

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and IEEE Std 1528-2013

Product Name : Handheld Trademark : N/A Model Name : xTablet A680 Serial Model : N/A Report No. : S18121802903001 FCC ID : O86A680

Prepared for

MobileDemand, LC

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Prepared by

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Address	1501 Boyson Square Drive Suite 101 Hiawatha, Iowa United States
Manufacturer's Name	.: MobileDemand, LC
Address	1501 Boyson Square Drive Suite 101 Hiawatha, Iowa United States 52233
Product description	
Product name	.: Handheld
Trademark	.: N/A
Model and/or type reference	: xTablet A680
Serial Model	.: N/A
	FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
Standarda	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
Standards	IEEE Std 1528-2013
	Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests..... Dec. 20, 2018 ~ Jan. 03, 2019 Date of Issue Jan. 15, 2019 Test Result Pass

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(Sam Chen)



**** ** Revision History ** ****

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Jan. 15, 2019	Cheng Jiawen



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1. General Information

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1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

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(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: *Whole-Body SAR* is averaged over the entire body, *partial-body SAR* is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. *SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles* is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT 1.6 W/kg APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

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The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for xTablet A680 are as follows.

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	Max Reported S	SAR Value(W/kg)		
Band	1 g Hood	1-g Body		
	1-g Head	(Separation distance of 0mm)		
WLAN 2.4G	0.196	1.003		
WLAN 5.2G	0.127	0.861		
WLAN 5.8G	0.347	1.311		

NOTE: This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & Published RF exposure KDB procedures.

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1.3. EUT Description

Device Information						
Product Name	Handheld					
Trademark	N/A					
Model Name	xTablet A680	xTablet A680				
Serial Model	N/A					
FCC ID	O86A680					
Device Phase	Identical Prototype					
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment					
Antenna Type	FPCB Antenna					
Battery Information	mation DC 3.7V, 5000mAh					
Device Operating Configurations						
Supporting Mode(s)	WLAN 2.4G/5.2G/5.8G, Blu	uetooth				
Test Modulation	WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Blue	etooth(GFSK, π/4-D	QPSK, 8DPSK)			
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)			
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462				
Operating Frequency Range(s)	WLAN 5.2G	5180-5240				
	WLAN 5.8G	5745-5825				
	Bluetooth 2402-2480					
	1-3-6-9-11(WLAN 2.4G)					
Test Channels (low-mid-high) 36-38-40-42-46-48(WLAN 5.2G)						
	149-151-155-157-159-165(WLAN 5.8G)					

1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

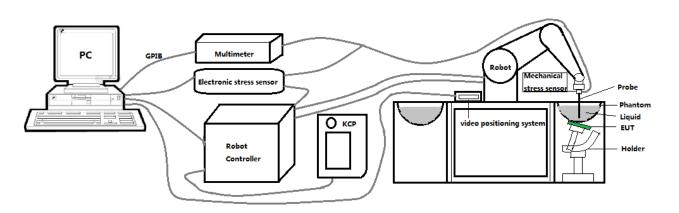
1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

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2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"

2.2. Robot

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The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability ±0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. E-Field Probe

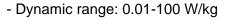
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This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

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For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ±1 mm).

- Probe linearity: ±0.08 dB
- Axial isotropy: 0.06 dB
- Hemispherical Isotropy: 0.08 dB
- Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Lower detection limit: 7mW/kg

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°.

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

2.4. SAM phantoms

Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119

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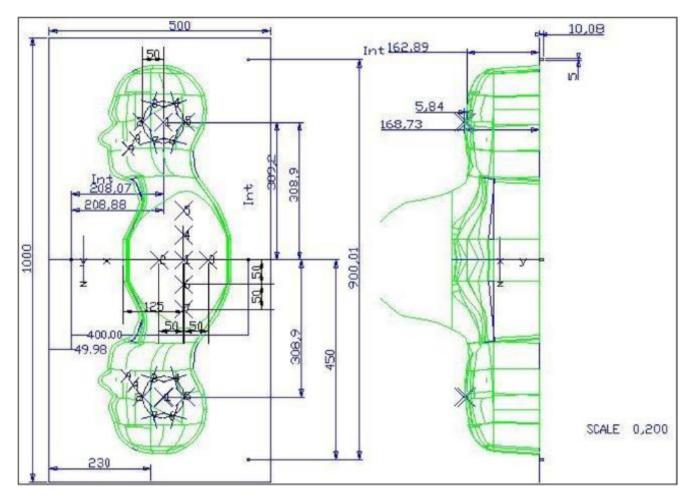
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The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

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2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000mm Width:500mm Height:200mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



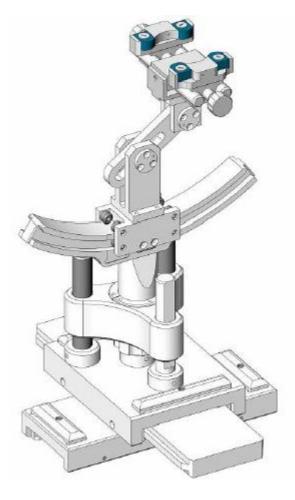
Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
SN 16/15 SAM119	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.



2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number Holder Material		Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100 Delrin		3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

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This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

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Devices used during the test described are marked $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline \end{tabular}$

	Manufacturer	Name of	Type/Model Set	Serial Number	Calib	ration
	Manufacturer	Equipment	Type/woder	Senar Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Sep. 17,	Sep. 16,
		ETIEEDTROBE	0012	311 00/10 ET 00207	2018	2019
	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
				0G750-355	2018	2021
	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
				0G835-347	2018	2021
	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
				0G900-348	2018	2021
	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
				1G800-349	2018	2021
	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
				1G900-350	2018	2021
	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
			CID2000	2G000-351	2018	2021
\boxtimes	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
			0102100	2G450-352	2018	2021
	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
			0102000	2G600-356	2018	2021
\boxtimes	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Apr. 19,	Apr. 18,
			01100000		2018	2021
\boxtimes	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
\square	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
\square	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
	R&S	Wideband radio		400047	Oct. 08,	Oct. 07,
	nao	communication tester	CMW500	103917	2018	2019
\boxtimes	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
\boxtimes	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019



\boxtimes	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019
\boxtimes	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Aug. 05, 2018	Aug. 04, 2019

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

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The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

(c) For WLAN/Bluetooth power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/Bluetooth output power.

