

MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd

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MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15.247 WLAN 802.11b/g/n

FCC ID: O9C-BJNGAFB0005

APPLICANT: Hewlett Packard Company

Application Type: Certification

Product: Unified Wired-WLAN Walljack

Model No.: BJNGA-FB0005, JH048A

Brand Name: HP

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15.247

Test Procedure(s): KDB 558074 D01v03r02, KDB 662911 D01v02r01

Test Date: Sep. 15 ~ 24, 2014

Reviewed By : Resim Wu

(Robin Wu)

Approved By: Marlinchen

(Marlin Chen)



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 558074 D01v03r02. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date	
1409RSU02701	Rev. 01	Initial report	09-25-2014	



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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	Hewlett Packard Company			
Applicant Address:	153 Taylor Street Littleton Massachusetts, United States 01460-1407			
Manufacturer:	Hewlett Packard Company			
Manufacturer Address:	153 Taylor Street Littleton Massachusetts, United States 01460-1407			
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd			
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong			
	Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China			
MRT Registration No.:	809388			
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.247			
Model No.:	BJNGA-FB0005, JH048A			
FCC ID:	O9C-BJNGAFB0005			
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A ☐ Production ☐ Pre-Production ☐ Engineering			
FCC Classification:	Digital Transmission System (DTS)			
Date(s) of Test:	Sep. 15 ~ 24, 2014			
Test Report S/N:	1409RSU02701			

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Tian'edang Rd., Suzhou, China.

- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory
 Accreditation (A2LA) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation
 Program (A2LA Cert. No. 3628.01) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC,
 Industry Canada, EU and TELEC Rules.
- MRT facility is a FCC registered (MRT Reg. No. 809388) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (11384A-1).
- MRT facility is an IC registered (11384A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.





1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2009 on September 30, 2013.





2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

5			
Product Name	Unified Wired-WLAN Walljack		
Model No.	BJNGA-FB0005, JH048A		
Power Type	48Vdc, 0.63A (or POE input)		
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz		
	802.11n-HT40: 2422 ~ 2452 MHz		
Maximum Output Power	802.11b: 25.55dBm		
	802.11g: 28.10dBm		
	802.11n-HT20: 27.97dBm		
	802.11n-HT40: 24.71dBm		
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS		
	802.11g/n: OFDM		
Adapter	Brand Name: DVE		
	M/N: DSA-42D-48 2 480063		
	P/N: JD055B		
	Input: 100-240V ~ 50/60Hz 1.2A		
	Output: +48V ~ 0.63A		

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2.2. Frequency / Channel Operation

Channel List for 802.11b/g/n-HT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
01	2412 MHz	02	2417 MHz	03	2422 MHz
04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz	06	2437 MHz
07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz	09	2452 MHz
10	2457 MHz	11	2462 MHz	N/A	N/A

Channel List for 802.11n-HT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
03	2422 MHz	04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz
06	2437 MHz	07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz
09	2452 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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2.3. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (GHz)	Manufacturer	Model	Tx Paths	Max Peak Gain (dBi)	Direct Ga (dE For	in
						Power	PSD
	2.4			2	Ant 0: 2.7	6.02	6.02
	2 .¬			_	Ant 1: 3.3	0.02	0.02
AGH, Anti SCHC Anti	5.2	Lite-On Technology Corp.			Ant 0: 4.6	7.41	7.41
	0.2		FN		Ant 1: 4.2		
	5.5		EVT2	2	Ant 0: 4.9	7.66	7.66
SGHz Antil				_	Ant 1: 4.4	7.00	7.00
	5.8				Ant 0: 5.0	8.21	8.21
	5.0				Ant 1: 5.4	0.21	0.21

Note:

1. The EUT supports Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode, and CDD signals are correlated.

For CDD transmissions, directional gain is calculated as follows, $N_{ANT} = 2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.

