



**FCC CFR47 PART 20.19
ANSI C63.19-2007
HAC RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT**

FOR
GSM/UMTS Phone with 802.11bg and Bluetooth
MODEL: P121UNA
FCC ID: O8F- PIXUW
IC: 3905A-PIXUW
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Revision History

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME:	PALM 950 MAUDE AVENUE SUNNYVALE, CA. 94085 UNITED STATES
EUT DESCRIPTION:	GSM/UMTS Phone with 802.11bg and Bluetooth
MODEL NUMBER:	P121UNA
DATE TESTED:	December 15-16, 2009

MAX E & H - FIELD EMISSIONS

E-FIELD EMISSIONS:	Part 22 - Cellular band: 236.3 V/m (M3)
	Part 24 - PCS band: 81.5 V/m (M3)
H-FIELD EMISSIONS:	Part 22 - Cellular band: 0.355 A/m (M4)
	Part 24 - PCS band: 0.238 A/m (M3)

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M3

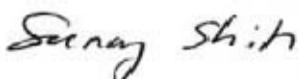
APPLICABLE STANDARDS:

STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
ANSI C63.19-2007	Pass

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. (CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:



SUNNY SHIH
ENGINEERING SUPERVISOR
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.19-2007 Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids and FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v01r01.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.ccsemc.com>.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

<u>Name of Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Type/Model</u>	<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Cal. Due date</u>
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA 1041		N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3	500	2/9/10
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ER3DV6	2339	2/9/10
H-Field Probe	SPEAG	H3DV6	6157	2/10/10
Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD1880V3	1010	2/11/11
Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD835V3	1014	2/11/11
Power Meter	Giga-Tronics	8651A	8651404	1/11/10
Power Sensor	Giga-Tronics	80701A	1834588	4/11/10
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	R & S	CMU 200	106291	11/27/10

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

HAC Uncertainty Budget According to ANSI PC63.19

Error Description	Uncertainty value ($\pm\%$)	Probe Dist.	Div.	(Ci) E	(Ci) H	Std. Unc. ($\pm\%$)	
				E	H		
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	5.10	N	1	1	1	5.1	5.1
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Sensor Displacement	16.50	R	1.732	1	0.145	9.5	1.4
Boundary Effects	2.40	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
System Detection Limit	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Reflections	12.00	R	1.732	1	1	6.9	6.9
Probe Positioner	1.20	R	1.732	1	0.67	0.7	0.5
Probe Positioning	4.70	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7	1.8
Extrapolation and Interpolation	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Test sample Related							
Test Positioning Vertical	4.70	R	1.732	1	0.67	2.7	1.8
Test Positioning Lateral	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Device Holder and Phantom	2.40	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and Setup Related							
Phantom Thickness	2.40	R	1.732	1	0.67	1.4	0.9
Combined Std. Uncertainty						14.7	10.9
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power						29.4	21.8
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field						14.7	10.9
Notes for table							
1. N - Nominal							
2. R - Rectangular							
3. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty							
4. Ci - is the sensitivity coefficient							

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

GSM/UMTS Phone with 802.11bg and Bluetooth	
Mobile phone capability:	Class B
GPRS Multi-slot class:	Class 10 (2 up slots) or Class 12 (4 up slots)
Normal operation:	Held to head Worn on body (LCD facing-up; LCD facing-down) with 15 mm separation distance.
Body Worn Accessory	Headset
Other radio modules in host:	Bluetooth & 802.11b/g
Co-located Tx:	WWAN can transmit simultaneously with Bluetooth and WiFi
Antenna-to-antenna distance	BT/WiFi antenna-to-WWAN antenna: 7 (cm) BT & WiFi share the same antenna

6. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

E-field and H-field measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland.

The DASY4 HAC Extension consists of the following parts:

Test Arch Phantom

The specially designed Test Arch allows high precision positioning of both the device and any of the validation dipoles.