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/Bluetooth continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 *30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

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From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension o measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution r x or y dimension of the test d measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding evice with at least one		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz}: \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$		
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		\leq 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	\leq 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume			≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		
Note: δ is the penetrati P1528-2011 for c		f a plane-wave at norma	I incidence to the tissue mediu	m; see draft standard IEEE		

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is \leq 1.4 W/kg, \leq 8 mm, \leq 7 mm and \leq 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

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The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

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An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than ±5%, the SAR will be retested.

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4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23
Ingredients (% of weight)					Body ⁻	Tissue				
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	50.30	50.30	50.30	69.91	69.91	71.88	71.88	71.88	79.54	79.54
NaCl	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.13	0.13	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	49.10	49.10	49.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.99	9.99	19.97	19.97	19.97	11.24	11.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.97	19.97	7.99	7.99	7.99	9.22	9.22

4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

T :	Measured	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		I fan stal		
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	εr (±5%)	σ (S/m) (±5%)	٤r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date	
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	40.04	1.78	21.5 °C	Dec. 20, 2018	
Body	2450	52.70	1.95	52.73	1.98	21.7 °C	Dec. 20, 2018	
2450	2100	(50.07~55.33)	(1.85~2.04)	02.10	1.00	21.7 0	200. 20, 2010	
Head	5200	36.00	4.66	35.97	4.62	21.3 °C	Jan. 03, 2019	
5000	5200	(34.20~37.80)	(4.43~4.89)	35.97	4.02	21.3 C	Jan. 03, 2019	



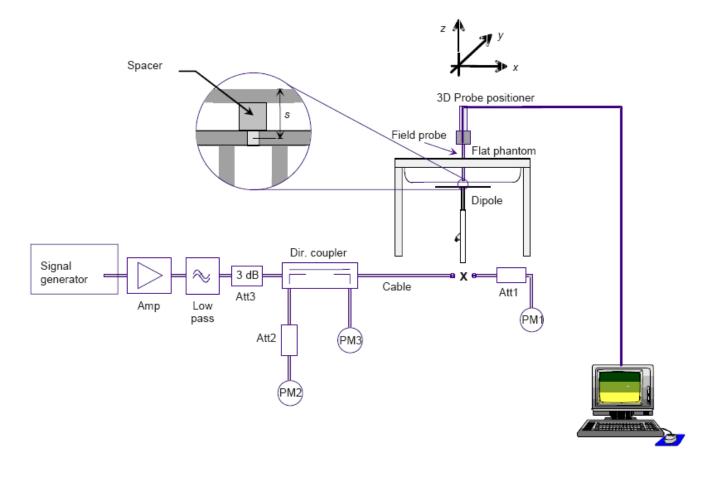
Body	5200	49.00	5.30	49.91	5.27	21.5 °C	Dec. 26, 2018	
5000	5200	(46.55~51.45)	(5.04~5.57)	49.91	5.27	21.5 C		
Head	5000	35.30	5.27	24.94	5.19	21.7 °C	lon 02 2010	
5000	5800	(33.54~37.07)	(5.01~5.53)	34.84	5.19	21.7 °C	Jan. 03, 2019	
Body	5800	48.20	6.00	48.59	6.03	21.2 °C	Dec. 26, 2018	
5000	5600	(45.79~50.61)	(5.70~6.30)	40.09	0.03	21.2 0	Dec. 20, 2010	

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



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4.2.1. System Verification Results

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Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

	Target SAR (1W)						
	larget SA	Measure	ed SAR				
System	(±10	%)	(Normalize	ed to 1W)	Liquid	TIDI	
Verification	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g	10-g	Temp.	Test Date	
	I-g (W/Rg)	10-9 (W/R9)	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)			
2450MHz Head	52.40	24.00	54.31	23.83	21.5 °C	Dec. 20, 2018	
	(47.16~57.64)	(21.60~26.40)	54.51	23.03	21.5 0	Dec. 20, 2018	
	49.32	22.89	54.00	23.01	21.7 °C	Dec. 20, 2019	
2450MHz Body	(44.39~54.25)	(20.60~25.17)	51.99	23.01	21.7 °C	Dec. 20, 2018	
5000MUz Usad	159.00	56.90	450.04	54.04	01.0.90	lan 02 2010	
5200MHz Head	(143.10~174.90)	(51.21~62.59)	152.34	54.24	21.3 °C	Jan. 03, 2019	
	156.85	55.20	450.40			D	
5200MHz Body	(141.17~172.54)	(49.68~60.72)	159.12	57.13	21.5 °C	Dec. 26, 2018	
5000141	181.20	61.50	470.07	04.00	04 7 00	1 00 0040	
5800MHz Head	(163.08~199.32)	(55.35~67.65)	179.37	61.32	21.7 °C	Jan. 03, 2019	
	169.30	58.49	159 14	55.17	21.2 °C	Dec 26 2019	
5800MHz Body	(152.37~186.23)	(52.64~64.34)	158.14	55.17	21.2 0	Dec. 26, 2018	

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

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Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

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Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg;
steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

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6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Tablet host platform exposure conditions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, when the modular approach is used, transmitters and modules must be initially tested for standalone operations in generic host conditions according to the following minimum test separation distance and antenna installation requirements for incorporation in the tablet platform. The separation distance required for incorporation in qualified hosts is described in KDB 447498; item 5) of section 4.1 and item 1) of section 5.2.2 etc.

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- \leq 5 mm between the antenna and user for both back surface and edge exposure conditions
- the antennas used by the host must have been tested for equipment approval or qualify for SAR test • exclusion
- the antenna polarization, physical orientation, rotation and installation configurations used by the host must have been tested for compliance or qualify for test exclusion
- when the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 applies, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required to determine test exclusion for the tablet platform

The antennas embedded in tablets are typically \leq 5mm from the outer housing. The required antenna to user test separation distance is a "not to exceed test" distance required to apply the modular approach. Instead of the typical zero gap tablet edge test requirement between the edge of a tablet and the user, when an antenna has been tested at ≤ 5 mm according to the modular approach it can be incorporated into tablets with at least twice the tested distance from the outer housing of the tablet edge; otherwise, the tablet edge zero gap test requirement applies. When the dedicated host approach is applied, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom.