- 1) If all antennas have the same gain, G_{ANT} , Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.
- · For power spectral density (PSD) measurements on all devices,

Array Gain = 10 log (N_{ANT}/N_{SS}) dB = 3.01;

· For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB for $N_{ANT} \le 4$;

- 2) If antenna gains are not equal, the user may use either of the following methods to calculate directional gain, provided that each transmit antenna is driven by only one spatial stream:
- Directional gain may be calculated by using the formulas applicable to equal gain antennas with G_{ANT} set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain;

• DirectionalGain =
$$10 \cdot \log \left| \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{SS}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^{2}}{N_{ANT}} \right|$$

 $g_{j,k} = 10^{G_k/20}$ if the kth antenna is being fed by spatial stream j, or zero if it is not;

 G_k is the gain in dBi of the kth antenna.



2.4. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port							
	2.4GH	Iz RF Port	5GHz F	5GHz RF Port			
Software Control Port	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 1			
	Antenna RF Port Plot						
	2.4GHz Anto 2.4GHz Anto 5.6GHz Anto	Port					

2.5. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11b
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11g
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40

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2.6. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing were "ART2-GUI Version: 2.3" and "CART Version: 4.9". Final Power Parameter Value of the test software.

Test Mode	Test Frequency	Power Parameter Value
	(MHz)	Ant 0 + 1
	2412	20.5
802.11b	2437	20.0
	2462	20.5
	2412	17.5
802.11g	2437	18.0
	2462	16.0
	2412	17.5
802.11n-HT20	2437	16.0
	2462	13.0
	2422	12.0
802.11n-HT40	2437	13.0
	2452	12.5



2.7. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) and 5GHz WLAN (UNII)

Note: 2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz, and 40MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = peak per the guidance of Section 6.0 b) of KDB 558074 D01v03r02. The RBW and VBW were both greater than 50/T, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

- 802.11b 100.0%
- 802.11g/n-HT20 100%
- 802.11n-HT40 100%

2.8. Test Configuration

The **Unified Wired-WLAN Walljack FCC ID: O9C-BJNGAFB0005** was tested per the guidance of KDB 558074 D01v03r02. ANSI C63.4-2009 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.9. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.10. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the trade name and FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

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3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, $50\Omega/50$ uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

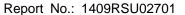
The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2009 at Clause 4.3.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.8.

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3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable. For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

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4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- The antenna of the Unified Wired-WLAN Walljack is **permanently attached.**
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The **Unified Wired-WLAN Walljack FCC ID: O9C-BJNGAFB0005** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

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5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101209	1 year	2014/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101683	1 year	2014/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101684	1 year	2014/11/08
Temperature/ Meter Humidity	Anymetre	TH101B	SR2-01	1 year	2014/11/15

Radiated Emission

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4447A	MY45300136	1 year	2014/11/18
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101209	1 year	2014/11/08
Preamplifier	MRT	AP18G40	1310001	1 year	2014/10/07
Preamplifier	MRT	AP01G18	1310002	1 year	2014/10/07
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-041	1 year	2014/11/24
TRILOG Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	9162-047	1 year	2014/11/24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1167	1 year	2014/11/24
Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-549	1 year	2014/12/11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	AC1-01	1 year	2014/11/15

Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY5144016A	1 year	2015/01/04
Wideband Peak Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	1 year	2015/01/12
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	1 year	2015/01/12
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	TR3-01	1 year	2014/11/15

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k = 2.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):

150kHz~30MHz: ± 3.46dB

Radiated Emission Measurement

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% (U=2Uc(y)):

9kHz ~ 1GHz: ± 4.18dB 1GHz ~ 25GHz: ± 4.76dB

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7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Company Name: Hewlett Packard Company

FCC ID: O9C-BJNGAFB0005

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

Data Rate(s) Tested: 1Mbps ~ 11Mbps (b);

6Mbps ~ 54Mbps (g);

13/14.4Mbps ~ 130/144.4Mbps (n-HT20);

27/30Mbps ~ 270/300Mbps (n-HT40)

FCC Part Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	≥ 500kHz		Pass	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(3)	Output Power	≤ 29.98dBm		Pass	Section 7.3
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	≤ 7.98dBm/3kHz	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.4
15.247(d)	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	≥ 20dBc(Peak)		Pass	Section 7.5
15.205 15.209	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.6 & 7.7
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.8

Notes:

- 1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables and attenuators.