ER3DV6 Isotropic E-Field Probe

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration: In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)

Frequency: 100 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity: ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range: 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)
Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm
The closest part of the sensor element is 1.1 mm closer to the tip

Application: General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz
Field component measurements

H3DV6 3-Dimensional H-Field Probe

Construction: Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Frequency: 200 MHz to 3 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$); Output linearized

Directivity: ± 0.25 dB (spherical isotropy error)

Dynamic Range: 10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1 GHz

E-Field Interference: $< 10\%$ at 3 GHz (for plane wave)

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 40 mm)
Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm
The closest part of the sensor element is 1.9 mm closer to the tip

Application: General magnetic near-field measurements up to 3 GHz
Field component measurements
Surface current measurements
Measurements in air or liquids
Low interaction with the measured field

7. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The test setup was validated when first configured and verified periodically thereafter to ensure proper function. The procedure provided in this section is a validation procedure using dipole antennas for which the field levels were computed by numeric modeling.

Procedure

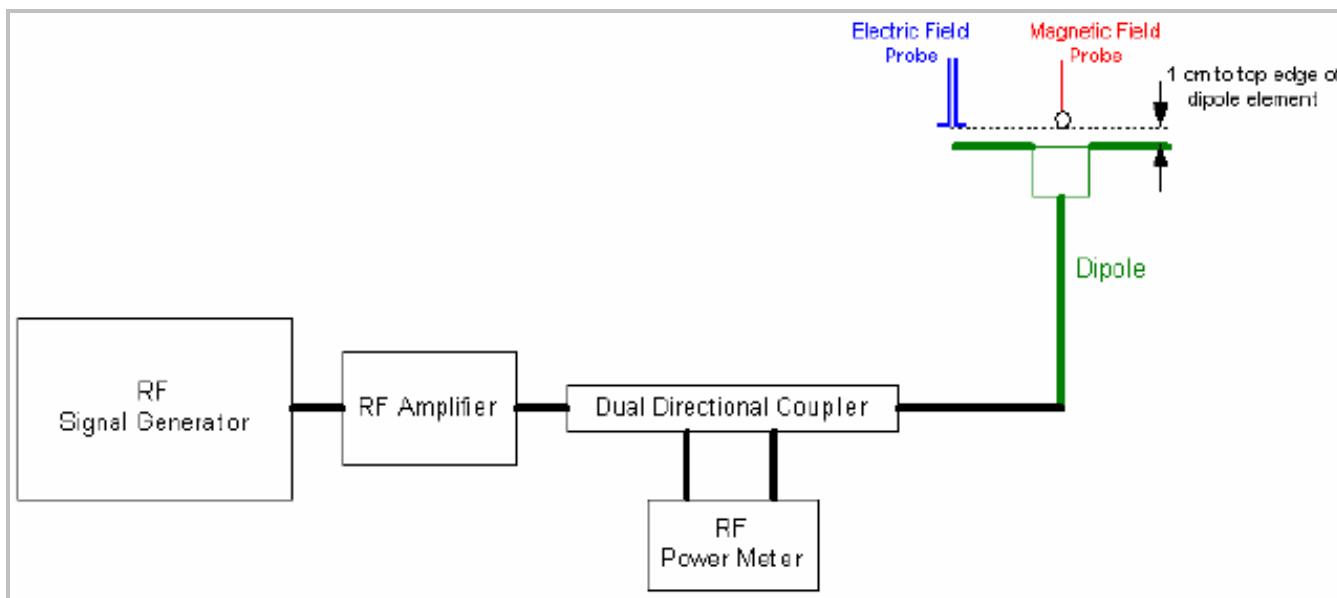
Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI-PC63.19 2007 in the normally occupied by the WD.

The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field and H-field probes so that:

- The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions; and
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 10 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

Scan the length of the dipole with both E-field and H-field probes and record the maximum values for each. Compare the readings to expected values.