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7. RF Output Power

7.1. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Band	Mode	The Tune-up Maximum Power (Customer Declared)(dBm)	Range	Measured Maximum Output Power(dBm)
	802.11b	13±1	12~14	13.9
WLAN	802.11g	11±1	10~12	11.5
2.4G	802.11n(HT20)	11±1	10~12	11.2
	802.11n(HT40)	10±1	9~11	10.9
	802.11a	10±1	9~11	10.7
	802.11n(HT20)	10±1	9~11	10.5
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	10±1	9~11	10.7
5.2G	802.11ac(VHT20)	9±1	8~10	9.5
	802.11ac(VHT40)	10±1	9~11	10.3
	802.11a	10.5±1	9.5~11.5	11.1
	802.11n(HT20)	10.5±1	9.5~11.5	11.0
WLAN	802.11n(HT40)	10.5±1	9.5~11.5	10.6
5.8G	802.11ac(VHT20)	10.5±1	9.5~11.5	11.2
	802.11ac(VHT40)	10.5±1	9.5~11.5	10.5
	BR	4±1	3~5	4.13
Bluetooth	EDR	3±1	2~4	3.51
	BLE	4±1	3~5	4.14

7.2. WLAN Output Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
	1	2412	14.0	13.1
802.11b	6	2437	14.0	13.9
	11	2462	14.0	13.9
802.11g	1	2412	12.0	11.5
	6	2437	12.0	11.1
	11	2462	12.0	11.3
000 11-	1	2412	12.0	10.9
802.11n	6	2437	12.0	11.1
(HT20)	11	2462	12.0	11.2
000 11	3	2422	11.0	10.8
802.11n	6	2437	11.0	10.7
(HT40)	9	2452	11.0	10.9
802.11a	36	5180	11.0	9.3

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	40	5200	11.0	10.1
_	48	5240	11.0	10.7
	149	5745	11.5	11.1
	157	5785	11.5	10.9
	165	5825	11.5	10.9
	36	5180	11.0	9.7
	40	5200	11.0	10.0
802.11n	48	5240	11.0	10.5
(HT20)	149	5745	11.5	10.4
	157	5785	11.5	10.9
Γ	165	5825	11.5	11.0
	38	5190	11.0	9.7
802.11n	46	5230	11.0	10.7
(HT40)	151	5755	11.5	10.6
	159	5795	11.5	10.5
	36	5180	10.0	8.8
Γ	40	5200	10.0	9.1
802.11n	48	5240	10.0	9.5
(VHT20)	149	5745	11.5	10.9
	157	5785	11.5	11.2
	165	5825	11.5	11.1
	38	5190	11.0	9.5
802.11n	46	5230	11.0	10.3
(VHT40)	151	5755	11.5	9.8
F	159	5795	11.5	10.5

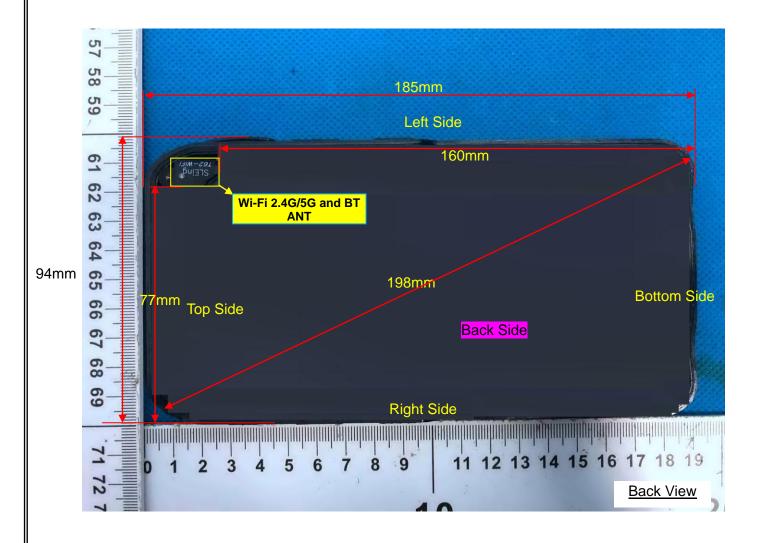
7.3. Bluetooth Output Power

		Output Power (dBm)					
	Data Rates	T	Channel				
		Tune-up	0	39	78		
BR+EDR	1M	5.00	3.53	4.13	3.97		
	2M	4.00	2.37	3.04	3.22		
	ЗM	4.00	2.76	3.41	3.51		

	Channel	Tune-up	Output Power (dBm)
DIE	0	5.00	3.41
BLE	19	5.00	4.14
	39	5.00	4.07

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8. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas Front Side Back Side Left Side Right Side Top Side Bottom Side									
Bluetooth &	10mm	5mm	500	77mm	12mm	160mm			
10mm 5mm 5mm 77mm 12mm 160mm WLAN ANT 5mm 5mm 77mm 12mm 160mm									



	Positions for SAR tests						
est separation distances \leq	50 mm						
	Tune-up Maximum p	oower of WLAN 2.4G					
Exposure Positions	14dBm						
	Antenna to user(mm)	10					
Front Side	SAR exclusion threshold	3.9					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	5					
Back Side	SAR exclusion threshold	7.9					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	5					
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold	7.9					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	12					
Top Side	SAR exclusion threshold	3.3					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
Exposure Desitions	Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 5.2G						
Exposure Positions	11c	11dBm					
	Antenna to user(mm)	10					
Front Side	SAR exclusion threshold	2.9					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	5					
Back Side	SAR exclusion threshold	5.8					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	5					
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold	5.8					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	12					
Top Side	SAR exclusion threshold	2.4					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum p	oower of WLAN 5.8G					
	11.5	dBm					
	Antenna to user(mm)	10					
Front Side	SAR exclusion threshold	3.4					
	SAR testing required?	YES					
	Antenna to user(mm)	5					
Back Side	SAR exclusion threshold	6.8					
	SAR testing required?	YES					



	Antenna to user(mm)	5
Left Side	SAR exclusion threshold	6.8
	SAR testing required?	YES
	Antenna to user(mm)	12
Top Side	SAR exclusion threshold	2.8
	SAR testing required?	NO

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.

