

**PCIE-100 MPE Calculation - OET Bulletin 65**

The FCC requires that the calculated MPE be equal to or less than a given limit dependent on frequency at a distance of 20 cm from a device to the body of a user.

The MPE calculation as given in FCC OET Bulletin 65, page 19 is used to calculate the safe operating distance for the user.

$$S = \text{EIRP} / 4 \pi R^2$$

- Where**
- S = Power density
  - EIRP = Effective Isotropically Radiated Power (EIRP = P x Df x G)
  - P = Conducted Transmitter Power
  - G = Antenna Gain (relative to an isotropic radiator)
  - R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna
  - Df = Duty factor

**For the PCIE-100 @ GSM 850**

Transmitter frequency range = 824MHz to 849MHz

Measured Transmitter Power = 1.77W @ antenna socket

**Requirement**

From table 1 (b) - Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure of FCC Rule Part 1.1310 for GSM850

$$S = f / 1500 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \text{ (f = operating frequency)}$$

$$S = 824 / 1500 = 0.55 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \text{ (worst case)}$$

**Calculation to Determine Maximum Antenna Gain (G)**

Values: S = 0.55 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$$P = 1770\text{mW}$$

$$R = 20\text{cm}$$

$$Df = 0.5 \text{ ( Four slots Tx on eight).}$$

$$S = P \times Df \times G / 4 \pi R^2$$

$$0.55 = 1770 \times 0.5 \times G / (12.56 \times 20^2)$$

$$0.55 \times (12.56 \times 20^2) = (1770 \times 0.5) \times G$$

$$0.55 \times (12.56 \times 20^2) / (1770 \times 0.5) = G$$

$$G = 3.12 \text{ (4.9dBi)}$$



**For the PCIE-100 @ PCS1900**

Transmitter frequency range = 1850MHz to 1910MHz

Measured Transmitter Power = 0.80 W @ antenna socket

**Requirement**

From table 1 (b) - Limits for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure of FCC Rule Part 1.1310 for PCS1900

**S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> (worst case)****Calculation to determine max. Antenna Gain (G)**Values: S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

P = 800mW

R = 20cm

Df = 0.5 (Four slots Tx on eight).

$$S = P \times Df \times G / 4 \pi R^2$$

$$1 = 800 \times 0.5 \times G / (12.56 \times 20^2)$$

$$1 \times (12.56 \times 20^2) = (800 \times 0.5) \times G$$

$$1 \times (12.56 \times 20^2) / (800 \times 0.5) = G$$

**G = 12.56 (10.9 dBi)**