Setup diagram



7.1. SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS

E-field

Calibration Dipole	f (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Max. measured from		Average max. above arm (V/m)	E-field Target Values (V/m) (From SPEAG)	Deviation ¹⁾ (%)
			above high end (V/m)	above low end (V/m)			
CD1880V3 SN 1010	1880	100	127.1	127.80	127.45	137.2	-7.11
CD835V3 SN 1014	835	100	172.3	167.3	169.80	162.5	4.49

H-field

Calibration Dipole	f (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Measured H-field (A/m)	H-field Target Values (A/m) (From SPEAG)	Deviation ¹⁾ (%)
CD1880V3 SN 1010	1880	100	0.446	0.467	-4.50
CD835V3 SN 1014	835	100	0.466	0.450	3.56

Notes:

- 1) Delta (Deviation) % = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by the Target value.
Deltas within $\pm 25\%$ are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty.
- 2) The maximum E-field or H-field were evaluated and compared to the target values provided by SPEAG in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3) Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plots.

8. PROBE MODULATION FACTOR (PMF)

Purpose

The HAC Standard requires measurement of the peak envelope E- and H-fields of the wireless device (WD). Para. 4.2.2.1, and C.3.1 of the standard describes the Probe Modulation Response Factor that shall be applied to convert the probe reading to Peak Envelope Field.

Definitions

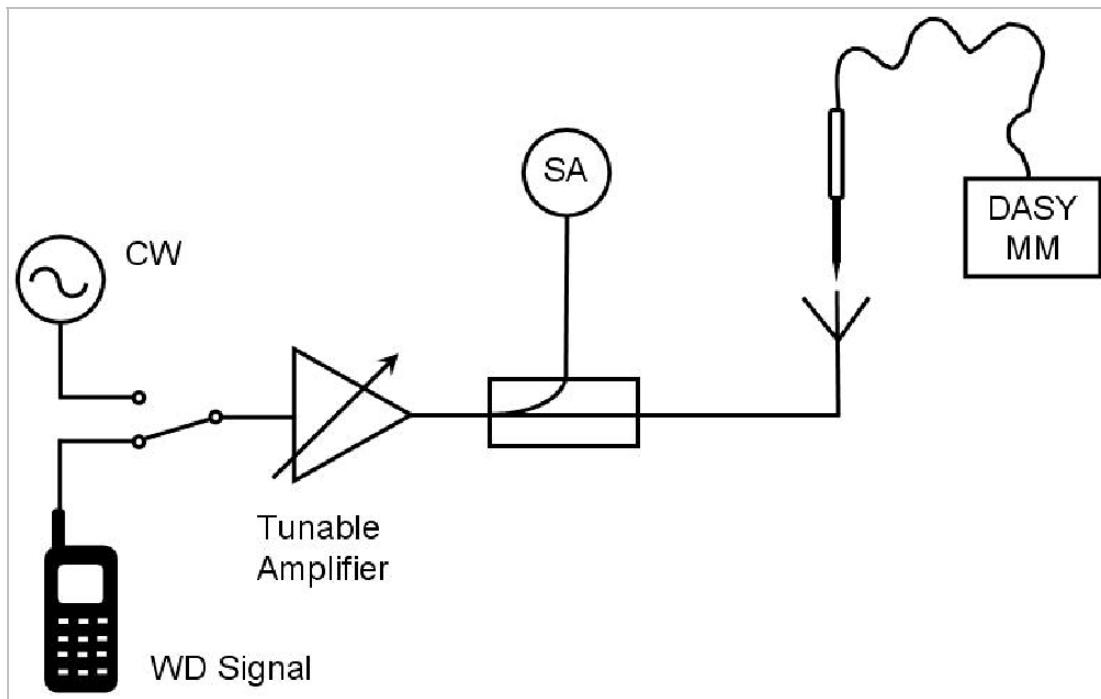
The Probe Modulation Factor (PMF) is defined as the ratio of the field readings for a CW and a modulated signal with the equivalent Field Envelope Peak as defined in the Standard (Chapter C.3.1).