Positions for SAR tests							
Test separation distances > 50	mm						
Evennura Desitiona	Tune-up Maximum p	ower of WLAN 2.4G					
Exposure Positions	14dBm	25mW					
	Antenna to user(mm)	77					
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	366					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	160					
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1196					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
Evenne Desitions	Tune-up Maximum p	ower of WLAN 5.2G					
Exposure Positions	11dBm	13mW					
	Antenna to user(mm)	77					
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	335					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	160					
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1165					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
European Desitions	Tune-up Maximum p	ower of WLAN 5.8G					
Exposure Positions	11.5dBm	14mW					
	Antenna to user(mm)	77					
Right Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	332					
	SAR testing required?	NO					
	Antenna to user(mm)	160					
Bottom Side	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1162					
NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 c	SAR testing required?	NO					

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

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Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

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[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- + $f_{(GHZ)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

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• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max}	P _{max}	Distance	f	Calculation	SAR Exclusion	SAR test
NIOUE	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	(GHz)	Result	threshold	exclusion
Bluetooth	5.00	3.16	5	2.480	1.0	3.0	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f_{(GHZ)}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	5.00	3.16	5	2.480	7.5	0.133
Bluetooth	Body	5.00	3.16	5	2.480	7.5	0.133

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

10. SAR Results

10.1. SAR measurement results

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10.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of Head	Test channel Test Mode		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR
	/Freq.	I EST MOUE	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.192	0.122	-1.76	13.90	14.00	0.196
Left Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.112	0.073	3.21	13.90	14.00	0.115
Right Cheek	6/2437	802.11 b	0.184	0.115	1.57	13.90	14.00	0.188
Right Tilt 15 Degree	6/2437	802.11 b	0.107	0.069	0.21	13.90	14.00	0.109

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NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

Test Position of	Test		_	SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
Body with 0mm	channel /Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	Drift (±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.556	0.287	-3.33	13.90	14.00	0.569
Back Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.241	0.141	-3.15	13.90	14.00	0.247
Left Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.861	0.385	-0.87	13.90	14.00	0.881
Top Side	6/2437	802.11b	0.342	0.175	-0.55	13.90	14.00	0.350
Left Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.815	0.373	0.70	13.10	14.00	1.003
Left Side	11/2462	802.11b	0.942	0.426	-0.79	13.90	14.00	0.964
Left Side - Repeated	11/2462	802.11b	0.931	0.418	2.10	13.90	14.00	0.953

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 2.4G

10.1.2. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.2G

Test Position of Head	Test channel	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
	/Freq.		1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	40/5200	802.11 a	0.103	0.063	-4.44	10.10	11.00	0.127
Left Tilt 15 Degree	40/5200	802.11 a	0.054	0.023	3.21	10.10	11.00	0.066
Right Cheek	40/5200	802.11 a	0.100	0.058	0.25	10.10	11.00	0.123

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Right Tilt 15 Degree	40/5200	802.11 a	0.051	0.022	1.47	10.10	11.00	0.063		
NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 5.2G										
Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode		Value /kg) 10g	Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)		
Back Side	40/5200	802.11a	0.264	0.137	-0.61	10.10	11.00	0.325		
Left Side	40/5200	802.11a	0.692	0.262	-1.72	10.10	11.00	0.851		
Left Side	36/5180	802.11a	0.582	0.135	-1.72	9.30	11.00	0.861		
Left Side NOTE: Body SAR	48/5240 test results o	802.11a f WLAN 5.2G	0.613	0.219	0.24	10.70	11.00	0.657		

10.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 5.8G

Test Position of Head	Test channel Test Mode		SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted power	Tune-up power	Scaled SAR
	/Freq.	Test Mode	1g	10g	(±5%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Left Cheek	157/5785	802.11 a	0.302	0.140	-1.01	10.90	11.50	0.347
Left Tilt 15 Degree	157/5785	802.11 a	0.084	0.036	3.61	10.90	11.50	0.096
Right Cheek	157/5785	802.11 a	0.294	0.135	0.54	10.90	11.50	0.338
Right Tilt 15 Degree	157/5785	802.11 a	0.081	0.033	1.52	10.90	11.50	0.093

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled SAR
			1g	10g	(±5%)	power (dBm)	power (dBm)	1g (W/Kg)
Front Side	157/5785	802.11a	0.053	0.021	0.27	10.90	11.50	0.061
Back Side	157/5785	802.11a	0.058	0.024	0.64	10.90	11.50	0.067
Left Side	157/5785	802.11a	1.142	0.409	4.34	10.90	11.50	1.311
Left Side - Repeated	157/5785	802.11a	1.132	0.395	3.24	10.90	11.50	1.300
Left Side	149/5745	802.11a	1.113	0.386	0.61	11.10	11.50	1.220
Left Side	165/5825	802.11a	1.017	0.365	2.82	10.90	11.50	1.168

NOTE: Body SAR test results of WLAN 5.8G



11. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

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12. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - SID2450 - Head		
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MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - SID5200 - Body		
MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - SID5800 - Head		
MEASUREMENT 6 System Performance Check - SID5800 - Body		



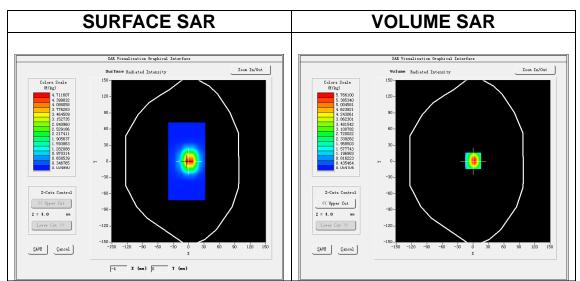
MEASUREMENT 1

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

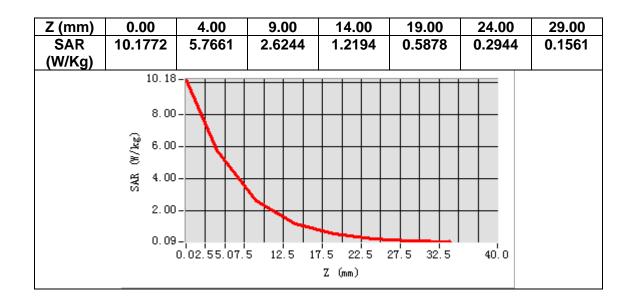
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.044097
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.061200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.781738
Variation (%)	0.080000



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 10.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.383467
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.430825

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3D screen shot	Hot spot position

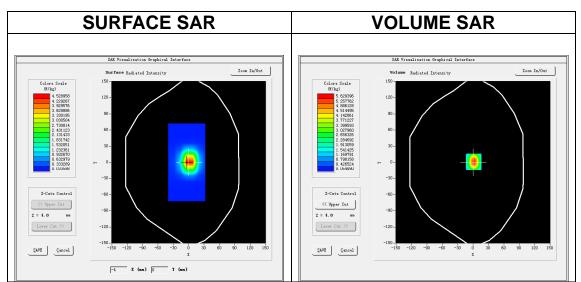


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

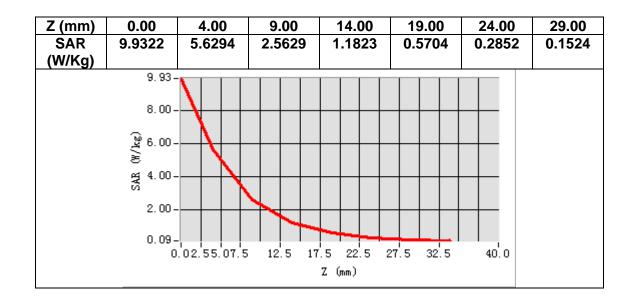
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.734097
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.531352
Conductivity (S/m)	1.976738
Variation (%)	-0.300000



