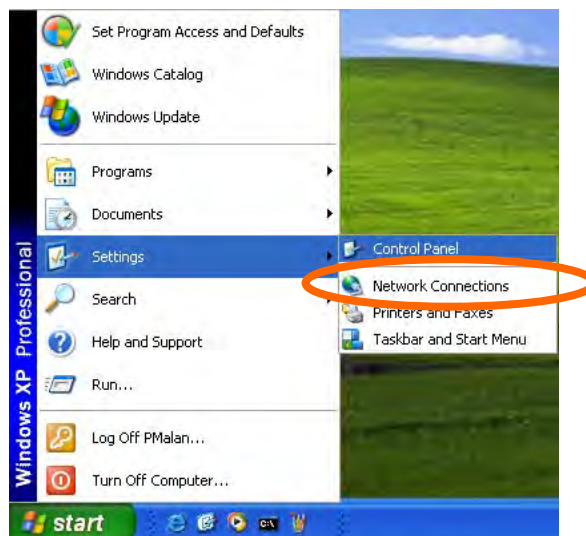
Please contact your dealer to get the approved list of compatible 3G phone.

## 5.9 UPnP

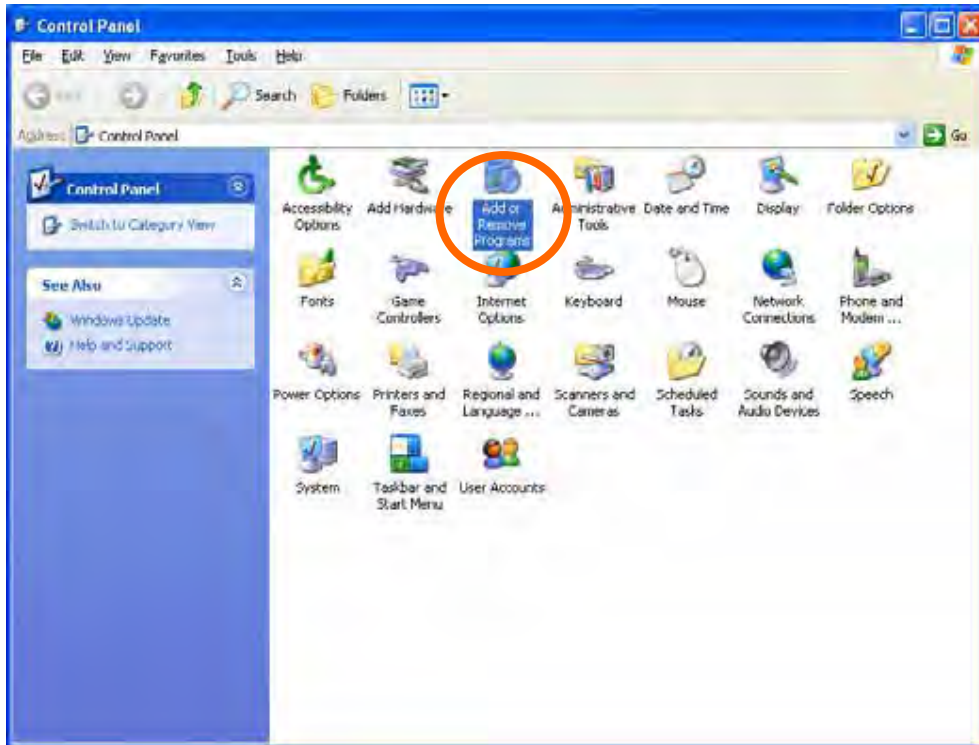
Use the following steps to enable UPnP settings only if your operating system of PC is running Windows XP.

Go to **Start > Settings**.