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7.2. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

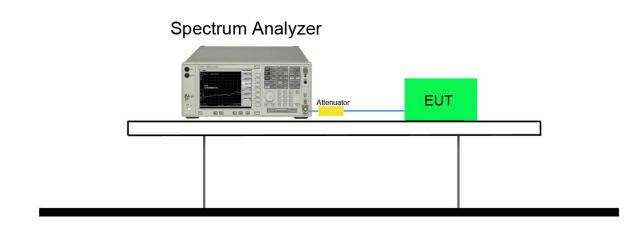
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 8.2 Option 2

7.2.3. Test Setting

- The Spectrum's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 6dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to X = 6. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
- 2. Set RBW = 100 kHz
- 3. VBW ≥ 3 × RBW
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Trace mode = max hold
- 6. Sweep = auto couple
- 7. Allow the trace was allowed to stabilize

7.2.4. Test Setup





7.2.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1					, ,	
802.11b	1	01	2412	10.11	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	16.59	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	16.59	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	16.58	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	17.82	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	17.84	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	17.83	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	36.55	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	36.58	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	36.57	≥0.5	Pass
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1						
802.11b	1	01	2412	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	16.59	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	16.60	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	16.57	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	17.83	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	17.78	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	17.83	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	36.46	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	36.46	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	36.47	≥0.5	Pass



802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

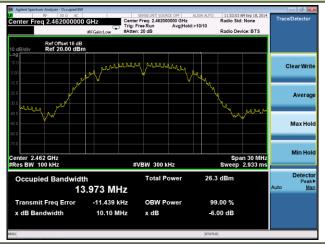
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 11 (2462MHz)



802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)







20.9 dBm

-6.00 dB

802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Total Power

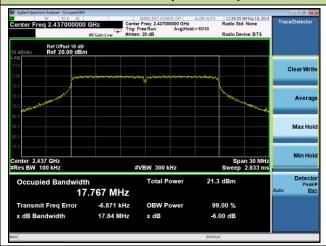
OBW Power

x dB

16.58 MHz



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 11 (2462MHz)







802.11n-HT40 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1 Channel 03 (2422MHz) **Channel 06 (2437MHz)** Center Freq 2.437000000 GHz Center Freq 2.422000000 GHz Ref Offset 16 dB Ref 20.00 dBm Ref Offset 16 dB Ref 20.00 dBm Clear Write Average Span 60 MHz Sweep 5.8 ms #VBW 300 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Occupied Bandwidth 36.241 MHz 17.9 dBm 19.1 dBm 36.240 MHz -17.329 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % Transmit Freq Error -17.329 kHz OBW Power 99.00 % 36.55 MHz x dB -6.00 dB x dB Bandwidth 36.58 MHz -6.00 dB Channel 09 (2452MHz) Averag enter 2.452 GHz Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz 18.3 dBm Total Power 36.249 MHz

-13.243 kHz

OBW Power

99.00 %

Transmit Freq Error



802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



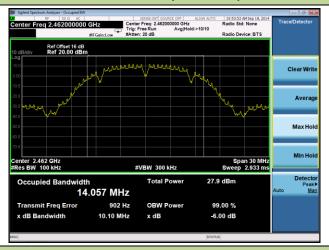
Channel 11 (2462MHz)

OBW Power

-6.00 dB

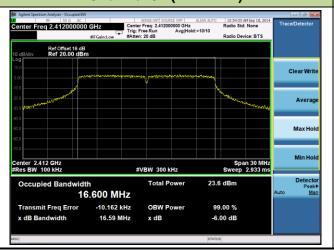
x dB

10.10 MHz

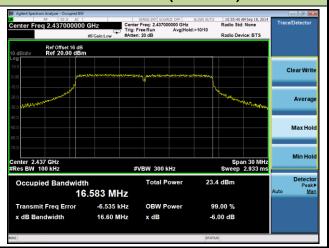


802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

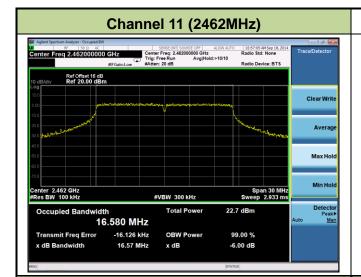
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)