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 9.81 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.300919
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.198616



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3D screen shot	Hot spot position



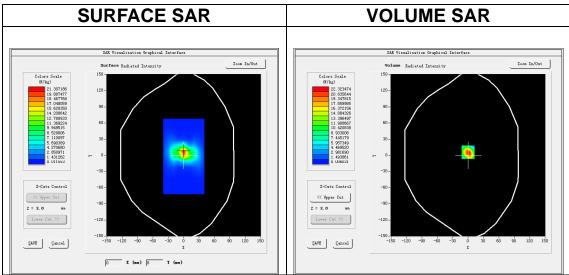
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A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

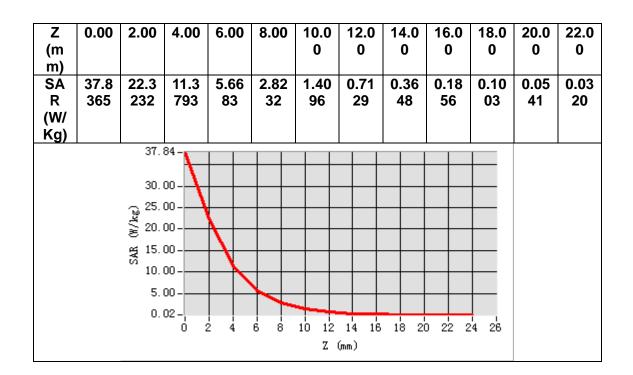
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.971227
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.980219
Conductivity (S/m)	4.621470
Variation (%)	-0.770000

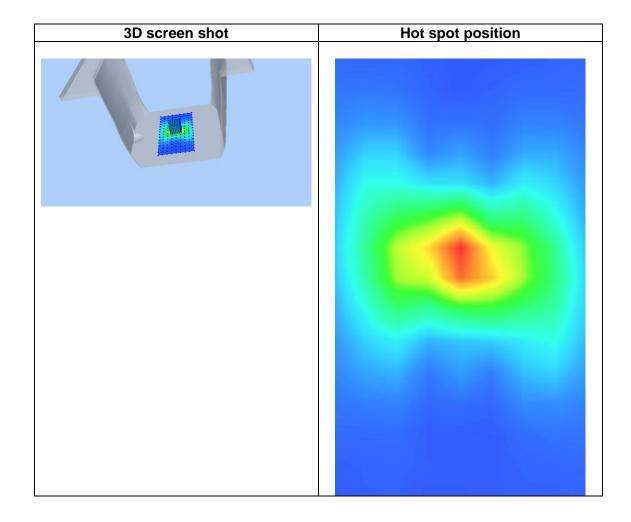


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.423511
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.233527



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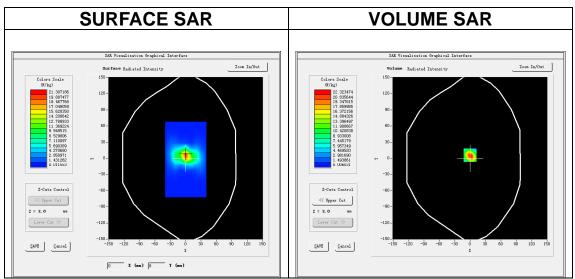


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

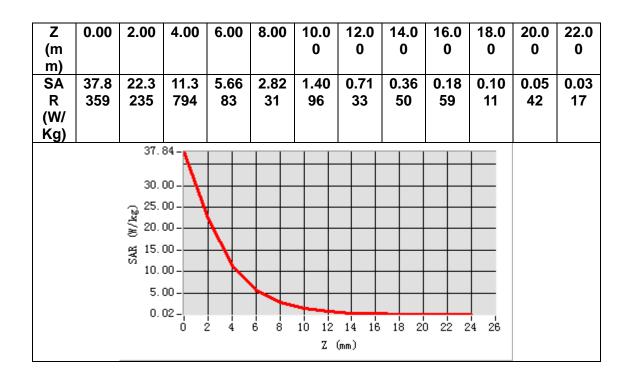
B. SAR Measurement Results

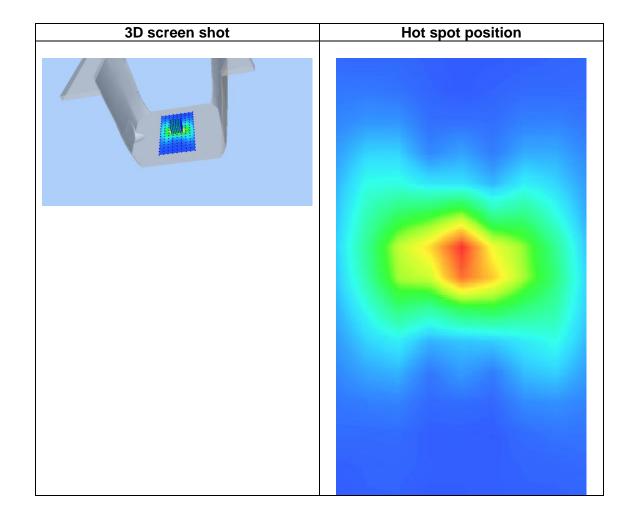
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.915247
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.231720
Conductivity (S/m)	5.274270
Variation (%)	-0.880000



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 40.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.712868
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.912320





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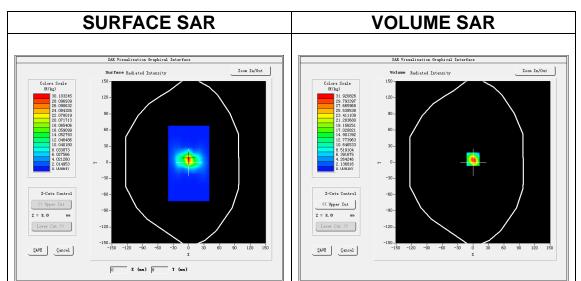


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5800</u>
Channels	Middle
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