Evaluation Procedure for Unknown PMF (DASY4 Application note, Section 28.8)

The proposed measurement setup corresponds to the procedure as required in the Standard, Chapter C.3.1.

1. Install a calibration dipole for the appropriate frequency band under the Test Arch Phantom and select the proper phantom section according to the probe type installed (E- or H-field). Move the probe to the field reference point. (Do not move the probe between the subsequent CW and modulated measurements.)
2. Install the field probe in the setup.
3. The modulated signal to the dipole must be monitored to record peak amplitude and compared to a CW signal with the same peak envelope level (e.g., with a directional coupler and a spectrum analyzer in zero span mode set to the operating frequency). To determine the peak envelope level of the modulated signal properly, the settings of a spectrum analyzer shall be as follows:
 - Resolution bandwidth \geq emission bandwidth
 - Video bandwidth \geq 20kHz
 - Span: zero
 - Center Frequency: nominal center frequency of channel
 - Detection: RMS detection with averaging turned on
 - Trigger: Video or IF trigger, adjusted to give a stable display of the transmission
 - Sweep rate: Sufficiently rapid to permit the transmit pulse to be resolved accurately. The sweep shall be long enough to show a complete transmission. The sweep time may be set to allow a full transmission cycle, displaying the on and off time.
4. Define a DASY4 document and set the procedure properties (frequency, modulation frequency and crest factor) according to the measured signal. Define a multimeter job for the field reading.
5. Define a second procedure for the evaluation of the CW signal (frequency set as above, modulation frequency = 0, crest factor = 1) and a multimeter job.

PMF Measurement Setup Diagram



The HAC measurement procedure is as follows:

- a) Modulated signals (WD and 80% AM) measurement:
 - 1) Connect the modulated signal using the appropriate frequency via the cable to the dipole.
 - 2) The signal to the dipole must be monitored to record peak amplitude with a directional coupler and a spectrum analyzer.
 - 3) Run the multimeter job in the procedure with the corresponding modulation setting in continuous mode.
 - 4) Read the envelope peak on the monitor in order to adjust the CW signal later to the same level.
- b) CW signal measurement:
 - 1) Change the signal to CW at the same center frequency, without touching or moving the dipole and probe in the setup.
 - 2) Adjust the CW signal amplitude to the same peak level on the spectrum analyzer (keep the same bandwidth and attenuation for CW and modulated signals).
 - 3) Run the multimeter job in the CW procedure in continuous mode.
 - 4) Read the multimeter total field display and note it together with modulation type and frequency.
 - 5) Calculate the Probe Modulation Factor as the ratio between the CW multimeter field reading and the reading for the applicable modulation. I.e., $PMF = \frac{E_{cw}}{E_{mod}}$ and similar for H.

8.1. PMF RESULTS FOR GSM

Probe	Frequency (MHz)	Type of signal	E-field V/m	PMF
E-Field Probe	835	GSM	37.2	2.98
		CW	110.8	
	1880	GSM	29.0	2.75
		CW	79.8	
Probe	Frequency (MHz)	Type of signal	H-field A/m	PMF
H-Field Probe	835	GSM	0.128	2.85
		CW	0.365	
	1880	GSM	0.102	2.75
		CW	0.280	

8.2. PMF RESULTS FOR CDMA

Probe	Frequency (MHz)	Type of signal	E-field V/m	PMF
E-Field Probe	835	WCDMA	53.5	1.02
		CW	54.5	
	1880	WCDMA	50.0	0.92
		CW	46.0	
Probe	Frequency (MHz)	Type of signal	H-field A/m	PMF
H-Field Probe	835	WCDMA	0.239	0.97
		CW	0.232	
	1880	WCDMA	0.184	0.90
		CW	0.166	

9. HAC RF EMISSIONS TEST PROCEDURE

The following are step-by-step test procedures.

1. Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
2. Position the WD in its intended test position.
3. Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters, (e.g. test mode) as intended for the test.
4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the center of the WD output (acoustic or T-coil output), as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 5 x 5 cm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, see illustrated in Figure 5.
5. Record the reading.
6. Scan the entire 5 x 5 cm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the peak reading.
7. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid with the lowest maximum strength readings. Thus the 6 areas to be used to determine the WD's peak emissions are identified and outlined for the final manual scan. Please note that a maximum of five blocks can be excluded for both E- and H-field measurements for the WD output being measured. State another way, the center sub-grid and 3 other must be common to both the E- and H-field measurements.
8. Identify the highest field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step 7.
9. Convert the highest field reading within identified in step 8 to peak V/m or A/m, as appropriate.
10. Repeat steps 1-10 for both the E- and H-field measurements.
11. Compare this reading to the categories in ANSI-PC63.19 and record the resulting category. The lowest category number listed in ANSI-PC63.19 obtained in step 10 for either E or H field determines the M category for the audio coupling mode assessment. Record the WD category rating.

Test flowchart Per ANSI-PC63.19 2007

Test Instructions

- Confirm proper operation of probes and instrumentation
- Position WD
- Configure WD Tx Operation

Per Section 4.3.1.2.2 (1-3)

- Initialize field probe and take first reading
- Scan Area
- Configure WD Tx Operation

Per Section 4.3.1.2.2 (4-6)

- Identify exclusion area and then identify and record maximum reading for remaining area in V/m or A/m

Per Section 4.3.1.2.2 (7-9)

Rescan for E or H-Field, as needed

Per Section 4.3.1.2.2 (11)

Both E & H Field Scanned?

No

Yes

Identify & Record Category

Per Section 4.3.1.2.2 (10) & 7.2

10. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT CRITERIA

Telephone near-field Categories in linear units

Category	AWF	Telephone RF Parameters			
		< 960 MHz		> 960 MHz	
E-Field Emissions (V/m)	H-Field Emissions (A/m)	E-Field Emissions (V/m)	H-Field Emissions (A/m)		
M3	0	199.5 to 354.8	0.60 to 1.07	63.1 to 112.2	0.19 to 0.34
	-5	149.6 to 266.1	0.45 to 0.80	47.3 to 84.1	0.14 to 0.25
M4	0	< 199.5	< 0.60	< 63.1	< 0.19
	-5	< 149.6	< 0.45	< 47.3	< 0.14

11. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

11.1. GSM

11.1.1. E-FIELD EMISSIONS

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak E-Field (V/m)	M-Rating
GSM850	128	824.2	2.98	223.4	M3
	190	836.6		236.3	M3
	251	848.8		236.0	M3
GSM1900	512	1850.2	2.75	81.5	M3
	661	1880.0		81.1	M3
	810	1909.8		75.2	M3

11.1.2. E-FIELD EMISSIONS WITH INDUCTIVE COVER

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak E-Field (V/m)	M-Rating
GSM850	128	824.2	2.98	213.7	M3
	190	836.6		226.1	M3
	251	848.8		222.6	M3
GSM1900	512	1850.2	2.75	72.5	M3
	661	1880.0		72.7	M3
	810	1909.8		69.5	M3

11.1.3. H-FIELD EMISSIONS

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak H-Field (A/m)	M-Rating
GSM850	128	824.2	2.85	0.324	M4
	190	836.6		0.342	M4
	251	848.8		0.355	M4
GSM1900	512	1850.2	2.75	0.238	M3
	661	1880.0		0.233	M3
	810	1909.8		0.232	M3

11.1.4. H-FIELD EMISSIONS WITH INDUCTIVE COVER

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak H-Field (A/m)	M-Rating
GSM850	128	824.2	2.85	0.331	M4
	190	836.6		0.347	M4
	251	848.8		0.351	M4
GSM1900	512	1850.2	2.75	0.225	M3
	661	1880.0		0.222	M3
	810	1909.8		0.223	M3