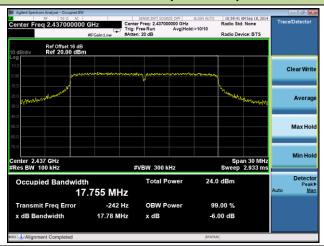


802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

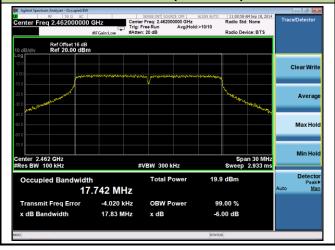
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

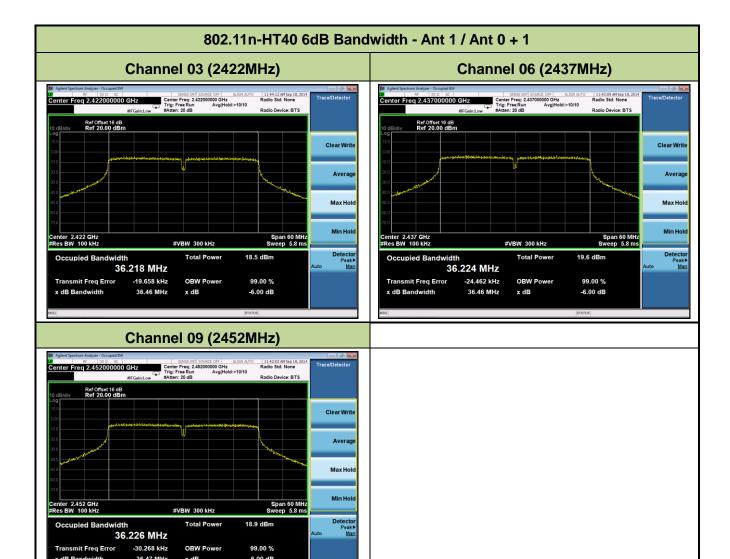


Channel 11 (2462MHz)













7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The maximum out power shall be less 1 Watt (30dBm).

2.412~2.462GHz: Limit (dBm) = 30dBm - (6.02dBi - 6dBi) = 29.98dBm

7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

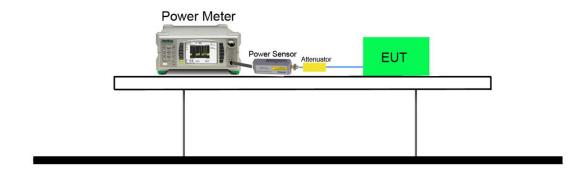
KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak Power Method (for signals with BW ≤ 50MHz)

7.3.3. Test Setting

Method PKPM1 (Peak Power Measurement of Signals with DTS BW ≤ 50MHz)

Peak power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The pulse sensor employs a VBW = 50MHz so this method was only used for signals whose DTS bandwidth was less than or equal to 50MHz.

7.3.4. Test Setup



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7.3.5. Test Result of Output Power

Output power at various data rates for Ant 0:

Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)
				1	21.97
802.11b	20	6	2437	5.5	21.22
		Channel No. (MHz) (Mbps)	21.63		
				6	24.89
802.11g	20	6	2437	24	24.76
				54	24.65
		6		13	24.12
802.11n	20		2437	52	23.93
				130	23.90
				27	21.79
802.11n	40	6	2437	108	21.56
				270	21.47





Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode	N_{Tx}	Data Rate	Channel	Freq.	Ant 0	Ant 1	Total	Limit	Result
		(Mbps)	No.	(MHz)	Peak	Peak	Peak	(dBm)	
					Power	Power	Power		
					(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)		
11b	2	1	1	2412	22.33	22.21	25.28	≤29.98	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	21.97	21.79	24.89	≤29.98	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	22.14	22.91	25.55	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	25.24	24.93	28.10	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	24.89	24.67	27.79	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	23.66	24.13	26.91	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	24.97	24.94	27.97	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	24.12	23.91	27.03	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	21.77	21.87	24.83	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	20.81	20.88	23.86	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	21.79	21.61	24.71	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	21.20	20.78	24.01	≤29.98	Pass

Note: Total Peak Power (dBm) = $10*log\{10^{(Ant\ 0\ Peak\ Power\ /10)}+10^{(Ant\ 1\ Peak\ Power\ /10)}\}$ (dBm).





7.3.6. Test Result of Average Output Power (Reporting Only)

Test Mode	N_{Tx}	Data Rate	Channel	Freq.	Ant 0	Ant 1	Total	Limit	Result
		(Mbps)	No.	(MHz)	Average	Average	Average	(dBm)	
					Power	Power	Power		
					(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)		
11b	2	1	1	2412	20.12	20.13	23.14	≤29.98	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	19.81	19.62	22.73	≤29.98	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	19.85	20.78	23.35	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	17.01	17.25	20.14	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	17.66	17.56	20.62	≤29.98	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	15.30	16.03	18.69	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	17.04	17.23	20.15	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	15.43	15.37	18.41	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	12.31	13.03	15.70	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	11.16	11.33	14.26	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	12.18	12.22	15.21	≤29.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	11.81	11.25	14.55	≤29.98	Pass

Note: Total Average Power (dBm) = $10*log\{10^{(Ant\ 0\ Average\ Power\ /10)}+10^{(Ant\ 1\ Average\ Power\ /10)}\}$ (dBm).



7.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8dBm in any 3 kHz band.

 $2.412 \sim 2.462$ GHz: Limit (dBm) = 8dBm/3kHz - (6.02dBi - 6dBi) = 7.98dBm/3kHz;

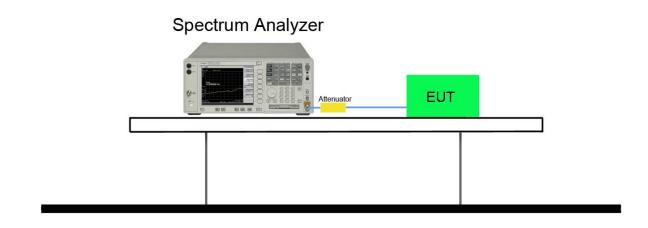
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 10.2 Method PKPSD

7.4.3. Test Setting

- 1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the DTS channel under investigation
- 2. Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth
- 3. RBW = 3kHz
- 4. VBW = 10kHz
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple
- 7. Trace mode = max hold
- 8. Trace was allowed to stabilize

7.4.4. Test Setup





7.4.5. Test Result

Test Mode	N_{Tx}	Data Rate	Channel	Freq.	Ant 0	Ant 1	Total PSD	Limit	Result
		(Mbps)	No.	(MHz)	PSD	PSD	(dBm /	(dBm /	
					(dBm /	(dBm /	3kHz)	3kHz)	
					3kHz)	3kHz)			
11b	2	1	1	2412	-1.749	-3.173	0.607	≤7.98	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	-2.882	-2.393	0.380	≤7.98	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	-2.169	-2.802	0.536	≤7.98	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	-8.298	-7.500	-4.870	≤7.98	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	-6.606	-7.879	-4.186	≤7.98	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	-9.520	-9.061	-6.274	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	-8.735	-7.311	-4.955	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	-8.209	-9.674	-5.870	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	-12.020	-11.494	-8.739	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	-15.477	-16.585	-12.985	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	-15.595	-15.074	-12.316	≤7.98	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	-15.641	-13.934	-11.694	≤7.98	Pass

Note: Total PSD (dBm/3kHz) = $10*log\{10^{(Ant \ 0 \ PSD \ /10)}+10^{(Ant \ 1 \ PSD \ /10)}\}$ (dBm/3kHz).