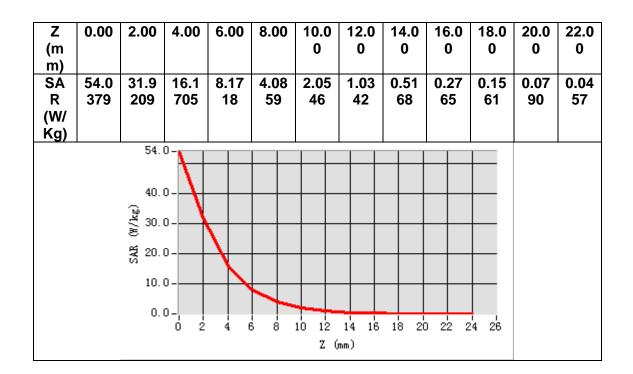
B. SAR Measurement Results

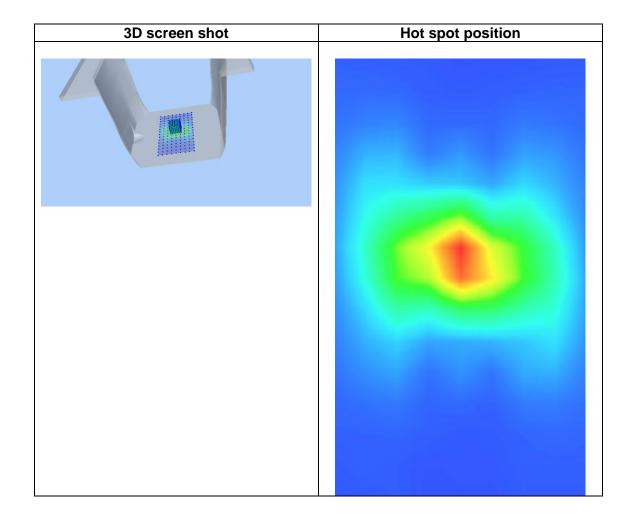
Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.840237
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.110702
Conductivity (S/m)	5.194270
Variation (%)	-0.500000



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 57.37 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.132474
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	17.936772





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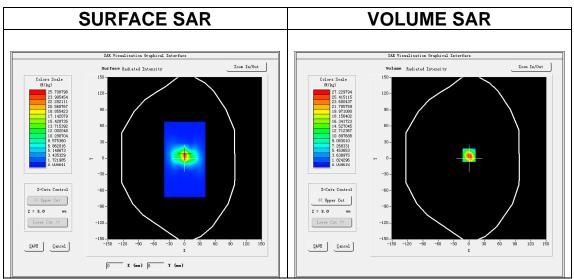


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	<u>CW5800</u>
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

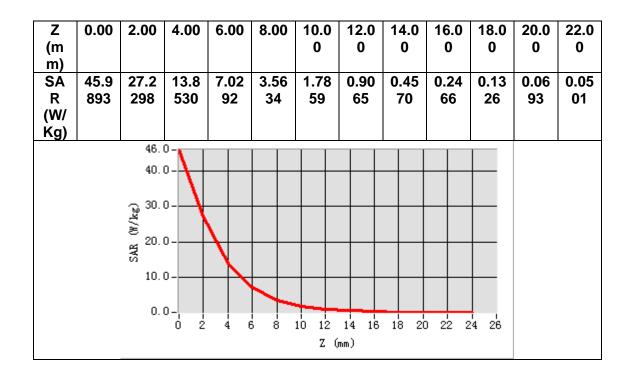
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.592237
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.721700
Conductivity (S/m)	6.034251
Variation (%)	-0.590000

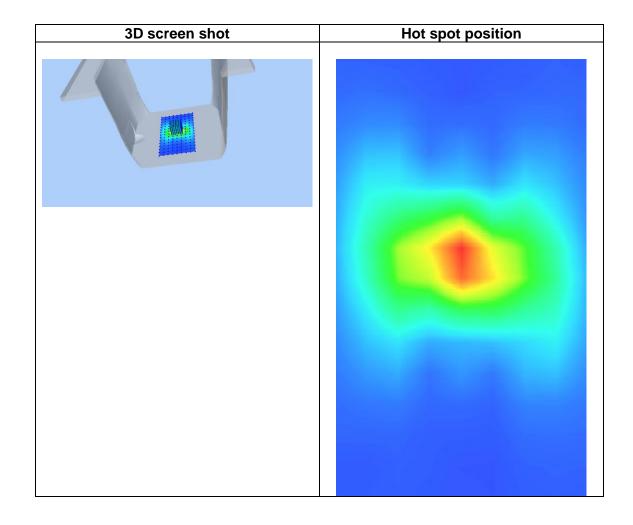


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=6.00 SAR Peak: 48.83 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.517260
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	15.813721



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13. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 5.2G Head	
MEASUREMENT 2 WLAN 5.8G Head	
MEASUREMENT 3 WLAN 5.2G Body	
MEASUREMENT 4 WLAN 5.8G Body	
MEASUREMENT 5 WLAN 2.4G Head	
MEASUREMENT 6 WLAN 2.4G Body	



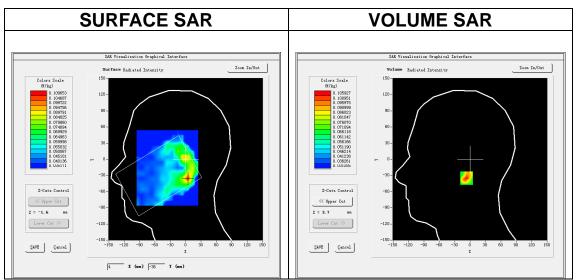


A. Experimental conditions.

<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Left head
<u>Cheek</u>
IEEE 802.11a U-NII
Middle
IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

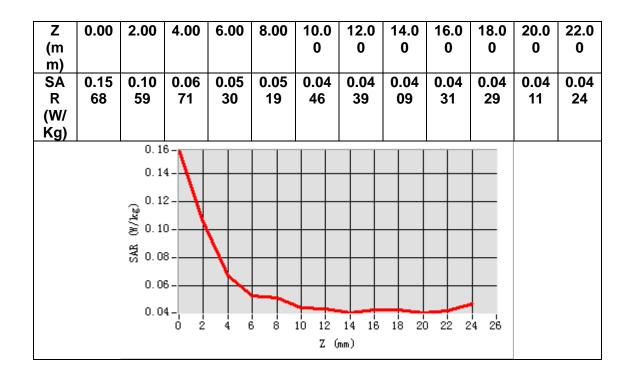
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.972980
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.981619
Conductivity (S/m)	4.616912
Variation (%)	-4.440000