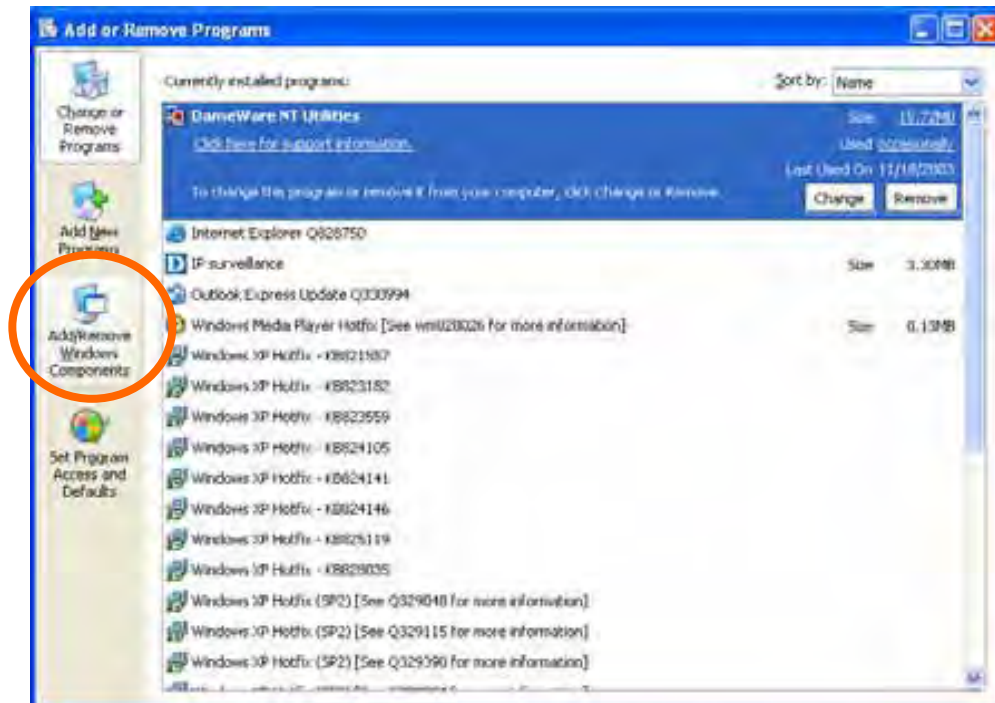
Click **Control Panel**



### Click Add or Remove Programs



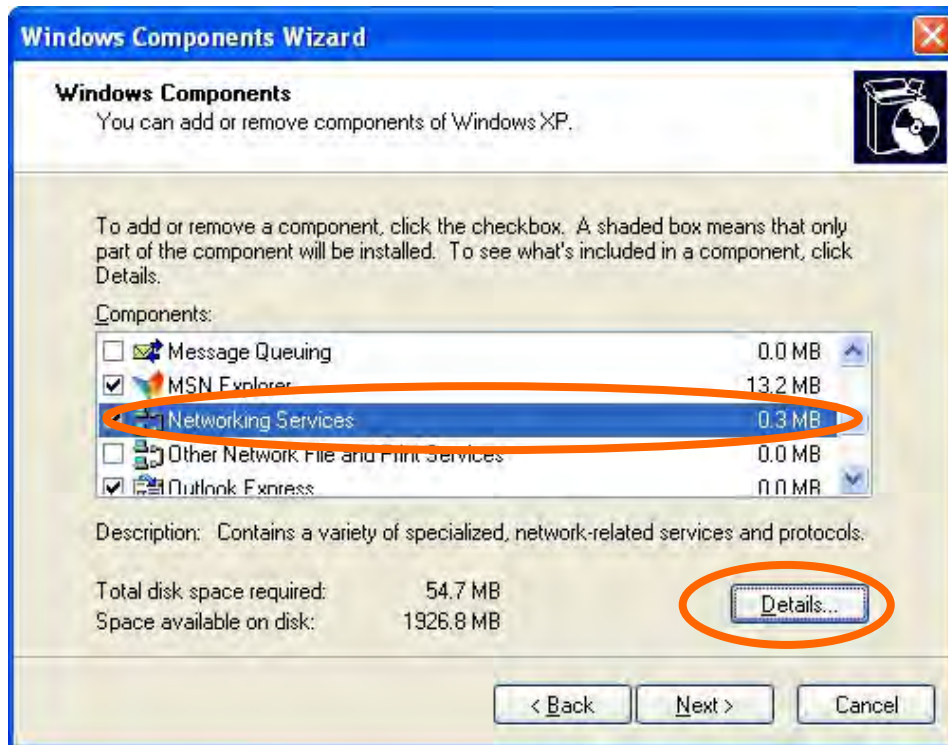
### Click Add/Remove Windows