11.2. UMTS

11.2.1. E-FIELD EMISSIONS

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak E-Field (V/m)	M-Rating
WCDMA (Band V)	4132	826.4	1.02	72.3	M4
	4183	836.6		87.2	M4
	4233	846.6		82.4	M4
WCDMA (Band II)	9262	1852.4	0.92	38.9	M4
	9400	1880.0		39.4	M4
	9538	1907.6		36.7	M4

11.2.2. E-FIELD EMISSIONS WITH INDUCTIVE COVER

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak E-Field (V/m)	M-Rating
WCDMA (Band V)	4132	826.4	1.02	71.6	M4
	4183	836.6		84.0	M4
	4233	846.6		80.9	M4
WCDMA (Band II)	9262	1852.4	0.92	37.6	M4
	9400	1880.0		38.2	M4
	9538	1907.6		36.0	M4

11.2.3. H-FIELD EMISSIONS

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak H-Field (A/m)	M-Rating
WCDMA (Band V)	4132	826.4	0.97	0.109	M4
	4183	836.6		0.126	M4
	4233	846.6		0.128	M4
WCDMA (Band II)	9262	1852.4	0.90	0.123	M4
	9400	1880.0		0.126	M4
	9538	1907.6		0.122	M4

11.2.4. H-FIELD EMISSIONS WITH INDUCTIVE COVER

Operating Mode	Ch. No.	f (MHz)	PMF	Peak H-Field (A/m)	M-Rating
WCDMA (Band V)	4132	826.4	0.97	0.108	M4
	4183	836.6		0.127	M4
	4233	846.6		0.123	M4
WCDMA (Band II)	9262	1852.4	0.90	0.125	M4
	9400	1880.0		0.124	M4
	9538	1907.6		0.116	M4

12. WORST-CAST TEST PLOTS

E-field worst-cast test plot for Part 22

Date/Time: 12/15/2009 9:45:44 AM

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services

GSM850 HAC_ER_Device

DUT: Palm; Type: NA; Serial: NA

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2339; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn500; Calibrated: 9/15/2009
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - M-ch/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 236.3 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.98

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

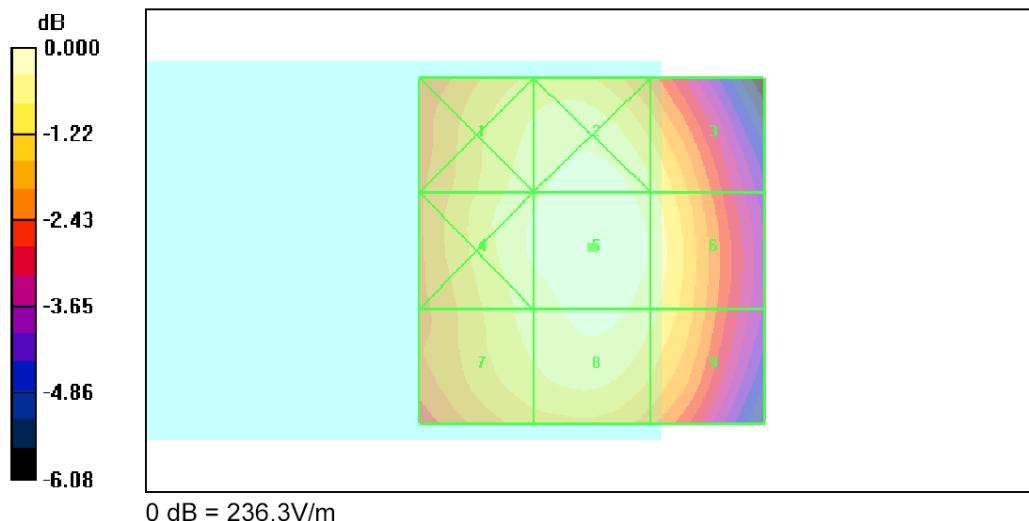
Reference Value = 104.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: **M3 (AWF -5 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
222.9 M3	231.3 M3	218.6 M3
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
227.6 M3	236.3 M3	224.1 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
220.3 M3	228.8 M3	218.4 M3