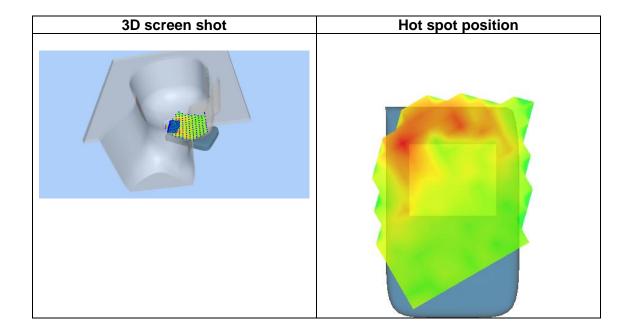


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-35.00 SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.063203
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.102987



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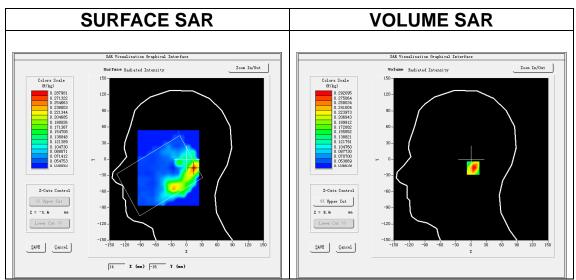


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	IEEE 802.11a U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

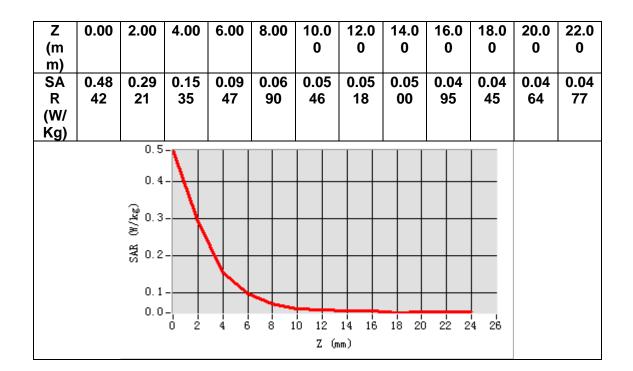
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.914787
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.985266
Conductivity (S/m)	5.137487
Variation (%)	-1.010000

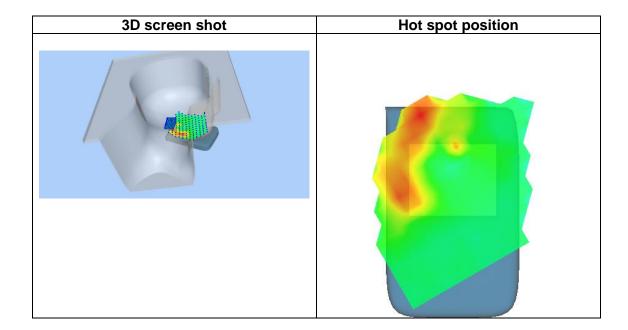


Maximum location: X=14.00, Y=-16.00 SAR Peak: 0.77 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.139503
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.302341



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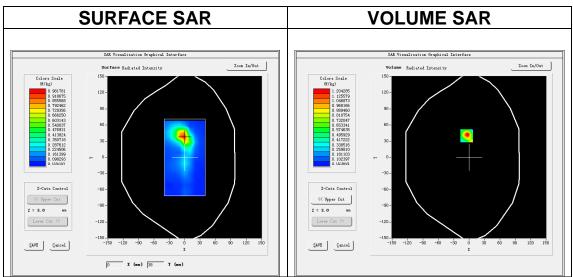


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11a U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

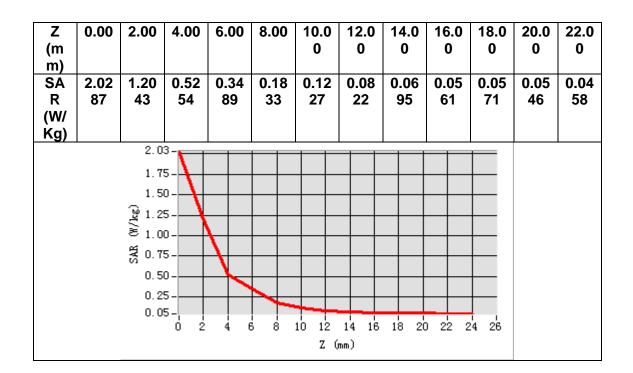
B. SAR Measurement Results

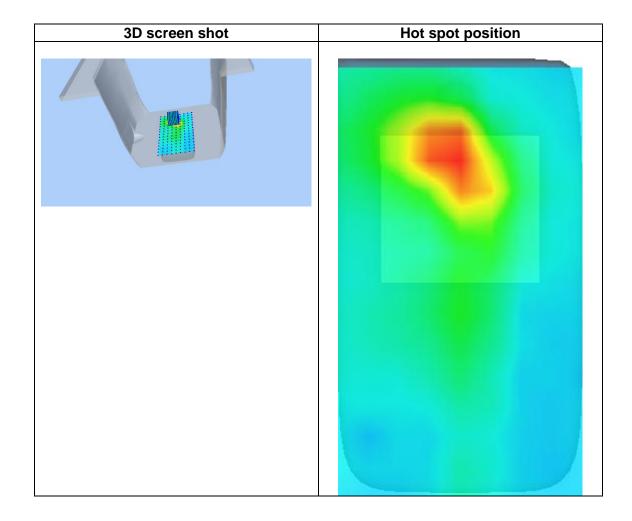
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	49.909538
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.225510
Conductivity (S/m)	5.265147
Variation (%)	-1.720000



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=40.00 SAR Peak: 2.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.262267
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.691542







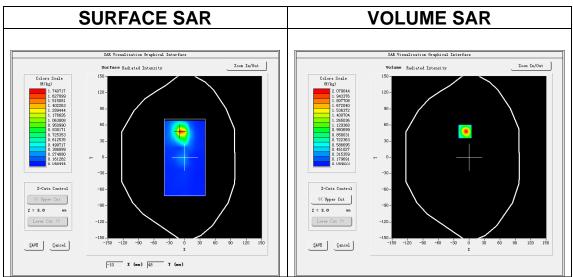


A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11a U-NII
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)