Components



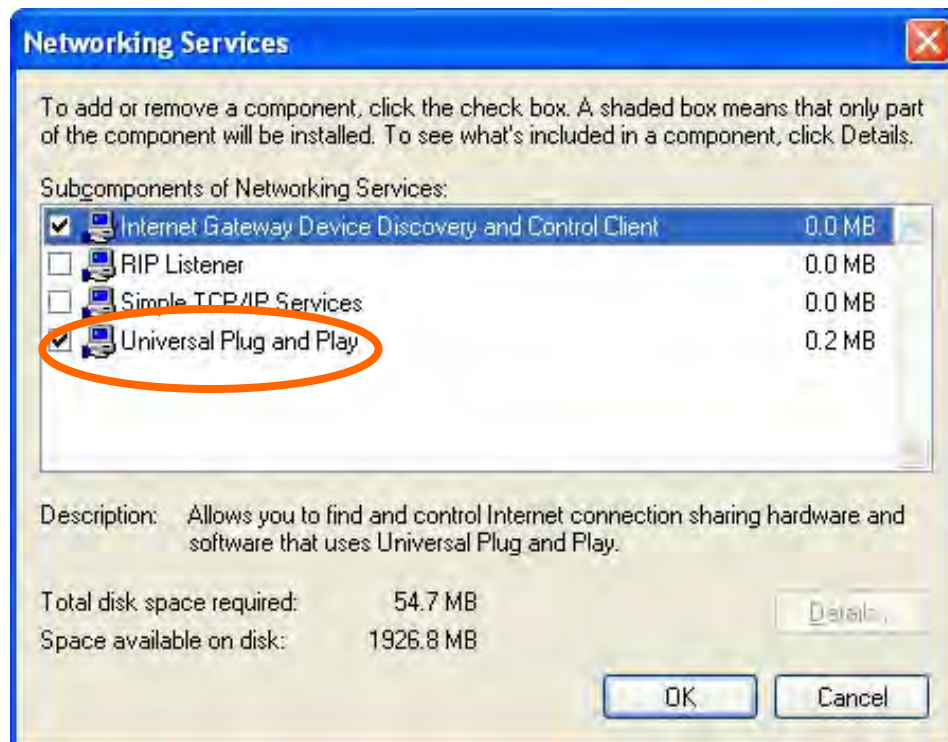


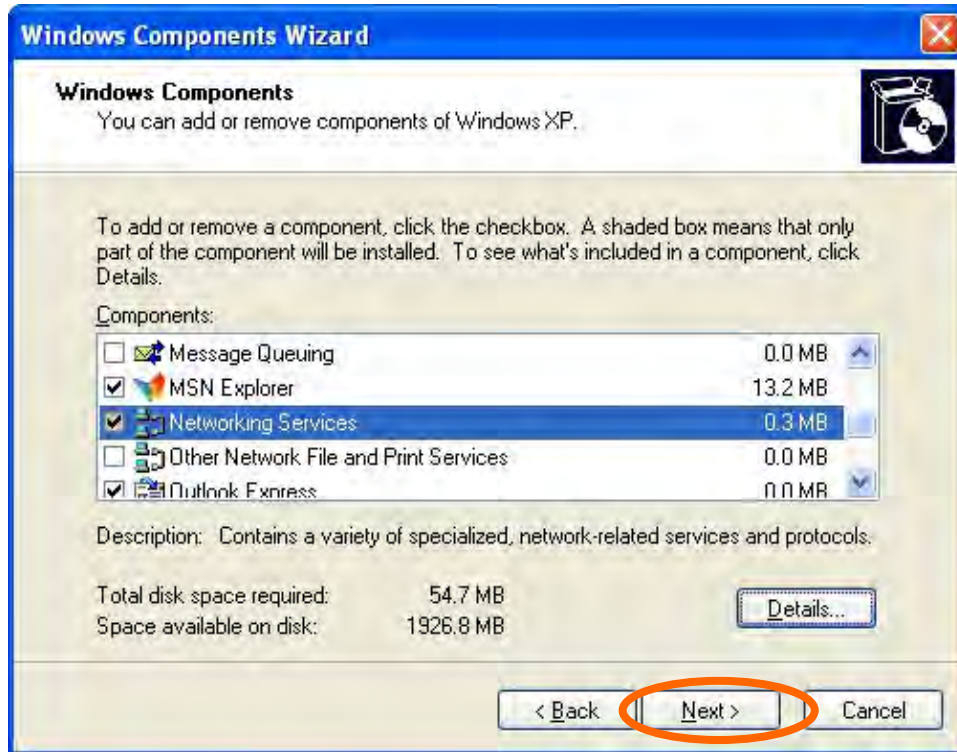
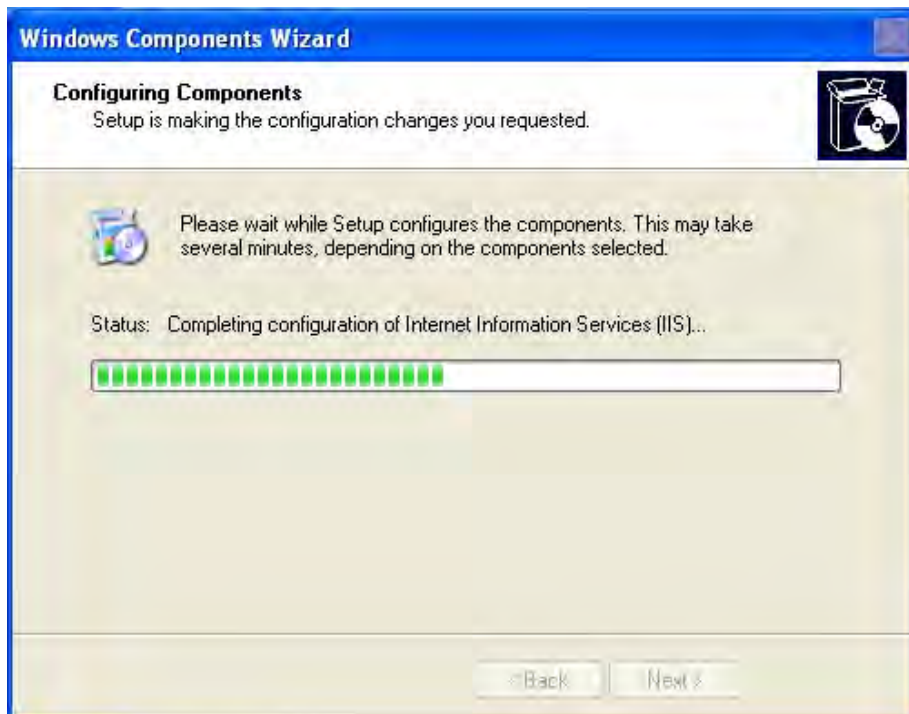
The following screen will appear:

### Select **Networking Services**



### Select **Universal Plug and Play**



**Click Details****Click Next**

Please wait while Setup configures the components.



Click **Finish**