Cursor:
Total = 236.3 V/m
E Category: M3
Location: 0, -0.5, 8.7 mm



E-field worst-case test plot for Part 24

Date/Time: 12/15/2009 10:04:09 AM

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services

GSM1900 HAC_ER_Device

DUT: Palm; Type: NA; Serial: NA

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2339; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn500; Calibrated: 9/15/2009
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - L-ch/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 81.5 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.75

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 28.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: **M3 (AWF -5 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

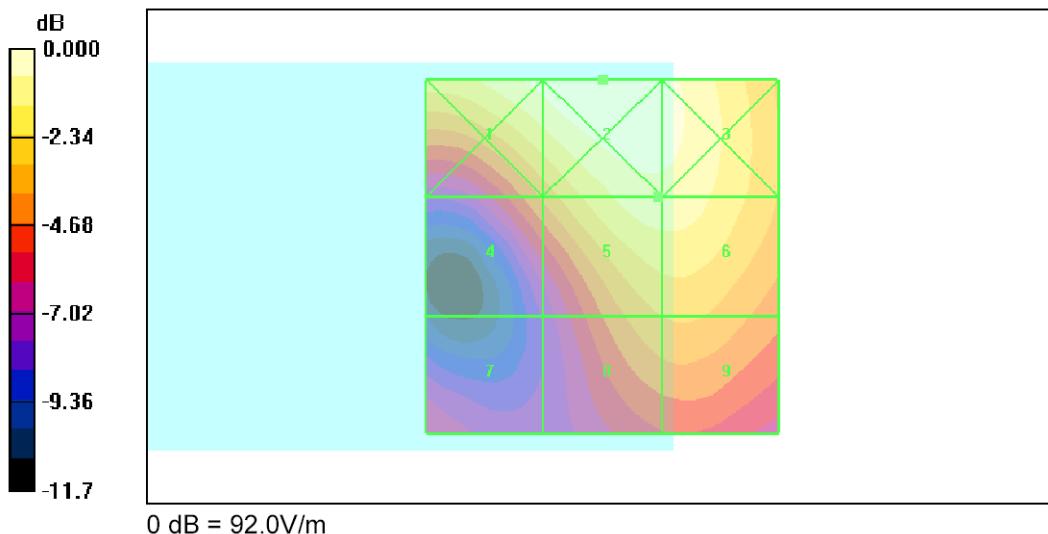
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
87.0 M2	92.0 M2	87.6 M2
59.9 M3	81.5 M3	81.5 M3
45.4 M4	64.3 M3	65.1 M3

Cursor:

Total = 92.0 V/m

E Category: M2

Location: 0, -25, 8.7 mm



H-field worst-case test plot for Part 22

Date/Time: 12/15/2009 4:38:46 PM

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services

GSM850 HAC_H3DV6_Device

DUT: Palm; Type: NA; Serial: NA

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6157; ; Calibrated: 2/10/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn500; Calibrated: 9/15/2009
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - H-ch/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.355 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.85