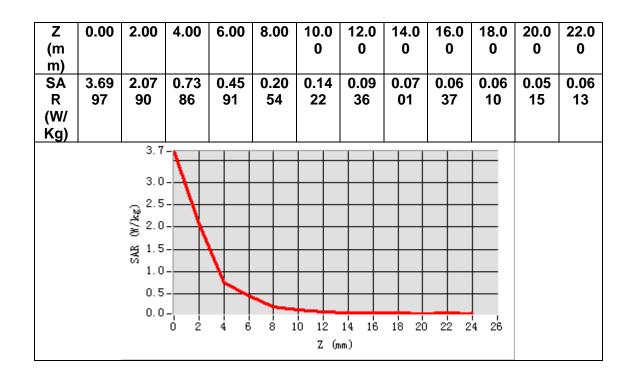
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	48.658905
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.733259
Conductivity (S/m)	6.015458
Variation (%)	4.340000

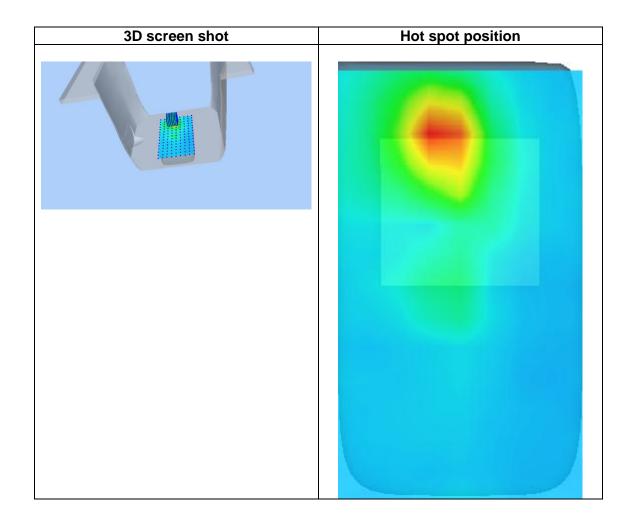


Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=48.00 SAR Peak: 3.86 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.408935
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.141597



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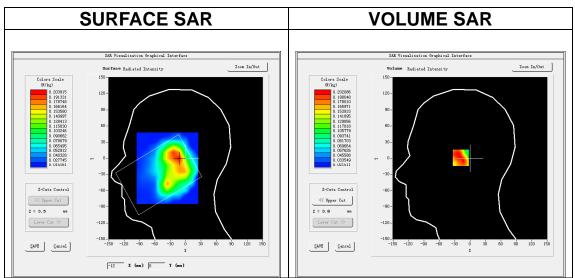


A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom Phantom	Left head
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

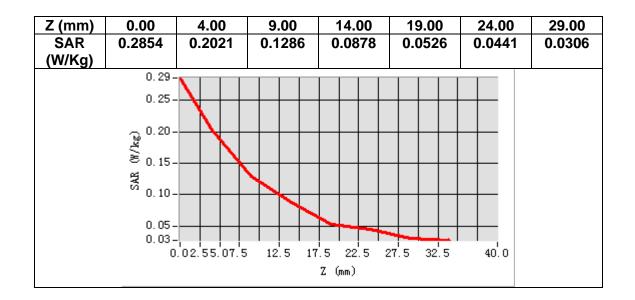
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.091000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.020300
Conductivity (S/m)	1.762804
Variation (%)	-1.760000

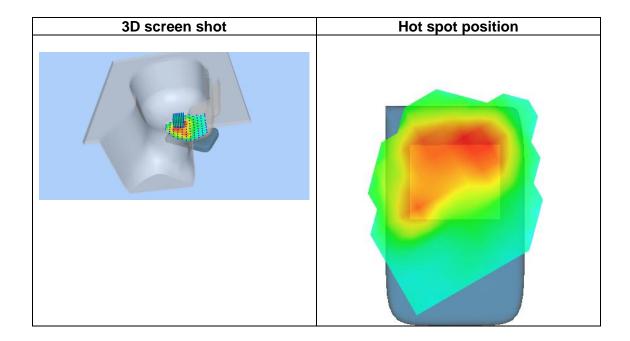


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=1.00 SAR Peak: 0.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.122257
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.191869

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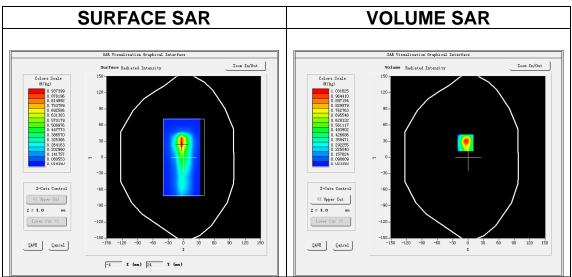


A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
<u>Channels</u>	High
Signal	IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

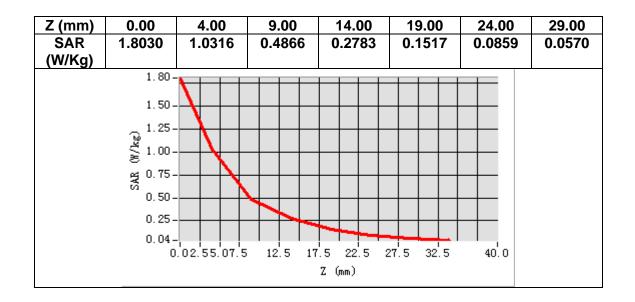
Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.646599
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.590920
Conductivity (S/m)	1.995714
Variation (%)	-0.790000

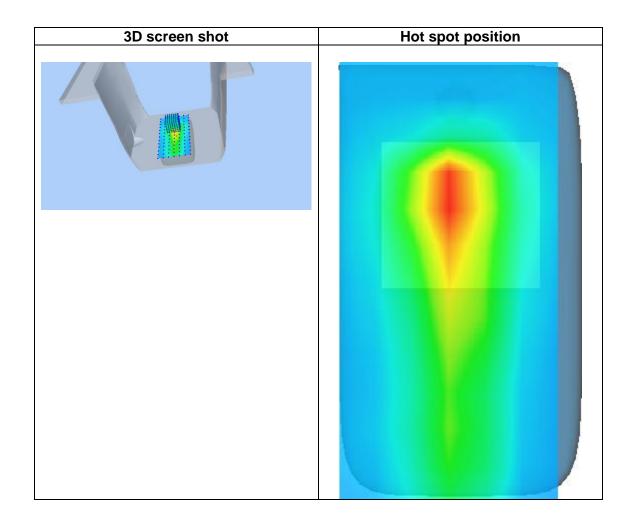


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=27.00 SAR Peak: 1.74 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.426290
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.941575

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14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

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E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287

2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352

5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33