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

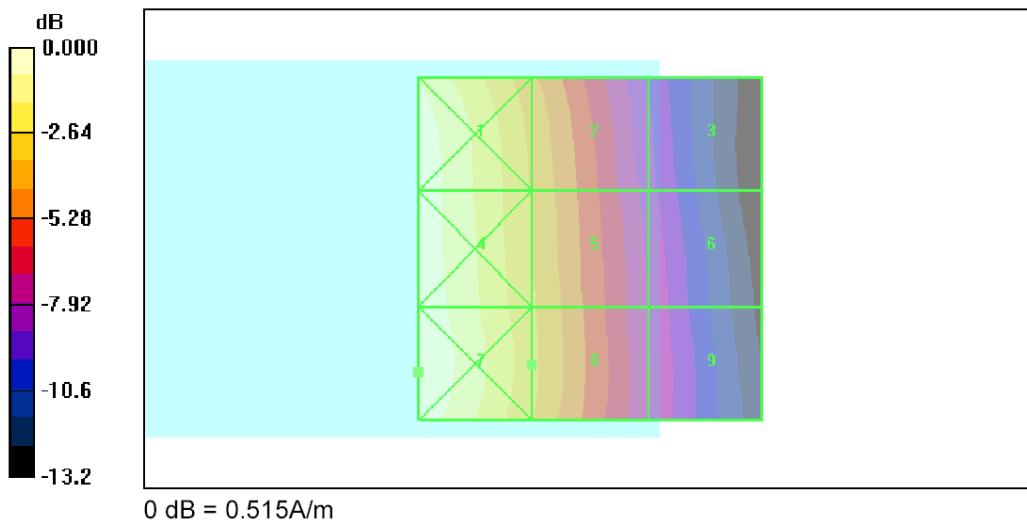
Reference Value = 0.099 A/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF -5 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.497 M3	0.341 M4	0.197 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.505 M3	0.350 M4	0.207 M4

Cursor:
Total = 0.515 A/m
H Category: M3
Location: 25, 18, 8.7 mm



H-field worst-cast test plot for Part 24

Date/Time: 12/15/2009 2:44:29 PM

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services

GSM1900 HAC_H3DV6_Device_Final

DUT: Palm; Type: NA; Serial: NA

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 1$, $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6157; ; Calibrated: 2/10/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn500; Calibrated: 9/15/2009
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - L-ch/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.238 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 2.75

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 0.083 A/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: **M3 (AWF -5 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

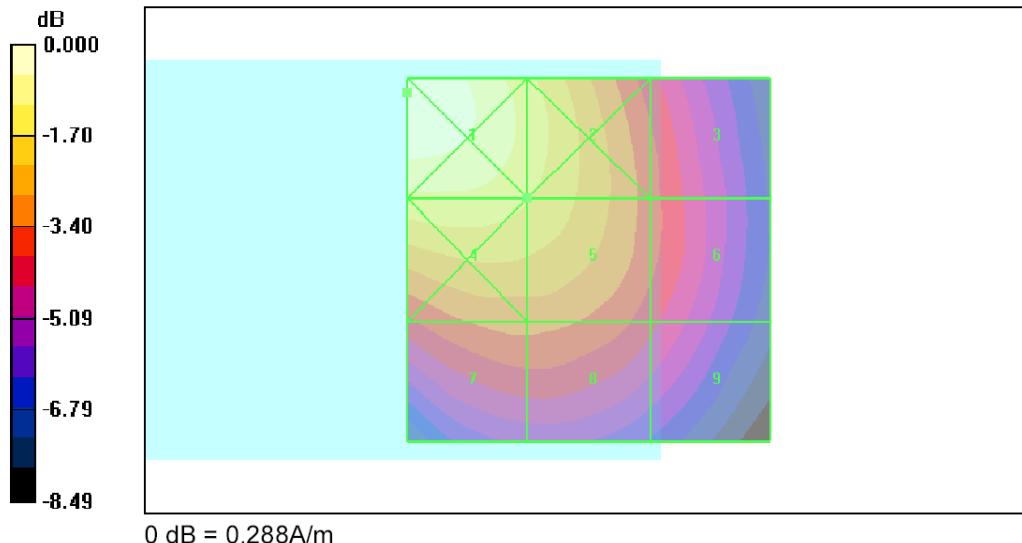
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.288 M2	0.248 M3	0.188 M3
0.250 M3	0.238 M3	0.189 M3
0.200 M3	0.200 M3	0.175 M3

Cursor:

Total = 0.288 A/m

H Category: M2

Location: 25, -23, 8.7 mm



13. ATTACHMENTS

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